# **BRIXADI** Long Acting Buprenorphine Injection for Opioid Use Disorders



**Indication:** Maintenance treatment of moderate to severe opioid use disorder in patients not currently receiving buprenorphine treatment, patients who are transitioning from transmucosal buprenorphine containing products, or patients receiving other long acting injectable buprenorphine.

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See	back/next page for	a dose guide.				
<b>INITIAL TREATMENT:</b> For patients	s not currently receivin	g buprenorphine treatment.				
TEST DOSE: ☐ Buprenorphine-naloxone 4 mg-1 mg SL ONCE to ensure tolerated without precipitating withdrawal.  If tolerated, then administer 16 mg (Weekly depot) subcutaneously x1 dose, followed by 8 mg (Weekly) subcutaneously within 3 days of initial dose (total of 24 mg)						
Optional: Additional 8 mg (Weekly)	subcutaneously no less tl	nan 24 hours after previous dose (to	tal weekly 32 mg)			
MAINTENANCE:						
<ul> <li>Weekly: □ 8 mg □ 16 mg □</li> <li>Re-order required every 6 months</li> <li>May be given up to 2 days before of</li> </ul>	ninimum.		xmonths			
Monthly: ☐ 64 mg ☐ 96 mg  • Re-order required every 6 months • May be given up to 1 week before	ninimum.		months			
Ongoing monitoring: Periodic lab assess be held pending results.  ☐ Hepatic function panel every ☐ Other:	•	-				
Complete Brixadi Infusion clinic checklist	prior to administration.					
*If not needed is chosen, date, time and			t needed*			
Date: Time:	Name:					
Duration of authorization: See back/next page for Mainecare criteria						
Checklist for non-RFGH providers. Plea [ ] Problem list [ ] Medication list						
FAX to RFGH Infusion clinic at 207	-858-2404 Contact 1	Infusion Clinic at 207-858-8722	Revised: 9/2025			
Provider	Da	ntetime				
DEA#Printed name		Phone #				
Originator: Pharmacy	Label or Patient name					
	Date of birth	Patient phone #				

**Converting from Oral Therapy to SQ:** \*Weekly doses cannot be combined to yield an equivalent monthly dose.

SL Dose	SQ Weekly*	SQ Monthly	
≤6 mg	8 mg	N/A	Patient must stable on SL dose for a
8 to 10 mg	16 mg	64 mg	minimum of 7 days. Otherwise, use
12 to 16 mg	24 mg	96 mg	Initial Treatment on page 1
18 to 24 mg	32 mg	128 mg	

#### **Converting from Weekly and Monthly Dosing:**

Weekly SQ Dose	Monthly SQ Dose
16 mg	64 mg
24 mg	96 mg
32 mg	128 mg

**Converting from Sublocade to Brixadi:** There have been no clinical studies looking at transitioning to and from Sublocade and Brixadi. The suggested dosing equivalents are based on steady state plasma concentration.

<b>Sublocade Monthly Dose</b>	Brixadi Weekly Dose	Brixadi Monthly Dose
100 mg	24 mg	96 mg
300 mg	32 mg	128 mg

#### MaineCare Criteria for Use 8/12/24

Brixadi is a non-preferred drug. A prior authorization is not needed if the following criteria are met and clearly documented in the record.

## The prescriber can attest (and medical record should document) that:

- -member has a documented history of opioid use disorder (OUD), AND
- -XRB is being used for the treatment of OUD (rather than pain or any other non-FDA approved indication) AND
- -member's total daily dose of sublingual buprenorphine is less than or equal to 24 mg daily.

### AND at least one of the following is true:

- -The member's previous use of sublingual buprenorphine has included misuse, overuse, or diversion.
- -The member is at high risk of overdose (e.g., individuals leaving incarceration or abstinence-based treatment programs; individuals who are unhoused; or those facing potential gaps in care due to delays in care or geographically limited treatment access).
- The member has experienced significant medical complications of OUD and/or of injection drug use. Occurrence should be in the last 5 years, or it should be clearly documented that the risk indicated by this infection or complication is ongoing (Examples of medical complications of OUD include: threatened the function of organs or life or limb threatening and required medical and/or surgical therapy. Examples of medical complications of injection drug use include osteomyelitis, endocarditis, renal failure, joint infection or other serious medical complications directly related to OUD.)
- The member has treatment-resistant OUD, including those with ongoing illicit substance use in the context of sublingual buprenorphine treatment as documented by positive urine drug screens or other clear objective evidence, and/or further functional decline with explicit documentation of the functional decline.
- The member has a significant intolerance of, or documented allergy to, sublingual buprenorphine (either buprenorphine monotherapy or buprenorphine/naloxone combination therapy) that has resulted in the patient's inability to comply with continued treatment using the sublingual product. (A true allergy is usually accompanied by rash, respiratory symptoms, or anaphylaxis. Other complaints such as bad taste, mouth tingling, etc. do not constitute evidence of allergy or significant intolerance. Formulation preference or convenience are not, in and of themselves, indications for using XRB.)
- -The member is in ongoing treatment with XRB and would like to continue the medication.