P.S. In 1934 I earned a degree from Emory University which I must receive next Mon., June 8th. HOTEL STATLER ST. LOUIS
I can call Dixon's office, of the fan reach me
650 ROOMS, 650 BATHS
thru Dr. Comer Woodware the dence. Maybe
you'd she with me
HOTEL STATLER
I can call Dixon's office, of the can reach me
650 ROOMS, 650 BATHS
Thru Dr. Comer Woodware
The Play with me The Boston Buesalow ed. Wire me it yand like me to Plan Buttalo that way and I will all the Mom"

HOTEL BUTTALO THAT Way and I will the Mom"

HOTEL BUTTALO THAT Way and I will the Mom "

HOTEL BUTTALO THAT Way and I will the Mom "

HOTEL SYLVANW THE Measurington Avenue at Ninth and Saint Charles

NEW YORK

R. Washington Avenue at Ninth and Saint Charles

A. Walledge, Ma. MWS MILLS 5 Mergaret S. Limon 4901 Ollis ave. SIMON STUDY Chicago, Illinois taxy Plan Wear Margot: letter of the 1st Came this moin ing. I have just written, The College of Marleston, making definite arrangements to margot, I think jut will be better for all of my is we merely that the Third is helping ond my summer school expense, since this was mentioned in the office at Chicago. I feel that our Financial affairs should be, as con-Fidential da pressible. I don't like for the community to know any thing they Can't altogether sunderstand, So I have said that the thing is helping on summer selved. I that the thing is helping on summer 29 the. I told there may 29 the. I can that more about this tracking I see you I can that more about this tracking I see you. P.S. They would make me the spokes man-yesterday at the County Commissioners meeting. They granted our request, so the equipment will be out one day soon the equipment will be out one day soon to 3 mooth out the ditches. Madison is full of good men to work with! Tomorrow the little children who are nt at work in the fields will come to the school for a play day . We shall spend thege early part picking up rocks off the ground. A community recreation leader from Athens will be here. Ispent Sat. A.M. + P.M. with them at a training conference, trying to see whether they have what we need at Fair Play. School bldg, about three miles from here, to house the cannery. Its the one the county gave us last June, when Mrs. Grady Adair talled me back from home to get towork for our school project. July

LIN-BY ERSITY

Puttlege Framans Club supper. One leading Pu ledge mother ask me if it would be possib for her to start her son to achool to me in help. The way beginning and the is anxious that the tient the troper train Feb. 18, 1931, NRS Jas. Symmon SIMON STUDY 1490/ Ollis art. Fan Play Chicago, Il. frekman) My dear Margot and Jim: snow, mud and solitical stewing! Honey we have had some terrible weather. I didn't take the car out of Madison until land Wed (12 th) and its been out once since. The tag came yesterday, but your Friend Jalmadge made a mistake in the no. on the registration Card, so I must not use it until the correction is made from attenda, at the state Capital Bedge are sheeping bury trying to decide an dienable lo-Catrons for Megio Dehool and our teacherage. n a few more days we shall know Rudio on Every Room.

Thuch mod than we now know regarding there. my afternoons are being spent visiting my sick children - colds and slu. He hope that this worst weather is over now. This morning I received the Progressive Ed. asin bulletin, announcing their swaram for Feb. 27-29, at the Falmer House Chicago. There seems to be considerable material bearing expecially on our work. Please look over the bulletin Jam enclosing, which we have marked. Lee whether you Leel I or think - the Fund might profitably in-West in our attending such a conferences. Falkh and Thave talked it over and believe that such discussions could be very helpful to to Juy on my college dell and to help two sisters who are now in college Jam not in position to meet the expenses of auch a suggest the Fund's paying for such. Unless you fuel, as I do, that it would greatly strengthen us for our work with the Frence, I would

have been most helpful to me even from foarding school on to the present time; and about the value of such a conference. of course, with three of our Fund, people In the program you lare no doubt Jahrahias with what they profose to do specifically on Peral Schools and Peading, for example. The could leave atlanta Hed night, arriving Chicago 2:10 P.M. Thursday, mining only two days of school here and I day of the constructed there. This letter will mot reach you before Thurs, O.M. or Fri. a. m., so let un know just as soon as you can what you would like us to do -if anything, so that we may have school next Sat, to make up one of the days we will love. The county, and its Jain Play- He, with owest, and working on that bonded school district election now. "Pop" is the leader.



March 3, 1956

Dear Ruth: Your letter and suggestion about attending the Progressive Education Association
meeting reached here in plenty of time but, as Miss Waxman
told you, there was no one here to authorize such a trip.
We returned yesterday but of course that was much too
late. I don't believe it was the kind of thing, anyway,
that would have been of particular value to you. The
best thing on the program was the speech that Mr. Sanchez
made and if you want a copy of that we can send it to
you. I am awfully sorry but I don't think you missed
much.

Sincerely, Marcaret S. Simon

MSS:JW

Miss Ruth Lockman Rutledge, Georgia

MAR 5 1936

FASIK UNIVERSITY

those you would be interested ANNUAL CONVENTION MACON, GA., APRIL 16-18, 1936 M. AMINENS PRESIDENT, DR. S. V. SANFORD TREASURER, SUPT. J. C. THOMAS Cath VICE-PRESIDENT, SUPT. J. HAROLD SAXON QUITMAN ATHENS DIRECTORS

MISS ALLIE B. MANN, PRINCIPAL GRANT PARK SCHOOL, PAST PRESIDENT, ATLANTA SUPT. WALTER P. JONES, CHAIRMAN BOARD OF TRUSTEES, MACON MRS. KATE B. BROWN, SUPERINTENDENT HERRY COUNTY SCHOOLS, MCDONOUGH SUPT. MARK SMITH, THOMASTON MR. KNOX WALKER, SUPERVISOR FULTON COUNTY SCHOOLS, ATLANTA JEORGIA OFFICIAL ORGAN GEORGIA EDUCATION JOURNAL, DUES \$1.50 SECRETARY, KYLE T. ALFRIEND 934 VINEVILLE AVE., MACON, GA. CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT VICE-PRESIDENTS ist supt. H. G. McKee, Portal 2nd Mr. J. O. Allen, Prin. High School, Alban 3rd Miss Julia Coleman, 5TH SUPT. C. J. HICKS, 8TH SUPT. G. T. REGISTER, ROCKDALE COUNTY SCHOOLS, CONYERS 6TH MRS. L. G. MOORE, SUPT. HANCOCK COUNTY SCHOOLS, SPARTA LOWNDES COUNTY SCHOOLS, VALDOSTA 9TH SUPT. A. L. BREWER, CORNELIA 7TH MR. R. L. OSBORNE, PRIN.
OLIVE SPRINGS SCHOOL, MARIETTA 10TH SUPT. J. E. OWEN,
MORGAN COUNTY SCHOOLS, MADISON SUPT., PLAINS, GA. Madison, Georgia August 14, 1936 Wiss Ruth Lockman Lake Toxaway, N. C. Dear Miss Lockman: Schools of Madison and Morgan County are to open August 31. It is necessary to open on this date in order to get in four months before Christmas. We can arrange time of opening for Fair Play to suit the convenience of our project and the community. I was in the Fair Play community this week. Italked to Mr. Gaskins about time of opening and he said it would suit them to open later as they were just on the beginning of their building program. am leaving the opening date for Fair Play with you teachers and the trustees. I know you are capable of making a summer school helpful to yourself and then even more helpful to your school and community. How I wish we had more as capable! I know you enjoyed your work there. I am trying to re-arrange our AUG 2 4 1936 transportation in the Rutledge area. I think I have it about completed in such way as to serve the people as well as in the past and at the same time save the county about \$50.00 per month. Our Negro summer school is going fine. We have two weeks after this before closing. Have a good rest then dome show the W.P.A. people how to get that building done. Sincerely,

P.S. Maybe I shall see you the 8th. It looks as though I sharit be able to get away from these parts before the second week in June. Gaskins is having so many many mage to do, that I must not leave any Jmore than sis necessary EN ROUTE S S OUR fulledge, SIMON STUDYK at Simons May 22, 1936 Fair Play
4901 Ellis are Friend From tinue
Chicago Dear Margol and June: to its reputation of getting things done. monday afternoon upon arrival, Found them cleaning the lot for. the teacherage, The Jollowing knowing ten men gold bays mored the swire I fack, trimmed the little trees and further cleaning. after stepping are clack sport of Marie 1936 Al, with great pride,

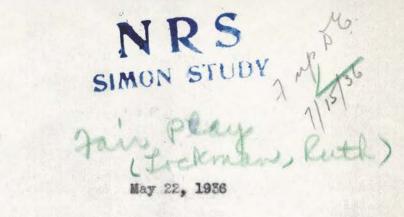
patrons to go into madison and my ask the county commissioners girled. Mrs. Stady and Fom adain went in With me. He are invited, with Mr. Sarkins, and our treasurer mis. Usher Brown to meet with the Commissioner at their regular monthly meeting June and - to present our need. all he want from them is a Course days o'llabor to build up this lot; fill in the ditches, in other Wednesday, I called on the wife of a somet governor, who lives an Monroe. The worked with miso Khepperson (Sa. State adm. P. W.A++)

her husband was governor; and therefore, can see this important. woman most any time. at this stage, we feel it important that Miss theperson and her people know Remething of Fair Plants attempts. He Jasains & Mrs. Halker and I are Calling on Mis Shefferson at 10:00 Monday. It shall attach Mrs. Walker's letter, written just before I left for chien are concerned withour ecreation programs in runal areas. I have an afforment for there in the morning - bal - to discuss Justile Jossibilities in this field.

Itell, my vento, in and, around Chicago were istraluable. I took enul notes of things to do and not to do to last a long time. It. Louis solverle were Sul morning. Visginia Stone, at the Community Schools there is a Va. woman, and essecially interested in our exteriment.

Jind is passible to enable me to further

trengthen myself for next years work. of I were teaching / college sociology, I certainly wouldn't want summer school the turt year after my masters, but believe me, I need smoll in Crimary methods line we are inviting the world to hould be at fair Play! I believe the Fund for intity a sellowship in trirther study in Pural Ed.



Dear Ruth: We are all set for next year at any rate.

And that means, of course, that we are prepared to help you with your summer work. I wonder if you could let us know pretty promptly how much you are going to need at Charleston, how much you can provide, and how much would be necessary from us?

Jim and I can't get down until the fifteenth of June and you will probably be gone, but we'll see you some time.

Very truly yours,

MS: LJ

Miss Ruth Lockman RFD #2 Rutleig, Georgia MARGARET S. SIMON

MAY 26 386



May \$6, 1936 Dear Marart: This evening in checking over my years In the second saragraph you rule to Jossible Lummer work, such as taking certain courses "any work of this kind would, of course, entitle you to a palowy, you bay. This arrangement would certainly makes a more consortable summer school exterience for me. So if it meets with the affroval of the Fund I shall be very halfy to have the six weeks salary instead of the plan any event - whether there is any June ralary. action before I go I the solary arrangement wo

be very gratiful for such an arrangement. Afor from having to go thru the files.

Linchely Mours, Pull getting men of the community to right

FSIX UNIVERSITY

Edwin R. Embree President Margaret S. Simon Secretary D. A. Elvidge

Comptroller

Julius Rosenwald Fund

4901 Ellis Avenue CHICAGO



July 23, 1935

Dear Ruth: Herewith my somewhat belated answer to your plea as to what you might expect in the way of salary next year. Of course the county will pay you the regular salary paid to the regular teachers, and you must this year take it and count it as a regular part of your salary. Now as to our part: we propose to pay you whatever sum is necessary to bring four salary plus the county salary up to a total of \$160 a month. In other words, we guarantee you a salary of \$160 a month for a nine-month period.

On this nine-month basis your summers are a very dry and arid spot. The only thing we are in a position at the moment to suggest is that it may be during the summer there will be things that we want you to do in the general line of your work. I mean, for example, there may be courses which we want you to take or there may even be the possibility that there will be opportunity for you to conduct classes in summer schools. Any work of this kind would, of course, entitle you to a salary. Things are moving along so rapidly that as far as I can see it is going to take all of us at least thirteen months out of every year, but of course we can't really say definitely how much or when we will need you in such summer work.

I wonder if you could let me know what your expectation of the county salary is? It will be a little easier for us if we can get on our records as soon as possible the amount we will be paying you next year.

Sometime I hope one of us will be able to write a letter that isn't entirely business. At any rate, I hope everything goes well with you. Your letters certainly sound chipper!

MS:LJ

Miss Ruth Lockman c/o Dr. Comer Woodward Emory University Atlanta, Georgia Very truly yours,

Dagaret Simon

MWS 5/29 VG 0 Billage, La. Lock dans Dear Margot: letter of the 22nd. Mas awaiting me last evening when I arrived. I must give, you a fries report of exectedays activities. More abready le now how important of think til is to work thru the the triple to get what is needed. Well, because mit. Clifford Walker had morde the appointment, mis shefferson received us! as this we were her intimate associates, in her concern for rural education. This made an Edeal setting for our visit. We sun had expected some ten or fifteen minutes, instead we went intal ten and left at 12:05 RM. Mon, we This Hotel is owned by The State of Georgia

an after sune 30 (and mire blusperson in on which, work will be begun. I stent fun at the rural settlement Achool, of Martha Berry Schools. This is based samewhat as aides an community needs and community resources. I drow back to allower Irom there (near Rome ta) bun. S.M., a sending the hight in attanta. Mr. Haskins drove up min. a. M. with mus. Haday adair. Mrs. Walker had fell that the Amaller the group Calling on Miss Sherperson, but I tell it would be had Julicy for me to go with Mrs. Walker without mr. Harkins. This I insisted on, and Mrs. Halker agreed but she gelt additional genous might defeat our purpose. However attle mis. again appeared mr. Halking at the bldg. where miss. Is office is, the miss. Walker and I were both a bit disturbed, we all went up together. as we sat outside miss si's done waiting, mis. W. suggested that I tell mer adair that it might slow up action a hit if to makey went in. mr. W. just fell mirs & might not tell free to ask all the questions are desired to

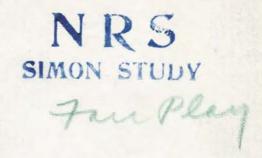
HENRY GRADY HOTEL regarding the community. Mrs. adair was cooperative, but I'm sure she could hardly understand it. However this mys. nather handled the situation, beautifully. and after we had finished our discussion, she wint out and brot mrs. adair in to introduceha. This I received her in a lovely way, showed us her Tine mb. ficture book and gave mus. a. the treat of her life. Dean't want to tell you and Jim all about because you will get a real thill, knowing both miss & and Mrs. adia. Tion I told from of my interest in having soon as I knew some single were to, be, available, I began checking the my visits at the aniversity last bat. They reserved me to Mr. Fischer tin allanta, Waln Still Miss Sheperson how they might properate with us an this mistotelis owner by The state officergia Inggested

from her office to his. This, by the way recome is miss I'm new special interest. To the frint, mr. Fischer Vis to give us a P. H.a. person within a week. The are to help in the selection. So yesterday was a good day! Fischer is coming to see les room: He is outstanding inthe Com-conity recreation field. you see there are so many sields and derste to be checked that theld the is doing the building program. He is soorking now to get the country Brand to give in old achool house to house our cannery, as he is sinding that a shed is not adequate. We must meet with them June 2nd. taken core of and I must work that this Dr. Hoodward and other influential friends In the state. Pegarding Charleston, Marot Dam Durely please that you seet as I do about in the state.

HEARY GRADY HOTEL the importance of this training. If we are to do the things we must do to questisty our program, the teachers much be sauce of their growing - methods, techniques, et al. Dim sure after talling with serfle who know charleston, the Find paterfactory living avrangements can be spad for the saix weeks for about 9500 to week or 9500 for the saix in 400 : matriculation 500; tooks and incidentale about 200. transfortation about Margot, as you my salary must be shared with the sisters, in school, and I don't have any money sat saved; but here's a suggestion. Helping me and the job here until June 15 th, on ugular salary; then with 100 from the Fund

for summer school, I could get them O. K. Summer solvool starts gune & 2nd, so that I would have time to go home (Lockhart, S.C and get myself and my things together for Charleston after June 15th. There is certainly slenty that we can both do before that date and I would like essecially to be here when this community recreation serson comes, so that we can be sure she Corrier on with our children and adult as we have begun. Then to I'd like to see you two when you come to Sa. the 15th. I'd like also to have you know this mis. Clifford Halker who has helped me so much since I have been all Fair Play, The lives in Monroe (12 mi from 7. P.) Deame to know her as an outstanding genon when I was writing my theirs at Emont. To tell you what tun it was to see you two at home. I had a very haster astermoun with you, Lets do it again some intel I must time, with me at home!

Indeed a still having letting to miss Parker miss Kiehl, or and and I still having mailed bouting my neglest. I must today, and write about a dozen other trank your motiles.



June 1, 1936

Dear Ruth: I don't myself see why anybody ever would pay you a salary! You work just as hard without money as with it, and it seems to me this is a swell chance to save on the budget.

Seriously speaking, I think probably much the most satisfactory way of arranging for the school this summer is just to continue your salary straight through to the end of the summer school. I think this is entirely justified because all your time since the close of Fair Play has been in work connected with your work there.

This arrangement will have to have Mr. Embree's official approval, but I am perfectly sure that he will agree.

Our plans have changed again! We will be in Atlanta on the eighth of June and will undoubtedly get out to Fair Play some time that week. Will you let Ralph know?

Very truly yours,

MARGARET S. SIMON

MS:LJ

Miss Ruth Lockman R.F.D. #2 Rutledge, Georgia

IRAS

UNIVERSIT

JUN 5 1936

office. Of course I can't make interest your office. Of course I can't make in this time -

Jane Cassels Chairman

Virginia McGregor Vice-Chairman

Mrs. James Forsyth Chairman, Resident Committee

Cable Address: Emissarius, New York Telephone: PLaza 3-4700

Helen Morton Executive Secretary

ATLANTA OFFICE - 37 AUBURN AVENUE N. E.

600 Lexington Avenue, New York, N. Y.

May 26, 1936

Miss Ruth Lockman Fair Play School Rutledge, Ga.

Dear Miss Lockman:

There has been growing in the South for several years a sense of need for a selected conference for the smaller leadership group in the Christian Associations. Such a conference would be directed toward those who have responded so intelligently and sincerely to the usual movement experiences as to merit the privilege of facing further and more advanced issues in which more equipment and responsibility are involved. To meet this need the Southern Regional Council of the Y.W.C.A.; the Kings Mountain Council of the Y.M.C.A. and a group of individauals who belong to the student movement are planning this June to expand their conference program to include a small interracial summer conference. This conference will be held June 8-12 (somewhere in North Carolina, we now think). It will begin on Monday evening, June 8 and close with breakfast on Friday, June 12. The regular Blue Ridge Conference (for white men and women) will be held June 11-20 and the regular Kings Mountain Conference (for Negro men and women) will be held June 12-18.

The Planning Committee has asked that only such people be registered for the June Interracial Conference as can meet all of the following criteria:

- 1. Interest in the kind of program and experience that the conference is to offer. (See attached sheet).
- 2. Willingness to do necessary study preparatory to the conference. (A study outline will be sent in April to those definitely planning to attend the conference)
- 3. Previous conference experience such as attendance at Blue Ridge or Kings Mountain, Student Volunteer Movement or other conferences.
- 4. Previous interracial experience in conferences or committees or councils or other meetings.
- 5. The intention of working with and through a campus or community organization which is definitely social and religious.
- 6. The willingness and ability to remain throughout the conference.

Only a total of about 65 persons (students, alumnae, faculty) can participate in this conference because of limited accommodations and because of the kind of conference we desire it to be. While there have been numerous interracial gatherings of men and women students in the South since 1922, each conforence planned as this one is. to be free of discrimination between races, raises anew, doubts and fears in some groups and persons. All who attend, therefore, must come in a spirit of courage and conviction which will help them meet unfavorable reactions from college and community groups in an intelligent and constructive way.

The total conference cost will be \$10.50 (\$5.00 registration fee and \$5.50 room and board for full time). All students attending the Blue Ridge or Kings Mountain conferences will be exempt from registration fee at the Interracial Conference.

By the 15th of April we expect to have received word from all those who definitely plan to attend. A final mailing list will then be made up and study material be sent out.

This invitation comes to you assuring you that there will be no general or irresponsible publicity regarding the conference. If you are interested in such a student Christian conference as the attached sheet outlines, please write to Mr. Herbert King, 347 Madison Avenue, New York City; Miss Celestine Smith or Miss Mary Jane Willett, 37 Auburn Avenue, N. E., Atlanta, Georgia.

Sincerely yours,

G. Murray Branch Chairman, Kings Mountain

Council, Y.M.C.A.

National Student Sec'y, Y.M.C.A.

Jano Cassels Chairman, Southern Regional

Council, Y.W.C.A.

Mary Jane Willett

National Student Secty, Y.W.C.A.

Colestine Smith National Student Sec'y, Y.W.C.A.

Regarding the Purpose and Program for the Student Christian Movement, June Interracial Conference.

The accompanying invitation to you to be a member of the June Interracial Conference leads you, we feel sure, to want information about the purpose and program of the conference. The program here outlined was prepared by the Planning Committee and is submitted to those only who are being invited to attend. It is hoped that it will stimulate thorough-going thought in preparation for a significant conference. We believe that these plans will provide the basis for democratic suggestion and discussion during the days of the conference itself.

Purpose

The purpose of the conference is "to relate more advanced people to continuing community interests, problems, organizations, etc. It is to give help to those who want to know how to work either as freelances or with organizations." The conference is primarily a technique conference, planned to give direction and dynamic to those matured students, faculty and alumnae who are desirous of working as freelances or with organized community groups in the whole are a of social change, either while in college or after graduation.

Program and Leadership

We have had the good fortune to secure some of the most able leadership available in our country for this conference. Dr. Reinhold Niebuhr, Professor of Ethies at Union Theological Seminary, who has given careful thought to the relation of ethical problems to religious certainty, will work with us in this conference. Other outstanding leaders ar:

Dr. Charles Houston, until recently, of the Law Department of Howard University and now of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People.

Miss Frances Perry, for many years Y.W.C.A. Secretary in the Rocky Mountain Region; now of Passaic, N. J.

Mr. Howard Kester of the Committee on Economic and Racial Justice, Nashville, Tenn.

Mr. Frank Wilson, now Dean of Men at Lincoln University, Pennsylvania.

Miss Winnifred Wygal, National Y.W.C.A. Sceretary for Religious Interpretation

Not only will there be other leaders in addition to these listed, but each person who comes to the conference will in himself offer the resources of a leader as well as that of a participant.

The program will be centered in the challenge of the Christian religion to the individual who would live effectively in this day. The basic factor of economies, with its political and racial ramifications will be fully and realistically considered. The institution of the church, the school and college, the press, the place of civil liberties, legislation, methods of changing attitudes, and the meaning of religion itself, will be elements in a discussion whose focus is "What challenges an individual to effective attitudes and activity in a time of chaos and need in his community?" It has been asked that the leaders will make their presentations in terms of techniques, methods, agencies, which are available in the community. The leaders have been asked to show in one way and another the source of their interest and commitment to a life of religious and community service. It is hoped that we shall be able to see as we talk to the leaders and listen to them, what values drew them into their respective fields of endeavor and by what methods they seek to be effective.



P.S. I hear the the adams Lockhart S. C. and Madisan friends august 7, 1936 that the cantery in go stagled roon a-SimonsGulius Placemval of Fund SIMON STUDY
4901 Ellis are. IS
Chicago, Illinotts Tais Play Dear Margot and Jem: was helpful in more ways thans 3 teacher 30 teacher 30 more about primary education George Grice, president of the College of Charleston, wants to statte with you about a

possible demonstration school for unal teachers. He and his staff have been working on this idea for five marx. He is the mand who talked with me in attanta last spring, at the Choquesiine Ed. meeting, about teaching in such a Semon-stration set-up. I believe I discursed this to mentioned it. with you. He can meet you in altanta while you are in Ha. in august, but he would

Charleston to see the Thypical set-up You are interested you may with with you may let me know, and I Shall sonte him. He has some Do. Far in his planning that I believe you will want to hear of the from him. Wheh are you planning to be in Ga. m. adair writer me that nothing has been done on our school building

you and the work was scheduled In mis Shepperaon's office to begin July 1st. This Cliffold Walker the lone genant who can lalivayo get to Min Shepperson. you remember, she is the twoman with whom we were to lunch, when you doven last, but time wouldn't seemit. the is anxious to know you, and to have you know of some of the fine things they are doing in her County Walton in Megno leducation. you care arrange to run over from Tair Play (12 miles away) to visit with her. mrs. Olistond Walker, monroe, ba, band.

I am attending a Southern Sociology and Lake Toxanouy, M.C. Confab there.

R.T. August 17, N38 S august 17, 1938 S Edwin Q. Embree Margaret and James Simon Fair Play saled Julius Parenwald Funders Er grekman, R, Chicago, Illinois PHS Dear Mr. Embrel, Margot and Jim: Lince this letter con-Corns all of you, I shall let one copy to the work! In June Guy Hells president La State College For Nomen, Milledge ville offered me a position on his faculty saying 38500 more for the nine months than is my present salary. Of Course there is the possibility of summer work in either situations! SEP 8 1936 I feel that I should

be worth as much to the Fund as to any other institution or organization. my idea in advanced study and reather extensive travel has been to make myself more valuable in many ways. my work at Columbia University, american U. in Washington, D.C. and my M. G. at Emory in addition to my travel certainly make it possible for me to do a better job at Fair Play. and I believe this experiment Can pay me as much as any college job Would. I believe that it is more important, at this stage. Of Course Dwant to do that work at Fair Play, because it would be unfair to Fund, Community and me to leave it in its embryonic state. It would be difficult to tempt me away.

Hear Concerns me is the way you feel or think about the matter. Hour sosition interests me even more than the sissible increase in salary. That you already know. But I do think Sam worth as much in the field of rural education as I was before Coming into this work; that was \$160 a month, plus all travel and living ex-Jenses. If this request seems anything like an limposition, please let me know. a letter from mr. Owen Co. Supl, this morning anhounds school will gen later than saft. Ist. The trustees and teachest will decide I plan to return dept. Ist. for preliminary work. This week, here in the mts., with my mother, Jam working out my years grogram - , at the same time Slooking forward to the changes to be made which I've gets of the paper and anto the field. y regarding opening of school- Sincerely yours

NRS SIMON STUDY

Fair Play (Lockman, Ruth)

8

September 1, 1936

Dear Miss Lockman: Answer to your letter of August 17
has been delayed until we could
talk over carefully among ourselves the question which you
raise. We all agree that work in a rural community should
be as well paid as work in a college. In fact, one of the
principles which we are hoping to establish is that of adequate pay for rural teachers. Of course we also have to
watch our own budget and we must not allow any single salary
to get too far out of scale.

After thinking and talking about the matter a good deal, we are quite ready to make an increase which will approximately match the offer made by President Wells. Specifically, we stand ready to pay \$160 from the Fund in addition to the \$40 which you receive from the community, each of these payments being made monthly for a school term of nine months. This is an increase of forty dollars a month over the payment last year and I imagine almost exactly equals the salary offered by President Wells. Of course, with us as with him, the three months of the summer are at your disposal either for further study or for summer work.

We make this rearrangement with hearty good will since we appreciate both the work that you have done and the spirit of cooperation which has characterized all of your relationships with us. We are arranging for the new rate to start as of September 1, 1936.

SED 8

I imagine you are by this time at Fairplay. Our best regards to everyone there. Some of us from the office will I hope be visiting you and the community in the fairly near future.

ERE: JW

Miss Ruth Lockman Fairplay School, Route 2 Rutledge, Georgia Very truly yours,

EDWIN R. EMBREE

UNIVERSIT



N R S

SIMON STUDY

Atlanta Biltmore

"The South's Supreme Hotel"
ATLANTA, GA.

Fair Play Community Putlinge & Sa.

Edvoin Rambul 440/Ellis Ave. Chicago, Illinois

Dear Mr. Embrei

practical decisions go hand four makes met appreciates this more

fully, if possible, than before.
I shall make despirate worth to make myself hvorthe leven more to the fund and

the Experiment than before.



Atlanta Biltmore

"The South's Supreme Hotel"
ATLANTA, GA.

WEST PEACHTREE, FIFTH, SIXTH AND CYPRESS STREETS

out of my summer at College 7 Charleston that I am ahrprous for us to discuss at and early date as can be made convenient. We are especially eager to have you came to Fahr Play this time. It is really impor. tank that you come this time. The people are getting anxious about your coming. Can't you make the this time? it better that you game after school begins; I dan't you? With Dencere appreciation and

P. L. I svent with, Mis. Grady adair, to take Wilma the explanation had several little confals with de little on the day I was there, was the day I was there, and a with him.

I had lunch with our look hopets believed and a with the person and a with chart with the person and a with chart with Tulleage Ha. NRS WILLIS G. POOLE, ASSISTANT MANAGER
THOMAS J. KELLEY, ASSISTANT MANAGER
PASEMWALA TUNA

S. WILLIS G. POOLE, ASSISTANT MANAGER
THOMAS J. KELLEY, ASSISTANT MANAGER
PASEMWALA TUNA

S. WILLIS G. POOLE, ASSISTANT MANAGER
THOMAS J. KELLEY, ASSISTANT MAN (hicago My dear Margot and Jim: are Arn waiting for a good time to come to see shop. I. mean a time when our efforts will make a decent show Job themselves? selves to require much prove times than I realized. The Haskins are moving in this, the sixth, welk since Davived in Left. I was expecting too much it seems, but I had throught our Delmmer Radio in Every Room, VERSIT

byter there was no house to be How for the cannery. At our Homas Club meeting in Sept. Why Were so distressed, because so little was done on the house that, we voted to form 5000, to pay for labor. Upon sel, the harvest ing season was an and the men were concerned with gathering in their crops. The tradedy is, as the Jeofle keep saying to me, that this work could not have been started in the summer, when they had free time to give. Mr. Harkinsp. Hels that he than had very fiftle cooperation on the this is true. I shall meed to



HENRY GRADY HOTEL

550 ROOMS ~ 550 BATHS

ATLANTA

constetion of orch. marke that from Jorch in have a place may invite my Sirls Ollub, the Homan's Class Mothers Groups as reminded, 1 ufon sel, I Griggested butting some

that there is no other flace, for them to sit, or bathe the lahyetc. and this is not to be a teacherage shared by the two teachers but merely at home for the Hasking. Isn't it too bad that this. Harking self that her husband, must tell me that I was not to have any part in the living room. It spoiled everything for which I had been working in Community development. I hate knowing to discuss affarently sersonal matters with you, but it affects our whole work here so seriously that I Jeel I must. I just Avant you, to she thinking of the situation before you get here. you know that when ferthe get dispusted with a job as so many have,



TGRADYHOTEL

550 ROOMS ~ 550 BATHS

ATLANTA

协合

everything and there is certainly enough to make and want to give up at times; but gong, we worked mighty hard, to Sind the man for this joff! Its a smost uncomfortable Jedling working, with a serson who has not set sold himself to his Commun-ity; and I have trild, not to Ray there things, but in justice to you, to Fair Play and to myself, I must. I know we must work together this year, and that we (Palphand 9) can doit, but you must help me work still be of increasing value and the Job and in the experiment, even though of the teacherage. Of course, Dam haffy and comfortable hele, and plan to live here, but I'm sure you understand fartner in a failure, and Dam



HENRY GRADY HOTEL

550 ROOMS ~ 550 BATHS

ATLANTA

I have into this to avoid Ruch. a big par most influential in education a the understimeledged

Radio in Every Room.

Margot and Jim, you'll have to forgive me for this long letter, but it had to come. Ikraon how you feel about Foreman; so you are in sosition to understand My feelings now. July Hamans Club has July 73 3 in later into the teacherage. I think they are a great group. Wish you might be here for our Det meeting, which is Fri. The W. P. a. school shoped in back my circulation, - thanks to mis. Clifford Halker's help again. It almost died this summer. We expect definite action this week. Of Course and can never be sure but I have been on its trait entire officials since I got back, and am assured now that these is nothing further to hold it up. The had a Mudison engineer to make complete, new slaws, before it could be accepted, but its been fun working it out with the, serple again. Oh they're still a great lot to work with, and Thaving Jun with it all - my apologies it sporise read this far yours with home yours

NRS HARRYLOCK MILITARY ACADEMY MON STUDY SCHOOL FOR SMALL BOYS fair Hay School peres though mes frekwan Antleages, Sacration belley her she belter Mar. 21, 1926 23 382 Tell Per Fleurs Rober my well Edwin J. Ombree Ju 3 JU 73 + thul Roll the ohis workyll 4901 8 llis age. Chicago, Illinois Greetings, Mr. Embree! Since I cannot be sure that Domeone else is sending you the Ha. Clippings regarding our M. W. alexander, I am enclosing the news, and editorial Stories from the allasta Constitution. does admit his Internacial Relations Commission connection. In the same issue 35 the Constitution Cinthus Laper in given apace in this discussion of the Farm testant system. This article

or story, will be of interest to you also. Have you met Baser? He was, and is tron, as A. M. alexander. I have been with him in many student conserences over the country and he is good. I shall include his pader to the Social Scientists, meeting in Allanda. From the Simons and Sanches last Invent. George surely knows this singl devoll and how to work with them. He went over big in the community, and Mexico is a thive start an the map, to the Children since the was here the There is a renewed interest in the I wgram since the Chicago office group Carne Margot and Join all bars Stimblato me, to tackle a bit harder and longer, and they were especially helpful this time. age Sinished, but expect to the soon. Come to see us sofer of can-Chelle abcomas I Y

HARRYLOCK MILITARY ACADEMY

SCHOOL FOR SMALL BOYS

COMMBIA, S. C. SIMON STUD tan Stay School Fon Pl Stitlledgel, Ha. December 6, 1936 Aimons 4901 Ollio an. Coasenwald Friend Chicago, Ill. Wear Marget and Jim: Since the "Clinic" you held at the Feacherage on nous last visit, lift at Fair Oldy has been re nerved, and our project is really on the mas again. Then I sel you at the conference I can tell You more 1 4 1936 what has haspened. us three interesting visitors from

Stateston Dam enclosing Miss Donovais letter which followed her wish. my form and spirts gave her rock for Jerns for the Ogelchel Gehool. Little Tunae, who ahvarle has whether their children would like to write letters to us. (Lee letter).
The had also Mr. Lerter, of the state weight of Ed. and Wi. Morrow and one of his coworkers from the University of Sa. Morrow is Chairman of our state Curricula group. He ist asking me to write up some of my work for the

HARRYLOCK MILITARY ACADEMY in other schools. Palph Wager of Emory wants to do some whiting on our job too. after receiving his letter last week, I talk shift Mr. Oven, and he gresers to 48 this himself; as he is at present Morking at some report of our Inject for the University of Ha! about sublicity, I think, when we all you at the Canference. By the way, have you set either the place or date for the conference yet? The stent Laturday setting and showthey are the Heacherage, and it surely hope strell. Its getting to he a place of the hope by fielding

January 22, 1937

Dear Miss Lockman: In connection with the Income Tax question raised in your recent letter, it would be impossible for the Fund to report anything less than your full mouthly salary to the Collector of Internal Revenue, the amount being sent in to him for you is \$1,476.92. If you have had business travel expenses which you have paid from this fund they are deductible items on your return, but you will have to be able to substantiate your claim with the government if it should be questioned. Of course you know that your living expenses in Fair Play are not deductible items.

Very truly yours,

DE: AM

DOROTHY A. ELVIDGE

Miss Ruth Lockman Fair Play Elementary School, Rutledge, Georgia



NRS SIMON STUDY

Foir Play Solvel (Lockman, Ruth)

P

March 10, 1937

Dear Miss Lockman: A letter I have just received from Mr. Gaskins made us feel that it was advisable to write to both of you regarding our plans for next year. As I wrote Mr. Gaskins, we have been particularly happy over the whole Fairplay project. It was set up in the beginning with a specific idea in mind. It and other projects of the same nature were in reality the springboard from which we now have the feeling we were able to get into the larger program which the Fund hopes to utilize in its cooperation with local authorities. This of course, as you can readily see, is the normal school. Fairplay is not so located as to be particularly accessible to those normal schools with which we may work. For this reason we feel it advisable to discontinue our cooperation in the two schools at Fairplay at the end of the period for which we are now obligated, and if we continue in such projects at all in the future, to have them much more closely related to those normal schools where we may be working.

I am writing this because you will of course want to begin to look around for such connections as you may choose for next year. I have written to Mr. Gaskins and Miss Cheney, and copies of the letters have been sent to Mr. Owen.

All of us in the Fund appreciate the very fine cooperation you, Mr. Gaskins, and the community have given. If any of us can be of any assistance in your efforts to make satisfactory arrangements for work next year, please do not hesitate to call on us.

map 1 3 1937

Very truly yours,

JCD: McK

Miss Ruth Lockman Fairplay Community School Rutledge, Georgia MAR 2 3 1937

Ruch dock was

NRS
SIMON STUDY
March 21, 1937
Play - Lockman

Dear Mr. Dixon:

Thank you for your letter of the 10th. The position taken re Fair Play was inevitable, I believe, and as much as I regret to leave this bunch of children and my community hobbies (clubs) I still feel that there is no other way out, except the one you have chosen.

The day before your letter came the attached one from J. P. Conner arrived. I filled his application the same day and returned it. In a douple of days I received a long distance call from him asking me to come to Montgomery for a conference. So yesterday I went to see Mr. Conner and Miss Katharine Deitz, whom I believe you know. They have asked me to accept the work on the Ashwood Plantation Project in South Carolina beginning April 15. I asked for an extension until June 1, when my work expires here. They suggested as a compromise May 1, as they are eager to get started there. I have discussed the matter with Mr. Owen, and he will be glad to help me secure a teacher for that remaining month of school. It would seem too bad to bring a new person in the middle of the month. Now, what do you think I should do? The job, about which Miss Dietz says you know, is a challenge; it is in my state of South Carolina, and does tempt me considerably. I am going next Saturday to have a conference with the Project Manager. Strange as it may seem, this proposed job has many similarities to our Fair Play job. One striking difference which interests me, from the sociological point of view, is that these families are all new families, as contrasted with Fair Play, and these generation old lines are not drawn there. That should be a decided advantage.

I had contemplated getting back into the college field, but once this rural bug bites, its hard to get away when the chance comes to continue in it. Promotion always has a fascination for me, and there will be much

MER 3 1 193

of this in the community activity program for Ashwood. Sometimes I promote too much.

If I go on this job I should like very much to have a chance to talk with you about some of the problems, soon after I begin. Miss Dietz plans to go with me at first, and Mr. Conner is introducing me by phone to Colonel Manning, the Project Manager, before my arrival there for conference next Saturday morning on the Ashwood Plantation.

It has been a joy to know you in this work, and I anticipate with a great deal of pleasure the possibility of sharing your wisdom in occasional conference, because Miss Dietz tells me that they regard you very highly on matters pertaining to these projects.

I appreciate very much your suggestion that you will be glad to assist me in locating, or making satisfactory arrangements for work next year; and I have taken advantage of this suggestion and am giving your name as a reference for this position with the Resettlement Administration. If you feel that there are other types of work in this broad field of rural life, for one with a home economics and sociology background, I should be grateful to know of them. However this one I have been discussing with you sounds extremely interesting to me, and among the many other adventuresome features it pays a good salary. This I must always consider, as I am still paying college debts, and helping two sisters in college.

Mr. and Mrs. Owen are having dinner with us Tuesday night, when we shall decide upon the time and method of breaking to the community the final news of the Fund's departure from Fair Play. Of course, they are about ready for it, as we have been weaning and preparing for such all the year. We want to work together too on the preparation of a writeup of the project here. I spent Thursday afternoon with Mr. Owen, and we decided on this procedure. He is not sure whether he should allow the WPA to begin

the project on the school building (since they are announcing to us again that they are ready to begin immediately) in view of the fact that consolidation may come soon, because of the small enrollment.

Do you plan to come here again before we leave? Will you attend the Southern Sociological Society meeting in Birmingham April 23? or the G. E. A. in Savannah?

Yours very truly,





HEART GRADY HOTEL

JCD Dear Mr. Dixon: The pointion taken to the witable & believe; and as much as I regret to leave this bunch of Children gred my community hobbies (chile), I still feel thathere is no other may out, except the one you have choken. the attached are from g.O. Conner arrived. I filled his application the same day and returned it! In a couple days Ire-Ceived a long distance call from him asking me to come to Montgomery for a conference. So, afesterday, we to see Mr. Conner and Miss Katharine Verla whom I believe you know. They have arked me to accept the work on the

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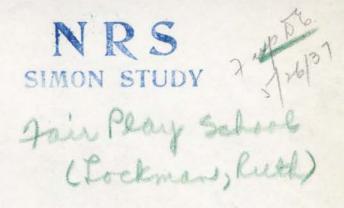
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From this for an this you should like

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my avival the For Conference next Saturday morning, on the ashwood Clantation It has been a say to know you in this work, and Dantie Sate with a great deal of pleasure the passibility of sharing your Misdom in occasional conferences, because miss Dietz tells me that they regard you very highly on matters jestaining to there project Daspreciate very much your suggestion that will be glad to askist med in tocating or making tratisfactory arrangements for work next year; and I have taken ad rantage of this suggestion, and am giving your namel as a reference for this sistion with the Plesettlement administration. If you feel that there are other types of broak lin this broad field of retral life, for one with a Home Economics and Sociology background, should be grateful to know of them. However this one Thave been dikrussing with you sounds extremely interesting to Ime, and ayor a good salary. This I must always con-

HENRY GRADY HOTEL 550 ROOMS ~ 550 BATHS ATLANTA sider, as Dam still saying College debte and helping two sisters in College. Mr. and Mrs. Owen are having dinner with us Fulray night, when she shall breaking the final news of the Funds departied From Fair Play. Of Course, they are just about ready got it, as wel have been weaning and preparing for such all the years. The want totwork together too on the Jufaration of a write up of the groject here. Dafent Thurs, aftershoop with mr. owen, and we decided an this procedure. He is not sure whether he should allow the N. O. a. to begin the project on the school bldg since they are announcing to us again that they are tready to begin immediately) in view of the Fact that Consolidamay come soon, frecause of I you attend the Southern sociological society med



March 22, 1937



Dear Miss Lockman:

This letter is just to refresh your memory. You will

remember that the salary arrangements made with you last fall were that you would receive \$160 a month for a nine-month period. You began work under this agreement on September 1st; therefore your final check will be due at the end of May.

Very truly yours, DOROTHY A. ELVIDGE

DE: AM

Miss Ruth Lockman Fair Play Elementary School Rutledge, Georgia

MAR 2 3 1937



NRS SIMON STUDY Frin Play Locknam

March 25, 1937



Dear Miss Lockman: In order to rush this reply to you I am going to make the letter brief and write you in more detail later on.

The opportunity to work in the Ashwood Plantation Project in South Carolina seems to me to be one you can not overlook. Of course we would like to have you stay on until June 1, but if you have to leave before that time in order to get the job by all means do so, and this is your authority from us for making whatever arrangements you have to make in order to secure the connection.

The type of teacher Mr. Owen would be able to pick up in the county would not be one to whom we would want to pay the salary we are paying you, but you and Mr. Owen can select some one and rest assured that we will be reasonable in taking care of whatever part of the financing of the teacher's salary we should assume.

MAR 3 1 1937

Very truly yours,

J. C. DIXON

JCD: MLU

Miss Ruth Lockman Route 2 Rutledge, Georgia



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

RESETTLEMENT ADMINISTRATION

305 Montgomery Street Montgomery, Alabama

IN REPLY REFER TO R5-1-HAN

APR 1 5 1937

MWS 19

JCB 800 39

Julius Rosenwald Fund 4901 Ellis Ave. Chicago, Ill.

Gentlemen:

Miss Ruth Geneva Lockman of Rutledge, Georgia has applied for a position with the Resettlement Administration.

In her application she states that she has been in your employ from 1934 to the present time in the capacity of community worker at a salary of \$200 per month.

Will you kindly verify this statement and furnish us any information you may have in regard to her ability to organize and supervise, spirit of co-operation, character, and any other factors that you think we should have in determining her fitness for a position.

We assure you that your reply will be treated strictly confidential.

For your convenience in replying, we enclose a self addressed envelope which requires no postage.

Sincerely yours,

P. J. CONNER

Regional Personnel Adviser

Region V

UNIVERSITY



April 20, 1937

Dear Ruth: I should have written both you and Ralph long ago. We are all so terribly sorry that developments have made it necessary to stop at Fairplay. Our whole experience both with you and with our very good friends in the community has been one of the most interesting and profitable that any of us have ever had. We only hope that this shutting down of this specific problem doesn't mean that we won't see any more of you. I'm sure it won't because your new job looks as if it would be right down the line that all of us have been working on and it stands to reason that all of us will continue to see you.

In any case you know how much we have enjoyed both our personal and business association with you and none of us must let at least the personal end of it drop just because our immediate business connection is being broken.

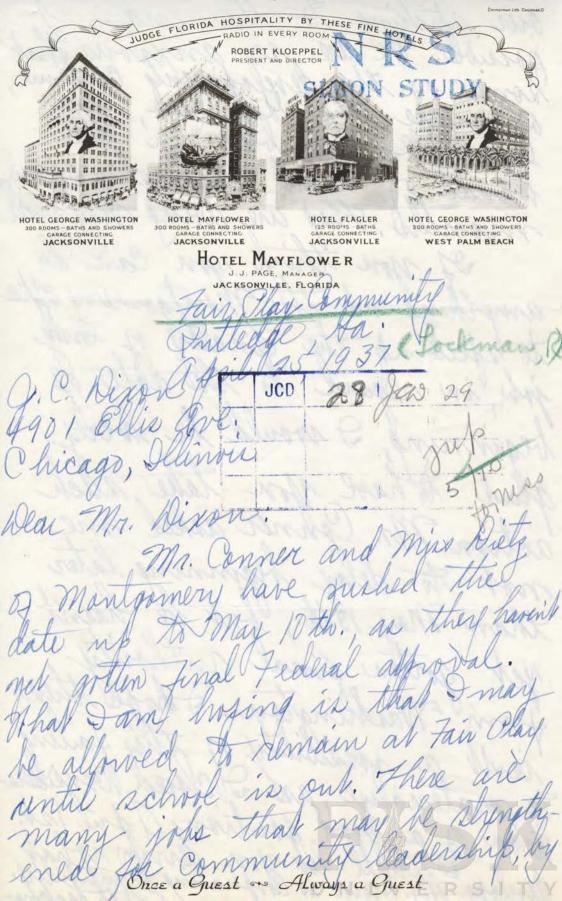
Affectionately,

MARGARET S. SIMON

MSS:RW

Miss Ruth Lockman Fairplay Elementary School Rutledge, Georgia





our sticking to the end is spesible. The are so, anxious that Some of the developments continue, for the being Club, Jon the hands of local leadership several months. They are dving very well If you think you can do anything at the montgomery office to be feed up the sinality of sorby job in regard to the date of beginning, I would be wery alad to have you take such action. Mr. Cohner asked me not to delay beginning later than May 18th., but he hain't yet gotten sinal authority From Washington. I hope there isn't a sussibility of this failing to materialize, as Delised Consideration of ful take.

THESE FINE HOTELS FLORIDA JUDGE ROBERT KLOEPPEL HOTEL GEORGE WASHINGTON 300 ROOMS - BATHS AND SHOWERS GARAGE CONNECTING ORGE WASHINGTON JACKSONVILLE JACKSONVILLE T PALM BEACH HOTEL MAYFLOWER J.J. PAGE SONVILL My dear a amprile these three wears by been an Singer Once a Guest As Always a Guest

at this stage for the exploration experiment - Frentitely because the logical time is here. Of course, there yoursters, will ever remain very dear to me and I shall get much satisfaction as I sel there ones climb their ladders. here has dropped below the state requirements set you us an early exil. That makes for a logical explanation, and leaver no hard feelings to duals. Miss modelle and other affriciate your In December our Traman's Club rames son 10 from the designs for thogists. they made about 5000 in this way, and then let it go to the lucky number

Chillings be se se se se settill HOTEL MAYELOWER HOTEL FLAGLER HOTEL GEORGE WASHINGTON HOTEL GEORGE WASHINGTON 100 ROOMS - BATHS AND SHOWERS JACKSONVILLE JACKSONVILLE JACKSONVILLE WEST PALM BEACH HOTEL MAYFLOWER J. J. PAGE. MANAGER JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA who was - lue om it back to the Chi then (at our Warnanders Wedding last week) sold to the highestidder to annouce am very happy all this point that ar a surprise so me the quill was fright and presented to me that hight. do treasure of because begutiful hand work, and to commismity and county it and must of ale son the beautiful spirit was given to you see why I has here, Once a Quest of Always a Guest

people. They have been an harication material with which to work and an intelligent material in parts? Pittman suggesting one of the Fund scholarships available to junious and servious, for the girl in this community who made such a good record with him, as a cadeh the would do his school honor and I'm sure that is what he to say that I shall not leave before May 10th. for the new jot showes slowly as I should know by now. I really hope the int will not begind for me before fune, as I should like to remain to a finish here. There are so



UDGE FLORIDA HOSPITALITY BY THESE FINE

ROBERT KLOEPPEL PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR



HOTEL GEORGE WASHINGTON
300 ROOMS - BATHS AND SHOWERS
GARAGE CONNECTING
JACKSONVILLE



HOTEL MAYFLOWER
OO ROOMS—BATHS AND SHOWERS
GARAGE CONNECTING
JACKSONVILLE



HOTELS

HOTEL FLAGLER
125 ROO'AS - BATHS
GARAGE CONNECTING
JACKSON VILLE



HOTEL GEORGE WASHINGTON 200 ROOMS - BATHS AND SHOWERS GARAGE CONNECTING WEST PALM BEACH

HOTEL MAYFLOWER

many john to Check of yet, as we are working so has a to make the sevile real their restonsibility for Carryling on tu more than sive months to move than sive months now shave had two of the young young men in charge of

Pullo

P. S. atto the Ha. Ed. asin, in Savannah last week-end Denjoyed a brief Englaguest of Always a Gueston alread



Fair Play, Ruth,

April 27, 1937

Dear Mr. Conner: Miss Ruth Lockman of Rutledge,
Ceorgia, has been connected with
the Julius Rosenwald Fund since 1934, both in the
capacity of a community worker in a rural area and
as a teacher in a rural school which has had both a
demonstration and an experimental slant.

In the school year 1934-35 Miss Lockman and a young man worked in the Fair Play community of Morgan County as general community workers. They were employed to make a general social-economic study of the community and to attempt to relate the conditions they found to the community school. Beginning with the school year 1935-36 Miss Lockman became a teacher in the rural school. During this time we have paid her \$160 a month, plus a slightly smaller amount for summer work, and in addition to this she was paid the regular salary of the teacher usually employed by the county. In all, then, as Miss Lockman says, her salary was \$200 a month.

Miss Lockman did an excellent job of organizing the activities of the community around the school. She had no trouble whatsoever working with the people in the community or with those of us working out of this office. We have never had any reason to question her character, her ability to work or her willingness to cooperate.

If we were continuing the type of project in which Miss Lockman is now working we would



retain her services if we could. The project, however, was set up for a very specific purpose, and now that we feel it has been reasonably achieved it is being closed out so far as the Fund is concerned.

I do not know what kind of work you are expecting Miss Lockman to do, but the very fact that she is willing to undertake it makes me feel that she is reasonably sure of being able to do a good job, and I have enough confidence in her knowledge of her ability and in her integrity to be willing to back her in anything that she may undertake.

Very truly yours,

JCD: MLU

J. C. DIXON

Mr. P. J. Conner Regional Personnel Adviser United States Department of Agriculture 305 Montgomery Street Montgomery, Alabama.

R5-1-HAN



Mrs. James F. Simon Ju. Julius Rosen wald Fund 4901 Ellis Avenue Chicago, Illinois

MWS

Dear Margot:

Is it too late for me to ask for Vance's Human Geography of the South, Raper's Preface to Peasantry and Odum's Jouther Report newest book /? \. I want them badly, but didn't get to asking you for them before I left the Fund officially. I want Woofter's Plantation Life (?) and Maddox Tennancy to Tenancy too. Now if this request is out of order or too heavy, please let me know, Then if you can get them for me at special reduction prices let me know how much they will be as I will need them in this new field of Resettlement admin. rural work.

Thanks to you, I am moving more slowly in organization and activities. The Montgomery office does not want us to move too hastily.

It would please you to know how the Womens of the Club groups got together the two weeks I was away, to make a big show. Letters kept coming telling what they would have to show; they had planted flowers, set out trees at the teacherage (one for each of the Gaskins and one for me) and the painting of the teacherage was nearly finished. This was when I went of for a final checkup.

You will be pleased to know that Gaskins will do the Demonstration job at the College of Charleston this summer, as I could not accept. I am anxious for you to see is doing there for South Caroline's rural districts as he has been working at it for several years. And, incidentially, I want you to come to Charleston and be sure to run over to Ashwood. No kidding I do want you to come the see us as soon as you can and also see the two Negro projects in this state.

Will you stay at carrolton for this summer too? Telly Jim I hope he has a good time with the Ford. I also own one of the "60" motors. It uses less gas; havn't gotten under 20 yet, with 2500 -- in two weeks. If the Fund car had been for sale I was planning to buy it and trade it on the "60".

Margot, it is loads of fun working with you and that gang of yours. Here is hoping you won't check me off of your list since you are no longer responsible for my production.

Love and best wishes and a hello for Jim.

Devotedly,

Insersisor of Community and Rechation activities

O. S. Doesn't it please you to see that I have the aid of a stenographer? The will improved with practice of

FASIK UNIVERSITY Vance, Human Berg of the South \$2.50 less 20 % I Odum, Louthin Regions \$4 less 20 % To see and a south and the Reper. Ireface to Peacentry . To see and to see and the see and

Hergot, it is loads of fun working with you and that gang of yours. Here is hoping you won't obeek me off of your list since you are no longer responsible for my production.

Love and best wishes and a hello for Jim.

Report of files are property and

FASITY UNIVERSITY

It would probably be a bad precedent to buy and give Miss Lockman the books she mentions. We might order them through Kroch's and get a discount for her.

JCD

6/1/37



SIMON STUDY Redeman Park Jam Play Ledenson

June 9, 1937

Dear Ruth: I am afraid we can't give you the books which you need. As I am sure you can see, we would immediately put ourselves in the position of having to buy books for anyone who had at almost any time been on the Fund's staff. However, we can get a 20% discount on the books by Odum, Vance, and Raper, and we will be glad to order them for you if you will let us know that you want them. Of course we can't get a discount on the government publications (Woofter's study of plantations systems, which is published by the Resettlement Administration, and Maddox's study of tenancy, by the WPA), so that you might as well order those two directly.

The new job sounds terribly exciting, and we are all so pleased at the way things wound up at Fairplay. We are counting on having a look in at you in your new post, but as usual we don't know when it will be.

Affectionately,

MSS: McK

MARGARET S. SIMON

Miss Ruth Lockman P. O. Box 433 Sumter, South Carolina



Destroy soon NRS SIMON STUUY ashwood Plantation 103月前前45萬 Bishopville, S.C. (Lockman) June 18, 1937 Margaret 7, Simon 490/1 & llis are. Chicago, Il. my dear se Margot, Since your letter came I have been arvay from the office most of the time. Thave find gotten I'm from attanta; took a wormand whom I shope we shall have ax Public Health nurse you an interview While in the city at thate heefth of Id. —, plixon I don't like Juling his absence so keenly aver there. Dur Miss Chency is being placed in Walton Co. (adjoining Morgan) as Jean's supervisor next year, Mr. Cordsins told me all affecte greatly and Papera latest mural life

(I don't have the titles here) books for me at your 2000 discounty I sel brhere I fell down, of course, was in failing to asked for them while still with the Fund. any way, and every way, its a great Jorde to work with, and I conbidle my thall years with the Fund as a read experience in rural life, and a delightful experience with the Chicago office I Desent a part of last yeek at the John C. Campbell Folk School, Brasitown, n. C. - a very unusual experiment in a rural life programand Mrs. Campbell asked if they

might secure a person like George for their Mountain Horhers Conference, Afring 1938. Druggested a letter to George. D worder if you know of that school. I was interested in their arts and Crafts and their Folk Dancing. Thave same extra frices of information which Ishall enclose fax I know it will interest you. at present Dam proviking an a glasgorand, including frame-made equipment. The believall team is getting organized and their field is to tel layed off in the morning a Parents Day program - Sun-

Come to see us when you can : If you can get here, I'd love to take you over to see what College of Charleston is doing with a group of rural teachers this summer also. Their program Regins June 3/st. I believe I wrote offen that Garlins is to be over there this summer, teaching the upper grades in a two teacher demonstra Ition. Do try to run down Non might even use Charleston as a short vacation stot. a letter From Homans Club grees. tells me they had a cotton-chopping sorty last week sounds good. It shall always have a temper your forman! Think love and good wishes wishes the sound good.

Margot-This is the course I went into for a few days— Ruth

The John C. Campbell Folk School, Brasstown,

North Carolina, will hold its eighth annual recreational course for teachers and community leaders, June 1 - 10,

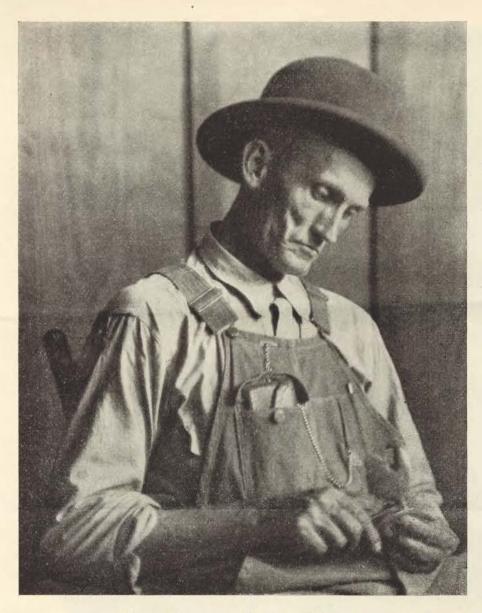
1937. The opening session will be the night of June 1; the last session the night of June 10. Particular emphasis will be placed on the folk games which have proved a simple and well-liked form of group recreation. Discussion of rural problems will be given a prominent place, and time set aside for becoming familiar with folk song.

No tuition is charged; board and room will be \$12.50.

As only a limited number can be accommodated, applicants
will please send a deposit of \$1.00. This amount will
be deducted from cost of board.

Simple dresses with full skirts for women are advised. Rubber-soled shoes are essential for every one. There is a small swimming hole so bring a bathing suit.





THE PEOPLE OF AN AMERICAN FOLK SCHOOL

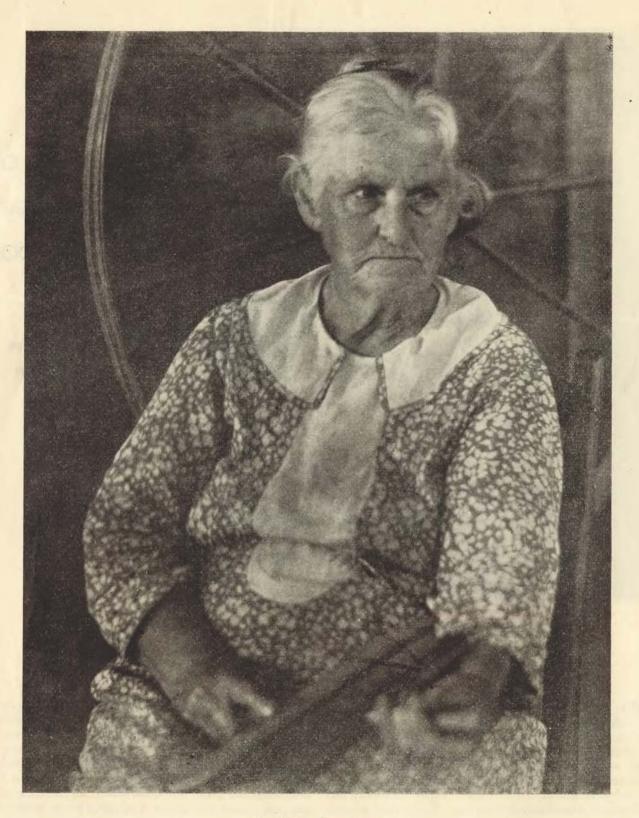
PHOTOGRAPHS BY
DORIS ULMANN

Farmer, Cooperator, Carpenter, Craftsman

NINE years ago the founders of the John C. Campbell Folk School selected a highland corner of North Carolina, where 97 percent of the population was land-owning, to establish the sort of school the people wanted, "a school which would build up the country and not make just preachers and teachers." Just recently two cooperatives started by the school, the Mountain Valley Creamery and the Farmers' Association of Brasstown, N. C., were granted the first loan to be made by the Tennessee Valley Associated Cooperatives, a subsidiary of the TVA, so that they might extend their activities. The Creamery is already serving five hundred shippers over a hundred square miles. The Farmers' Association is doing a flourishing business in feed, eggs, rye, peas and dried apples. All this has been brought about in five years. Now the two organizations are planning a refrigeration plant, a poultry fattening and dressing plant, and a community cannery. These cooperatives and the Savings and Loan Association are school-work of the kind the community knew it needed.

In men's and women's clubs, in craft work, mainly carving and weaving, in the singing of local folk songs and dramatization of ballads, in an exchange of hospitality and experience with the people of neighboring counties, the community is also finding life enriched by the stimulation of the Folk School. Center of these many activities is the demonstration farm and small school for adults modelled after the Danish folk school. A group of young people come for a four months' winter term, the majority earning their way by work on the farm, in the house and shop. Literature, history, geography, home economics, forestry and agriculture are studied in informal classes where there are neither examinations nor credits. Teachers, students and community work together in a common purpose: to make a satisfying life, socially and economically, in the mountains.

Doris Ulmann, who has long been interested in the people of the Southern Highlands, made hundreds of photographs of the Brasstown community and the school, last summer, a few of which are reproduced on this page and those following.



The Older Generation

A pioneer who learned to spin as a child





The Newest Generation

A Folk School "grandchild" and his mother





A Folk School Student

Carver, woodworker, singer of folk songs



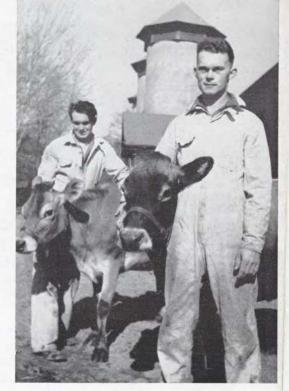
"Before the question What is to become of the South?" can be read 'What is the South to become?' many steps remain to be taken.

- 10. On the part of the South:
 (a) more realistic facing of facts, (b) greater unity of effort and (c) an intelligent willingness to pay the price of progress.
- 11. On the part of the nation:

 (a) recognition of the logical, inevitable, evolutionary nature of the South's culture,

 (b) of the size of the problem and time required to cope with it."

"The South's Place in the Nation"
Public Affairs Committee
Washington, D. C.



"The agricultural classes wouldn't mean so much if we didn't have the farm here to work on and study."

JOHN C. CAMPBELL FOLK SCHOOL

Brasstown, North Carolina

MRS. JOHN C. CAMPBELL, DIRECTOR

APRIL, 1937

NUMBER 20

"SEEMS like there is no hope in farming," said one of the boys, the other day, when we were discussing in class the problems of wornout land in the mountains, the general lack of scientific agricultural practices, lack of capital and of enlightened planning for the future.

"If a man clears \$75 a year on his crop," said another, "he is doing

well."

Such discouraging comments do not necessarily prove, any more than do figures on average annual income, that agriculture in the Southern Highlands is a hopeless problem. We ourselves do not so believe or we would not have placed here, in this Hiawassee Basin, a school to help in the building of a better rural life. We must, however, understand existing conditions if we are going to try to improve them. We must have reason for hope.

And so in the brief time our young people are here, we try to face together honestly the values and the weaknesses of the life of our section as we know it. We learn to appreciate what is worth while in the traditions and practices of our forefathers: the native independence, the humor, the hospitality, many of the folk ways. We learn to sing and love folk songs, especially local variants of old English versions which had their

origin, hundreds of years ago, with our ancestors across the water. In the original plays the students write every year, we picture as realistically as we can the disappearing life of our fathers; we use the pithy language, still retaining something of its Elizabethan flavor. Here is a rich soil from which may flower a new culture of rare beauty and interest, but changes in point of view and practice must come if those who now dwell on the soil are to enjoy their full heritage.

As far as possible, in our winter term, new points of view and practice are linked together. Agricultural problems and methods, discussed in class, become real through actual sharing in the labor of the farm. Household economy gains significance through household work. Simple beauty in houses and grounds is made more clear by a study of design, of house decorating and planning, and of ornamental planting. Handwork -carving, weaving, sewing, woodworking, iron work, are taught in the spirit of the craftsman, seen in their place in the home, and also recognized as valuable assets for personal recreation.

To a few we can offer in summer work or a second year of practical responsibility, an opportunity for greater knowledge and skill in the

UNIVERSITY

PHOTOGRAPH BY



A bit of our cultural inheritance: linsey-woolsey, coverlets, counterpanes and blankets.



field of their special interest. We cannot, in a few short months, however, make trained farmers, dietitians, or craftsmen, nor is this the purpose of the School, even when students remain a second year. Our task is to open new horizons; to stimulate creative and cooperative activity; to start the growing that will never stop. As songs float up to me from kitchen, laundry, barn and field, I feel that, in some degree at least, we are achieving the spirit of our motto, "I sing behind the plough".

The winter-course for young people, and the time spent by them in work on the place are not the only ways in which we are trying to help the building of a rural civilization. Following the State recommendation for this section, we have worked to

Coming Craft Workers



advance dairying. No one who has visited Brasstown, this winter, will forget the beauty of the School fields green with rye, oats, wheat, barley, vetch, alfalfa, rape, and clover. During the past unusually mild season, our cows have had good grazing for weeks at a time, -- a great saving in feed expense. Although the production of corn is not of primary interest to us, we have built up our soil, so that our crop production has risen in ten years from around 15 bushels an acre to an average of over 75 bushels an acre. One outstanding acre of oats yielded 1611/2 bushels.

Our faith in the agricultural possibilities has led us to encourage the formation and growth of farmer cooperatives. The Mountain Valley Cooperative with headquarters at Brasstown, operates a creamery, deals in eggs, poultry and other farm products, and distributes some of the major necessities of the farmers' business—feeds, seeds, fertilizers, etc. During the past fiscal year it did a business of over \$80,000. For butterfat, poultry, and eggs alone it paid the farmers \$36,649.

Crafts learned during their winter session at the School have proved to some of our old students a real resource—financial and recreational. The majority of craft-workers, however, are neighbors living even as far as 9 or 10 miles from Brasstown. To some groups we have been able to give regular teaching in their home community; others come into the School for instruction and guidance. We ourselves were surprised to find, at the close of this year, that to five individuals had been paid for carving a total of \$1,311.58. One, a former student and head of a family, received \$317.13; two men in another family, \$438.65; two in a third family received \$555.80. The economic importance of such earnings—the largest amounts paid to a group of 65 craft workers—cannot be minimized. It was, nevertheless, the man receiving most of all for his work who said, smoothing the animal in his hand, "Here is the pleasure".

How to satisfy social hunger is the problem of every countryside. To Frank Smith, a new member of our staff last year, falls the absorbing but exceedingly difficult task of trying to help the old students or local leaders who call upon him, work out a satisfactory community program.

Equally difficult is the country problem of health. Mabel Mullins, our public-health nurse, is kept busy beside winter classes in the School, with community health clubs, a School and local emergency service, and special local educational work in pre-natal and post-natal care.

PHOTOGRAPH BY ANN ESTABROOK



Such beginnings are small and insignificant, perhaps, except as experiments which help to guide our own progress and which may be of use to others interested in the building of a better rural life. A school of this type is a pioneer. Its objectives are not those of the usual educational institution, nor does it try to serve a selected group. Here we have the country as it is-without selection. Until the people as a whole see the possibilities and work together for their realization, neither section nor individuals will prosper as they might.

The first requisite to a higher quality of life is an enlightened, openminded, forward-looking people. This is and always must be the first objective of a folk school anywhere, whatever the subject matter of its course of study. Here lies the hope of our Highland population, whatever the future may have in store for

UNIVERSIT

us in the way of development—agricultural, industrial, or tourist. In the wilderness of problems and difficulties which our pioneer ancestors all unwittingly helped to bequeath us, we need pioneers,—pioneers in a new way of life, a new rural civilization which, retaining something of its old distinctive flavor, will offer economic and social satisfaction. That some of our young people will be such pioneers is our hope and inspiration.

Only today, one of our old boys, away at School, wrote, "You know how I feel about the whole movement. To me it is a challenge. And since I've been here the importance of it has increased many times. I've

gotten a better understanding of it and the value of the whole thing is of tremendous importance."

Such enlightened and capable young people so often find no place on the home farm which is already carrying a large family; they see no hope as tenants under present conditions, and no way to acquire the land they wish to own. Without land or capital where can they go and what can they do?

Their predicament is, we realize, a part of the national problem involving our land tenure system, land use, farm-income and reasonable credit facilities. Yet we watch them, while specialists debate ways and means and

Practical Lessons in Keith House Kitchen. Photographs by Doris Ulmann.



the Government considers proposals, come out from the School with enlarged understanding and a real desire to build up a better life. What can we do for them? Perhaps some friends of our venture will be interested to help finance here and there, under School approval and guidance, individual students who have proved their integrity, sense of responsibility, initiative, and interest in the whole movement. Farms can bought-marginal under present agricultural methods-but offering a future living if properly managed over a period of time. As our young people need the School, so the School needs them, if the vision of a better rural civilization here in the valley of the Hiawassee is to be realized.

Not long ago a friend from another mountain state heard me discussing the problem of finding a way to help our young men get a foothold on the soil. He offered his own farm, rent-free, on the sole condition that the occupant should build up the soil. We discussed the questions of equipment, of market facilities, social organization and opportunities, a center for advice and stimulus, a health service. Beyond land, house, and barn, he could offer nothing.

I do not minimize the difficulties which face the young pioneer farmer who seeks to build a new life in this immediate region. At least, however, one who has been a student here will understand some of the problems confronting him, and will have help and encouragement in meeting them. He may be part of a cooperative movement which will give him a market for what he produces, and through which he can buy many necessities. He can have an outlet for his social hunger, in clubs, crafts, and many other forms of recreation.

The School itself, however, must have support if it is to continue such service to its students and to the larger movement for a better social and economic life. We face the problem of meeting our own budget as we try to meet the perplexing problems of individuals and section. On the enclosed slip we have indicated some of our immediate special needs. We would be glad to furnish further information if desired; we welcome study and investigation. Our accounts are audited by W. Bowen Henderson, Asheville, North Carolina.

For any assistance which you can give us we will be most grateful. We exist only through the interest and help of our friends.

Olive D. Campbell, Director.

Jacob Lange Smallholders School, Denmark

[&]quot;The landless worker all over Europe had tried to solve the land question by emigration . . . But naturally emigration cannot be a real solution. It is at home that the new world must be created."



JOHN C. CAMPBELL FOLK SCHOOL BRASSTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA

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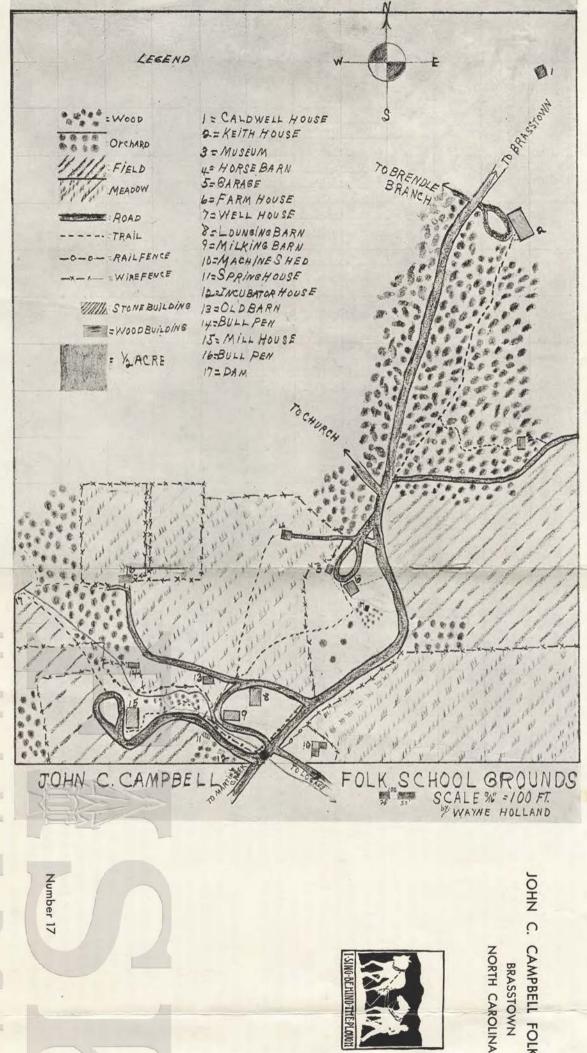
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Department of Agriculture,
Washington, D. C.

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Mrs. Wm, Clayton J. O. Penland

FRED O. SCROGGS

UNIVERSIT



April, 1935

CAMPBELL FOLK SCHOOL BRASSTOWN

▲S I look through the growing file of correspondence with old students, I am struck by two sentences which appear in almost every letter: "How is the family? Give my love to the family." The "family" is just the group of students and teachers-twentyfive students, this year, of whom five from last winter were doing practical work, who happen to be living at the School for longer or shorter periods. We are not blood kin; we come from different sections; are of different ages and ways of thinking and doing; yet we have come to feel ourselves related in a special way. Working, playing, singing, discussing, and studying together, we have unconsciously created a spirit, a family tradition to which each contributes and by which each is guided to greater or less extent.

An intangible thing, this spirit, yet so real that most of those who visit us feel

and comment upon it.

"We shall have much to tell our girls," wrote Dr. Ezekial Torres of Cuba, who with Mrs. Torres spent 10 days studying the School this winter, "of the large share it was our privilege and pleasure to enjoy

of the quiet and deep-flowing life of the group; of the happy atmosphere and the fellowship of a family whose bonds of unity seem to us stronger than those of kinship of blood."

This spirit is the

School, and at the same time it is the most powerful educational factor in the School. By it we learn to recognize and respect other points of view, to give and take, to accept criticism, and to play our part in a group enterprise not only with energy and good-humor, but with real pleasure. It prepares us for better living in every sphere of activity. It is building a basis for the cooperative organization which must come if the economic and social life of our section is to be materially better, but which can come only where people consider each other and work together toward a common end. "What is your curriculum?" we are

"What is your curriculum?" we are often asked. "Keenly interested in the world about us, in our origin and destiny," we cannot go deeply into any subject in the four brief months of our winter term. Informal lectures and discussion give us glimpses of some of the roads over which the human race has travelled; we see how geography shapes history; we get a little idea of the part played by heredity and environment. We try to face honestly certain definite situations and to think through what is

meant when we say "a better social and economic order." What shall we work for? How shall we go about it?

No subject is considered apart from life and the work we have to do to live. Agricul-

"A folk school is a large family circle, the ties being spiritual rather than physical, where all are keenly interested in the world about them, in their origin and in their destiny; a group where all work for the common good by developing the best powers they possess, and giving the circle the full benefit of their efforts,"

Fred C. N. Hedebol, "Cooperation," January, 1933.

ture, simple field surveying and mechanical drawing (see illustration on cover, surveyed and drawn by a student this winter), forestry, shop work, cooking, sewing and home-nursing are taught in relation to the use to be made of them. Arithmetic has to do with common reckonings of every day; through the auditing of the accounts of some of our cooperatives it also gives an understanding of cooperative savings.

Emphasis, in English, is laid on training for self-expression. An interesting outcome, this winter, was what we dare to call folk drama. Each member of the class who was interested wrote a short play transferring the plot of an old English ballad into local setting. The comparison of versions, rewriting, selection of best characters and situations, combining and editing formed a long but increasingly ex-

citing process. Wording, stage setting, and action were of equal concern. Everything must be true to life of the section, and so it was, or so, at least, the audience seemed to feel.

Craft work has its practical side, although its cultural, educational, and



Permission of Doris Ulmann Foundation. Haden Hensley, one of our old students and best carvers.

recreational values are as important as the economic. Apart from the looms in the craft room, from the rich masses of vegetable-dyed wools, and the shelves of shining animals ready for market, stands an amusing row of crudely-shaped creatures which we offered for sale our

first year of carving. No carver to-day would think of turning in, or would teacher think of accepting such work. Our appreciation of beauty has grown in a surprising fashion; it is still growing and must always grow, though few realize its slow and difficult path. Looking at some of his first geese, Haden Hensley, one of our old students and best carvers. could not believe that they were his until he saw the telltale H. H. on the bottom. Asked if he could increase his daily output so as to secure a larger income, he answered in the spirit of the true craftsman: "I reckon I could but it seems like I want to spend longer and longer on each one."

Visitors arrested by the sight of the big community room alive with rhythm and color, as the young people swing through the figures of games which have come down to us through the centuries, cannot know how many of those feet, now light on the floor, have learned through practice and discouragement the "Tyrolean step" or to properly "set

and turn single."

Behind the beauty and a part of it are less romantic realities: the tedious threading-up of a pattern, the evil-smelling glue-pot. Oscar Cantrell, in his cold, ill-equipped forge, works out wrought-iron candlesticks, tongs, hinges, and flower-brackets—his eyes smarting from smoke. Eternal scrubbing and dishwashing three times a day lie back of our delightful dining-room with its scientifically balanced and attractively-served meals. Clean Jersey milk means intimate

care of animals, barns, and utensils. There is adventure in scientific farming for those who have eyes to see, but hard and dirty work is its constant accompaniment. Persistence in those easily "out of heart"; precision in the careless; self-control in the undisciplined; these are some of the educational values in the work of the School, and with them recognition "each day that something which we have been despising as mean and poor is high and pure and rich in worth and beauty."

"Well, how was the School this year?" writes an old student. "I'll bet it was a big help to those who attended. It changed me over to wanting to become a farmer. I considered farm work very

disagreeable before."

Naturally we do not all see as much or as clearly. In proportion to what we see, we aspire; but I am sure that all of us have caught a glimpse of something by which to live—something which will never entirely fade, no matter how strong the pull of habit and environment.

This spring, when we were planning for the last day of school, one of the students suggested that they try to tell something of what the winter's experience had meant to them. The idea appealed to the young people and Ruth Umbarger was chosen to express the group feeling.

"The School has opened up a different side of life by a fuller appreciation of beauty through nature, weaving, carving, folk songs, and carols. One of the things which has made the biggest impression on us is the whole idea of cooperation. No matter what we do, we cannot stand alone, we must cooperate with other people. One always gets the most out of something he puts the most in. We have been especially interested in singing games, dairying, surveying, and all the class work.

"By living as a family, we have learned better ways and methods of doing the every day things of life which help to make better homes, and make work a pleasure. Through new experiences, friendships, and a better understanding of people, we have gained much that goes toward making a well-rounded life. By discussions, we have found greater freedom in thought, and more confidence in making decisions.

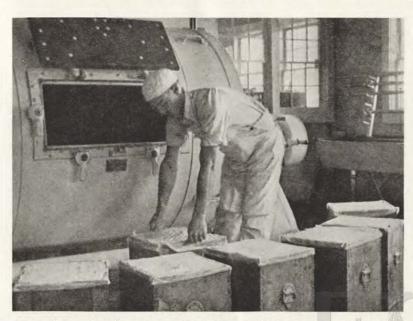
"To us, the values of being here cannot be summed up now or any time soon, but will serve as sources of help and knowledge from which we may extract

each day."

After seven months of study we chose this particular region on the upper waters of the Hiawassee, nine years ago, because we believed topography and climate favorable for the development of a sound rural life. We have demonstrated on the 175 acres of our farm now under cultiva-

tion that poor and neglected soil can be made productive under proper managementsuited to conditions. Even with much student labor - never economical-our farm has covered costs. the last two years, and we look forward to its carrying most of our school living some day. We have linked our own interests to those of the section by the initiation and support of cooperatives.

The creamery, enlarged and modernized with new



Butter churned in the cooperative creamery has meant a cash income to 600 farmers during the past year.

machinery and refrigeration, through a loan from the Tennessee Valley Associated Cooperatives, is now an efficient and attractive plant. Near by it stands the poultry-fattening plant which Mr. Deschamps is pushing to completion as rapidly as possible. The Mountain Valley Cooperative, as the combined Creamery and Farmers' Association is now known, will soon be able to handle a finished poultry product for the farmer as well as his cream and eggs. Lake Tuckwiller, our manager from Berea, has already raised the quality of our butter, but the quality of cream shipped by the producer must improve before we can make a product of the first grade. Better poultry and better eggs must also come if farmers are to get a top market price. The State is interested in our problem and is furnishing half of the salary of an educational field man, S. W. Mendenhall, who is now at work over the area—parts of five counties, covering some 125 square miles, which markets through the Mountain Valley Cooperative.

These developments in a cooperative enterprise which has cost the School many anxious days and nights since its initiation six years ago are a source of great happiness to us even while we realize how difficult are the problems that lie before us and how far away is our goal. This is part of the section which the Tennessee Valley Authority describes in no uncertain terms as one of worn-out and eroded lands, sub-soil or marginal and sub-marginal farming—judged by production at least, and ab-

normally low per capita income. Many and complicated are the reasons for present conditions. Any substantial change must be slow in its beginnings, dependent as it is on a general change in point of view and practice. We cannot expect a rapid growth in cooperative understanding but the Brasstown Savings and Loan (credit-union), the Farmers' and Creamery Associations have been of substantial help to the region.

A recent request for the number of families on relief in our immediate community brought us information which surprised us as much as it did the inquirer.

With 25 percent of the families in Cherokee and 34 percent in Clay county on relief, Brasstown community, within a radius of two and one-half miles from the postoffice, showed only seven percent. The amount put into direct circulation through cooperatives and School from March, 1934, to March, 1935, is suggestive.

* Paid to 52 craft workers Paid to labor on farm, upkeep, construc-	\$1,794.52
tion, etc. * local labor \$1,254.13 student labor 901.78	2,155.91
Cooperatives	
Paid to 600 farmers over 125 square miles Butterfat Eggs * Paid for labor in Creamery * Paid to 31 men, through TVAC loan to Mountain Valley Cooperative, for en- larging creamery, building poultry plant,	16,759.15 7,149.65 1,311.93
second reservoir of 9,500 gallons, and new road	4,067.36

Comparative figures for the same area are not available, nor would they indi-

cate average income. The amounts paid for butter and eggs are given for the entire territory of approximately 125 square miles; items starred are largely local—that is, paid to people living within two and one-half miles of the

Brasstown postoffice.

A visitor from the State University said last summer, "I wish every county in North Carolina had a school like this." We wish so indeed. Economic relief is not enough in itself, nor good schools, nor social measures of one sort or another. Every country section needs some kind of enlivening center which will interpret, stimulate, radiate, cooperate, live life as it might be lived under existing conditions. Such a center may show

certain tangible results in a few years, but its real influence will not be clear for a generation or more.

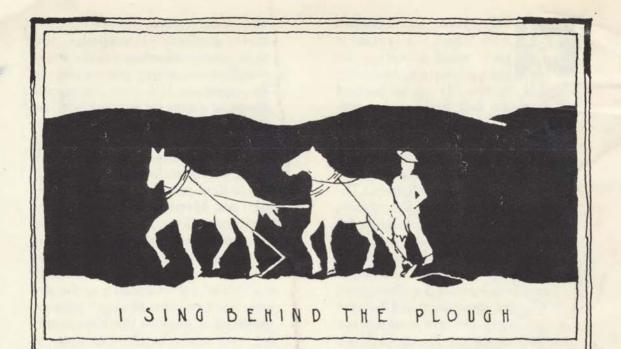
So the John C. Campbell Folk School, facing conditions as they are, works for the future. It is a free educational venture which, constantly adjusting itself to new conditions and opportunities, never loses sight of its main purpose, which is to help individuals, and through them the section in which they live, to a fuller and richer life. We ask your help and support in this effort which is not alone for this generation but which seeks to lay the foundations of a rural civilization in the future.

OLIVE D. CAMPBELL, Director

Such bits of shining wood spell economic independence to many a carver's family.

Permission of Doris Ulmann Foundation.





JOHN C. CAMPBELL FOLK SCHOOL BRASSTOWN · NORTH CAROLINA



HE John C. Campbell Folk School is a venture in rural adult education. Its main objective is the enrich-

ment of country life on the basis of the best that folk tradition has preserved and the best that modern thought has to offer. It was organized in the late fall of 1925 and named in memory of John C. Campbell, Director of the Southern Highland Division of the Russell Sage Foundation, author of "The Southern Highlander and his Homeland", and a man who gave a lifetime of study and service to the mountain people of the South.

The School is situated at Brasstown, a small rural community in Cherokee County, in the extreme southwestern mountain corner of North Carolina. This location was chosen because of its agricultural possibilities and especially because the citizens themselves asked for "a school which would build up the country and not make just preachers and teachers."

The desirability and feasibility of rural cooperation form the basic premise upon which the School was founded. It has therefore deliberately made itself a part of the life of the community in which it is situated, so that its program is of concern to the entire neighborhood during the entire year. Its activities fall into two main groups: a course for young adults, inspired by the folk school of Denmark, and a wide variety of community undertakings—recreational, cultural, educational, and economic.

The four months between November I and March I, the time of greatest leisure on the farm, have proved the most practicable period for the winter course. Students must be at least eighteen years old—preferably twenty and over. Character and a serious desire to learn are basic requirements for admission; scholastic standing is not a criterion. No examinations or credits are given. The course is not intended to take the place of the public school, although some elementary work is offered. Its main purpose is to give the young people new horizons, new interests, new ideals, which will enable them to live a richer life in the surroundings to which they were born. The course of instruction is so planned that, if it makes the

young men and women aware of deficiencies in their community, it also shows them the tremendous possibilities of rural lite and indicates the methods by which it may be dignified to the point of becoming interesting, profitable, and even thrilling to those who live on the soil.

Because we believe that home life, based on the relationship of equals, is of the first importance, students and teachers live together as one large family. The necessarily "academic" subjects, such as history, geography, and literature, are taught by the discussion method and are related as closely as possible to life. Home economics, agriculture, and forestry; wood-working, weaving, and carving; gymnastics, folk dancing, and folk singing are taught in the doing. Theory, while carefully explained, is always subordinated to practice, so that our students are able to say, not "I know how this can be done", but rather "I have done it".

"How many students have you at the Folk School?" No question is more frequently asked, and none is more difficult to answer briefly. The

winter course is small; we have at present space for 25 students. The "School", however, is far more than the winter course. In its larger sense it may be said to number hundreds of people. Shareholders and shippers in the cooperatives, members of community, health, and recreation clubs, and craft workers old and youngall who are working with us for a bet-

ter rural life are part of it.

The majority of the winter-term students work out their board by coming early or remaining at the close of the term for longer or shorter periods; they earn and learn in house, shop, construction work, and on the farm. The farm, with its continuous program of soil-improvement and stock-breeding, is not only a valuable educational experience for those who work on it; it also serves as a practical demonstration of how the basic industry of the section-dairyingmay be developed under local conditions.

The winter course and the activities of farm and home are inextricably interwoven with the larger undertakings initiated by the Folk School staff

in cooperation with the community. Cream and eggs from the School farm are marketed through the Mountain Valley Cooperative, which handles the various dairy and poultry products of the farmers in this section. The Cooperative also sells feeds, seeds, and other farm necessities, and operates a corn mill. Staff and members of the community serve together on the board of the Cooperative. They serve together also in the Brasstown Credit Union, which provides a means of community saving and makes small loans for constructive purposes. Though the amounts involved are small, the service rendered is significant. As the Credit-Union National Association says of us in its official organ, "The Bridge", "This is 'grass-roots' service."

On the social side, Men's and Women's Clubs widen the circle around the School center and work for all that goes to enrich the life of the community and section. Crafts, which enjoy ever-growing favor with the local people, give satisfaction to the creative power and help to supplement farm income. A carver is no longer an idle whittler; he is a craftsman

and a financial asset.

The School holds an annual tenday course in June in response to a steady demand throughout the mountains for folk material, particularly folk songs and singing games. In addition to people who come from other sections, several from our own county attend. The course is really a little folk school, and the associations and discussions help us to clarify the problems of rural life and to indicate the ways by which we may enrich it.

The Folk School is incorporated under the North Carolina law governing non-profitmaking educational corporations. It is administered by a board of directors. Without denominational affiliation, it receives, because of its experimental and demonstration values, a modest yearly appropriation from the Board of National Missions of the Presbyterian Church, U. S. A., and from the Congregational Church through the American Missionary Association. In main part, however, it is dependent upon the voluntary contributions of those who feel the importance of building up a better rural civilization.

OLIVE D. CAMPBELL, Director

Ruth Lockman

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