

# THE BROOKINGS INSTITUTION

## RESEARCH TRAINING FELLOWSHIPS

The provision of advanced research training and of research opportunities is one of the major functions of the Brookings Institution. In carrying on this function, it offers a number of research fellowships which enable students to gain experience by working in Washington on projects of their own choosing, under the guidance of mature investigators. Among these there are arranged each year a number of co-operative fellowships, the expense of each being borne jointly by the Brookings Institution and the co-operating university.

The fellowship year runs from October 1 to June 30. The amount of the fellowship stipend varies for different classes of applicants and each case is considered on its merits when application is made.

Ordinarily the stipend is paid in part in the form of tuition, board and room at the Residence of the Institution, and other Residence facilities. One-ninth of the cash portion of the stipend is paid at the end of each month of the fellowship year. In the case of a married fellow whose family is in Washington and who, therefore, desires to live outside the Residence, arrangements may be made for cash commutation of room, breakfast, and dinner. As luncheon at the Residence of the Institution furnishes an opportunity for discussion among fellows, members of the Institution staff, and many social scientists in Washington, all fellows are expected to take this meal at the Residence.

### Eligibility of Candidates

Those eligible for fellowships include:

1. Persons who have completed the work for or have taken the Ph.D. degree.
2. Students in the later stages of their graduate work, who have completed all or practically all of the residence and course-work requirements for the Ph.D. degree and who wish to do thesis work in Washington. As it is the purpose of the Institution to supplement the graduate work of universities, it does not itself offer to confer graduate degrees; hence, such students will

presumably take their degrees at the universities where they did their post-graduate work.

3. Mature persons without extensive academic training who show evidence of competence to do research work under informal guidance.

### Research Facilities

The fields in which the Institution is at present best equipped to offer research training are as follows: International economic relations, agricultural economics, power resources, labor and industry, financial organization, marketing, constitutional law, administrative law, tax, budget, and public personnel administration. In these fields the Institution not only offers the opportunity of consultation and co-operation with its own staff, but facilitates contacts with research workers, both in government bureaus and in organizations representing various economic, political, and social interests.

In no case, excepting where special arrangements are made, has the Institution any claim on the written work of the holders of fellowships.

### Lectures and General Seminars

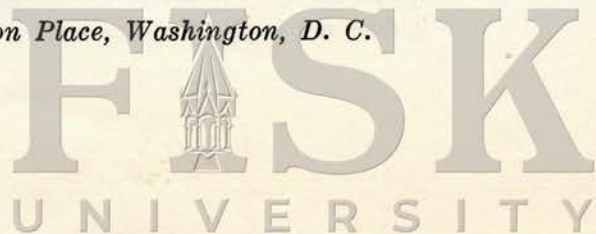
In addition to research facilities, the Institution provides numerous lectures and opportunities for discussion on topics of general interest to the group. It also offers a general seminar in some selected field in the social sciences and a seminar concerned with "Methods and Processes of Research in the Social Sciences." For the year 1934-35 the subject of the seminar was "Current Government Activities in Relation to Economic Life." This subject, with special emphasis upon the program and policies of the new Administration, is being continued.

Applications will be received up to March 15, of each year. Requests for application blanks should be addressed to:

LEVERETT S. LYON, *Executive Vice-President,*

*The Brookings Institution,*

*722 Jackson Place, Washington, D. C.*



## PROGRAM OF GENERAL SEMINAR, 1934-1935

### CURRENT GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES IN RELATION TO ECONOMIC LIFE

(This seminar consisted of fourteen lectures given by members of the regular and special staffs of the Brookings Institution.)

America's Capacity to Consume—Harold G. Moulton

The Problem of Capital Formation—Harold G. Moulton

Some Cartel Problems—Karl E. Pribram

The Agricultural Adjustment Administration and Recovery—Joseph S. Davis

The Relationship of the AAA to Marketing Institutions with Particular Reference to Co-operation—Edwin G. Nourse

An Appraisal of the American Banking System—Charles O. Hardy

The Evolution of the AAA Program—John D. Black

The National Recovery Administration—Leverett S. Lyon

The NRA and Recovery—George Terborgh

Wages and Hours Provisions of NRA Codes—L. C. Marshall

The NRA and Industrial Relations—Lewis L. Lorwin

Administrative Problems of the NRA—Paul T. Homan

International Monetary Situations—Leo Pasvolsky

International Trade Relations—Leo Pasvolsky

## A SERIES OF LECTURES, 1934-1935

### THE SCIENTIFIC STUDY OF LAW AND ITS ADMINISTRATION

Scientific Method and the Law—Walter Wheeler Cook, Johns Hopkins University

Social Science and the Evaluation of Legal Theory—Roscoe Pound, Harvard Law School

Modern Business Development and the Evaluation of Legal Theory—A. A. Berle, Jr., Columbia University

Philosophy and the Evaluation of Legal Theory—Morris R. Cohen, College of the City of New York

The Place of Administrative Courts in Modern Legal Development—Frederick F. Blachly, The Brookings Institution

Law Enforcement and Public Administration—Charles E. Clark, Yale Law School

Problems of Judicial Administration and Organization—George W. Wickersham, New York City

## DISCUSSIONS OF SPECIAL PROBLEMS OF SOCIAL SCIENCE METHOD

(A series of group discussions conducted each year by members of the staff of the Brookings Institution)

Writing (a series of meetings)—Harold G. Moulton, Leverett S. Lyon, Lewis L. Lorwin, Edwin G. Nourse, and others

Methods and Technique in Library Research—Frederick F. Blachly

The Use of Questionnaires and Interviews—Lewis Meriam

Mechanical Aids to Thinking—Lewis Meriam

Statistics and Other Evidence—Charles O. Hardy

Chart and Table Making—Cleona Lewis

Editorial Aspects of Presenting the Results of Research—Marie Butler

## TYPICAL GENERAL LECTURES

The Place of the Supreme Court in Economic Life—Thomas Reed Powell, Harvard University

The Future of Unemployment Insurance in the United States—Paul H. Douglas, University of Chicago

The Government and Corporate Business—Adolf A. Berle, Jr., Columbia University

Planning in Agriculture—John D. Black, Harvard University

New Dealers and Social Planning during the American Revolution—Marcus W. Jernegan, University of Chicago

Planning in Transportation—Joseph B. Eastman, Federal Railroad Coördinator

The World Economic Situation—J. B. Condliffe, Editor, League of Nations' annual *World Economic Survey*

The Struggle for Constitutions in the Near East—George Antonius, Institute of Current World Affairs

Planning in the Cotton Textile Industry—Henry P. Kendall, President, Kendall Company



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