

Selectable Output

Four-wire Horn Strobes – Ceiling Mount

For use with the following models:
Ceiling Mount Horn Strobes: PC4RL and PC4WL

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS	
Standard Operating Temperature:	32°F to 120°F (0°C to 49°C)
Humidity Range:	10 to 93 % Non-condensing
Strobe Flash Rate	1 flash per second
Nominal Voltage:	Regulated 12VDC or regulated 24DC/FWR
Operating Voltage Range:	8 to 17.5V (12V nominal) or 16 to 33V (24V nominal)
Operating Voltage with MDL3 Sync Module:	8.5 to 17.5V (12V nominal) or 16.5 to 33V (24V nominal)
Input terminal wire gauge:	12 to 18 AWG

DIMENSIONS FOR PRODUCTS AND ACCESSORIES		
CEILING PRODUCTS	Diameter	Depth
Horn Strobe	6.83" (173.5mm)	2.47" (62.7mm)
Horn Strobe with SBBCRL/WL Surface Mount Back Box	6.92" (175.8mm)	2.50" (63.5mm)

MOUNTING BOX OPTIONS
4-wire Indoor Products
4" x 4" x 1½", Double Gang, 4" Octagon, SBBCRL/WL (ceiling)

NOTICE: This manual shall be left with the owner/user of this equipment.

BEFORE INSTALLING

Please read the System Sensor Audible Visible Application Reference Guide, which provides detailed information on notification devices, wiring and special applications. Copies of this manual are available from System Sensor. NFPA 72 and NEMA guidelines should be observed.

Important: The notification appliance used must be tested and maintained following NFPA 72 requirements.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

System Sensor series of notification appliances offer a wide range of audible and visible devices for life safety notification. Our 4-wire horn strobes come with 10 field selectable tone and volume combinations and 7 field selectable candela settings. Intended for indoor applications and approved for ceiling mount installations.

4-wire horn strobes and strobes are public mode notification appliances intended to alert occupants of a life safety event. The horn is listed to ANSI/UL 464 requirements (public mode) and the strobe is listed to ANSI/UL 1638 (public mode).

System Sensor strobes are designed to be used in 12 VDC, 24VDC, or 24V FWR (full wave rectified) systems. System Sensor AV devices can be activated by a compatible fire alarm control panel or power supply. Refer to the appropriate fire alarm control panel manufacturer or power supply for more information.

System Sensor ceiling 4-wire horn strobes are electrically backward compatible with the previous generation, since 1996, of notification appliances. They come enabled with System Sensor synchronization protocol which requires connections to a power supply capable of generating the System Sensor synchronization pulses, a FACP NAC output configured to System Sensor synchronization protocol, or the use of MDL3 module to generate the synchronization protocol.

FIRE ALARM SYSTEM CONSIDERATIONS

The National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code, NFPA 72, requires that all notification appliances, used for building evacuation installed after July 1, 1996, produce temporal coded signals. Signals other than those used for evacuation purposes do not have to produce the temporal coded signal. System Sensor recommends spacing notification appliances in compliance with NFPA 72.

SYSTEM DESIGN

The system designer must make sure that the total current draw by the devices on the loop does not exceed the current capability of the panel supply, and that the last device on the circuit is operated within its rated voltage. The current draw information for making these calculations can be found in the tables within the manual. For convenience and accuracy, use the voltage drop calculator on the System Sensor website (www.systemsensor.com).

When calculating the voltage available to the last device, it is necessary to consider the voltage due to the resistance of the wire. The thicker the wire, the smaller the voltage drop. Wire resistance tables can be obtained from electrical handbooks. Note that if Class A wiring is installed, the wire length may be up to twice as long as it would be for circuits that are not fault tolerant. The total number of strobes on a single NAC must not exceed 69 for 24 volt applications.

AVAILABLE TONES

System Sensor offers a wide variety of tones for your life safety needs, including temporal 3 pattern (½ second on, ½ second off, ½ second on, ½ second off, ½ second on, 1½ off and repeat) which is specified by ANSI and NFPA 72 for standard emergency evacuation signaling.

To select the tone, turn the rotary switch on the back of the product to the desired setting. (See Figure 1.)

Available horn settings can be found in Table 1.

NOTE: The standard mini-horn sound is 3.1 kHz. The legacy sound of the SpectraAlert Advance line is EM (Electro-mechanical): this hops frequencies between 2Hz and 4Hz. For EM Coded positions, temporal coding must be provided by the NAC. If the NAC voltage is held constant, the horn output will remain constantly on.

FIGURE 1. AUDIO SELECTOR



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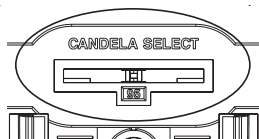
TABLE 1. HORN TONES

Pos	Tone	Volume Setting
1	Temporal	High
2	Temporal	Low
3	Non-Temporal	High
4	Non-Temporal	Low
5	3.1 kHz Temporal	High
6	3.1 kHz Temporal	Low
7	3.1 kHz Non-Temporal	High
8	3.1 kHz Non-Temporal	Low
9	Coded	High
10	3.1 kHz Coded	High

AVAILABLE CANDELA SETTINGS

System Sensor offers a wide range of candela settings for your life safety needs. In order to select your candela output, adjust the slide switch on the rear of the product to the desired candela setting on the selector switch. (See Figure 2.)

The candela setting can also be verified by looking into the small window on the front of the unit. See Table 3 for candela settings for ceiling products. All products meet the light output profiles specified in the appropriate UL Standards. (See Figures 3 to 5.)

FIGURE 2. CANDELA SELECTOR

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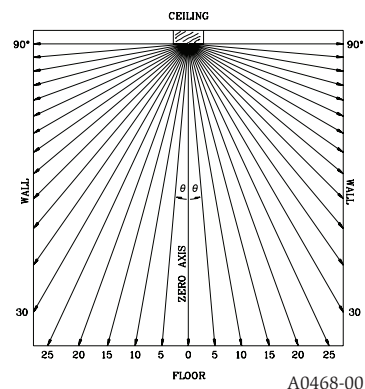
CURRENT DRAW AND AUDIBILITY RATINGS

The 4-wire device provides two independent circuits, one for the Horn and another for the Strobe. The current draw for each Strobe setting is listed in Table 3, and audibility ratings for each Horn Tone setting is listed in Table 4.

TABLE 3. CEILING-MOUNT STROBE CURRENT DRAW (mA)

Candela	8-17.5 Volts	16-33 Volts	
	DC	DC	FWR
15	87	41	60
30	153	63	86
75	-	111	142
95	-	134	164
115	-	158	191
150	-	189	228
177	-	226	264

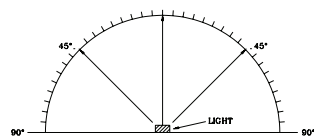
NOTE: Products set at 15 and 30 candela automatically work on either 12V or 24V power supplies. The products are not listed for 12V DC operation when set to any other candela settings.

FIGURE 3. LIGHT OUTPUT - VERTICAL DISPERSION, CEILING TO WALLS TO FLOOR

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FIGURE 4. LIGHT OUTPUT - HORIZONTAL DISPERSION

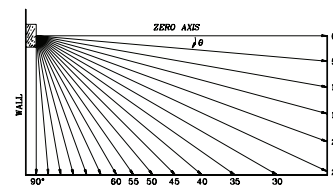
Degrees*	Percent of Rating
0	100
5-25	90
30-45	75
50	55
55	45
60	40
65	35
70	35
75	30
80	30
85	25
90	25
Compound 45 to the left	24
Compound 45 to the right	24



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FIGURE 5. VERTICAL DISPERSION, WALL TO FLOOR

Degrees*	Percent of Rating
0	100
5-30	90
35	65
40	46
45	34
50	27
55	22
60	18
65	16
70	15
75	13
80	12
85	12
90	12



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*Tolerance of ± 1 degree is permitted.**TABLE 4. HORN CURRENT DRAW (mA) AND SOUND OUTPUT - REVERBERANT (DBA)**

Pos	Tone	Volume Setting	8-17.5 Volts	16-33 Volts		Reverberant Sound Output (dBA)		
			DC	DC	FWR	8-17.5 V	16-33 V	
						DC	DC	FWR
1	Temporal	High	39	44	54	84	89	89
2	Temporal	Low	28	32	54	75	83	83
3	Non-Temporal	High	43	47	54	85	90	90
4	Non-Temporal	Low	29	32	54	76	84	84
5	3.1 kHz Temporal	High	39	41	54	83	88	88
6	3.1 kHz Temporal	Low	29	32	54	76	82	82
7	3.1 kHz Non-Temporal	High	42	43	54	84	89	89
8	3.1 kHz Non-Temporal	Low	28	29	54	77	83	83
9*	Coded	High	43	47	54	85	90	90
10*	3.1 kHz Coded	High	42	43	54	84	89	89

* Settings 9 and 10 are not available on 2-wire horn strobes. Temporal coding must be provided by the NAC. If the NAC voltage is held constant, the horn output remains constantly on.

WIRING AND MOUNTING

All wiring must be installed in compliance with the National Electric Code and the local codes as well as the authority having jurisdiction. Wiring must not be of such length or wire size which would cause the notification appliance to operate outside of its published specifications. Improper connections can prevent the system from alerting occupants in the event of an emergency.

Wire sizes up to 12 AWG (2.5 mm²) may be used with the mounting plate. The mounting plate ships with the terminals set for 12 AWG wiring.

Make wire connections by stripping about 3/8" of insulation from the end of the wire. Then slide the bare end of the wire under the appropriate clamping plate and tighten the clamping plate screw. We provide a wire strip guide. See Figure 6 for wiring terminals and strip guide reference.

CAUTION

Factory finish should not be altered: Do not paint!

CAUTION

Do not over tighten mounting plate screws; this may cause mounting plate to flex.

FIGURE 6. WIRING TERMINALS, SHORTING SPRING, AND STRIP GUIDE

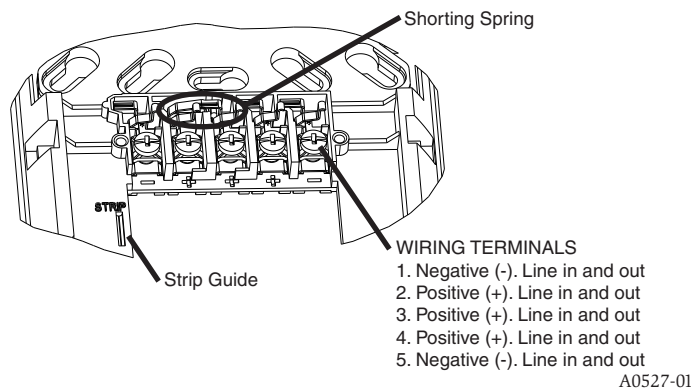
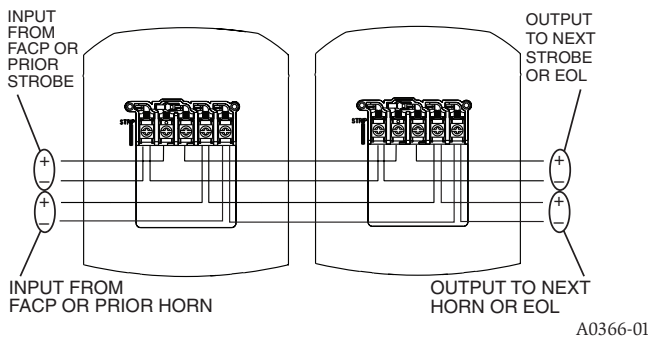


FIGURE 7. 4-WIRE CIRCUIT



SYSTEM WIRING

For 4-Wire installations, terminals 1, 2, and 3 connect to the strobe; terminals 4 and 5 connect to the horn. The horn and strobe circuits must be wired independently, and each circuit must be terminated with the appropriate EOL device. Removal of a notification device will result in an open circuit indication on the strobe loop.

NOTE: A shorting spring is provided between terminals 2 and 3 of the mounting plate to enable wiring checks after the system has been wired, but prior to installation of the final product. This spring will automatically disengage when the product is installed, to enable supervision of the final system. Only available on indoor products (non K-series).

SHORTING SPRING FEATURE

System Sensor notification appliances come with a shorting spring that is provided between terminals 2 and 3 of the mounting plate to enable system continuity checks after the system has been wired, but prior to installation of the final product. (See Figure 6.) This spring will automatically disengage when the product is installed, to enable supervision of the final system.

MOUNTING

1. Attach mounting plate to junction box. The mounting plate is compatible with 4" square, double gang, and 4" octagon junction boxes. (See Figure 8.)
2. Connect field wiring according to terminal designations. (See Figures 6 and 7.)
3. If the product is not to be installed at this point, use the protective dust cover to prevent contamination of the wiring terminals on the mounting plate.
4. To attach product to mounting plate, hook tabs on the top of the product housing into the grooves on mounting plate. Then, hinge the product into position to engage the pins on the product with the terminals on the mounting plate. Make sure that the tabs on the back of the product housing fully engage with the mounting plate.
5. Secure product by tightening the single mounting screw in the front of the product housing.

SURFACE MOUNT BACK BOX MOUNTING

1. The ceiling surface mount back box may be secured directly to the wall or ceiling. A grounding bracket with ground screw capability is provided if needed. (See Figure 9.)
2. The ceiling mount box can be used on ceiling horn strobes as well as ceiling speaker and speaker strobe models. Use the STR cut-outs for ceiling horn strobe installation needs. (See Figure 11.)
3. Threaded knockout holes are provided for the sides of the box for 3/4 inch and 1/2 inch conduit adapter. Knockout holes in the back of the box can be used for 3/4 inch and 1/2 inch rear entry.
4. To remove the 3/4 inch knockout, place the blade of the screwdriver along the outer edge and work your way around the knockout as you strike the screwdriver, as shown in Figure 12.

NOTE: Use caution not to strike the knockout near the top edge of the surface mount back box.

5. V500 and V700 raceway knockouts are also provided. Use V500 for low profile applications and V700 for high profile applications.
6. To remove the knockout turn pliers up, as shown in Figure 12.

FIGURE 8. CEILING MOUNTING

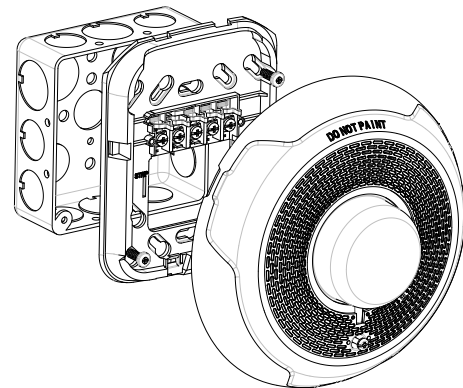
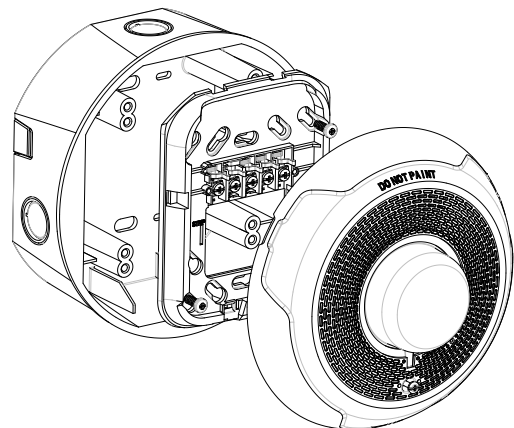


FIGURE 9. CEILING SURFACE MOUNT BACK BOX MOUNTING

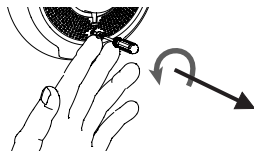


TAMPER SCREW

For tamper resistance, the standard captive screw may be replaced with the enclosed Torx screw.

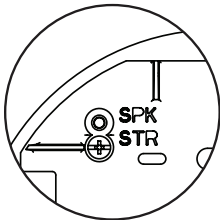
1. To remove the captive screw, back out the screw and apply pressure to the back of the screw until it disengages from the housing. Replace with the supplied Torx screw. (See Figure 10.)

FIGURE 10. TAMPER SCREW



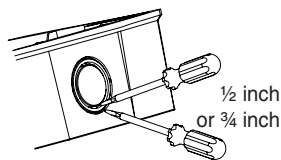
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FIGURE 11. CUT-OUTS FOR SPK AND STR

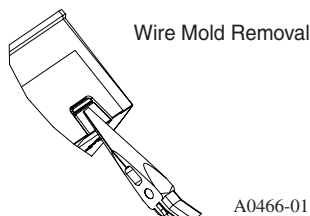


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FIGURE 12. KNOCKOUT AND V500/V700 REMOVAL FOR SURFACE MOUNT BACK BOX



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Please refer to insert for the Limitations of Fire Alarm Systems

⚠ WARNING

THE LIMITATIONS OF HORN/STROBES

The horn and/or strobe will not work without power. The horn/strobe gets its power from the fire/security panel monitoring the alarm system. If power is cut off for any reason, the horn/strobe will not provide the desired audio or visual warning.

The horn may not be heard. The loudness of the horn meets (or exceeds) current Underwriters Laboratories' standards. However, the horn may not alert a sound sleeper or one who has recently used drugs or has been drinking alcoholic beverages. The horn may not be heard if it is placed on a different floor from the person in hazard or if placed too far away to be heard over the ambient noise such as traffic, air conditioners, machinery or music appliances that may prevent alert persons from hearing the alarm. The horn may not be heard by persons who are hearing impaired.

NOTE: Strobes must be powered continuously for horn operation.

The signal strobe may not be seen. The electronic visual warning signal uses an extremely reliable xenon flash tube. It flashes at least once every second. The strobe must not be installed in direct sunlight or areas of high light intensity (over 60 foot candles) where the visual flash might be disregarded or not seen. The strobe may not be seen by the visually impaired.

The signal strobe may cause seizures. Individuals who have positive photoic response to visual stimuli with seizures, such as persons with epilepsy, should avoid prolonged exposure to environments in which strobe signals, including this strobe, are activated.

The signal strobe cannot operate from coded power supplies. Coded power supplies produce interrupted power. The strobe must have an uninterrupted source of power in order to operate correctly. System Sensor recommends that the horn and signal strobe always be used in combination so that the risks from any of the above limitations are minimized.

THREE-YEAR LIMITED WARRANTY

System Sensor warrants its enclosed product to be free from defects in materials and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of three years from date of manufacture. System Sensor makes no other express warranty for this product. No agent, representative, dealer, or employee of the Company has the authority to increase or alter the obligations or limitations of this Warranty. The Company's obligation of this Warranty shall be limited to the replacement of any part of the product which is found to be defective in materials or workmanship under normal use and service during the three year period commencing with the date of manufacture. After phoning System Sensor's toll free number 800-SENSOR2 (736-7672) for a Return Authorization number, send defective units postage prepaid to: Honeywell, 12220 Rojas Drive, Suite 700, El Paso TX 79936.

Please include a note describing the malfunction and suspected cause of failure. The Company shall not be obligated to replace units which are found to be defective because of damage, unreasonable use, modifications, or alterations occurring after the date of manufacture. In no case shall the Company be liable for any consequential or incidental damages for breach of this or any other Warranty, expressed or implied whatsoever, even if the loss or damage is caused by the Company's negligence or fault. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you. This Warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

FCC STATEMENT

System Sensor Strobes and Horn/Strobes have been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and

can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.