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FILE CROSS REFERENCE RECORD UNDER NAME OR SUBJECT LISTED AT TOP OF THIS SHEET, AND IN PROPER DATE ORDER. THE PAPERS REFERRED TO SHOULD BE FILED UNDER NAME OR SUBJECT LISTED UNDER "SEE"

YAWMAN AND FRBE MFG.O.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.



FORM NO. 099CR

Who Kembrete: -

hosefly the so for an INTERNATIONAL OFFICE FOR EDUCATION Chairman DR. HARLOW SHAPLEY Harvard College Observatory Vice Chairmen JAMES MARSHALL New York City Board of Education MONSIGNOR GEORGE JOHNSON Catholic University of America SYLVAN L. JOSEPH Former Regional Director O.P.A. OWEN D. YOUNG General Electric Company Chairman, American Youth Commission DR. SAMUEL MCCREA CAVERT Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America CHARLES JOHNSON
Grand Secretary, Grand Lodge of the Free & Accepted
Masons, New York MRS. HENRY A. INGRAHAM President, The National Board Young Women's Christian Associations of the United States of America Executive Secretary American Labor Conference on International Affairs HENRY I. HARRIMAN
New England Power Association
Vice-Chairman, American Youth Commission MRS. RUTH BRYAN ROHDE Former U. S. Minister to Denmark Dr. WILFRED PARSONS, S.J. Catholic University of America ELBERT D. THOMAS Senior U. S. Senator from Utah JOSEPH CLARK BALDWIN Congressman, New York DR. LOUIS FINKELSTEIN President, Jewish Theological Seminary of America Dr. REINHOLD NIEBUHR Union Theological Seminary CLINTON GOLDEN Congress of Industrial Organizations MISS SELMA M. BORCHARDT American Federation of Teachers DEAN GRAYSON M. KEFAUVER Leland Stanford University Chairman, International Education Assembly

DR. ALFRED SIMPSON

MISS BESS BLOODWORTH

WILLIAM L. WHITE Author

DR. KARL MENNINGER

A. PHILIP RANDOLPH

DR. HENRY A. ATKINSON Church Peace Union

DOROTHY CANFIELD FISCHER

LOUIS ADAMIC Author

MARK STARR

Harvard Graduate School of Education

DR. ALEXANDER J. STODDARD Superintendent of Schools, Philadelphia, Pa. Chairman, Educational Policies Commission

Educational Director, International Ladies Garment Workers Union

Member, Women's Advisory Committee to War Manpower Commission

J. RAYMOND WALSH
Director, Department of Education & Research
Congress of Industrial Organizations

Menninger Sanitarium, Topeka, Kansas

International President, Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters

Is this anything in N which the J.R.

und might be wither-

1944 Estels? I camot

Mr. Lessing Rosenwald. Jenkintown, Pa.

taker ou additional commitments

Dear Mr. Rosenwald:

THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

135 WEST 44TH STREET NEW YORK 18, N. Y.

The American Association for an International Office for Education is an organization of individual Americans, many of them associated with important national organizations and all of them active in public life. The group has constituted itself as a Committee to serve a specific purpose:

To carry on an educational program all over the country through media, organizations and with individuals so that there will be a public understanding for, and sympathy with, the establishment of an International Office for Education as a potentially important instrument to promote mutual understanding and peace among the peoples of the world.

This Association is operating primarily in the field of the general lay There are a number of groups workpublic. ing towards the same end within the educational, pedagogical fields. Their purpose is to enlist general support for the proposal, but that purpose is supplementary to enlisting the thinking and the collaboration and participation of educators. Those groups know of and, in the main, approve of this Committee which has primarily a different function, namely, to have the average American support this enterprise. It generally felt that the usefulness of an International Office for Education would be immeasurably greater if its purposes and procedures were known to the broad public. So long as education is the prerogative of professional educators only, its wider meaning and value are reduced.

Specifically, the American Association

is laboring towards a pledge on the part of our government to participate officially in such an International Office. Towards that end, support will be secured for such congressional resolutions as may be necessary to put the United States on record in favor of the establishment of an International Office for Education.

The Association has not ventured to develop any plan for the specific structure or activities of an International Office for Education. Such a structure and such activities will be determined by the accredited representations of the various governments delegated to establish an International Office for Education.

The purpose of the American Association is purely educational in order to bring about public support for our Government's participation in an International Office for Education.

Once the establishment of an International Office for Education is secured, the function of this Association may well be ended. At the present time, it is contemplated that the Association will disband. In any event, the question of its continuance will be dealt with in due time and will depend entirely upon the need for sustaining public interest in an International Office for Education.

The Association consists of its members and officers as listed. Individual Americans are invited to support this enterprise by joining as sponsors and by contributing to the cost of the educational campaign.

The work of the Association is to spread a knowledge of the objectives through all of the normal channels of public media and organizational institutions. A systematic effort is being made to advocate the establishment of an International Office for Education through press and radio and by enlisting the endorsements and pledges of support from leaders of American public opinion and from individual Americans through their civic, religious, commercial, labor and other normal forms of organization.

To help in its program, the Association is issuing an International Office for Education bulletin and will, as the occasion offers, produce and disseminate other literature on the subject.

An estimate of budgetary needs indicates that this effort can be carried on at a cost of, minimally, \$3,000. a month and up to \$4,000. a month. Since the budget is small and the activity is not expected to be permanent in character, it has been agreed that a general campaign for funds would be

inadvisable. The funds necessary must, therefore, be secured from a limited number of private citizens, conscious of the problems of the postwar world and of the immediate place in that world of a machinery for international collaboration in the educational field.

We are hoping that you will be sufficiently interested in the work we are doing to join our Association and to make a contribution. We need the assistance of people who, like you, are interested in education and who are public spirited.

With kind regards,

Junes Marshalls

JM:MS

HASIA UNIVERSITY Dear Mr. Rosenwald: Mr. Embree has asked me to write you in connection with the transfer of Sears stock to Dillard University. There is attached a copy of the resolution voted by our Trustees in March and one voted by the General Education Board on April 6.

The total due from the Fund is \$556,948.27 (of which \$56,948.27 is the balance of our old pledge for buildings or capital account). The total might be paid by the transfer of 6,000 shares of stock and approximately \$30,000 in cash. Mr. Embree feels that we should make the payment promptly, now that the conditions are finally met. On the other hand we might properly hold up transfer of stock until after the next ex-dividend date early in May. We gladly leave to your judgment the whole question of when and how to make this payment.

Yours very truly,

DOROTHY A. ELVIDGE

DAE:ejj

Mr. Lessing J. Rosenwald Alverthorpe Gallery Jenkintown, Pennsylvania

cc: Nathan W. Levin

Durand ening (aleng)

The following resolutions were approved by the Trustees of the Julius Rosenwald Fund at a meeting held March 20, 1944.

RESOLVED That the Julius Rosenwald Fund hereby pledges to Dillard University
Six thousand shares (6,000) of the capital stock of Sears, Roebuck
and Co., or Five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) in cash. In
the event that the market value of 6,000 shares of such stock on
the date of delivery should exceed \$500,000, this pledge may be
satisfied by the delivery of such lesser number of shares as shall
have a market value on the date of delivery of \$500,000, or cash
and stock to an aggregate value of \$500,000. This pledge shall
become binding only under the following conditions:

- 1. If from this and other sources good and acceptable pledges are received for a total of Two million five hundred thousand dollars, or if income which, capitalized at the rate of three and a half percent per annum, would represent a capital endowment of Two million five hundred thousand dollars; it being understood that this condition shall be regarded as fulfilled if the General Education Board recognizes such fulfillment as meeting the conditions of its pledge of Five hundred thousand dollars toward this endowment campaign.
- Unless the conditions as set forth in paragraph one above are met by December 31, 1944, this offer shall lapse.

RESOLVED That, if the endowment campaign is successful as outlined in the preceding resolution, the Julius Rosenwald Fund agrees that the balance then remaining (now \$56,948.27) in its appropriation for capital account of Dillard University (#3031-4) be made available, on the basis of the existing fiscal conditions, for temporary endowment rather than for buildings if so requested by the Trustees of Dillard University.

UNIVERSITY

At the meeting of the General Education Board held April 6, 1944, the officers submitted the action by the Board of Trustees of Dillard University at its meeting on March 16, 1944, which reads as follows:

American Missionary Association in a resolution on December 7, 1942 and the Board of Education of the Methodist Church in a resolution on May 22, 1942 have stated their purpose to pay to Dillard University the balance of sums originally pledged by them for permanent improvements, against which the General Education Board made pro rata payments under its appropriations voted November 21, 1929 and June 2, 1930, and have expressed their willingness to have such sums added to permanent endowment and considered a part of the \$3,000,000 endowment fund toward which the General Education Board on December 4, 1941, made a conditional pledge of \$500,000;

Therefore be it

RESOLVED that the Board of Trustees of Dillard University hereby instructs the officers of the University to add such sums in the amount of \$500,000, when paid, to the endowment of the University: and be it further

RESOLVED that the President of Dillard University be, and he hereby is, authorized to request the General Education Board to modify the terms of its conditional pledge of \$500,000 toward endowment by reducing the supplemental sum to be raised for endowment from \$2,500,000 to \$2,000,000.

The Trustees were informed that the addition to endowment of \$500,000 from sums originally pledged for permanent improvements would assure the University of income on the equivalent of \$3,000,000. The Board thereupon adopted an action modifying the terms of its conditional appropriation to Dillard University of \$500,000 toward \$3,000,000 for endowment by making the Board's appropriation \$500,000 toward \$2,500,000 for endowment.

FASIK UNIVERSITY

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June 7, 1944

Mr. H. G. Quariteh Wales, 17 Hibriten Drive, Asheville, N. C.

My dear Mr. Wales:

I was delighted to hear from you in your letter of June 3rd, which arrived during my absence from the city.

I am glad to comply with your request, and am herewith enclosing a letter of introduction to Mr. Edwin R. Embree.

Sincerely yours,

LJR:EW Enc.

CC - Mr. Edwin R. Embree (blind)

for ERS's auswer ere Wales, H. g. U.



Mr. Edwin R. Embree, Julius Rosenwald Fund, 4901 Ellis Avenue, Chicago 15, Illinois.

My dear Mr. Embree:

This letter will serve as an introduction to Mr. H. G. Quaritch Wales.

I have known Mr. Wales for several years, and have done business with him in connection with the purchase of rare books.

Mr. Wales has spent many years in various parts of India and the Far East as an orientalist, having made a close study of various Asiatic peoples. He has written a book, "Years of Blindness", which was published in 1943, and several articles on the problems of these peoples.

In view of your recent address to the National Conference of Social Work at Cleveland, Mr. Wales is anxious to meet you. I am sure that you will enjoy, also, meeting him.

With very kindest regards, I am, as ever,

Sincerely yours,

LJR:EW

CC - Mr. Edwin R. Embree (blind)

L N I V E R S I T Y

#### BERNARD QUARITCH LTP

DEALER IN ANCIENT MANUSCRIPTS

RARE, ARTISTIC AND SCIENTIFIC BOOKS

AND WORKS IN

STANDARD LITERATURE

AND THE PUBLICATIONS PUBLICATIONS OF LEARNED SOCIETIES

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CAIRO MUSEUM
SOCIETY OF ANTIQUARIES
HAKLUYT SOCIETY
ROYAL NUMISMATIC SOCIETY
MET. MUS. OF ART. New YORK.



DIRECTORS

F. S. FERGUSON,
MANAGING DIRECTOR
E.H. WALES
C.QUARITCH WRENTMORE
J.H. WRENTMORE
H. G. QUARITCH WALES

June 3, 1944

INLAND TELEGRAMS: 'QUARITCH, PICCY, LONDON'.

CABLEGRAMS: 'QUARITCH, LONDON'.

TELEPHONE: REGENT 0473.

11, GRAFTON-STREET,

NEW BOND STREET

LONDON-W-I.

17 Hibriten Drive, Asheville, North Carolina.

Mr. Lessing J. Rosenwald, Jenkintown, Pa.

Dear Mr. Rosenwald:

You will perhaps recall our meeting in connection with the short tour I undertook for my family firm in the fall of 1939. I write now to ask if you would very kindly give me a letter of introduction to Mr. Edwin R. Embree, the president of the Julius Rosenwald Fund. It appears to me that we definitely have aims in

common that might be furthered by the contact.

For many years I travelled and lived in various parts of India and the Far East as an orientalist, making a close study of the cultures and problems of various Asiatic peoples. Since Pearl Harbor my knowledge and experience have been directed toward ascertaining the causes of the present war with Japan and studying the possibility of averting another war with Asia during the next generation. My book Years of Blindness, published by Crowell in 1943, traced the downward trend of the white man in Asia, as I had seen it, and the upward surge of the Asiatics, struggling for freedom. It stressed the need for a changed attitude on the part of the West toward Asia. I have followed up this book with a number of magazine articles bearing on the same theme, e.g. in the current (June) issue of Free World and in the June issue of Tomorrow Magazine.

I was particularly impressed by an account of Mr. Embree's recent address to the National Conference of Social Work at Cleveland, which I saw reported in the New York Times. I noted that, in presenting the need for the recognition of racial equality as an urgent world wide question, he came to conclusions very similar to those reached by me in Years of Blindness. I feel therefore that it may be advantageous to the cause for me to get into touch with him in case there is any way in which we may be able to cooperate in the post war world. Hence I should much appreciate a note of introduction.

Sincerely yours, Albuarten Wales

H. G. Quaritch Wales



June 9, 1944

Miss Dorothy Elvidge, Julius Rosenwald Fund, 4901 Ellis Avenue, Chicago 15, Illinois.

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Dear Miss Elvidge:

Mr. Rosenwald would appreciate very much your advising him the cash position of the Julius Rosenwald Fund at the present time, so that he can determine how much cash, if any, is available for purchases of War Savings Bonds.

Many thanks in advance for your kindness in forwarding this information to Mr. Rosenwald.

Very truly yours, E. Wellens

E. Wellens, Secretary to Mr. Lessing J. Rosenwald 4360

June 12, 1944

I am attaching a statement showing estimates of expenditures

tret and Dear Mr. Rosenwald: at quarterly intervals for the balance of the calendar year. It looks to me as though we could spare for investment \$125,00 or \$150,000. The cash balance remaining should be sufficient to carry us to the fall meeting of the Trustees, and at that time our eighteenmonth statement probably will show the need for an additional sale of stock.

Yours very truly,

DOROTHY A. ELVIDGE

DAE:ejj

### JULIUS ROSENWALD FUND

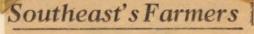
# Estimated Receipts and Disbursements

June 12, 1944

| Cash Balance, June 12, 1944              | \$369,943.25                |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Estimated Payments, June 12-30, 1944     | 68,000.00                   |
| Estimated Cash Balance, June 30, 1944    | \$301,943.25                |
| Interest payable, July 1                 | 2,900.00                    |
| Dividend - September 10                  | 12,567.00                   |
|  | \$317,410.25                |
| Estimated Payments, July, August, Septem | ber, 1944 <u>110.000.00</u> |
| Estimated Cash Balance, September 30, 19 | \$207,410.25                |
| Interest payable, December 1, 1944       | 625.00                      |
| Dividend - December 10 (@ 75¢ per share) | 12,567.00                   |
|  | \$220,602.25                |
| Estimated Payments, October, November, a | nd                          |
| December, 1944                           | 125,000.00                  |
| Estimated Cash Balance, December 31, 194 | 4 \$ 95.602.25              |
|  |                             |



Rosemvald, lesse



They Plan to Diversify, Use More Machinery In Post-War Production

Expansion Already Under Way In Plants to Process Crops Grown in That Area

Georgia Outlines Objectives

Special to THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

ATLANTA-A taste of high wartime crop prices has spurred the Southeast to seek a bigger bite of the agricultural dollar when

Farmers, food processors, agricultural economists-all are making plans wheely the nine states in this region, Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia, may expand their farming activities. Generally, their ideas fall into these classifications:

Greater production with less help. Increased machinepower, especially smaller tractors and other implements, is expected to substitute for manpower and mulepower. Farmers in Georgia, for instance, are producing far more than before the war, with 30% fewer workers. This would help offset wages which are almost triple the 1939 level.

Diversification of products. There's a growing emphasis on livestock and feed crops and away from cotton which long has been the income producer. Farmers in this area are raising more chickens, too. Thurman Sensing of Nashville, director of research for the Southern States Industrial Council, says the South needs a bigger output of oats, corn, wheat, barley, rye, Irish potatoes, wheat flour and cereals, apples, dried or evaporated fruits, onions, dried beans, peas, butter, cheese, eggs, fresh meat.

"Vertical" diversification. Dr. Paul W. Chapman, dean of the Georgia State College of Agriculture, says that southeastern farmers too long have been encouraged in horizontal diversification and what they need is vertical diversification -the processing as well as the growing of crops.

This "vertical" diversification already is under way.

Peanut Butter Producer

Almost a year ago, for instance, Ed. Stevens, president of the Dawson (Ga.) Cotton Oil Co., built a small plant in the small, lazy town of Dawson, for the manufacture of peanut butter. His business philosophy: Make as good a grade of peanut butter as possible and sell it for a very small margin of profit. Please turn to page 4, column 1

EALL STREET JOURNAL

Edwin R Endres

# Southeast's Farmers Plan to Expand And Use More Machinery After War

Continued from First Page

The result is that since he began production in May, 1943, under the name of Cinderella Foods, Inc., he has expanded the plant three times. Mr. Stevens says that "from the best information I can obtain Cinderella Foods is today the second largest producer of peanut butter". Georgia, of course, is the country's largest producer of peanuts.

Georgia is about to get into another food processing industry, too, it is learned. Although the South consumes nearly all the hominy grits in this country it imports the packaged product from other states. Now, however, a grits-manufacturing plant is planned for Georgia.

Poultry Dressing Plants

The establishment in northern Georgia of several poultry dressing and packing plants is another development. Latest is the Wilson & Co. plant which opened at Cumming, Ga., last March. During the past two or three years added income from broiler-growing has enabled hundreds of Southern farm families to renovate their properties, bring electricity to their homes.

The first large scale development in the broiler industry began in Forsyth, Hall, White, Lumpkin and Dawson counties. In this area approximately 20 million broilers a year are being produced. Some poultrymen now turn out 100,000. Hatcheries in the Gainesville area have a capacity of 8,000,000 chicks. There are four dressing plants in Hall County which can dress up to 15,000 broilers daily.

The South is beginning to make its sweet potato pay bigger dividends, too. Two experimental plants for the dehydration of this food, for cattle, are under construction. Several years ago a plant for the manufacture of starch from sweet potatoes was established at Laurel, Miss. For years Japan had been making this product.

#### Pimiento Pepper Industry

The development of the pimiento pepper industry is another example. Just about 25 years ago, Georgia farmers began growing pimientos. Today this state is the leading source of pimiento peppers. Processing plants have sprung up to handle them.

So far, food dehydration plants that have a capacity of 20-tons-a-day or more have been established in more than a dozen southeastern cities. In addition, the War Production Board headquarters in Atlanta has on file applications from 21 other plants in this area.

What will become of these dehydration plants after the war is one of several problems being studied by a special committee on post-war marketing and distribution problems in the Southeast, W. F. Elliott, Atlanta, chief of the program analysis and appraisal division of the War Food Administration's Office of Distribution, is chairman. This group also will look into the question of developing markets in areas where military installations have encouraged a big increase in food pro-

duction. Other subjects for the committee are the guidance of frozen food plants, which got off to a late start in the South, and the development of more processing plants.

Georgia Agriculture Commissioner's Program Independent of this program, Georgia's Commissioner of Agriculture, Tom Linder, has announced a series of objectives for this state. The chief ones, which are equally applicable to other parts of the Southeast, are:

Development of air transportation for getting perishable fruits and vegetables to northern and eastern markets in prime condition

A foreign market for cotton. Increased tobacco acreage. Development of redrying plants and

Development of redrying plants and tobacco storage warehouses.

Establishment of a large distributing market in the District of Columbia, to give farmers direct connection with northern and eastern consumers.

The fact that cotton is still the South's biggest money-making crop is evidenced by wartime income figures; cash farm intake from cotton in 1943 is estimated at \$668 million in the nine southeastern statees, compared with \$264 million in 1939.

The rapidly upswinging value of southern livestock, on the other hand, is ample proof that the farmers in the cotton-conscious South are turning to other crops. The farm value of cattle and calves had risen from the 1933-1942 average of \$203 million to \$533 million on January 1, 1944; in the same period the value of hogs and pigs increased from \$61 million to \$150 million and chickens were up from \$40 million to \$104 million.

War taught the Southeastern farmer that he could get along with less help and still produce more. Despite the drain of farm labor to war industries and, to some extent, to the armed forces, the Southeast last year turned out a close to record crop and livestock yield.

While the farm population of the Southeast has been whittled away since 1940, from 44% of that area's total population to 37% in 1943-44, it is still well above the national average. The farm population in the United States as a whole during 1943-44 was 25.2 million, 20% of the country's 127.3 million civilians. Farm residents in the Southeast in 1940 accounted for 10.4 million of its 23.8 million people; by 1943-44 this was down to 8.6 million farm people out of 22.9 million southeasterners.

FASIK

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A. N. WILLIAMS

NEWCOMB CARLTON

J. C. WILLEVER FIRST VICE-PRESIDENT

1206

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"Answer by WESTERN UNION"
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Send the following message, subject to the terms on back hereof, which are hereby agreed to



TELEGRAM .

November 8, 1944

Mr. Lessing Rosenwald
Jenkintown
Pennsylvania

No hard feelings but Illinois looks better than Pennsylvania today.

Edwin R. Embree

ERE: SO



November 21, 1944

Dear Mr. Rosenwald: I have the honor to inform you that at the meeting of the Trustees of the Julius Rosenwald Fund held on November 20, 1944, you were elected to serve for the year 1944-45 as chairman of the Board of Trustees, and as treasurer of the Fund. You were also elected chairman of the Finance Committee, the other members of which are A. Richard Frank and Edger B. Stern.

Very truly yours,

DAE: MM

DOROTHY A. ELVIDGE



Dear Lessing: Tell me the kind of thing that you would like to have for the analysis of the prospective life of the Fund, and I will try to work up a new statement. Then if you will help work it over, we should get an informing analysis for consideration at the spring meeting.

I do not see how we can give any very detailed financial estimates beyond the general statements that we gave in the last docket. We know our fixed appropriations and the balance that we have in clear assets beyond all present commitments. We also know that it will cost about \$200,000 a year to run the central functions of the office, including fellowships. The rate at which we make further commitments depends upon action by the Trustees from time to time, and the point we have been stressing is that this is a poor time to try to draw up a schedule of prospective grants in so rapidly shifting a scene as race relations. Furthermore, the assets of the Fund may vary widely depending on how much we may get from the outstanding Trusts, which involve slightly over 6,000 shares of Sears stock.

However, the present job is to get up as informing a statement as we can. I'm mighty glad you're willing to help us prepare it.

I am starting tomorrow on a little errand for the State Department in Haiti. I'll be back around Christmas. Meantime if you want any facts and figures, Dorothy Elvidge can give them to you with her well-known accuracy.

Very truly yours,

ERE: MM

EDWIN R. EMBREE



November 22, 1944

Dear Lessing: That was one of the best meetings
the Fund has ever had. The discussions
of the rural school program seemed to me especially
stimulating. We all welcome your suggestion of a two-day
meeting in the spring. We usually meet early in April.
I guess the exact date and place may better be left for
decision after the first of the year.

Leonard Rieser reported your generous suggestion about the salaries of Dorothy Elvidge and me. We were both entirely content with the proposed revision in the retiring allowances, and had not thought of any adjustment in salary. In fact, had we been allowed at the meeting, I think we would have spoken and voted against the salary changes. But what are we against so many!

Thanks for your attitude and for the Board's action.

Very truly yours,

ERE: MM

EDWIN R. EMBREE



Dear Lessing: While it is still a long time before the spring meeting of the Rosenwald Board, I would like to get started on a statement concerning the prospective life of the Fund. I know you have ideas as to the kind of statement that should be made, and I remember that you did not think the statement in the November docket covered the case satisfactorily.

Would you let me know the kind of statement that you think we should make. I shall welcome suggestions in as much detail as you care to make. I am anxious to present a document that will give the most useful information for action by the Trustees.

My greetings to you and yours, and all best wishes for the New Year. I am just back from a brief trip to Haiti. I think we were able to put in a few good licks for the interesting educational program in that country. And in the course of it, we certainly had a grand time.

Sincerely yours,

ERE: MM

EDWIN R. EMBREE



January 15, 1945

My dear Edith: Thank you for sending the note about the use of Negro nurses in the armed forces. We have been plugging on this for several weeks. It seems ridiculous to talk over having to draft nurses when there are so many qualified and ready to serve if they were accepted. As you may have seen, the Army has recently announced that it is prepared to take nurses on an unsegregated basis, but so far they have accepted very few. Your note inspires us to still more vigorous efforts with the War Department, the Navy, and the White House.

Please thank Lessing for joining you in greetings and tell him while I am glad to have the greetings, I would still rather have some suggestions on the life of the Fund item for our next docket.

Very truly yours,

ERE: MM

EDWIN R. EMBREE

Mrs. Edith Rosenwald Alverthorpe Gallery Jenkintown, Pennsylvania p.s: Herewith an editorial that Marshall Field put in this morning's Chicago Sum to push the matter along.

E. R. E.



tin.

Philadelphia

Few Negro Nurses

N. J. Nelson

Our country needs nurses very badly. I am sure every nurse who knows the agony and suffering of the sick, if she is in a position to go, is only too glad to go anywhere to help our boys.

Maybe it isn't their fault if they are not in there pitching. Out of 9,000 colored nurses only 300 have so far been accepted and assigned to colored soldiers in an all-Negro hospital. Why

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surely re

less that For in did not word an stamps

can't they also help our own boys? I am sure my son who is fighting somewhere in France or Germany, would not object to relief of suffering by a colored hand.

Fifteen colored doctors finishing their internship have received notice that the Army had all Negro doctors it needs. This doesn't make sense to Equal Rights

Philadelphia

w:

w Y

ERE 15 PRS 15 ALVERTHORPE **JENKINTOWN** PENNSYLVANIA Dean Edwin-His beller Sent in to the Bulletin seemed worth sending on to you. I'm only sorry in isut Signed NIVERSITY Lessing jours me in sending freetings With Foreural UNIVERSITY Edwin R. Embree President Dorothy A. Elvidge

Secretary and Comptroller



# Julius Rosenwald Fund

4901 ELLIS AVENUE CHICAGO 15, ILLINOIS Will W. Alexander Charles S. Johnson Directors for Race Relations

Fred G. Wale Director for Rural Education

William C. Haygood Director for Fellowships

January 19, 1945

Dear Mr. Rosenwald: You will remember that, at the last Fund meeting, Mark Ethridge outlined proposals for a meeting of southern editors and publicists to discuss the poll tax and other obstacles to full participation in democratic government in the southern states. The meeting was called and financed by the Louisville Courier-Journal. The Fund agreed to pay the costs of preparing and distributing factual material produced by the participants in the conference. This distribution is now going forward through several southern agencies.

I think the Trustees will be interested and gratified at the enclosed copy of a front page story in the Atlanta Constitution of January 13. Stirred by the interest and momentum generated by the Atlanta conference, it looks as though Georgia might act to abolish the poll tax in the very near future.

Very truly yours,

ERE:MM Enc.

Mr. Lessing J. Rosenwald Alverthorpe Gallery Jenkintown, Pennsylvania Functions

Kudrot regards

FASIK

#### Front Page Story in Atlanta Constitution January 13, 1945

GEORGIANS WILL BE POLL TAX-FREE BY 1946, ARNALL SPOKESMAN SAYS By M. L. St. John

By the end of this year, Georgians will be voting without paying poll taxes, an administrative spokesman has flatly predicted.

He disclosed that another poll tax abolition measure will be introduced in the general assembly next week, giving legislators three avenues for killing the tax on voting.

The new bill would tack a referendum on a measure for outright repeal of the poll tax. The spokesman, who declined to permit use of his name, said he hardly believed any legislators would oppose "a measure to let the people vote on whether the poll tax shall be continued as a voting pre-requisite."

Already before the senate is a bill for outright repeal of the poll tex. Debate is expected on the senate floor next week. Senate Pres. Frank Gross and Sen. Roy McGinty probably will take the floor to uphold abolition of the tax.

Under consideration of a house committee headed by Rep. H. C. Arnall are two poll tax measures. One would permanently exempt war veterans from paying the poll tax. The other would abolish the poll tax for all persons. Both bills were introduced by Rep. Ben Fortson Jr.

It was learned that the 37-year-old Arnall has abandoned plans announced six weeks ago to sponsor a year-long study by southern leaders of the merit or demerit of the poll tax. This decision caused his recommendation to the legislature earlier this week that such a study be made by the assembly itself.

A source close to the Governor said the speed of recent developments on the issue had resulted in his change of plans.

UNIVERSIT

Dear Lessing: It is getting toward the time when we should decide on the spring meeting of the Fund Trustees. You will remember that we agreed to have a two-day meeting, and to hold it someplace in the East. I imagine weekends are most convenient for our busy group. Would the weekends of April 7-8 or April 14-15 be agreeable to you? I am sending a similar inquiry to Mrs. Roosevelt. If we can find a date agreeable to you two, I would feel like regarding it as a definite appointment, hoping Vthat the others could arrange their time to suit. Some of the Chicago people have suggested Atlantic City as a place where we might be more quiet than either New York or Washington. Have you any fixed ideas or prejudices as between the possible eastern sites?

This gives me an excuse to raise with you once more the question of the docket item concerning the life of the Fund. My rememb@rance is that you agreed to help prepare that item, but I haven't been able to get any word from you by letter in spite of my wistful appeals.

Very truly yours,

ERE: MM

EDWIN R. EMBREE





Edwin R. Embree President

Dorothy A. Elvidge Secretary and Comptroller

# Julius Rosenwald Fund

4901 ELLIS AVENUE CHICAGO I5. ILLINOIS

Will W. Alexander Charles S. Johnson Directors for Race Relations

Fred G. Wale Director for Rural Education

William C. Haygood Director for Fellowships

February 20, 1945

in the East

Dear Lessing: I

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meeting of the Fund Trustees. You will remember that we agreed to have a two-day meeting, and to hold it someplace in the East. I imagine weekends are most convenient for our busy group. Would the weekends of April 7-8 or April 14-15 be agreeable to you? I amsending a similar inquiry to Mrs. Roosevelt. If we can find a date agreeable to you two, I would feel like regarding it as a definite appointment, hoping that the others could arrange their time to suit. Some of the Chicago people have suggested Atlantic City as a place where we might be more quiet than either New York or Washington. Have you any fixed ideas or prejudices as between the possible eastern sites?

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ERE:MM

Mr. Lessing J Rosenwald Alverthorpe Gallery Jenkintown, Pennsylvania

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Thru, Kuidrst

FI Smarks.

LESSING J. ROSENWALD

ERE 5 GNA TENKINTOWN, PA.

March 1, 1945

My dear Edwin:

Dr. Burton P. Fowler, Principal of Germantown Friends School, called me today and asked me if I would aid him in obtaining you as a speaker at the School on Saturday night, April 28th, at the close of the Centennial Celebration there.

My daughter Janet has been attending Germantown Friends School, and this is my particular reason for endorsing Dr. Fowler's request.

I understand you expect to be in the East at about that time, and if this is the case and if you are so inclined, I think it would be very nice for you to talk at this meeting. If you decide in the affirmative, we will be very glad to put you up while you are in Philadelphia.

As ever,

Yours,

Mr. Edwin R. Embree, Julius Rosenwald Fund, 4901 Ellis Avenue, Chicago 15, Illinois. alverthorpe

|   | ERE | 5       | SRS | 7 |               |
|---|-----|---------|-----|---|---------------|
|   |     |         |     |   | March 2, 1945 |
| - | De  | ar Edwi | .n: |   |               |

Would you be able to send me a few statistics on the subject of Negro nurses in the Army and Navy?

Mrs. Curtis Bok and I are considering helping the Mercy Hospital to raise a
Scholarship Fund or it may even be money
to be used for a Nurses' Home. I realize
with the tremendous shortage of trained nurses
all over the country, even the civilian
hospitals will use these trained people,
but we will surely be asked to what extent
the Army and Navy is utilizing their services.
The only word I have on it is that the Army
has taken around 300 and the Navy none
from that group.

Thanks for whatever information you can send me.

Sincerely,

Mrs. Lessing J.

Rosenwald

Mr. Edwin Embree 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

FASK

March 7, 1945

Dear Lessing:

It was shrewd of Burton Fowler

to get the chairman of my Board

to second his invitation. The combined pressure compels me, and I have agreed to speak at the centennial celebration. I hope I may have some things to say about education that will be worthy of the occasion.

Very truly yours,

ERE: MM

EDWIN R. EMBREE



Dear Edith: In response to your note of March 2, it seems to me so important to have an official statement from the Army on their nursing personnel that'I have asked friends in Washington to try to get very definite information from official sources. This is promised within the next two or three days. I am sending this note now so that you will know that the matter is in process. I can answer right now for the Navy, namely, that there are no Negro nurses in their personnel. I am afraid the record for the Army will be not much above the figure that has been given you.

Very truly yours,

ERE: MM

EDWIN R. EMBREE



ERE The Philadelphia County Medical Society Ul Edwin Earbres. A Component of The Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania and of the American Medical Association PHILADELPHIA - 3, PA. Quela a departure from the ROY W. MOHLER, M.D. HENRY G. MUNSON, M.D. LEWIS C. SCHEFFEY, M.D. J. ALLAN BERTOLET, M.D. CHARLES L. BROWN, M.D. Vice-President Secretary President President-Elect Treasurer WILLIAM F. TRWIN Telephone: Executive Secretary RITtenhouse 1374 March 20, 1945 serioned P To the Members of the Philadelphia County Medical Society: The Board of Directors of the Philadelphia County Medical Society feels it desirable to report to you on a decision it has taken with regards to a matter of vital importance to the medical profession in metropolitan Philadelphia. The medical profession realizes it must, for its own protection against radical measures, support voluntary non-profit prepaid insurance plans for the distribution of the costs of medical care. This is evidenced by the fact that in 1939 the Medical Service Association of Pennsylvania (MSAP) was sponsored

by the State Medical Society.

Your Board of Directors has given serious consideration to the problem as it effects metropolitan Philadelphia. It is satisfied that the local Blue Cross organization, with the public confidence it has built up through its 700,000 subscribers in this area, offers ready-made facilities and advantages which might be well utilized. Even if MSAP were to open up offices here immediately, it would not be reasonable to expect of it achievements comparable to those of an organization so well established.

A law to permit the inclusion of medical services in the Blue Cross plans is being introduced in the State Legislature. This act, if passed, will expressly give physicians on the Blue Cross Board exclusive control over all medical phases of the insurance contract. This legislation will not affect the operation of MSAP anywhere in the State.

After careful study and deliberation your Board of Directors is satisfied that the proposed legislation is to the best interest of both the physician and the public. It also has the support of the Blue Cross.

Your Board of Directors believes sincerely that this plan will bring credit to the medical profession and will provide a satisfactory solution of the problem in a manner which may well be followed in other sections of the country.

Sincerely yours,

Charles L. Brown.

President

By authorization of the Board of Directors.

March 30, 1945

Dear Mr. Rosenwald:

Attached is a memorandum on the life of the Fund which has been drawn up by Mr. Embree and me. I believe that it covers the end result of our conversation, although I am afraid that the presentation of the figures is not in the form you had in mind. We found, after working with the memorandum, that the items which fell into classification (a) were not readily divisible into present rates of payment and future annual rates. For example, the project for teacher education councils is a new step in the program which Mr. Wale feels is the next phase necessary to bring this work to a satisfactory conclusion. There are, therefore, no comparable figures for the current year.

We shall welcome your suggestions.

Yours very truly,

DOROTHY A. ELVIDGE

DAE:ejj



#### LIFE OF THE FUND

As of April 1, 1945, the Fund held assets totalling \$1,968,000. To this amount may be added the present market value of 6,107 shares of Sears, Roebuck and Co. stock now held in trusts, thereby increasing the total assets to \$2,595,000. Against this total there are appropriations and authorizations on our books amounting to \$530,000, leaving a free fund available for appropriation of \$2,065,000.

For the purposes of this memorandum, let us assume that the Fund will continue for three years, to June 30, 1948. Appropriations during those last years would fall in one of three general headings:

- a. Appropriations to bring present programs of the Fund to a satisfactory conclusion.
- b. Appropriations which we propose to continue annually during the remaining years of the Fund.
- c. The free funds available for general appropriation after
   (a) and (b) above have been taken care of.

Under the first classification would be (1) funds needed to complete the program of rural education (recommended elsewhere in this docket) and (2) funds that may be needed to bring to full completion other earlier programs of the Fund: Negro health, Negro universities, libraries, etc. We are studying each of these fields to see if in any cases further funds might round out these programs which were among our major interests for many years. If and as opportunities are found specific recommendations will be brought in. It seems wise to hold for possible use in such appropriations, \$100,000.



#### Rural education

| West Georgia College  | \$25,000 |           |
|---|----------|-----------|
| University of Georgia and<br>Teacher Education Councils<br>Development of Personnel | 50,000   | \$100,000 |
| To complete other earlier programs  |          | 100,000   |
|   |          | \$200,000 |

Under classification (b) would fall the following. Future rates listed below are only projections of present plans. While we are not likely to follow this schedule exactly, it does represent the present trend.

|  | Present Ra  | Annual te Future Rate                             |
|--|---|---|
| Fellowships American Council on Race Relations Bureau for Intercultural Education Southern Regional Council Race Tensions - Reporting Service Various current appropriations in Race Relations (Urban League, N.A.A.C.P. | \$ 75,000<br>50,000<br>25,000<br>32,500<br>17,000<br>etc.) 72,000 | \$100,000<br>50,000<br>25,000<br>25,000<br>20,000 |
| Studies and Special Projects in<br>Race Relations<br>Administration of the Fund and direction and  | 20,000<br>ad  | 25,000  |
| consultation services in all divisions including retiring allowances   | 131,200<br>\$422,700  | 130,000<br>\$475,000                              |

The proposed annual rate of \$475,000 for these appropriations would require \$1,425,000 to continue them through a three-year period.

From our free fund of \$2,065,000 we shall need, therefore, the following:

| 8. | to conclude certain programs of the Fund                             | \$ 200,000 |
|----|--|------------|
| b. | to continue other programs of the Fund<br>through its remaining life | 1,425,000  |
|    | free funds available for general appropriation                       | 440-000    |

\$2,065,000

Edwin R. Embree President

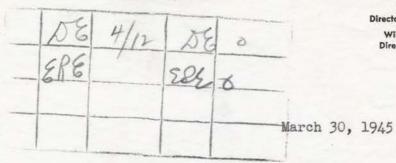
Dorothy A. Elvidge Secretary and Comptroller

## Julius Rosenwald Fund

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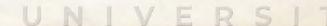
|   | Present Rate     | Annual<br>Future Rate |
|---|------------------|-----------------------|
| Fellowships American Council on Race Relations  | \$ 75,000        | \$100,000<br>50,000   |
| Bureau for Intercultural Education  | 25,000           | 25,000                |
| Southern Regional Council Race Tensions - Reporting Service   | 32,500<br>17,000 | 25,000                |
| Various current appropriations in<br>Race Relations (Urban League, N.A.A.C.P.,<br>Studies and Special Projects in | etc.) 72,000     | 100,000               |
| Race Relations Administration of the Fund and direction and consultation services in all divisions                | 20,000           | 25,000                |
| including retiring allowances   | 131,200          | 130,000               |
|   | \$422,700        | \$475,000             |

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|----|--|-----------------------|------------|--|
| b. | to continue other program<br>through its remaining |                       | 1,425,000  |  |
|    |  |                       |            |  |
| C. | free funds available for                           | general appropriation | 440,000    |  |

\$2,065,000



| ERE | 18 | 1282 O          |                |
|-----|----|-----------------|----------------|
| DI  |    | LESSING J ROSEN | -              |
|     |    |                 | April 16, 1945 |

Dear Edwin:

I think it would be fitting to present resolutions regarding the President's death to Mrs. Roosevelt.

Would you be kind enough to prepare such resolutions to be read at the meeting next Saturday?

Kindest regards.

Sincerely yours,

Mr. Edwin R. Embree, Julius Rosenwald Fund, 4901 Ellis Avenue, Chicago 15, Illinois.



May 10, 1945

Dear Lessing: This note is by way of official reminder that you agreed to speak to the publisher of the Philadelphia Bulletin about wider coverage of Negro participation in the war effort. Mr. Field and Mr. Ethridge have done a great deal on their own papers and have exerted influence on a number of other journals. Very often this sort of thing can be accomplished most effectively by a direct talk with a key publisher. The Bulletin covers so wide an audience in the Philadelphia region that its influence is unusually important.

I had a very good time at the Germantown Friends School. Certainly this is a grand school and a remarkable parent group.

It seemed to me that our board meeting was unusually satisfactory. I was disappointed at the small attendance of trustees, but those present certainly held up the high standard of discussion and action.

Very truly yours,

ERE: SO

EDWIN R. EMBREE



ERE ERG. Mr. Embree: Mr. Rosenwald would appreciate very much your having think you will find it self-explanatory. the attached handled. Thank you very much. E. Wellens, Secty. 5/14/45

Mr. Benjamin H. Dyshel, 408 West Olney Ave., Fhiladelphia 20, Pa.

My dear Mr. Dyshel:

Mr. Rosenwald wishes to thank you for your letter of May 11th, relative to your proposal for distribution of literature on Negro history among Negroes.

Although he appreciated very much your thought in writing to him about this matter, Mr. Rosenwald is sorry that it is not a project which he could undertake as an individual. He is forwarding your letter to the Julius Rosenwald Fund in Chicago for consideration of your proposal, and is sure that you will hear from them very soon.

Very truly yours,

E. Wellens, Secretary to Mr. Lessing J. Rosenwald

CC - Julius Rosenwald Fund (blind)



408 W. Olney ave - 20-Phila 5/01/45 W. Please write Jam forwarding Mr. Lessing J. Posenwald. to J.R. Fund as this is not a matter in which I could undertaker as an that I write you because of your interest in Hegro Dear Mr. Posenwald: among Hegroes of have developed what I am told is a movel means of stimulating the habit of reading in the people. This can be done then the distribution of the high points of 4 egro History in installments, over a period of one year! Because Hegro History is not freely available to the people, it can contribute much towards creation of a sense of pride, which in turn will encourage the descre for self-education so freely available in literature. I have created considerable interest in the project and its possibilities locally. It was endough last Monday by the Phila. Conference of Beptist Ministers and will be presented to the Methodist and a. My. E. le ouferences. The church acceptance is mentioned because it is the most desirable means for broad distribution Because I would like to enlist your interest I am wondering whether you might find time to see me at your con venience. Thank you Very sirend Johnson Jenjamin Al Dyshel

May 17, 1945

Dear Mr. Dyshel: Mr. Lessing Rosenwald has forwarded your letter of

May ll on to me. The best suggestion I can make is that you continue to work directly with the church boards. As you doubtless know, the American Missionary Association of the Congregational Churches is very active in interracial affairs. That organization, or other church groups, would seem to me to be the best agencies and sponsors of the interesting work you have in mind.

Very truly yours,

EDWIN R. EMBREE

ERE: SO

Mr. Benjamin H. Dyshel 408 West Olney Avenue Philadelphia 20, Pennsylvania



Edwin R. Embree President

Dorothy A. Elvidge Secretary and Comptroller

# Julius Rosenwald Fund

4901 ELLIS AVENUE CHICAGO 15. ILLINOIS

Will W. Alexander Charles S. Johnson Directors for Race Relations Fred G. Wale Director for Rural Education William C. Haygood Director for Fellowships

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Very truly yours,

ERE: SO

Mr. Lessing J. Rosenwald Alverthorpe Gallery Jenkintown, Pennsylvania

I spoke to Dick Slocum Manager of The Bulletin