CROSS REFERENCE RECORD

FIRM	NAME OR SU	BJECT	RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM COUNCIL MEETING FILE NO.
DATE	2 7 47	EMARKS	Dr. Johnson to ERE giving details of program planned jointly for Council Meeting and Social Science seminar. (also typed program for days Wednesday, April 30 to Sunday, May 4)
SEE			FISK UNIVERSITY SOCIAL SCIENCE SYMPOSIUMLE NO.
DATE			SIGNED

FILE CROSS REFERENCE RECORD UNDER NAME OR SUBJECT LISTED AT TOP OF THIS SHEET, AND IN PROPER DATE ORDER.
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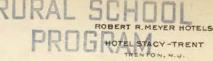
FIRM NAME OR	SUBJECT	RURAL SCHOOL	L RROGRAM	COUNCIL	MEETING	FILE NO.
DATE 3-12-41	REMARKS	Arthur Raper	r says he h	nopes to b	oe with	
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PRIVATE OFFICE





MEYER HOTEL CO.

HOTEL PATRICK HENRY +

THE HERMITAGE

* HOTEL FARRAGUT+

* HOTEL WINECOFF

WINDSOR HOTEL+

*ROOSEVELT HOTEL

HOTEL EMERSON

*RADIO IN EVERY ROOM DIRECT CONNECTED SARAGE +

NASHVILLE.TENN.

FIREPROOF

EUROPEAN PLAN

March 13, 1941

My dear Mr. Embree: Your wire just came in, and it disturbed me very much in that we have another meeting booked at this particular time, however, we could take care of the suite and the ten rooms for April 29th, but we would have to give you twin bed rooms for the twenty-five on April 30th.

We regret very much having this other conference on, however, it was booked in advance and, of course, we could not cancel it, but I can assure you we will do everything we possibly can to make your group comfortable if this is satisfactory.

Cordially,

HE Baughman,

Manager

HEB-F

HOWARD E. BAUGHMAN, MANAGER

Mr. Edwin R. Embree, Rosenwald Fund, 4901 So. Ellis, Chicago, Illinois



at a fine to the

PROGRAM
Count my

XX o

March 14, 1941

Dear Mr. Baughman: Thank you for your letter of March 13. We are sorry that you cannot accommodate our full party on April 30. However, we shall be glad to take the suite and the ten bedrooms for April 29, and will appreciate your holding the twin bedrooms for April 30. Of course we would prefer not to have to ask the members of our group to share the twin bedrooms. We are therefore trying to make additional reservations elsewhere in Nashville. If we are successful we can perhaps arrange to have ten or fifteen of our group put up in single rooms at another hotel and the others occupy the remaining twin bedrooms at the Hermitage, one person to a room.

Very truly yours,

ERENJE

EDWIN R. EMERES

Mr. H. E. Baughman, Manager Hotel Hermitage Nashville, Tennessee

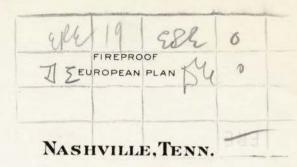




HOWARD E. BAUGHMAN, MANAGER

HOTEL HERMITAGE

MEYER HOTEL CO.



March 17, 1941

RURA ROBERT R.MEYE

ROANOHE, VA

HOTEL SIR WALTER THE HERMITAGE NASHVILLE, TENN

- . HOTEL FARRAGUT+ KNOXVILLE, TENN
- * HOTEL WINECOFF ATLANTA, GA.
- WINDSOR HOTEL+ JACKSONVILLE, FLA
- *ROOSEVELT HOTEL JACKSONVILLE, FLA.
- . HOTEL EMERSON BALTIMORE, MD.

* RADIO IN EVERY ROOM DIRECT CONNECTED GARAGE +

My dear Mr. Embree:

It surely was fine to have received your letter this morning and we are making arrangements for the ten rooms and a suite for the 29th and are holding the twin bed rooms for the 30th unless you make other arrangments at some other hotel. In that case we will follow through with you any way so that the good of the whole will be accomplished.

It will be our pleasure to do anything and everything we possibly can to see that your party is taken care of nicely.

Yours very truly,

Baughman

Manager

HEB:fl

Mr. Edwin R. Embree, President Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois



RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM
Coun Mg

P

March 17, 1941

Dear Doctor Bond: We have been trying to make plans for meetings of the Rural Council that would provide something of the pleasing and profitable experiences we would have had if we had been able to hold the meetings in Mexico. We are now calling the meetings for Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, April 30 to May 2, at Nashville, Tennessee, in connection with the important seminars and festivals of the seventy-fifth anniversary of Fisk University. A rough outline of the schedule of the sessions both of our Council and of the Fisk meetings is attached.

The formal convocation services in connection with the Fisk anniversary will take place Saturday morning. For such members of our group as wish to stay over for that meeting we shall be glad to carry the expense of the extra day and to get tickets (which will probably be in heavy demand for the small auditorium available) if we know well in advance the number of tickets needed.

We issue to you a hearty invitation to the Council meetings as thus re-planned. We hope and trust that nothing untoward will interfere with the present proposals, and we hope that you will be able to be with us on this occasion.

FGW:JW

Sincerely yours,

FRED G. WALE

Dr. Horace Mann Bond, President The Fort Valley State College Fort Valley, Georgia



A 5 H. M. Bond

1 13 Mrs. Catherine Duncan

Dr. F. D. Patterson

A 30 Mr. Jacob L. Reddix

Miss F. O. Alexander

7 Dr. Doak S. Campbell

Mr. W. D. Cocking

3 Mr. Willard Beatty

4 Mr. Karl W. Bigelow

t 14 Mr. P. H. Easom

Mr. Floyd W. Reeves

d 17 Mr. Burton Fowler

4 34 Mr. Charles Thompson

4 29 Mr. Louis Raths

Mr. M. E. Thompson

W 16 Mr. D. F. Folger

4 182 Mr. I. S. Ingram

19 Mr. Charles S. Johnson

24 Dr. Franklin C. McLean

2 Dr. W. W. Alexander

Mr. J. E. Brewton

x 37 Mr. J. A. Travis

Miss Grace Tietje

Mr. Edward Yeomans, Jr.

8 Mr. Porter Claxton

Deel 296 Mr. J. Max Bond. Que 182418 Mr. Wm. H. Grayson

4 20 Mr. Clifton R. Jones

4 10 Mr. J. C. Dixon

Miss Josie Sellers + 33

4 21 Mr. Albert Mann

4 22 Mr. Fred McCuistion

Mr. Goodwin Watson 439

2 3 Mr. T. H. McGibony

4 /2 Mr. Edward Downs

4 25 Dr. Malcolm MacLean

4 // Charles Dollard

428 Arthur Raper

A 18 Mary Eliason

4 32 L. E. Roberts

A 38 W. Lloyd Warner

Mr. Embree will write to invite Margaret Mead letters sent 3/18

Same letter to Margaret Mead

PROGRAM

Softo

Coun mits

March 18, 1941

Dear Mr. Wirth: As you may know, this Fund has been attempting to infuse some meaning and effectiveness into southern rural schools, both white and colored. In connection with this we have been studying the social order within which these schools must operate and have been contemplating improvements in the social system toward which the schools might contribute. This spring we are holding a meeting of our southern rural council in collaboration with a conference which Dr. Charles S. Johnson is having at Fisk University on the general topic of "Education as a Cultural Process". Both he and we are eager to have you take part in these joint conferences. Doctor Johnson, I think, has written you about the important seminars which he is arranging as a kind of intellectual background to the more detailed planning of our Council.

This letter is simply to add our invitation to his that you be with us on this occasion. Of course we request the privilege of meeting the expenses of the trip. Conferences of both groups take place on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, April 30 to May 2. While Doctor Johnson has scheduled you specifically for the meetings of Wednesday, April 30, we hope that you may be able to stay for the full three days. As you will see from the tentative program enclosed, there will be some most interesting music and folk lore on the evenings of each of the days, which should provide a delightful as well as profitable fillip to the conference.

ERE:JW

Very truly yours,

EDWIN R. EMBREE

Mr. Louis Wirth
The University of Chicago
Chicago, Illinois

FASIK

Julius Rosenwald Fund

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO

RURAL COHOOL PROGRAM

M. O. Bousfield, M.D. Director for Negro Health

George M. Reynolds Director for Fellowships

Fred G. Wale Associate for Rural Education

Cour into

March 20, 1941

Dear Fred: Here is my understanding of the

present state of our program for the

conference at Fisk. There will be plenty of time

for us to make final decisions after you get back.

I think we do not need to send out any program until

about ten days or so before the conference.

Very truly yours,

ERE:JW

Edwin R. Embree President

Will W. Alexander

Vice-President

William C. Haygood

Secretary

Dorothy A. Elvidge

Comptroller

E.A.E.

Mr. Fred G. Wale c/o Mr. J. L. Reddix Jackson College Jackson, Mississippi



COUNCIL ON RURAL EDUCATION MEETINGS AT FISK UNIVERSITY, APRIL 30 TO MAY 2, 1941

Wednesday, April 30 _2:00 - 6:00 P.M.

Outline of Topics

Introductory Statement

- I. What the Council might have seen in Mexico and the significance of the Mexican experience to rural education in the southern states.
- II. Outline map of the southern social order within which the educational program functions
- III. Preparation of the rural elementary teacher
 - A) formal education
 - B) reading and other informal cultural facilities
 - C) the demonstration school
 - D) experiences in phases of actual rural living

by Edwin R. Embree who will turn the chair over to Fred Wale

Goodwin Watson

Horace Mann Bond

D. F. Folger presiding and making introductory statement

These subtopics are listed not to limit discussion but to make sure that these and suchlike features of teacher education are kept in mind and included in the consideration of the general subject. (Note: we may wish to tip off certain people to be prepared to see that these subheads are adequately covered, e.g. Tom Hart, Mary Eliason, Ed Yeomans, Max Bond.)

Bigolew to make closing statement



Education as a Social Force IV. (or the non-literacy aspects of education)

F. D. Patterson presiding

a) introductory statement Poster in the School agr Home Making Program

Edwin R. Embree

b) Is phrase "The rural school teacher should be a community leader" just a pretty idea? What is being done about it?

Topic opened by Max Bond + Raddy

What part in the educational sepective ways of about

program is played by

1. the vocational agriculture agent

2. the home demonstration

Topic opened by statements by a typical agricultural agent and a typical home demonstration agent.

d) Is the growing cooperative

agent

movement of significance to rural education?

Topic opened by Ed Yeomans and Jacob Reddix

e) What is the place of the county supervisor and other university and county agencies in strengthening the hand of the rural teacher?

Topic opened by W. D. Cocking

halcolm the from

THIRD SESSION Friday, May 2 9:30 - 12:00 N.

V. What imperative fields of endeavor are omitted or under-emphasized in present efforts in behalf of rural education in the South?

How can states and counties be aroused to make more nearly equitable provision for the Negro section of the population?

What do we mean by national equalization of educational opportunity? Is it desirable? How can it be brought about?

7. Is it feasible and desirable for some national agency to promote one or more demonstrations of school improvement on a county-wide basis?

Tales to

What can be done to infuse some realism and vitality into

1. home economics

2. vocational agriculture

Practical January & Home Making

The His South Thompson presiding wwitep. [write

Topic opened by J. C. Dixon ω and P. H. Easom

Topic opened by Floyd Reeves and M. E. Thompson W. graphed to by

Topic opened by Arthur Raper

* Doris Porter ?

Porter Claxton

FOURTH SESSION

Friday afternoon Nacy 2 Edwin R. Embree presiding Tag ends and (carry overs from previous sessions, in cluding an opportunity for w. a. Haygood to present the library Program of the JR7.

Ending with

A challenging controversial talk on the strengths and weaknesses of education as a cultural force in America

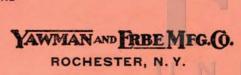
Willard Beatty .



CROSS REFERENCE RECORD

IRM NA	ME OR SUBJEC	TRURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM COUNCIL MEETING FILE NO.
ATE 3-24		Margaret Mead to ERE with regrets that she will not be able to attend
		that she will not be able to attend the conference at Fish the last of April.
E		FISK UNIVERSITY SOCIAL SCIENCE SYMPOSIUMFILE NO.
ATE		
		SIGNED

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FORM NO. 099CR

March 25, 1941

Dear Irby: When we were planning our Rural Council meetings for Mexico, we had to cut down the invitation list because the expenses were threatening to overrun the budget. Even now that we have called the meetings for this country we are not enlarging greatly the invitation list. But we do invite you and we hope that you will not break your record of continuous attendance since these meetings were started.

We are calling the meetings for Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, April 30 to May 2, at Mashville, Tennessee, in connection with the important seminars and festivals of the seventy-fifth anniversary of Pisk University. A rough outline of the schedule of the sessions both of our Council and of the Fisk meetings is attached.

The formal convocation services in connection with the Fisk anniversary will take place Saturday morning. For such members of our group as wish to stay over for that meeting we shall be glad to carry the expense of the extra day and to get tickets (which will probably be in heavy demand for the small auditorium available) if we know well in advance the number of tickets needed.

Very truly yours,

EDWIN R. EMBREE

ERE: RW

Mr. Nolen Irby University of Georgia Athens, Georgia



TEACHERS COLLEGE COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY NEW YORK

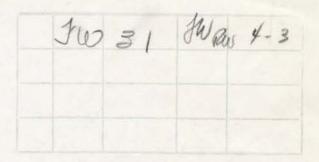
RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM



March 27, 1941

Mr. Fred Wale Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Ill.

Dear Fred:



Thanks for your note. I look forward to being with you at Fisk and would be glad to give a brief review of the Mexican experience. I find that my report on it is dealing rather more with the reasons why the difficulties developed in the social and economic program than with school procedures as such, but I think that will be quite as appropriate to the Council. Do you agree?

pent.

I thought you were going to send me the names and addresses of all the leaders with whom we had contacts in Mexico. I shall be in charge of the seminar on Mexican education at the International Conference of the New Education Fellowship at Ann Arbor in July and it may be that many of our friends will come up at that time.

I am interested in the convocation services on Saturday morning and would be glad to have you include me in the number for whom tickets are obtained.

Yours sincerely,

Goodwin Thatson.

gw; ad



CROSS REFERENCE RECORD

FIRM	NAME OR	SUBJECT	RURAL SHOOL PROGRAM COUNCIL MEETING FILE NO.
DATE	3-29-41	REMARKS	Louis Wirth to CSJ asking whether
		The state of	his invitation should be withdrawn
			since he could not attend the
### CONT.			seminar until Friday morning, May 2.
			
OFF			
SEE			FISK UNIVERSITY SOCIAL SCIENCE SYMPOSIUMFILE NO.
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RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

Corn my

April 3, 1941

Dear Goodwin: I think we would agree that in dealing with the social and economic program and the reasons why it has bogged down in part is a broader base of consideration than that which I had proposed to you. On the other hand, I think you can well work from that to Mexican education and I hope you will, for I am sure the Council will want to hear something of how the rural school program is going.

I am enclosing a list of those names and addresses I promised. I am sorry not to have sent them before. The list I had I left the last morning we were in Mexico City in Senor Esquivel's office during a final conference. It has been returned, and I think you will find it fairly inclusive.

I shall look forward to seeing you on the thirtieth. Good wishes.

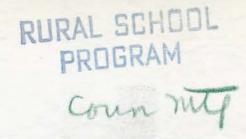
Sincerely,

FGW: RW

Mr. Goodwin Watson Teachers College Columbia University New York City

P. S. A room has been reserved for you at the Andrew Jackson Hotel.

UNIVERSITY



April 3, 1941

Dear Arthur: Thank you for agreeing to say a few things at the Rural Council meeting in Nashville. You will remember that I said to you on the phone that part of the discussion would be on a consideration of fields of endeavor omitted or underemphasized in present efforts in behalf of rural education in the South, which means to pose the question, I guess, of whether there are any ways in which the Fund can lend assistance. We thought that with your knowledge of programs of work on a county-wide basis you would be the most logical person to discuss the wisdom of proposing that it, the Rural Council, consider the need of educational improvements and coordination with other work on a county-wide basis. The Council would in turn make its recommendation to the Fund.

You will remember that the meetings are from Wednesday, April 30, to Friday, May 2. Your statement, we plan, will come some time between nine thirty and noon of Friday morning.

The material presenting the Greene County summer school and request for assistance came, and I am taking it up with Mr. Embree this morning, having arrived in the office only yesterday.

Best wishes,

FGW: RW

Mr. Arthur Raper Box 267 Greensboro, Georgia

P. S. A reservation has been made for you at the Hermitage for the 29th. Should you not arrive in Nashville until the 30th, please let me know.

Same letter to: Burton Fowler
I. S. Ingram
L. E. Roberts
J. A. Travis

RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

also to - except for hotel reservation - Hermitage

W. Lloyd Warner
Fred McCuistion
Albert R. Mann

coun mig

April 4, 1941

Dear Mary: I am delighted to hear that you will be able to join us at the Rural Council meeting at Fisk University later in the month.

You will recall that the members of the Council will attend the special seminars of the Social Science Institute of Fisk University on Wednesday and Thursday mornings. The Rural Council will meet by itself in four sessions: Wednesday at 2 p.m., Thursday at 2 p.m., Friday at 9:30 a.m., and the final session on Friday at 2 p.m.

A reservation has been made for you at the Andrew Jackson Hotel for the evening of the twenty-ninth. If you are not arriving until the morning of the thirtieth, please let me know. I shall look forward to seeing you.

Sincerely,

FGW:JW

FRED G. WALE

Miss Mary Eliason West Georgia College Carrollton, Georgia



RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

same letter to Josie Sellers 4
Charles H. Thompson 4

Coun my

April 4, 1941

Dear Miss Alexander: I am delighted to hear that you can be with us at the Rural Council meetings at Fisk April 30 through May 2.

You will recall that the Rural Council will attend the special seminars of the Social Science Institute of Fisk University on Wednesday and Thursday mornings and that it will meet by itself in four sessions, Wednesday at 2 p.m., Thursday at 2 p.m., Friday at 9:30 a.m., and the final session Friday at 2 p.m.

I have talked with Dr. Charles S. Johnson and he has asked me to instruct you to wite him directly for information regarding living arrangements, probably on the Fisk University campus. I suggest that you correspond with him at once.

I shall look forward to seeing you at the meetings.

Sincerely,

FGW: RW

FRED G. WALE

Miss Florence Alexander Jackson College Jackson, Mississippi



RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

Coun my

April 4, 1941

Dear Doctor Cocking: You will recall a telephone conversation we had together a week or so ago, in which you agreed to make some statement at the Rural Council meeting in Nashville later in the month. Our present plan is to present during the first day, Wednesday, April 30, some consideration of the preparation of the rural elementary school teacher. We will all have some opinion of this matter, but when we turn to a consideration of the area in which the individual teacher will work and the people under whose direction she will find strength and leadership, we would like to turn to you for a statement.

The rural school teacher upon graduation finds herself under the county leadership of a school principal, a supervisor, and a county superintendent. The effectiveness of the individual teacher, no matter how well she is trained, is in large measure determined by the quality of these three people. What should we expect from them and what progress are we making toward that end in the South, and particularly in Georgia, seems to be the springboard on which you would make your entrance.

The way the program now seems to be planned, this could come some time during the second session, Thursday afternoon, May 1. Thank you for your promise to open the discussion for the Council on this phase of the problem.

FGW:RW

Sincerely,

Dr. W. D. Cocking University of Georgia Athens, Georgia

P. S. We are staying at the Hermitage Hotel, and a reservation will be made for you there, for the evening of the twenty-ninth. If you are not arriving until the thirtieth, please let me know.

April 4, 1941

Dear Doctor Will: Mr. Embree and I have just been discussing the program for the Rural Council meetings, to be held at Fisk University later in the month. One of the most important subjects, it seems to us, which will be placed before the Council for consideration, will center around a discussion of new fields of endeavor and direction toward which the Council should turn its interest. This session will be held Friday, May 2, at 9:30 a.m. We have asked a few people to present some ideas on this general theme: Arthur Raper on county-wide programs, Percy Eason and Curtis Dixon on how the states can be aroused to reduce the differential between white and Negro education, and Floyd Reeves to discuss federal aid to education - where it now stands and what the South can do about it. This last is to be responded to by M. E. Thompson. (Floyd Reeves tells us he is not able to get to the Council this year and has proposed Howard Dawson as one to make this short presentation on federal aid.)

You can see that this should be a good morning session, containing in these topics a framework for the Council to move into broader fields. This will have its reflection on any new ventures the Fund might anticipate during the rest of its life. Mr. Embree and I agree that the direction of the Friday morning meeting, and any resulting proposals, will in a measure come from the chair. We therefore are asking you to preside that morning, to introduce the subject generally, also the three or four speakers, and to guide the subsequent discussion.

I believe Mr. Embree is to see you in Washington this coming week and plans to make this request of you directly. This letter is additional urging.



We will be staying at the Hermitage Hotel where a reservation will be made for you. Will you please let me know as soon as possible your day of arrival in Nashville? The hotels seem to be crowded. I shall look forward to seeing you there.

Sincerely,

PRED G. WALE

FGW:RW

Dr. W. W. Alexander Cosmos Club Washington, D. C.



CROSS REFERENCE RECORD

FIRM NAME OR	SUBJECT	RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM COUNCIL MEETING	FILE NO.
DATE 4-5-41	REMARKS	Mr. Cross of Tougaloo suggests Lionel Fraser as a member of the	
		Council Meeting.	
SEE		TOUGALOO COLLEGE	FILE NO.
DATE			

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FORM NO. 099CR

PROGRAM
Corum My

April 7, 1941

Dear Willard:

Monday, even though for so short a visit. This note confirms our talk.

Mr. Embree was delighted, with me, that you are willing to accept this opportunity you have always wanted "to tell the educators what they ought, to know" without giving any of them a chance to talk back.

A reservation has been made for you at the Hermitage for the morning of the thirtieth. Should you plan to arrive on the twenty-ninth, will you let us know by return mail? I shall look forward to seeing you.

Sincerely yours,

FGW: RW

FRED G. WALE

Mr. Willard W. Beatty Office of Indian Education Department of the Interior Washington, D. C.



April 7, 1941

Dear Dag: This is a follow-up letter on a discussion we had about the Council meeting later in the month.

You will recall that Wednesday morning we will sit with the Fisk Institute of Social Sciences and hear their presentations and discussions on matters sociological. Our first Council meeting will come at two p.m. the same day and is outlined somewhat as follows. Mr. Embres, after an introductory statement, will turn the chair over to me. I shall move in on Goodwin Watson, who will make a few remarks on Mexico, followed by Horace Mann Bond, who for a half hour will discuss generally what might be called an outline map on the southern social order within which the educational program must function. There will be no discussion after Doctor Bond's short statement. I shall make one or two remarks to tie this outline to all that follows, and particularly at that moment, to the discussion of the rural elementary teacher and her preparation. Following this I shall present you with the chair for the rest of the afternoon. That sounds formal, but I think we can make it informal if we do it the right way.

I shall leave to your judgment the decision of the most effective way to present the problem of the rural elementary school teacher and her education. I hope, however, that you will include a consideration of where she comes from, what kind of education she brings with her, and what you hope to do with her during the two, three, or four years you have her. I think you might well consider how you are going to follow up on her.

The second session, on Thursday, will deal at some length with those matters which give Porter Claxton major concern, and as you know, I have asked him to present



the meat of the discussion we had in the rural life building when I was last with you. The Thursday afternoon session will also give Max Bond and Reddix a chance to talk of their ideas of a community school and Ed of cooperatives. Therefore, I should guess that in working over plans for your presentation with the group from West Georgia you will take this into consideration so as not to overlap and make the discussion repetitious. One point which I think will not be covered on Thursday, in addition to the formal and campus work, is the influence that a place like West Georgia should have over the county as a whole, the kind of thing Tom Hart and Grace have been trying to do with health.

I shall leave it to you, then, to steer the discussion that day for what I should think might well amount to about two full hours, pulling in members of your group, as well as others from the floor.

We are reserving a room for you at the Andrew Jackson Hotel for the 29th, thinking that probably you and West Georgia delegates will want to drive up Tuesday and enjoy a good night's rest before the conference. Should you plan not to arrive until the morning of the 50th, let us know.

Sincerely,

FRED G. WALE

FGW: RW

Mr. D. F. Folger West Georgia College Genola, Georgia

P. S. I have written to Dick and Kit inviting them to the Council meeting in Nashville. Will you please talk it over with them?

PROGRAM Coun my

April 7, 1941

Dear Mr. Easom: It was good to have such a nice visit with you on my last trip. I am sorry I was pressed for time, particularly because I omitted talking with you about the program of the Rural Council meeting in Nashville.

The third session, to be held on Friday morning, will deal somewhat with those areas where the Rural Council might extend its interest. For example, Arthur Raper may talk of the need for county demonstrations in education coordinated with other activities, Floyd Reeves, or one of his people, on federal aid to education. You, we hope, will make a statement on how the Southeast can be aroused to decrease the differential between white and Negro education.

I am sure that the Rural Council will be very much interested to hear from you those points we discussed together just before I left. I presented those statements to the Rosenwald Fund board at Tuskegee, juxtaposed with some facts Miss Florence Alexander gave me on a study recently made of fifty-two counties. This material brings out what is needed, what is being done, and also some statements of practical measures for an attack of the problem.

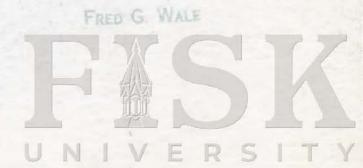
Dr. Will Alexander will preside at that discussion and, with your permission, will call on you for a statement of this sort during the morning session of Friday, May 2.

We are reserving a room for you at the Andrew Jackson Hotel for the 29th. If you are planning to arrive the morning of the 30th, please let me know.

Sincerely,

FGW: RH

Mr. P. H. Easom State Department of Education Jackson, Mississippi



PROGRAM
Com My

April 7, 1941

Dear Ed: I am sorry you have had to wait so long for an answer to your letter of March 27.

Your plan to visit the TVA with Mr. Hamp on this trip sounds very good. It will be quite agreeable to the Fund for you to carry this cut. The Fund has a practice of paying four cents a mile for this kind of travel, and of course would reimburse you and Hamp for any additional expenditures involved en route, meals, etc.

We are reserving two single rooms at the Andrew Jackson for you end Mr. Hamp for the 29th. If it turns out that you will not arrive until the morning of the 30th, please let us know.

There is a plan on foot for Mr.Embree, Dector Cocking, Mr. Irby, and me to visit Greene County for a day either the 17th or 18th of April. Perhaps you have heard of this. We shall look forward to seeing you.

Sincerely yours,

FRED G WALE

FGW: RW

Mr. Edward Downs Farm Security Administration Greensboro, Georgia



RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

Coun my

April 7, 1941

Dear Doctor Johnson: Thank you very much for saying that you will arrange for living quarters for the Negro members of the Council. I am sorry that I didn't get to talk with you when you were in Chicago last week.

As you suggest, I am enclosing a list of the Negro members of the Council for your convenience in making the arrangements. I am writing to each of them asking that they get in touch with you directly.

I shall look forward to seeing you in Nashville later in the month.

Sincerely,

FGW*RW

Dr. Charkes S. Johnson Fisk University Nashville, Tennessee FRED G. WALE



RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM Coun my

April 7, 1941

Dear Doctor Bond: You will recall that we had some talk about the Rural Council meeting and that I brought you a request from Mr. Embree to speak to the Council for a few minutes at its first session Wednesday afternoon.

The size of the group will be about as usual, not over forty or forty-five members, sitting in the same informal way that the Council has always tried to carry on. The first session will begin at two o'clock in the afternoon. It will open, probably, with a few remarks from Goodwin Watson of Teachers College who was in Mexico in February. He will speak briefly on what we found there, relating it, if there is any relationship, to the southern scene. This we think appropriate to do since most of the members would have gone to Mexico. After Watson has spoken for twenty minutes and a short time of discussion, we will lead directly into the problems the Council should take up, namely, the business of southern rural education, the teacher, the individual, and the institution. In connecting the parts of this to a whole, Mr. Embree and I feel that it is necessary to give a broad picture of the South. We therefore have put it this way: our discussion during the four sessions will be oriented on the outline map hung before the group, which describes the southern social order within which the educational program functions.

Thinking it over, this seems like a rather broad subject, but its very breadth would give you considerable latitude; for you will recall I asked you if you would talk to that point Wednesday afternoon. We feel that you are the right



person for this particular presentation, with your knowledge of the forces at work within the South, your intimacy not only with the larger wheels but with the wheels inside them, the smaller, more personal elements such as are found in the study of the 200 rural schools. Following your thirty-minute statement, we shall go, without discussion, into the heart of the problem "what opportunities should be given to a young person preparing for the teaching profession". We shall stay on that theme the rest of the afternoon.

Dr. Charles Johnson has told me that if you will need a place to stay during these meetings, he will be glad to have you write him directly.

I shall look forward to seeing you in Nashville Wednesday morning, April 30. I hope Mrs. Bond will be with you.

Sincerely,

FRED G. WALE

FGW: RW

Dr. Horace Mann Bond President Fort Valley State College Fort Valley, Georgia



PROGRAM Coun my

April 7, 1941

Dear Doctor Bond: It was good to see you at Tuskegee this last week. I thought that all of the plans you made for our visit were excellently carried out. I get nothing but good words from all who attended.

You will remember that we talked together of the Rural Council meeting later in the month and that I asked you if you would present to the Council in a ten- or fifteen-minute statement something of your hopes and fears in rural education. I think I also said if you could reclaim your remarks at luncheon on Friday a week ago, nothing could be more splendid.

The first session, Wednesday afternoon, April 30, will center more or less around the preparation of the rural school teacher and will of course have something to say about the community, but the major theme of Thursday afternoon's discussion will be the school teacher out in the field. Porter Claxton will probably start off with his ideas of a practical agriculture and homemaking program. Could you, then, pick it up from there, outline some of your problems, and state practical measures for meeting them? As you remember, though, we discussed this, and my note now is simply a gentle reminder.

Dr. Charles Johnson has asked me to say to you that should you need a place to stay at Fisk University during the Council meetings, he would appreciate it if you would get in touch with him directly. I shall look forward to seeing you and Mrs. Bond at the end of April.

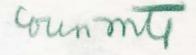
Sincerely yours,

FGW: RW

Dr. J. Max Bond Tuskegee Institute Tuskegee Institute, Alabama



RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM



April 7, 1941

Dear Curtis: I'm sorry to have missed you the last two times I have been through Atlanta. This trip I wanted to talk with you about the Rural Council. We are glad to hear that you can get over to Nashville and hope you will bring Mrs. Dixon with you.

At the third session of the Council, Friday at 9:30 a.m., we hope to discuss certain fields of endeavor which have been either omitted or underemphasized in the circle of Rural Council interests. For example, Arthur Raper will probably discuss the need for county demonstrations and Howard Dawson the future of the federal aid to education bill. Mr. Embres and I wonder if you would say a few words on the general subject, "how can states and counties be aroused to make more nearly equitable provision for Negro education". I should think you could consider the problem generally, and Georgia specifically, as to what has been accomplished, and suggestions for going further.

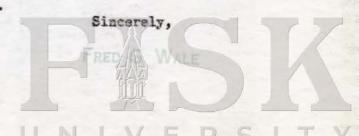
Dr. Will Alexander will probably preside during this discussion, and with your consent he will ask you to make some such statement as mentioned during the Friday session, May 2.

I shall look forward to seeing you, and I hope Mrs. Dixon, on Wednesday, the thirtieth. We are reserving a room for you at the Hermitage for the night of the 29th. If you are not planning to arrive until Wednesday morning, please let us know.

Best wishes.

FGW: RW

Mr. J. C. Dixon University System of Georgia Atlanta, Georgia



PROGRAM
Coau My

April 8, 1941

Dear Doctor Patterson: meeting in Nashville. We are glad to hear that you will be with us for the Rural Council

You will recall that the Council sits with the Fisk Institute for Social Sciences on Wednesday and Thursday, but is in single session on those afternoons, as well as Friday morning and afternoon. The program plan for the Council on Wednesday afternoon is to discuss the preparation of the rural elementary teacher and on Thursday afternoon the things that are being done in rural communities which are cooperating with teacher education institutions.

We would like very much to have you preside at the Thursday afternoon session, and introduce, first, Mr. Embree, who will make some introductory statements on the rural teacher and her school as a social force in the community. This statement will be followed by presentations from Porter Claxton, Max Bond, Jacob Reddix, and Edward Yeomans, on such phases of this community work as concern them. From this consideration we shall turn to a discussion introduced by Doctor Cocking on the work he is doing at Athens. He will tell why he feels it paramount to educate school principals, county supervisors, and county superintendents for more effective leadership. The Thursday afternoon session will then be closed with a short summary by Malcolm MacLean on "how these two days of discussion appear to one newly come to the scene of battle".

Mr. Embree and I would be grateful to you if you would chair this session, introducing the speakers and centering the discussion on the problem at hand.



I shall send you a program outline of the session, with a rough sketch of time intervals and a word or two of explanation about the speakers.

Doctor Johnson would like very much to have you communicate with him directly regarding living arrangements, probably on the Fisk campus. I shall look forward to seeing you and hope for some visits with you during any free minutes we may have.

Sincerely,

FRED G. WALE

FGW: RW

Dr. F. D. Patterson Tuskegee Institute Tuskegee Institute, Alabama



RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

Coun my

April 8, 1941

Dear Mr. Dawson: This is to confirm our telephone conversation and brings you an invitation to attend the Council on Rural Education to be held at Fisk University Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, April 50 through May 2, in connection with the 75th anniversary of Fisk. I am attaching a rough outline of the sessions both of our Council and of the Fisk meetings.

The formal convocation service, in connection with the Fisk anniversary, will take place Saturday morning. Should you wish to stay over for that meeting, we shall be glad to carry the expense of the extra day and to get you a ticket.

As stated to you on the phone, we should like very much to have you tell the Council something of the work that has gone into the bill for federal aid and where the matter now stands. Any discussion that follows could well center around activity which the Rural Council or the Fund might take in promoting federal aid. This discussion will come on Friday morning.

We shall look forward to greeting you on Thursday, May 1, and a room will be reserved for you at the Andrew Jackson Hotel.

Sincerely yours,

FGW: RW

Mr. Howard Dawson National Education Association 1201 Sixteenth Street, N. W. Washington, D. C.



RURAL SCHOOL, PROGRAM

Coun my

April 8, 1941

Dear Porter: This is just a note to confirm our conversations of the Rural Council meetings and the short talk you agreed to give on practical agriculture and homemaking. In thinking over the program with Mr. Embree again it seemed well to ask you to make your statement on Thursday afternoon at the second session shortly after the meeting begins. A plan of all sessions will be placed in Council members' hands Wednesday afternoon.

I imagine you will be driving up with the group from West Georgia and probably will get to Nashville on Tuesday evening. We are therefore reserving a room for you at the Andrew Jackson Hotel for the 29th, unless we hear from you to the contrary.

Sincerely,

FGW: RW

Mr. Porter Claxton West Georgia College Genola, Georgia

FASITY
UNIVERSITY



April 8, 1941

Dear Kit: You may have heard that the Rural Council of the Fund is being held this year in Nashville April 50 through May 2. We shall meet with the Pisk Insitute of Social Sciences on Wednesday and Thursday mornings, but in single session those afternoons and Friday morning and afternoon.

Saturday morning we shall attend the convocation exercises held in connection with the Fisk anniversary, and we shall be pleased to get you a ticket to this should you wish to attend. The Fund will be happy to carry the extra expense of that day, as well as all other expenses incurred by you in connection with the meetings.

We are attaching a summary of the programs of the three days, which include a number of musical events we may attend.

A room will be reserved for you at the Andrew Jackson Hotel for the 29th. If you plan to arrive on the morning of the 30th, will you please let us know?

Sincerely,

FGW: RW

Mr. J. Oliver Carson West Georgia College Genola, Georgia BAND G. WALL



April 8, 1941

Dear Ed: Just a note to tell you briefly how the program of the Rural Council will shape during its four sessions, April 30 through May 2. The first sessions, Wednesday afternoon, will be on the subject of the education of the rural teacher. The second session, Thursday afternoon, will concern itself primarily with community programs. Porter will talk on practical agriculture, etc., Max Bond and Reddix on their hopes and fears of the work they are doing. We are suggesting that you say a few things about the rural school teacher and the cooperative movement.

We are reserving a room for you at the Andrew Jackson Hotel for the 29th. If you are planning to arrive on the morning of the 50th, will you let us know?

Sincerely,

FRED G. WALE

FGW: RW

Mr. Edward Yeomans West Georgia College Genola, Georgia

P. S. I called Carson several times when I was in Washington on Monday a week ago but was unable to get his telephone to answer. I hope the SCEA has success in finding the right man. Let me know if I can be of any help.



RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM



April 8, 1941

Dear Mr. MacLean: I'm glad to hear that it is possible for you to be with us in Nashville and that Mrs. MacLean will accompany you. We welcome her to the musicales and other social festivities. We shall be glad, also, to reserve two tickets for the Saturday morning convocation if you find it possible to delay your trip to West Virginia.

You will recall that the Rural Council joins with the Fisk Institute for Social Science Wednesday and Thursday afternoons. At that time we shall discuss primarily the program of preparation for teaching in the rural school. Mr. Embree and I wonder if you will appraise the statements made during these two sessions and on Thursday close the discussion on this phase of the work with a few remarks from the position of "how it seems to one newly come to the scene of battle" (geographically speaking, of course).

We are reserving a double room for you and Mrs. MacLean at the Hermitage for April 29. If you are planning not to arrive until the morning of the 30th, please let us know.

Sincerely yours,

FGW: RW

Mr. Malcolm MacLean Hampton Institute Hampton, Virginia

FASITY
UNIVERSITY



April 8, 1941

Dear Louis: I have just returned to the office to find that you cannot be in Nashville with the Rural Council. I am sorry to hear this, for I had looked forward to your meeting with some of the white and Negro leaders.

My schedule is full of demands and I am not sure when I shall get to Columbus again, but a visit there is always on my mind. I have not forgotten, either, that I want to go with you into the Southland some day. But that needs some planning and probably for both of us must come in the fall. If you visit Chicago soon, I hope you will not fail to let me know. I shall do my best to be here. I should like very much to have you stay with us in Winnetka.

Sincerely,

FGW:RW

Mr. Louis Raths Ohio State University Columbus, Ohio



RURAL SCHOOL
PROGRAM
Coun nu
April 8, 1941

Dear Mr. Reddix: You will recall my telling you that
Mr. Embree and I would like very much
for you to make a statement at the Rural Council meeting
in Nashville. Our second session, on Thursday afternoon,
May 1, will be centered on a discussion of the effectiveness
of the rural teacher and that rural school as a social force
in the community. Mr. Embree will introduce the subject,
Porter Claxton will say a few words on a practical agriculture and home living program, Max Bond will tell of his hopes
and fears in communities cooperating with Tuskegee, and
Edward Yeomans will tie the rural teacher to the SCEA.

When the board met in Tuskegee recently, its members visited the rural areas of Macon County. There was much discussion, injected usually by Doctor Will Alexander, on the basic problem of land. Many people felt the school and the teacher have a part to play but that it cannot be effective unless it is tied pretty closely to a land program. I know that your negotiations with Farm Security are still in the experimental stage and that you may feel they have not jelled enough to warrant discussion. But in spite of this, I wish you would talk to that point for a while during this second session, outlining briefly the problem in the rural areas around Jackson, how you intend to move in on it from Jackson College, and what you believe must be done in seeking a solution. I know I need not urge you to make the statement realistic, to give in practical terms your object in involving Farm Security and other agencies, to tell how you are going about it, how you are tying Jackson College to it, and what steps you intend to



take, year by year, to achieve the final goal. I believe this is important because you have been thinking it through more than anyone else. There will be people, such as MacLean of Hampton Institute, who can benefit from what you have to say, and others, Doctor Will for example, who might give you some ideas.

Dr. Charles Johnson has asked me to instruct you to write him directly concerning living arrangements, on the Fisk University campus probably.

I shall be writing you in a day or so of other matters. It was good to see you. Shall look forward to a further visit in the near future.

Sincerely,

FRED G. WALE

FGW: RW

Mr. Jacob L. Reddlx Jackson College Jackson, Mississippi



RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

Coun mity

April 8, 1941

Dear M. E.: I am hoping that you will find it possible to be with us in Nashville later in the month. You will recall, in my first letter to you, that the Rural Council will sit with the Fisk Institute of Social Sciences Wednesday and Thursday mornings, April 30 and May 1, but that it will meet in single session on those afternoons, and Friday morning and afternoon.

The discussion before the Council this year will probably fall into two parts - the work that the Council has an interest in now, primarily teacher education, and further fields of participation which might be developed. This second consideration will probably take place Friday morning, with Dr. Will Alexander in the chair. There will be some discussion of county-wide programs, some thoughts of what the state can do to equalize educational opportunity for whites and Negroes, and some presentation of the important of federal aid to education

We asked Doctor Reeves if he would carry this last point, but the demands of the defense program are holding him in Washington. He has suggested that Howard Dawson take his place. We are asking Mr. Dawson to restate the problem and to tell us where the matter now stands. You will recall that you and I have had some words together on how to keep federal aid alive. Mr. Embree and I would like very much to have you respond to Mr. Dawson before the Council, making some practical suggestions and urging the Council to take a stand which will bring action on this important matter. I think what you say can well be of major concern to the



Council and to the Fund; that this can be the opening drive in a matter which, at least from our point of view, has precedence over any other issue in southern education.

We are reserving a room for you at the Hermitage for the 29th. If you find it impossible to be there until the morning of the 30th, we would like to hear from you.

Sincerely,

FRED STOM ALE

FGW: RW

Mr. M. E. Thompson State Department of Education Atlanta, Georgia



Also to: M. D. Mobley

RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

Coun my

April 8, 1941

Dear Mr. Garrison: This is to extend to you an invitation to the meeting of the Council on Rural Education of the Fund, which will be held this year in Nashville, April 30 through May 2, in connection with the 75th anniversary of Fisk University.

A rough outline of the schedule of the sessions both of our Council and of the Fisk meetings is attached. The formal convocation service, in connection with the Fisk anniversary, will take place Saturday. A number of the Council members will be attending and should you care to join them we shall procure a ticket for you.

Sincerely yours,

FGW: RW

Mr. S. C. Garrison President George Peabody College Nashville, Tennessee



Sent also to: Major W. Calvin Wells, Jackson, Miss.

(hotel reservation at Hermitage)

Senator Means Johnston, Greenwood, Missisippi

(reservation at Hermitage)

J. W. Jenkins, Ellisville, Mississippi

(reservation at Andrew Jackson)



April 8, 1941

Coun nity

My dear Judge Barbour: Each year the Julius Rosenwald
Fund calls together in a Council
on Rural Education some of the leading white and Negro educators of the North and South. It includes such men as
Doctor Patterson of Tuskegee, Mr. M. E. Thompson of the
Georgia State Department of Education, Dr. Doak Campbell
of Peabody College, Mr. Charles S. Johnson of Fisk University, Albert Mann of the General Education Board, and
Mr. Charles H. Thompson of Howard University.

This interracial group of some forty members has been an important body in appraising the work of the Fund and suggesting new fields of endeavor.

Because of your past and continued interest in educational matters, not only in Mississippi but in the Southeast generally, we are extending to you a warm invitation to join the Rural Council this year. It will meet at Nashville April 30 through May 2 in connection with the 75th anniversary of Fisk University. You will notice from the attached outline that our Wednesday and Thursday morning sessions will be held jointly with the Fisk University Institute of Social Sciences and that our own separate sessions will be held Wednesday and Thursday afternoons and Friday morning and afternoon. We are also invited by Fisk University to attend the several musical events offered during those days.



The formal convocation services in connection with the Fisk anniversary will take place Saturday morning. Should you wish to stay over for that meeting, we shall be glad to carry the expense of the additional day, as well as all the expenses you may incur in attending the Rural Council. Tickets are necessary for the convocation services, so we should like to know if you wish to attend.

If you find it possible to join us, a room will be reserved for you at the Andrew Jackson Hotel on Tuesday, the 29th. We shall look forward to seeing you then.

Sincerely yours,

FRED G. WALE

FGW: RW

Judge J. P. Barbour Yazoo City Mississippi



CROSS REFERENCE RECORD

FIRM	NAME OR	SUBJECT	RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM COUNCIL MEETING FILE NO.
DATE	4-10-41	REMARKS	Dr. Johnson to ERE enclosing copies
			of Anniversary program to be distributed among members of the Council Meeting.
7			among members of the Council Meeting.
		12	
SEE			FISK UNIVERSITY SOCIAL SCIENCE SYMPOSIUMFILE NO.
		1-21-2	
DATE			
			SIGNED

FILE CROSS REFERENCE RECORD UNDER NAME OR SUBJECT LISTED AT TOP OF THIS SHEET, AND IN PROPER DATE ORDER.
THE PAPERS REFERRED TO SHOULD BE FILED UNDER NAME OR SUBJECT LISTED UNDER "SEE"





PROGRAM

WELLS, WELLS & LIPSCOMB

ATTORNEYS AT LAW
LAMAR LIFE BUILDING
JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

Coun mtg

W. CALVIN WELLS (1884-1914)

W. CALVIN WELLS, III
HUBERT S. LIPSCOMB
WILLIAM R. NEWMAN, JR.
W. CALVIN WELLS, JR.

LEMUEL O. SMITH, JR.

SIDNEY A. SMITH, JR.

April 10th, 1941.

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My dear Mr. Wale:

Your very gracious letter of date April 8th has just been received and noted.

It is a matter of extreme regret to me that I already have an engagement for those exact dates in Asheville, N. C., where there will be committees representing the Northern Presbyterian Church and the Southern Presbyterian Church with reference to Union of the two Churches. I represent the State of Mississippi for the Southern Presbyterian Church, and therefore it will be utterly impossible for me to attend the meeting at Nashville.

My inability to attend I greatly regret for many reasons. In the first place, I am deeply interested in the work of the Rural Council to be considered at that meeting. I am also deeply interested in the sessions to be held jointly with the Fisk University Institute of Social Sciences; and in the third place I would greatly enjoy the music which will be furnished on that occasion by Fisk University. I believe you know how much I do enjoy good music.

I trust I am not presumptuous in asking for a "rain check," and the opportunity at some future time to meet with those groups.

You and I seem to agree so thoroughly on what is really needed in educational circles, especially here in the South, that I have found it very, very pleasant to be associated with you the few times we have been together. I trust that in the future we may be thrown



together more often.

Again expressing my regret, and with kindest regards, I am,

Sincerely your friend,
Wealow Nells

Mr. Fred G. Wale, Julius Rosenwald Fund, 4901 Ellis Avenue, Chicago, Ill.



day

RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

Coun my

April 10, 1941

Dear Mr. Cross: In Mr. Embree's absence I am writing to tell you that we are delighted to be able to invite Mr. Fraser to the Council on Rural Education in Nashville later in the month.

We are sorry to have to write you that Mrs. Roosevelt will not be able to visit Jackson College this year because of her very full schedule. I am sure, however, that had she been in that vicinity she would have wanted to come over to Tougaloo.

I shall look forward very much to meeting Mr. Fraser and talking with him about the work you are doing in Tougaloo.

Sincerely yours,

FRED G. WALE

FGW: RW

Mr. Judson L. Cross President Tougaloo College Tougaloo, Mississippi



RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM Count Mily

April 10, 1941

Dear Mr. Fraser: We are delighted to be able to invite you to the Council on Rural Education, to be held in Nashville April 30 through May 2. We shall meet with the Fisk Institute of Social Sciences on Wednesday and Thursday mornings and in single session on those afternoons and Friday.

Saturday morning we shall attend the convocation exercises which are to be held in connection with the Fisk anniversary. Should you wish to attend, we shall be glad to get you a ticket. The Fund will be happy to carry the expense of this extra day as well as other expenses incurred by you in connection with the meetings. Attached is a summary of the program of the three days.

Dr. Charles Johnson of Fisk University has asked me to instruct you to get in touch with him directly about arrangements for living accommodations, probably on the Fisk University campus.

We look forward to seeing you and talking of the work at Tougaloo.

Sincerely yours,

FRED G. WALE

FGW: RW

Mr. Lionel B. Fraser Tougaloo College Tougaloo, Mississippi



RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

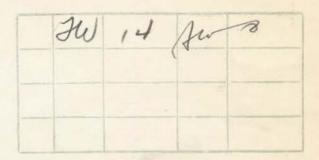
JONES COUNTY

AGRICULTURAL HIGH SCHOOL AND JUNIOR COLLEGE

ELLISVILLE, MISSISSIPPI

J. B. YOUNG, PRESIDENT J. B. YOUNG, PRESIDENT
H. A. DUNAHOD, VICE PRES. AND DEAN
W. J. MODDY, REGISTRAR
C. W. JENKINS, PRIN. SR. HIGH
H. H. MITCHELL. SUSINCES MANAGER
MARIE MARTIN GRAHAM, SECRETARY

April 12, 1941



Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Gentlemen:

I am in receipt of your letter of April 8, and in reply will say that I appreciate your invitation to attend the Council on Rural Education in Nashville, Tennessee, April 30 through May 2.

I am very much interested in the work for which this organization stands and I consider it a great privilege to come and be with you at this meeting. Also, I will remain over Saturday for the convocation services.

I am, indeed, grat ful to you for the invitation and I am looking forward to being greatly benefited by having met with you.

Sincerely your friend,

C. W. Jenkins, Principal

ELLISVILLE HIGH SCHOOL

CWJ:rsc



RURAL SCHOOL

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE GRAM

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Coun may

Greensboro, Georgia April 12, 1941

Aw 14 Aws

Dear Fred:

Just now I learn that Messrs. Downs and McGibony will be motoring to Nashville the latter part of April for the meetings of the Rural Council. I have tentatively arranged to come with them.

In view of the three of us coming in the same car, I imagine you will want to raise Downs' mileage a bit above the four cents which was planned on the basis of getting just the two of them there. I have talked with Ed about this and he is amenable to whatever plan you suggest.

Cordially yours,

Arthur Raper Social Science Analyst

Mr. Fred Wale Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

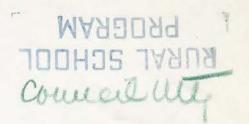
ce to: Mr. Ed Downs

FASITY
UNIVERSITY

MEANS JOHNSTON

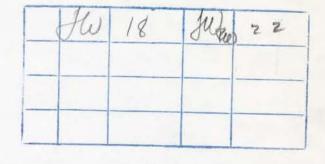
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
GREENWOOD, MISSISSIPPI

April 16, 1941



Mr. Fred G. Wale Associate for Rural Education Chicago, Illinois

Dear Mr. Wale:



This will acknowledge receipt of your letter of April 8th., regarding the meeting of the Council on Rural Education in Nash-ville, Tennessee, on April 30th. through May 2nd., and I certainly appreciate your kind invitation for me to be present on this occasion; and due to busines engagements, I have deferred answering this letter to determine whether or not it will be possible for me to attend.

I am very much interested in rural education and especially the "Mississippi Negro Training School", formerly Jackson College of Jackson, Mississippi, and believe that the money spent by the Rosenwald Fund in this school will prove, not only a wise investment, but a blessing to the State of Mississippi. We are very much pleased with Dr. Jacob L. Reddix, President of said school, and I believe that his selection was wise and that his administration of the affairs of this school is in safe hands and that the school will make rapid progress under his administration.

I have decided to accept your kind invitation to be at the meeting in Nashville on April 30th, and would appreciate it very much if you will acknowledge receipt of this letter.

With best wishes, I am,

Sincerely yours

MJ/vm

FASIK UNIVERSITY



REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM OF GEORGIA STATE CAPITOL, ATLANTA

PROGRAM
Come MIC

April 16, 1941

 JW	18	Ho	-0

Dear Fred:

Your letter of April 7 has not been answered earlier because I have been away from my office.

I'll be glad to discuss the topic suggested in your letter, though I think the present tendency to the use of legal compulsion minimizes other possible procedures for the time being. This is not to imply that this is the best procedure in the long run, but it is now the one being given most consideration and the one apparently considered requisite and logical. I cannot help feeling that some amity may be destroyed as a result of legal action. Perhaps it can later be regained or rebuilt. My main interest is that the gains of the last four or five years in our state—and they are sizeable—may not be lost or destroyed and that we do not place ourselves entirely in the hands of the Philistines—in this instance, the politician who will not hesitate to build political capital out of race issues even though he has to weaken the whole structure of education to do so.

Sincerely yours,

J. C. Dixon, Vice-Chancellor

JCD/BM

Mr. Fred G. Wale Associate for Rural Education Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago



RURAL SEB. B. DANSBY

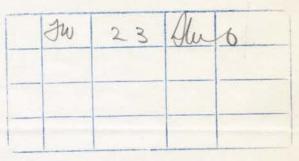
PROGRAM

Mississippi Negro Training School

Formerly Jackson College

Jackson, Mississippi

April 21, 1941



Mr. Fred G. Wale Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

My dear Mr. Wale:

I have your letters of April 8th and 14th. In regard to the matter of leading the discussion at the Council on Rural Education on the question of what cooperation Jackson College is trying to secure for certain rural communities through the Farm Security Administration, I will be glad to make a statement about our plans.

Within the next few days, I will try to have some definite proposals to submit to you for some help that I will need in the development of a few faculty members this summer. I will submit a letter of recommendation and request.

I am looking forward to your visit with us on Monday, April 28th. There are several matters that I hope to have ready for your consideration at that time. I have made some further contacts in regard to this land project question, and I hope to have something definite on it by the 28th.

Sincerely yours,

Jacob L. Reddix

Jacob L. Reddix

President

JLR: mw



EXPRESS SHIPPING POINT CARROLLTON, GA.

est Georgia College PROGRAM

RURAL SCHOOL

DIVISION OF THE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM OF GEORGIA Brutne S. Ingram, Bregident

Coun my

JW.	24	Sa	0
26		56	,
			-

Genola, Georgia (SUBURB OF CARROLLTON) April 22, 1941

Dear Fred: We are working out our plans for the Rural Council Meeting as suggested in your recent letters. group plans to drive up on Tuesday, 29th.

We have arranged to interview several people that we are considering for teachers in the laboratory schools next year. I hope you can stay over Saturday for a conference with some of these people. We should be through by noon. We have the names of several people at Peabody and one who is now teaching at Palmyra, Tennessee.

I have gone over the budget with Mr. Ingram and he has arranged to take care of the salary of Miss Woodruff. This will bring the total down somewhat nearer this year's budget. I hope that you and Mr. Embree and Mr. Ingram and I may have time for full consideration of our budget and program while in Nashville.

Sincerely yours.

D. F. Folger Dean of Instruction

DFF:kbh

Mr. Fred Wale 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois



The University of Misconsin

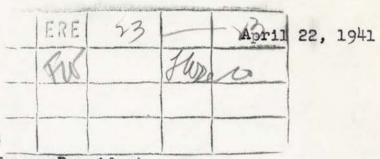
RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

Cour my

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY AND ANTHROPOLOGY
STERLING HALL



Madison



Mr. Edwin R. Embree, President Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Dear Embree:

I had a letter from Dr. Charles Johnson on March 13 in regard to the Rural Education Conference to be held in conjunction with the 75th anniversary founding of Fisk University. In that letter he suggested I would be hearing from you within a few days.

Since then Johnson and I have been having correspondence and I have been planning to attend the meetings on April 30 and May 1. So far I have not had a chance to write a paper, but believe that I can do so this week during vacation even though I have quite a few courses to prepare.

One matter is that of expenses of which I recently wrote Johnson. I just had a reply from his secretary that he is out of the city. Have you any information on this vital subject?

I hope that your plans are going well, and I shall make every effort to get a paper in shape. With best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Mekeel

H. Scudder Mekeel

HSM: IB



PROGRAM Council wing

April 22, 1941

Dear Mr. Dawson: I hasten to answer your recent note to clarify my former letter. As the program is now planned, we should like to have you talk on federal aid during the morning session, which will begin at nine o'clock, Friday, May 2. I know that you are planning a busy week, and we shall understand clearly should you not be able to arrive before the last day's session. However, we urge you to come as soon as you can.

Sincerely yours,

FRED G. WALE

RGW: RW

Mr. Howard Dawson National Education Association 1201 Sixteenth Street, N.W. Washington, D. C.



RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

Country



April 23, 1941

Dear Mekeel: We are paying the expenses of the members of the rural education conference, including of course those who take part in Doctor Johnson's seminar. It occurs to me that your letter may carry the implication of needing an advance against expenses. At any rate, I am enclosing our check for \$50.00 as such an advance. Will you be good enough to keep a note of your expenditures for the whole trip and send an account to our comptroller at the end? She will then send you a check for the total expense, minus the \$50.00 which we are herewith advancing. Or, if you spend less than the amount of this check, we should like to have you return the balance together with your itemized statement of expenses.

I look forward with the greatest pleasure to seeing you again.

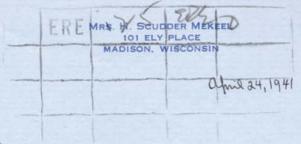
Very truly yours,

EDWIN R. EMBREE

ERE:JW

Dr. H. Scudder Mekeel Department of Sociology and Anthropology The University of Wisconsin Madison, Wisconsin





Dear Embres.

Many thanks for your letter with its enclosure which

I apprecial. (I just settled up for my daughter's affections!)

I am still finding lite of time to work up a fater. If I don't

get it done, I promise not to abscord with the funds! If I do final

it, I'll Rest an accounting of expenses.

What have are eyes taking? I am flavoring on taking an 8:05 P.M. train out of Change Tuesday the 29th (Change and Eastern Messies R.R.?). Will there be any of the farty on this?

Bost regards.

Makal

FASK UNIVERSITY

FW wind

PROGRAM
Could note

April 24, 1941

Dear Mr. Morton: I know you will understand the haste with which I have just telegraphed you an invitation to attend the Council meetings in Nashville next week. I apologize for not having sent word to you before this. I hope it will not be too late and that your schedule will permit you to join with us during the days of April 30 through May 2.

In addition to Messrs. Easom, Travis, Reddix, and Miss Alexander, we have also invited the four members of the Board of Trustees of the Institutions of Higher Learning whose major concern is the progress of Jackson College. Mr. Barbour and Major Wells are unfortunately committed to conferences in other directions, but Senator Means Johnston and Mr. Jenkins will be present at the meetings. The rest of the Council is made up of white and Negro educational leaders from various parts of the country.

I hope that we can talk together Monday evening next, but in any event, if you can come to Nashville, Mr. Embree would like to discuss with you the proposal of our cooperation with State College in the work you are doing.

The Rural Council is meeting this year at Fisk University partly because this is their 75th anniversary. Some of our sessions will be held jointly with the Fisk Institute of Social Sciences, and we are invited to all of their musical and other festivities. We are obtaining tickets for the Fisk convocation services Saturday morning, and we shall be glad to carry your expenses for not only all of the meetings of the Council but also for the Saturday services should you care to stay over. Our last Council session is scheduled for Friday afternoon.

We are reserving a room for you at the Andrew Jackson Hotel for Tuesday evening, April 29, in case you find it will be possible to get away at this short notice.

FGW: RW

Sincerely,

Mr. J. R. Morton Mississippi State College State College, Mississippi

Julius Rosenwald Fund

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO

To

Mr. H. Scudder Mekeel

c/o Mr. Edwin R. Embree

Payment Voucher No. 2785

Date

April 28, 1941

Advance for expenses for Rural Council meeting -- \$50.00

Ck.#24825

AM

Accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credit
Working Capital Control - Advance for Travel		\$50.00	

Prepared by Checked by Posted by

Comptroller

April 25, 1941

Dear Mr. Patterson:

Attached is a short sketch of
the ground we hope to cover
during the second session of the Rural Council meeting,
the one at which you have agreed to preside. You will
notice that I have made a suggestion of time divisions
and that most of the speakers have been given fifteen
minutes to introduce their subjects, and that a somewhat
longer time has been allowed for the discussion periods.
These suggestions are made, of course, with the understanding that you will use your judgment in an individual
case.

whom you will preside. I think you know enough about all of them and about their work except perhaps Porter Claxton, who is a teacher of rural living at West Georgia College, and Edward Yeomans, who is also teaching at West Georgia this year and who is the secretary-treasurer of the Southeastern Cooperative Education Association.

If there are any points you feel need further expanation perhaps we can chat about them on Wednesday.

Sincerely, FRED G. WALE

FGW:RW

Mr. F. D. Patterson Tuskegee Institute Tuskegee Institute, Alabama

P. S. I am sending a copy of this program to each of the speakers so they will know how their statements will fall into the general discussion of the afternoon.

UNIVERSIT

COUNCIL ON RURAL EDUCATION April 30 through May 2

Second Session - Thursday, May 1, 2 P.M. F. D. Patterson, presiding

General Topic: During the first session we discussed the education of the rural elementary teacher. Most of this centered on the work of the teacher education institution. Although we gave some attention yesterday to interests outside the college walls, to off-campus laboratory schools, the main discussion of education as a social force within the community has been left until this session.

1.	An opening statement: Can the rural teacher be a social force in the community?	Edwin R. Embree	2:05 - 2:15
		No discussion	
2.	A practical agriculture and homemaking program for the rural community.	Porter Claxton	2:15 - 2:50
		Discussion	2:30 - 3:00
3.	rural school teacher more effec- tive as a social force in the		
	community?	J. Max Bond	3:00 - 3:15
		Jacob L. Reddix	3:15 - 3:30
		Discussion	3:30 - 4:00
	TEN MINUTE RECESS	4:00 - 4:10	
4.	The relationship of the rural school teacher to the growing cooperative movement in the		
	Southeast	Edward Yeomans	4:15 - 4:30
		Discussion	4:30 - 4:45
5.	An education for county		
	leadership	Walter D. Cocking	4:45 - 5:00
		Discussion	5:00 - 5:30
6.	A closing statement: How the discussions of the past two sessions seem to one newly come		
	to the southern scene	Malcolm S. MacLean	5:30
		No discussion	7

Modiscussion State Programme State S

RURAL SCHOOL
PROGRAM
Could Int

April 25, 1941

Dear Doctor Will: This year we are not printing
any programs of the Rural
Council, to be placed in members' hands. But I
thought you would like to have a sketch of the ground
we would want to cover during the session at which
you will preside. I hope it is complete enough. If
there are any questions about it, we shall have plenty
of time to discuss it before Friday morning.

We are reserving a room for you at the Hermitage for Tuesday night, the 29th. If you are planning to arrive on a Wednesday morning train, I suggest you wire the Hermitage. With all the Fisk anniversary activity, and several other meetings in Nashville during those days, single rooms seem to be at a premium.

Sincerely,

FGW: RW

FRED G. WALE

Dr. W. W. Alexander The Cosmos Club Washington, D. C.

P. S. I am sending a copy of this program to each of the speakers so they will know how their statements will fall into the general discussion of the morning.



COUNCIL ON RURAL EDUCATION April 80 through May 2

Third Session - Friday, May 2, 8 - 12 A.M. W. W. Alexander, presiding

General Topic: The discussion of the past two days has centered on present interests of the Rural Council, mainly the education of the elementary school teacher and her job within the community. This session will be devoted to a consideration of the fields of endeavor not now demanding the attention of the Rural Council, but within which it might be wise to establish demonstration centers.

County

 What merit is there in promoting a demonstration of educational improvement on a countywide basis? How deeply into the life of a county should such a demonstration reach? . .

Topic opened by Arthur Raper. Discussion to follow.

State

Topic to be opened by 10 or 15 minute statements from J. C. Dixon and P. H. Eason. Discussion to follow.

National

Topic to be opened by Howard A. Dawson. Discussion will follow Mr. Thompson's response.

M. E. Thompson Discussion to follow.

(This seems to be a full schedule for a single morning session, but we have purposely left some time open after lunch for any spill-over.)



PROGRAM
County

April 25, 1941

Dear Doctor Johnson: Thank you for your help in obtaining rooms. We are now all settled at the Hermitage and have sent them the names of individuals as well as our understanding of the number of rooms and dates of occupancy.

We have included a room for Mr. Malinowski and have so written him today. Please do not fail to send us a bill for the long distance telephone calls you made for us in this connection.

Shall look forward to

seeing you next week.

Sincerely,

FGW: RW

FRED G. WALE

Dr. Charles S. Johnson Fisk University Nashville, Tennessee



PROGRAM
Come note

April 25, 1941

Dear Mr. Caldwell: This is to confirm our telephone conversation this morning.

It is our understanding that you will have reserved
for us 10 single rooms for April 29, 12 twin bed rooms
for April 29, and one suite for April 30. Attached is
a list of the individuals for whom we would like you
to reserve the single rooms, and also a list of those
who will occupy the twin bed rooms. The suite is for
Mr. Embree.

It is our further understanding that you will attempt to accommodate two additional people, in single rooms, on April 30, two in single rooms on May 1, and one on May 2. We are also sending you the names of the five individuals who will register on those dates. If the Hermitage is not able to accommodate them, we understand that you will have made reservations for them at the Noel Hotel.

Sincerely yours,

FRED G. WALE

FGW: RW

Mr. William Caldwell Assistant Manager Hotel Hermitage Nashville, Tennessee



Single rooms, April 29th

W. W. Alexander
Willard Beatty
Walter D. Cocking
J. C. Dixon
Bronislaw Malinowski
Nolen M. Irby
C. W. Jenkins
Means Johnston
Albert R. Mann
Goodwin Watson (April 30)

Twin Bed Rooms - April 29th

(W. R. Alexander (J. Oliver Carson

(E. H. Downs (T. H. McGibony

(J. A. Travis (P. H. Easom

(I. S. Ingram (D. F. Folger

(Edward Yeomans

(M. D. Mobley - should be cancelled (M. E. Thompson - has been cancelled

(Grace Tietje (Mary Eliason

(Porter Claxton (L. E. Roberts

(Arthur Raper (Fred G. Wale

Mr. and Mrs. Fred McCuistion

Mr. and Mrs. Malsolm S. MacLean

Twin Bed Room - April 30

(Burton Fowler (William C. Haygood

Single Rooms - HERMITAGE OR NOEL

April 30 - Scudder Mekeel Charles Dollard

May 1 - Howard Dawson Lloyd Warner

May 2 - Louis Wirth

FASIX UNIVERSITY

Same letter to: J. Max Bond
Jacob L. Reddix
Edward Yeomans
Walter D. Cocking
Malcolm S. MacLean



April 25, 1941

Dear Porter: We are not planning to give out programs to Council members this year, but we thought you would be interested in having the attached plan of the Thursday afternoon session.

Sincerely,

Figo S. W -

FGW: AM

Mr. Porter Claxton West Georgia College Genola, Georgia



PROGRAM
Coun my

April 25, 1941

Dear L.E.: We have just learned from Dr. Charles
S. Johnson that the Andrew Jackson
Hotel is having labor trouble. Its employees are on
strike (making demands which we learn from Doctor
Johnson are just), and there is a picket line around
the hotel. We assume that it would be your wish not
to break through this picket line, even at the expense
of somewhat less private accommodations at another
hotel.

We have therefore cancelled our reservation at the Andrew Jackson and have taken the only other available space, double rooms, at the Hermitage. We are reserving a double room for you and Porter Claxton for April 29, and are sending him a copy of this letter. Beside the Fisk anniversary there are several other conventions going on in the city, thus making demands on the hotels somewhat heavy. When you register at the desk, the clerk will tell you whether it is possible to give you a single room accommodation. Otherwise, the above arrangement stands.

I regret that this is necessary, but I feel certain that you will be in sympathy with this action.

Sincerely,

FRED G. WALE

FGW: RH

Mr. L. E. Roberts West Georgia College Genola, Georgia

cc to Mr. Porter Claxton

FASK

(W. R. Alexander (J. Oliver Carson

(E. H. Downs

(T. H. McGibony

(J. A. Travis

(P. H. Easom

(I. S. Ingram

(D. F. Folger

(Edward Yeomans (J. R. Morton

(Grace Tietje (Mary Eliason

(Burton Fowler (Haygood to share room)



RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

April 25, 1941

Dear M.E.P Because of labor trouble at the Andrew Jackson Hotel, where we had hoped to accommodate some of the Council members, we have had to withdraw to less comfortable quarters, perhaps in twin bed rooms at the Hermitage. I am wondering if you would object to the possibility of sharing a room with Mr. Mobley. We have invited him but have not yet heard whether he can come. I suggest that when you register at the desk you ask for single accommodations, if possible, to take the place of the twin bed room which is being reserved for you and Mr. Mobley.

I regret that it is necessary to have to do this to a number of our Council members, but I feel certain you would prefer to have it this way than to break through a picket line at the Andrew Jackson.

We are not planning to give out programs to Council members this year, but we thought you would be interested in having the attached plan of the Friday morning session.

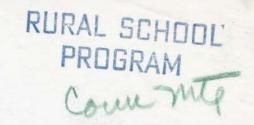
Sincerely,

FGW: RW

FRED G. WALE

Mr. M. E. Thompson State Department of Education Atlanta, Georgia





April 25, 1941

Dear Arthur: Because of labor trouble at the
Andrew Jackson Hotel, where we had
hoped to accommodate some of the Council members,
we have had to withdraw to less comfortable quarters,
perhaps in twin bed rooms at the Hermitage. I am
wondering if you would object to the possibility of
sharing a room with me. This will give us a chance
to chat together.

We are not planning to give but programs to Council members this year, but we thought you would be interested in having the attached plan of the Friday morning session.

Sincerely,

FRED G. WALE

FGW: RW

Mr. Arthur Reper Box 267 Greensboro, Georgia



Julius Rosenwald FundRURAL SCHOOL

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO

To

Mrs. Catherine J. Duncan

Payment Voucher No.

Date

April 29, 1941

Cour utt

Advance for travel -

Ck.#24915

Debit Credit Accounts Appropriation No.

Working Capital Control - Advance for Travel

\$25.00

Prepared by AM

Checked by

Posted by

Comptroller

RURAL SCHOOL

TENTATIVE PROGRAM

RURAL COUNCIL MEETINGS AND FISK UNIVERSITY EVENTS to be held at Fisk University, Nashville, Tennessee, April 30 - May 2, 1941

Wednesday, April 30

10:00 - 12:30

JOINT SESSION - SOCIAL SCIENCE INSTITUTE AND

COUNCIL ON RURAL EDUCATION

Theme:

Education as a Cultural Process

Charles S. Johnson, Presiding

Speakers:

Bronislaw Malinowski

Robert Redfield Louis Wirth

2:00 - 6:00

SESSIONS OF RURAL COUNCIL

The topics to be encoidered at the sessening (the

8:15

PRESENTATION OF NEGRO FOLK SONGS WITH COMMENTARY

Blues and Ballads - Sterling Brown, Commentator Reels and Work Songs - Alan Lomax, Commentator The Golden Gate Quartet

Thursday, May 1

10:00 - 12:30

JOINT SESSION - SOCIAL SCIENCE INSTITUTE AND

COUNCIL ON RURAL EDUCATION

Theme:

Education as a Cultural Process

Lloyd Warner, Presiding

Speakers:

H. Scudder Mekeel Horace Mann Bond Margaret Mead Edwin R. Embree

2:00 - 6:00

SESSIONS OF RURAL COUNCIL

8:15

AN EVENING WITH NEGRO WRITERS

W. E. B. DuBois Sterling Brown Richard Wright



Friday, May 2

9:30 - 12:00 SESSIONS OF RURAL COUNCIL

2:00 - 4:00 SESSIONS OF RURAL COUNCIL

4:15 MUSIC

Negro Folk Lore

The Colored Sacred Harp Music for the Harmonica and Guitar Negro Folk Tales

The Use of Negro Folk Music

(a) Listen to the Lambs
(b) Final Chorus (from Hiawat

(b) Final Chorus (from Hiawatha)
Samuel Coleridge Taylor

(c) Chorus (from The Ordering of Moses)
R. Nathaniel Dett

The Reverend Johnson's Dream

The Jubilee Singers

8:15 CONCERT

Roland Hayes, Tenor



RURAL SCHOOL'

April 30 through May 2 Nashville

First Session - Wednesday, April 30, 2 - 6 P.M. Fred G. Wale, presiding

Cour mits

1. What the Council might have seen in Mexico and the significance of the Mexican experience to rural education in the southern states.

Goodwin Watson

to Fred G. Wale.

Horace Mann Bond

3. Preparation of the rural elementary teacher. .

D. F. Folger presiding and making introductory statement.

- a. Formal education
- Reading and other informal cultural facilities.
- c. The demonstration school.
- d. Experiences in phases of actual rural living.

These subtopics are listed not to limit discussion but to make sure that these and suchlike features of teacher education are kept in mind and included in the consideration of the general subject. (Note: We may wish to tip off certain people to be prepared to see that these subheads are adequately covered, e.g., Tom Hert, Mary Eliason, Ed Yeomans, Max Bond.)



COUNCIL ON RURAL EDUCATION April 30 through May 2

Second Session - Thursday, May 1, 2 P.M. F. D. Patterson, presiding

General Topic: During the first session we discussed the education of the rural elementary teacher. Most of this centered on the work of the teacher education institution. Although we gave some attention yesterday to interests outside the college walls, to off-campus laboratory schools, the main discussion of education as a social force within the community has been left until this session.

1.	An opening statement: Can the rural teacher be a social force in the community?	Edwin R. Embree No discussion.	2:05 - 2:15
2.	A practical agriculture and homemaking program for the rural community.	Porter Claxton Discussion	2:15 - 2:30 2:30 - 3:00
3.	What is being done to make the ru- ral school teacher more effective as a social force in the com- munity?	J. Max Bond Jacob L. Reddix Discussion	3:00 - 3:15 3:15 - 3:30 3:30 - 4:00

TEN MINUTE RECESS . . . 4:00 - 4:10

4.	The relation of the rural school teacher to the growing cooperative movement in the		
	Southeast	Edward Yeomans	4:15 - 4:30
		Discussion	4:30 - 4:45
5.	An education for county		
	leadership	Walter D. Cocking	4:45 - 5:00
		Discussion	5:00 - 5:30
6.	A closing statement: How the discussions of the past two sessions seem to one newly come		
	to the southern scene	Malcolm S. MacLean	5:30



COUNCIL ON RURAL EDUCATION April 30 through May 2

Third Session - Friday, May 2, 9 - 12 A.M. W. W. Alexander, presiding

General Topic: The discussion of the past two days has centered on present interests of the Rural Council, mainly the education of the elementary school teacher and her job within the community. This session will be devoted to a consideration of the fields of endeavor not now demanding the attention of the Rural Council, but within which it might be wise to establish demonstration centers.

County

 What serit is there in promoting a desonstration of educational improvement on a countywide basis? How deeply into the life of a county should such a demonstration reach? . .

Topic opened by <u>Arthur</u>
<u>Raper</u>. Discussion to
follow.

State

2. How can state and local governments be aroused to provide greater educational opportunity for all their people, particularly the Negro section of the population?

Topic to be opened by 10 or 18 minute statements from J. C. Dixon and P. H. Eason. Discussion to follow.

National

Topic to be opened by Howard A. Dawson. Discussion will follow Mr. Thompson's response.

4. A response to Mr. Dawson. What can be done by organized southern leadership to effect national equalization of educational opportunity?

W. E. Thospson. Discussion to follow.

(This seems to be a full schedule for a single morning session, but we have purposely left some time open after lunch for any spill-over.)



April 30 through May 2 Nashville

First Session - Wednesday, April 30, 2 - 6 P.M. Fred G. Wale, presiding

3. Preparation of the rural elementary teacher. .

Who are The teacher structures

- a. Formal education
- Reading and other informal cultural facilities.
- c. The demonstration school.
- d. Experiences in phases of actual rural living.

Horace Mann Bond

D. F. Folger presiding and making introductory statement.

These subtopics are listed not to limit discussion but to make sure that these and suchlike features of teacher education are kept in mind and included in the consideration of the general subject. (Note: We may wish to tip off certain people to be prepared to see that these subheads are adequately covered, e.g., Tom Hart, Mary Eliason, Ed Yeomans, Max Bond.)



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	TEN MINUTE RECESS	4:00 - 4:10	1 9
4.	school teacher to the growing cooperative movement in the		
	Southeast	Edward Yeomans Discussion	4:15 - 4:30 4:30 - 4:45
5.	An education for county leadership.	Walter D. Cocking	4:45 - 5:00
	Lower State Control of the Control o	Discussion	5:00 - 5:30
6.	A closing statement: How the		

discussions of the past two sessions seem to one newly come

to the southern scene.

Malcolm S. MacLean 5:30
No discussion

COUNCIL ON RURAL EDUCATION April 50 through May 2

Third Session - Friday, May 2, 9 - 12 A.M. W. W. Alexander, presiding

General Topic: The discussion of the past two days has centered on present interests of the Eural Council, mainly the education of the elementary school teacher and her job within the community. This session will be devoted to a consideration of the fields of endeavor not now demanding the attention of the Eural Council, but within which it might be wise to establish demonstration centers.

County

 What merit is there in promoting a demonstration of educational improvement on a countywide basis? How deeply into the life of a county should such a demonstration reach? . .

Topic opened by Arthur Raper. Discussion to follow.

State

Topic to be opened by 10 or 15 minute statements from J. C. Dixon and P. H. Easom. Discussion to follow.

National

Topic to be opened by Howard A. Dawson. Discussion will follow Mr. Thompson's response.

M. E. Thompson Discussion to follow.

(This seems to be a full schedule for a single morning session, but we have purposely left some time open after lunch for any spill-over.)



Library Same

PROGRAM
Coun mg

COUNCIL ON RURAL EDUCATION April 30 through May 2, 1941 Fisk University, Nashville

Members

- Florence O. Alexander, Jackson College, Jackson, Mississippi.
- W. R. Alexander, in charge of practice school, West Georgia College, Carrollton.
- W. W. Alexander, Julius Rosenwald Fund.
- Willard W. Beatty, Office of Indian Affairs, Department of the Interior, Washington, D. C.
- Horace Mann Bond, Fort Valley State College, Fort Valley, Georgia.
 - J. Max Bond, Tuskegee Institute, Alabama.
 - J. E. Brewton, George Peabody College for Teachers, Nashville, Tennessee.
- Doak S. Campbell, George Peabody College, Nashville, Tennessee.
 - J. Oliver Carson, in charge of practice school, West Georgia College, Carrollton.

Porter Claxton, Professor of Rural Education, West Georgia College, Carrollton.

- Walter D. Cocking, University of Georgia, Athens.
- Howard Dawson, National Education Association, Washington, D. C.
- J. C. Dixon, Board of Regents, University System of Georgia, Atlanta.
- Charles Dollard, Carnegie Corporation, New York City.
- Edward Downs, Farm Security Administration, Greensboro, Georgia.
 - Catherine Duncan, Fort Valley State College, Fort Valley, Georgia.
- P. H. Easom, State Department of Education, Jackson, Mississippi.

Mary Eliason, Professor of English, West Georgia College, Carrollton.

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COUNCIL ON RURAL EDUCATION April 30 through May 2, 1941 Fisk University, Nashville

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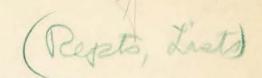
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PROGRAM

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COUNCIL ON RURAL EDUCATION April 50 through May 2 Nashville

PROGRAM
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(Repts)

First Session - Wednesday, April 30, 2 - 6 P.M. Fred G. Wale, presiding

- 3. Preparation of the rural elementary teacher. .
 - a. Formal education
 - b. Reading and other informal cultural facilities.
 - c. The demonstration school.
 - d. Experiences in phases of actual rural living.

Horace Mann Bond

D. F. Folger presiding and making introductory statement.

These subtopics are listed not to limit discussion but to make sure that these and suchlike features of teacher education are kept in mind and included in the consideration of the general subject. (Note: We may wish to tip off certain people to be prepared to see that these subheads are adequately covered, e.g., Tom Hart, Mary Eliason, Ed Yeomans, Max Bond.)



COUNCIL ON RURAL EDUCATION April 30 through May 2

Second Session - Thursday, May 1, 2 P.M. F. D. Patterson, presiding

General Topic: During the first session we discussed the education of the rural elementary teacher. Most of this centered on the work of the teacher education institution. Although we gave some attention yesterday to interests outside the college walls, to off-campus laboratory schools, the main discussion of education as a social force within the community has been left until this session.

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1.	An opening statement: Can the rural teacher be a social force in the community?	Edwin R. Embree No discussion	2:05 - 2:15
2.	A practical agriculture and homemaking program for the rural community.	Porter Claxton Discussion	2:15 - 2:30 2:30 - 3:00
3.	What is being done to make the rural school teacher more effective as a social force in the community?	J. Max Bond Jacob L. Reddix Discussion	3:00 - 3:15 5:15 - 3:30 3:30 - 4:00
	TEN MINUTE RECESS	4:00 - 4:10	
4.	The relationship of the rural school teacher to the growing cooperative movement in the Southeast	Edward Yeomans	4:15 - 4:30 4:30 - 4:45
5.	An education for county leadership	Walter D. Cocking Discussion	4:45 - 5:00 5:00 - 5:30
6.	A closing statement: How the		

discussions of the past two sessions seem to one newly come to the southern scene.



COUNCIL ON RURAL EDUCATION April 30 through May 2

Third Session - Friday, May 2, 8 - 12 A.M. N. W. Alexander, presiding

General Topic! The discussion of the past two days has centered on present interests of the Rural Council, mainly the education of the elementary school teacher and her job within the community. This session will be devoted to a consideration of the fields of endeavor not now demanding the attention of the Rural Council, but within which it might be wise to establish demonstration centers.

County

 What merit is there in promoting a demonstration of educational improvement on a countywide basis? How deeply into the life of a county should such a demonstration reach? . .

Topic opened by Arthur Raper. Discussion to fellow.

State

Topic to be opened by 10 or 15 minute statements from J. C. Dixon and P. S. Eason. Discussion to follow.

National

Topic to be opened by <u>Howard &. Dawson</u>. Discussion will follow Er. Thompson's response.

4. A response to Mr. Dawson. What can be done by organized southern leadership to effect national equalization of educational opportunity?

M. E. Thompson Discussion to follow.

(This seems to be a full schedule for a single morning session, but we have purposely left some time open after lunch for any spill-over.)



RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

Twin Bed Room - April 30

(Burton Fowler (William C. Haygood

Coun mg - April 30 (Repts)

Single rooms, April 29th

W. W. Alexander
Willard Beatty
Walter D. Cocking
J. C. Dixon
Bronislaw Malinowski
Nolen M. Irby
C. W. Jenkins
Means Johnston
Albert R. Mann
Goodwin Watson (April 30)

Twin Bed Rooms - April 29th

(W. R. Alexander (J. Oliver Carson

(E. H. Downs (T. H. McGibony

(J. A. Travis (P. H. Easom

(I. S. Ingram (D. F. Folger

(Edward Yeomans (J. R. Morton

(M. D. Mobley - should be cancelled (M. E. Thompson - has been cancelled

(Grace Tietje (Mary Eliason

(Porter Claxton (L. E. Roberts

(Arthur Raper (Fred G. Wale

Mr. and Mrs. Fred McCuistion

Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm S. MacLean

Single Rooms - HERMITAGE OR NOEL

April 30 - Scudder Mekeel Charles Dollard

May 1 - Howard Dawson Lloyd Warner

May 2 - Louis Wirth

FASITY UNIVERSITY

RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM Coun my (Repts)

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RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

COUNCIL MEETING

PROCEEDINGS

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COUNCIL ON RURAL EDUCATION April 30 through May 2, 1941 Fisk University, Nashville



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The opening session of the Council on Rural Education held at Fisk University, April 30 through May 2, convened at two o'clock with Mr. Edwin R. Embree presiding. It was announced by Mr. Embree that the discussion for the afternoon would concern itself with some practical aspects of rural education in Southern schools. Attention was called to a number of studies dealing with this theme; one of the largest and most recent being A Statistical Atlas, an analysis of the social and economic statistics of 1,104 counties of the Old South -- an interesting and valuable reference for its cultural and economic indices.

Mr. Wale remarked concerning the Mexican trip which the Council had planned but did not take; in substitution of which the present meeting was being held. He gave a brief description of what he called his "jumbled impressions" of Mexico -- the fine courtesies of food and drink, some of the peculiar habits of the Indians; the custom of covering babies with dirt for warmth, and similar odd customs. It was suggested that Mr. Watson should point out some of the features which would be of interest to the members of the Council, especially with regard to the sections of Mexico which they would have inspected had the proposed trip materialized.



Mr. Watson: With reference to Ixmiquilpan, which is about 70 miles north of Mexico City, the climate is semi-arid; mountains were once covered with trees but the trees have been out down now. These mountains, while they contain much lead and silver, are relatively unexploited because of the absence of roads. There is some irrigation, yet the average farmer has a good harvest only one year out of four or five. Wages to peasants equal about 15 or 20 cents per day for twelve hours; there is much pay in liquor for work. The mortality rate is twice as high as in the United States, and even higher than for the whole of Mexico. There is little water for washing or drinking. The government gave financial aid in the building of a water tank but few of the natives used it.

The population is no more than one per cent white, perhaps 30 per cent Indian, still a greater per cent of Mestizos. These natives were slaves of the Aztecs and Incas, of the conquisitadors, and may be considered as almost virtually enslaved now to the Mestizos. They live in adobe mud huts. Food per day per person costs about the equivalent of one cent. There is little knowledge of the Spanish language. The children are dirty and full of lice. There are some few religious festivals, but no patriotic ones.

There are 9 new schools, 9 teachers' houses, 1,256 students vaccinated, 1,290 receive lunch at school, 16,000 standard

tests were given; there are 3 corn mills, 4 open-air theatres, 6 wells, 24 sewing machines; 1,427 received clothing from charity. There were 150 excursions last year.

In the cooperative cotton growing sections, there are 200 new schools. In the cooperative schools there is a cooperative shop where the children can buy materials for school use. Such profit as there is, is divided among the children who work in the shops. Books are fairly cheap.

It appears that the schools might well give more attention to several matters. In the first place, agricultural production has fallen off. Cooperative farming seems to be the next step. The schools are partially successful in point this out as an ideal to the students, but it is doubtful whether they actually prepare them to do cooperative farming. Secondly, the railroads and mills which are cooperative (owned by the workers) lack proper management. Most of the managers hold office by reason of political techniques. The schools are not training for these managerial positions. They do teach some cooperative production, but no cooperative marketing.

The Mexicans do not think in terms of a capitalistic society. Even the cooperatives do not seem to keep any reserves, though this is often needed. They do have good political techniques which, however, sometimes act as a boomerang (as in the case of cooperative management cited). Then there is the problem of the so-



cial ideals (or lack of them) of those of higher education. They have almost no concept of the ethics of social service. For example, a physician may feel no obligation whatsoever to attend a critically ill patient.

Encouragingly enough, however, the teachers have high social ideals. For instance, in the village where the water supply was low the teachers took the initiative in the investigation of same, and helped to find a solution to the problem. The schools that trained those teachers are of a tremendous interest to us because those teachers have more of a sense of social mission than those who finish at our schools. (At this point Mr. Watson read excerpts from an article which criticized biological theory in relation to social ends). The President has stood fast on the question of schools and has retained a director who has social perspective.

Mexico is, of course, "on her knees" to the United

States in regard to economic life. Mexicans can do nothing without credit from some United States corporation and must accept it
on our terms. This circumstance is probably not prejudicial to

Mexican interests, for Mexico's oil wells, which they took over,
have been costing the Mexicans one-fifth of their national budget.

The whole rural education program is federally sup-

Cultural missions have been abandoned because they

aroused hostility. Most of their teachers were educated in Mexico City and knew almost nothing of rural life -- had little sympathy for rural customs. The church became aroused and factions developed whereupon the cultural missions were dropped for reasons of political expediency. Dropping of the missions was also a part of the program which involved a reconciliation of the church and the school. At present it is believed by some people that the missions will be re-instated. However, this is doubtful in view of the fact that the church would be opposed. Some extension service will no doubt develop.

Education in Mexico is at a low ebb. Mexico must come to some terms with the United States.

The Indian language is still used in the lower grades; however, some Spanish is taught in the higher grades.

Mr. Wale suggested the following framework for the three days of meetings: April 30 and May 1 -- discussion of the things which have interested the Council, one of the most important -- the rural elementary teacher. The third day, May 2 -- discussion of what may be further accomplished. He asked that all members bear in mind that the chief interest of the Council lay in the South, with a rural setting of education. Mr. Horace Mann Bond was called upon to set the stage, draw a word map to orient those present to some of the points and issues involved in the general subject.

Mr. Bond confessed to some confusion as to a convenient point of departure on a subject so complicated, so uncertain, and so paradoxical as the pattern of Southern rural culture. It therefore appeared to be expedient to consider the first, and perhaps the dominant element of the map as one of <u>variations</u>, including all of the differences which characterize thirty million whites and ten million Negroes.

Mr. Bond began by describing two Southern towns as they appeared at different periods -- Williamsburg and Talledega.

Williamsburg is a little Kentucky mountain town in the coal mining section. Between 1910 and 1915 race relations were not strained but neighborly; the town was just being industrialized. The educational system was poor; schools for Negroes and whites were about the same. At present: Most of the coal has been mined out. There has been much migration. Schools are considerably better, and race relations are conditioned by the fact that the populations are new.

all of the people were poor. There was a cotton economy with some peanut raising. Public schools were bad for both races. Churches flourished, otherwise life was rather desperate. At present: Decadent economic structure. Few Negroes in surrounding areas are able to send their children to school. Churches have deteriorated and the calibre of religious leadership is low.

In both towns there is a higher percentage of literacy than there was twenty or more years ago. The rural schools do not seem to be doing much to bring about social change.

Any map of the South reveals contrasting economies and populations; marked and paradoxical class attitudes. One learns astonishing facts from the new Statistical Atlas -- there are parts of Arkansas with no Negroes; two counties in Georgia voted for Wilkie.

Through living and traveling in the South I have come across incidents and situations which defy traditional concepts of race relations and racial etiquette. For example, there is a small Mississippi town where all of the Negroes complain of a Negro as the most undesirable landlord. In another case, three Negroes participated with whites in lynching a Negro. The whites in this community swore to protect these three Negroes. Again, many white people of the South express themselves as desiring improvement in Negro educational opportunities. It should be mentioned that white schools in the Black Belt are noticeably inferior to white schools nearer to the North.

Mr. Bond advanced the opinion that a split between agencies for rural education causes setbacks. Extension services, vocational agricultural agencies, and the like, waste resources by reason of unbalance in the placing of responsibilities.

The following question was posed: May we not think



of the history of the South as a history of exploitation of the land and incidentally of exploitation of the Negro? And now that the land has been thoroughly exploited, reasons for Negro exploitation cease to exist. In any case there seems to be a general consciousness of responsibility toward the Negro throughout the South.

Mr. Wale: We have here four college presidents whose schools specialize in educating the rural teacher. These schools are: Fort Valley State College, Tuskegee Institute, West Georgia State College, and Jackson College. Mr. Folger, of West Georgia College will talk to us of his school, its aims, objectives and accomplishments.

Mr. Folger: Our first interest is in the freshman as she comes to college, her training, viewpoint, background, etc. We attempt to guide her into teaching or some other field to which she is better suited. We know that we cannot create a new culture and we do not try. We ask ourselves -- What understandings and insights should a teacher have? In what shall the prospective teacher engage which will be helpful to a better understanding of rural life, of child growth and development? It is certainly important that she learn to handle classroom situations. She must know how to get the support and backing of the community.



Mr. Ingram: Is the two year school (Junior college) better than the four-year for training rural teachers? It appears that the more education students acquire the less rural and rural-minded they become. I am wondering if all who apply to teacher-training schools should be admitted, or whether there should be a deliberate selection; and if a selection, on what basis?

Mr. Folger: State institutions must accept all qualified state applicants. Selection operates, however, in definitely discouraging some from becoming teachers. We give scholastic attitude tests, observe the student in group contacts, and the like. We always give students contact with children and the community whatever their interests.

Mr. Watson: It seems that a good test would be to put a student very early in a situation where she would have twenty-four-hour responsibility of children. When personal selection is made from the high school the teacher's job should be re-interpreted for students in terms of community leadership; this would bring about a kind of self-selection.

Mr. Wale and several other members of the Council debated the issue of whether regulations of teaching should be more in line with those in other professions. For example, a



person who aspires to be a surgeon understands that his profession will demand certain sacrifices, a certain type of preparation, a certain way of life; a foreign missionary knows what to expect, etc. With regard to teaching, many enter the profession as a line of least resistance or because there is no other white collar work open to them.

Mr. Watson ventured the opinion that everyone else is paid better than the rural teacher. When a rural teacher is efficient he is able to procure a better paying position.

Mr. Beatty: How does the history of education have any significance for the rural teacher? It seems a waste of time to study about, say Horace Mann, when they have all too little time to learn the things that they should know about population and the socio-economic conditions of their own rural community.

Mr. Embree: They should know about Horace Mann just as they should know about George Washington, Abraham Lincoln and others. Things that happen tomorrow do not happen spontaneously, but because people like John Doe live today or lived yesterday.

Mr. Ingram: When our teachers go into district agencies, and similar places, they must know what has gone on in those places.



Mr. Watson: Each difficulty the teacher encounters is rooted in history. From it you get guidance in wise formulation of policies.

Mr. Folger: We do not begin with the history of education, we begin with a situation.

Mr. Watson: What of education and anthropology?

Is anything being done to show the significance of primitive culture to our system of education or is it too far removed?

Mr. Folger: We have a course in cultural anthropology and it compares techniques of primitive groups with ours.

Mr. Wale: Youngsters in our colleges don't know how to read, write or speak on any given subject. What are you doing about it, and do you see any improvement?

Mr. Max Bond: We are sending two people to the workshop in Chicago, and turning the practice school on the campus into a workshop. The teacher will earn salary by teaching and working with the student.

Mr. Horace Mann Bond: We are having students make interviews and make interpretations of various books dealing with the culture. Teachers of social studies try to make con-



cepts from the life histories which the students write of themselves.

Miss Eliason: English is a big problem in the South because students who will teach in rural schools know that they can get the same salary without improving their English.

Mr. Folger: The matter of reading is so important that it should not be left entirely to the English teacher, but every teacher in school should help with it. I wish we could find some person who could teach everyone on our staff how to teach reading.

Mr. Beatty: I know many people who have cashed in by writing in dialect because they did not learn so-called correct English.

Miss Tietje: A knowledge of correct English helps one to write better, even in dialect.



THURSDAY, May 1, 2-6 P. M.

Mr. Embree: We spoke yesterday of the four colleges represented here which are turning out the lieutenants for this army. Two other institutions, University of Georgia at Athens, and George Peabody College at Nashville, should be included in the framework; because they are training the personnel which, in turn, is responsible for school systems, both white and Negro. Two of our members are uncorrupted by finances -- Mr. C. W. Jenkins of Mississippi and Mr. T. H. McGibony of Georgia. We should have more members who represent the citizenry and those who pay taxes for school support.

The papers this morning put a surprising emphasis on the purpose of the school as a transmitter of the cultural heritage and not simply cultural tools. I think that this is true and it is disturbing to me. In the old days, home and church transmitted most of the cultural heritage. Since these two institutions have lost much influence and American life has become so fragmented, the school is perhaps the only agency left to this important task. The question is, therefore, what can the teacher do to transmit the heritage of the past and turn that heritage into a somewhat richer future. We are asking that great task of teachers who hardly make a living wage and whom we can hardly afford to educate. Our rural teacher is unsupported by prestige,

inadequately paid and prepared. What can we do to help her accomplish the super-human task that is required of her? Can the rural teacher be truly a community leader?

Dr. Patterson, acting as chairman, called on Mr. Claxton to speak on A Practical Agricultural and Homemaking Program for Rural Schools.

Mr. Claxton began by indicating that he would use three planks as a platform.

Plank 1. Economic or socio-economic, in connection with which he first described the setting of a rural community where he visited his aunt in 1906, on the basis of which visit he set up his life's work. He described this community as it was in 1906 and again, as it was in 1936. The description follows: My aunt's family lived in a house made of cedar logs. There were 14 children, to say nothing of horses, sheep, cows, goats, ducks, geese etc. There was a garden around the yard, and orchards, from which foods were canned. Corn meal mush was a favorite breakfast dish; the smoke house was full of pork meat; the sheep furnished wool for clothing; ashes made lye soap; cedar glades furnished rails and other building materials. The boll weevil was still in Mexico and the "flu" had not made its debut. The family owned the farm. Washing was done in the creek. The three "R's" were considered sufficient for an education. Life seemed very romantic to me.

HASIA LINIVEDSITY A visit to the same community in 1936 revealed an almost complete transformation. The frame pine dwelling, which had replaced the log house sometime after 1906, was dilapidated; cedar rail fences had been sold. The soil no longer produced red clover. Mules had given way to tractors, corn mush to post toasties, lye soap to store-bought soap. Seven of the fourteen children were on relief. The farm was mortgaged. The orchards had been destroyed by new type insects, in spite of insect sprays which had come into use. Fertilizers had been brought in. The three R's were no longer sufficient for educational purposes. Between 1906 and 1936 the family had moved to Detroit, disrupted their home life, and moved back again.

Plank 2. If education has an ultimate end it should be to improve the "good life" -- call it satisfaction, happiness, progress or what you will. It is measured by the difference between what a man has and what he wants. Between 1906 and 1936, through the development of the public school system, wants were greatly increased. Yet the schools have devised no means to satisfy those wants as fast as they developed.

Plank 3. There are three divisions of education:

(1) classical, (2) vocational, (3) practical. Vocational education fits one to construct things in multiple quantities for a living. Practical knowledge is the ability to make or construct for one's self. Making bread as a baker is vocational; making break for one's own and family use is practical.

The unbalance that has come about in rural education lies in a lack of practical education to balance classical education. Classical education creates the wants. Public schools have refused to enter that field of agricultural education which would be the basis of rural life. Such education should begin no later than the third grade and go through the seventh. Rural education must enter the field of agriculture. At our three practice schools surplus commodities are being given or sold at nominal prices, but the devices for producing these commodities are being neglected.

On the other hand, however, we have the teachers to do some planting, students to transplant and the food thus grown is distributed to the homes. We have orchards, berry fields etc., and the students eventually take these products home. We stimulate the students to talk about what vegetables and fruits they have in their homes. Beginning with the third grade we show them photos and teach them to differentiate between the different kinds of vegetables and fruits.

At one school we have dug sixty-odd holes to receive all kinds of fruit trees. The class gathers around the hole and we discuss the kinds of soils, red and dark, top and sub. We talk of grafting, budding, propagation of plants true to the variety. We prune the top of the tree to balance the root system. If it happens to be an apple tree we talk of the kinds of apple trees, which are best adapted to certain environments etc. We

give each child a tree and he may put his name on it. That type of horticulture has its counterpart in the fields of husbandry, home economics, and it should be harmonized with the practical side of agriculture. Things which the students thus learn creep into classroom work -- spelling, arithmetic, language, and other subjects.

Mr. Patterson: We have ten minutes to discuss this talk.

Mr. W. W. Alexander: Everyone complains about cotton but few seem to worry about raging forest fires, which are very prevalent. This should be brought to the attention of students.

Mr. Claxton: Our students are familiarized with causes and effects of forest fires.

Mr. Patterson: Sometimes hunters deliberately start these fires while rabbit hunting.

Miss Sellers: We used a biology teacher with a social view point to give the practical side of agriculture.

Mr. Watson: Doesn't that raise Mr. Embree's question that it is too much to expect the rural teacher to know everything about teaching and, in addition, all of the practical aspects of agriculture?

Mr. Beatty: Are you asking whether they should know the history of education and this other stuff too?



Mr. Reddix: Of course every rural teacher cannot become an agriculturalist but each one should at least be exposed to
good practices in agriculture.

Mr. Claxton: When the farmer changes his produce for cash he loses in the transaction; then when he trades his cash for commodities he loses again.

Mr. Fowler: I don't think rural conditions were necessarily better in 1902 than in 1936. We have a tendency to glorify very much the people of the early period but I still question whether there were not important cultural and spiritual omissions, such as health knowledge etc.

Mr. Claxton: I doubt if we would go back to those days if we could; but the fact remains that rural education has not provided the means of fulfilling increased wants.

Mr. Fowler: Lets not infer then that children were better off at that early period.

Mr. W. W. Alexander: Mr. Claxton is saying that they had more security.

Mr. Patterson: We must go on to the next speaker,
who will point out ways of making the rural teacher more effective
as a social force in the community.



Mr. J. Max Bond: What are the characteristics of the rural community -- broken homes in the sense of inadequate money, clothing, food, etc.; physically broken people, inadequately trained teachers, deteriorated churches. The teachers who train students to become rural teachers came up under a system which demanded M.A.'s and Ph.D's regardless of fitness for jobs. But the real problem of teachers, children and adults of the community is that education should deal with life and teach people to live. Some have tried to provide in - service training as industry has done. At Tuskegee we try to give students some acquaintance with both problems and theory, then an internship where they have actual life situation problems. We have expanded our services on the campus. We had a play which depicted rural life and it seemed such an excellent technique of expression that the drama teacher is now working overtime. One of our campus teachers now works also in the community. A man interested in cooperatives took over the cooperatives on the campus and works with the students.

We developed a person for handicrafts since we knew that a teacher could not provide all that we wanted. We wanted a situation in which the leader could be conditioned. We wanted the person whom we trained to provide an enriched curriculum for children, work with them in an integrated program, pick out their skills. Mr. Claxton came to our school and went around with a man and we planted two orchards.

We do not think we can do anything in education unless we take the community into account. You cannot educate hungry, shoeless people. There is a dire need for rural teachers who are not only good technicians in class but can work in the community.

We realize that most of the governmental programs are not available to the rural elementary school. There is no agency which it can call upon for help.

Mr. Patterson: Mr. Reddix will talk next.

Mr. Reddix: Our plans at Jackson College are at an incipient stage since we only began to formulate them last August. We do not have a healthy rural life. It is run down even in such a rich country as ours and we are interested in rebuilding it. We must first save the people and then educate them. If we educate them as they are we are educating them for escape. We must turn the people back into the rural areas. We can do this by beautifying the areas and increasing incomes.

We can approach these problems through the techniques of cooperatives. The Farm Security Administration is having special area programs and they meet certain needs and conditions in our community. One of these special area projects has developed near Jackson and we have tied the college to that program. We found just a few miles distant a Negro community which owned 8,000 acres

of land and was struggling for existence. The plantation system is highly developed in that section. There are five rural schools and these can be tied to the nucleus of land ownership. We hope to place our trainees in that community and set up a physical education department in it also. We are trying to develop a recreation center. If both the government and the college work with the adults we think that we can build up an ideal situation which can be used for a pattern.

Mr. Patterson: We will allow a few minutes to discuss the previous talks.

Mr. Dixon: What are you doing to acquaint prespective teachers with the actual situations and conditions and problems they will meet?

Mr. Max Bond: This year our teachers were required to take shop work. Some rebelled and they were taken out to see the actual conditions of broken doors, falling steps etc. I think they should be required to go out into the community. If a teacher is to teach our students they must go out and see these situations. The social science instructor assigns useful duties in the community rather than term papers. We have thirteen in the field now.

Mr. Embree: We can't get behind Mr. Bond's statements, nor Mr. Reddix's, because their teachers are not here. We have, however, two subject teachers from Carrolton.. Mr. Roberts, what

do you consider the best way of inculcating Social Science?

Mr. Roberts: I do not teach in the laboratory school.

I think, however, that students need some knowledge of the community. We study population trends, social institutions etc. More should be done about community contact.

Mr. Watson: This has not been treated fully enough.

The essential function of English seems to be in the field of values. English could be readjusted to community values. Have any English teachers reshaped their curricula to conform to the actual values in a community?

Miss Florence Alexander: At Jackson College the English teacher, recreation teacher and music teacher cooperated with
the P. T. A. in giving a concert to raise money for sanitary toilets.
Also the English teacher went out with student teachers when these
students did their practice teaching.

Mr. Max Bond: What can you do when the state program of education sets a certain date for the reading of Thanatopsis.

Students -- children of mill workers and share croppers.

Mr. Watson: What happens if you don't read it that day?

Mr. Arthur Raper: When I taught we had one day per week to do what we liked. On those days we usually went out and worked



in cooperation with some agency, like health, housing, etc.

Miss Eliason: Thanatopsis is an adolescent interpretation of death. The author is a boy of 19, yet in the last few lines he managed to express himself in universal language. This poem belongs to the people -- farm boys included.

Mr. Yeomans: We expect a great deal when we hope that the government can bring parody to unorganized communities. Cooperatives would be more effective. We are interested in cooperatives similar to those in industry -- buy wholesale and sell retail. The rural teacher should at least understand the principles upon which these cooperatives operate, (like the ones in Denmark).

We took pairs of third year students who aspired to teach and left them around at the homes in the community to talk and find out how the people lived. As acquaintance with patrons broadened we found that they were anxious to come to school to meetings, and through these meetings we discussed with them co-operative canning, recreation groups and other subjects. We organized a cooperative cannery association, elected officers and bought equipment. It is a cannery for community use primarily --commercial enough only to attempt to pay off its indebtedness.

In an association like this, with each person subscribing what he was able, our query was - how should notes be apportioned and how should profits, if any, be distributed? We decided that



a limited amount of interest would be paid to capital but all profits above this would be returned to the patrons. We established a bicycle cooperative, bought four bicycles for renting. The teachers are to form a cooperative credit union -- will have but one vote regardless of shares they take. Profits will be distributed on basis of use rather than capital involved. The Rosenwald Foundation has been interested in an association which acts as a clearing house to distribute information on cooperatives throughout the region. Response is genuine to the cooperative movement. We think that since it is already taking place in Sweden, Demmark, Nova Scotia, Indiana and Ohio, it can be developed in the South. It is based on democratic organization, hence it furthers the Negro group and also the cause of democracy itself. We need a return to the ownership of the means of subsistence and this can be achieved through cooperatives.

Mr. Downs: We have a long way to go in organizing cooperatives because it is hard to get members -- people have been
gyped so much in the past. The idea is challenging though.

Mr. Yeomans: Cooperative organization has been badly exploited and we have encountered that problem. The best way to start is to meet in small groups and go over the problems which have come up in the past and show how they will be eliminated.



Mr. Dixon: Get behind the movement as a governmental movement rather than an economic one.

Mr. W. W. Alexander: We must realize that in Denmark the government is not behind cooperatives -- the farmers would not allow it. People went ahead of the government. This is true of Finland also. The farmers borrowed money from their credit unions. The trouble with the cotton cooperative was that it had no educational basis -- it was a producers cooperative. It should have started with small groups of consumers. In the Dakotas, where the cooperatives are successful, each year that they have a surplus they turn a part of it to educational purposes. That is the spirit. I hear you talk of the South-wide thing. I am suspicious of its soundness. Better take your country and try to influence it like, for example, the Catholics have influenced the Nova Scotia movement.

I regret to say it but one of the outstanding characteristics of southern life is the poor quality of everything we do. There is a complete lack of any standards of workmanship.

Mr. Beatty: The Indian problem is analagous. Very common to hear the expression, "Thats pretty good for an Indian."

But we have improved the quality of Indian work by putting a premium on a high standard of workmanship.

Mr. W. W. Alexander: If we can just find one thing and teach these rural people to do it well!



Mr. Yeomans: I do not think the Catholics had so much influence on the Nova Scotia movement. There is no unifying institution in our midst unless it is poverty. That was the motivation in Denmark. We should not be discouraged that there is no readily accessible institution common to all of the South.

Mr. Dixon: Why can't we discuss the philosophy of cooperatives in southern universities?

Mr. Yeomans: The University of North Carolina will have a course on cooperatives next year. There is a momentum already among various organized groups.

Mr. Horace Bond: We have a small cooperative on our campus and there is one at Georgia State.

Mr. Raper: Nothing so stimulates Methodists and Baptists as successful performance by the Catholic Church.

Mr. Walter Cocking: (On Educational Leadership) Instead of being uplifted these two days I have been depressed by many
things I have heard. The thing that gives me hope is that the people about whom we are talking are not so depressed as those talking.

In Georgia there are some 130 school districts, largely in communities of less than 40,000; actually most of the communities are no larger than 5,000; 150,000 children in Georgia are transported to and from school each day.

The real work of the school is not done in the school building but out in the community. Work of the teacher is with both children and adults. We prefer to think of the school teacher as a community worker.

them as carefully as possible -- most of them have taught from four to eight years. We try to prepare them for the principalship of small towns or for consolidated schools. This program has been in actual operation for about three years. All students spend four or five quarters, some extra summers. We work with those who want extra training in summers or in the field. They may earn an M.A. but that is not the primary purpose. The chief aim is to teach them to work better in the schools of Georgia. Most of them take sociology, which we try to make applicable to actual conditions. Some work in economics. We are interested in a point of view from these young people about the place of the school in the society. All Georgia counties have a number of agencies which have educational objectives. We want to discover how we in the school business can work toward building a better community.

Our Demonstration school in Athens is not a practice school but a country school. We try to demonstrate good teaching and good organization. Each of these young people spends at least one quarter off the campus in another county in a cooperative school system. They get ten hours college credit for this. We follow them into these counties with our staff and work with them on their problems.

They enter into every problem of that community. During this period also we try to get them to see problems and work out some method of approach to them. I call it the "spirit of inquiry."

Mr. MacLean: I see more hope and excitement in the situation than Dr. Cocking. Coming from the North to the South for the first time, instead of finding the South backward as I had expected, I find more realism than I have seen anywhere. These problems discussed here are identical with problems everywhere. For example, the matter of selection of students. In all colleges we are getting a more or less random sample through economic differentiation. I sense here a concept of personnel service which is a continuing or long time concept, that is a process beginning with the elementary schools and going on through service work. It is very helpful as a controlling concept. I find also in the discussion the same old problem of what we shall teach and how we shall teach it in the teacher's training school. (He reviewed some of the fallacies of teaching at present). Interchange of students between schools is very valuable. Mr. Max Bond, of Tuskegee, and I have made an advantageous swap this year. The problem of staff selection is everywhere. The value of in-service training of the staff has been made clear. It is better for a staff member to spend a year in a community than studying. Interchange of staff members is advisable.



Hampton plans next year to have each student take only three courses per semester and have them devote one and one-half days at least to each course.

I am glad to see here the realistic recognition of the community as the teaching environment; also the interest in cooperatives. There are several in Virginia.



FRIDAY, May 2 9:00 - 11:00 A.M.

Mr. W. W. Alexander, chairman: Today we turn to more general matters--long-time policies. The Farm Security Administration is concentrating its efforts in one or two backward counties and developing them. Mr. Raper made a survey of Greene County, Georgia some years ago, then, after the depression he came again. Finally, almost three years ago, the Farm Security Administration took over. Mr. Raper is there now and will talk to us at this time.

Mr. Raper: Let us look at education from a community point of view. The county tradition of the lower South is well fixed. The government program is also administered on a county basis. Therefore the only realistic approach centers around the county. Education should go the whole way into the life of the community. It should make more effective the utilization of present agencies. Timing is important—when to start, what to start with, and how far to attempt to go. The basic proposition is—how can education function in a community where the people have, for various reasons, suffered repeated defeat? If it is to be effective the people themselves must come to see that they need the program. The people should be made to understand their own backgroundness in terms of the things they need, like housing,

medical services, and the like. Hitler made a defeated people realize that their defeat did not lie in any realm over which they had control. This is fundamental; the only realistic approach is through this philosophical concept. It involves the introduction of a process of stimulation on a basis of what you can make these people understand. Introduce these elements in terms of the content of the program.

I would like to see a hot lunch program underwritten at the beginning of the school year in conjunction with the school board, P. T. A., or any other agencies able to contribute any small amount undertake this. The teachers don't know what all of the many agencies are doing and how they could be related to them in a constructive way. I would like to see workshops set up for that purpose this summer at places like Athens, Fort Valley, etc. We need a person of responsibility (a county coordinator) to see that all of these things click. He would not necessarily be government paid but he must have the confidence of the people. That would prevent the program from being projected beyond the point where the people will respond. He must be conscious of the needs and assets of the region.

It may be that even before we get a county coordinator we need teachers who are going to stay; there are far too many new teachers in the rural Southern schools. One big drawback to teachers remaining in the rural South is that there are few



available persons eligible to marry. (Reminder that this thing must be done in totality or not at all.) Therefore a stable teaching force must include a good many married couples. It also involves teacherages, dramatics, etc. A degree of gradualism is necessary.

Who are "the people" in a typical backward county where fifteen per cent of the population vote? We must balance off class values, etc; plantation tradition. Most of the controlling families are old and have few if any children.

Perhaps I mean that education will have to start playing on a team instead of being captain-become a sort of glorified servant.

Mr. Wale: You did not clarify the point, "who are the people." It seems to me that teachers are in the top level and dealing with classes, the majority of which are not in that top level.

Mr. Raper: We should get graphic information on, say, Greene County, showing the masses that their low incomes, etc., are not due to their incapacity or inability. The community is more disorganized than known. We can do nothing unless we see in these people potentialities which they themselves do not see.



Mr. Downs: What Mr. Raper has said about county
basis is very important. That has been one of our troublesprograms mapped out in some other section and then won't fit
Southern conditions. As Mr. Claxton said, we need some new
agencies to do some of the things that the agencies we have
should have done but have not.

Mr. Max Bond: These programs do not start until seventh grade and most of the students have quit by that time.

Mr. Raper: This "permanent minority" which Mr.

Horace Bond mentioned is very nearly applicable also to cotton

tenants and mill workers. Only I would like to add a prefix and

say temporary permanent minority.

Mr. McGibony: Is it true that we have more schooling and less education now? Is it true that rural teachers, with their low pay, are supposed to act as parents and teachers to the children? When you start mingling with and meeting people you get the vision, or should, that every person has been given a life and that life should have some meaning and some purpose. The home is a laboratory and if you neglect that nothing else can be really effective.

In spite of Farm Security Administration improvement we have people there who have missed the entire venture. There



is a certain spirit of humanity which we must catch.

Mr. Downs: In our adult education program, seventythree per cent in our county are Negroes. I talked to five groups recently, with one hundred per cent attendance at each meeting.

Mr. Embree: What of your health man?

Mr. McGibony: Our health unit is constructive. We have two nurses and a full time physician whose job is to prevent illness.

Mr. Patterson: Does this group feel any responsibility for economic betterment as such, that is, like getting some of the surplus cotton workers into industry? It seems to me that the South is full of possibilities for a future substantial economy, but we need research as to native resources and their economic implications.

Mr. Thompson: What are the long time possibilities of the people in Greene County?

Mr. Raper: That involves people and agencies of responsibility, like P. T. A.; getting out and seeing actual conditions. Part of our county program would include some exposure to help this enlightening process. We in Greene County are trying



to utilize the techniques and tools of production on a depleted soil to give the impoverished the benefits of cooperative mass production.

Mr. Cocking: I cannot see where the people of most of these Southeastern states are going to have much economic return. If that's what we are after we might as well stop now. Perhaps we should try to see, as a people, some other values than a lot of money. There are other possibilities. If the people on those eroded acres could learn to grow enough vegetables to eat, raise enough meat and poultry to eat, learn to clean up their houses--remodel and make sanitary, learn to enjoy the beauty of outdoors, eventually get a radio, does it not seem that they would be as contented in Greene County as elsewhere? Maybe we should redirect ambition along lines of worthwhile living. After all, does abundant money necessarily bring happiness? Why not try to be realistic enough to recognize that money will be limited and outline a program which is within such limitations?

Mr. Albert Mann: I think that Mr. Cocking's expressions are wholly sound. In an agricultural economy there is no possibility of wealth for the masses and no reason to think in those terms; only enough to satisfy needs. The most practical think is to reconstruct life in consonance with the possibilities



of attainment. I agree with Mr. Patterson that there should be a stronger economic basis of life. The question is how better to utilize and safeguard the things we have in order to get more from them.

Mr. Dixon: How can we retain whatever gains we have made in given states? I will indicate some of the gains in Georgia, describe some of the problems we face today, and then draw some conclusions or implications arising from these two.

From 1935 to 1936 the number of Negro teachers increased through the actual school population decreased in both groups. Money spent for education increased from 12 to 17 million dollars. There was an increase of about \$100 in total salary of the white high school teacher; and about \$60 for the Negro high school teacher and the white elementary teacher. The length of school time for Negro children increased about nineteen days from 1935 to 1940. There was a large transportation increase. Free texts have been provided. Every Negro child in the state has free state texts and a large number of Negro schools have Rosenwald Libraries. There were fifty-six Negro supervisors last year.

What can be done to further equalize and improve educational opportunity? First, we want to keep these gains which we have made. Beyond that, state taxation is involved. The



amount allocated for 1941-1942 has been increased over 1939-1940.

There seems to be a need for some kind of equalization in a national basis. The states have gone almost as far as they can. Funds in Georgia are administered on a dictatorial basis.

Mr. Embree: Be more explicit about holding the gains made.

Mr. Dixon: Since 1935, because we have a state salary schedule, the calibre of Negro teachers is far better. In 1935, fifty per cent of these teachers were no more than high school graduates. We do not know what would happen in this particular case if pressure were put on the present state administration.

Mr. Easom: We in Mississippi are not so concerned with holding gains as we have made few, especially in regard to Negroes. The white situation is very good--big bond issues, consolidated schools, transportation, eight months state salary schedule, tax levies, etc.

I believe we can get more money at home; there is certainly more in the banks than ever before. But about ninety per cent of the money for education has gone to the white schools.

We are now at grips with the problem of more money for Negro schools



and we are working on it earnestly. Of course what will work in one state won't necessarily work in another.

Our people do not know the facts as to our economic situation; we are trying to give them these facts. Many times whites are surprised to learn that Negroes only have a four-months school in a certain county. Generally speaking, when they get the facts, the rank and file respond sooner or later.

We are trying to train Negro leadership how to ask for aid. We try to keep ourselves out of the picture as much as possible but we want the newspapers to have the facts.

We have learned that we can depend most on the merchant in this undertaking. We get least help from the ministerial
group. The Methodist Missionary Society women have helped a great
deal. A few years ago one of Dr. Charles Johnson's books was
widely read and awakened many to the actual conditions.

We have not yet reached our state limit but we must have some federal aid.



FRIDAY, May 2

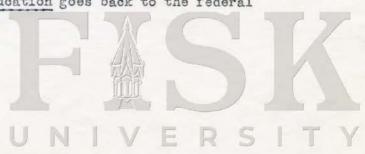
2:00 - 4:00 P.M.

Mr. Embree, Chairman

Mr. Dawson: Education is not the sole panacea for all we have talked about, yet none of the other panaceas will work without education. It follows that the first solution should be of the educational problem. The whole thing is a vicious circle. It is hard to get people to believe that finance won't solve everything. The total program is important; the school program is only a part. We have two many people in educational work who are short of ideas. We don't have vocational education where we need it most—in the rural schools. Moreover, the rural areas are not so organized that they can take advantage of the education that is offered.

We must bear in mind that many of those who are now in rural areas will move away eventually. At present we do not have sufficient resources for those who are born there. The matter is therefore of national concern. We have been and still are proceeding from the top--furnishing other agencies to do the job instead of giving the local and state schools money. Almost none of these programs have been made universal. The federal school system comes nearest to it.

Federal aid for education goes back to the federal



land grants of 1862. In 1890 there were federal cash appropriations. At that time there were about sixty-nine of these schools (colleges). The elementary and secondary schools movement began during Reconstruction. In 1870 Senator Blair of New Hampshire introduced the Blair Bill as part of the Reconstruction program. It provided for the allocation of money to the states according to the percentage of illiterates, but the bill failed. There were so many illiterates in 1917 that there was a new movement for federal aid to the states but it faded out in 1922. 1933 or 1934 schools closed part of the year for one-eighth of all school children in the United States, but the brunt of this was born by those in rural areas. Following this another bill was introduced. The president appointed a committee to investigate the relation of the federal government to state education. The appointment of the committee was really made for the purpose of preventing favorable action on the pending bill. There was an excellent report by the advisory committee. That was the last of a series of studies over a period of twenty years. No national body has studied the question but which recognized the need for federal aid.

Recently there has been an attempt to revise the whole movement. There are now educational facilities around defense areas. These are (1) military areas and naval bases; (2) private industry engaged in the production of defense goods.



The Federal Housing Administration is now constructing about 8, 000 houses in the vicinity of these areas. By September 1, there will be about 265,000 children who will have no school facilities unless there is about 115 million dollars forthcoming. That is definitely a federal responsibility and a federal problem.

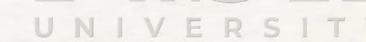
We are interested in the establishment of equal opportunities for Negroes. (Discusses case of Gaines vs. Missouri).

I have talked this case over with a number of lawyers including
a Justice of the United States Supreme Court, and from all I can
learn there is no exception to it; it applies from the elementary
schools through the professional.

Maryland had a state salary schedule differentiating on the basis of color. This schedule was adjusted unconstitutional.

A Virginia case was brought on contracts. Negro teachers were given contracts for less pay than whites with the same qualifications and duties. Held violation of equal rights. An individual contracts away his constitutional rights. The contracts in question violated the Fourteenth Amendment. This judgment was upheld by the United States Supreme Court.

These and similar decisions have had a wholesome effect on some Senators and Congressmen who have formerly led the traditional opposition to equal rights. It seems fortunate that the matter has come up because it affords a point of departure



to ask for federal aid and this would be inclusive of whites and Negroes, and would help to relieve a problem which is, after all, largely rural.

It will take 25 million dollars more than is already on hand to wipe out those salary differentials.

It is not, remember, a prerogative of the federal government to grant aid for education, but the federal government can support activities which the Constitution reserves to the states by giving money to the states.

The differences in the economic abilities of the sections to carry out educational programs becomes ever greater. I think the defense program will accentuate and make them even greater. Mississippi is organized on the lowest scale. The question is one of economic ability. For example, real estate per capita in Mississippi is seventy-one dollars, in California three hundred. Those states with lowest economic resources have, of course, highest percentage of illiteracy and fewest educational facilities. States with least resources have, however, done the best jobs of putting their fiscal resources in order. The South is the only hope that the Nation has of maintaining a stable population.

Why does federal aid for education have so much trouble in Congress? One view against it is that it is unfair for the rich states to have to spend their money to educate the people



from the poor states. (Taft of Ohio). Another is that whoever spends the money controls the policies. Catholics from Baltimore to Boston hold this point of view. They realize that education cannot be equalized without federal aid but they would like to support the public schools only on condition that they get part of the grants to build parochial schools for Catholics.

At this point in the meeting there was some discussion as to whether the pending bill for federal appropriations would pass if the South voted for it. Some one mentioned a suit now pending against the city of Nashville by Negro teachers for equal pay and back salary deficiencies for ten years.

Mr. W. W. Alexander: I think the bill will pass
the Senate Committee but it definitely needs further attention.

Mr. Dawson: Mr. McNutt is urgently behind it.

Mr. Wale: Is there anything in the bill other than defense matters?

Mr. Dawson: Oh yes, migratory workers, equalization of education among and within the states, etc.

Mr. Wale: If this bill passes will Mississippi, for example, get some money to raise its Negro teachers' salaries?



Mr. Dawson: If Mississippi gets 5 or 6 million, at least fifty-one per cent would have to be spent on Negroes. Of course, if it goes through it will be merely an authorization—then the appropriation will have to go through, but that should not be very difficult.

Mr. Wirth: The C. I. O. is an important organization.

Mr. Dawson: The C. I. O. supports this bill rather strongly.

Mr. Embree: This seems a fruitful time for the South to take advantage of these recent court decisions. Instead of being taken aback by them take the war into the enemy's camp and say, "we will abide by the decisions but we want equal education for the states.

In this Council we have been trying to get ready for this bill--to take advantage of resources as they were made available. We must talk about supplementary reading and library service before the meeting closes.

Mr. Haygood: Many studies show that reading skills deteriorate from lack of practice. About one-half of the book reading is from public libraries. None of the Southern counties have library service on a percentage basis. Multiple county



that is, one county can buy library service from another. The latest development is regional service. The American Library Association has for five years had an active committee lobbying for federal aid for libraries. Library extension service is not available to Negroes. W. P. A. library service is properly a state function.

The Rosenwald Fund has sent out some half million books (more than are in the state of Mississippi.) These books are sent to Negro schools. Last year over sixty per cent of the books sent out went to one and two room rural schools. We have tried to get together the kind of books which would develop a desire for reading. We have not worked out any method to ascertain how they are used or the total good they do if any. We will welcome suggestions on this point.

Mr. Beatty: (closing the meeting) About seven years ago seven Southern states voted against federal aid to states, although New York, the state which would have profited least, voted unanimously in favor of such aid.

This has been the most gratifying conference I have ever attended. I particularly enjoyed the speeches by Mr. Horace Bond and Mr. Claxton. I am convinced that there is much more than talk taking place at the schools which are represented here.



We have not always seen as we discussed here where our talk was leading. There has also been the problem of new points of view competing with the superstitions of the past. In attempting to determine an educational policy on the basis of need we are prone to throw in some ancient stuff whether we need it or not. We refuse to analyze some of the things we insist upon incorporating into our schools. Some Pennsylvania tests show progressive deterioration of information during eight years of higher education. I therefore throw you this challenge—find out the results of the things you teach.

There is the problem of standards which exclude or eliminate students who come for education which will be of benefit to them. I think of a certain school which denied forty per cent of the applicants to college because they could not pass Latin and Algebra tests. There is the problem of required tests which are assumed to test thought processes but really only test the memory. I have never seen anyone whose mind developed, for instance, because of geography. I have seen many successful men in a variety of fields who failed in college.

What would happen if we frankly made an inclusive study of what people need to know? All through our educational body of knowledge there is much more available than we make use of—or than any college or school makes use of. We could eliminate much sickness if we made use of general facts about health,

etc, which are available. Much more is known about how to get along with other people than is used. A frank explanation of race psychology is due from the schools to Negro students. We have done it successfully in Indian schools and they appreciate it.

It is not enough to merely add more subjects to the curriculum-we need to get rid of some of the stuff with which we are choked up. We should select the subjects we <u>must</u> teach, the fundamentals. We can do without some of the pleasantries in favor of the things they will use tomorrow. We need some agency to produce more people like those at Fort Valley, Carrolton, etc. There is no university equipped to do it. Most of the people who teach like we want them to teach got that way <u>in spite</u> of their training. The Rosenwald Fund has done a great deal but it must do more. We must have a place to train the sort of people we want. I think these four colleges represented here will soon be turning out good people. They show some progress.

When a school subject becomes popular we immediately put it in the requirements. If there is no available qualified teacher we do the next best thing--hire someone who is not a specialist in the subject or field to teach it. It would be much better to leave off the subject if a qualified teacher is not available.

We must stop fooling ourselves about the outcomes of our education. We are much like the Hopi primitives. They have a dance every autumn, the rain dance, to produce rain. It has always rained in the autumn and they assume that this dance brings the rain. Let's analyze results sometimes instead of needs.

Teachers must work with adults to create the climate of opinion in the homes which can welcome the training of the children yet in the schools. Many Americans hope that education will advance their children beyond themselves—hence the teacher can frequently take children beyond their parents; but the school must have the sympathetic interest of the parents at least in the direction of the child's education.

The question was raised the other day as to what real economic opportunities were offered in Greene County. What really can you expect beyond some measure of security—three square meals per day, decent schools and clothing. We must bark back and take advantage of the things that surround us. I haven't seen a run down fence, yard nor home that a few hours labor would not have made much more habitable.



RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

TEACHERS GEORGE PEABODY COLLEGE FOR

NASHVILLE · TENNESSEE

Cour Mitz

May	6, 1941 ^{ERE}	8	300	D	
Mr. Edwin R. Embree, President Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue					1

Dear Mr. Embree:

Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Thank you for inviting me to attend the meetings of your council on Rural Education. I greatly enjoyed the discussions. As I have said to you before, I feel that this council is attacking a neglected problem in the right way and furnishes the greatest hope for better education of rural children of both races.

Mr. Rockefeller and his son seemed to be most favorably impressed with the cooperation among the colleges of both races in Nashville. I well remember that you had much to do in helping initiate this cooperation in the early days. As I recall the discussion began in a little conference at the Hermitage Hotel when you, Jackson Davis, Dr. Ruml, and I took part while you were vice-president of the Rockefeller Foundation.

Sincerely.

8. E.

S. L. Smith Director of Public Relations

SLS:LAR

P. S. your influence at this Center will continue to help as steer in the right direction, and is greatly opposited s. E.

The University of Misconsin PROGRAM Cour nit

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY AND ANTHROPOLOGY STERLING HALL



TERE 4	May 6, 1941
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	Mer

Mr. Edwin R. Embree Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Dear Embree:

I am now back in the harness again. However, I am very glad I stayed down the extra time. Personally the conferences were extremely valuable and enlightening.

I have enclosed my swindle sheet and I appreciated very much the advance of \$50.00 for my expenses.

I appreciate you having included me on the meetings. With best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

makeel

H. Scudder Mekeel

HSM: IB Enc.

P.S.- I am supposed to remind you about letting me have Keesing's address and also copies of the recently published surveys and community studies on the south.

HSM.



RURAL SCHOOL

GEORGE PEABODY COLLEGE FOR TELACHERS

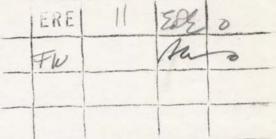
NASHVILLE · TENNESSEE

May 6, 1941

Cour mit

Dr. Edwin R. Embree Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Dear Dr. Embree:



This little note is just one of appreciation of the Council on Rural Education. While I could not attend all of the meetings, I want to say that I have never attended a more profitable series of meetings.

Of course, it is always a pleasure to see you. I am only sorry that I did not have the opportunity of having at least one meal with you.

With very best personal wishes, I am

Sincerely yours,

S. C. Garrison

H. D. GOODWIN, PRES. MRS. D. H. BICKERS, V-PRES.

Bickers-Goodwin Company p

(Incorporated)

Merchants

Greensboro, Georgia

May 7,1941.

Mr. Fred Wale, Associate for Rural Education Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago. Ill.

Dear Fred:

We really had a delightful trip. I certainly thank you for this opportunity of being associated with such a fine group. I enjoyed every one of the meetings, it was so different from anything I had ever been in, and altough I realized some of the things were way over my head. I really did absorb quite a bit.

You and Dr. Embree are splendid host, and every minute was a real vacation and inspiration. Then the trip hack by way of Norris Dam, Knoxville, thru the great smokies, the cumberlands and the blue ridge were all fine and super fine.

I hope you got home safely, and that you too enjoyed the trip. I enjoyed being with you, Billy Haygood, and the chat we all had with Dr. Embree.

At the suggestion of Dr. Embree I am attaching the amount of expenses other than the Hotel Bill at the Hermitage which the fund has already paid.

With my best wishes to each of you. I am.

CROSS REFERENCE RECORD

FIRM	NAME OR	SUBJECT	RURAL SCHOOL PROGE	RAM COUNCIL MEETING	FILE NO.
DATE	5-7-41	REMARKS	ERE to Dr. Johnson vote of thanks from	om Council Meeting	
			for hospitality at	Fisk Conference.	
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SEE			FISK UNIVERSITY	SOCIAL SCIENCE	FILE NO.
				SUMPOSIUM	
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FILE CROSS REFERENCE RECORD UNDER NAME OR SUBJECT LISTED AT TOP OF THIS SHEET, AND IN PROPER DATE ORDER.
THE PAPERS REFERRED TO SHOULD BE FILED UNDER NAME OR SUBJECT LISTED UNDER "SEE"



FORM NO. 099CR

PROGRAM
Council nuty

May 7, 1941

Dear Doctor Jones: I have the honor to transmit to you a vote of thanks from the Council on Rural Education to you personally and to Fisk University for the arrangements and hospitality which contributed so much to the success of the meeting of the Council.

This vote was moved at the last session of the Council, and the members insisted upon passing it not merely by acceptance by the Board but by unanimous and vociferous vote from the entire membership of the Council.

Very truly yours,

ERE: JW

EDWIN R. EMBREE

Dr. Thomas E. Jones, President Fisk University Nashville, Tennessee



EXPRESS SHIPPING POINT CARROLLTON, GA.

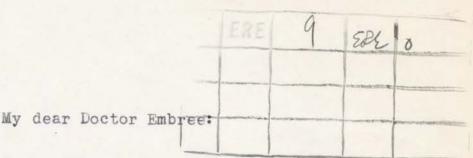
West Georgia College

DIVISION OF THE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM OF GEORGIA Froing & Ingram, President Come mity

RUNAL SCHOOL

Gennla, Georgia (Suburb of Carrollton)

May 8, 1941



Thank you for the privilege of attending the Rural Life Conference. Is was definitely the most stimulating of the conferences in which I have shared. Doctor McLain's Rural Life summary and your resume and correlation of the themes of the two conferences were clarifying and skillfully done.

Your substitute for our exercises is President Paty.

Most cordially yours,

J. S. Ingram, President

Dr. Edwin R. Embree Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois



Julius Rosenwald Fund RURAL SCHOOL

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO

To

Mr. Edward Yeomans, Jr.

West Georgia College

Genola, Georgia

Payment Voucher No. 2894

Date

May 8, 1941 Com Mt

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with attendance at Rural Council Mesting held in Nashville - - - - \$12.15

Ck.#24952

AAM

Accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credi
Rural School Administration - Travel	40-10	\$12.15	

Prepared by Checked by Posted by

Comptroller

Carrollton, Jan. er gyrn Dear Fred, Sovy not to have seen you before leaving Moshville, I had to be here Sah. Alu. no 7 look the night brain. De was a splendid conference: My expuses were as follows; Jaxi Porter 11.35 Total 12.15 /4 We will be glad to see you whenever you come our way. Succerety, DOROTHY A. ELINDEN J. P. J. 7 Was -\$6. 249524 UNIVERSIT

Julius Rosenwald Fund RURAL 5CHOOL

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO PROGRAM

To

Mr. Howard A. Dawson

Director of Eural Service National Education Association 1201 Sixteenth Street, N. W. Washington, D. C. Payment Voucher No. 2896

Date

May 8, 1941

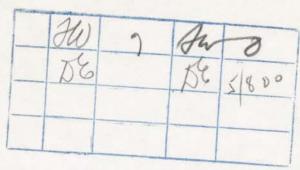
com mit

Reimburscment for travel expenses incurred in connection with attending Rural Council meeting held in Nashvills ---- \$86.90

Ck.#24954

Accounts		Appropriation No.	Debit	Credit
Rural School Administrat	tion - Travel	40-10	\$86.90	
				*
				72

NATIONAL EDUCATION ASSOCIATION OF THE UNITED STATES 1201 SIXTEENTH STREET, N. W., WASHINGTON, D. C.



May 5, 1941

Mr. Fred G. Wale Associate for Rural Education Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Dear Mr. Wale:

In accordance with your instructions I am enclosing a statement of my expenses incurred during my recent trip to Nashville to attend the Rural Council on Education.

I consider this meeting of the Council to be a most profitable one and I wish to thank you for giving me an opportunity to attend.

Very sincerely yours,

Howard A. Dawson

Director of Rural Service

Howard a. Dawson

HAD:BH



Expense Account of
Howard A. Dawson
for attendance at
Council on Rural Education
Nashville, Tennessee
May 1, 2 and 3, 1941

Submitted to the Julius Rosenwald Fund

Airplane fare Washington, D. C. to Nashville, Tenn., and return	\$66.15
Hermitage Hotel - Room	
	10.00
" - Meals	3.30
" - Telephone	.10
Taxi to airport, Washington	1.20
Taxi to hotel, Nashville	.50
Taxi to airport, Nashville	.50
Taxi from airport, Washington	1.20
Meals other than hotel	2.25
Taxi	1.10
Incidentals	60
	\$ 86.90
	Do

Howard a. Dawson duting.

74954 24954



AMERICAN AIRLINES, Inc. PASSENGER'S RECEIPT Not Good for Passage WASHINGTON From Washington Airport To Fare, \$... Scrip

Excess Baggage	LBS.S	Excess Baggage	LBS.\$	
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In consid	AIR PASS deration of the Issu	AGE CONT	TRACT the purchaser agree	3 01

(Continued on Reverse Side) Form R 1

Issued in conjunction with

DATE: This licket is valid only for passage beginning on the data shown on

the ticket and for the plane specified.

REVOCABLE: The Company reserves the right to revoke this ticket upon refunding the purchase price.

NOT TRANSFERABLE: This ticket is not transferable.

REFUNDS: The Company will refund the amount paid for this ticket if the flight is cancelled. Refunds will not be granted for other-reasons unless the ticket is surrendered at least three hours before departure of plane.

ASSUMPTION OF RISK: I agree that the Company shall not be liable for any injury or damage unless occasioned by its own neglect of duty in the operation or central of the airplage.

UNCOMPLETED FEIGHT: The passenger may be landed and discharged be-

fore the flight is completed and in that event the only flability of the Company shall be to refund the unused mileaga.

DELAYS: The Company does not assume responsibility for failure of planes

to depart or arrive on scheduled time.

BAGGAGE: Thirty-five pounds of baggage will be carried free en each full lare

ticket. The liability of the Company for loss or damage to baggage or personal property, or for delay in the gelivery thereof, is fimited to \$100 per passenger. unless a higher valuation is declared to advance and an additional charge paid therefor. Any claim for less of damage to baggage or personal property must be presented in writing to the Company within ten days after the date of this tickel.

AGENCY: In selling a ticket or checking baggage beyond its own lines the

Company acts only as agent for connecting lines.

REGULATIONS: The passenger agrees strictly to observe the rules and regulations of the Company and obey the instructions of its agents and employes.

105 DAWSON HOWARD A HERMITAGE HOTEL NASHVILLE. TENN.

5400

BALANCE DUE

1.50

6.50

7.05

7.75

12.85

13.40

0.00

WAST D C W 500 No MEYER HOTELS DATE EXPLANATION CHARGES CREDITS MAY-1-41 1.50 TAFE MAY-1-41 5.00-MAY-2-41 0.55 CAFE MAY-2-41 0.70 TAFF HERMITAGE NASHVILLE MAY-2-41 0.10 STACY-TRENT MAY-2-41 5.00 KOOM MAY-3-41 0.5 TAFE MAY-3-41 13.40 FARRAGUT KNOXVILLE **EMERSON** BALTIMORE SIR WALTER RALEIGH ROOSEVELT JACKSONVILLE WINECOFF ATLANTA PATRICK HENRY ROANOKE WE THANK YOU AND TRUST OUR SERVICE MERITS YOUR CONTINUED PATRONAGE.

WINDSOR JACKSONVILLE

MEYER HOTEL INTERESTS, INC. ROBT. R. MEYER, PRES.

Julius Rosenwald Fund RURAL SCHOOL

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO

To

Mr. Willard W. Beatty

Office of Indian Affairs

U. S. Department of the Interior

Washington, D. C.

Payment Voucher No.

May 8, 1941 Cour Wit Date

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with attendance at Rural Council Meeting held in Nashville - - - - \$78.15

Ck.#24953

Accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credi
Rural School Administration - Travel	40-10	\$78.15	

Checked by Prepared by Posted by

Comptroller

AM

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

WASHINGTON

Mr Fred Wate Julius Rosemoald Find 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Ills.

	May	4 +6 1941	
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			-

Dear Fred:

I enjoyed the conference very much, and feel that I gained a great deal from it. I shoul look forward to the publication of the morning addresses, for there were several which will be grist to ney mill. While the facts are fresh in my mind, I'm submitting travel expanses:

Ann Artor to Detroit to Nashville (Iastviacin) \$3700
Incidentals in Nashville

Nashville to Tulsa (air) + cats

\$78.15

Sincirely, Willard Willeally DOROTHY A. ELVIDOR

1 2 3 K

UNIVERSITY

Julius Rosenwald Fund URAL SCHOOL

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO PROGRAM

To

Mr. Nolen M. Irby

University of Georgia

Athens, Georgia

Payment Voucher No.

Date

May 8, 1941

(vouchers)

Comptroller

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with attending Rural Council meeting held in Nashville - - - - \$12.70

Ck.#24962

Prepared by

AM

Checked by

Posted by

Accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credi
Rural School Administration - Travel	40-10	\$12.70	
			1

THE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA COLLEGE OF EDUCATION ATHENS, GEORGIA

May 5, 1941

Mr. Fred G. Wale The Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

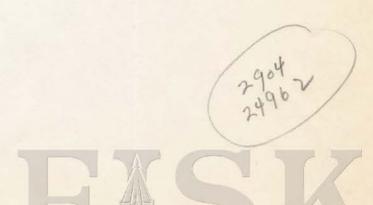
Dear Fred:

I am submitting herewith my expenses for attending the Nashville Conference which were not charged to my room at the Hermitage Hotel.

	29	
Meals en route (2)	April 30	\$ 1.25
Meals, lunch and dinner	May 1	1.75
Meals, dinner	May 2	1.25
Meals, lunch and dinner	May 3	1.35
Lodging	May 3	3.00
Meals, breakfast and lunch	May 4	1.00
Tips, incidentals	April 30-May 4	3.10
	TOTAL	\$ 12.70
		10 10 m
	Very sincerely,	Elm
		y bo.
		DOROTHY A. ELVIDOR
	Noten M. Irby	OOR
	Nolen M. Irby	
	Director of Field	Studies

Director of Field Studies

NMI: rm



CHICAGO

Julius Rosenwald Fund RURAL SCHOOL Payment Voucher No. 2303 RAM

To

Mr. P. H. Eason

State Department of Education

Jackson, Mississippi

Date

May 8, 1341

Come miles

Reimburgement for travel expenses incurred in connection with attending Rural Council meeting held in Nashville - - - - - - \$60.64

Ck.#24961

Accounts Appropriation No. Debit Credit Rural School Administration - Travel 40-10 \$60.64

Prepared by

AM

Checked by

Posted by

Comptroller



State of Mississippi

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION DIVISION OF NEGRO EDUCATION

May 5. 1941

SUPERINTENDENT JACKSON

The Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

30

Gentlemen:

F V F W

J. S. VANDIVER

STATE AGENT

ASSISTANT STATE AGENT

P. H. EASOM

J. A. TRAVIS

I am submitting herewith my expense account for the Council on Rural Education, Fisk University, Nashville, Tennessee, April 30 - May 2, 1941.

- 1. Transportation to Nashville, 447 miles @ 6¢ per mile(my car transported Mr. Wale, Mr. Travis, and Mr. Easom. Mr. Wale suggested this rate) - \$26.82
- 2. Transportation at Nashville, 45 miles @ 6% per mile(This car was used in 2.70 transporting members of the Council from the hotel to Fisk and return.)
- 3. Transportation, Nashville to Jackson, 447 miles @ 6d per mile (Two persons, Travis and Easom)

4. Meals, to and from Nashville 1.75

5. Tips 1.80

6. Car storage, one night .75

> Total - \$60.64

> > DOROTHY A. ELVIDGE

26.82

Cordially yours,

. H. Easom

State Agent

PHE: KGE

TH AVENUE RECEIPT

GEO. COLE MOTOR CO. 7TH AVE. GARAGE
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

Name 7//

Address 194

MAKE LICENSE NO.

QUANTITY	ITEM	-
	Gas	-
	Oil	
	Storage	1
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AMOUNT

75

VED

Julius Rosenwald Fund RURAL SCHOOL

CHICAGO

Payment Voucher No.

To

Dr. Walter D. Cocking

College of Education

University of Georgia

Athens, Ceorgia

Date

May 8, 1941

Cour my

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with attending Rural Council meeting held in Nashville - - - - - \$49.30

Ck.#24960

Accounts Debit Credit Appropriation No. Rural School Administration - Travel 40-10 \$49.80

Prepared by Checked by Posted by AM

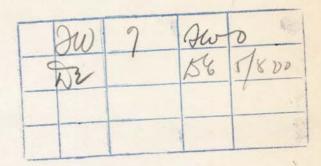
Comptroller

THE UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA COLLEGE OF EDUCATION ATHENS, GEORGIA

OFFICE OF THE DEAN

was obs.

May 5, 1941



Mr. Fred G. Wale Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Dear Mr. Wale:

I am enclosing my expense account for the Southern Rural Life Conference held at Nashville last week. My hotel bill at the Hermitage Hotel was left for you to pay as I understood from the management that was the way the matter was being handled.

I want to say to you that I thoroughly enjoyed the Conference.

Sincerely yours,

Walter D. Cocking

Dean, College of Education

WDC/cs



Expense Account of

Walter D. Cocking

Attendance at Meeting of Southern Rural Life Conference

Mileage Athens to Nashville and return 835 miles @ 5¢	\$41.75
Meals (9)	3.95
Hotel Riverside	2.00
Gratuities	1.60
	\$49.30 pr

DOROTHY A. ELVIDGE

Walter D. Cocking

Dean, College of Education

Oll,



PROGRAM.

Syl

May 9, 1941

Dear Watson: Your contributions to the Rural Council were splendid. Not only did you give a resume of significant developments in Mexico in a very trenchant fashion, but your questions and comments were all apropos.

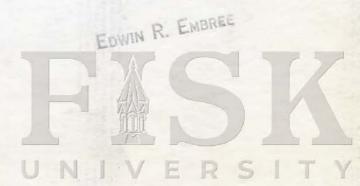
I am sure you understand why I did not call on you at the very end. If we had allowed the discussion to reopen, at least a half dozen people would have insisted on comment or rebuttal to Beatty, and the whole meeting would have frayed out rather than end as it did with the dramatic bang Beatty gave it.

Fred Wale has told of his talk with you following the meeting. Your point is well taken that prospective teachers should be made aware of the economic problems about them. This is especially true in the South, for the rise of industrialization there will make the economic conflicts more and more acute for at least a decade or two. As Fred may have told you, we are hoping to have some smaller and more intensive conferences on this and one or two other specific subjects. I hope we can get you to join us in these select sessions. Possibly more good can be done in a group of about a dozen really controlling people than could have been done by opening this subject before the larger group which was already almost overfull of consideration of social and educational subjects.

ERE:JW

Very truly yours,

Mr. Goodwin Watson Teachers College Columbia University New York City



JE?

RURAL SCHOOL

PROFRAM

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SCIENCE

NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

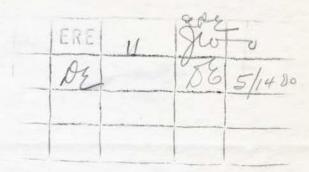
County

CHARLES S. JOHNSON DIRECTOR

May 9, 1941

Mr. Edwin R. Embree Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Dear Mr. Embree:



I have had some difficulty in getting this letter together because it has required some minute book-keeping. It covers such items involved in the entertainment of the Council, from which I have been separating expenses that belonged to the Institute and the school. Although it is probably not expected, I find myself apologizing for several items, none of them serious, I think, but which are included in the list and explained in the accompanying memorandum.

Because of the hotel situation in Nashville at the time of the meeting, I had some difficulty getting satisfactory hotel accommodations for Professor Malinowski, who was our guest on this occasion. I requested a reservation, through Mr. Wale, for him in the block of rooms which you had reserved at the Hermitage. His hotel bill appears among those which you covered for Council members at the Hermitage. I would be pleased to have the notation on this.

Sincerely yours,

Charles S. Johnson

cs.j-p

CHICAGO

Julius Rosenwald Fund RURAL SCHOOL Payment Voucher No. 2007

Mr. Malcolm S. MacLean, President

Hampton Institute

Hampton, Virginia

Date

May 9, 1941

Coun mite

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with attending Rural Council meeting held in Nashville - - \$55.10

Ck.#24965

Accounts			Appropriation No.	. Debit	Credit
Rural Sch	ool Administ	ration - Travel	40-10	\$55.10	
				Q	TZ
			7/17		

HAMPTON INSTITUTE

FOUNDED 1868

HAMPTON, VIRGINIA

MALCOLM S. MacLEAN, President ROBERT OGDEN PURVES, Vice President - Treasurer WILLIAM H. SCOVILLE, Secretary

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

1 2 7 2 3 May 5, 1941

Mr. Fred Wale Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Ave. Chicago, Illinois

Dear Fred:

First, let me say that the Conference of the Rural Council at Nashville was without exception the best, most stimulating, and most concrete educational conference that I have ever been to, and I have sat in on hundreds of them. I hope that, as the years go on, my contribution to the Council can equal in some small measure the stuff I am learning.

A word about the expense account. The total mileage from Hampton to Nashville and back was 1570 miles. At 4ϕ a mile this equals \$62.80.

The Foundation paid my total hotel bill. I did my damndest to persuade the clerk that certain items charged on this bill were not properly Foundation and, therefore, I think they should be subtracted. These are \$2.75 for cafe, \$3.45 for car storage, \$1.50 valet. In my opinion, this total of \$7.70 should be subtracted from the mileage total of \$62.80 leaving \$55.10 which your bursar can mail to me at his convenience.

I shall look forward with a good deal of eagerness to getting the printed reports and papers of the conference.

Yours cordially,

Malcolm S. MacLean President

MSM: JW

UNIVERSITY

Julius Rosenwald Fund

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO PROGRAM

To

Mr. E. H. Donne

District RR Supervisor Farm Security Administration Greensboro, Georgia Payment Voucher No. 2006

Date

May 9, 1941

Cour Mit

Comptroller

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with attending Rural Council meeting in Nashville - - - \$76.60

Ck.#24964

Accounts			Аррг	ropriation No.	Debit	Credit
Rural Sch	nool Administr	ation - Travel		40-10	\$76.60	
Prepared by	Checked by	Posted by				16

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE FARM SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

Greensboro, Georgia May 6th, 1941.

IN REPLY REFER TO

Mr. Fred G. Wale, Julius Rosenwald Fund, 4901 Ellis Avenue; Chicago, Illinois:

	DW	8	700	0
_				

Dear Fred:

Attached is bill covering expenses involved attending the Council of Rural Education in Nashville, Tennessee last week.

I take this opportunity to thank you, and the Rosenwald Fund for making this trip and meeting possible. It was thoroughly enjoyed by me and I assure you the meetings and contacts were most pleasant. Please express my appreciation to Mr. Embree and the entire staff of Rosenwald Fund for their kind consideration.

With all good wishes,

6.11. Nous

E. H. Downs,

Dist. RR Supervisor

Encl.



Statement of Expenses Incurred by E. H. Downs, District RR Supervisor, Farm Security Administration, Greene County, Georgia, on Council of Rural Education, Nashville, Tenn. April 29th - May 3rd, 1941.

Mileage: 1035 miles @ 6¢ per mile	\$62.10
Storage for car	1.50
Meals	5.25
Lodging	1.75
Tips	3.50
Miscellaneous	2.50
Total	\$76.60 K

oll.

DOROTHY A. ELVIDER

HASITY UNIVERSITY

Julius Rosenwald Fund RURAL SCHOOL

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO PROGRAM

To

Mr. H. Scudder Mekeel

c/o Mr. Edwin R. Embree

Payment Voucher No. 2909

Date May 9, 1941

Coun my

\$5.55

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection

with attending Rural Council meeting held in Nashville - - - \$55.55

Less: Advance for Travel - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 50.00

Ck.#24967

\$55.55	\$50.00
\$ 5.55	

Prepared by Checked by Posted by

AM

Comptroller

Exteres was received by Dander Wahal on tit to Rura Courcia martings at Nashirale, Terressen. \$25.20 Rail Care Pullman # 3.15 .85 tips Qurch taxi 4 1.60 denner Opril 30 the taxis may 1 breakfast Of Smy may 2 \$1.20 taxis .60 tife # 13.85 Rotal Gill DOROTHY & ELVIDSE Mm3 .90 teps Crarbfort .85 Qunch taxie #53.55 am TOTAL Course by check in absorber of fifty dollar

UNIVERSIT

HERMITAGE HOTEL 207 WE KEFL SCHOOLER NASHVILLE. TENN. WADISON WIS W 500 No 5250 MEYER HOTELS DATE BALANCE DUE EXPLANATION CHARGES CREDITS APR30-41 1.60 1.60 DIST -APR30-41 VALET 2.35 APR30-41 3.01 - PD OUT WIRE APR30-41 5.00 8.01 HERMITAGE MAY-1-41 0.75 STACY-TRENT 8.76 TRENTON MAY-1-41 5.00 13.76 nnm eeee MAY-2-41 - PD OUT 3.40 17.16 MAY-2-41 reservition AFE 0.4 17.61 MAY-2-41 0.37 17.98 WIRE FARRAGUT KNOXVILLE MAY-2-41 -- PATO 0.00 **EMERSON** BALTIMORE 1.60 .75 \$13.85 .37 SIR WALTER RALEIGH 4.13 ROOSEVELT ACKSONVILLE WINECOFF ATLANTA PATRICK HENRY ROANOKE WE THANK YOU AND TRUST OUR SERVICE MERITS YOUR CONTINUED PATRONAGE.

WINDSOR JACKSONVILLE MEYER HOTEL INTERESTS.INC.

ROBT. R. MEYER, PRES.

THE PULLMAN COMPANY—Passenger's Check. To identify accommodations nurchased. NASHVILLE to CHICAGO, III. TRAIR Property taken into car will be entirely a OFFICE 24-23 FORM 6(A)







Julius Rosenwald Fund RURAL SCHOOL

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO PROGRAM

To Mr. D. F. Folger

West Ceorgia College

Genola, Georgia

Payment Voucher No. 2905

Date

May 9, 1941

Come July

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with attending Rural Council meeting held in Nashville - - - - \$58.50

Ck.#24963

accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credit
Rural School Administration - Travel	40-10	\$38.20	
		Q	T/Z
Prepared by Checked by Posted by			16

EXPRESS SHIPPING POINT CARROLLTON, GA.

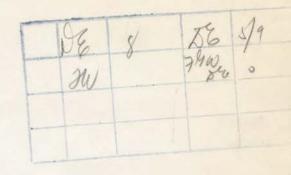
West Georgia College

DIVISION OF THE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

Broine S. Ingram, President

Genula, Genryia (Suburb of Carrollton)

May 7, 1941



Miss Dorothy Elvidge 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Dear Dorothy:

My expenses for the rural council meeting were:

Personal car mileage 680	miles @ 4 cents	\$27.20
Toll bridge		•30
Car storage		3.00
Hotel and meals other tha	an Hermitage bill	6.55
Tips	DOROTHY A. ELVIDGE	1.25
		\$38.30

If my bill at the Hermitage seems large, it is due to the fact that I signed the meal tickets for several different council members with whom I ate. Their bills should be lower.

While in Nashville, I used my car regularly to carry council members to and from Fisk and saved the Fund considerable taxi fares. This explains why the mileage is greater than the trip from Carrollton to Nashville and return.

Sincerely,

D. F. Folger

Dean of Instruction

DFF:kbh

5 29.5 249.63

UNIVERSIT

Julius Rosenwald FundRURAL SCHOOL

4901 Ellis Avenue

PROGRAM

To

Mr. Burton P. Fowler

Tower Hill School

Wilmington, Delaware

Payment Voucher No. 2915

Date

May 12, 1941

Cour nits

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with attending Rural Council meeting held in Nashville - - - - 349.50

Ck.#24971

Accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credit
Rural School Administration - Travel	40-10	\$49.50	

Prepared by

AM

Checked by

Posted by

Comptroller

For: Expenses to Rosenwald Fund Meeting
Nashville, Tennessee
Burton P. Fowler

ozer

DOROTHY A. ELMDE

24971V

Julius Rosenwald FundRURAL SCHOOL 4901 Ellis Avenue

CHICAGO

PROGRAM

To

Mr. Porter Clauton

West Georgia College

Genola, Georgia

Payment Voucher No. 2912

Date May 12, 1941

Come my.

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with

Ck.#24970

Accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credit
Rural School Administration - Travel	40-10	\$15.75	
		1	

Prepared by Checked by Posted by

AM

Comptroller

EXPRESS SHIPPING POINT CARROLLTON, GA.

Mest Georgia College Division of the University system of Georgia	16	5/2	M	dix
Irvine S. Ingram, President	Da	19	No	3/10
Genola, Georgia				,
(SUBURB OF CARROLLTON)				
(SUBURB OF CARROLLTON)				

May 7, 1941

Expense account Carrollton to Nashville and return, April 29-May 4, 1941, to attend Rural Education Council meeting:

April 29:	Railway fa	are and birth,	Marietta to Nashville	\$ 10.10
April 30:	At Nashvil	lle, taxi 30¢,	tips 30¢	.60
May 1 :	11 11	, tips 20¢,	taxi 15¢	.35
May 2 :	n n	, tips 30¢,	meals 45¢	.75
May 3 :	En route l	Nashville - Car	rrollton, meal	.45
May 4 :	п п	n me	" , hotel \$3.00, eal 50¢	3.50 \$ 15.75

Porter Claxton

Oll.

DOROTTH A. ELVIDE





DQ 65212

PROPERTY TAKEN INTO CAR WILL BE AT OWNER'S RISK

UNIVERSIT

Received from Jon

The Nashville, Chattanooga&St. Louis Ry. CASH FARE RECEIPT Form u 46893 C. F. R. GOOD FOR THIS DATE AND TRAIN ONLY Receipt for cash fare paid Conductor as indicated by amount in dollars and cents at the end of strips below. From HALF Gen'l Passenger Agent 10c. \$ 2 20c. \$ 3 30c. 50c.

Julius Rosenwald Fund RURAL SCHOOL

CHICAGO

To

Mr. C. W. Jenkins

Jones County Agricultural High School and Junior College Ellisville, Mississippi

Payment Voucher No.

Date

May 12, 1941

Com my

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with attending Rural Council meeting held in Nashville - - - - - \$17.90

Ck.#24969

Accounts			Appropria	ation No.	Debit	Credit
Rural School	L Administrati	on - Travel	40-	10	17.90	
			E			TX
Prepared by	Checked by	Posted by				

JONES COUNTY AGRICULTURAL HIGH SCHOOL AND JUNIOR COLLEGE ELLISVILLE, MISSISSIPPI

J. B. YOUNG, PRESIDENT
H. A. DUNAHOO, VICE PRES, AND DEAN
W. J. MODDY, REGISTRAR
C. W. JENKINS, PRIN. SR. HIGH
H. H. MITCHELL, BUSINEES MANAGER
MARIE MARTIN GRAHAM, SECRETARY

Mr. Fred Wale 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Dear Mr. Wale:

As per your request, I am sending you my expenses while going to and returning from Nashville:

 Railroad Fare
 \$12.45

 Taxi service
 2.10

 Meals
 3.05

 Baggage Checks
 .30

 Total
 \$17.90

Sincerely yours,

C. W. Jenkins

CWJ/w



DOROTHY & ELWOS

Julius Rosenwald Fund RURAL 5CHOOL

CHICAGO

PROGRAM

To

Mr. T. H. McGibeny

Bickers-Goodwin Company

Greensboro, Georgia

Payment Voucher No. 2910

Date

May 12, 1941

coun my

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with attending Rural Council meeting held in Nashville - - - - - - \$12.25

Ck.#24968

Accounts			Appropriation No.	Debit	Credit	
Rural School A	dministrati	on - Travel	40-10	\$12.25		
					7.5/	
Prepared by	Checked by	Posted by			A	
Parter of	ontened by	- Osted by				

H. D. GOODWIN, PRES.
MRS. D. H. BICKERS V-PRES.

Bickers-Goodwin Company

(Incorporated)

Merchants

Greensboro, Georgia

H. H. CHAPMAN, SEC.
S. A. TORBERT, TREAS.
T. H. MCGIBONY, ASST. SEC.

291968

Julius Rosenwald Fund

to

T. H. McGibony

DOROTHY A. ELVIDOR

Expenses to Rural Council Nashville, Tenn

April 30-May 2,1941.

Other than items paid at Hermitage by Fund

Meals, Tips, and Hotel-----\$12.25

I cerfify that the above is correct to the best of my knowledge

Ash.

Julius Rosenwald FundRURAL SCHOOL

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO

PROGRAM

To

Mrs. Catherine J. Duncan

Payment Voucher No.

2922

Date

May 18, 1941

Come inte

Comptroller

Ck.#24984

Prepared by

AM

Checked by

Posted by

Accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credit
Rural School Administration - Travel	40-10	\$26.60	
Working Capital Control - Advance for Travel			\$25.00
		\$1.60	
	150		177

292784 Room 562 Internation Vauxe, 1414 E. 595 St. Chicago, Ill. may 13, 1941 Miss Dorothy Elvidge The Julius Rosenwald Fund, DE 5/13 56 5/13 4901 Ellis arenne, Chicago, Illinois. Dear Miss Elidge, I want to thank you for advancing me #2500, It helped matters considerably for me. The following is an itemized account of my expenses to and from nachville and also while there. You will see I stayed almost within the \$2500. _ # 15.10 Round trip coach fare 2.30 daxi face to Ed from trains dipo for taggage (going "(caming) @ ". 3 centrip 1.20 3.00 Noon 3.50 Meals dasi fare to and from meetings - - (1.50 DOROTHY. A. ELMINS advance - - 25.00 Expense over advance made - # 1.60 I purposely tried to stay as close to the Ol 2500 amount as I could because I didn't on know whether I'd receive my salary check on time and I knew my room rent was due shortly after I returned and I wanted to be safe and home a little money any how. Fartunately the check was right on time Rowers. I know your must have heard that the meeting in Mashville was good. It had some interesting papers read to us. The advanced. U Petreste E Durgeau T

Julius Rosenwald Fund RURAL 50

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO PROGRAM

To

Mr. Charles H. Thompson

Howard University

Washington, D. C.

Payment Voucher No.

2923

Date

May 14, 1941

oun my

Ck.#24985

Accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credit
Rural School Administration - Travel	40-10	\$72.05	

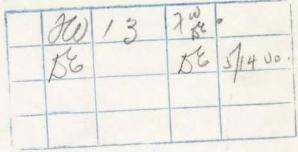
Prepared by Checked by Posted by

Comptroller

HOWARD UNIVERSITY WASHINGTON, D.C.

8 May 1941

THE COLLEGE OF LIBERAL ARTS



Mr. Fred G. Wale
Associate Director for Rural Education
Julius Rosenwald Fund
4901 Ellis Avenue
Chicago, Illinois



My dear Mr. Wale:

Pursuant to a request made at the Council meeting in Nashville, I am indicating below my expenses incurred incident to attendance at the Rural Education Council in Nashville, Tenn., April 29 - May 3:

1.	Roundtrip Railroad fare	\$ 32.80
2.	Pullman Berth roundtrip	12.60
3.	Meals en route	5.50
4.	Gratuities	3.50
5.	Room and Board, Nashville	12.50
6.	Miscellaneous, Taxi	- 5.15

If there is any further or more detailed information which you desire I shall be very happy to supply it upon request.

May I express my appreciation to the Rosenwald Fund for making it possible for me to attend such a profitable occasion as the meeting of the Council and the Celebration of the 5th Anniversary of Fisk University.

Sincerely yours,

Chas. H. Thompson Dean Of the

CHT:S

FASITY
UNIVERSITY

A. Cindo

Julius Rosenwald Fundaural SCHOOL 4901 Ellis Avenue

CHICAGO

To Mr. Charles S. Johnson

Fisk University

Nashville, Tennessee

Payment Voucher No. 2924

Date

May 14, 1941

Comptroller

Reimbursement for expenses in connection with the Rural Council meeting held in Nashville - -- \$175.01 Less: Hotel bill paid for Professor Malinowski - -35,10 \$159.91

Ck.#24986

AM

Accounts			Appropriation No.	Debit	Credit
Working Ca Miscella	ool Administra apital Control aneous Account aiversity (B. 1	s Receivable	40-10	\$175.01	\$35.10
				\$139.91	
					7
					IA

MEMORANDUM

On Entertainment Expenses for the Council on Rural Education

Luncheon for the Council members, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday ... \$86.56

Arrangements were made with a cateress, and special food selected with a view to providing choice, southern dishes. Her bill as itemized for the three days is as follows:

Waiters																	\$10.50
Food																	57.96
Service,	d	i	S	h	е	S	,	е	t	c		•		•	•		18.00

The only estimate on which I could work in arranging for the meals was the Council list, which included 52 persons. Numbers fluctuated, but under the arrangement, it was not possible to make correction of the estimate on short notice. Where there was a margin, it was translated into usefulness by allowing several graduate students and Fellows to be hosts to selected Conference members with whom they sought conversation. They were actually served in a different building. Among these members, as I recall, were Dr. Alexander, Dr. and Mrs. MacLean, Miss Eliason, and some others.

Prepar	ratio	on o	f a	lounge roo	m, to	break the tedium of the seminar	
room,	and	for	the	comfort o	f the	Council members generally	25.00

Unfortunately, we do not have a lounge regularly in the building, and although it was prepared for the Council primarily, some of the other guests enjoyed it.

Readjustment of the I	Faculty Club to permit serving of the	
special luncheon on t	the campus	15.00

This includes a rental of chairs, tables and certain services outside the prescribed scope of the maintenance department.

Four o'clock teas, three afternoons	11.00
Cigarettes	5 70
Organeoues	5.30

Paper cups and t	cowels	***************************************	11.5	50
------------------	--------	---	------	----

These had to be purchased in lots; only about half of these, however, were consumed



BROUGHT FORWARD	\$154.36
Cut flowers for the faculty club luncheons and lounge	\$ 3.80
Pads and pencils for Council members	4.80
Special transportation for Council Members	4.20
This, of course, does not refer to faculty cars.	
Two long distance calls to Chicago, on request, in connection with hotel reservations	5.85
April 24	
\$1.85 April 25 3.80 Tax 20	
\$4.00	
TOTAL	\$173.01

Ografity A. Elynthe Charles S. Johnson

May 9, 1941

Coursell Block

Julius Rosenwald Fund URAL SCHOOL

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO

PROGRAM

To

Mr. Irvine S. Ingram, President

West Georgia College

Genola, Georgia

Payment Voucher No.

2940

Date

May 19, 1941

Council wife

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with attending Rural Council meeting held in Nashville - - - - \$24.90

Ck.#25002

Accounts Appropriation No. Debit Credit
Rural School Administration - Travel 40-10 \$24.90

Prepared by

Checked by

Posted by

Comptroller

EXPRESS SHIPPING POINT CARROLLTON, GA.

Mest Georgia College

DIVISION OF THE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

Broine S. Ingram, President

Bennla, Genrgia (Suburb of Carrollton)

May 15, 1941

Miss Dorothy A. Elvidge 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Dear Miss Elvidge:

1	25	5/19	56	5/19
-				1900 October

Mr. Ingram's expenses to Nashville and return via Atlanta are as follows:

Train fare	17.40
Pullman	5.30
Breakfast	.50
Taxi	1.70

Total

\$ 24.90

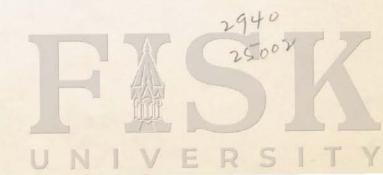
DOROTHY A. ELWOGE

Most sincerely yours,

mabel C. Watson

Mabel C. Watson Secretary

OK. Fru.



Julius Rosenwald Fund RURAL SCHOOL

CHICAGO

Payment Voucher No. PROGRAM

To

Mr. Louis Wirth

Department of Sociology

The University of Chicago

Chicago, Illinois

Date

May 15, 1941

Coun my

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with

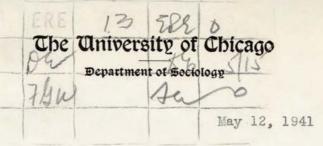
Ck.#24992

Accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credit
Rural School Administration - Travel	40-10	\$32.75	

Prepared by AM

Checked by

Posted by



Mr. Edwin R. Embree Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Dear Mr. Embree:

My expenses in connection with the trip to Nashville were as follows:

Railroad	(round trip)	\$20.40
Pullman		5.55
Cabs		1.80
Porters		.50
Expenses	in Nashville	4.50
		\$32.75

It is generous of you to allow me to have undertaken this trip at your expense.

I am sorry I got in so little of the rural conference.

1891 . THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO . FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY . 19

Sincerely yours,

Louis Wirth

lw:f

2930

Julius Rosenwald FundRURAL SCHOOL

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO

PROGRAM

To

Mrs. Catherine J. Duncan

Payment Voucher No. 2951

Date

May 15, 1941

(Come mtg)

Ck.#24995

Accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credit
Rural School Administration - Travel	40-10	\$24.50	

Prepared by

Checked by

Posted by

I have agreed to meet the difference between round-trip coach travel and pullman transportation from Chicago to Fort Valley, Georgia and return for Mrs. Catherine J. Duncan.

Please issue a check for \$24.50 to her computed as follows:

First class round-trip ticket - - \$37.50 Lower berth (round-trip) - - - _ 12.60

Less: Round-trip coach (15-day

\$24.50

5/15/41

DOROTHY A. ELYNDA

Fred G. Wale

AHW.



Julius Rosenwald Fund

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO

To

Mr. J. Max Bond, Director

School of Education

Tuskegee Institute

Tuskegee Institute, Alabama

Payment Voucher No.

Date

May 19, 1941

Council Ulty

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with attending Rural Council meeting held in Nashville - - - - - \$29.95

Ck.#25003

		4	
Accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credit
Rural School Administration - Travel	40-10	\$29.95	
			17

Prepared by

AM

Checked by

Posted by

Tuskegee Institute

TUSKEGEE INSTITUTE, ALABAM	DE	5/19	50	1/19
TOURIST INSTITUTE, ALABAM				
				,

May 14, 1941

Miss Dorothy A. Elvidge, Comptroller Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

My dear Miss Elvidge:

SCHOOL OF EDUCATION J. MAX BOND, DIRECTOR

> Please find enclosed a statement covering the expenses of my visitation to the meeting of the Rural Council at Nashville.

1.	Taxi - Tuskegee to Montgomery, Wednesday morning	\$3.00	
2.	Second class fare - Montgomery to Nashville	4.60	
3.	First class fare - Nashville to Montgomery (Return trip began at Louisville, Kentucky.	9.10	
	Charges stated above are between Nashville and Montgomery)		
	and monogomery)		
4.	Lower berth	2.65	
5.	Taxi - Montgomery to Tuskegee	3.00	Med.
6.	Taxis - Nashville	2.00	OK Jim.
7.	Room and board in Nashville		0
8.	Meals on train to and from Montgomery	ALTERNA THEORY	
9.	Tips	\$29.95 pt	week.
	Very truly yours,	N A	ELVIN
		THY.	

jmb/fs

you have not beard from

J. - + 30-6 J. Max Bond, Director School of Education

+ need time to for out crefts offer by april \$40.00.

Julius Rosenwald Fund

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO

RURAL SCHOOL Payment Voucher No. PROGRAM

To

Mr. Jacob L. Reddix Jackson College

Jackson, Mississippi

Date

May 19, 1941

count mtg

Comptroller

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with attending Rural Council meeting held in Nashville - -- \$43.40

Ck.#25001

Prepared by

Checked by

Posted by

Accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credit
Rural School Administration - Travel	40-10	\$43.40	
			1000
	F1502		173

STATEMENT OF EXPENSE to Council on Rural Education

Fisk University, Nashville, Tennessee April 30 to May 4, 1941

Transportation in private automobile 860 miles from Jackson, Mississippi to Nashville, Tennessee, and return @ 4 cents per mile	. \$ 34.40
Meals en route (two days)	• 3.00
Meals and lodging for three days in Nashville, Tennessee	\$ 43.40 OORDINA ELIMENT
Total Expense	\$ 43.40 E CROTHA
	of the

Please note: The item for \$34.40 for transportation in private automobile from Jackson, Mississippi to Nashville, Tennessee and return includes the transportation expenses for Miss F. O. Alexander who accompanied me on the trip.

Submitted by,

Jacob L. Reddix

Julius Rosenwald Fund RURAL SCHOOL

To

Mr. Lionel B. Fraser

Tougaloo College

Tougaloo, Mississippi

Payment Voucher No. GRAM

Date May 19, 1941

Coan wy

Comptroller

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with attending Rural Council meeting held in Nashville - - - - \$23.00

Ck.#24998

MA

Accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credit
Rural School Administration - Travel	40-10	\$25.00	
	T 500		77
Prepared by Checked by Posted by			

REV. WILLIAM T. HOLMES PRESIDENT-EMERITUS WILLIAM H. WATKINS PRESIDENT OF BOARD OF TRUSTEES

TOUGALOO COLLEGE

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE AMERICAN MISSIONARY ASSOCIATION TOUGALOO, MISS.

JUDSON L. CROSS, PRESIDENT

LIONEL B. FRASER DEAN

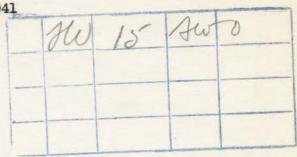
MRS. V. B. HAMILTON

MARGUERITE DIXON TREASURER

May 12, 1941

Mr. Fred G. Wale Associate for Rural Education Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Dear Mr. Wale:



I wish to thank you again for extending to me the privilege of being a member of the Council on Rural Education which met in Nashville April 30 through May 2. The experience was a new and worthwhile one for me. I gained many new points of view. We here at Tougaloo shall increase our effort toward developing more and permanent relationships between the College, our constituency, and the community.

I was glad of the opportunity to meet you and other members of the Rosenwald Fund whom I had not met before. Mr. Embree has visited Tougaloo several times. I hope that when you are down this way again, you will find it convenient to visit us.

The following is a statement of expenses incurred in attending the Council:

> Train fare (both ways) Room and Board Taxi fare

\$15.90 5.90 1.20 22.00

23.00

DOROTHY A. ELMOBE I hope that I shall have the opportunity of attending the meeting of the Council next year.

Total

Sincerely yours,

Cionel B. Fraser

Julius Rosenwald FundRURAL SCHOOL

CHICAGO

Payment Voucher No.

To

Mr. Arthur Raper

Box 267

Greensbore, Georgia

Date

May 19, 1941

Council alty

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with attending Eural Council assting held in Nashville -\$9.15

Ck.#25000

Accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credi
Rural School Administration - Travel	40-10	\$9.15	
	15/2/		75

Prepared by AM

Checked by

Posted by

Expenses incurred by Arthur Raper while attending the Rural Council meeting in Nashville, Tennessee, April 30-May 2, 1941:

\$2.00 ---- hotel at Gatlingburg

1.15 ---- long distance telephone

6.00 ---- meals and tips

\$9.15

Olli

The

DOROTHY A. ELMORE

2939



Julius Rosenwald Fund RURAL SCHOOL 4901 Ellis Avenue

Date

CHICAGO

To

Miss Florence O. Alexander

Jackson College

Jackson, Mississippi

Payment Voucher No.

May 19, 1941

Come into

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with attending Rural Council meeting held in Nashville - - - - - \$7.40

Ck.#25008

Accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credi
Rural School Administration - Travel	40-10	\$7.40	74:
		TV-14	

Prepared by AM

Checked by

Posted by

Mississippi Negro Training School

(By Act of the Mississippi State Legislature 1940)
Formerly Jackson College

Jackson, Mississippi

May 15, 1941 ERE 9 52 8

DY 56 5 1100

THW The B

4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Dr Edwin R Embree

Dear Dr Embree:

I want to thank you again for having made it possible for me to attend the Council on Rural Education held in Nashville, April 29 - May 3. The contact, information, and rest all helped me greatly and I feel sure that it has helped us all get a better view of our task.

Regarding the expense account, I wish to submit the following:

Room and Board for days present \$7.40

Travel was taken care of by Mr Reddix since I was in his car.

The work here moves along very well; we are all busy working and looking forward to our summer program.

Thanking you again, I am,

Yours very truly,

Florence O. Alexander

FOA/mej



Julius Rosenwald Fund RAL SCHOOL

Date

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO

PROGRAM

To

Mr. J. C. Dixon Vice-Chancellor University System of Georgia Room 100, State Capitol Atlanta, Georgia Payment Voucher No. 5006

May 22, 1941

(VO)

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with attending Rural Council meeting held in Nashville - - - - - \$23.25

Ck.#25085

			10
Accounts Rural School Administration - Travel	Appropriation No.	Debit \$23.25	Credit
		T	

Prepared by

Checked by

Posted by



REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM OF GEORGIA STATE CAPITOL, ATLANTA

May 19, 1941

56	5/21	58	Spr 100.
DW		Sw	0

Dear Miss Elvidge:

Dr. J. C. Dixon, vice-chancellor of the University System of Georgia, has asked that I transmit to you the attached expense account for reimbursement.

The expenses listed were incurred in connection with Dr. Dixon's attendance at the Rural Council meeting in Nashville.

Yours very truly,

JCD/BM

Ben Gray Moore, Secretary to Dr. Dixon.

Miss Dorothy A. Elvidge, Comptroller Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago



EXPENSE ACCOUNT

TO: Julius Rosenwald Fund a/c Rural Council

April			
30	Lunch 0	•75	
	Baggage an	d tips 0.65	1.40
May			
1	Lunch	0.70	
	Dinner	1.50	
	Tips	0.30	2.50
2	Dinner	1.35	
	Tips	.25	1.60
3	Breakfast	0.60	
	Lunch	0.85	
	Tips	0.55	
	Taxi	1.00 (Nashville to airport)	
	Excess bag	gage-Nashville to Atlanta \$1.15	
	Air transp	ortationNashville to Atlanta \$12.50	
		0.35	17.75

Total

\$23.25 6

DOROTHY A. ELYIDSE

J. C. Dixon

Vice-Chancellor University System of Georgia Room 100, State Capitol

Atlanta 3006 25085

FISK UNIVERSITY

NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

RURAL SCHOOL
PROT
May 24th 1941

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

Mr Edwin R Embree, President Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Ill

Dear Mr Embree:

Your nice letter of May 7th, thanking Fisk University and me personally for the arrangements and hospitality in connection with the meeting of the Council on Rural Education here at Fisk, has been received. It is much appreciated, I can assure you. Nice as it is to have this expression from the Council, I think the facts indicate that Fisk University should thank you and the Council for it was your share more than any other one or two things that made the Seventy-fifth Anniversary Celebration such an outstanding success. Without the meeting here it would have been impossible to assemble such a galaxy of internationally known educators and scholars.

Mr John D Rockefeller, Jr and his son, John, were deeply impressed not only with the caliber of the Council, but with the thought which inspired you to meet in Nashville and at Fisk on this occasion. From every side we continue to receive letters of congratulations and appreciation which make us feel that the effort was worth while.

With sincere good wishes, I am

Very truly yours

Thomas E Jones

President

TEJ W

PROGRAM
Council Mitg

May 26, 1941

Dear Doctor Johnson: The folder containing notes of the Council on Rural Education has just come over my desk. What a well-put-together piece of work, especially appreciated because I know that the young woman who prepared it did not write shorthand.

I want to thank you for your graciousness and courtesy in dealing with the little problems, as well as the larger, more meaningful ones. The Eural Council this year had meaning as never before, and I fear may never again, for it was in a setting difficult to imagine happening twice.

I want to thank you, too, and Mrs. Johnson for your kindness to me and for the opportunity to spend a very lovely evening with you. Will you please carry this message to her?

I shall look forward to seeing

you both again soon.

Sincerely,

FGW: RW

FRED G. WALE

Dr. Charles S. Johnson Fisk University Nashville, Tennessee



Julius Rosenwald Fund RURAL SCHOOL

CHICAGO

To

Mr. L. E. Roberts West Georgia College

Genola, Georgia

Payment Voucher No. PROGRAM

Date

May 26, 1941

Cour uct

Comptroller

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with attending Rural Council meeting held in Nashville - - - - - - \$3.00

Ck.#25096

AM

Accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credit
Rural School Administration - Travel	40-10	\$5.00	
	T 500		72

EXPRESS SHIPPING POINT CARROLLTON, GA.

West Georgia College

DIVISION OF THE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM OF GEORGIA

Irvine & Ingram, President

Genala, Georgia (Suburb of Carrollton)

Please OK

May 23, 1941

5 76 00
7

Miss Dorothy A. Elvige Julias Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Ave., Chicago Ill.

My dear Miss Elvige;

I am inclosing a summary of incidental expenses incurred in the Rural Life council at Nashville.

Tips-----\$120
Meals-----165
Taxi------15
Total------300

Very truly yours,

L. E. Roberts

LER:1c

Ofizer

DOROTHY A. ELVIDOR



Julius Rosenwald FunduRAL SCHOOL

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO

Payment Voucher No.

To

Miss Grace Tietje West Georgia College Genola, Georgia

Date

May 26, 1941

Coun my

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with attending Rural Council meeting held in Nashville - - - - - \$14.50

This voucher and check were Cancelled on 5/29 by a credit voucher for 33.60. This later amount was for 360 miles - see payt vo # 3033

Ck.#25095

ccounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credit
Rural School Administration - Travel	40-10	\$14.50	

Prepared by

Pil

Checked by

Posted by

EXPRESS SHIPPING POINT CARROLLTON, GA.

West Georgia College

DIVISION OF THE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM OF GEORGIA Brnine S. Ingram, Bresident

> Genola, Georgia (SUBURB OF CARROLLTON)

May 23, 1941

Please OKL

30	5/26	186	5/26
74 W		091	00
			-1

Miss Dorothy Elridge 4709 Ellis Avenue Rosenwald Fund Chicago, Illinois

Dear Miss Elridge,

I have failed to turn in expense account for the Nashville trip. Do you wish it itemized? My expenses were \$14.50.

I wish you might visit us somrtime. We have a nice group. Perhaps you can do that another year. With best wishes,

Sincerely yours, Ooronty A. Elynas.

GT/em

Julius Rosenwald Fund RURAL SCHOOL

CHICAGO

Payment Voucher No. PROGRAM

To

Mr. F. D. Patterson, President

Tuskegee Institute

Tuskegee Institute, Alabama

Date

May 29, 1941

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with

Rural Council meeting held in Nashville - - -- - \$53.15

Ck.#25118

Rural School Administration - Travel	Appropriation No.	Debit \$33.15	Credi
MATERIA WOUNDER AND MATERIAL AND	40-10	400.19	
		1 11	

Prepared by Checked by Posted by AM

Expenses incurred by F. D. Patterson in connection with meeting of Council on Rural Education - Nashville, Tennessee
April 30 - May 2, 1941

Round trip fare Chehaw to Nashville	14.85
Round trip reservation	5.30
Lodging	4.00
Meals	7.50
Taxi-Tuskegee - Chehaw round trip	1.50

\$ 33.15 %

DOROTHY A. ELMOOR Med Jack , med of Sundah, Su



Julius Rosenwald Fund URAL SCHOOL

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO PROGRAM

To

Mr. Goodwin Watson

Teachers College

Columbia University

New York City

Payment Voucher No. 3057

Date

May 29, 1941

Council mile

Comptroller

Reimbursement for expenses incurred in connection with attendance at the Rural Council meeting held in Nashville, Tennessee - - - \$72.75

Ck.#25116

Accounts Rural S	chool Adminis	tration - Travel	Appropriation No.	Debit \$72.75	Credit

TEACHERS COLLEGE COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY NEW YORK

May 29, 1941

Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Ill.

DE	6/2	58	1/29 00

Expense in connection with attendance at the Rural Council, Nashville, Tenn.:

Railroad \$45.90

Pullman 14.20

Meals en route 6.55

Meals in Nashville 3.10

Taxis and carfare 3.00

Total \$72.75

Goodwin Hatson

DOROTHY A. ELVIDGE



Julius Rosenwald Fund RURAL SCHOOL

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO PROGRAM

To

Miss Grace Tistje West Georgia College Genole, Georgia Payment Voucher No. 5055

Date

May 29, 1941

Council mity

Comptroller

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with trip to Nashville to attend Rural Council meeting - - - - - - \$55.60 (560 miles @ 6¢)

Ck.#25112

AM

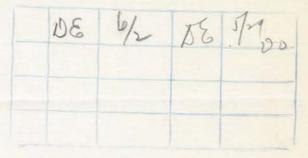
Accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credi
Rural School Administration - Travel	40-10	\$53.60	
			12

Carroll County Public Schools

J. H. MCGIBONEY, SUPERINTENDENT

CARROLLTON, GA.

May 28, 1941



Miss Dorothy A. Elvidge Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Dear Dorothy Elvidge:

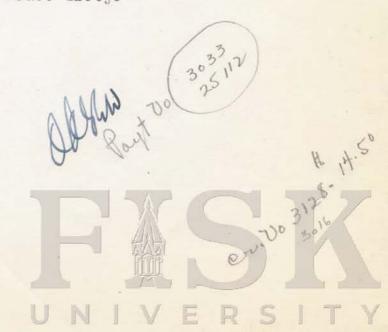
I did not figure my trip at 6¢ per mile. I did not know that we were to be reimbursed at that rate. The amount of mileage was 560 miles at 6¢. This makes \$33.60. I am returning the check which you mailed me.

Do plan to come to see us some time.

Sincerely yours,

Grace Tietje

GT mrt Enclosure



FORM 123

Julius Rosenwald Fund RAL SCHOOL 4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO

From

Miss Grace Tietje

Credit Voucher No.

3128

Date

May 29, 1941

To cancel check #25095 issued on voucher #3016 - - - - -\$14.50

Accounts Debit Appropriation No. Credit Rural School Administration - Travel 40-10 \$14.50

Prepared By

Checked By

Posted By

TEACHERS COLLEGE
COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY
NEW YORK

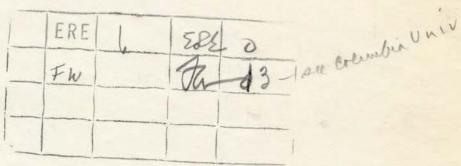
RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

Coun mity

June 4, 1941

Mr. Edwin R. Embree Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Ill.

Dear Mr. Embree:



I want to express my appreciation for the opportunity to participate in the meetings of the Rural Council. I found all the sessions worthwhile and met for the first time a number of first-rate men and women. I think I tend to judge the value of a conference for me by the discovery of able persons at work in important fields.

You were quite right in ending the meeting as you did.

I more than half agreed with you and yet I felt a very strong impulse when it suddenly struck me in the course of Mr. Beatty's remarks that we had proceeded through our several days of meetings almost completely without reference to such tremendous factors as the labor movement and the evermore ominous international scene. I began to wonder whether a sense of "practicality and realism" which I had felt so strongly was really that, or whether we had actually avoided the major problems of our generation, taking refuge in the details of immediate preoccupation. Had we after all been realistic?

I like your suggestion that you and Fred and others whose counsel you respect may want to take this and related questions for further consideration.

Yours sincerely, Goodwin Halson

gw;ad

JANIVERSITY

RURAL SCHOOL

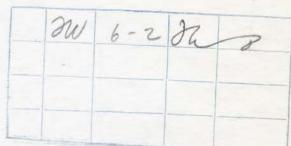
FISK UNIVERSITY OF SOCIAL SCIENCE NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

CHARLES S. JOHNSON DIRECTOR Council my

May 28, 1941

Mr. Fred G. Wale Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

My dear Mr. Wale:



I am very glad that the notes of the Council on Rural Education have reached you; and I hope that they have some usefulness to you as a sort of record of the interesting and rapidly moving Council discussions. In all fairness to the recorders, I should say that the notes were kept by three of our Fellows and one graduate student. You were correct about the young woman recording in the group, to the extent that she had the fullest record, and was the one who checked on details for all of the recorders, in order to insure accuracy.

I thank you for your note about the session itself. I got a great kick out of it; and both Mrs. Johnson and I enjoyed especially having you for a little while at least divorced from the work of the Council.

With best wishes,

Singerely yours,

Charles S. Johnson

csj-p



Julius Rosenwald FundRURAL SCHOOL

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO

Payment Voucher No. 5071

To

Miss Josie B. Sellers

Fessenden Academy

Martin, Florida

Date

June 10, 1941

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with attending Rural Council meeting held in Nashville - - - - - \$34.55



Ck.#25154

Accounts		Appropriation No.	Debit	Credi
Rural School Ac	iministration - Travel	40-10	\$34.55	

Prepared by Checked by Posted by AM

Hessenden Academy

AN AMERICAN MISSIONARY ASSOCIATION SCHOOL

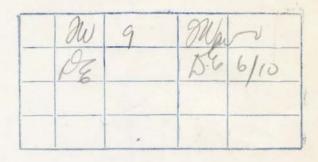
Martin, Florida

June 6, 1941

JOSIE B. SELLERS

Mr. Fred G. Wale Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Dear Mr. Wale:



I wish to thank you for the opportunity to attend the Rural Education Council meetings which were held at Fisk University in April. I am sure that it was largely due to the inspiration and information which I received at these meetings that I was able to understand and do something about some of the intricate problems which had developed at Fessenden in our so-called functional educational program during my absence.

Below is a statement of my expenses which I was asked to send into the office:

> Round trip Railroad fare 1.00 Taxi cab fare Room and board in Nashville 15.00

> > \$ 34.55 & Total

Sincerely yours proffy A. Elynost



Julius Rosenwald Fund

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO

To

Mr. Horace Mann Bond, President

Fort Valley State College

Fort Valley, Georgia

Payment Voucher No. 8101

Date

June 18, 1941

RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

Comptroller

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with attending Rural Council meeting held in Nashville - - - - - \$41.28

Ck.#25184

AM

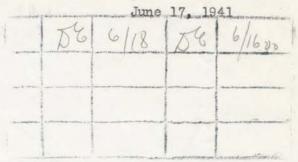
Accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credit
Rural School Administration - Travel	40-10	\$41.25	

The Fort Halley State College

Fort Walley, Ceorgia

Miss Dorothy Elvidge The Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois.

Dear Miss Elvidge:



In examining my accounts, and finding myself unaccountably strapped at this season, I have found a partial explanation in not discovering in my files any reference to the expense account for the trip to Nashville to attend the meeting of the Rosenwald Rural Council from April 29-May 30.

I submit herewith such a statement. I did also participate in Dr. Johnson's Institute held at that time, but he explained that there was no fund upon which he might call for meeting this expense.

EXPENSE ACCOUNT - ATTENDANCE ON ROSENWALD RURAL COUNCIL MEETING, APRIL 29-MAY 3

I had no expenses in Nashville, aside from those listed, as I lived with friends.

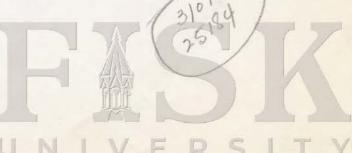
Thanking you for your kindness in this matter, I am,

Sincerely,

No Ma Boud

H. M. Bond,

President.



John A. Elmos

Tuskegee Institute

TUSKEGEE INSTITUTE, ALABAMA

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT November 10, 1941

Miss Dorothy Elvidge Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

My dear Miss Elvidge:

Will you kindly advise me when the Rural Council will meet and where? I would appreciate receiving this information at your early convenience in order that I may clear my calendar.

Very truly yours,

T. D. Patterson

President

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7gw		Tup	14	
		1		- /

RURAL SCHOOL
PROGRAM

(Council NOT)

November 14, 1941

Dear Doctor Patterson:

I am sorry that I cannot

give you any information

as to the time and place of the Rural Council this year. As you know, previous to last year we have met in the early part of January. We have not decided on the date this year, but I believe it will be some time in March. As soon as definite plans are made, I shall let you know.

Sincerely,

FRED G. WALE

FGW:RW

Dr. F. D. Patterson Tuskegee Institute Tuskegee Institute, Alabama



Same letter to: Willard Beatty

3 mg on the

Willard Beatty Charles Johnson Mark Ethridge RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

Charles Smith, Southeastern Cooperative League
A. D. Stewart, Farm Security Administration, Little Rock
Carleton Washburne

(Council Mtg)

December 31, 1941

Dear Goodwin: Recently Mr. Embree and I have been thinking together of the work in rural education of the Julius Rosenwald Fund during this present emergency and the immediate post-war period. We have thought it well to postpone our annual rural council meeting this year and in its place invite a committee of nine to meet with us over a week end in Chicago. Here we would consider our present program, the wisdom of expansion of curtailment, and proposals for greatest effectiveness during the next few years.

Would you be able to meet with this group Saturday and Sunday morning, February 7 and 8, or February 14 and 15? Which dates would be preferable?

The Fund will, of course, carry your travel and living expenses.

Sincerely,

FG#:R#

FRED G. WALE

Mr. Goodwin Watson Teachers College Columbia University New York City



SOUTHEASTERN COOPERATIVE EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

AFFILIATED WITH THE COOPERATIVE LEAGUE OF THE U. S. AL SCHOOL

CARROLLTON, GEORGIA

PROGRAM

January 2, 1941

Mr. Fred G. Wale Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois.

Dear Fred:

Of course I'll be delighted to meet with your committee in Chicago. At this point I see no reason to prefer either of the two dates. Just let me know which is selected, and I will adapt my schedule accordingly.

Sincerely,





RURAL SCHOOL LOUISIANA EDUCATIONAL SURVEY COMMISSION PROGRAM BATON ROUGE

January 2. 1942

Coun Mtg

SURVEY OF ELEMENTARY AND
SECONDARY SCHOOLS

CARLETON WASHBURNE, DIRECTOR EDWARD A, MCLELLAN, ASSISTANT DIRECTOR LOUISE BEADLE, ASSISTANT VON NELLE MCLELLAN, SECRETARY

ROOM 203, LAW BUILDING LOUISIANA STATE UNIVERSITY BATON ROUGE PHONE 4781, EXTENSION 355

JOHN M. FLETCHER, CHAIRMAN 1220 HENRY CLAY AVE. NEW ORLEANS

MRS. PAUL A. BLANCHARD, SECRETARY
4548 VANDERBILT DRIVE
BATON ROUGE

COMMISSIONERS

E. R. KAUFMAN DR. J. G. YEARWOOD DR. PAUL M. HEBERT MRS. FAGAN COX

> Mr. Fred Wale Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Dear Fred:

Two of Turning

Thank you for your letter of December 31. I would suggest that the meeting be February 14 and 15 since I have to be in Winnetka for a school board meeting on the 16. The fact that the fund would be paying my expenses to this committee meeting would save the kitty of the survey fund my round trip cost, and that would be a distinct advantage considering the fact that the kitty is getting a little low; furthermore, I would rather not make two trips up to Chicago in February because of the heaviness of my work during that month in getting my final reports ready.

Cordially,

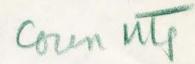
Carleton Washburne

CW/vm



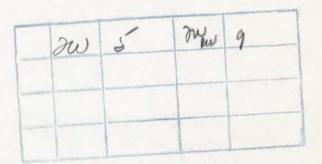


The Courier-Lournal The Louisville Times



LOUISVILLE, KY. January 3, 1942

Mr. Fred G. Wale Director for Rural Education Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois



Dear Mr. Wale:

It will be impossible for me to be there to attend the meeting on February 7 or 8 as I already have an engagement to preside over a dinner here.

I am not quite certain about February 14 or 15. As you may know, I am Chairman of the President's Fair Employment Practice Committee and I have to make all of my engagements around that committee. I won't know until after the middle of January what my February plans are.

Sincerely yours,

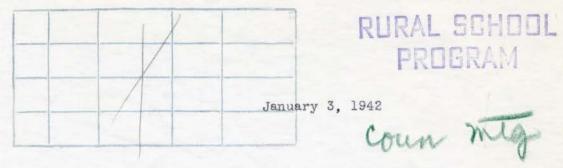
Mark Ethridge.

ME:kc



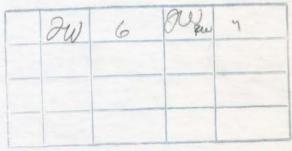
FISK UNIVERSITY
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SCIENCES
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

CHARLES S. JOHNSON DIRECTOR



Mr. Fred G. Wale Director for Rural Education Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Dear Mr. Wale:



I have your letter of December 31st regarding the usual Rural Council meeting, and I am quite agreeable to a meeting with a smaller group. The dates February 7th and 8th would be preferable but I could arrange to meet on either of the dates mentioned.

I have been planning to ask you if you would be willing to let us have the value of your reaction to our findings in the Louisiana study as we develop suggestions for recommendations. The truth is that the extremely brief time limits allowed prevent the kind of analysis that we would like to give to our field observations. We are expected to have our full report completed by the end of January. Do you think you would find it possible or interesting to do this?

With best wishes

Sincerely yours,

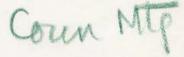
aries S. Johnson

csj-p



TEACHERS COLLEGE COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY NEW YORK

RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM



160	\$W	g	Dupu 9

January 5, 1942

Dr. Fred G. Wale Director for Rural Education Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Dear Fred:

The opportunity to meet again with you, Mr. Embree, and the others interested in rural education is extremely attractive. As you may know, for the past month or so I have been working with the F.C.C. in Washington, with a responsibility for analyzing foreign broadcast material. I can, however, get away for Saturday and Sunday, either February 7 and 8, or February 14 and 15. The one catch is that I would probably have to travel by plane in order to miss as little Washington time as possible. Would this be acceptable?

Sincerely yours,

gw; mwa.

Lookevin Walson



DW 7 DW, W

UNITED STATES

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

WASHINGTON

Sow My

Mr. Fred Wale,
Julius Rosenwald Fund,
4901 Ellis Avenue,
Chicago, Illinois.

JAN -5 1942

Dear Fred:

I believe that it will be entirely possible for me to meet with your group either the week-end of the 7th and 8th or of the 14th and 15th. It is, of course, possible that present plans for transferring the Indian Office out of Washington may result in our being in a state of transition on the first of the two dates. We do not know at this time where we will go or when. I think, however, you may disregard this in making your plans.

Sincerely,

Willard W. Beatty, Director of Education.

Willard Wiecelle

FASK UNIVERSITY

RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

Coun mtg

January 7, 1942

Dear Doctor Johnson: I am glad you will be able to come
to our February meeting. I am not
sure yet of the date, but it looks as though it will
probably be the second week end. I shall let you know in
a day or two.

I would be delighted to look
through the findings of your Louisiana study. I am not sure
that I will be of any help in evaluating them, but I certainly would like to see them.

Sincerely,

FGW:RE

Dr. Charles S. Johnson Fisk University Nashville, Tennessee FRED G. WALE





RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

Coun MIS

January 8, 1942

Dear Willard: It is now evident that the second week end, February 14 and 15, is the time most convenient to all members of the group meeting here next month. Attached is a list of those who will attend the meeting.

Our proposed schedule for the week end will be to meet promptly at nine thirty Saturday morning, lunch here at the Fund at twelve thirty followed by a short period of relaxation, such as bridge or a documentary film, to convene again at two o'clock and adjourn at five. Sunday a single intensive session, ten to one.

If you are coming to Chicago on a Friday sleeper from the East, you would be advised to get off at a south side station and go to Shoreland Hotel where you would have time to register before the norming session began. If you would like a hotel reservation, or a Pullman or plane reservation from Chicago, let met know and I shall be glad to make them. If it is more expeditious for you to travel by plane, this will be agreeable to us.

Sincerely,

FGW: RW

FRED S. WALE

Mr. Willard Beatty Office of Indian Education Department of the Interior Washington, D. C.



- 1. Charles S. Johnson, Head, Department of Social Sciences, Fisk University, Nashville, Tennessee.
- Carleton Washburne, Superintendent of Schools, Winnetka, Illinois.
- 3. Mark Ethridge, Vice-president and General Manager, The Courier-Journal, Louisville, Kentucky.
- Goodwin Watson, Teachers College, Columbia University, New York City.
- Willard W. Beatty, Director of Education, Office of Indian Affairs, Department of the Interior, Washington, D. C.
- 6. A. D. Stewart, Regional Director, Farm Security Administration, Little Rock, Arkansas.
- 7. Charles M. Smith, Field Secretary, Southeastern Cooperative League, Carrollton, Georgia.
- 8. Edwin R. Embree, Julius Rosenwald Fund.
- 9. Fred G. Wale, Julius Rosenwald Fund.



RURAL SCHOOL

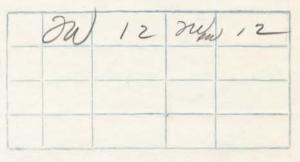
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FARM SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

Donaghey Trust Building Little Rock, Arkansas

JAN 9 - 1942

Mr. Fred G. Wale Director for Rural Education Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois



Dear Mr. Wale:

This replies to your letter of December 31. I shall be delighted to attend a meeting of a committee of nine men some designated week end in February at which time consideration will be given to your present program, the wisdom of expansion or curtailment, and proposals for greatest effectiveness during the next few years.

I would prefer meeting in Chicago on February 14 and 15 however, I can arrange to attend the meeting on February 7 and 8 if the other dates are not satisfactory.

Sincerely yours,

a. D. Slewart

A. D. Stewart Regional Director

UNITED STATES

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

WASHINGTON

JAN 14 1942 Rev 19

Count

Mr. Fred Wale,
Julius Rosenwald Fund,
4901 Ellis Avenue,
Chicago, Illinois.

Dear Fred:

I see no reason why February 14 and 15 should not be satisfactory as I stated earlier. I shall probably go by the Capital Limited, arriving Saturday morning, and returning Sunday night. I would appreciate it if you would make a reservation for me at the Shoreland Hotel on this understanding.

It may appear desirable for me to go on to Chicago a day or two earlier to confer with Warner, Redfield, and one or two others of the University of Chicago group who are cooperating with us in a study of Indians. If so, I shall notify the Shoreland to extend my reservation forward.

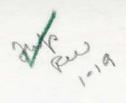
Sincerely yours,

Willard.

Willard W. Beatty, Director of Education.

> FINSK UNIVERSITY

Show of the same o



RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

Coun my

January 14, 1942

Dear Mr. Ethridge: We all hope very much that you can come to the conference on rural education which we are calling for February 14 and 15. It occurs to me that if you can come to this meeting we could have at the same time a meeting of the committee, of which you are chairman, on the opportunities of the Fund in interracial relations. We need a meeting of that committee as soon as convenient, and if you can be in Chicago on February 14 and 15, I shall get hold of the other members of the committee for a meeting some time during that week end.

Very truly yours,

EDWIN R. EMBREE

ERE: RW

Mr. Mark Ethridge The Courier-Journal Louisville, Kentucky



CROSS REFERENCE RECORD

FIRM NAME OR SUBJECT.	RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM COUNCIL MEETING	FILE NO.
DATE 1-15-42 REMARKS	Mr. Ethridge says he is not certain whether he can attend the conference or not!	
SEE	ROSENWALD JULIUS FUND (TRUSTEES MEETING)	FILE NO.
DATE		SIGNED

FILE CROSS REFERENCE RECORD UNDER NAME OR SUBJECT LISTED AT TOP OF THIS SHEET, AND IN PROPER DATE ORDER.
THE PAPERS REFERRED TO SHOULD BE FILED UNDER NAME OR SUBJECT LISTED UNDER "SEE"





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FARM SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

Donaghey Trust Building Little Rock, Arkansas

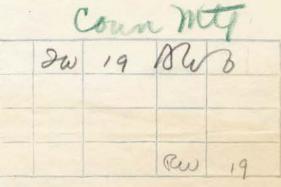
RURAL IN REPLY REFER TO R6-ADS

JAN 16 1942

PROGRAM

Mr. Fred G. Wale Director for Rural Education Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Dear Mr. Wale:



I have your letter of January 12 in which you advise that the second week end, February 14 and 15, is the time most convenient to all members of the group meeting in Chicago.

I plan to leave Little Rock by train at 3:00 p.m. Friday, February 13, and will arrive in Chicago at 7:45 the next morning. It is my plan to get off the train at a south side station and go directly to the Shoreland Hotel as is indicated in your letter. My pullman reservations will be arranged from this office.

May I request that you please make a reservation for a room at the Shoreland Hotel.

Looking forward with pleasure to seeing you and meeting with your group, I am

Sincerely yours,

a. D. Slewart

A. D. Stewart Regional Director

FASIK UNIVERSITY CLASS OF SERVICE

This is a full-tate Telegram or Cablegram unless its deferred character is indicated by a suitable symbol above or preceding the address.

WESTERN 1201 UNION (13)

R. B. WHITE NEW PRESIDENT CHAIR

NEWCOMB CARLTON CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD J. C. WILLEVER

1201 SYMBOLS

DL=Day Letter

NT=Overnight Telegram

141 - Overnight Lelegram

LC=Deferred Cable

NLT=Cable Night Letter

Ship Radiogram

The filing time shown in the date line on telegrams and day letters is STANDARD TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is STANDARD TIME at point of destination

CBD62 17 DL=LOUISVILLE KY 7 1045 A

EDWIN R EMBREE=

ROSENWALD FUND 4901 ELLIS AVE=

PROGRAM
Commander

NEWYORK MEETING ON FIFTEENTH. APPROVE DAVIS PROPOSAL.

REGARDS=

MARK ETHRIDGE.





RURAL COMODL PROGRAM

NOTES ON THE COMMITTEE OF NINE MEETING February 14 and 15, 1942.

(oun mtg)

There was much discussion during the two days of the direction of the Fund's interest. The group generally agreed with present emphasis, and under Carleton Washburne's constant urging turned its attention a number of times to the opportunity for assistance at a first-class graduate school in the South.

A number of points were made during the two-day meeting. The following four stand out as the greatest contributions.

1. A graduate school. Washburne came north from his Louisiana study convinced that somewhere in the South there should be a graduate school of outstanding quality, such as does not now exist. He plugged hard for Tulane but was pretty well slapped down on this by several of the people present.

The chance of establishing such a school at various places was discussed in some detail. With the deanship of the school of education at Peabody currently open, it seemed to a number of us that this was an opportunity, and indeed, subsequent to the meetings, efforts have been made to call Garrison's attention to top candidates, particularly Washburne. This may be slightly naive, however, in the light of the fact that Peabody is so frightened of taking a position that it will not allow a regional conference of the Progressive Education Association to come on its campus.

There was some thought about the University of North Carolina and Carson Ryan, and some discussion of the opportunity that would come to the University of Georgia should "good government" return to the state. At one period in this discussion A. D. Stewart pressed hard for consideration of Mississippi State. Later we got the impression he agreed that this institution could not qualify in the lists of our thinking.

2. A second consideration kept bobbing up during the two days, sponsored, as I recall it now, primarily by Goodwin Watson. It was what he called "areas of influence in the South". He contributed to the present direction of work in teacher education and wanted to know if we could move in with added momentum in three of these areas. As he named them they were



- a. Civilian defense
- b. Federal and state offices, particularly such important programs as the Farm Security Administration, Bureau of Agricultural Economics, TVA, Rural Electrification Administration.
- c. Labor organization. The challenge the CIO has thrown to the South, the present direction of the Farmers Union, more correctly known as the Farmers' Educational and Cooperative Union. Watson insisted that faculty members at all institutions ought to be more aware of the program of these three groups, believing that when their work was thoroughly known and understood education would support rather than fight them. Somewhere in this discussion A. D. Stewart stepped in to state very flatly the close relationship between the FSA and the Farmers Union (documentation that the Farm Bureau would love to get its hands on), and declared that in Mississippi the lines were drawn pretty closely. He named Judge Morgan Stevens of Little Rock as the directing influence of the Farmers Union in Mississippi.
- 3. Dr. Charles Johnson introduced with pungent stories the need for attack on what he called "natural resources front". The theme of his argument was that the South was an untapped area of natural resources. No individual and no group of individuals were trying to interpret this wealth of material to the young people of the South. He argued for a "southern Woods Hole", not meaning, of course, a biological laboratory but a research center from which a stream of material would flow, dramatically told and simply presented. He emphasized with sharp illustration the great contrast between the words the youngsters knew and used and the words in the books, the experiences they lived and the ideas that came out of the texts.

As I recall it, Goodwin Watson picked up from here and tried to nail the Johnson recommendation to the table. In something like the following order he brought out discussion on these points:

a. To do this job it would be necessary to engage a writer who could use research and call in an illustrator. On the spur of the moment Watson suggested five points



that this person would have to bear in mind:

- (1) Is the material he is working on needed?
- (2) Is it up-to-date?
- (3) Is it in the stream of the language and understanding of the locality?
- (4) Is it graphically presented?
- (5) Is it material that stimulates action?
- b. The group now, with some prodding, brought out the following names:
 - (1) Helen Campbell; suggested by Goodwin Watson.
 - (2) May Justus; suggested by Charles S. Johnson.
 - (3) Mrs. Grant (CSJ)
 - (4) Mrs. Helen Whiting (CSJ)
 - (5) Mark Adams (FGW)
 - (6) Ed McClelland; suggested by Carleton Washburne.
 - (7) Sam Mimms; suggested by Charles Smith.
 - (8) Lillian E. Smith and Paula Snelling (CSJ)

Willard Beatty thought the sort of person we should look for is a top ranking American columnist.

c. Watsowne thought there were a number of ways we could stimulate the production of this material, written, graphic, etc. But the way he seemed to favor the most was through a number of workshops. He suggested that six small workshops be established, each to be made up of six to eight people and to be held in the heart of an area that had previously been determined as one that should be brought before the attention of the people.



I suppose an example of this would be to drop six people into Knoxville for a couple of months with an automobile that would carry them over the TVA area; to set another six down in Little Rock to investigate the growth of the Farmers' Educational and Cooperative Union in Mississippi and its tie to the FSA; to spot another six, say, in Greene County to study the FSA at first hand; to put six more down in the middle of Birmingham to analyze the work of the CIO in an industrial southern area; and so forth.

This committee would be commissioned to do the following:

- (1) Prepare material which could be placed in the elementary schools as supplementary reading.
- (2) Collect study packets for all-age groups, which would include graphic material on the problem, such as FSA photographs, government pamphlets, Georgia fact finding studies, all designed, of course, to meet the age level aimed at.
- 4. The committee of nine seemed to be generally in disagreement with the announcement by the officers that the rural council probably would not be held this year. Again Watson came to the debate, arguing that in addition to the college people represented on such a council there should be included leaders from the following:
 - a. The Farmers Union.
 - b. The CIO, southern branch.
 - c. Government leaders from such programs as FSA, REA, TVA, etc.
 - d. Cooperative enterprises.
 - e. Civilian defense representatives.

I remember on this particular subject Beatty was rooting hard to get trustees included, feeling that they were in crucial places. He was all out for the education of the trustee, but in general didn't seem to win the group over to his way of thinking.



RURAL SCHOOL

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FARM SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

Donaghey Trust Building Little Rock, Arkansas Cour MAPEREFER TO RESEARCE

FEB 1 8 1942

Mr. Fred G. Wale Director for Rural Education Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois Dw 20 Dwp 0

Dear Mr. Wale:

There is attached an itemized statement of expenses incurred in my travel to and from the conference in Chicago on February 14 and 15.

The conference was very refreshing to me. While I was not able to make a large contribution to the discussion it was indeed encouraging to know that leading educators of the country are thinking in terms of progressive education. It is my firm belief that education will be the medium through which the problems of low-income farmers are solved. Any educational program that effects the solution of these problems must be built around the problems of the people.

I shall look forward to a visit from you and Mr. Embree sometime in the near future.

Sincerely yours,

A. D. Stewart Regional Director

a. D. Steward

Enclosure

THE SITY

FORM 121

Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO

Journal Voucher No. 2538

Date February 19, 1942

	9	our my				
	Explanation			Appropriation No.	Debit	Credit
Rural Schoo	l Administration	- Travel		41-6	\$15.00	
Appropriati					\$1 5.00	
Food	ing Capital Cont. for Lunches					\$15.00
Cost of and Sund	ay, February 14	uncheons on Satur & 15 to Rural	rday			
Prepared By	Checked By	Posted By	R		S	

RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

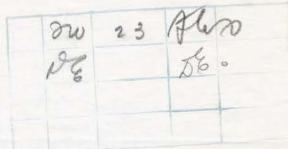
Coun Properties Coun Properties Nashville, Tennessee

CHARLES S. JOHNSON

February 20, 1942

Mr. Fred Wale
Julius Rosenwald Fund
4901 Ellis Avenue
Chicago, Illinois

Dear Mr. Wale:



You were wiser than I knew when you made an expense draft for me apparently in excess of actual transportation costs. As it happened, the plane which I was to take, and for which you had provided a ticket, was grounded and it became necessary suddenly to arrange for train accommodation directly to Philadelphia. I had to purchase a train ticket on the Broadway limited. In Philadelphia I presented the ticket at the office of the United Airlines, and because it was issued on script received the enclosed receipt instead of a refund. The Airline will, I understand, credit the Fund to the amount of this ticket. I am thus in position to note the expenses closer to the emergency fund provided under the somewhat unusual circumstances.

Your meeting was, to me, a very good one and revealed the value of occasional small discussion groups. As I have thought over the two days, many of the by-paths that seemed at times casual and only mildly related to the central problem have gathered themselves into a general direction, and something approaching a whole. I hope the discussions yielded enough enough meat to be justified as an aid to your own thinking on the problem.

With best wishes,

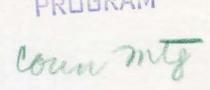
Cordially yours,

Charles S. Johnson

csj-p



RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM



February 23, 1942

Dear Mr. Stewart: I want to thank you for putting aside for a week end the many matters that press you, and giving us your time so generously. Mr. Embree and I feel that the conference we had together was of great value. I am hoping that it may be the beginning of similar ones to follow.

Sincerely,

FRED G. WALE (1)

FGW:RW

Mr. A. D. Stewart Farm Security Administration Little Rock, Arkansas



February 23, 1942

Dear Willard: Thank you a lot for taking time out of a busy schedule to be with us last week end. It was a very helpful meeting. Mr. Embree and I feel there are several points we will move forward on with confidence. The week end went much too quickly. I wish there had been more time and that we could have seen more of one another.

For yoursake I hope the Indian service stays in Washington. For ours I hope it moves out here. Do drop by when you come through Chicago again. I enjoyed our visit in the office on the one occasion when we had an opportunity to chat.

I have just talked with Dorothy concerning the honorarium sent to you last fall. She says the amount was smaller than the minimum which we are required to report to the Collector of Internal Revenue and therefore no record has been made to them of this payment, which places before you the decision as to whether you think it necessary to declare it. Furthermore, she says she believes the additional grant which comes this spring is in the nature of a fellowship and therefore not taxable. Does this answer your query? If not, drop me a note.

I have given your statement of expenses to Dorothy and a check will go to you immediately.

Sincerely,

FGW:RW

Mr. Willard W. Beatty 202 North Trenton Arlington, Virginia FRED G. WALE,

Julius Rosenwald Fund Tund 56H 00L

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO PROGRAM

To

Mr. Willard W. Beatty Office of Indian Affairs Department of the Interior Washington, D. C. Payment Voucher No. 4265

Date February 24, 1942

Coun my

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred on trip to Chicago to attend conference on rural education, February 14 and 15 - - - - - \$ 76.37

Ck. #26494

Accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credi
Rural School Administration - Travel	41-6 V	\$ 76.37	
			9:
			75

Prepared by

Checked by

Posted by

Comptroller

UNITED STATES

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

7W

WASHINGTON

Coun

February 19, 1942.

Mr. Fred Wale. Julius Rosenwald Fund. 4901 Ellis Avenue. Chicago, Illinois.

Dear Fred:

I enjoyed very much the discussions which we had last week-end at Chicago. I hope they proved helpful to your group. I am submitting the following list of my expenses.

Railroad fare -

Atlantic City to Chicago to Wash. \$55.71 Pullman 8.51 \$76.37 pc. fund Set Durch Cabs Meals Tips

I signed at the hotel according to Mr. Embree's instructions which covered my room for two nights and one meal, and I assume that the office took care of my Pullman back to Washington.

DOROTHY A FLYINGS I am still wondering why you suggested that I pick up the train at 95th Street instead of 63rd.

Sincerely yours,

Willard W. Beatty. Director of Education.

* +265

Julius Rosenwald Fund RURAL SCHOOL

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO PROGRAM

To

Mr. Charles S. Johnson

Fisk University

Nashville, Tennessee

Payment Voucher No.4264

Date February 24, 1942

Coun my

Comptroller

Reimbursement of travel expenses incurred on trip to Chicago to attend

conference on rural education, February 14 and 15 --- \$ 110.59

Less - Advance ----- 100.00

Ck. #26493

DAE

Accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credit
Nural School Administration - Travel Forking Capital Control - Advance for Travel	41-6	\$110.59	\$100.00
		\$ 10.59	
			K

STATEMENT OF EXPENSES

In connection with the Conference on Rural Education at the office of the Julius Rosenwald Fund scheduled for February 14, 1942.

Note: The circumstances of my schedule on this occasion made it necessary for me to go to Chicago from New York and return to Philadelphia instead of from Nashville to Chicago and return to Nashville. Also, a special time factor made it necessary to take a plane in order to reach Chicago on the early evening of February 13th. The expense statement therefore reflects these emergencies.

Transportation from hotel to New York airport \$1.80 Plane fare from New York to Chicago 44.95 Tax 2.25 Taxicab fare from Chicago airport to hotel 2.00 Living expenses, two days 10.00 Taxicab fares, Chicago 2.20 Railroad fare, Chicago to Philadelphia (Broadway Limited extra fare) 35.18	5
Tax	0
Taxicab fare from Chicago airport to hotel	
Living expenses, two days	
Taxicab fares, Chicago	0
	0
Limited extra fare)	8
Pullman fare 8.51	1
Train meal 1.50	0
Gratuities 1.50	0
Taxicab fare in Philadelphia, station to hotel	0

Received from Fund CASH 100.00

DIFFERENCE\$ 10.59

Received from Fund plane ticket, not used because weather conditions prevented

flight. Receipt for ticket turned in to United Airlines

attached.

* 12/6/1/0/3

Otto

Charles S. Johnson

DOROTHY A. ELVIDGE

February 20, 1942

Julius Rosenwald Fund

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO

To

700

Mr. A. D. Stewart

Farm Security Administration

Little Rock, Arkansas

Payment Voucher No. 4263

Date February 24, 1942

RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

Coun mitg

Reimbursement of travel expenses incurred on trip to Chicago to attend conference on rural education, February 14 and 15 ---- \$55.60

Ck. #26492

DAE

Accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credit
Rural School Administration - Travel	41-6	\$55.60	

STATEMENT OF EXPENSES FROM LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS TO CHICAGO, ILLINOIS AND RETURN - FEBRUARY 13-16, 1942.

A. D. STEWART, REGIONAL DIRECTOR, FARM SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

2/13	Left Little Rock, Arkansas at 3:00 p.m.
	Traveled on Missouri Pacific Railway
2/14	Arrived at Chicago, Illinois at 7:45 a.m.
2/15	Left Chicago, Illinois at 6:40 p.m.
2/16	Arrived at Little Rock, Arkansas at 10:40 a.m.

Ticket from Little Rock to Chicago and return	\$33.34
Pullman (Both ways)	9.46
Tips to porters	1.00
2/13 - Dinner	1.25
2/14 - Breakfast	1.10
Lunch - no charge Dinner	2.00
Taxi from station to hotel	1.40
Taxi from hotel to conference	.50
2/15 - Breakfast	1.15
Dinner	1.65
Taxi from hotel to station	1.40
2/16 - Breakfast	.95
Taxi from station to office	.40
Total	\$55.60

4263

All. DOROTHY A. EINMAR

FASITY
UNIVERSITY

CROSS REFERENCE RECORD

FIRM NAME OR SUBJE	CT RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM COUNCIL MEETING FILE NO.	
	(VOUCHERS)	
DATE 2-27-42 REMARK	Payment voucher 4300 in payment of	
	hotel expenses of A. D. Stewart - \$5.10; Charles M. Smith - \$10.70; W. W. Beatty -	
	\$10.71.	
Company of the Compan		
CEE	SHORELAND HOTEL	
SEE	SHORELAND HOTEL FILE NO.	
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SEE	SHORELAND HOTEL FILE NO.	
DATE		
	SHORELAND HOTEL FILE NO. SIGNED	

FILE CROSS REFERENCE RECORD UNDER NAME OR SUBJECT LISTED AT TOP OF THIS SHEET, AND IN PROPER DATE ORDER.
THE PAPERS REFERRED TO SHOULD BE FILED UNDER NAME OR SUBJECT LISTED UNDER "SEE"



Julius Rosenwald Fund

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO

To

Dr. Goodwin Watson

c/o Wiss Mary W. Allen Secretary to Dr. Watson

Teachers College, Columbia University

New York City

Payment Voucher No. 4350

Date March 17, 1942

RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

Council Note
(vo)

Reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in connection with

rural council meeting held February 14 and 15 - - - - - \$67.57

Ck.#26597

Accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credit
Rural School Administration - Travel	41-6	\$67.57	

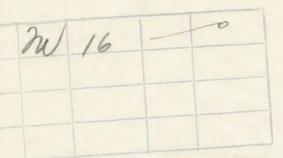
Prepared by

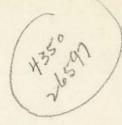
Checked by

Posted by

Comptroller

TEACHERS COLLEGE COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY NEW YORK





March 13, 1942

Mr. Frederick Wale Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Dear Mr. Wale:

In response to your letter to Dr. Watson of March 6, following is his expense account for the weekend conference of the Julius Rosenwald Fund: DOROTHY A. ELVIDOR

\$48.74 Railroad 12.18 Pullman Meals 4.25 Taxis &

Carfare 2.40

Total

Very truly yours,

Secretary to Dr. Watson

mwa



Julius Rosenwald Fund

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO

To

Dr. Carleton Washburne

520 Glendale Avenue

Winnetka, Illinois

Payment Voucher No.

4372

Date March 23, 1942

PROGRAM

Reimbursement for travel expenses in connection with

attending Rural Conference held at the Fund - - - - - - - 54.10

Ck.#26619

accounts	Appropriation No.	Debit	Credi
Rural School Administration - Travel	41-6	\$4.10	

Prepared by Checked by Posted by

Comptroller

J' med' Dres Washburne meen the Rural Conference held here at the Fund a few mecks ago? LNIVERSTY



STATE OF LOUISIANA LOUISIANA EDUCATIONAL SURVEY COMMISSION BATON ROUGE

Winnetka, Illinois March 18, 1942

SURVEY OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS

CARLETON WASHBURNE, DIRECTOR EDWARD A. MCLELLAN, ASSISTANT DIRECTOR LOUISE BEADLE, ASSISTANT VON NELLE MCLELLAN, SECRETARY

ROOM 203, LAW BUILDING LOUISIANA STATE UNIVERSITY BATON ROUGE PHONE 4781, EXTENSION 355

JOHN M. FLETCHER, CHAIRMAN 1220 HENRY CLAY AVE. NEW ORLEANS

MRS. PAUL A. BLANCHARD, SECRETARY 4548 VANDERBILT DRIVE BATON ROUGE

COMMISSIONERS

E. R. KAUFMAN DR. J. G. YEARWOOD DR. PAUL M. HEBERT MRS. FAGAN COX

> Miss Dorothy Elvidge The Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

Dear Miss Elvidge:

I never billed you for my trip to Chicago in connection with the Advisory Committee. My airplane trip was charged on your account and was not to be charged against the Survey, since the trip was for the Advisory Committee. In addition to the airplane the expenses amounted to a total of \$4.10 -- trips to and from airports, tips, etc. This does not come out of Survey money, so if you want to send me a check in that amount, I'll be glad to get it.

May I tell you what a pleasure it has been to deal with you on the Survey matters? You have always been so prinpt and considerate in your handling of the finances that we always felt good when we saw a letter was from you.

Cordially.



Julius Rosenwald Fund

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO

To

Mr. Charles M. Smith

Southeastern Cooperative League

Carrollton, Georgia

Payment Voucher No.

4112

Date

April 1, 1942

RURAL SCHOOL PROGRAM

Ok.#26704

41-6 \$64.45	
	41-0 \$04.40

Prepared by

Checked by

Posted by

Comptroller

scea

SOUTHEASTERN COOPERATIVE LEAGUE

AFFILIATED WITH THE COOPERATIVE LEAGUE OF THE U. S. A.

CARROLLTON, GEORGIA



March 25, 1942

00 26 AW 0 06 DE 4/1

Mr. Fred G. Wale Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Ill.

Dear Fred:

Now that the wolf is howling outside my door, at long last I get around to giving you a statement of my expenses on the Chicago trip:

Travel \$51.00
Meals 9.60
Misc. 3.85
\$64.45

Thank you for the note with its enclosures. Glad you liked the County Times write-up. Things here are moving very well indeed, in my estimation. The co-op program seems to have met with a very good reception.

Cordially,

Charles M. Smith

DOROTHY A. ELVIDGE

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JASIK UNIVERSITY