

Owner's Manual

Fast-Seal® (Model FS1000) Doors

WARNING



Read and understand all operation, warning and safety instructions in this manual before operating or servicing the door.

When instructed to do so, follow lockout/tagout procedure before servicing the door.

FAST-SEAL® (MODEL FS1000) OWNER'S MANUAL





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INTRODUCTION

The information contained in this manual will allow you to operate and maintain your Rytec Fast-Seal® door in a manner which will ensure maximum life and trouble-free operation.

Any unauthorized changes to these procedures, or failure to follow the steps as outlined, will automatically void the warranty. Any changes to the working parts, assemblies, or specifications as written, which are not authorized by Rytec Corporation, will also cancel the warranty. The responsibility for the successful operation and performance of this door lies with the owner.

DO NOT OPERATE OR PERFORM MAINTENANCE ON THIS DOOR UNTIL YOU READ AND UNDERSTAND THE INSTRUCTIONS CONTAINED IN THIS MANUAL.

If you have any questions contact your Rytec representative or **call the Rytec Technical Support Department at 800-628-1909**. Always refer to the serial number of the door when calling the representative or Technical Support.

A set of wiring schematics is provided with each individual door specifically covering the control panel and electrical components of that door. The schematics for a door are shipped inside the box that holds the System 4® controller.

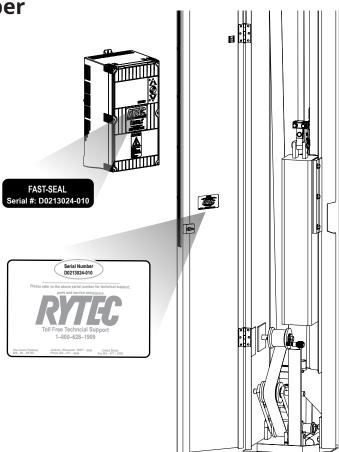
How to find the serial number



You will need to know the serial number of your door any time you call Rytec Technical Support.

There are labels displaying the serial number in several locations on the door

The easiest labels to locate are at roughly eye level, inside the side column covers on both sides of the door, and at the bottom of the display on the controller.



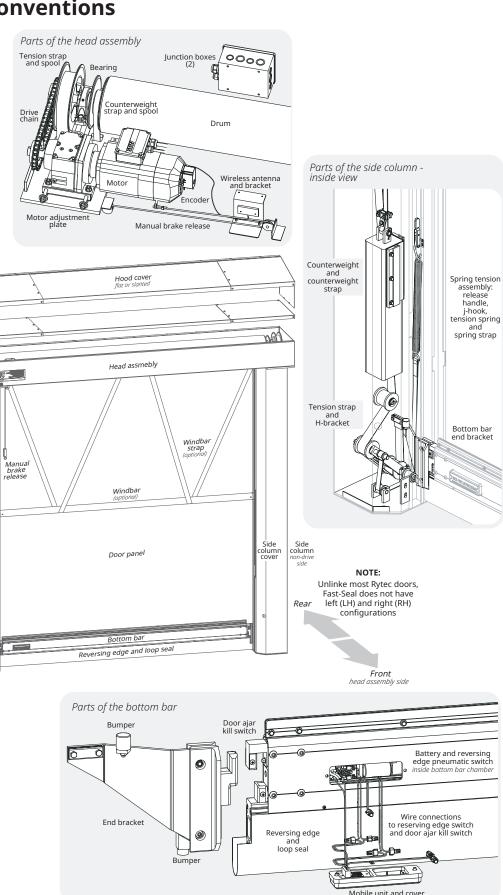


Rytec naming conventions

The illustration on this page shows the terms used by Rytec technical support to refer to the major components of your door.

Using these terms helps technical support to provide assistance as quickly as possible.

> Side column



Parts of the side column - outside view

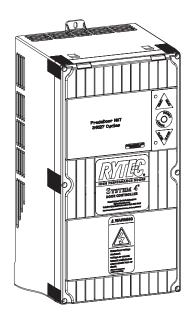


The System 4[®] controller

The Fast-Seal is controlled by a solid-state, microprocessorbased control system designed exclusively to operate Rytec doors.

This is a robust and highly customizable system that allows for both precise control of all door functions and coordinated control of multiple optional accessories such as activators, detection systems, and alert systems.

Door performance can be customized to meet the needs of any installation.



The open and close limits

The heights where the door stops while opening and closing, called the **open and close limits** of the door, are set through a programming sequence at the controller.

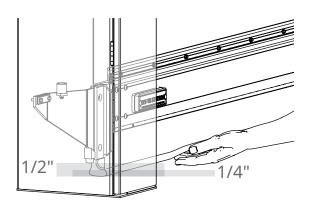
The limits should be checked periodically and adjusted if necessary.

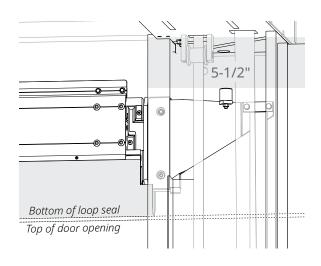
For Fast-Seal, the door is at the correct **close limit** when the **bottom of the loop seal** rests on the floor with a slight bulge so that there is a complete seal, and the **reversing edge** is 1/4" above the floor (finger width).

At this height, the **bottom bumper on the end bracket** should be 1/2" above the baseplate of the side column.

The door is at the correct **open limit** when the **bottom of the loop seal** is just above the top of the door opening, and the **upper bumper on the end brackets** are 5-1/2" below the top plates of the side columns.

Move at least ten feet from the door to check the height.





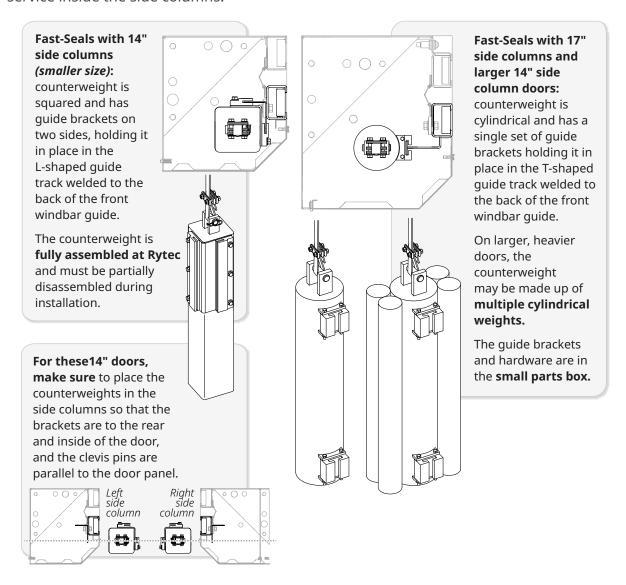


The counterweights

The Fast-Seal uses a set of counterweights in the side columns to balance the weight of the door panel when it opens and closes.

The counterweights are connected to the same drum and idler as the door panel by a pulley system that rolls up and unrolls in the opposite direction to the door panel.

Counterweights on large doors can be heavy enough to require caution when performing service inside the side columns.





The windbars

Windbars provide structural support for the door panel in high pressure installations.

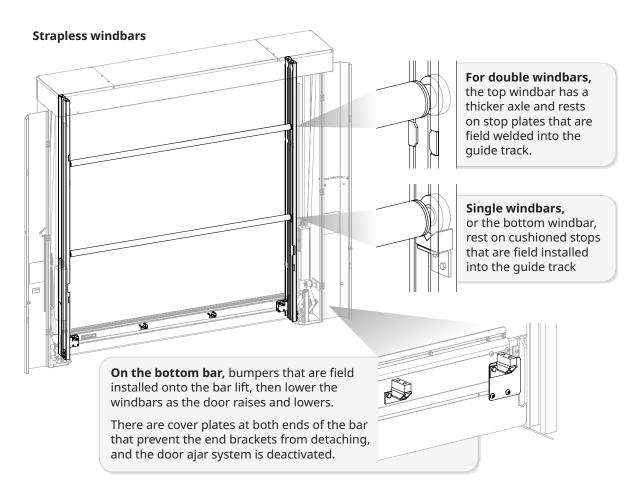
Unlike most Rytec doors, where the windribs are integrated into the door panel, the windbars in Fast-Seal have separate front and rear guide tracks. The door track is the space between these two guide tracks, which are present whether or not the door has windbars.

Fast-Seal doors can have windbars in front of the door panel, behind the door panel, or both.

There are two types of windbars: strapless and strapped

Strapless windbars are held in place by brackets installed into the windbar guide tracks Bumpers mounted on the bottom bar raise and lower the windbar as the door moves up and down.

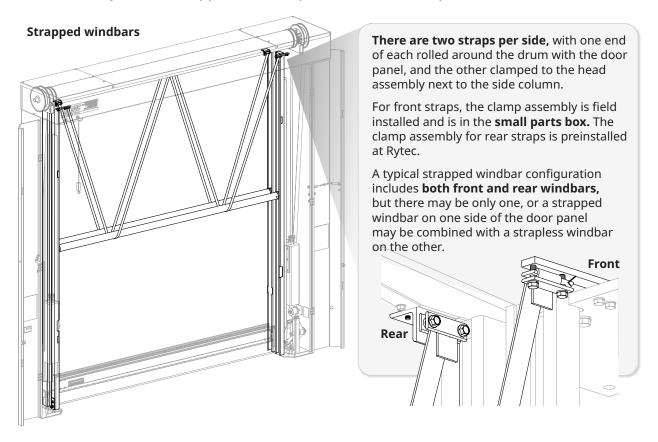
There can be **single or double** strapless windbars.





Strapped windbars are held in place by straps that roll and unroll with the door panel, raising and lowering the windbar with the door panel.

There can only be one strapped windbar per side of the door panel.



Many combinations of strapless and strapped windbars are possible

- Single strapless, front, rear, or both sides
- Single strapless on one side, double strapless on the other
- Double strapless, both sides
- Strapped (single only), front, rear or both sides
- Strapped on one side, single strapless on the other



The door ajar breakaway system

The Fast-Seal was the first door to feature a door ajar breakaway system, and features the first design for a breakaway bottom bar.

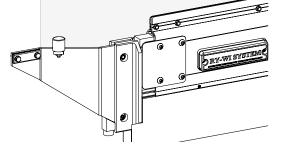
The end brackets detach from the bottom bar when the door panel is struck. A magnetic kill switch in the bottom bar senses that the end bracket has separated and stops the door. There are kill switches on both sides of the bottom bar, so the door stops even if only one end bracket has separated.

The bottom bar must be reassembled before the door can return to service.

On doors that are wider than twenty-four feet, or that feature strapless windbars, this system is deactivated and the end brackets are secured to the bottom bar by steel cover plates.

- The end brackets have a z-shaped end block that slots into the end block in the bottom bar.
- A **spring-loaded plunger** snaps into the notch in the end block to secure the end bracket in place.
- On contact, the end brackets **remain in the door track** while the rest of the bottom bar swings freely.
- A magnetic sensor in the bottom bar senses that the magnet in the end block has moved away and stops the door.

 End block Spring plunger Magnetic kill (door ajar) sensor
- The door ajar breakaway system is deactivated on doors that are >24' (twenty four feet) wide, or that have strapless windbars (see next section).
- Two steel cover plates prevent the end brackets from detaching on contact.
- On these doors, you will need to remove the cover plates in order to access the end bracket.





The obstruction detection systems Photo eyes

The standard Fast-Seal installation includes two obstruction detection systems which stop, then reverse the door if they are activated.

The **photo eyes** stop, then reverse the door when a potential obstruction crosses the beam in front of, or to the rear of, the door opening. They then hold the door open until the obstruction is removed.

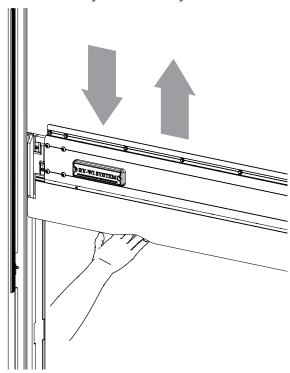
The front photo eyes are preinstalled onto the front of the side columns 18 inches above the floor. The rear photo eyes are preinstalled onto the rear windbar guide, 28 inches above the floor.

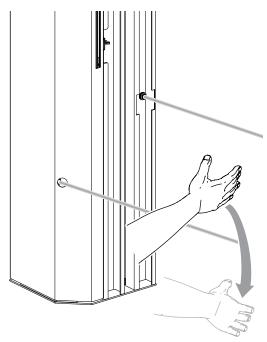
NOTE: The side column cover must be opened to access and service the photo eyes.

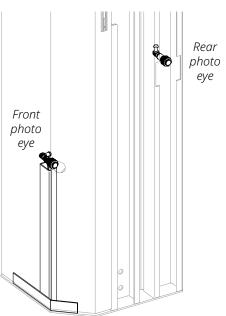
Reversing edge

The **reversing edge** is attached to the bottom bar under the loop seal. It runs the length of the bottom bar.

If the edge hits an obstruction, it actives a pneumatic switch in the bottom bar to stop, then reverse the door. The door then cycles normally and closes.









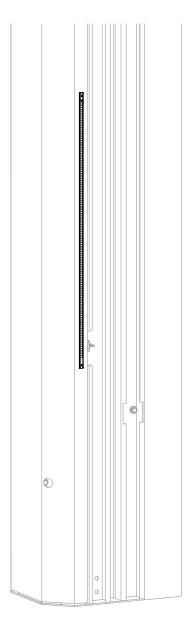
The alert system

The **Pathwatch**® **LED strip**, mounted on both side columns, alert users when the door is active. The strips flash in the following ways:

- Before the door closes: blinking yellow for three seconds
- While the door closes: continuous red until the door stops

The Pathwatch strip is mounted on the inner edge of the side column cover, in front of the front windbar guide. The strips face into the door opening.

Your installation may also include other optional detection or alert devices.





Safety information and the meaning of signal words

Summary



Technical content produced by Rytec includes safety information which must be read, understood and obeyed to reduce the risk of death, personal injury, or equipment damage. This information is boxed to set it apart from other text. The boxed text identifies the nature of the hazard and appropriate steps to avoid it.

The safety alert symbol identifies a situation that can result in personal injury. The accompanying signal word indicates the likelihood and potential severity of the injury. The meaning of the signal words are as follows:



MARNING

WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



A CAUTION

Caution indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

Safety icons used in this manual

The safety icons used throughout this manual indicate the hazards listed in the boxed text shown here.

MARNING



CRUSH AND BODY CRUSH HAZARD BEFORE WORKING ON THE DOOR:





WHEN WORKING ON THE DOOR:

 Make sure the door panel is secured at all times, proper procedures and safety measures are followed, and tools meet recommended specs.

FAILURE TO COMPLY COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY

⚠ WARNING



FALLING HAZARD

- Make sure ladders and scissor lifts have the correct load rating and are of sufficient height to safely access the door head assembly.
- Follow all safety instructions.

FAILURE TO COMPLY COULD RESULT IN DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY

A CAUTION



CRUSH HAZARD

KEEP HANDS CLEAR OF PINCH POINTS

- **Be aware** of potential hazards if you place your hands in places where you cannot see them.
- **Make sure** all proper procedures and safety instructions are followed.

FAILURE TO COMPLY COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY



MARNING



CUT AND BLADE HAZARD

KEEP HANDS CLEAR OF ALL BLADES AND SHARP EDGES

- **Be aware** of potential hazards if you place your hands in places where you cannot see them.
- Make sure all proper procedures and safety instructions are followed when operating power tools.

FAILURE TO COMPLY COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY

MARNING



FORK LIFT

- Make sure fork lift operators are certified for the lift in use, that
 the forklift is rated for at least the Rytec® standard of 4,000 pounds,
 and that non-service personnel are clear of the work area.
- Follow all proper procedures and safety instructions.

FAILURE TO COMPLY COULD RESULT IN DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY

Additional safety icons used in this manual







Operational and maintenance safety Operational precautions

Observe these precautions while using the door.

- Make sure that all individuals who use the door have been informed about the correct use of the door and all activating devices, and that they understand all safety devices for the door.
- Make sure that only individuals who are trained, qualified and authorized can access the control system, system software and control parameters.
- Do not run through the door opening or attempt to cross the threshold before you are able to do so while walking fully upright.
- Do not drive a vehicle through the door until the door is completely open and has stopped moving.
- Do not climb on or hang on the door.
- Do not touch any part of the door or door frame while the door is opening or closing.
- Only operate the door at the approved supply voltage.
- If the door is to be kept open for a sustained period of time, use the control system to put the door in jog mode, and jog to the desired height.
- For servicing, set the door to the open position, then set the power disconnect to the OFF position and perform a lockout/tagout. Make sure all personnel are informed that the door is not operational during this time.
- Safety devices must not be modified or put out of services. Do not use the door if there is any indication that a safety device is not operating correctly.



Maintenance precautions

Observe these precautions while performing maintenance on the door.

- Maintenance of the door and the control system is to be done by trained, qualified and authorized individuals only.
- Make sure all routine maintenance is performed as scheduled in the instructions for the door.
- Make sure the power disconnect is set to the OFF position and a correct lockout/tagout procedure has been performed before servicing any component of the door that is powered by the control system.
- The control system includes components that remain charged after the power has been disconnected. Do not open the control box until at least 5 (five) minutes have elapsed after power is disconnected.
- Do not pass through or stand in the door panel pathway while the door is being serviced.
- Make sure you have and use all required Personal Protective Equipment.
- Make sure that you are aware of the location of all power lines, piping and HVAC systems within the work site.
- Make sure all components and hardware used to service the door are approved by the manufacturer.

Other icons used in this manual



Indicates instructions which, if not followed, could result in **damage to the door** or **voiding of the warranty.**



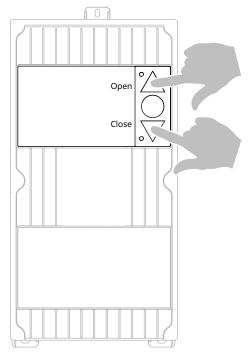
Indicates **best practice.**This is how Rytec Technical Support does the job.





How to open and close the door using the System 4 controller

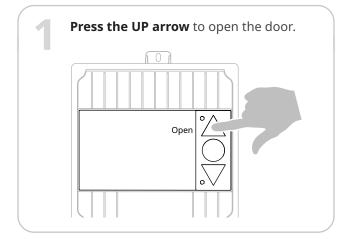
The System 4 controller should be installed within sight of the Fast-Seal door.



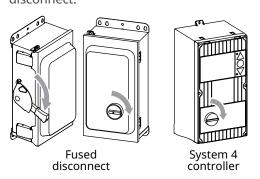
- Press the UP arrow to manually open the door.
- Press the DOWN arrow to manually close the door
- Under normal operating conditions, the door should always close automatically.

Under normal operating conditions, it should not be necessary to use the System 4 controller. Rytec offers a wide range of automatic and manual activators designed to fit the specific requirements of the installation. Call Rytec Technical support at **800-628-1909** if you have questions about the activators for your door.

How to hold the door open



Turn the disconnect switch to the OFF position. The switch may be located on the System 4 controller or on an external disconnect.



Perform a lockout/tagout.





A CAUTION

Make sure all users of the door are informed when the door is out of service, and when it is put back into service.

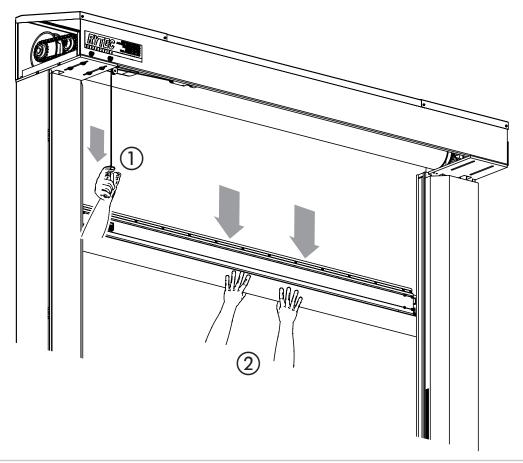


How to open and close the door manually

Pull down on the brake release cable ① to free up the door panel to move.

The weight of the door panel is balanced by the counterweight, so the door can be pulled up or down manually ②.

Release the brake release cable when the door panel is at the desired height.





Recommended inspection and maintenance schedule

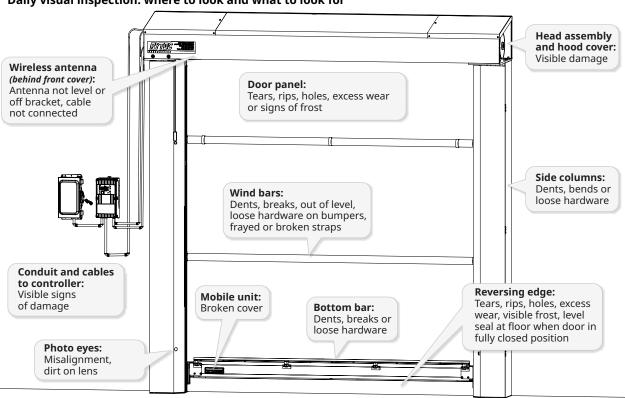
Action	Daily	Quarterly
Inspect visually externally for damage: door panel, windbars, side columns, bottom bar, wireless antenna, cables and conduit		
Inspect visually inside the side columns for damage: counterweight system, tensioning system, cables and wire chases		
Test door operation		
Test reversing edge		
Test photo eyes; clean if necessary		
Visually inspect controller, cabling and conduit		
Inspect hardware; tighten where necessary		
Visually inspect the end bracket assemblies, tensioning system, and spring tension assemblies		
Visually inspect the bottom bar, including the door ajar breakaway components on both ends, the mobile unit, the reversing edge switch, the battery, and all internal wiring		
Test the battery voltage		
Visually inspect the rear brush seal in the head assembly		
Visually inspect all parts of the counterweight assemblies		
Visually inspect the motor, drive chain, and drum in the head assembly		
Lubricate all bearings		
Inspect anchoring; tighten where necessary		
Check condition of safety labels		
Check open and close limit; adjust if necessary		
Test photo eyes; clean or realign if necessary		
Test reversing edge and door ajar breakaway systems; adjust if necessary		
Test brake and brake release		
Perform or schedule routine or required maintenance		

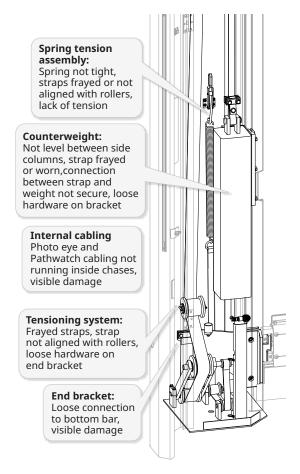
MAINTENANCE



Daily maintenance - perform daily

Daily visual inspection: where to look and what to look for







A CAUTION

Immediately take the door out of service and perform a lockout/tagout if any of the door systems are not working properly.

- Inspect the side columns, head assembly and wireless antenna for signs of damage or excessive wear as detailed in the illustration.
- Inspect the door panel, door track, bottom bar and reversing edge for damage or signs of excessive wear as detailed in the illustration.
- Inspect the windbars and all parts of the windbar assembly for damage or signs of excessive wear as detailed in the illustration.

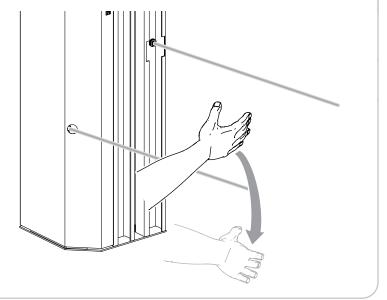


- Open the side column covers and inspect the counterweight system, tensioning system and spring tension assembly in each side column.
- **Activate** the door using each activating system. **Run** the door through at least three cycles for each system.
 - **Make sure** the door panel rises to the fully open position, remains in place for the standard time, and then closes to the fully closed position.
 - Make sure the reversing edge is level when the door is fully closed.
 - Repeat for each activating device.

- While the door cycles, **look and listen** for:
 - Unusual noises such as grinding, whining or excessive motor noise
 - Changes in door speed from one cycle to the next. NOTE: The door motion should accelerate, then decelerate, during a normal run up or down.
 - Excess movement by the motor, drive or door panels.
 - Unexpected delay in activation or unusually long time period before automatically closing.
- **Check** the LED lights in the front transmitter and receiver (rear pair are not accessible).
 - **Transmitter:** green light indicates it is operational.
 - **Receiver:** yellow light indicates it is correctly aligned with the transmitter.

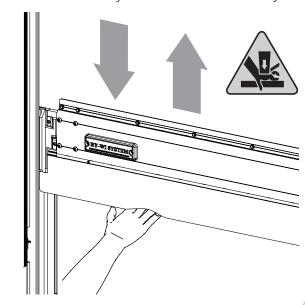


- While the door is closing, **break the beam** on each set of photo eyes.
 - Door should stop, reverse, and stay open as long as the obstruction remains in place.
 - Door should only close when the obstruction is removed.

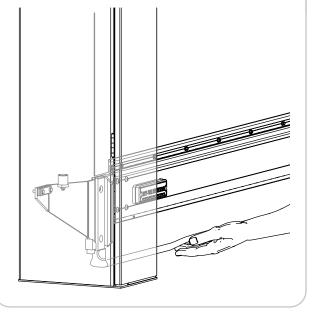




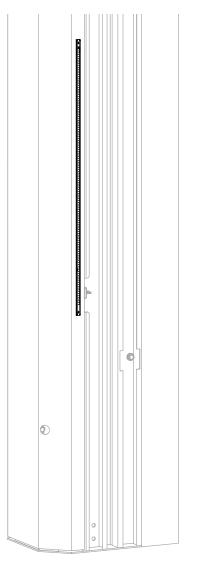
- Place your hand in the path of the closing door panel, above the photo eye beams, and allow the reversing edge to hit it.
 - The door panel should stop, reverse, then run through the delay timers and close normally.



Run your fingers along the bottom of the reversing edge when the door is in the fully closed position to make sure there is a tight seal to the floor the entire length of the edge.



- **Observe** the Pathwatch LED strips on both side columns as the door opens and closes.
 - Before the door closes: strips flash yellow for three seconds.
 - While the door closes: strips glow continuously red until the door stops.





Daily cleaning - if required

- If a photo eye is dirty, Use a clean, soft cloth and household window cleaner to clean the lens.
- If the door panel or side columns require cleaning:

1: Turn off power to the door until the cleaning is complete by setting the disconnect to the OFF position and performing a lockout/tagout.





2: Use a mild non-abrasive solution of soap and warm water.

- **3: Grease or oil-based buildup** may require using a commercial grade cleaner/degreaser.
- **4: Apply** the cleaning solution to the dirty area by spraying, or with a damp microfiber cloth.
- **5: Reapply** until the dirt is removed or the grease breaks up.
- **6: Rinse** lightly with a water spray, then **wipe down** with a clean, damp microfiber or lint-free cloth.
- **7:** Use a clean and dry microfiber or lint-free cloth to dry the cleaned area.
- **8:** When the area is dry, **restore** power to the door.

Quarterly maintenance

This section is a **step-by-step breakdown** of the most efficient inspection, tightening, testing and lubricating routine for the door. It shows you how to perform all maintenance procedures in one area before moving to the next, in a logical sequence.

If you find, during inspection and testing, **that repairs need to be made**, you will find instructions for the most common maintenance procedures later in this manual.

Contact Rytec Technical Support at **800-628-1909** or e-mail **rytec.helpdesk@nucor.com**



if you have any questions at any time during service of the door. **See** page 6 for a list of Rytec terms.

Safety

Read the **Safety section** beginning on page 12 before performing any service on the door.

Requirements - Site Conditions

- Service techs must have unrestricted access to the door opening at all times during the service.
- Make sure there is no pedestrian or vehicular traffic within the service area for the duration of the service.

Requirements - Staffing



- A licensed electrician is recommended for making any changes to the electrical connections for the door.
- Refer to the Rytec System 4[®] Drive & Control Installation & Owner's Manual for a complete list of the electrician's responsibilities.

WARNING



Electrical work must meet all applicable local, state and national codes.

Failure to wire the door correctly can cause shock, burns or death to the people who install, use or service the door.

Failure to comply also voids the warranty for the door.



Requirements - Lifts



↑ WARNING

Follow all safety instructions on all lifts and ladders used for this installation.



Scissor lift that meets the following specifications:

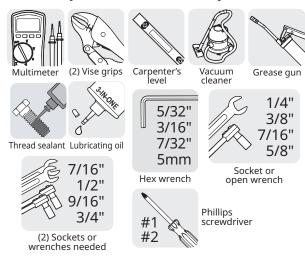
- Can hold all service techs
- Minimum height ability: door height



 Alternatively, ladder(s) of sufficient height to safely access the door head assembly

Required tools and supplies

Additional tools may be required to perform maintenance after inspections and tests have been done. They will be called out as they are needed.



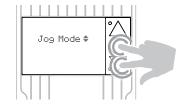
Quarterly maintenance - visual inspections and tightening hardware

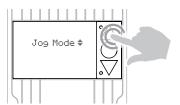
Before you start: rules of thumb for tightening hardware on Rytec doors

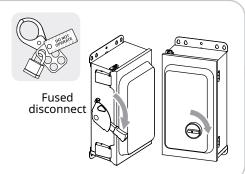
- Do not tighten hardware unless you can feel that it is loose, and you can rotate it by hand.
- **Do not overtighten:** tighten only until hardware cannot be rotated with your fingers.
- Power tools can be used to loosen hardware, but should not be used to tighten.
 - Much of the hardware on the Turbo-Seal Insulated is Tek screws, which can easily be overtorqued and strip out mounting holes.



- Perform all the visual inspections of the daily inspection.
 Perform any required cleaning.
- **Jog** the door to a comfortable working height, then **shut off power to the door** and perform a lockout/tagout.













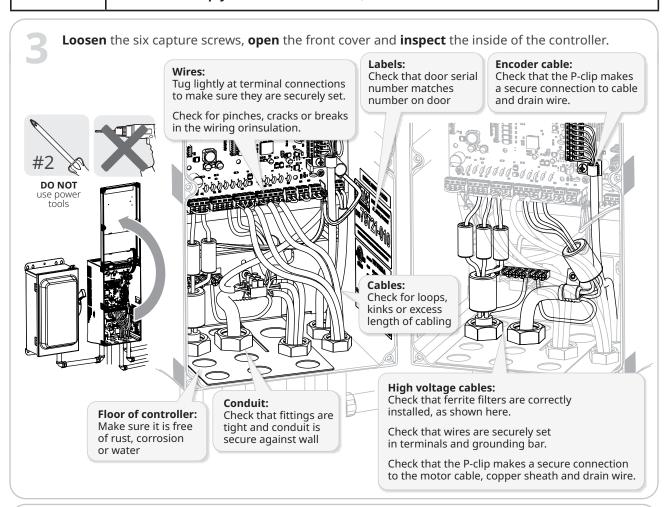
MARNING

Set the disconnect switch to the OFF position and perform a lockout/tagout of the high-voltage disconnect before opening the controller. **This MUST be done at the fused disconnect, even if there is a disconnect switch on the controller.**

Then wait 5 minutes after performing the lockout/tagout before opening the controller

Do not set the disconnect switch to the ON position until the controller has been closed and the cover secured.

Failure to comply could result in shock, burns or death.





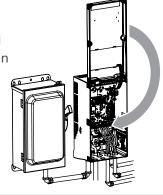
Close and secure the cover of the controller when you are done.

Then **check the condition** of the warning label on the front of the control box. **Make sure** it can be clearly seen and that all text is readable.

Call Rytec technical support at **800-628-1909** if any safety labels need to be replaced.



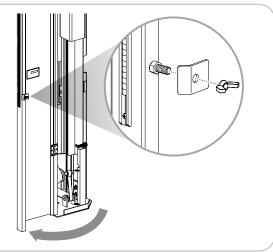






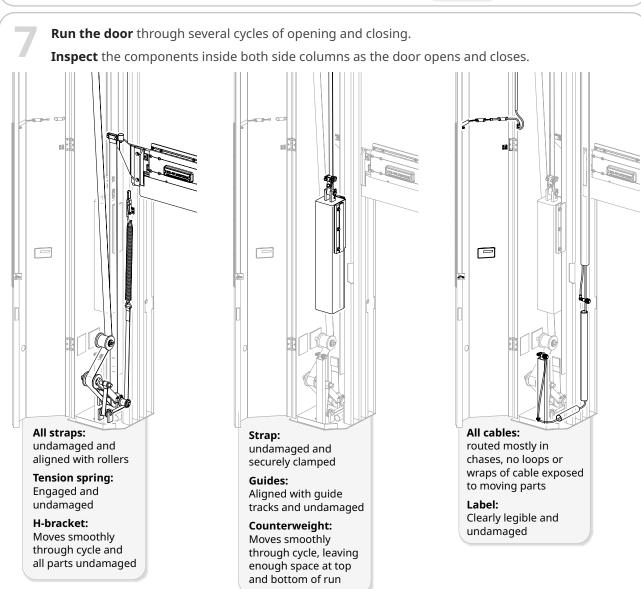


Loosen and remove the latch and wingnut on the side column cover, swing the cover open, then replace the latch and nut on the retaining screw so they are not misplaced.



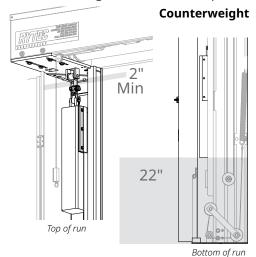
Remove the lockout/tagout and **restore** power to the door.

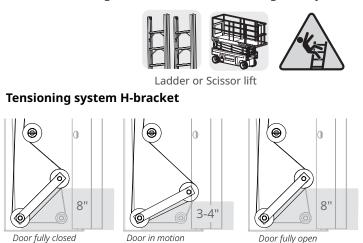




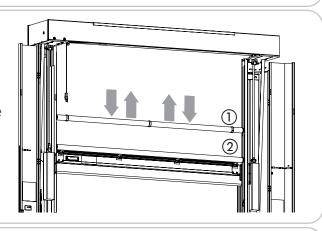


Make sure the counterweight operates within the recommended open and close limit, and the tensioning H-bracket moves up and down to the correct heights as the door moves through the cycle.





- On doors with strapless windbars, **make sure** the windbars:
 - Move smoothly in the guides
 - Stop and rest securely on the cushioned stop assemblies or stop plates ① when the door panel is lowered
 - And the bumpers on the bottom bar raise the windbars ② when the door panel is raised

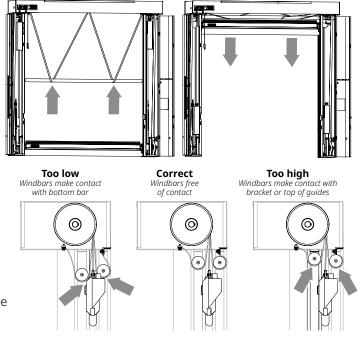


On doors with strapped windbars, make sure the windbars move smoothly in the guides, and that they are half-way up the door panel throughout the cycle.

If there are **both front and rear strapped windbars**, they must be at the same height.

Check the position of the windbar with the door fully open.

- The windbar should be half-way between the top of the windbar guide and the top of the bottom bar, free of contact.
- The windbar is too low if it is making contact with the bottom bar, and too high if it is making contact with the strap bracket, the top of the windbar guide, or the rolled-up door panel.





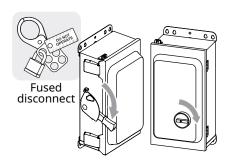
Jog the door to a comfortable working height.

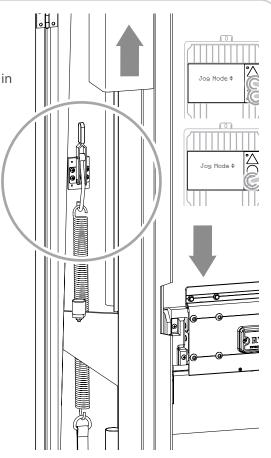
Make sure that both the counterweights and the end brackets of the bottom bar are clear of the

spring release handle of the spring tension system in both side bars.

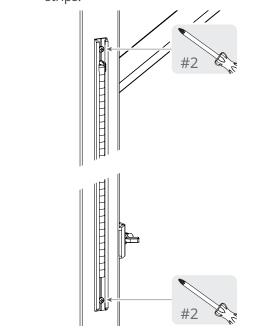
You will be pulling down the handle.

Then **shut off power to the door** and perform a lockout/tagout.



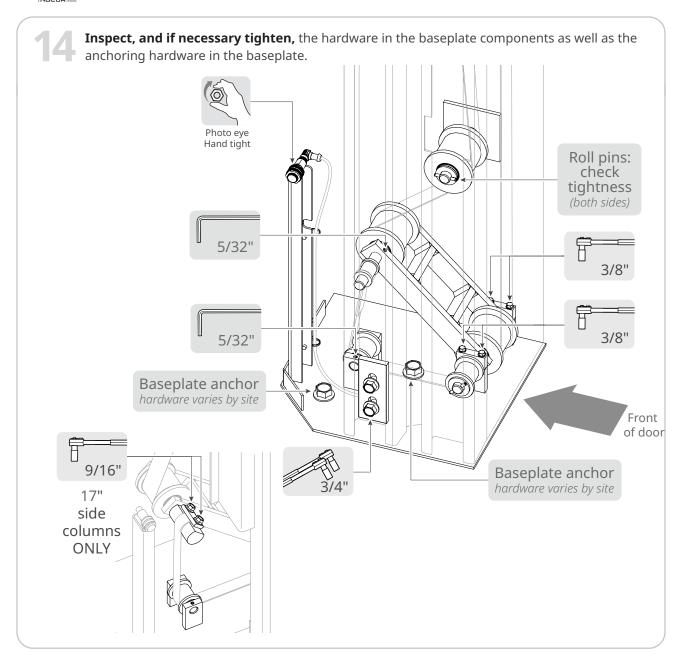


Inspect, and if necessary tighten, the hardware on the Pathwatch LED strips.







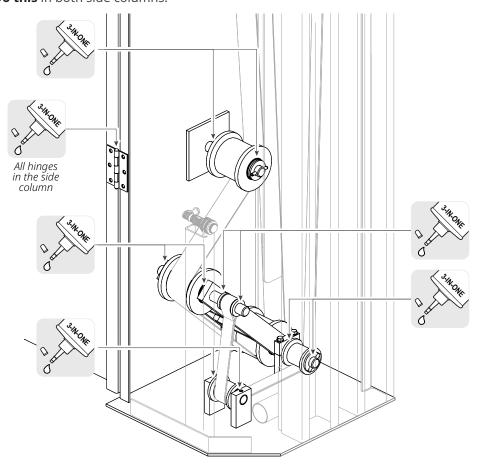




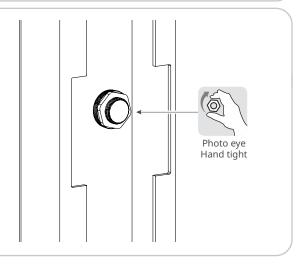
- **Use a penetrating oil,** such as a 3-IN-ONE oil, to lubricate all axles in the baseplate area and the side column.
 - All **hinge pins** in the hinges for the side column cover
 - The upper tension strap roller
 - Both rollers in the H-bracket
 - All three rollers for the spring tension system

Clean off all lubrication points after applying the oil.

Do this in both side columns.



Inspect, and if necessary tighten or clean, the rear photo eye inside the rear windbar track.

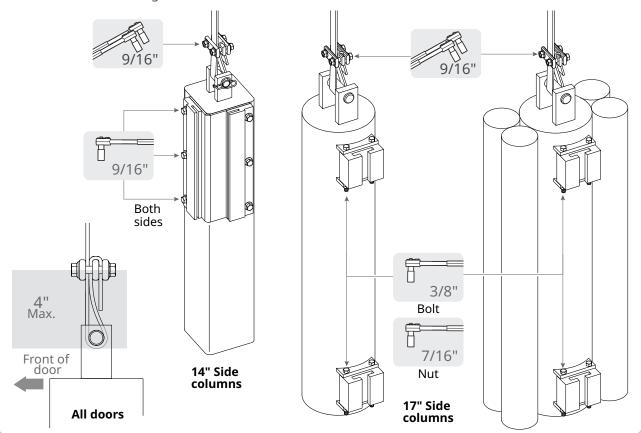


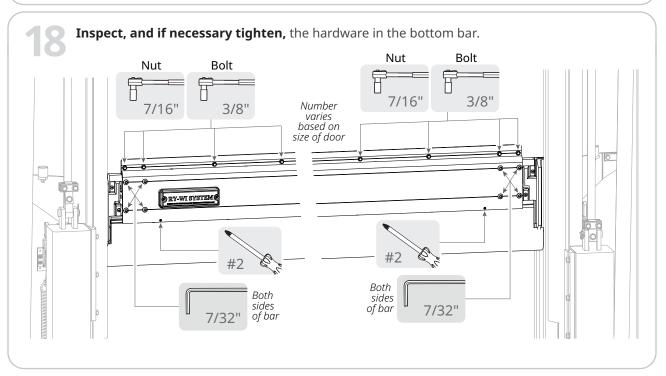


Inspect, and if necessary tighten, the hardware for the counterweight strap.

Make sure the strap is looped correctly, and that the strap clamp is the **correct distance** from the counterweight. Also **make sure** the counterweight is securely in its guide(s).

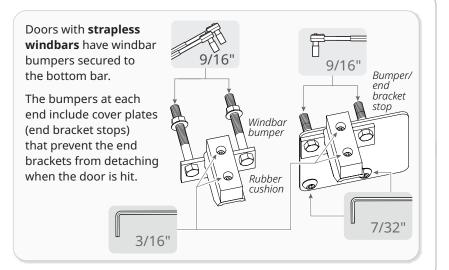
For doors with 14" side columns, **make sure** the cotter pin is in place. **There is no cotter pin** for counterweights in doors with 17" side columns.







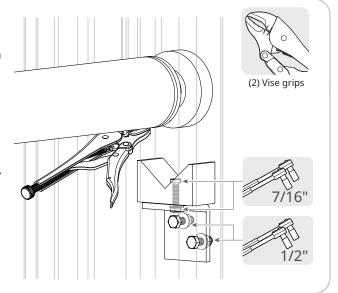
For doors with strapless windbars, **inspect**, **and if necessary tighten**, the hardware securing the windbar bumpers to the bottom bar and the rubber cushions to the bumpers.



On doors with strapless windbars, **lift** the windbar off the cushion assemblies in the windbar guides and **secure** in place with a pair of vise grips.

Inspect the rollers on both ends of the windbar, and the cushions, for wear or damage.

Then **inspect**, **and if necessary tighten**, the hardware on both cushion assemblies.







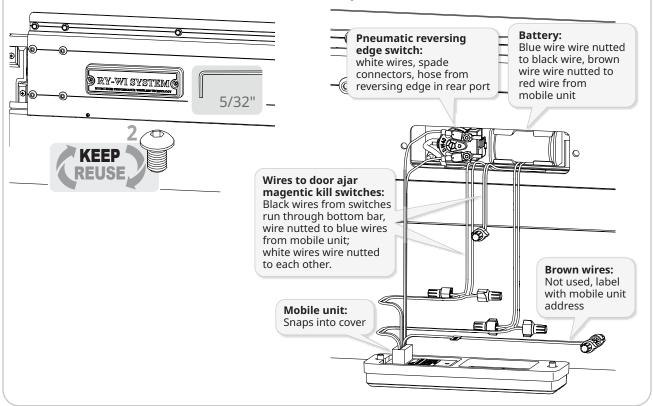
It is easier to work on the bottom bar and the wires inside if you have a work surface at working height to place the cover on when you remove it.

Remove the cover from the drive side of the bottom bar to reveal the pneumatic switch for the door ajar breakaway system, as well as the wires and hoses inside the bottom bar. **Retain** the bolts.

Carefully separate and identify the wires and the components inside the bottom bar.

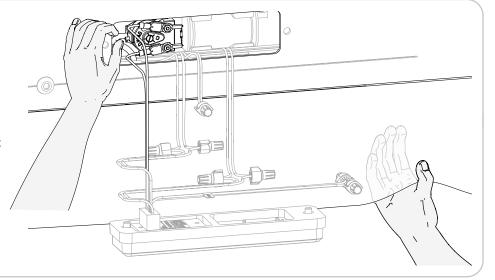
- **Check** that all wire connections to the mobile unit are correct.
- **Check** that all wires are securely wire nutted, all wire connections are clean and wires are free from damage.
- **Strip** wires and **reinstall** into wire nuts if required.

NOTE: wires in actual door will be considerably thinner than shown here.



Pinch the hose to the reversing edge switch, then squeeze the reversing edge.

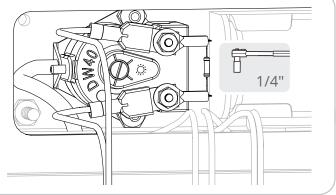
You should feel a small amount of resistance in the edge, and increased pressure in the hose, indicating the reversing edge is intact.





Makes sure the hose to the reversing edge switch connects to the **REAR port** on the switch, that the switch is **securely set** in its bracket, that the **spade connectors** are tight, and that the **resistor** is secured to the contacts.

Tighten the nuts holding the resistor in place if necessary.





Checking the voltage on the wireless battery should be a standard part of any service call for a wireless door.

IMPORTANT The multimeter used to check the voltage on the wireless battery must have a display that shows at least two decimal places.

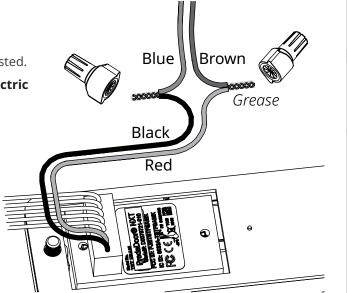
> Multimeters that **show just one decimal place** may round up and give an incorrect reading.



To check the voltage on the battery, remove the wire nuts connecting the blue/black and brown/red wires.

Make sure the wires are securely twisted.

The wires should be coated in a dialectric grease that facilitates current flow. DO NOT wipe the grease off.



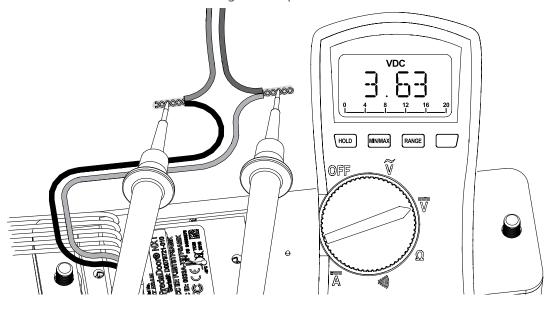


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Set the multimeter to DC voltage, **make sure** the user interface is set to display at least two decimal places, and **touch the probes** to the exposed wires.

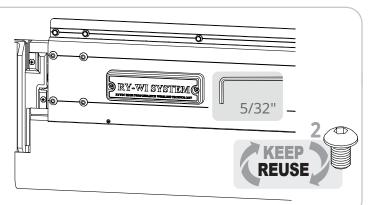
- **3.61 volts is the minimum** acceptable reading.
 - If you get a reading of 3.61 volts or higher, simply **retighten** the wire nuts.
- **3.60 volts or lower** means the battery should be replaced. This is the case, even though the battery is listed as a 3.60 volt battery.
 - Battery is held in the bracket by friction and can be popped out and replaced.

 Trim new wires and twist securely to the wires in bottom bar, blue to black and brown to red. Retain as much dielectric grease as possible. Reinstall the wire nuts.



Carefully wrap the wires so they will not be pinched or crimped when the Ry-Wi cover is replaced.

Then **replace and secure** the cover.



WARNING



CRUSH HAZARD

The tension springs for a Fast-Seal exert considerable force, which can cause the release handle to swing down unexpectedly.

- Make sure you swing down the handle as slowly and gradually as possible.
- **Make sure** to keep hands away from the spring and the area below the handle.

FAILURE TO COMPLY COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DAMAGE TO THE DOOR.

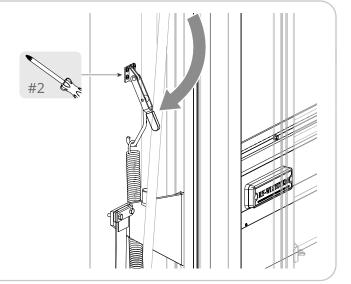


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Pull down the spring release handle to release the spring tension.

Do this in both side columns.

Then inspect, and if necessary tighten, the screws on the handle bracket.



MARNING



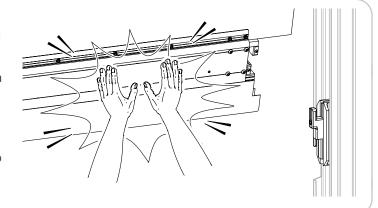
The next step requires you to **strike the metal bottom bar** hard enough to push the door panel out of the door track.

Do not attempt this procedure if you have a previous injury which might be aggravated by the force of the contact.

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Strike the bottom bar hard enough to separate it from the end bracket.

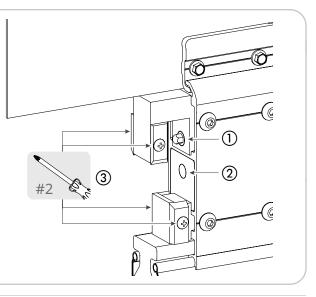
- This is most easily done near a side column.
- **Do this** on both sides of the bottom bar.
- Allow the end brackets to fall to the bottom of the side column.



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Inspect both ends of the bottom bar.

- ① **Check** that the spring plunger is working properly.
- ② **Inspect** the magnetic kill switch for visible signs of damage.
- ③ Inspect the top and bottom slider pads for visible signs of damage or wear, and tighten the screws if necessary.



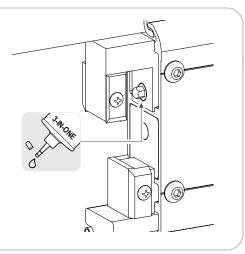


Use a penetrating oil, such as a 3-IN-ONE oil, to lubricate the spring plunger.

Make sure the base of the spring plunger does not extend past the face of the L-block, as this may prevent the door ajar breakaway system from operating correctly.

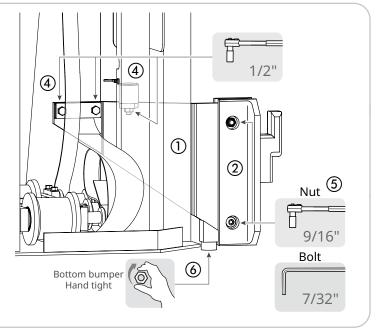
Clean off all lubrication points after applying the oil.

Do this in both sides of the bottom bar.

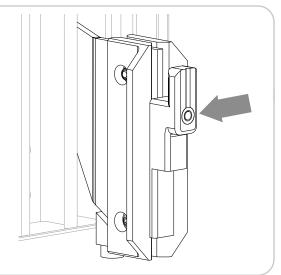


Inspect both end brackets ①, and front and rear bracket guides ②, for signs of visible damage, then inspect, and if necessary tighten, the hardware.

- ③ The tension strap clamp.
- 4 The top bumper.
- ⑤ The bracket guides.
- **6** The bottom bumper



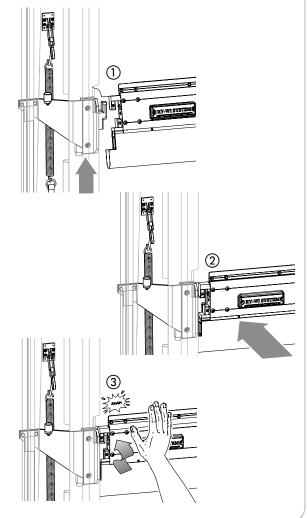
Inspect the magnets in both end brackets for visible signs of damage, and to make sure they are securely set in the bracket.





To put the bottom bar back together, slide each end bracket up until it is level with the bottom bar ①, and reconnect it.

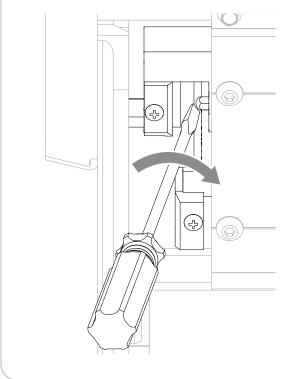
- ② **Line up** the top and bottom L-brackets on the bottom bar with the Z-shaped block on the end bracket and **push them together** until friction from the slider pads holds the bottom bar in place.
- ② Push the bottom bar forward in a rocking, motion until the spring plunger clicks. Position your other hand behind the bottom bar to prevent overshooting the spring plunger.



If the spring plunger is difficult to compress, **use** a large flathead screwdriver to lever it down enough to start sliding in the bottom bar without overshooting.

Then **push in** the bottom bar the rest of the way until you hear the spring plunger click into place.







Make sure all straps have no twists or kinks and are aligned with their rollers, and the hook on the spring tension handle points towards the back of door.

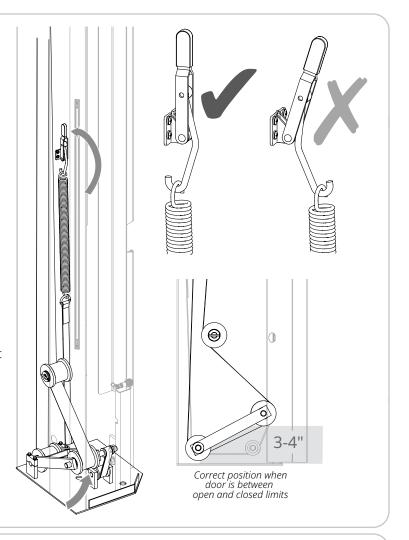
IMPORTANT

The handle will not latch into place if the hook is not pointing to the rear wall of the side column.

Pull up on the spring release handle until it latches in place and the spring is applying tension.

Make sure the spring strap does not twist or kink as tension is applied to it.

The front roller of the H-bracket should **rise** to a position 3-4" above the baseplate.



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For doors with double strapless windbars, **lift** the upper windbar off the two welded windbar stops.

Inspect the rollers on both sides of the windbar for visible damage or wear.

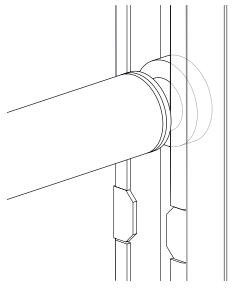
Inspect the stops to make sure the welds are secure.





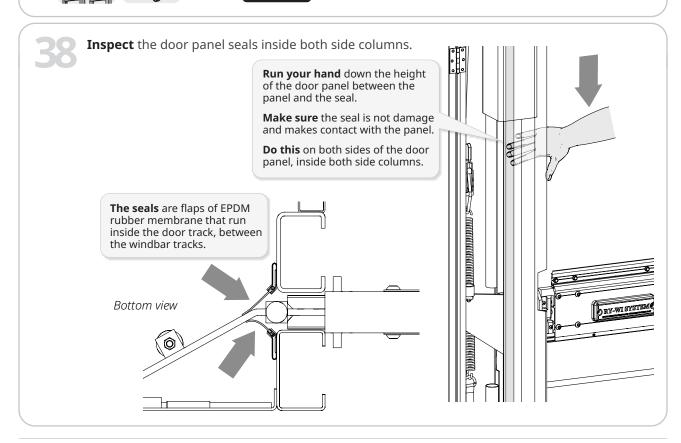
Ladder or Scissor lift







For doors with strapped windbars, check that the windbar is level and that the height of the windbar is roughly half-way between the head assembly and the bottom bar. **Inspect** the strap for visible damage or signs of wear. **Inspect, and if necessary tighten,** the hardware on the clamps in the head assembly. Front strap bracket 5/8" Side view Front of 📗 door Rear strap bracket Side view Carpenter's Front 5/8" of ____ door Ladder Scissor lift





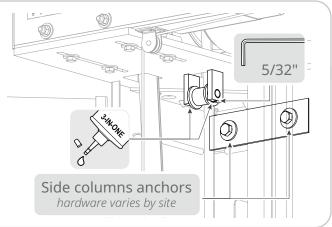
Beneath the head assembly, **inspect**, **and if necessary tighten**, the anchors at the top of the side column.

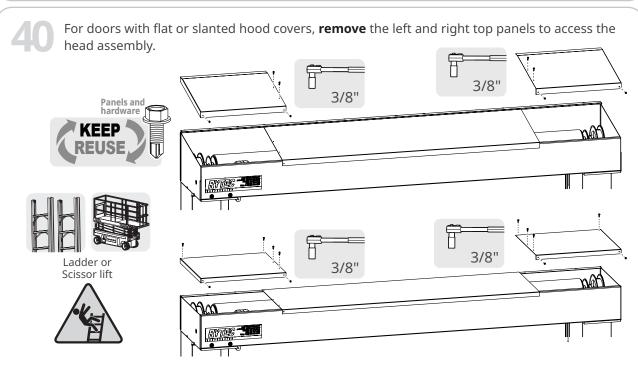
Inspect, and if necessary tighten, the hex lock nut on the counterweight roller.

Use a penetrating oil, such as a 3-IN-ONE oil, to lubricate the roller axle.

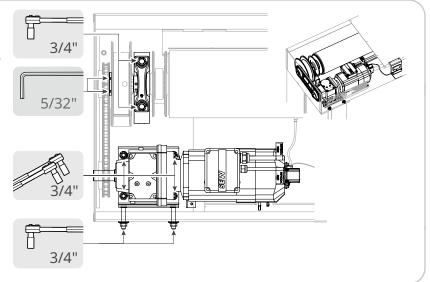
Clean off excess lubrication after applying the oil.

Do this in both side columns.





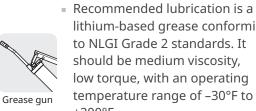
- In the drive side of the head assembly, **inspect**, **and if necessary tighten**, the hardware for:
 - The bearing
 - The tension strap spool locking collar
 - The motor adjustment plate (motor mount)
 - The adjustment plate setting nuts

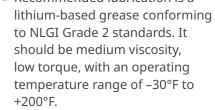




Make sure the bearing is properly lubricated.

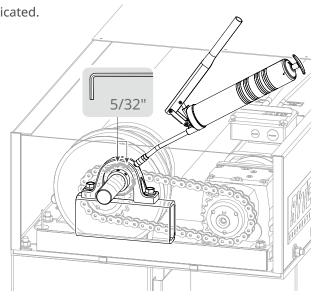
If necessary, lubricate the bearing at the zerk fitting.



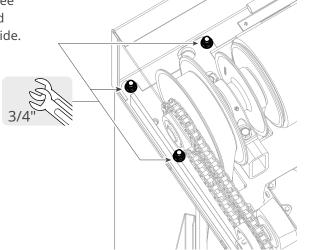


• Wipe off the old grease as it is pushed out by the grease from the grease gun.

Also **inspect**, and if necessary tighten, the two set screws on the bearing.

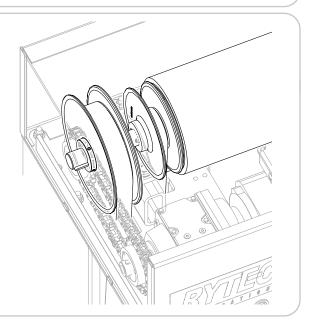


Inspect, and if necessary tighten, the three bolt/nut combinations that secure the head assembly to the side column on the drive side.



Inspect the drum, counterweight spool and tension strap spool for visible damage or wear.

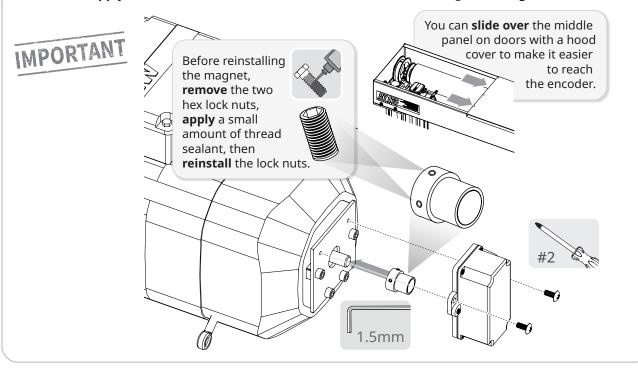
Also, check all visible cabling to make sure it is tightly secured, clear of moving parts, and that there is no excess cable length in loops or wraps.





ONLY do this if the door owner has reported a problem with the door which suggests an encoder issue.

- **Remove** the encoder to expose the encoder magnet.
- **Loosen** the two hex screws on the magnet and **remove** it from the motor axle.
- Apply lock sealant to the two hex screws, then reinstall the magnet and tighten the screws.

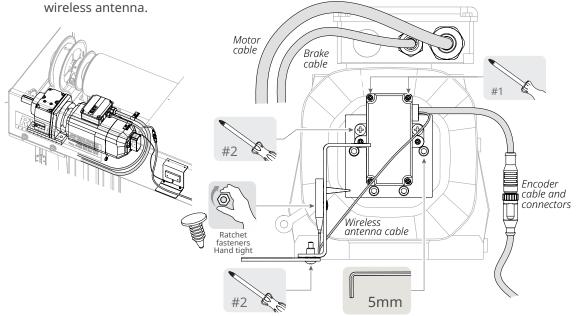


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Inspect, and if necessary tighten, the hardware for the encoder and wireless antenna.

- The four hex bolts securing the mounting plate to the motor, the two screws that secure the encoder to the plate, and the six screws that secure the top of the encoder.
- The two screws on the wireless antenna bracket, and two ratchet fasteners on the antenna.

Also, **inspect** the cables from the encoder, electromagnetic brake and motor, and to the wireless antenna





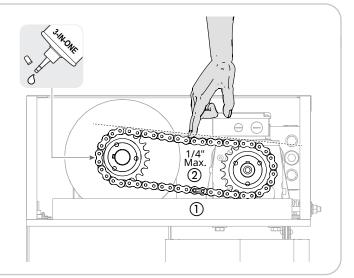
Inspect the drive chain.

Make sure the master link is secured with a retaining clip ①.

Press down on the chain. It should deflect no more than 1/4", which is roughly half the width of a finger.

Use a penetrating oil, such as a 3-IN-ONE oil, to lubricate the chain and sprockets.

Clean off excess lubrication after applying the oil.



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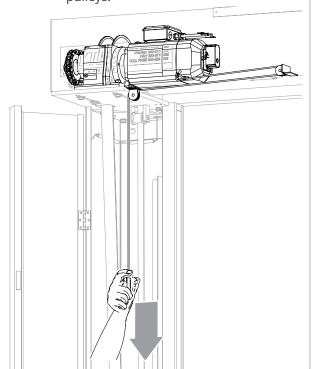
Inspect the brake release system.

Make sure the cable is securely attached to the brake release lever, winds cleanly through the two pulleys, and has no visible damage or wear.

Pull down on the handle, and make sure the brake releases and the door moves to the point where the door panel and counterweight balance out.

Release the handle and make sure the brake re-engages.

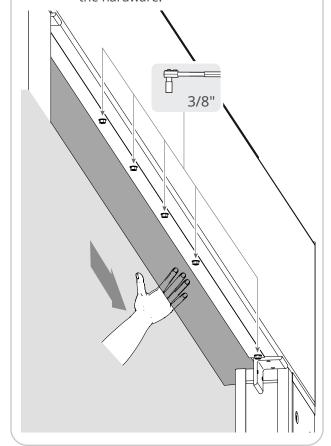
You **DO NOT** need to lubricate the pulleys.



At the rear of the door panel, **run** your hand between the rear brush seal and the door panel for the full width of the door.

Make sure there is contact for the full width, and that there is no visible damage to the seal.

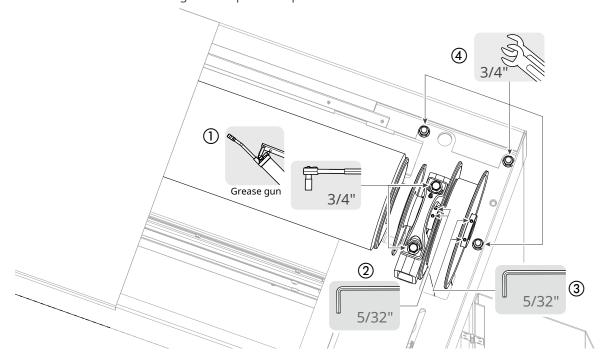
If the seal is secured with tek screws, inspect, and if necessary tighten, the hardware.

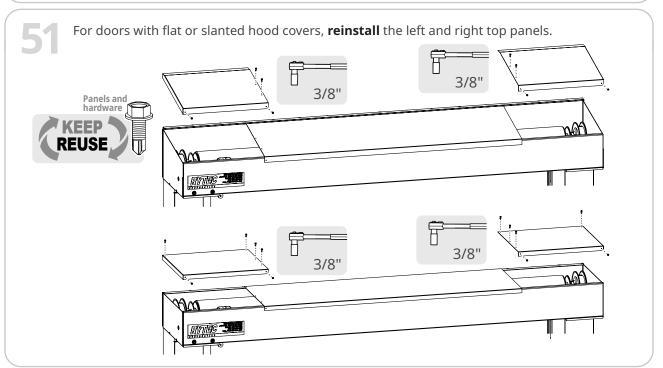




On the non-drive side of the head assembly, **perform** the same services you did on the drive side.

- **Inspect, and if necessary tighten,** the hardware on the bearing ①, then lubricate the bearing. Also inspect, and if necessary tighten, the two set screws on the bearing ②.
- **Inspect, and if necessary tighten,** the two lock nuts on the tension strap spool locking collar ③.
- **Inspect, and if necessary tighten,** the three bolt/nut combinations that secure the head assembly to the side column ④.
- Also check the drum, counterweight spool and tension strap spool for visible damage or wear, and make sure all cabling is tightly secured, clear of moving parts, and that there is no excess cable length in loops or wraps.



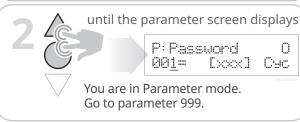




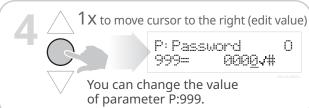
Quarterly maintenance - testing the components

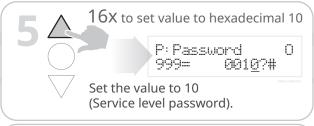
Set the controller to Parameter mode and access Service level parameters









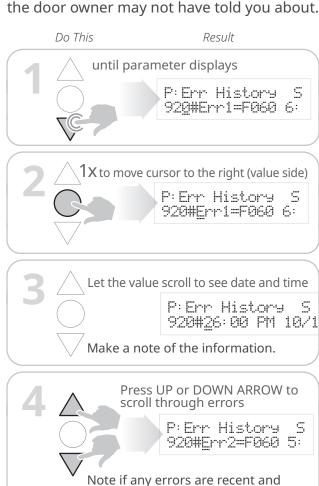






Navigate to parameter P:920 and check the error history of the door

This parameter stores the last eight error codes generated by the controller, as well as date and time. **This can alert you to issues** the door owner may not have told you about.



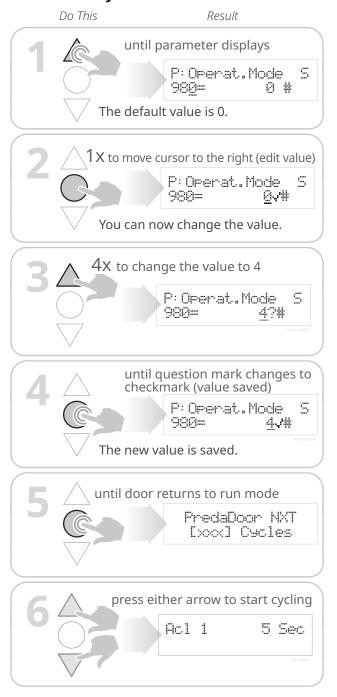


testing components.

should be taken into account when



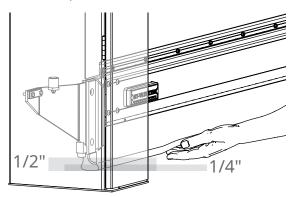
Navigate to parameter P:980 and set the value to 4 so the door will cycle continuously



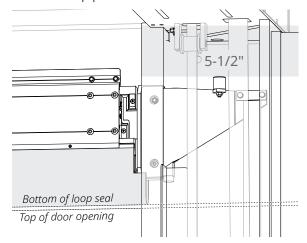
Check that the door stops at the correct open and close limits

- Watch the door as it cycles. Stop it at the fully open and fully closed position.

 If the open or close limits are not correct, follow the instructions to set limits.
 - The door is at the correct close limit when the bottom of the loop seal rests on the floor with a slight bulge, creating a complete seal, and the reversing edge is 1/4" above the floor (finger width).
 - At this height, the **bottom bumper** on the end bracket should be 1/2" above the baseplate of the side column.



■ The door is at the correct open limit when the bottom of the loop seal is just above the top of the door opening, and the upper bumper on the end brackets are 5-1/2" below the top plates of the side columns.

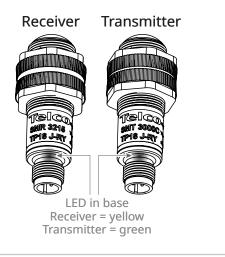


Move at least ten feet from the door to check the height.

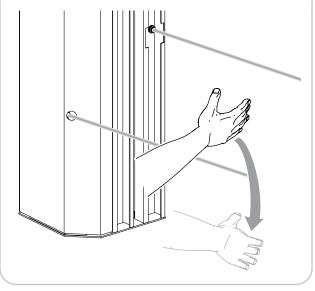


Test the photo eyes

- **Check** the LED lights in the front transmitter and receiver (rear pair are not accessible).
 - **Transmitter:** green light indicates it is operational.
 - Receiver: yellow light indicates it is correctly aligned with the transmitter.



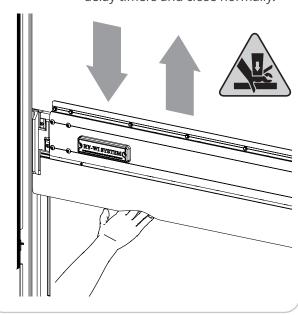
- While the door is closing, **break the beam** on each set of photo eyes.
 - Door should stop, reverse, and stay open as long as the obstruction remains in place.
 - Door should only close when the obstruction is removed.



Test the reversing edge

Place your hand in the path of the closing door panel, above the photo eye beams, and allow the reversing edge to hit it.

 The door panel should stop, reverse, then run through the delay timers and close normally.



If necessary, adjust the sensitivity of the reversing edge. See *How to reset the sensitivity of the reversing edge pneumatic switch* starting on page 95.

6 IMPORTANT

Set the controller to parameter mode.

Set Parameter 980 back to 0 to take the door out of continuous cycle.

Return to run mode.



Test the door ajar breakaway system

WARNING



This procedure requires you to strike the metal bottom bar hard enough to push the door panel out of the door track.

Do not attempt this procedure if you have a previous injury which might be aggravated by the force of the contact.

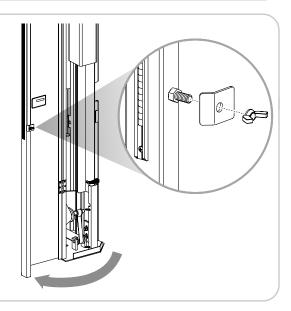
IMPORTANT

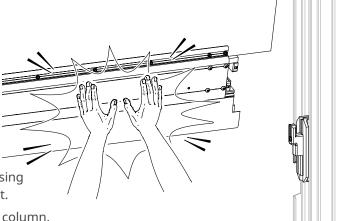
The door ajar breakaway system is deactivated on doors that are >24' (twenty four feet) wide, or that have strapless windbars (see next section).

Test one side of the bottom bar at a time to make sure that both magnetic switches stop the door when the end bracket separates from the bottom bar.

IMPORTANT

- Strike the bottom bar hard enough to separate it from the end bracket.
- You can do this while the door is closing or after jogging it to a working height.
- This is most easily done near a side column.
- Door should stop immediately.
- **The controller** generates an F:060 error.
- Loosen and remove the latch and wingnut on the side column cover, swing the cover open, then replace the latch and nut on the retaining screw so they are not misplaced.







↑ WARNING



CRUSH HAZARD

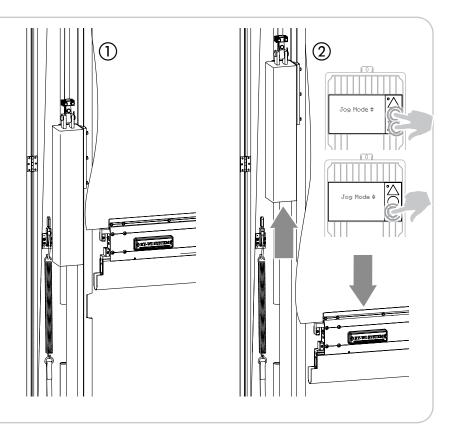
The tension springs for a Fast-Seal exert considerable force, which can cause the release handle to swing down unexpectedly.

- Make sure you swing down the handle as slowly and gradually as possible.
- **Make sure** to keep hands away from the spring and the area below the handle.

FAILURE TO COMPLY COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DAMAGE TO THE DOOR.

If the counterweight is blocking access to the spring release handle ①, set the door in jog mode so the handle is clear ②.

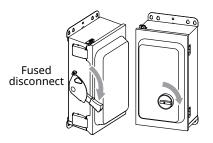
Make sure the door panel does not tear as the bottom bar moves up or down.



4

Shut off power to the door and perform a lockout/tagout.

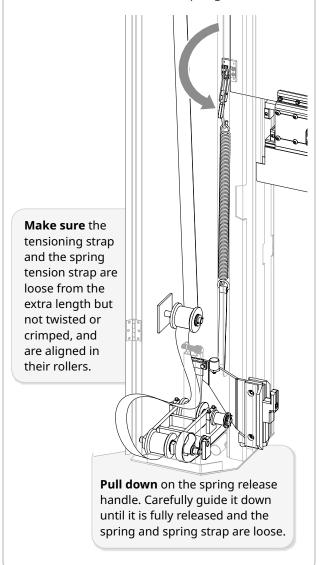




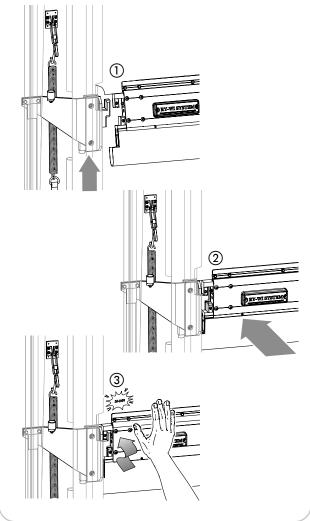


- If it is not already on the floor, **make sure** the end bracket slides smoothly to
 the bottom of the door track.
 - The tensioning strap should be slack, and the H-bracket should be flat on the baseplate from the extra length of strap.

Make sure all straps are straight and clear, then **pull down** the spring release handle to release the spring tension.



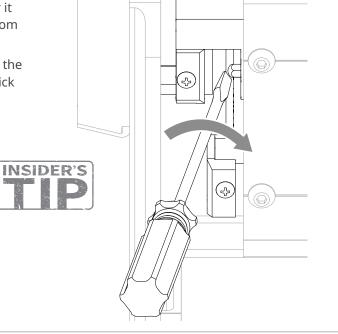
- **Slide** the end bracket up until it is level with the bottom bar ①, and reconnect it.
 - ② **Line up** the top and bottom
 L-brackets on the bottom bar with
 the Z-shaped block on the end
 bracket and **push them together**until friction from the slider pads
 holds the bottom bar in place.
 - (3) Push the bottom bar forward in a rocking, motion until the spring plunger clicks. Position your other hand behind the bottom bar to prevent overshooting the spring plunger.





If the spring plunger is difficult to compress, **use** a large flathead screwdriver to lever it down enough to start sliding in the bottom bar without overshooting.

Then **push in** the bottom bar the rest of the way until you hear the spring plunger click into place.



Make sure all straps have no twists or kinks and are aligned with their rollers, and the hook on the spring tension handle points towards the back of door.

IMPORTANT

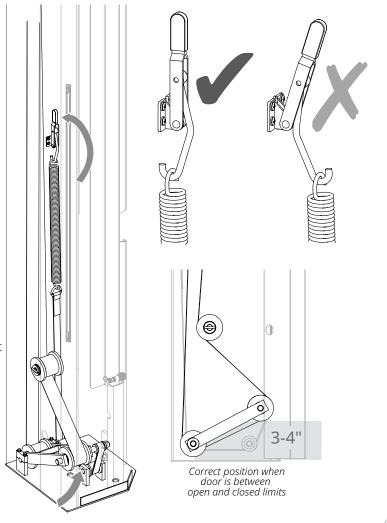
The handle will not latch into place

if the hook is not pointing to the back.

Pull up on the spring release handle until it latches in place and the spring is applying tension.

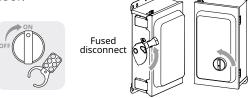
Make sure the spring strap does not twist or kink as tension is applied to it.

The front roller of the H-bracket should **rise** to a position 3-4" above the baseplate.





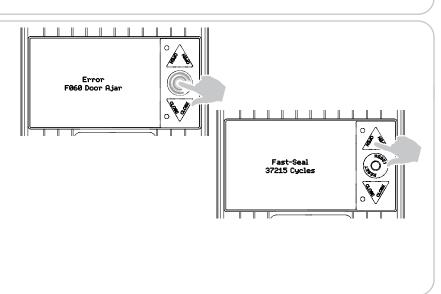
Remove the lockout/tagout and **restore** power to the door.



Press and hold the RESET button to clear the F:060 error.

Then **press** the UP Arrow and watch the door as it cycles through opening and closing

Watch the door through the cycle to make sure the door panel and bottom bar have been reset correctly and the tensioning system is operating correctly.





Standard repairs and replacements

This section shows the procedures to perform standard repairs and replacements that may be required to fix issues found during daily or quarterly maintenance inspections.

Requirements

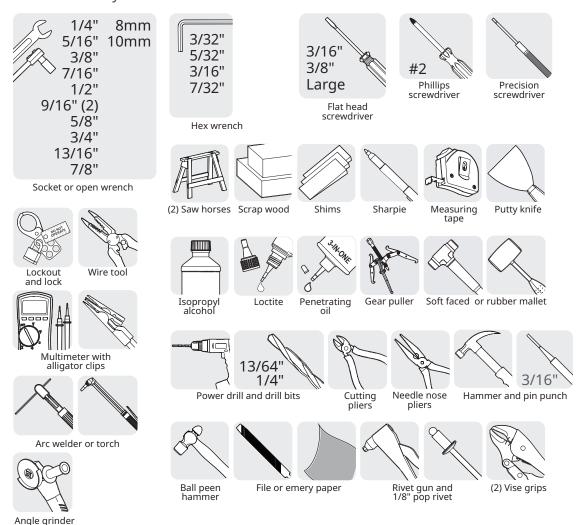
See the **Requirements** section of the Quarterly Inspection beginning on page 23 for a complete list of requirements, including site conditions and staffing.

Safety

Read the Safety section beginning on page 12 before performing any service on the door.

Tools

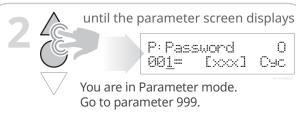
This is a complete list of the tools used in all procedures. Tools will be called out in each procedure as they are needed.



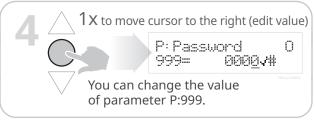


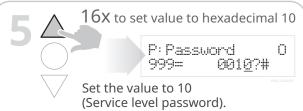
How to set the controller to Parameter mode and access Service level parameters

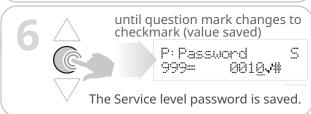








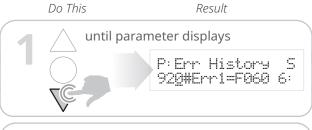


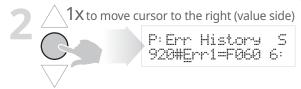


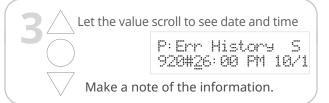


How to check the error history of the door

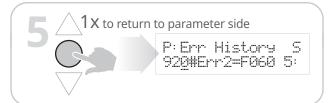
Parameter P:920 stores the last eight error codes generated by the controller, as well as date and time. **This can alert you to issues** the door owner may not have told you about and should be a standard step in any service call.







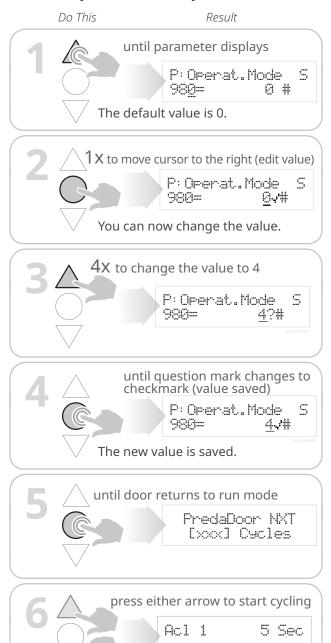






How to put he door into test mode

Parameter P:980 sets the operating mode for the door. When it is set to a value of 4, the door will cycle continuously



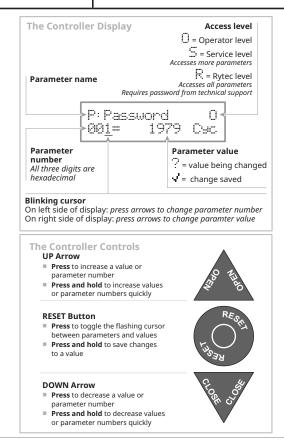
How to set limits



ACAUTION

Make sure that people and vehicles do not pass through the open doorway until the automatic calibration is complete.

The door can open or close unexpectedly, resulting in injury.

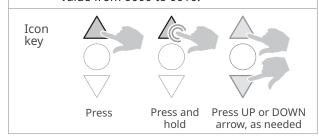




NOTE: The System 4 display uses hexadecimal numbers to number parameters and for some values.

The display uses the ten numeric characters (0-9), plus six letters (A-F), which represent the values from 11 through 16.

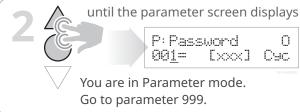
In some cases it will be necessary to press the UP arrow sixteen times to change a value from 0000 to 0010.



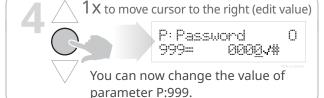


First: set the controller to Parameter mode and access Service level parameters

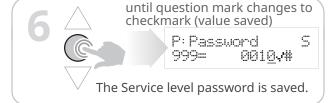




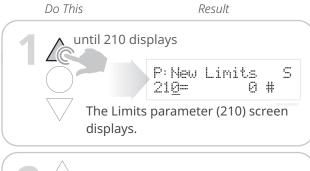




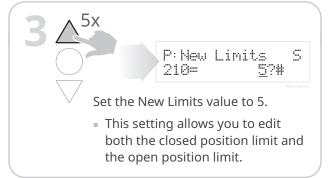


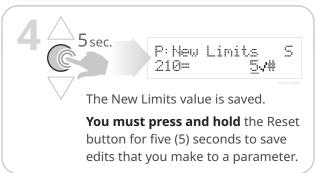


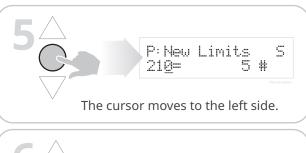
Next: navigate to parameter P:210 and set the closed and open position values

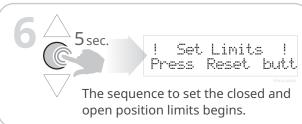














Do This Result

**To Closed Pos. Hold Reset butto

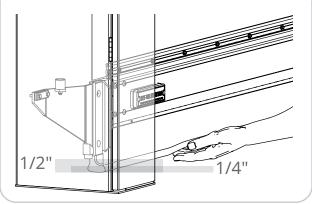
You can now set the value for the closed position limit.

until closed height is correct

**To Closed Pos.
Hold Reset butto

Set the closed position limit value.

- Press the UP arrow or DOWN arrow to move the door to the correct position.
- Each press moves the door by a small increment. Press and hold to move the door more quickly.
- The door is at the correct close limit when the bottom of the loop seal rests on the floor with a slight bulge, creating a complete seal, and the reversing edge is 1/4" above the floor (finger width).
- At this height, the **bottom bumper** on the end bracket should be 1/2" above the baseplate of the side column.





The closed position limit is saved.

You must press and hold the Reset button for five (5) seconds to save the new limit.

You can now set the value for the open limit.

Do This Result

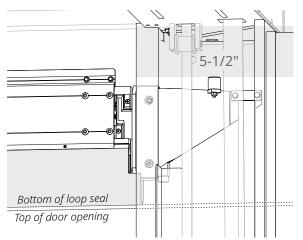
until open height is correct

To Open Pos.

[xxx] Hold Reset.

Set the open position limit value.

- Press and hold the UP arrow to move the door to the correct position.
- Each press moves the door by a small increment. Press and hold to move the door more quickly.
- The door is **at the correct open limit** when the bottom of the loop
 seal is just above the top of the door
 opening, and the upper bumper on
 the end brackets are 5-1/2" below the
 top plates of the side columns.



 Move at least ten feet from the door to check the height.



The open position limit is saved.

You must press and hold the Reset button for five (5) seconds to save edits that you make to a parameter.



Do This Result

PredaClean
I 555 Calib. Run

The automatic calibration sequence starts.

- The door runs through several cycles of opening and closing.
- Initial cycles may not match the limits that you set. The final cycle should match your saved values for the closed and open position limits.
- The controller returns to Run mode when calibration is complete.

Do This Result

13



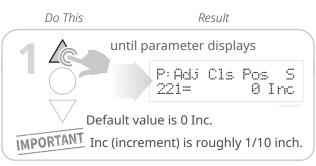
Test for these conditions while the door opens and closes:

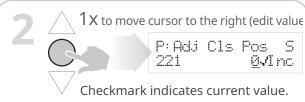
- Door panel moves smoothly
- Door is not unusually noisy
- Drive shaft does not shake
- (Optional) windbars move smoothly
- Door limits are correct

How to manually adjust the open or close limit (optional)

IMPORTANT This procedure is for making small adjustments (up to one inch) to the open or close limits. Reset limits using parameter P:210 for larger adjustments.

Go to parameter P:221 (Close Position) or P:231 (Open position) and change the value (P:221 shown here)





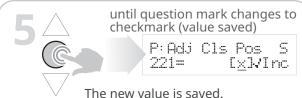


The question mark indicates the value is changed but not yet saved.

Do This

Result

Do not change the value by more than 5 Inc before testing the door.



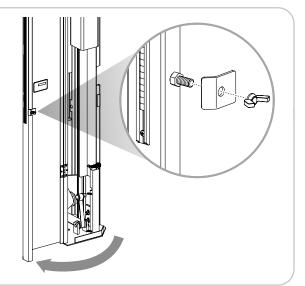






How to reset the door panel and door ajar breakaway system

Loosen and remove the latch and wingnut on the side column cover, swing the cover open, then replace the latch and nut on the retaining screw so they are not misplaced.



MARNING



CRUSH HAZARD

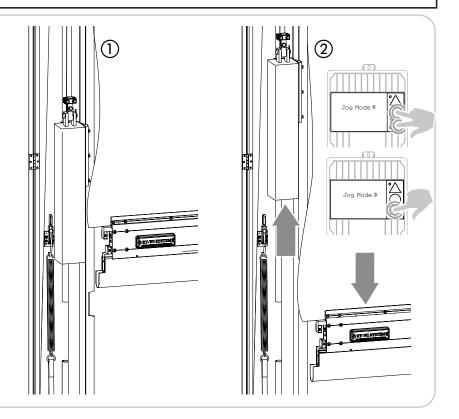
The tension springs for a Fast-Seal exert considerable force, which can cause the release handle to swing down unexpectedly.

- Make sure you swing down the handle as slowly and gradually as possible.
- **Make sure** to keep hands away from the spring and the area below the handle.

FAILURE TO COMPLY COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DAMAGE TO THE DOOR.

If the counterweight is blocking access to the spring release handle ①, set the door in jog mode so the handle is clear ②.

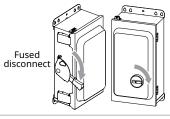
Make sure the door panel does not tear as the bottom bar moves up or down.





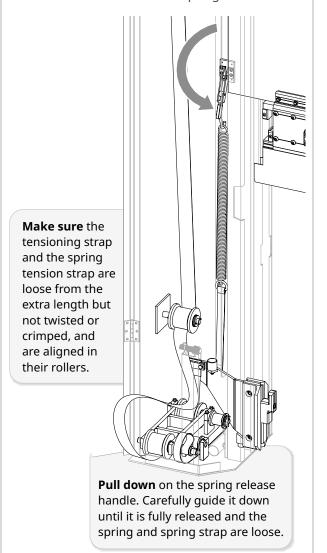
Shut off power to the door and perform a lockout/tagout.



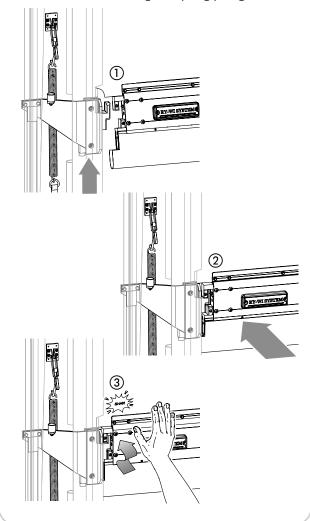


- If it is not already on the floor, **make sure** the end bracket slides smoothly to the bottom of the door track.
 - The tensioning strap should be slack, and the H-bracket should be flat on the baseplate from the extra length of strap.

Make sure all straps are straight and clear, then **pull down** the spring release handle to release the spring tension.



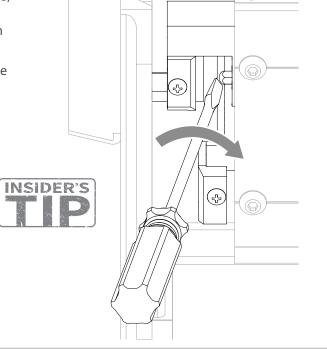
- **Slide** the end bracket up until it is level with the bottom bar ①, and reconnect it.
 - ② **Line up** the top and bottom L-brackets on the bottom bar with the Z-shaped block on the end bracket and **push them together** until friction from the slider pads holds the bottom bar in place.
 - ③ Push the bottom bar forward in a rocking, motion until the spring plunger clicks. Position your other hand behind the bottom bar to prevent overshooting the spring plunger.





If the spring plunger is difficult to compress, **use** a large flathead screwdriver to lever it down enough to start sliding in the bottom bar without overshooting.

Then **push in** the bottom bar the rest of the way until you hear the spring plunger click into place.



Make sure all straps have no twists or kinks and are aligned with their rollers, and the hook on the spring tension handle points towards the back of door.

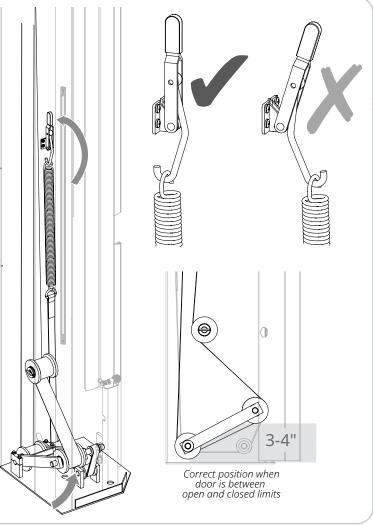


The handle will not latch into place if the hook is not pointing to the back.

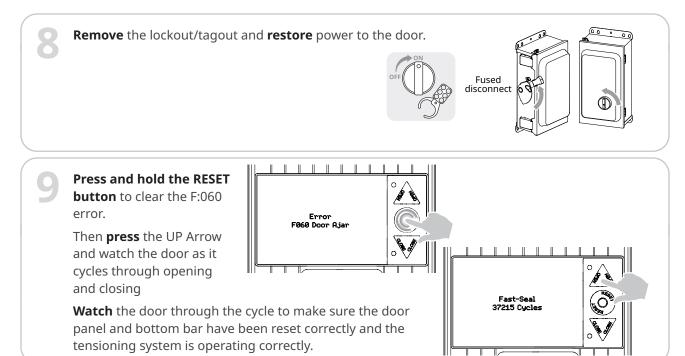
Pull up on the spring release handle until it latches in place and the spring is applying tension.

Make sure the spring strap does not twist or kink as tension is applied to it.

The front roller of the H-bracket should **rise** to a position 3-4" above the baseplate.







The bottom bar

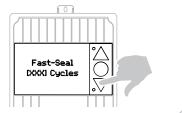
How to take the door panel out of the door track

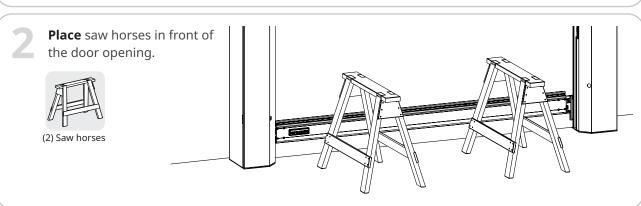
For many service tasks, it is easier to first **take the door panel out of the door track.** This gives you unrestricted access to all parts of the bottom bar and the end brackets.



It is easier to work on the wires and components inside the bottom bar if you have a work surface at working height to place the cover on when you remove it.

If the door is not already closed, **press** the CLOSE button to move the door to the fully closed position.

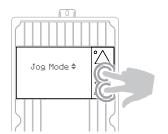


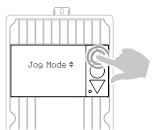


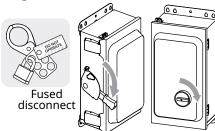


Switch the door to jog mode and **jog** the door up to a height where you will be able to fold over the door panel and lay the bottom bar flat on the saw horses.

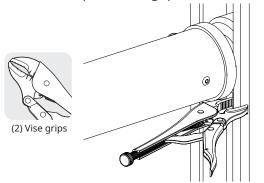
Then **shut off power to the door** and perform a lockout/tagout.

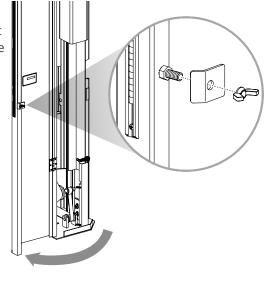






- If the door has windbars that will prevent you from removing the bottom bar at a comfortable working height, you will need to secure them so they are out of the way.
 - First, loosen and remove the latch and wingnut on the side column cover, swing the cover open so that you can access the windbar guides, then replace the latch and nut on the retaining screw so they are not misplaced. Do this in both side columns.
 - Then **lift** the windbar so it is out of the way, and **use** a pair of vise grips to secure it in place.





WARNING

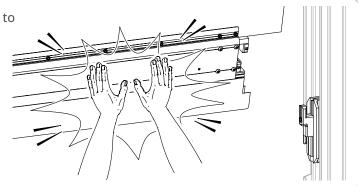


This procedure requires you to strike the metal bottom bar hard enough to push the door panel out of the door track.

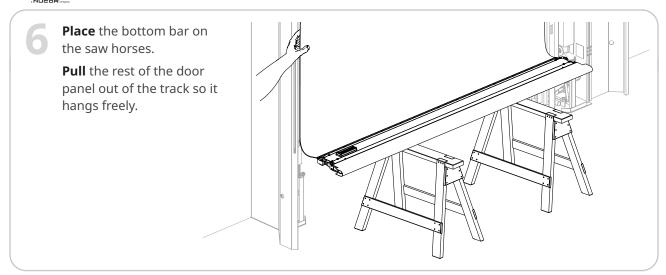
Do not attempt this procedure if you have a previous injury which might be aggravated by the force of the contact.

Strike the bottom bar hard enough to separate it from the end bracket.

- This is most easily done near a side column.
- Do this on both sides of the bottom bar.
- Allow the end brackets to fall to the bottom of the side column.







How to put the door panel back in the door track when you are finished

MARNING



CRUSH HAZARD

The tension springs for a Fast-Seal exert considerable force, which can cause the release handle to swing down unexpectedly.

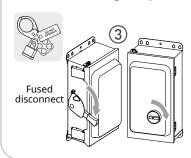
- Make sure you swing down the handle as slowly and gradually as possible.
- **Make sure** to keep hands away from the spring and the area below the handle.

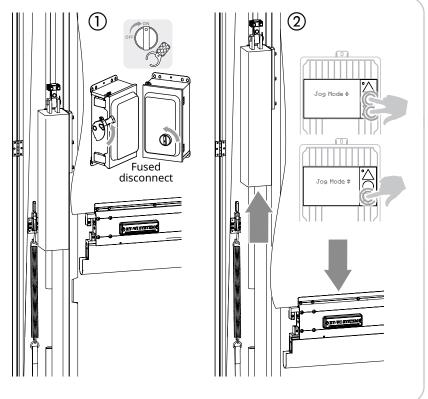
FAILURE TO COMPLY COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DAMAGE TO THE DOOR.

If the counterweight is blocking access to the spring release handle ①, **restore** power to the door, **set** the door in jog mode, and **jog it** so the handle is clear ②.

Make sure the door panel does not tear as the bottom bar moves up or down.

Then **shut off power** and perform a lockout/tagout ③.

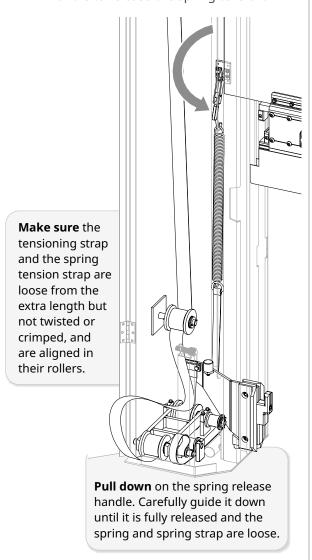




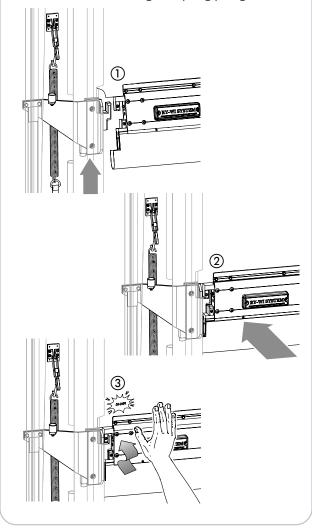


- If it is not already on the floor, **make** sure the end bracket slides smoothly to the bottom of the door track.
 - The tensioning strap should be slack, and the H-bracket should be flat on the baseplate from the extra length of strap.

Make sure all straps are straight and clear, then **pull down** the spring release handle to release the spring tension.



- **Slide** the end bracket up until it is level with the bottom bar ①, and reconnect it.
 - ② Line up the top and bottom
 L-brackets on the bottom bar with
 the Z-shaped block on the end
 bracket and push them together
 until friction from the slider pads
 holds the bottom bar in place.
 - (3) Push the bottom bar forward in a rocking, motion until the spring plunger clicks. Position your other hand behind the bottom bar to prevent overshooting the spring plunger.

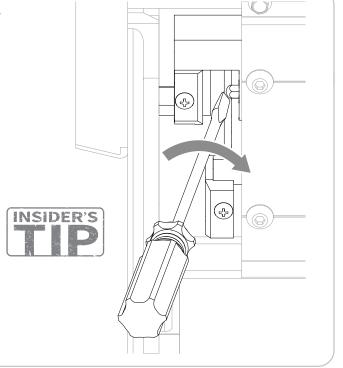






If the spring plunger is difficult to compress, **use** a large flathead screwdriver to lever it down enough to start sliding in the bottom bar without overshooting.

Then **push in** the bottom bar the rest of the way until you hear the spring plunger click into place.



5

Make sure all straps have no twists or kinks and are aligned with their rollers, and the hook on the spring tension handle points towards the back of door.

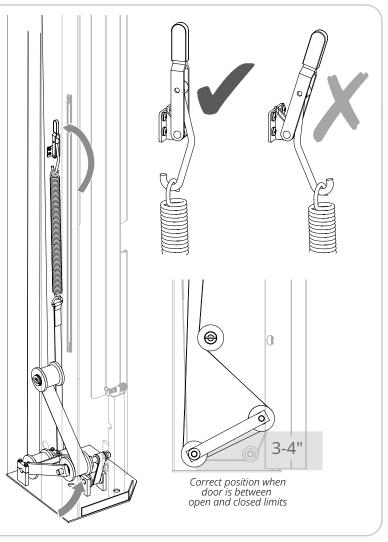
IMPORTANT

The handle will not latch into place if the hook is not pointing to the back.

Pull up on the spring release handle until it latches in place and the spring is applying tension.

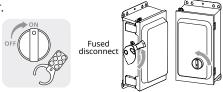
Make sure the spring strap does not twist or kink as tension is applied to it.

The front roller of the H-bracket should rise to a position 3-4" above the baseplate.



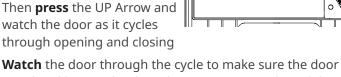


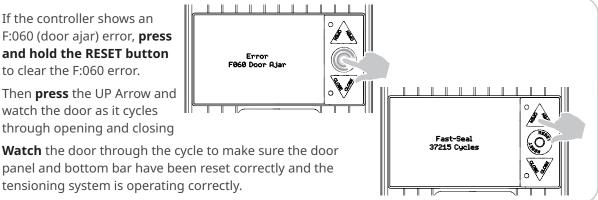
Remove the lockout/tagout and **restore** power to the door.



If the controller shows an F:060 (door ajar) error, press and hold the RESET button to clear the F:060 error.

> Then **press** the UP Arrow and watch the door as it cycles through opening and closing





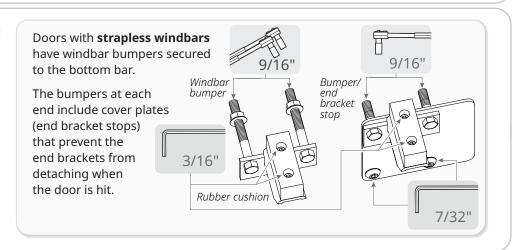
- **Follow the steps** in *How to set limits* starting on page 56 to reset the limits for the door.
- **Follow the steps** in *How to put he door into test mode* on page 56 and run the door through multiple cycles to make sure the door panel is moving smoothly in the track.

How to remove and replace the entire bottom bar



You must update the mobile unit address at parameter P:F07 to allow the controller to locate and communicate with the mobile unit in the new bottom bar. The address is a hexadecimal number (includes numbers and letters) listed on a label attached to the brown wire at terminal 3 on the new mobile unit.

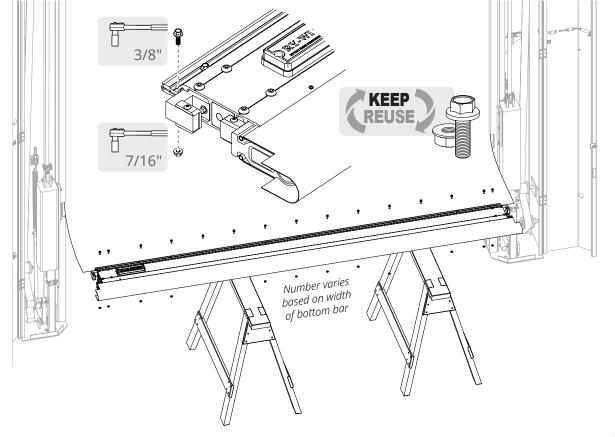
- Follow the steps in *How to take the door panel out of the door track* starting on page 63 to move the bottom bar out of the door track.
- For doors with strapless windbars, remove the windbar bumpers.





Loosen and remove the bolt/nut combinations along the top of the bottom bar.

You will reinstall all bolts/nuts after you replace the bottom bar, so retain all hardware.

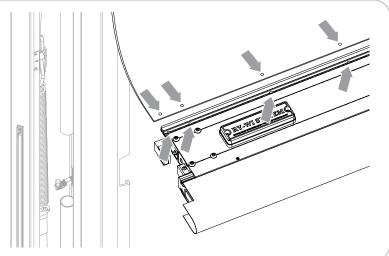


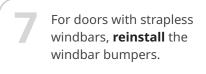
Swing the clamp plate free of the bottom bar frame and slide the door panel away from the bottom bar. Then remove the bottom bar.

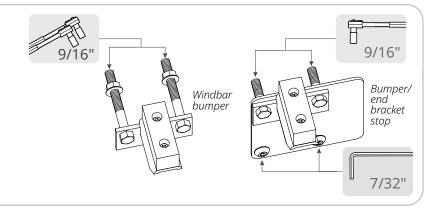


Place the new bottom bar on the saw horses and line up the bolt holes at the top of the bar with the existing holes in the door panel.

Slide the door panel into the new bottom bar until the holes line up and **swing** the clamp place into place so its holes also line up..







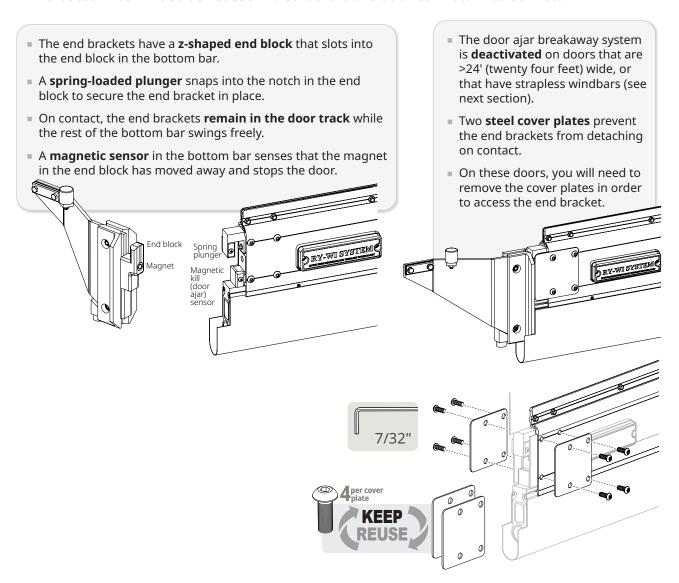
- See *How to remove and replace the mobile unit* starting on page 86 for the steps to locate the mobile unit address of the new mobile unit and sync it with the controller.
- **Follow the steps** in *How to put the door panel back in the door track when you are finished* on page 65 to put the door panel back in the door track, set limits, and test the door.



How to remove and replace an end bracket

Before you begin: things to know about the Fast-Seal end brackets

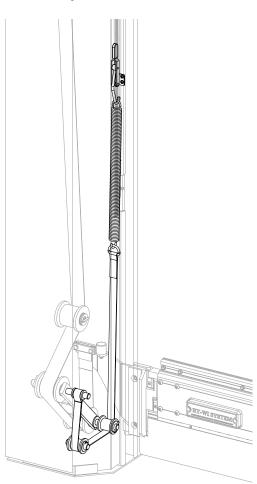
- The Fast-Seal was the **first door** to feature a door ajar breakaway system, and features the first design for a **breakaway bottom bar**.
- The end brackets **detach from the bottom bar** when the door panel is struck.
- The bottom bar must be reassembled before the door can return to service.





Before you begin: things to know about the end bracket tensioning system

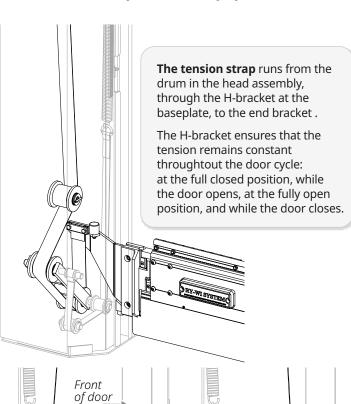
- The tensioning system attaches to the outer arm of the end brackets and applies downward tension on the door panel as the door moves up and down.
- This keeps the door panel taut and straight even when there is considerable difference in air pressure on either side of the door.
- It also keeps the end brackets in the door tracks if the door ajar breakaway system is activated by a strike.

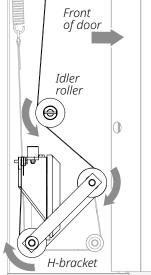


The spring strap connects the tensioning spring to the H-bracket.

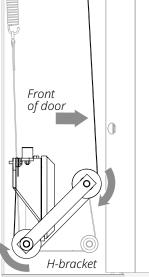
This provides the tension to the end bracket by pulling down on the H-bracket, which increases tension on the tension strap.

The spring release handle controls the spring tension. Pull the handle down to release tension so you can adjust the tension strap, then pull it back up when your adjustments are complete.





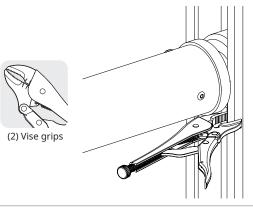
On taller doors: the strap is routed around the back of the idler roller, then the front of the H-bracket, then around the bottom to the end bracket.

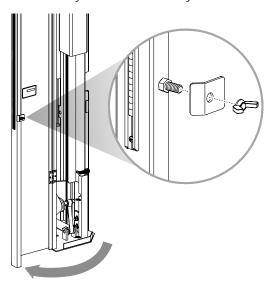


On shorter doors: there is no idler roller. The strap is routed around the front of the H-bracket, then around the bottom to the end bracket.



- If the door has windbars that will prevent you from moving the bottom bar when it is at a comfortable working height, you will need to secure them so they are out of the way.
 - First, loosen and remove the latch and wingnut on the side column cover, swing the cover open so that you can access the windbar guides, then replace the latch and nut on the retaining screw so they are not misplaced. Do this in both side columns.
 - Then lift the windbar so it is out of the way, and use a pair of vise grips to secure it in place.



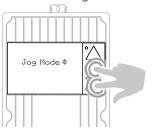


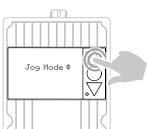
Switch the door to jog mode and **jog** the door up to a comfortable working height.

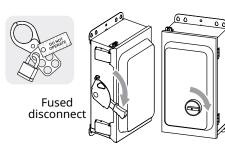
IMPORTANT

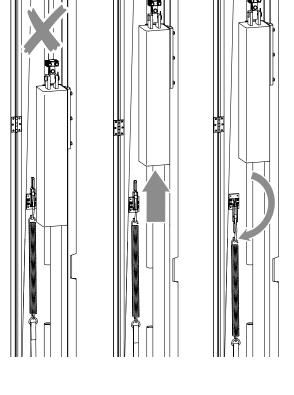
Check that the height of the door panel is set so that the counterweight does not block access to the spring release handle. You should be able to move the handle up and down without making contact with the counterweight.

Then **shut off power to the door** and perform a lockout/tagout.











2

If necessary, **remove the cover plates** so the bottom bar can be separated from the end brackets.

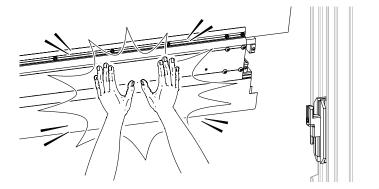
MARNING



This procedure requires you to strike the metal bottom bar hard enough to push the door panel out of the door track.

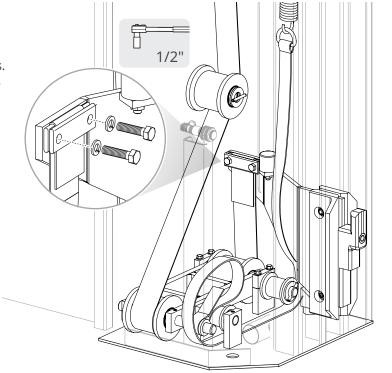
Do not attempt this procedure if you have a previous injury which might be aggravated by the force of the contact.

- Strike the bottom bar hard enough to separate it from the end bracket you are going to replace.
 - This is most easily done near the side column.
 - Allow the end brackets to fall to the bottom of the side column.



Loosen the two bolts that secure the end bracket to the tension strap, then remove the bolts, locking washers and clamp plates.

Then **slide** the end bracket out of the door track.

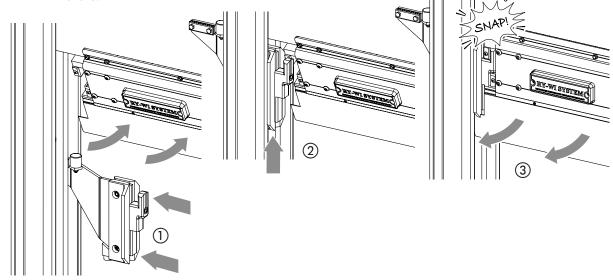




Install the new end brackets into the bottom bar.

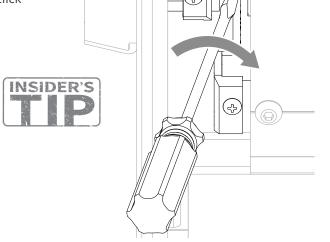
- (1) **Swing** the bottom bar back, then **slide** the end bracket into the door track.
- 2 Raise the end bracket until it is level with the bottom bar and the z-shaped bracket is aligned with the slot in the bottom bar.

3 Swing the bottom bar forward and slot the end bracket into place until the spring plunger clicks.



If the spring plunger is difficult to compress, **use** a large flathead screwdriver to lever it down enough to start sliding in the bottom bar without overshooting.

Then **push in** the bottom bar the rest of the way until you hear the spring plunger click into place.



If the bottom bar had steel cover plates, reinstall them.





WARNING



CRUSH HAZARD

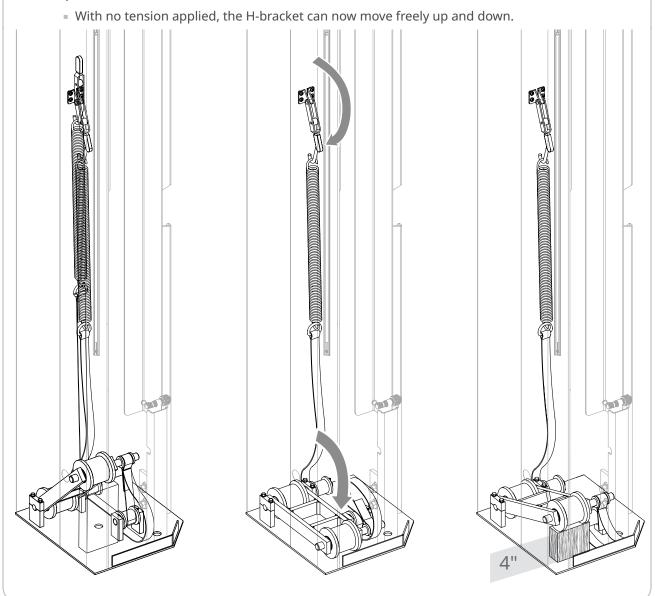
The tension springs for a Fast-Seal exert considerable force, which can cause the release handle to swing down unexpectedly.

- Make sure you swing down the handle as slowly and gradually as possible.
- **Make sure** to keep hands away from the spring and the area below the handle.

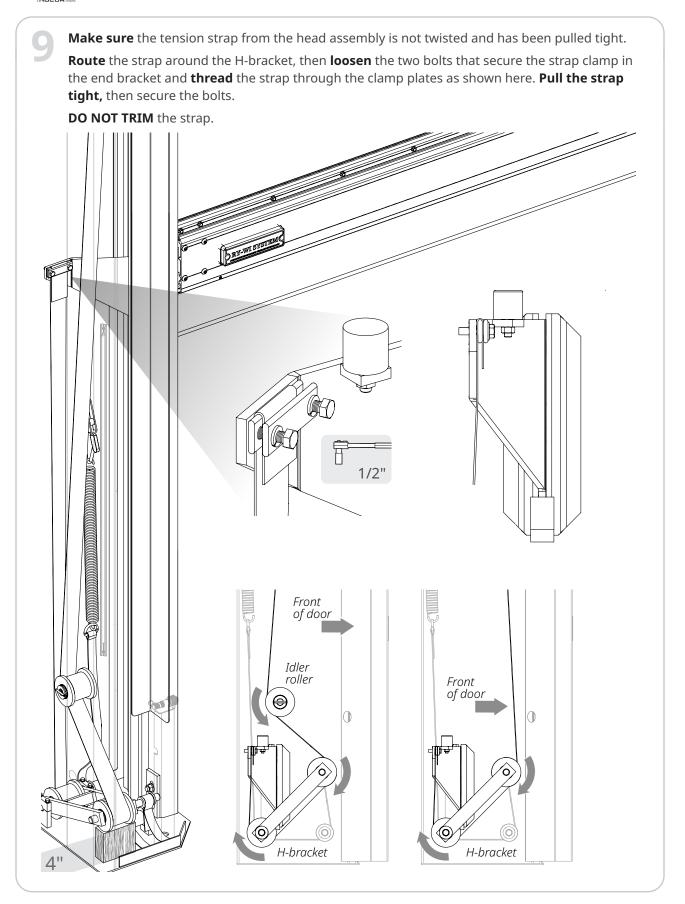
FAILURE TO COMPLY COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DAMAGE TO THE DOOR.

Pull down on the spring release handle. Carefully guide it down until it is fully released and the spring and spring strap are loose.

Then **block the front roller of the H-bracket** at a height of four inches (4") using a piece of wood.







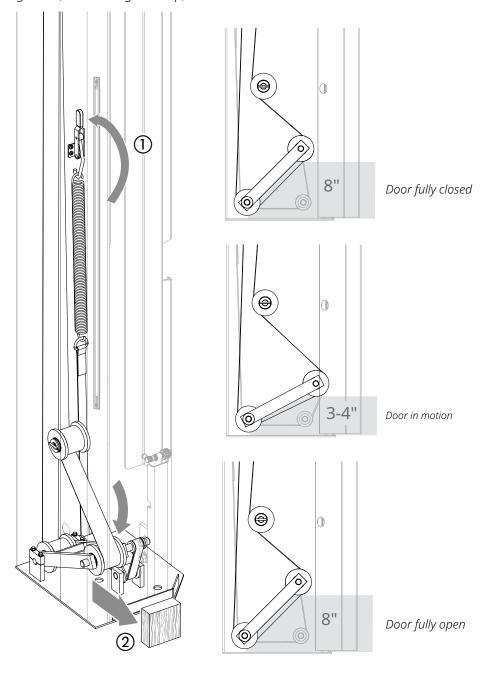


Pull up on the spring release handle until it latches in place and the spring is applying tension ①.

Make sure the spring strap does not twist or kink as tension is applied to it.

Then **remove** the wood block to free the H-bracket.

- The front roller of the H-bracket might **drop** an inches once the block is released.
- When the tensioning system is operating correctly, the front roller should be at a height of eight inches (8") when the door is in the fully open or closed position. It should gradually swing lower, then swing back up, as the door is in motion.

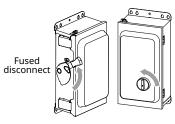


78

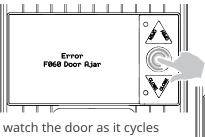


Remove the lockout/tagout and **restore** power to the door.



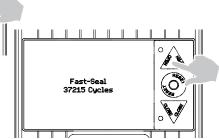


If the controller shows an F:060 (door ajar) error, press and hold the RESET button to clear the F:060 error.



Then **press** the UP Arrow and watch the door as it cycles through opening and closing

Watch the door through the cycle to make sure the door panel and bottom bar have been reset correctly and the tensioning system is operating correctly.

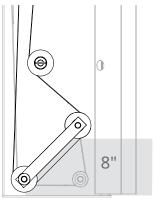


Follow the steps in *How to set limits* starting on page 56 to reset the limits for the door.

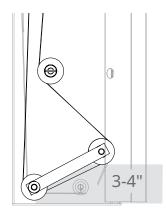
Follow the steps in *How to put he door into test mode* on page 56 and run the door through multiple cycles.

Make sure the door panel and the new end bracket are moving smoothly in the track.

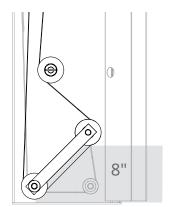
Also make sure the front roller of the H-bracket is **at the correct height** through the cycle.



Door fully closed



Door in motion



Door fully open



If the H-bracket swings too high or too low while the door is in motion, **set** the door panel at the vertical center of the door opening, **block** the front roller again, **release** the spring, and **adjust** the length of the strap to change the tension.

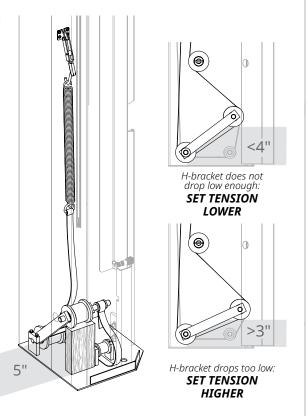
If the H-bracket does not drop low enough:

Loosen the clamp on the end bracket and **reset** the tension strap so there is a small amount of slack, to lower the tension. **Tighten** the clamp.

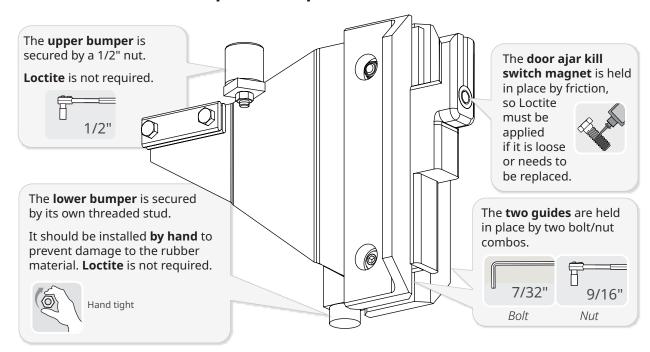
• If the H-bracket drops too low: Use a block of wood that is one inch (1") taller than the original block used, then loosen the clamp on the end bracket and pull the tension strap tight. Tighten the clamp.



Test the door until the H-brackets in both side columns swing down to the same correct height.



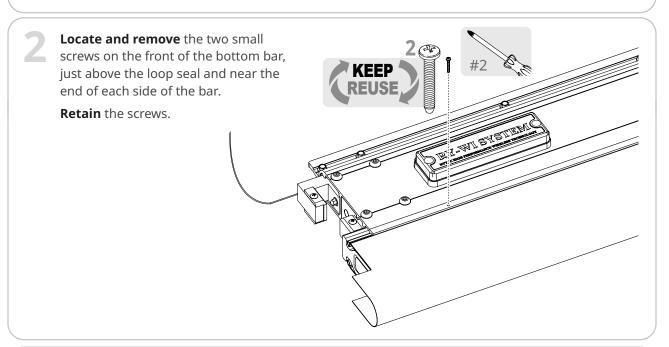
How to remove and replace the parts of the end bracket

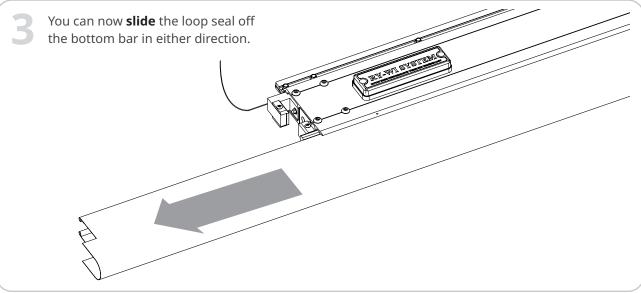




How to remove and replace the loop seal

Follow the steps in *How to take the door panel out of the door track* starting on page 60 to move the bottom bar out of the door track.





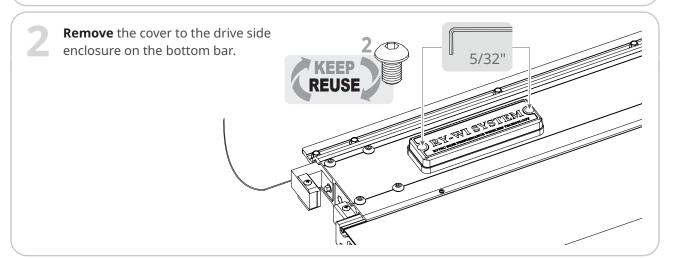
4

Reverse these steps to install the new loop seal.

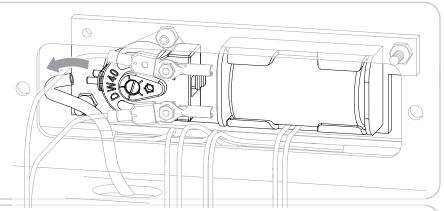


How to remove and replace the reversing edge

Follow the steps in *How to take the door panel out of the door track* starting on page 63 to move the bottom bar out of the door track.



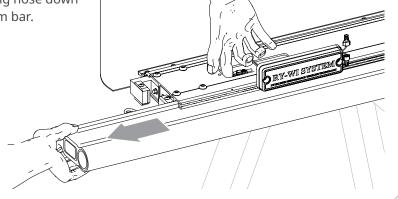
Disconnect the hose at the back of the reversing edge pneumatic switch.



Reach in and push the connecting hose down and out of the body of the bottom bar.

Pull the reversing edge out and to the side.

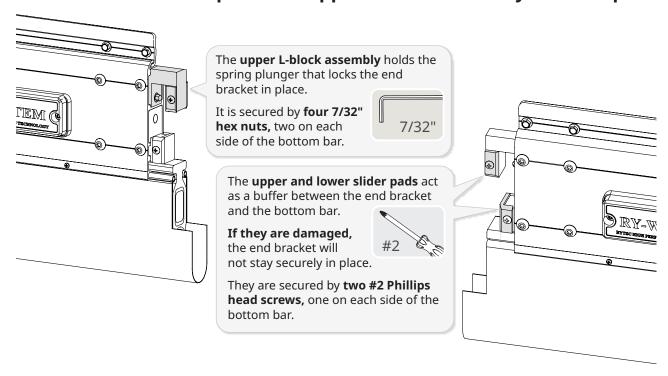
Reverse these steps to install the new reversing edge.



- **Reverse** these steps to install the new reversing edge.
- **Follow the steps** in *How to put the door panel back in the door track when you are finished* on page 65 to put the door panel back in the door track, set limits, and test the door.



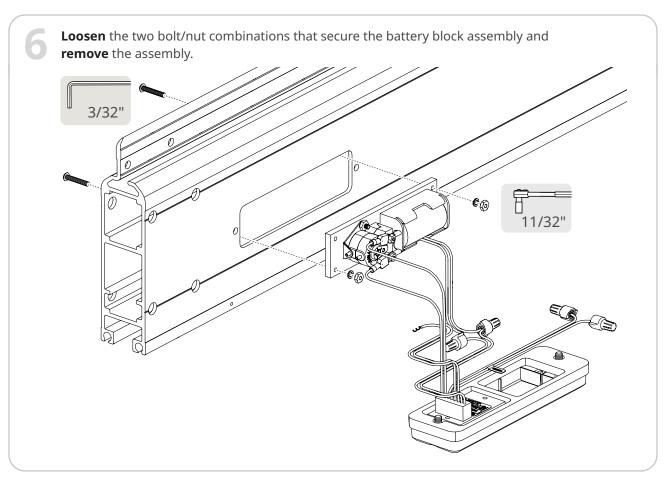
How to remove and replace the upper L-block assembly or slider pads



How to remove and replace the bottom bar frame

- **Follow the steps** in *How to remove and replace the entire bottom bar* starting on page 68 to remove the bottom bar from the door panel.
- **Follow the steps** in *How to remove and replace the loop seal* starting on page 81 to remove the loop seal.
- **Follow the steps** in *How to remove and replace the reversing edge* starting on page 82 to remove the reversing edge.
- **Follow the steps** in *How to remove and replace the upper L-block assembly or slider pads* starting on page 83 to remove the upper L-block assembly. **Do this** on both sides of the bottom bar.
- **Follow the steps** in *How to remove and replace the door ajar breakaway kill switch* starting on page 54 to remove the lower L-block assembly. **Do this** on both sides of the bottom bar.



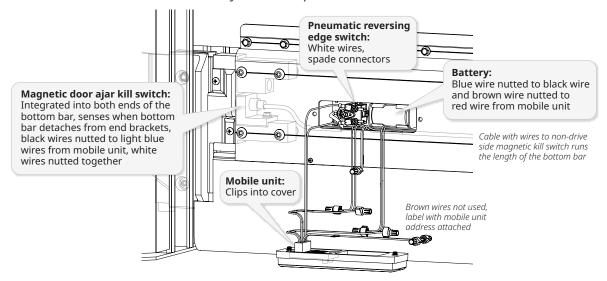


- **Reverse steps 1-6** to install the new frame.
- **Follow the steps** in *How to put the door panel back in the door track when you are finished* on page 65 to put the door panel back in the door track, set limits, and test the door.



The bottom bar components: repairs and replacements The configurations of the Fast-Seal bottom bar

- The mobile unit, which sends signals from the reversing edge and the door ajar breakaway system to the controller via a wireless antenna in the head assembly, is attached to the cover. There are four pairs of wires.
- There is a battery and a pneumatic switch (reversing edge sensor) inside the bottom bar enclosure.
 - The **battery** connects to the mobile unit by a blue wire nutted to the black mobile unit wire and a brown wire nutted to the red mobile unit wire.
 - The **pneumatic switch** connects to the mobile unit by a pair of white wires with spade connectors
- The magnetic door ajar kill switches, which sense when the bottom bar has detached from the end brackets, are located at both ends of the bottom bar. They can only be reached when the bottom bar is detached from the end brackets.
 - They connect to the mobile unit by a pair of black wires nutted to the light blue mobile unit wires, and to each other by a nutted pair of white wires.



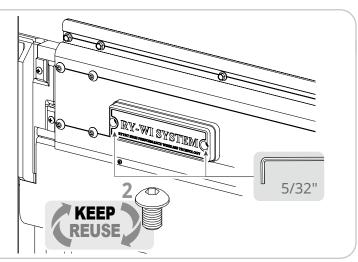


How to remove and replace the mobile unit



You must update the mobile unit address at parameter P:F07 to allow the controller to locate and communicate with the new mobile unit. The address is a hexadecimal number (includes numbers and letters) listed on a label attached to the brown wire at terminal 3 on the new mobile unit.

Remove the mobile unit cover.
Retain the screws.

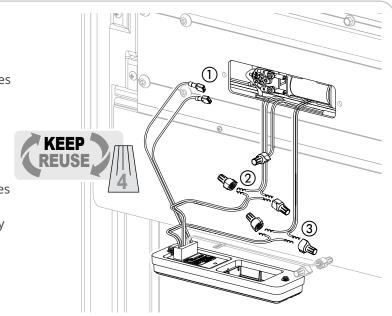


Disconnect the two spade connectors on the reversing edge pneumatic switch ①.

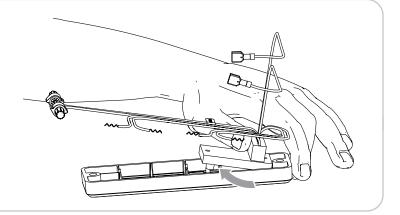
Disconnect the two light blue wires from the wire nut that connects them to the black wires that to the two door ajar breakaway kill switches ②. Leave the white kill switch wires connected.

Disconnect the red and black wires from the wire nut that connects them to the black and blue battery wires ③.

Retain the wire nuts.



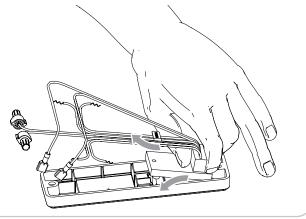
To remove the mobile unit without snapping the plastic clips that hold it in place, first **push with your thumb** against the terminal block, then **swing** the mobile unit up and off the bottom clip.





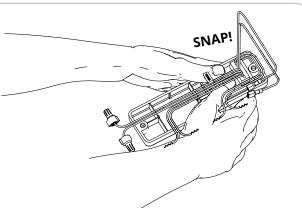


Then gently **twist the mobile unit** side to side until it slides off the top clip to remove it.



5

Snap the new mobile unit into place.

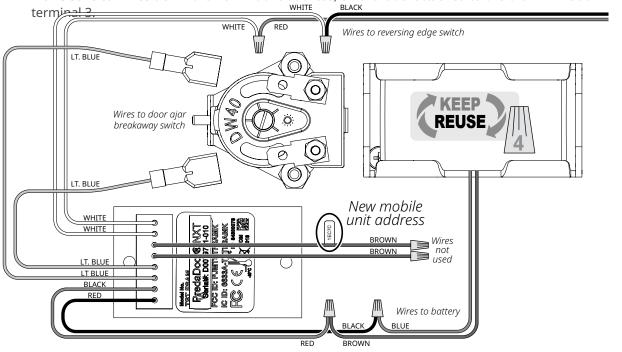


6

Trim the wires on the new mobile unit so you have 1/4" of clean copper.

Connect or **plug in** the wires as shown here. **Make sure** wires are securely twisted together before using wire nuts.

Make sure to write down the new mobile address, on the label attached to the brown wire at





Carefully wrap the wires so they will not be pinched or crimped when the Ry-Wi cover is replaced.

Then replace and secure the cover.

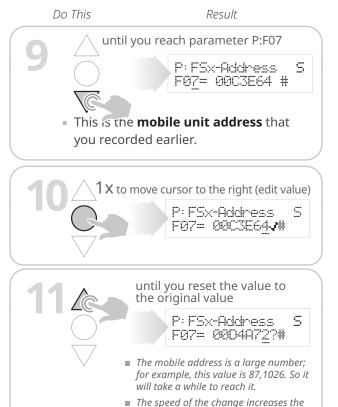
To enter the new mobile unit address into the controller, **set the controller** into parameter mode and **enter the password** for Service level access.

If you don't know how to do this, **review** *How to set the controller to Parameter mode and access Service level parameters* on page 55.

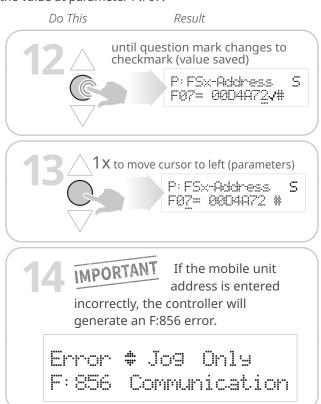
NOTE: The System 4 display uses hexadecimal numbers for some values, including the mobile unit address.

The display uses the ten numeric characters, from 0 through 9, plus six letters (A-F), which represent the values from 10 through 16.

The mobile unit address, which is a five-digit hexadecimal number, **is very large**, and you will have to hold down the UP ARROW for a substantial amount of time to update the value at parameter P:F07.



longer you hold down the UP arrow.





How to adjust the sensitivity of the door ajar breakaway system

Follow the steps in *How to take the door panel out of the door track* starting on page 63 to move the bottom bar out of the door track.

Locate the spring plunger at each end of the bottom bar. Push it in, then release, to get a feel for the tension.

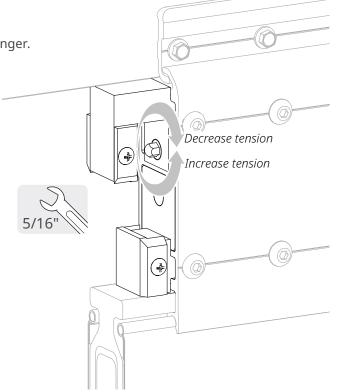
Use a 5/16" open wrench to turn the plunger.

- Clockwise decreases the tension, so the door panel will break away more easily.
- Counterclockwise increases the tension, so it will require a harder strike to break away the door panel.



Turn the plunger **one half-turn,** then reset the bottom bar and test the new tension.

Make sure the tension is the same for the spring plungers on both sides of the bottom bar



Follow the steps in *How to put the door panel back in the door track when you are finished* starting on page 65 to reattach both end brackets. **DO NOT restore power** until you are satisfied with the tension.



Repeat Steps 3-4 until the tension for the door ajar breakaway system is where you want it.

Remove the lockout/tagout and **restore** power to the door.

Jog the door to the fully open position, then **return the door to run mode** and test the new setting on the door ajar breakaway system while the door closes.



Fused disconnect







How to repair a loose door ajar breakaway kill switch

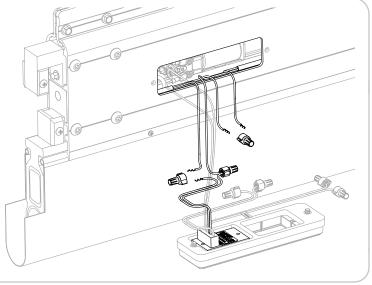
- **Follow the steps** from the previous procedure to remove the kill switch from the bottom bar.
- Remove the switch from the holder and clean off old adhesive using isopropyl alcohol. Then apply a thin, even bead of lock sealant around the entire circumference of the magnet and press it into place so that it is flush with the holder.



Follow the steps from the previous procedure to reinstall the switch.

How to remove and replace the door ajar breakaway kill switch

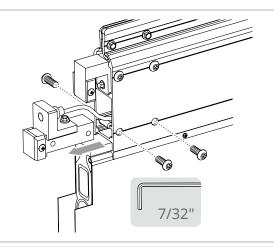
- Follow the steps in *How to take the door panel out of the door track* starting on page 63 to move the bottom bar out of the door track.
- Locate the cables from the two kill switches inside the bottom bar enclosure, with the black and white wires.
 - Remove the wire nut that connects the two white wires and separate them.
 - Remove the wire nut that connects the black wire from the kill switch you wish to replace to the light blue wire from the mobile unit (drive side kill switch shown here). Separate the wires.



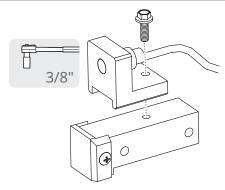


4

Remove the four bolts that secure the lower L-block assembly at the end of the bottom bar, then slide out the bracket, along with the kill switch and its holder.

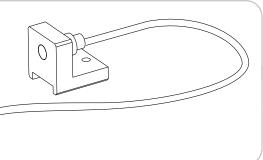


Loosen the bolt that secures the kill switch and holder to the bottom L-bracket.



Trim both the cable and the exposed wires on the replacement switch to match the lengths of the original switch.

Make sure there is 1/4" of clean copper at the end of the wires.

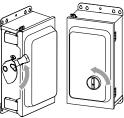


- **Reverse** Steps 3-5 to install the new switch.
- **Follow the steps** in *How to put the door panel back in the door track when you are finished* starting on page 65 to reattach both end brackets to the bottom bar.
- Remove the lockout/tagout and restore power to the door.

 Jog the door to the fully open position, then return the door to run mode and test the new switch.





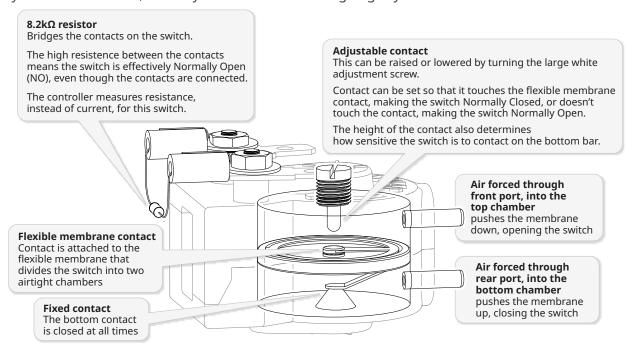






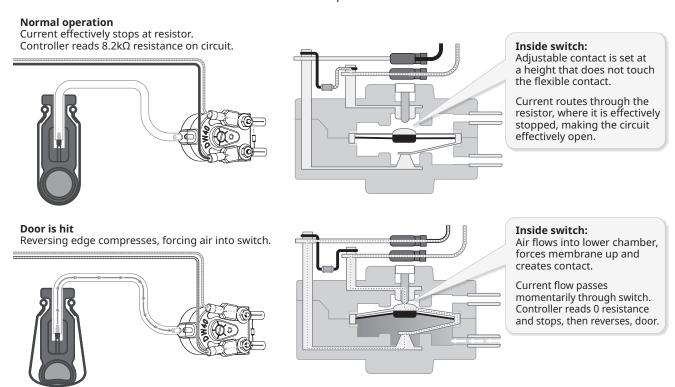
How to test, reset, and replace the reversing edge pneumatic switch How the Bircher pneumatic switch works

The Bircher pneumatic switch found in all Rytec doors can be used as both a Normally Open (NO) switch in the reversing edge system and a Normally Closed (NC) switch in the door ajar breakaway system. On Fast-Seal, it is only used for the reversing edge system.



How the switch works in the reversing edge system

The controller monitors the NO switch for resistance, and reacts by stopping, then reversing the door if the switch closes and resistance drops to zero.





Before following these steps, it is assumed that you have done the following:

1. **Visually inspected** the switch, the bottom bar, the hose and reversing edge, and the wiring, as described in *Quarterly maintenance - visual inspections and tightening hardware*, and found no visible problems with parts other than the switch.



- 2. **Physically tested** the reversing edge as described in *How to test, reset, and replace* the reversing edge pneumatic switch starting on page 92 and found a problem in the door's response to contact.
- 3. **Checked** the error history of the door as described on page 55, in particular looking for error codes F:361, F:363, F:831 and F:f01 in the recent history of the door.

How to test the resistor, switch and wiring for resistance.

- The multimeter used must have a display that shows at least two decimal places, and has a range of at least 10kΩ (20kΩ is preferable)
- Multimeters that show just one decimal place may round up and give an incorrect reading.





Using alligator clips, instead of probes, frees your hands to strike the reversing edge while monitoring the reaction of the multimeter.

Locate the Ry-Wi cover on the drive side of the bottom bar.

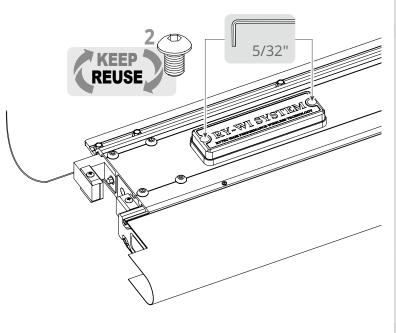
Remove the two hex screws and the cover.



REMOVE CAREFULLY! There are eight long, thin wires wound up behind the cover that can easily be damaged or pulled out of their connections.

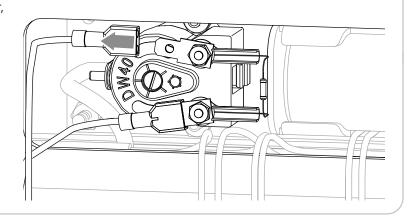
Locate the red pneumatic reversing edge switch in the bottom bar.

 The switch has a small resistor attached to it, and the attached wires are white.





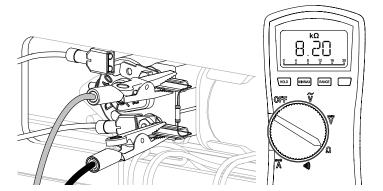
To isolate the switch and resistor, **remove** one of the spade connectors from the switch.



Test the resistor first.

Place the clips on the wires from the resistor without touching the contacts on the switch.

Acceptable readings are within 10% of $8.2k\Omega$, so any reading **between 7.4kΩ** and **9.0kΩ** indicates the resistor is not broken.



If the reading is not within this range, it will most likely be 0 (zero).

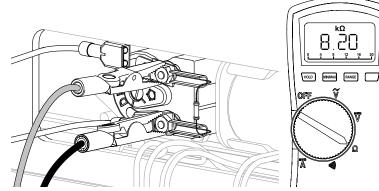
A reading outside of this range **indicates that the resistor needs to be replaced.**

Test the switch next.

Place the clips on the contacts on the switch.

Acceptable readings are within 10% of 8.2kΩ, so any reading between 7.4kΩ and 9.0kΩ is acceptable.

If the reading is not within this range, it will most likely be 0 (zero).

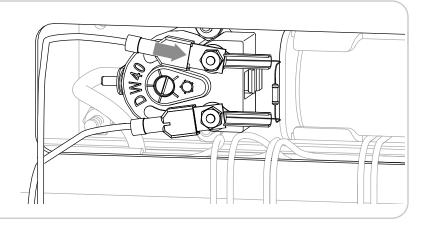


A reading outside of this range, coupled with an acceptable reading at the resistor, **indicates that the switch either needs to be replaced or adjusted.**

The switch **may need to be adjusted** even if both the resistor and switch are working.



Replace the spade connector.

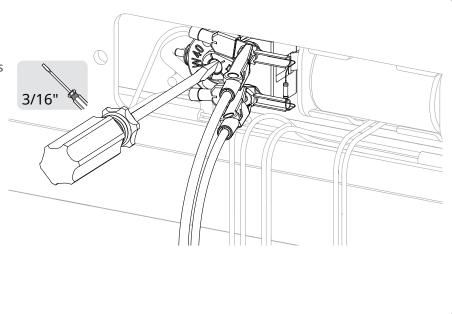


How to reset the sensitivity of the reversing edge pneumatic switch

If the switch is not still connected to the alligator clips, **connect** the clips to the terminals and **set** the multimeter to ohms.

To reset the sensitivity, you must first set the switch to the **base continuity point**

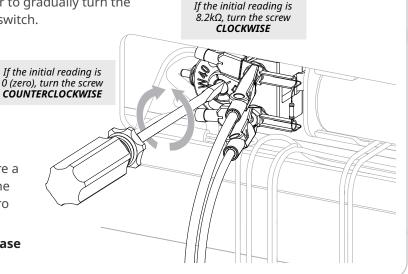
This is the point where the adjustable contact and the contact on the flexible membrane are just touching and the resistance drops from $8.2k\Omega$ to zero.



Use a 3/16" flathead screwdriver to gradually turn the white adjustment screw on the switch.

- **Stop** when the resistance jumps, either from zero to $8.2k\Omega$, or from $8.2k\Omega$ to zero.
- Turn the screwdriver back and forth by incremental amounts to verify that you have reached the point where a small adjustment changes the switch from resistance to zero resistance.

You have set the switch to the **base continuity point**.

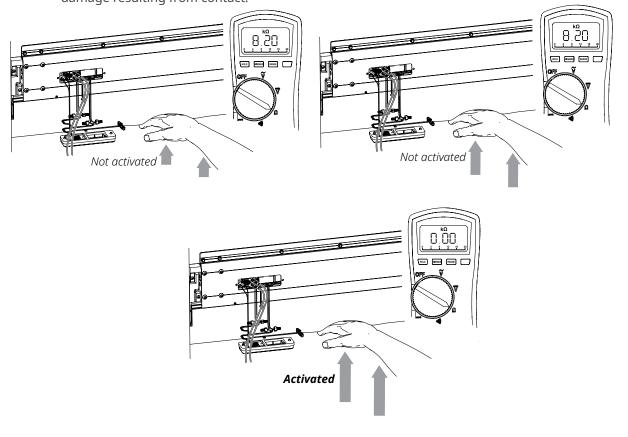




Turn the adjustment screw two full turns (720°) COUNTERCLOCKWISE.
This is the default Rytec setting for the switch.

You can test the sensitivity of the switch by **striking** the reversing edge, softly at first, then gradually harder, until the multimeter responds to the strike and momentarily indicates zero resistance.

• The Rytec default setting should respond to a fairly light strike, which minimizes the chance of damage resulting from contact.





If necessary, **use** the flathead screwdriver to adjust the sensitivity from the Rytec default. Counterclockwise to make To make the system **MORE** the system **LESS sensitive**, so sensitive, turn the screw **CLOCKWISE** harder contact is required to reverse the door. To make the system **LESS** Clockwise to make the sensitive, turn the screw system **MORE sensitive**, COUNTERCLOCKWISE so less contact is required to reverse the door. Turn a half turn, then IMPORTANT retest the door. **DO NOT** turn farther than half a turn before retesting. 3/16" Make sure to close up the bottom bar when the sensitivity is correct.

Follow the steps in *How to put he door into test mode* on page 56 and run the door through multiple cycles to make sure the reversing edge is responding correctly and the controller is no longer generating errors.

How to replace the resistor on the reversing edge pneumatic switch

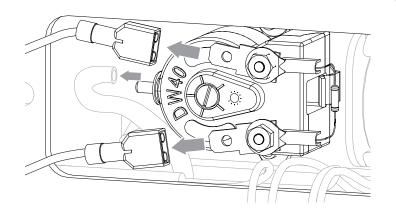
Remove the two nuts that hold the resistor assembly in place, then slide off the resistor assembly.

Slide in the new assembly, then reinstall and tighten the nuts.

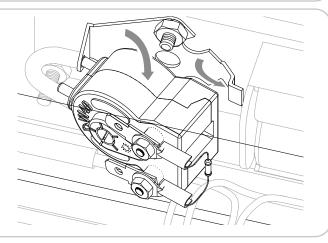


How to replace the reversing edge pneumatic switch

Remove both spade connectors from the terminals, as well as the hose connected to the reversing edge.



Pull back the tab on the mounting bracket and slide the switch out.



Reverse these steps to install the new switch.

Make sure to follow the steps in *How to reset the sensitivity of the reversing edge pneumatic switch* starting on page 95 once the new switch has been installed and connected.



The door panel: repairs and replacements How to remove and replace the door panel

1

Follow the steps in *How to take the door panel out of the door track* starting on page 63 to move the bottom bar out of the door track.

This

MARNING

This procedure requires you to set parameter P:980 to a value of 3. This allows you to jog the door beyond the close limit, but also deactivates the object detection and alert systems.

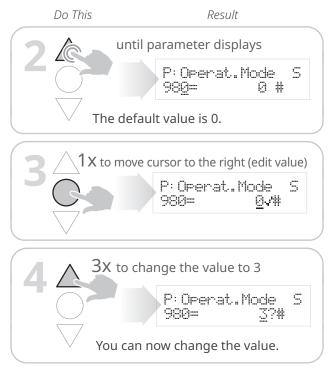
Do not use this setting at any other time without contacting Rytec Technical Support.

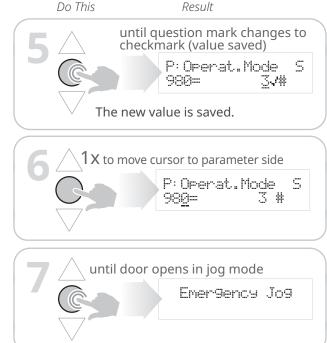
Navigate to parameter P:980, set the value to 3, then jog the door to the floor

1

Set the controller into parameter mode and **enter the password** for Service level access.

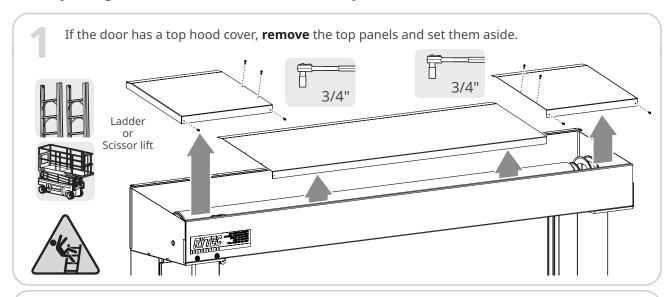
If you don't know how to do this, **review** *How to set the controller to Parameter mode and access Service level parameters* on page 55.



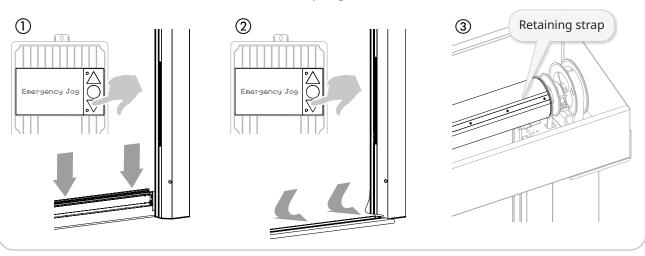


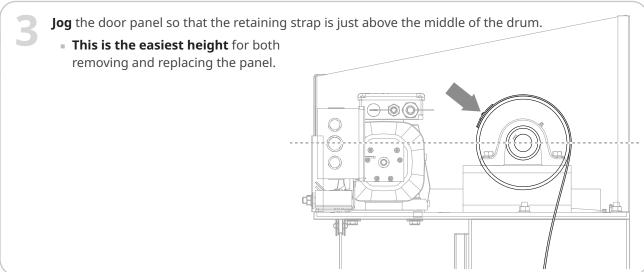


Before you begin, check that the old and new door panel are the same size

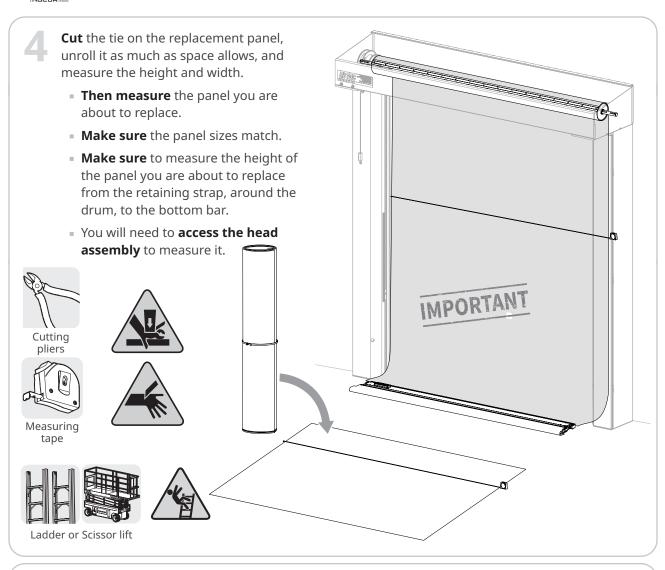


- **Jog** the door down until the reversing edge touches the floor ①. Then **continue to slowly jog the door down** until the bottom bar lies flat on the floor ②, taking the weight off the door panel, and you can see the retaining strap for the door panel ③ on the drum up in the head assembly.
 - Make sure the bottom bar does not scrape against the floor as the door lowers.









Shut off power to the door and perform a lockout/tagout.



6

Follow the steps in *How to remove and replace the entire bottom bar* starting on page 68 to remove the bottom bar.

Remove the old door panel from the drum and install the new panel



It is easier to manage the removal and replacement of the door panel if one service tech drills out the rivets and installs the new rivets, and a second service tech holds the panel and restraining strap in place.



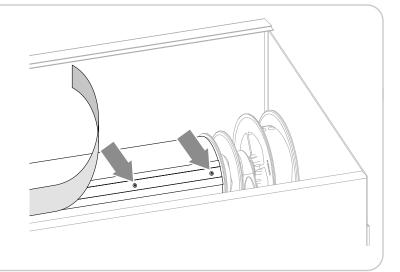


Pop rivets are installed into every hole in the retaining strap, to match the holes in the drum. The rivets hold the door panel in place.

On some doors, the retaining strap is covered by a Velcro strip to cushion the door panel when it rolls up onto the drum.

You will need to **peel off** the strip to access the retaining strap.

If possible, keep the strip intact and save it to be reinstalled later.



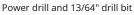
Starting at the outer edges, and working your way to the center, **drill out** the pop rivets.

IMPORTANT

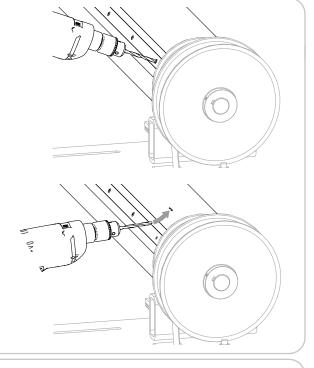
DO NOT drill past the head of the rivet, into the retaining strap or the drum. Stop as soon as the head of the rivet comes free.

The body of the rivet should **fall into the drum.** This will not interfere with the functioning of the door.









When all rivets have been drilled out, remove the retaining belt.

Then control the door panel as it slides off the drum.







Ball peen

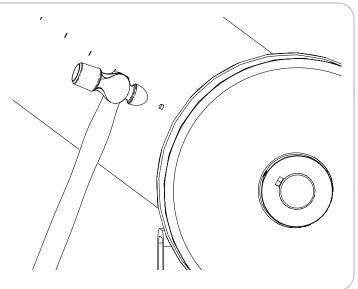


File or emery paper

Check the drum and the retaining strap for rivet bodies that did not fall into the drum, or metal shavings from the drilling.

- **Tap** any rivet bodies into the drum using a hammer.
- File down an metal shavings or sharp edges with a metal file or emery paper.

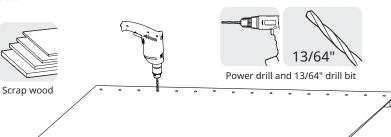




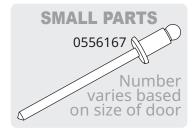
Place a piece of scrap wood under the top of the new door panel.

> **Line up** the old panel on top of it.

Drill holes in the new door panel using the old one as a template.



Locate the new pop rivets that came with the replacement door panel.

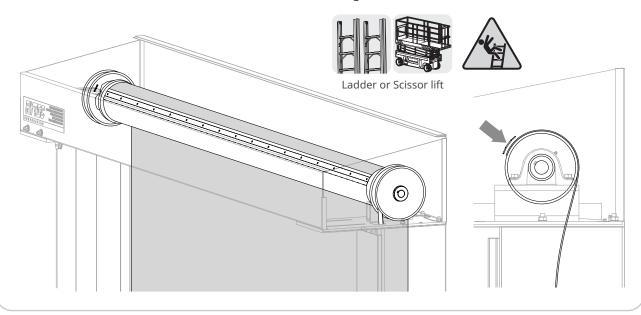


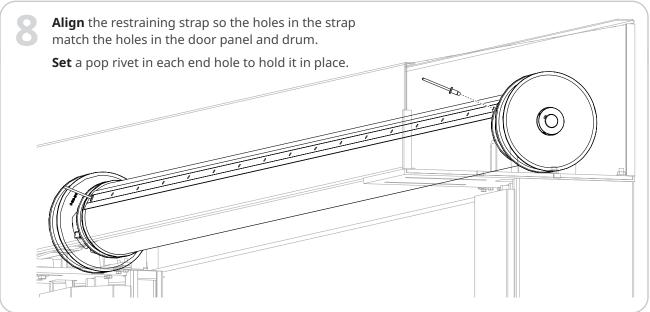


Back up in the head assembly, **roll** the new door panel **around** the back of the drum, then **over** the top.

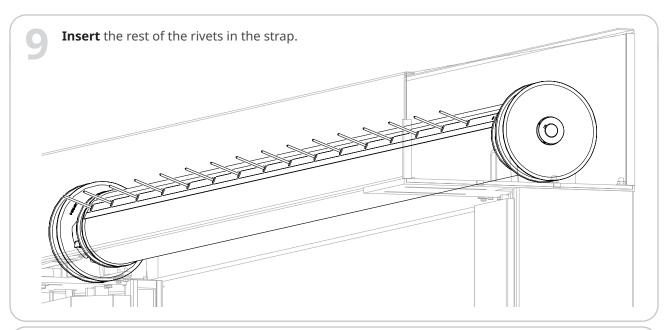
Line up the holes in the door panel with the holes in the drum and hold the panel in place until the restraining strap has been reinstalled.

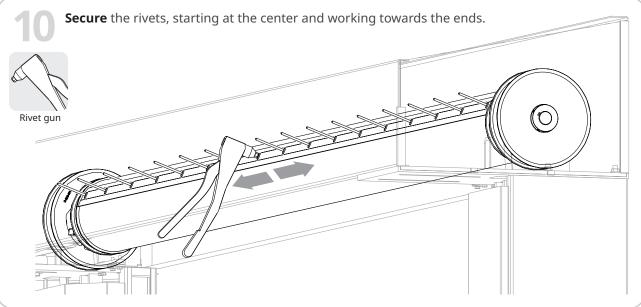
Smooth down the door panel so it lies **flat against the drum** for the full width of the door and is **free of wrinkles, kinks and creases** for the full height of the door.

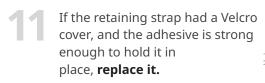


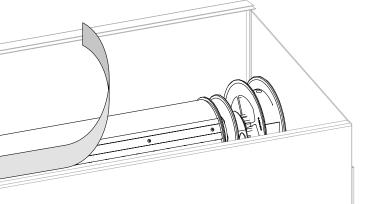








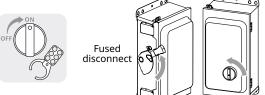


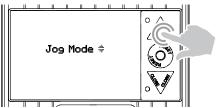




Refeed and test the new door panel

- **Follow the steps** in *How to put the door panel back in the door track when you are finished* starting on page 65 to reattach both end brackets to the bottom bar.
- **Remove** the lockout/tagout and **restore** power to the door. Jog the door once to the fully open position, then the fully closed position, before testing it through multiple cycles.





Follow the steps in *How to put he door into test mode* on page 56 to put the door into test mode, then let the door run through multiples cycles of opening and closing with the new panel.

The windbars: repairs and replacements

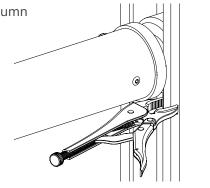
How to remove and replace the bumpers, side column cushion assemblies, or rubber cushions on strapless windbar doors

Secure the windbar that rests on the bumper or the side column cushion assemblies at a height that allows you free access.

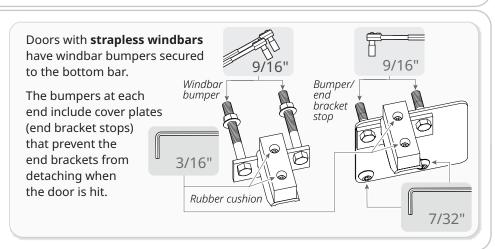
> • **Lift** the windbar so it is out of the way, and **use** a pair of vise grips to secure it in place.



(2) Vise grips

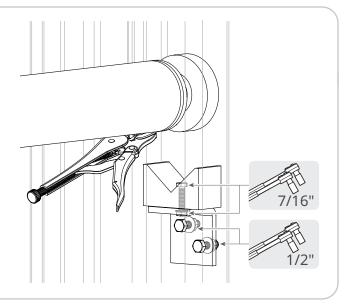


The **windbar bumpers** and rubber cushions on the bottom bar are secured by the hardware shown here.





The **side column cushion assemblies** and rubber cushions are secured by the hardware shown here.



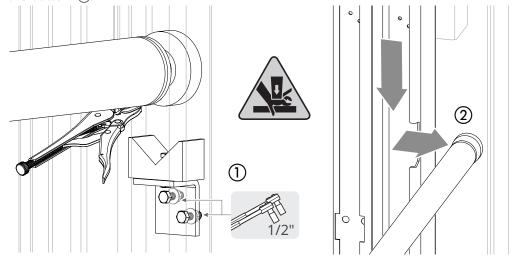
How to remove and replace a windbar

Set the door to the fully closed position, then **shut off power to the door** and perform a lockout/tagout.



For the lower front windbar in a strapless door, **lift** the windbar to a height that allows you to access the side column cushion assemblies, **secure** it in place with vise grips, and **remove** the assemblies in both side columns ①.

Then **remove** the vise grips and **slide** the windbar down the track and out the bevelled notch near the bottom ②.

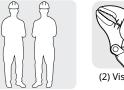




Reverse these steps to install the new windbar.

For an upper or rear windbar, where there is not a notch in the windbar guide that allows you to slide the windbar out, **lift** the windbar up to the bevelled or square notch. Position it **toward the bottom** of the notch (1).

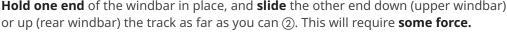
IMPORTANT



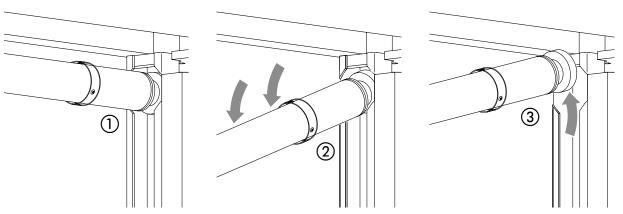


windbar in place for the next two steps. **Hold one end** of the windbar in place, and **slide** the other end down (upper windbar)

You will need to have two service techs present, or use a pair of vise grips, to hold the







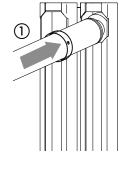


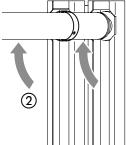
Reverse these steps to install the new windbar.

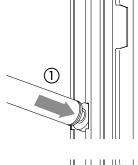
This can be done by **one service tech.**

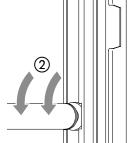
Insert the windbar into the notch in the windbar guide in one side column (1), then **slide** the other end up (upper windbar) or down (rear windbar) along the outside of the guide until that end slips into the notch on that side (2).

This will also require some force.





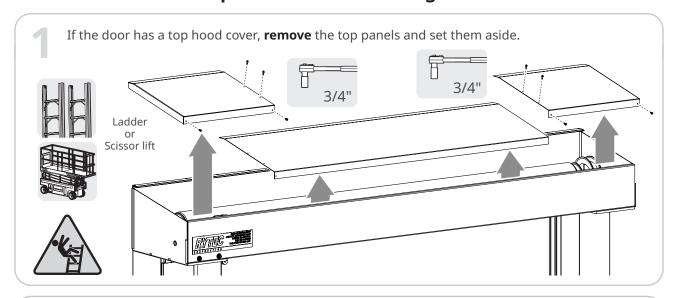




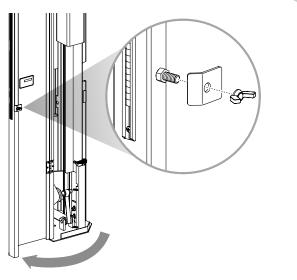




How to remove and replace a front windbar guide



Loosen and remove the latch and wingnut on the side column cover, swing the cover open, then replace the latch and nut on the retaining screw so they are not misplaced.



Jog the door to a height where you can easily access the counterweights.



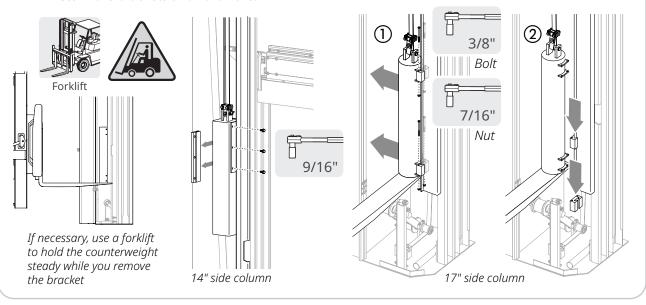




Remove the brackets that connect the counterweight to the counterweight guide that is welded to the windbar guide so that they are free of the guide.

- For doors with a square counterweight: remove the three bolts that secure the front bracket, then slide off the bracket. You will be able to slide the windbar guide out of the side column without removing the rear bracket.
- **For doors with a round counterweight:** remove the bolt/nut combinations that hold the two brackets in place ①. Then **move** the counterweight enough to **slide** the brackets off the counterweight guide ②.

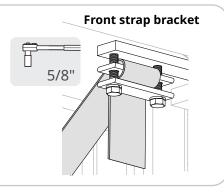
Retain the brackets and hardware.



Shut off power to the door and perform a lockout/tagout. NOTE: leave the door panel at the current height.



If the windbar is strapped, **locate** the strap brackets in the right and left side columns, loosen the securing bolts, and slide out the straps so they hang loose.



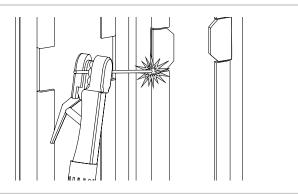
7

Follow the steps in *How to remove and replace a windbar* starting on page 107 to remove the front windbar or windbars.



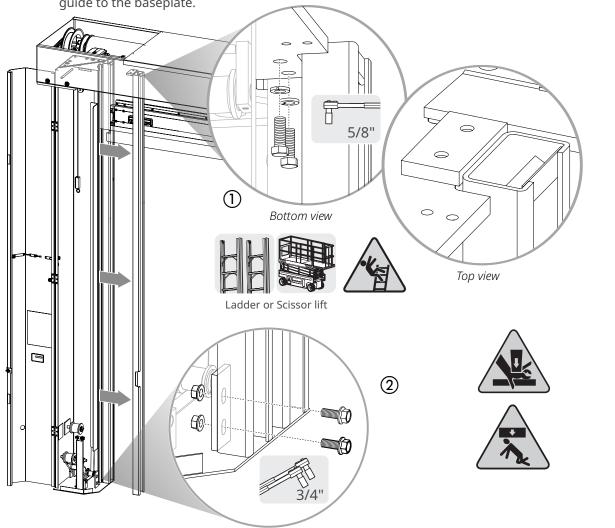
If the door has **double strapless**windbars in the front, you will need to
order windbar stops separately from
the guide and field weld them into the
square notch in the replacement guide.





- **Loosen and remove** the hardware that secures the front windbar guide at the top and bottom of the guide. Then **slide out** the windbar guide.
 - ① At the top of the side column, **loosen and remove** the two bolts/locking washers that secure the top guide bracket to the baseplate of the head assembly.

② At the baseplate, **loosen and remove** the two bolt/nut combos that secure the windbar guide to the baseplate.





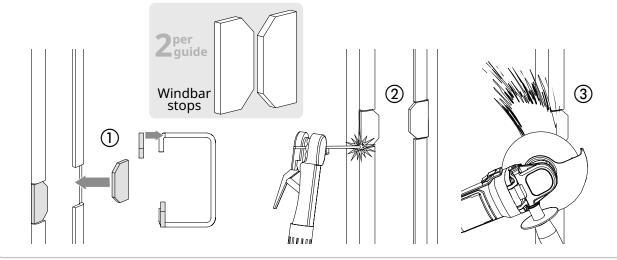
- If the door has double strapless front windbars, install the metal stops that separate the upper and lower windbars before installing the replacement windbar guide.
 - (1) **Position** the stops so they are flush with the back and outside edge of the notches in the side column.
 - ② Weld the stops securely on all sides to the edges of the
 - ③ **Grind** any rough patches around the weld area until they are smooth.



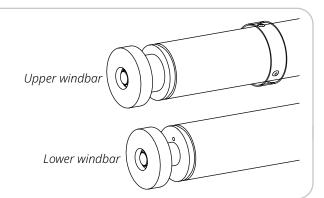
arc welder







- **Reverse steps 1-9** to install the replacement front windbar guide.
- If the door has double strapless front windbars, **make sure** the windbar with the thicker axle is installed in the upper position, above the windbar stops, and the windbar with the thinner axle is installed in the lower position.



- **Follow the steps** in *How to set limits* starting on page 56 to reset the limits for the door.
- Follow the steps in How to put he door into test mode on page 56 and run the door through multiple cycles to make sure the door panel is moving smoothly in the track.



How to remove and replace a rear windbar guide



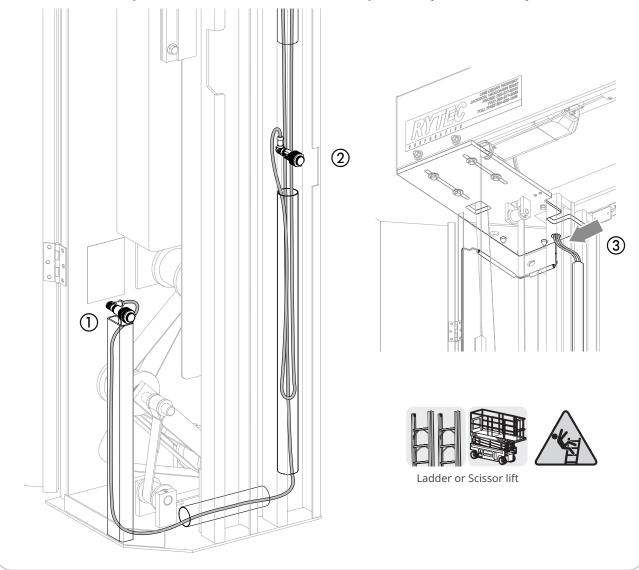
Unlike front windbar guides, which are bolted into the side columns, rear windbar guides are **welded in place**, and will need to be cut out with a grinder or cutting torch. The weld points are at the top and bottom of the guide.

Follow the steps in *How to remove and replace a front windbar guide* starting on page 109 to remove the front windbar guide, giving you full access to the rear windbar guide.

IMPORTANT

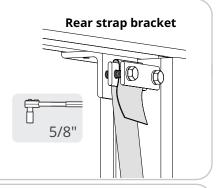
When you have removed the front windbar guide, **restore power** to the door, **jog** the door panel to the fully open position, then **shut off power** and do a lockout/tagout.

- **Remove** the photo eye cables from the round wire chases that are welded to the back of the side column frame, right next to the rear windbar guide.
 - ① **Disconnect** the front photo eye cable from the photo eye. You can leave the photo eye in place.
 - ② **Remove** the rear photo eye and set aside.
 - ③ **Run** the cables up and out of the round wire chases to where they enter the head assembly. Coil them and tie them off so that they are **safely out of the way.**



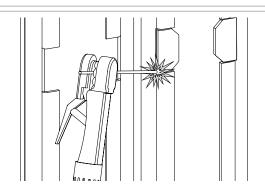


If the windbar is strapped, **locate** the strap brackets in the right and left side columns, loosen the securing bolts, and slide out the straps so they hang loose.



- **Follow the steps** in *How to remove and replace a windbar* starting on page 107 to remove the rear windbar or windbars.
- If the door has **double strapless windbars** in the rear, you will need to
 order windbar stops separately from
 the guide and field weld them into the
 square notch in the replacement guide.





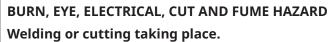
WARNING











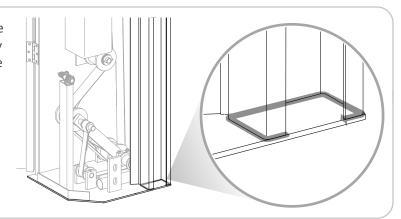
- **Make sure** there are no flammable materials in the weld area and that weld operators wear appropriate protective gear.
- Make sure no one looks at the weld area without wearing appropriate eye protection.
- Make sure people do not breathe in fumes.
- **Make sure** all safety procedures and standards are followed.

FAILURE TO COMPLY COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DAMAGE TO THE DOOR.

Cut through the welds around the bottom of the windbar guide (gray area) until the bottom of the guide is clear of the baseplate.



Cutting torch or angle grinder





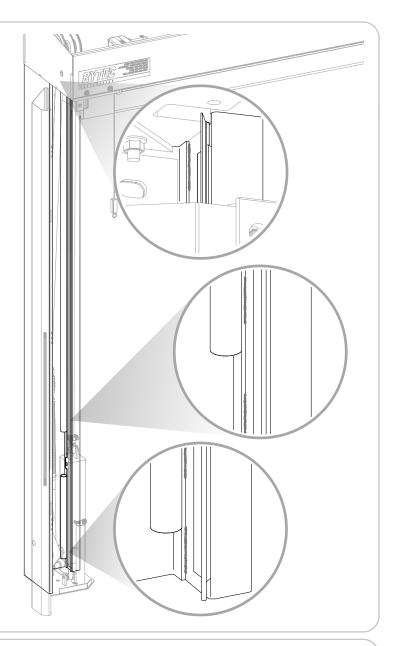
Cut through the all welds (gray areas) along the height of the windbar guide where it abuts the bend in the side column frame.

IMPORTANT

Based on the service history of the door, there will be **a different number of welds**, and they will be in different positions along the windbar guide.



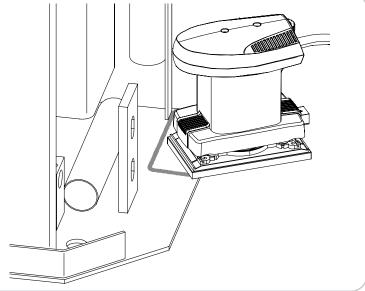
Cutting torch or angle grinder



Sand or grind all weld points until they are smooth, and all weld material is removed.



Sander or angle grinder





- If the door has double strapless rear windbars, install the metal stops that separate the upper and lower windbars before installing the replacement windbar guide.
 - (1) **Position** the stops so they are flush with the back and outside edge of the notches in the side column.
 - ② Weld the stops securely on all sides to the edges of the

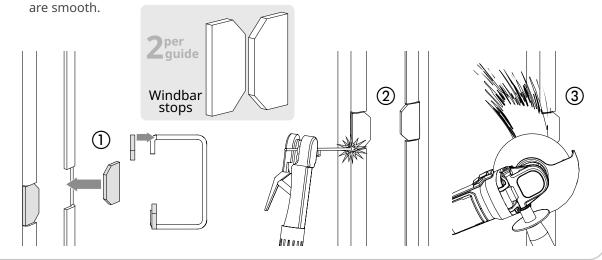








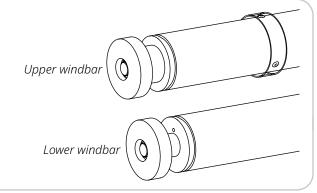
arc welder grinder



Install the replacement windbar guide. Weld in the same spots as the original guide.



- **Reverse steps 1-4** to reinstall the windbars, as well as the front windbar quide and its windbars.
- If the door has double strapless front windbars, **make sure** the windbar with the thicker axle is installed in the upper position, above the windbar stops, and the windbar with the thinner axle is installed in the lower position.



- **Follow the steps** in *How to set limits* starting on page 56 to reset the limits for the door.
- Follow the steps in How to put he door into test mode on page 56 and run the door through multiple cycles to make sure the door panel is moving smoothly in the track.



How to adjust the strap on a strapped windbar

- **Check** the position of the windbar with the door in the fully open position.
 - The windbar has been strapped correctly if it is half-way between the top of the windbar guide and the top of the bottom bar, and is free of contact.
 - The windbar has been strapped too low if it is making contact with the bottom bar.
 - The wind bar has been strapped too high if it is making contact with the strap bracket, the top of the windbar guide, or the rolled-up door panel.





Ladder or Scissor lift



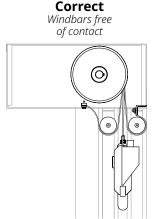
Measuring tape



• If there are both front and rear strapped windbars, they **must be** at the same height.

Measure the distance between the current position of the windbar and the correct position.

Too low Windbars make contact with bottom bar



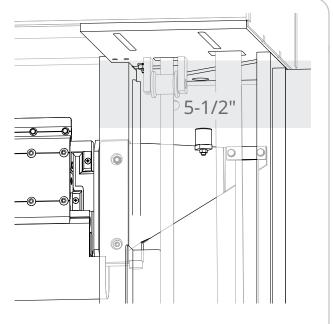


Also **check** the position of the bottom bar at the fully open position.

In the fully open position, the **bottom of the loop seal** is just above the top of the door opening, and the **upper bumper on the end brackets** are 5-1/2" below the top plates of the side columns.

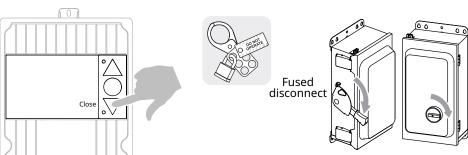


Measuring tape

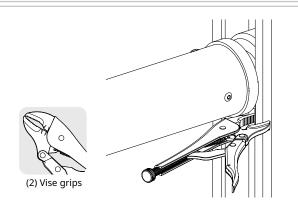




Set the door to the fully closed position, then **shut off power to the door** and perform a lockout/ tagout.



- Set the windbar higher or lower in the track by half the measurement you took in Step 1.
 - **Use** a pair of vise grips to secure it in place.
 - It will be necessary to loosen the strap first if you want to set the windbar lower. See the next step.



Make sure the windbar is level at its new position.

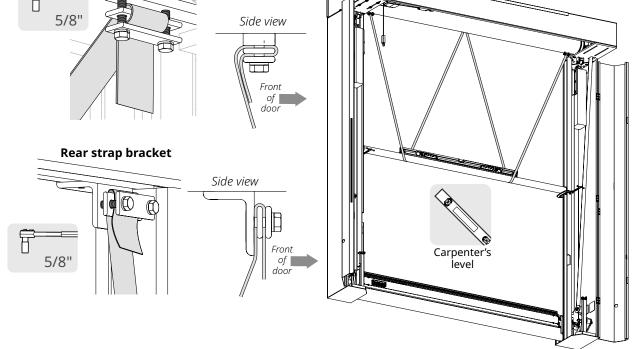
Loosen the bolts in the strap brackets for the strap, so you can adjust the strap.

Pull the strap until it is taught (without lifting the windbar off the c-clamps) and tighten the bolts.

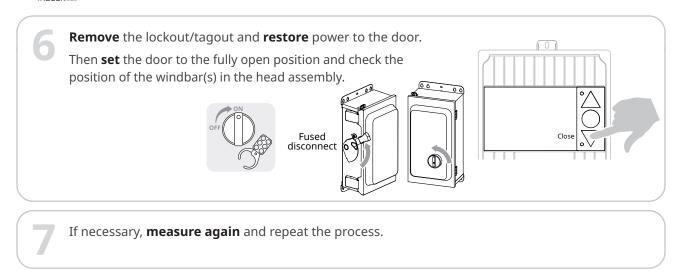
DO NOT trim the strap.

Front strap bracket

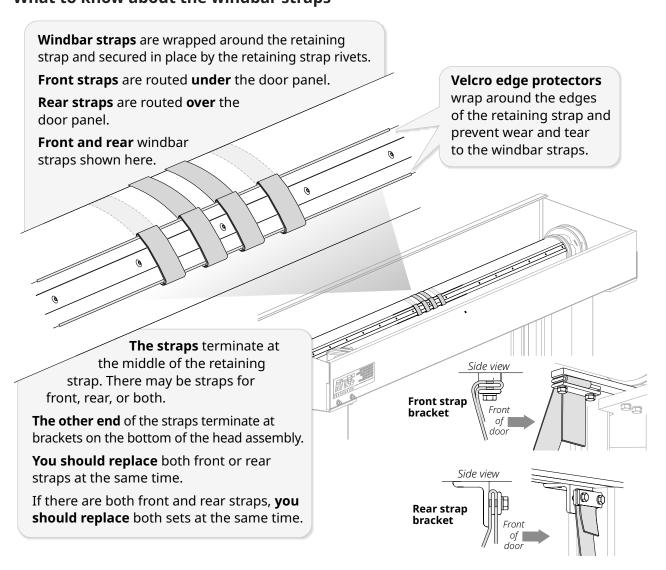
Side view







How to remove and replace the straps on a strapped windbar What to know about the windbar straps





Set the door to the fully closed position.

Then use a pair of vise grips to secure each windbar in place at the closed position height.

(2) Vise grips

Follow the steps in *How to take the door panel out of the door track* starting on page 63 to move the bottom bar out of the door track.



MARNING

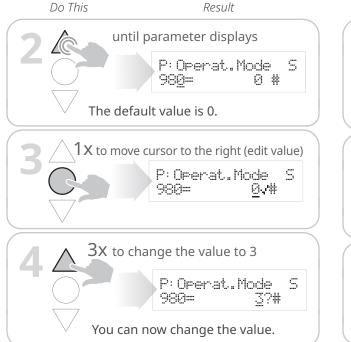
This procedure requires you to set parameter P:980 to a value of 3. This allows you to jog the door beyond the close limit, but also deactivates the object detection and alert systems.

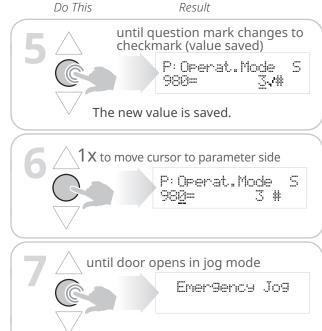
Do not use this setting at any other time without contacting Rytec Technical Support.

Navigate to parameter P:980, set the value to 3, then jog the door to the floor

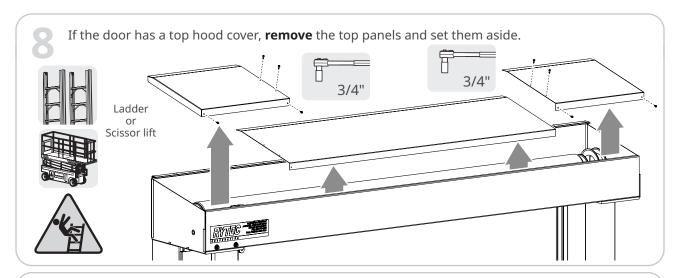
Set the controller into parameter mode and **enter the password** for Service level access.

If you don't know how to do this, **review** *How to set the controller to Parameter mode and access Service level parameters* on page 55.

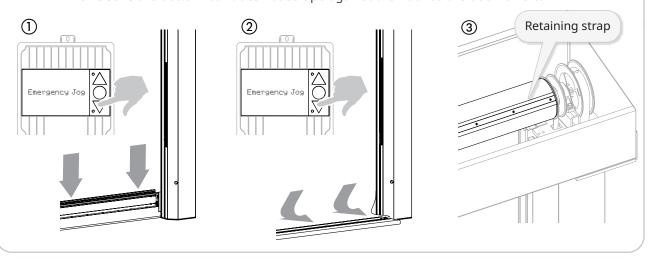








- Jog the door down until the reversing edge touches the floor ①. Then continue to slowly jog the door down until the bottom bar lies flat on the floor ②, taking the weight off the door panel, and you can see the retaining strap for the door panel ③ on the drum up in the head assembly.
 - Make sure the bottom bar does not scrape against the floor as the door lowers.



Shut off power to the door and perform a lockout/tagout.

Locate the strap brackets, loosen the securing bolts, and slide out the straps so they hang loose.

Front strap bracket

Rear strap bracket

5/8"

5/8"



Drill out the rivets (gray arrows) that secure the straps in place. **DO NOT** drill out any other rivets.

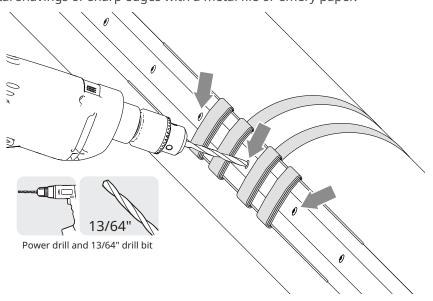


DO NOT drill past the head of the rivet, into the retaining strap or the drum. Stop as soon as the head of the rivet comes free.



- The body of the rivet should fall into the drum. This will not interfere with the functioning of the door. If the rivet does not fall into the drum, **tap it in** using a ball peen hammer.
- **File down** an metal shavings or sharp edges with a metal file or emery paper.



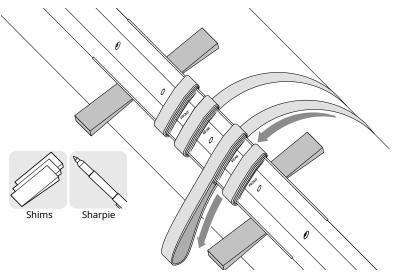


Place shims under the retaining strap on either side of the straps.

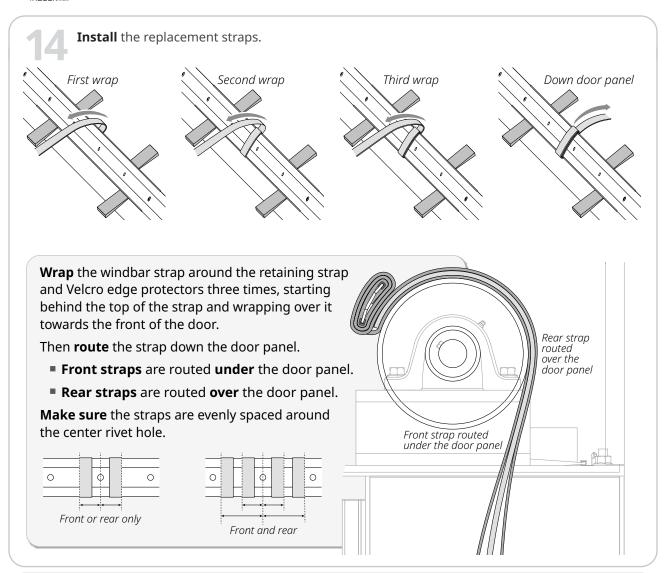
Mark the position of the windbar straps, indicating whether they are for the front windbar or rear windbar.

Then **loosen** the windbar straps enough to unwind them from the retaining strap and remove them.

They should be wound around the strap **three times.**





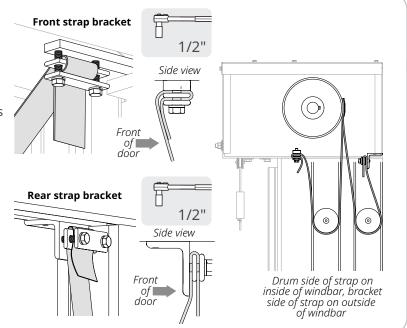


Pull the straps down and slide them between the windbar and the door panel.

Then **loop** them around the windbars, up to the brackets.

Make sure there are no kinks or twists anywhere along the length of the straps.

Loop the straps through the brackets as shown here, **pull** them tight, and **tighten** the bolts on the brackets.

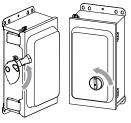




Remove the lockout/tagout and **restore** power to the door.







- Follow the steps in How to adjust the strap on a strapped windbar starting on page 117 to check that the new strap is the correct length.
- **Follow the steps** in *How to set limits* starting on page 56 to reset the limits for the door.
- **Follow the steps** in *How to put he door into test mode* on page 56 and run the door through multiple cycles to make sure the door panel is moving smoothly in the track.

The side columns: repairs and replacements



↑ WARNING

Set the disconnect switch to the OFF position and perform a lockout/tagout of the high-voltage disconnect before servicing the door when the side column covers have been removed.

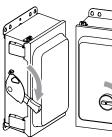


Do not set the disconnect switch to the ON position until the side column cover is

Failure to comply could result in serious injury if the counterweight or other internal components move unexpectedly

How to remove and replace a door panel EPDM seal

Set the door to the fully closed position, then **shut off power to** the door and perform a lockout/tagout.

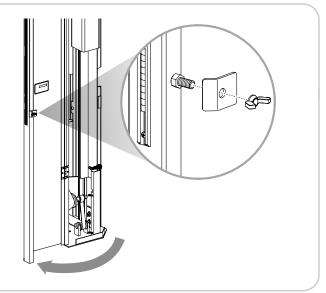




Fused disconnect



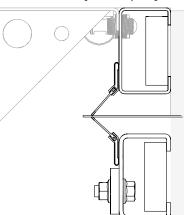
Loosen and remove the latch and wingnut on the side column cover, **swing** the cover open, then **replace** the latch and nut on the retaining screw so they are not misplaced.



Slide the seal out of the top of the bracket that secures it.

Then **slide** the replacement seal into and down the length of the bracket.

• If necessary, use a putty knife or flathead screwdriver to loosen crimps in the retaining bracket.



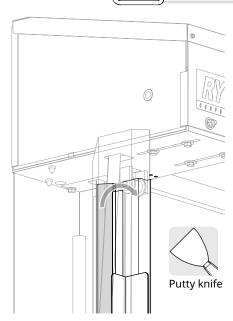
The seals on both side of the door panel are **flexible EPDM rubber flaps** secured by brackets that are welded to the back of the front and rear windbar guides.

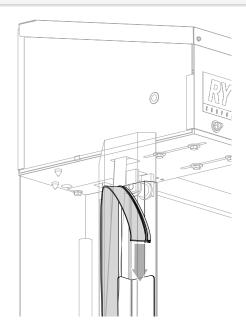
There is a **small space** between to top of the seal and the bottom of the head assembly.

You **remove and replace** the seals by bending and sliding them out of, or into, the top of the bracket in this small space.

This is a **slow process** that requires some force and patience.

If the door has been previously serviced, some **adhesive** may have been used, but it is not needed.







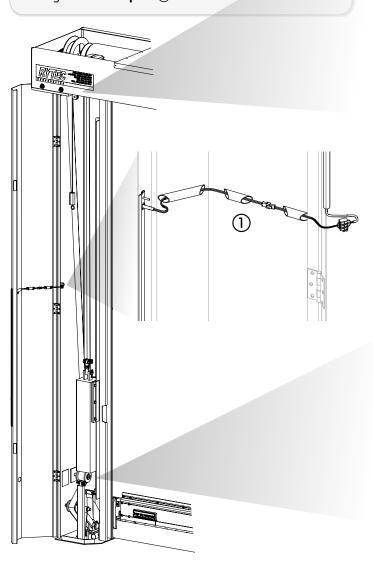
What to know about the side column cabling

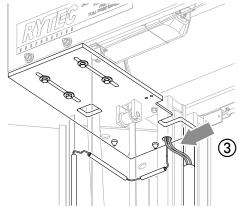
The **Pathwatch and photo eye cables** are routed through wire chases for the whole length of their run, to keep them clear of moving parts.

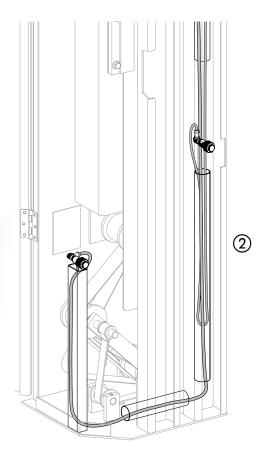
The Pathwatch cable runs across the side column cover and up the front of the column, behind the hinges (1).

The photo eye cables run up the back of the column, behing the windbar guides ②.

All cables enter the head assembly through **the same port** ③.



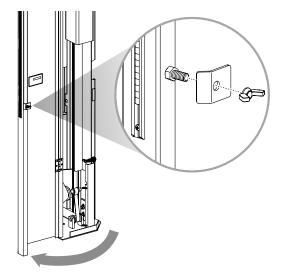






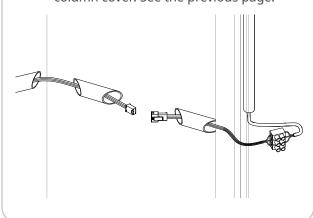
How to remove and replace a Pathwatch LED strip

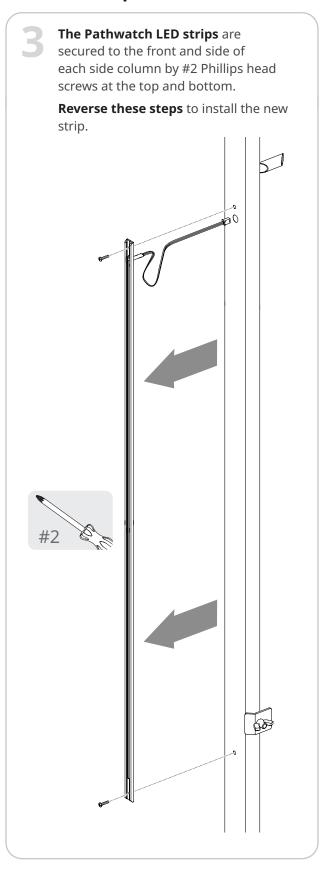
Loosen and remove the latch and wingnut on the side column cover, swing the cover open, then replace the latch and nut on the retaining screw so they are not misplaced.



Disconnect the Molex connector that connects the Pathwatch wires to the terminal block in the side column.

The wires run in chases across the side column cover. See the previous page.



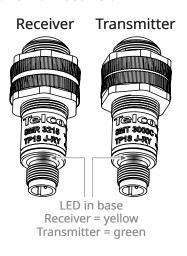




How to remove and replace a photo eye

IMPORTANT

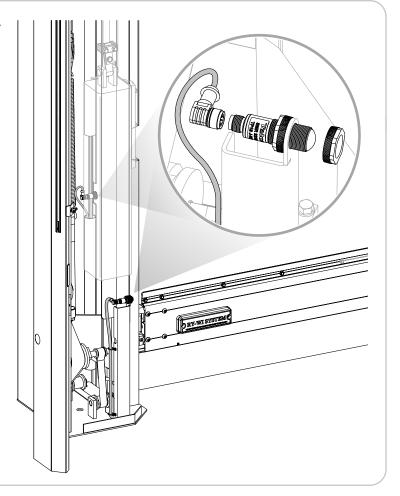
Before installing the replacement photo eye, **make sure** it matches the photo eye you removed: transmitter for transmitter or receiver for receiver.





Locate the front and rear photo eyes.
The front photo eye is mounted on a bracket at the front of the side column. The rear photo eye is mounted in the rear windbar guide, behind the counterweight.

The cable connection and retaining nut can be loosened and tightened by hand.





How to remove and replace, or adjust, the counterweight strap

You can also follow these steps, skipping steps 5-9, to adjust the strap.



As a general rule, you should **replace or adjust both counterweight straps** during the same service call. The counterweights **must be at the same height** when the door is at the fully open and fully closed positions.

MARNING



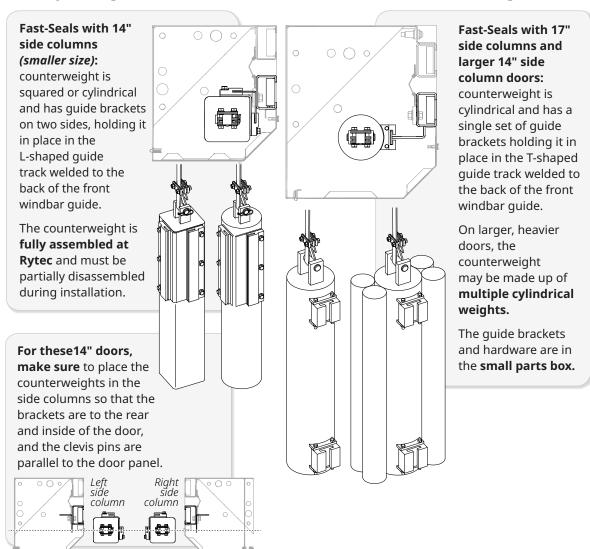
CRUSH AND BODY CRUSH HAZARD

The counterweights for a Fast-Seal can weigh more than 100 pounds apiece.

- Make sure they are secured or directly supported at all times.
- Make sure they are not put in a position where it is possible for them to topple over.

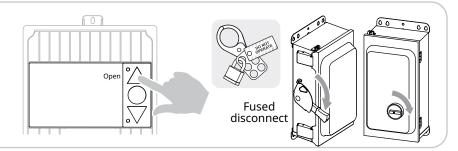
FAILURE TO COMPLY COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DAMAGE TO THE DOOR.

Before you begin: what to know about the Fast-Seal counterweight

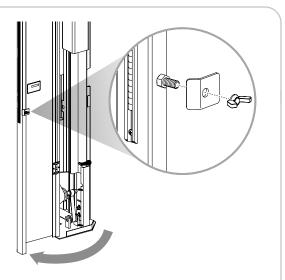




Set the door to the fully open position, which sends the counterweight to the bottom of its run, then shut off power to the door and perform a lockout/tagout.



Loosen and remove the latch and wingnut on the side column cover, swing the cover open, then replace the latch and nut on the retaining screw so they are not misplaced.



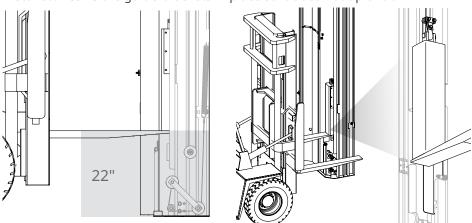
Measure the distance from the counterweight to the baseplate.

• If the height is roughly 22", the counterweight is configured correctly.

Use a forklift to hold the counterweight at its fully open height.

IMPORTANT

MAKE SURE the counterweight is secured in place until the new strap has been installed. **Leave** the guide brackets in place so it does not tip over.

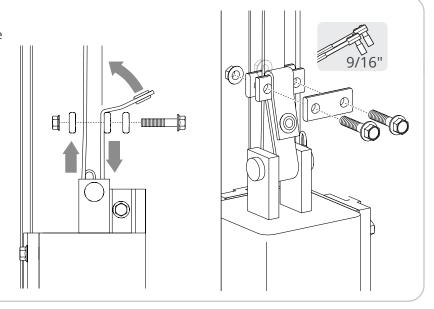


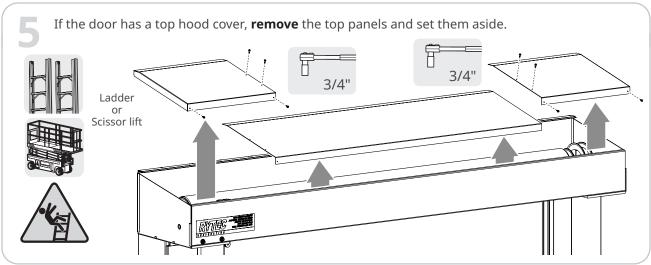




Loosen the bolts on the clamp plates at the top of the counterweight.

Slide off the plates and the strap.







Go up into the head assembly.

Locate the counterweight spool next to the drum. The larger spool for the tensioning assembly is located at the end of the drum assembly.

Pull up and unwrap the counterweight strap until you expose the hold screw on the spool that runs through the grommet at the end of the strap.

Loosen the screw, which should have Loctite applied to it, and **remove** the strap. Discard the strap.











7

Route the hold screw through the grommet on the replacement strap and secure it to the spool.

Apply Loctite to the screw before installing it.

The strap should hang down **from the front** of the spool.

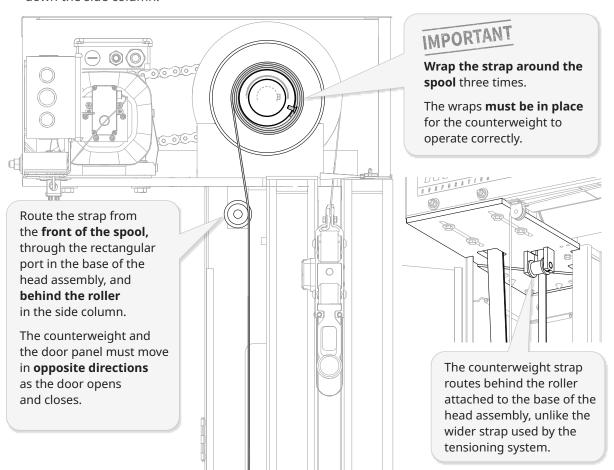


8

Wrap the replacement strap around the spool three times.

Make sure to pull it tight with each wrap.

Route the strap **through** the rectangular hole in the base of the head assembly and down the side column.

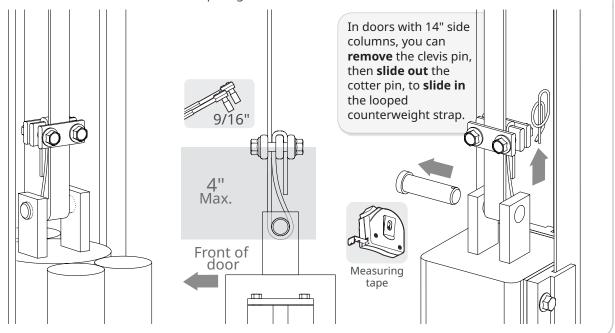


9

Make sure there are no twists in the length of the strap that hangs down the side column.

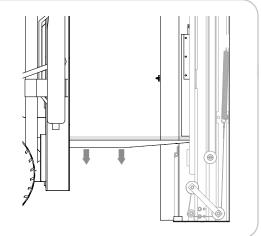


- **Pull down** on the strap to make sure it is tight, then **loop** the counterweight strap around the clevis pin in the counterweight , starting at the front and looping under the pin to the back, and secure the strap with the clamp assembly as shown below.
 - Make sure the height of the loop is limited to 4", and that the strap loops from the front of the pin to the back.
 - **Make sure** to pull the strap tight before securing the clamp assembly.
 - **DO NOT TRIM** excess strap length.



To test that there is no slack in the strap, **CAREFULLY lower** the fork under the counterweight and allow it to hang freely for one minute.

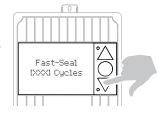
If the counterweight drops, **reblock** it and **retighten** the strap, then retest.



Remove the lockout/tagout and **restore** power to the door.

Then **press** the CLOSE button.

Once the door is in the fully closed position, **shut off power** and do a **lockout/tagout.**

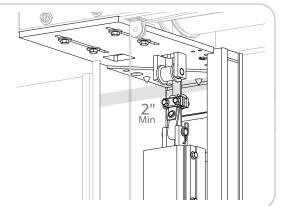






With the door panel at the fully closed position, **make sure** there is space between the strap clamp assembly and the counterweight strap roller mounted at the bottom of the head assembly.

The minimum acceptable space is2" (two inches), though there should be more.



Measuring tape

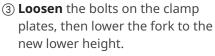
If the counterweight assembly is too close, **measure and record** the amount of extra strap length needed to lower it to the minimum distance.

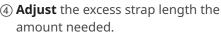


Measuring

① **Return** the door to the fully open position and shut off power.



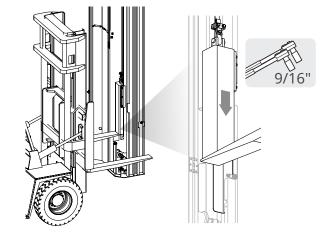








Test the space between the strap clamp assembly and the strap roller again with the door at the fully closed position.

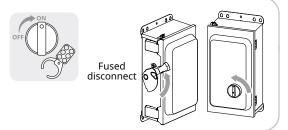




Check the counterweight in the other side column to make sure the height matches. If necessary, adjust the other strap.

7) Tape any excess length of strap to the main length of the strap. **DO NOT TRIM.**

Remove the lockout/tagout and **restore** power to the door.



Follow the steps in *How to set limits* starting on page 56 to reset the limits for the door.

Follow the steps in *How to put he door into test mode* on page 56 and run the door through multiple cycles to make sure the door panel is moving smoothly in the track.

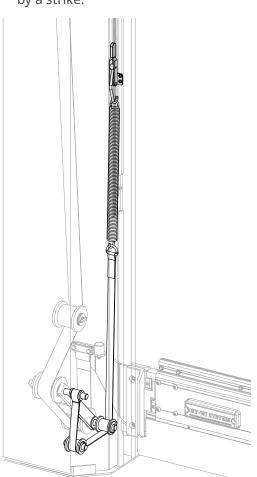
Test the door through multiple cycles to make sure the door panel is moving smoothly in the track.



How to remove and replace the parts of the tensioning assembly Before you begin: things to know about the end bracket tensioning system

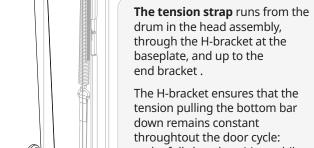
- The tensioning system attaches to the bottom of the end brackets and applies downward tension on the door panel as the door moves up and down.
- This keeps the door panel **taut and straight** even when there is considerable difference in air pressure on either side of the door.

It also keeps the end brackets **in the door tracks** if the door ajar breakaway system is activated

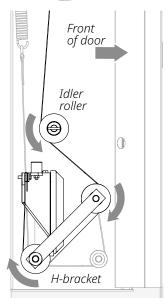


The spring strap connects the tensioning spring to the H-bracket.

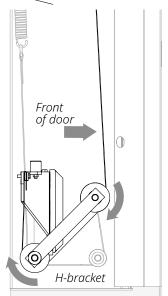
This provides the tension to the end bracket by pulling down on the H-bracket, which increases tension on the strap.



at the full closed position, while the door opens, at the fully open position, and while the door closes.



On taller doors: the strap is routed around the back of the idler roller, then the front of the H-bracket, then around the bottom to the end bracket.



On shorter doors: there is no idler roller. The strap is routed around the front of the H-bracket, then around the bottom to the end bracket.



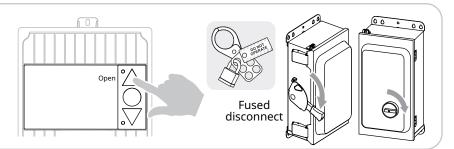
How to remove and replace, or adjust, the tension strap

Follow steps 15-16 to adjust the strap.

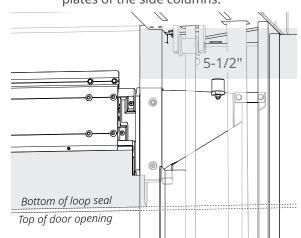
IMPORTANT

As a general rule, you should **replace or adjust both tension straps** during the same service call. **Tension must be equal** on both sides of the bottom bar.

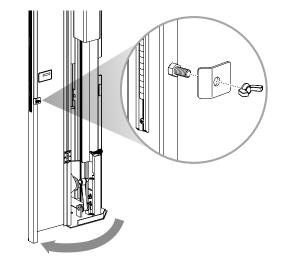
Set the door to the fully open position, which sends the counterweight to the bottom of its run, then shut off power to the door and perform a lockout/tagout.\

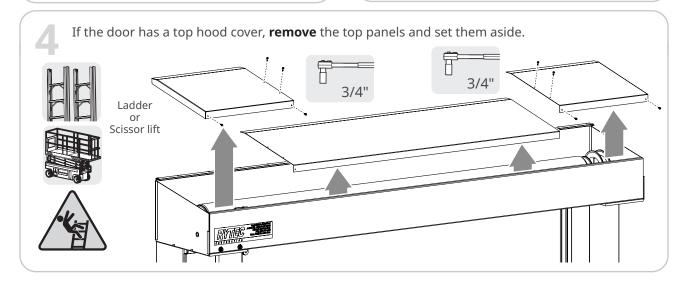


- Make sure the open limit has been set correctly. Reset if necessary.
 - The bottom of the loop seal should be just above the top of the door opening, and the upper bumper on the end brackets should be 5-1/2" below the top plates of the side columns.



Loosen and remove the latch and wingnut on the side column cover, swing the cover open, then replace the latch and nut on the retaining screw so they are not misplaced.







MARNING



CRUSH HAZARD

The tension springs for a Fast-Seal exert considerable force, which can cause the release handle to swing down unexpectedly.

- Make sure you swing down the handle as slowly and gradually as possible.
- **Make sure** to keep hands away from the spring and the area below the handle.

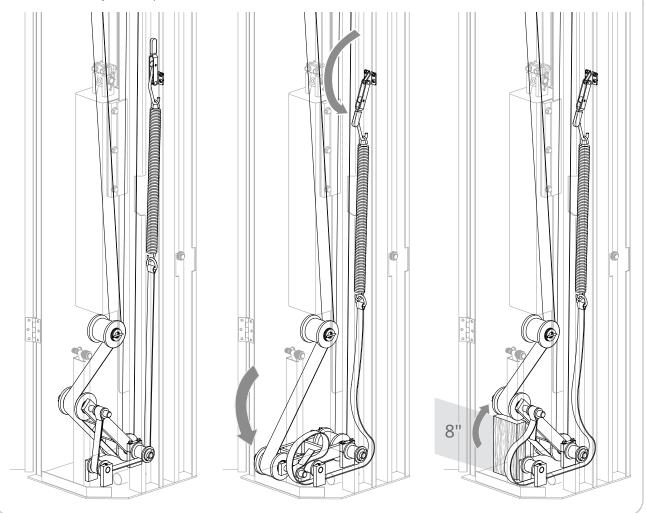
FAILURE TO COMPLY COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DAMAGE TO THE DOOR.

5

Pull down on the spring release handle. Carefully guide it down until it is fully released and the spring and spring strap are loose.

Then **block the front roller of the H-bracket** at a height of eight inches (8") using a piece of wood.

- With no tension applied, the H-bracket can now move freely up and down.
- The height of eight inches (8") is correct for when the door is in the fully open or fully closed position.





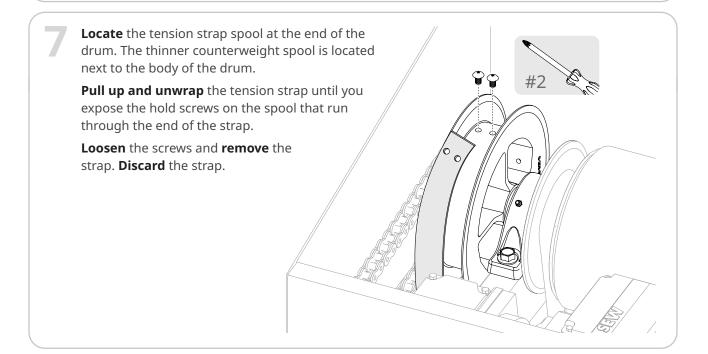
Loosen the two bolt/washer combinations that secure the tension strap clamp, remove the clamp from the end bracket, and release the tension strap.

Retain the clamp plates and hardware.

Ladder or Scissor lift

Lift

Ladder or John Marketter or Scissor lift



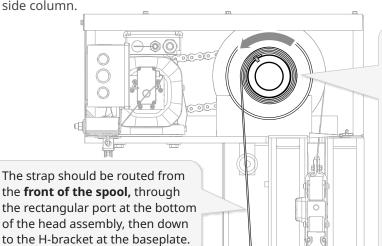
Route the hold screws through the replacement strap and secure it to the spool. The strap should hang down **from the front** of the spool.





Wrap the replacement strap around the spool the correct number of times for the height of the door. **Make sure** to pull it tight with each wrap.

Route the strap **through** the rectangular hole in the base of the head assembly and down the side column



MPORTANT

The tension strap must be wrapped around the spool a set number of times before routing it down the side column.

Door height (ft)	Wraps
Less than 14	4
14-22	6
More than 22	8

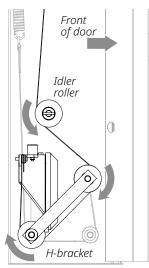
These wraps **are required** for the tensioning system to operate correctly.

10

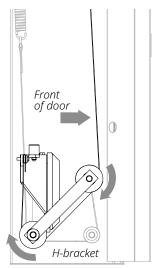
Make sure the tension strap from the head assembly is not twisted and has been pulled tight.

On taller doors, **route** the strap around the back of the idler roller.

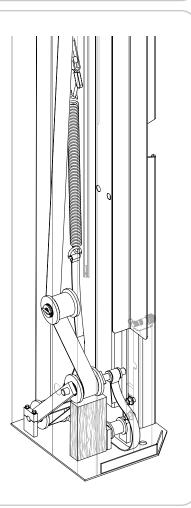
On all doors, **route** the strap around the front and rear rollers of the H-bracket and up the rear of the side column to the end bracket.



Strap routing on shorter doors



Strap routing on shorter doors





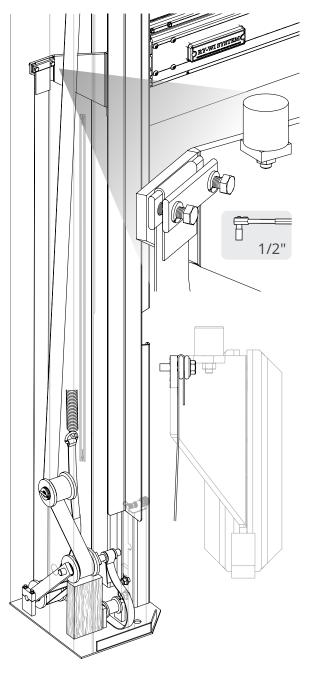


At the end bracket, **make sure** the strap hasn't twisted on the way up, then **route** it over the rear clamp plate and under the front plate.

Hand tighten the two bolt/washer combinations, **pull** the strap tight, then **tighten** the hardware.

DO NOT trim the strap.



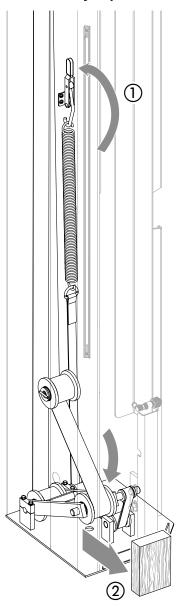


Pull up on the spring release handle until it latches in place and the spring is applying tension ①.

Make sure the spring strap does not twist or kink as tension is applied to it.

Then **remove** the wood block to free the H-bracket ②.

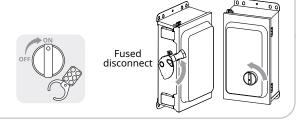
• The front roller of the H-bracket should **stay in place.**



Repeat these steps with the tension strap in the other side column.

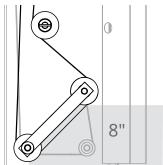


Remove the lockout/tagout and **restore** power to the door.

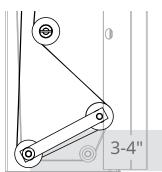


Follow the steps in *How to put he door into test mode* on page 56 and run the door through multiple cycles to make sure the door panel is moving smoothly in the track.

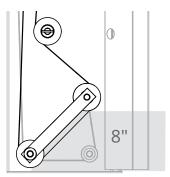
- Watch the tension strap to make sure it is taut even as the H-bracket swings up and down.
- Watch the H-bracket to make sure it starts with the front roller at a height of 8", swings down to 3-4" while the door is in motion, then returns to 8" as the door panel reaches the top or bottom of its run.







Door in motion

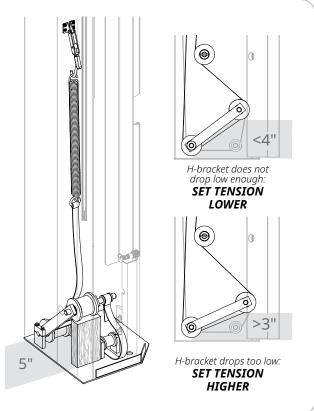


Door fully open

- If the H-bracket swings too high or too low while the door is in motion, **set** the door panel at the vertical center of the door opening, **block** the front roller with a shorter, five inch (5") tall piece of wood, **release** the spring, and **adjust** the length of the strap to change the tension.
 - If the H-bracket does not drop low enough: Loosen the clamp on the end bracket and reset the tension strap so there is a small amount of slack, to lower the tension. Tighten the clamp.
 - If the H-bracket drops too low: with the shorter wood block in place, loosen the clamp on the end bracket and pull the tension strap tight. **Tighten** the clamp.



Test the door until the H-brackets in both side columns swing down to the same correct height.

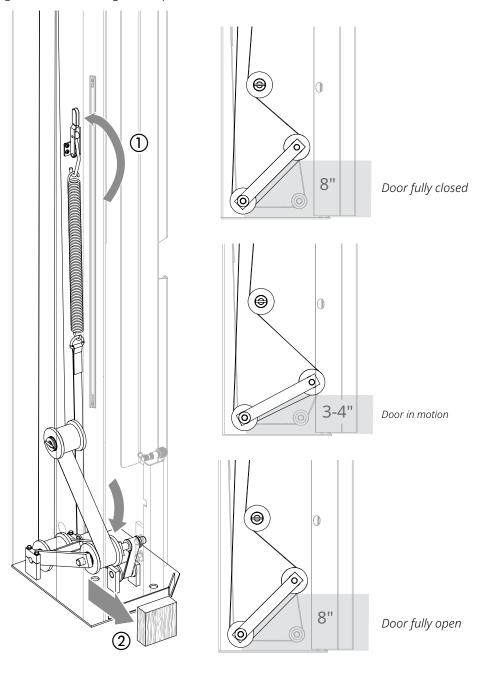




Pull up on the spring release handle until it latches in place and the spring is applying tension ①. **Make sure** the spring strap does not twist or kink as tension is applied to it.

Then **remove** the wood block to free the H-bracket.

- The front roller of the H-bracket should drop a few inches once the block is released: this should happen, because the door panel is at the halfway point between open and closed.
- When the tensioning system is operating correctly, the front roller should be at a height of eight inches (8") when the door is in the fully open or closed position. It should gradually swing lower, then swing back up, as the door is in motion.

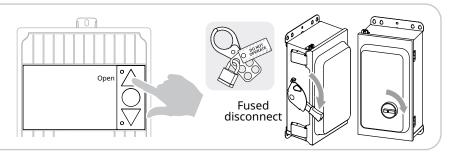


Repeat these steps with the tensioning system in the other side column.

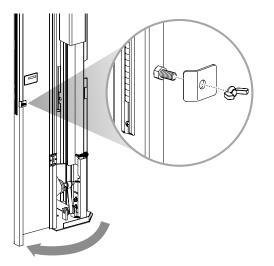


How to remove and replace the parts of the tension strap H-bracket and tension spring assembly

Set the door to the fully open position, which sends the counterweight to the bottom of its run, then shut off power to the door and perform a lockout/tagout.\



Loosen and remove the latch and wingnut on the side column cover, swing the cover open, then replace the latch and nut on the retaining screw so they are not misplaced.



MARNING



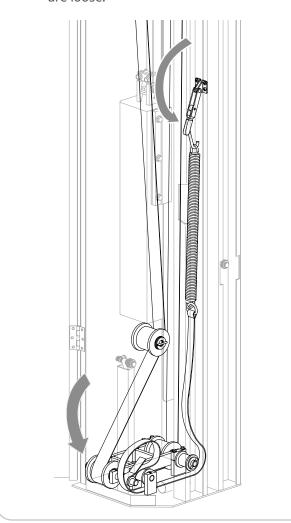
CRUSH HAZARD

The tension springs for a Fast-Seal exert considerable force, which can cause the release handle to swing down unexpectedly.

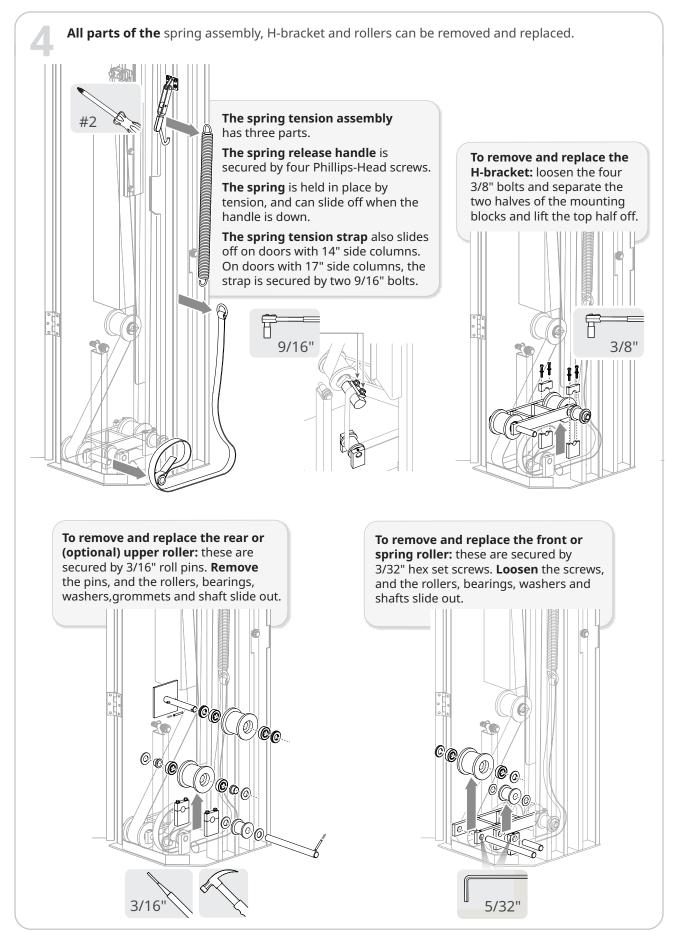
- Make sure you swing down the handle as slowly and gradually as possible.
- Make sure to keep hands away from the spring and the area below the handle.

FAILURE TO COMPLY COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DAMAGE TO THE DOOR.

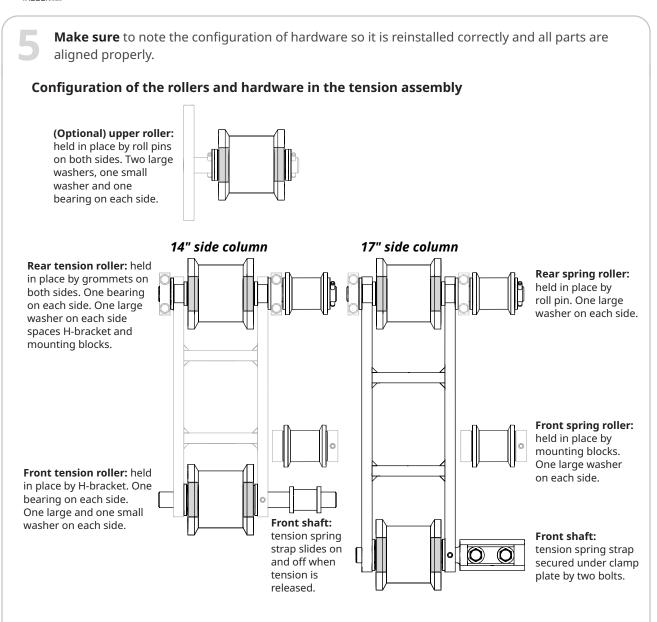
Pull down on the spring release handle. Carefully guide it down until it is fully released and the spring and spring strap are loose.









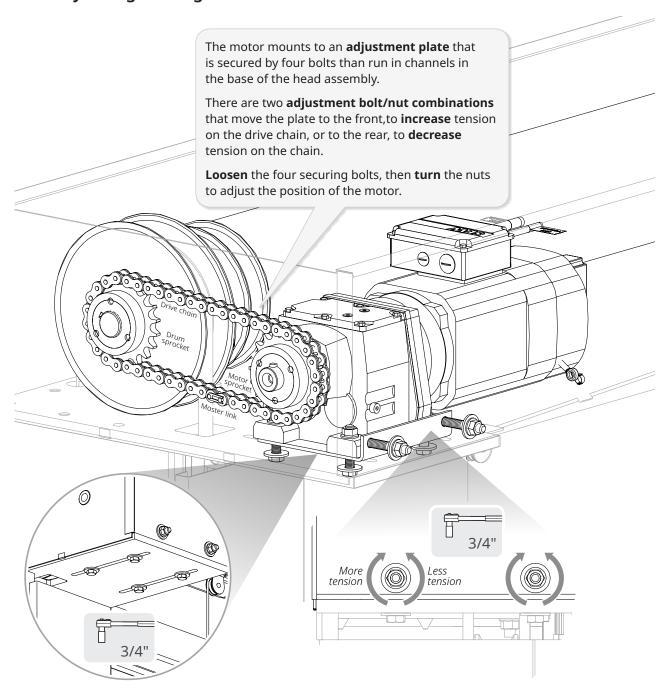




The head assembly components: repairs and replacements

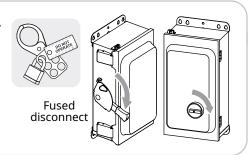
How to adjust the tension on the drive chain, or remove and replace the drive chain or drive sprockets

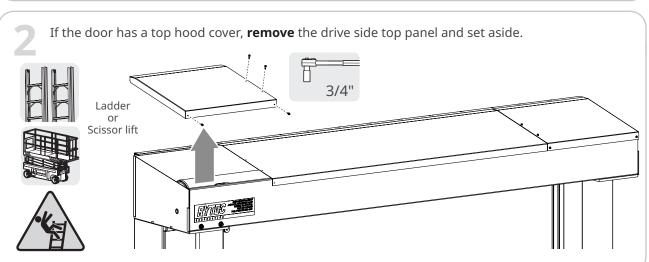
Before you begin: things to know about the drive chain and motor

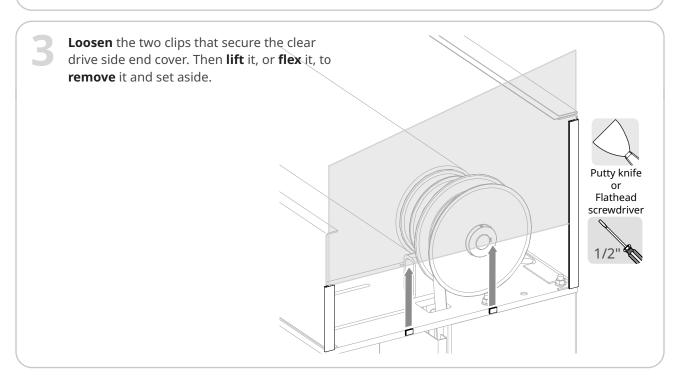




Shut off power to the door and perform a lockout/tagout. The door can be in any position for this procedure.









How to adjust the drive chain

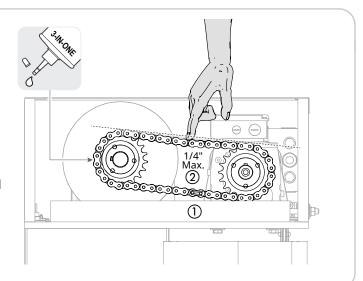
Inspect the drive chain.

Make sure the master link is secured with a retaining clip ①.

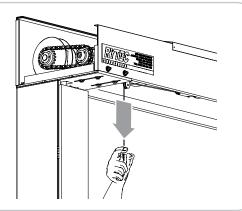
Press down on the chain. It should deflect no more than 1/4", which is roughly half the width of a finger.

If the chain has not been lubricated recently, **use a penetrating oil,** such as a 3-IN-ONE oil, to lubricate the chain and sprockets.

Clean off excess lubrication after applying the oil.



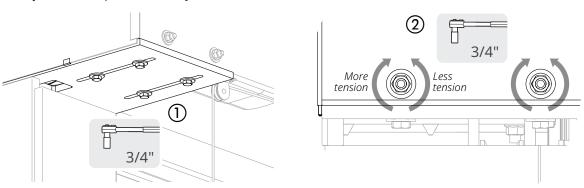
Pull down on the brake release handle to release the brake and take tension off the chain.



Loosen the four bolts that secure the adjustment plate enough so it can move freely ①. Then turn both adjustment nuts a quarter turn at a time ②.

Release the brake release handle to engage the brake and return tension to the chain, then inspect it again.

Repeat the steps if necessary.



Tighten the four bolts that secure the adjustment plate when the chain tension is correct.

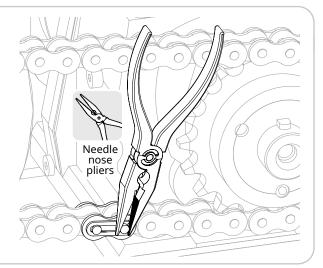




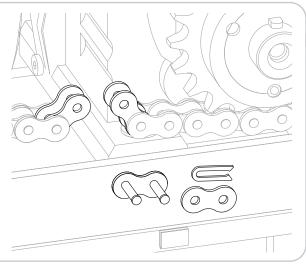
How to remove and replace the drive chain

- **Read** *Before you begin: things to know about the drive chain and motor* beginning on page 146, then **follow the steps** in *How to adjust the drive chain* starting on the previous page to loosen the bolts that secure the adjustment plate and lower the tension on the drive chain.
- Locate the master link (with clip) on the chain.

 Use a set of needle nose pliers to push the open end of the clip past the post in the link.

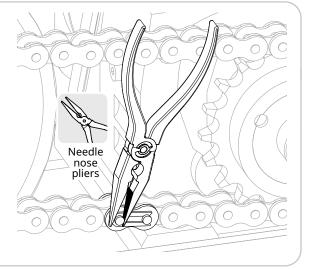


Remove the clip and both halves of the link.
Then remove the rest of the chain.



Wrap the replacement chain around the two sprockets so that the master link is located between them.

Use a set of needle nose pliers to **push** the closed end of the clip against the post in the link until the clip clicks into place



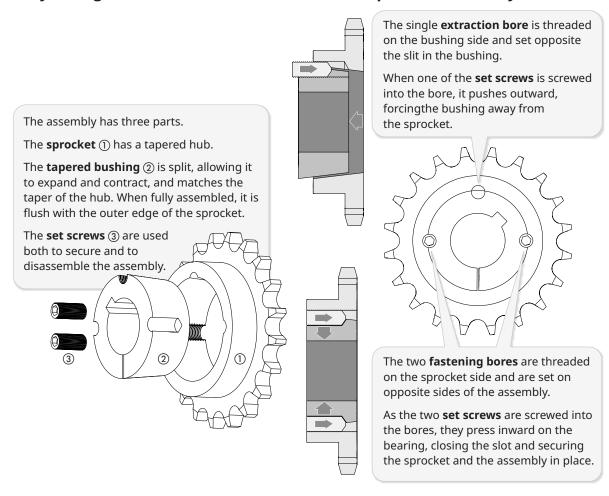


- **Follow the steps** in *How to adjust the drive chain*, which is the previous procedure in this manual, to adjust the tension on the new chain to the proper level.
- **Restore** power to the door and **follow the steps** in *How to set limits* starting on page 56 to reset the limits for the door.
- **Follow the steps** in *How to put he door into test mode* on page 56 and run the door through multiple cycles.

Make sure the motor and chain run smoothly throughout the cycle of opening and closing.

Replace the top and side hood covers when you are done.

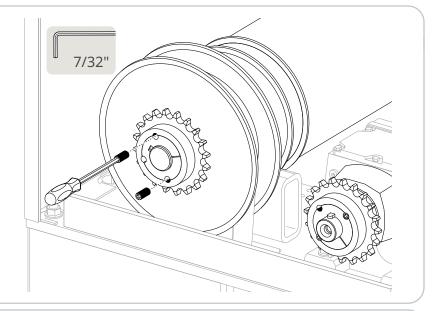
How to remove and replace the drive sprockets Before you begin: what to know about the drive sprocket assembly



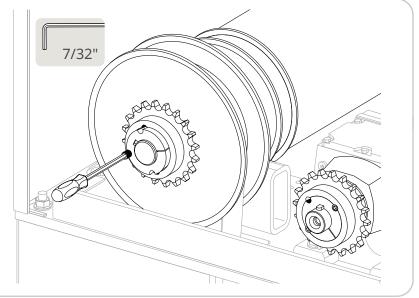
Read *Before you begin: things to know about the drive chain and motor* beginning on page 146, then **follow the steps** in *How to remove and replace the drive chain* starting on the previous page to remove the drive chain from the sprockets.



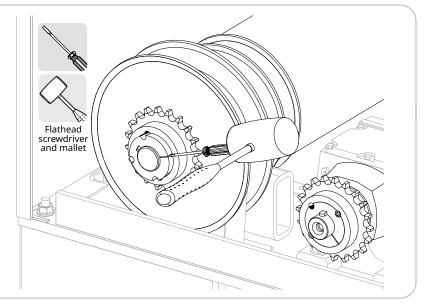
Remove the two set screws.



Insert one of the screws into the entrapment bore and tighten the screw until the spool has been pushed back enough that it is fully separated from the bushing.



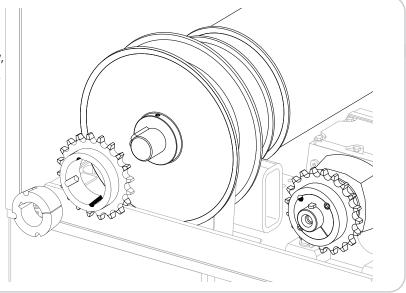
If necessary, **insert** a flathead screwdriver into the slot in the bushing and tap it in until the bushing loosens from the shaft.

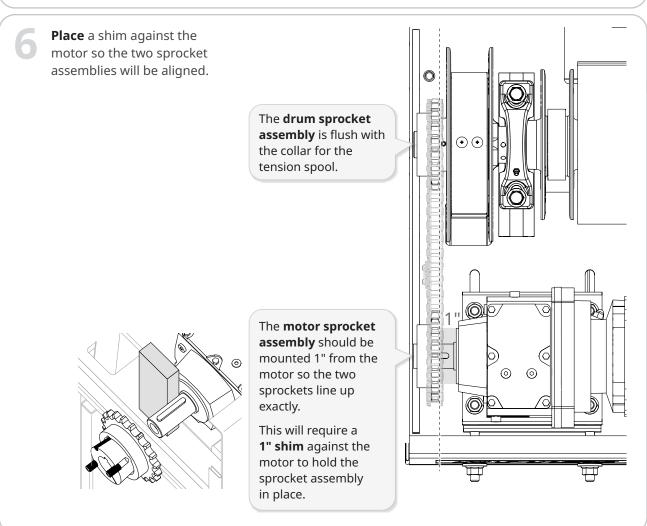




Remove the sprocket and bushing.

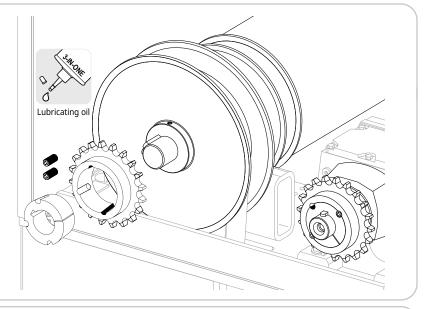
Repeat these steps, if necessary, for the other sprocket assembly.







Clean and lubricate the replacement sprocket, bushing and set screws, as well as the drive shaft.

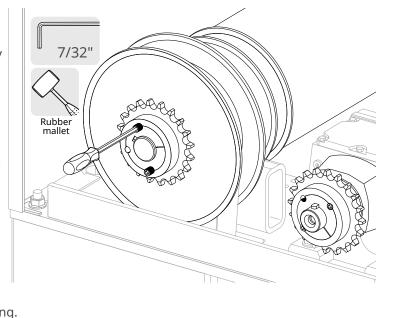


Align the bores in the sprocket and bushing, then align the key hole in the bushing with the key in the shaft.

Press the assembly onto the shaft, **insert** the set screws into the two fastening bores, and **tighten** them, going back and forth to make sure the pressure from both sides is even.

Tighten the screws until they reach the bottom of the bores, where they will be below the surface of the assembly.

If necessary, **tap** the sprocket with a rubber mallet to make sure it says flush with the bushing.



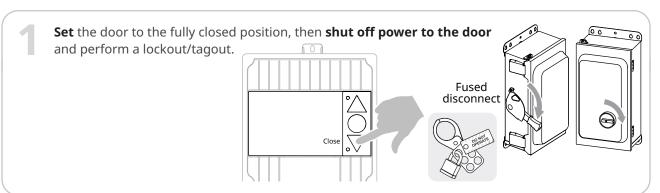
Fill the empty extraction bore with grease to keep out dirt and debris.

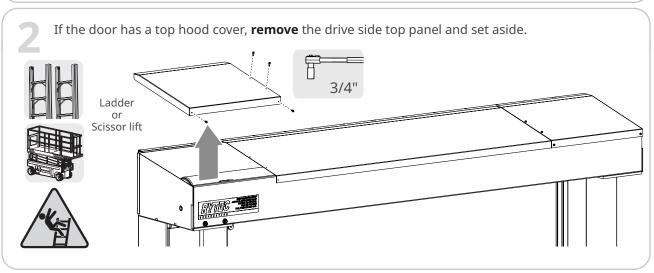


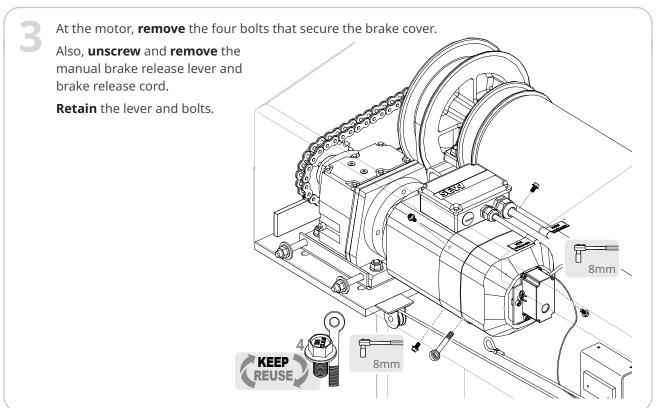
Follow the steps in *How to remove and replace the drive chain* starting on page 149 to replace the drive chain on the sprockets.



How to manually reset the electromagnetic brake







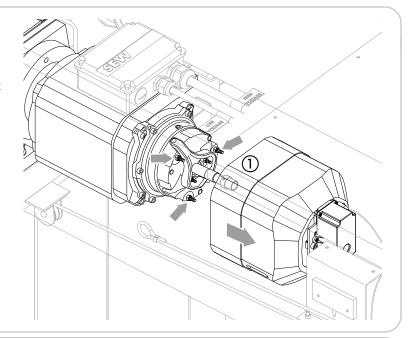




Slowly slide off the brake cover.

Be aware that the encoder magnet ① is secured to the axle of the motor, and the cover must pass by it when being removed and reinstalled.

Locate the three (3) brake adjustment nuts (gray arrows).



5

If you are **not experienced using brake feeler gauges, follow** these steps.

1: Use a 10mm socket to turn all three nuts CLOCKWISE until they are fully set and you encounter resistance to turning them.

DO NOT turn past this point.



10mm

2: Then turn the nuts one-half turn (1/2 turn) COUNTERCLOCKWISE to loosen them.

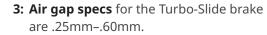


The nuts must be **adjusted equally** or the brake mechanism will wear unevenly, which will put excess wear on the motor.

3

If you **ARE experienced using brake feeler gauges, follow** these steps.

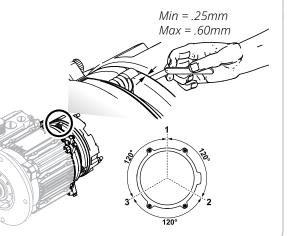
- **1:** Carefully remove the brake sealing band to expose the coil pad and disk.
- **2:** Measure the air gap next to each adjustment nut.
 - Make sure to measure the gap between the dampening plate and coil.



4: Use a 10mm socket to adjust all three nuts to achieve the same desired gap at all three nuts.



The nuts must be **adjusted equally** or the brake mechanism will wear unevenly, which will put excess wear on the motor.



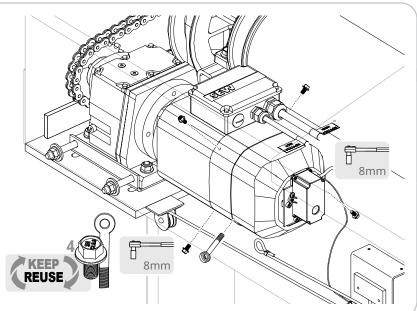




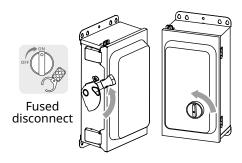
Slide the cover back into place. Make sure it does not catch on the encoder magnet.

Reinstall the bolts and manual brake release lever.

DO NOT tighten the bolts until you have lined up all bolt holes and reinstalled all four bolts.



Restore power to the door.



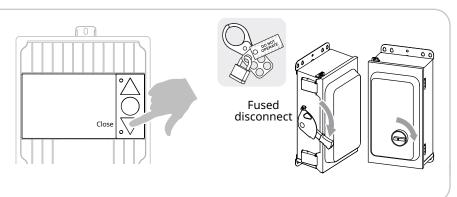
Follow the steps in *How to put he door into test mode* on page 56 and run the door through multiple cycles.

Look and listen for any indication that opening or closing is not running smoothly, and that the door comes to a complete stop and holds position at both ends of the cycle.

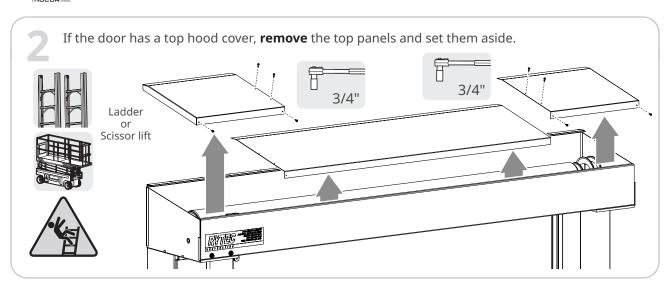
Replace the top hood cover panel when you are done.

How to remove and replace the head assembly rear brush seal

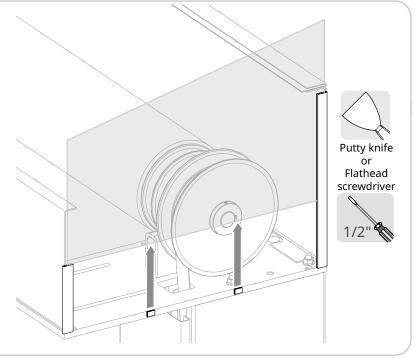
Set the door to the fully closed position, so as much of the door panel as possible is not rolled around the drum, then shut off power to the door and perform a lockout/tagout.





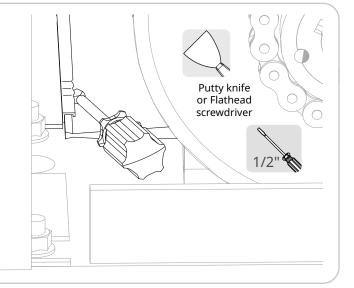


Loosen the two clips that secure the clear non-drive side end cover. Then **lift** it, or **flex** it, to **remove** it and set aside.



The rear brush seal is secured in place by a retaining track that is **crimped on both ends.**

Use a putty knife or flathead screwdriver to **loosen the crimps** on both sides until you can slide the seal back and forth freely.



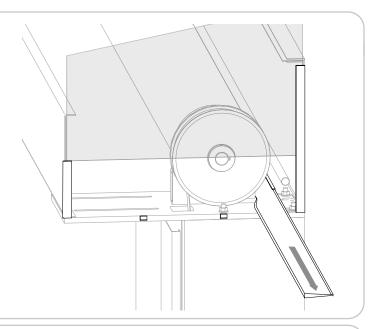


Slide out the seal.

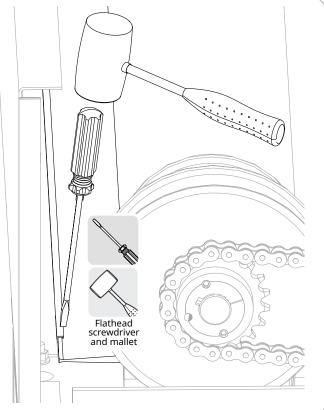
It is flexible enough that you can bend it around obstacles or to fit in a tight space.

Slide in the replacement seal the same way.

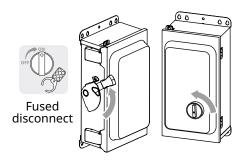
Make sure it is centered across the width of the door.



Crimp the retaining track on both ends of the brush seal.



Restore power to the door.







Follow the steps in *How to put he door into test mode* on page 56 and run the door through multiple cycles.

Look to see that the rear brush seal forms a solid seal against the rear of the door panel through the complete cycle.



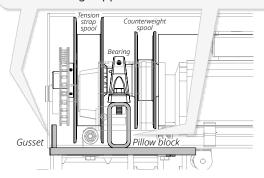
Replace the top and side hood covers when you are done.

How to remove and replace the spools or bearing on the drum

Before you begin: what to know about lifting the drum

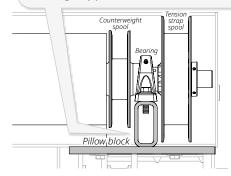
On the **drive side**, to remove the **tension strap spool or the bearing**, the drum assembly must be raised two inches (2") to lift the tension strap spool above the gusset.

To remove the **counterweight spool**, the assembly must be raised four inches (4") to lift the spool above the pillow block bearing support.



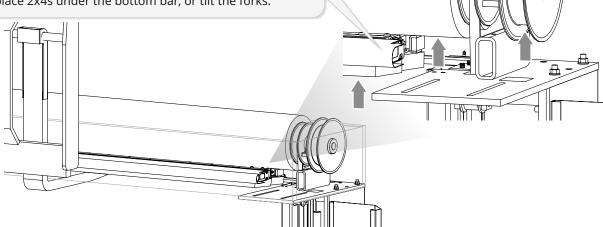
On the **non-drive side**, the assembly does not need to be raised to remove the **tension strap spool**, and only slightly to remove the **bearing**.

To remove the **counterweight spool**, the assembly must be raised four inches (4") to lift the spool above the pillow block bearing support.



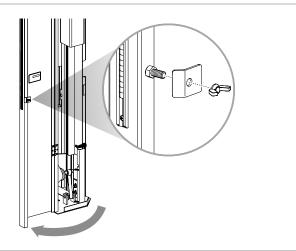
Raise, and then fold over, the **bottom bar**, then lift the drum assembly using a forklift once all preliminary steps have been followed to clear obstructions.

If necessary to raise the assembly to the correct height, place 2x4s under the bottom bar, or tilt the forks.





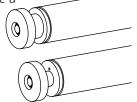
Loosen and remove the latch and wingnut on the side column cover, swing the cover open, then replace the latch and nut on the retaining screw so they are not misplaced.



If necessary, remove the windbars

If the door has windbars, **follow the steps** in *How to remove and replace a windbar* starting on page 107 and set aside the windbars.

Mark the windbars so they can be returned to their original configuration.



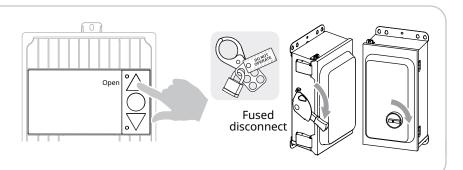
If you are replacing a counterweight spool, remove the counterweight strap

Follow the steps in *How to remove and replace, or adjust, the counterweight strap* starting on page 129 to remove the counterweight strap. Set aside the counterweight until the procedure is complete.



Remove and set aside both counterweights, so the drum is not out of balance when it is lifted.

If you are not replacing a counterweight spool, set the door to the fully open position, then shut off power to the door and perform a lockout/tagout.



Release the end brackets to put slack in the tension strap, or remove the strap if you are replacing the tension strap spool

If you are replacing the tension strap spool, **follow the steps** in *How to remove and replace, or adjust, the tension strap* starting on page 136 to remove the tension strap. Otherwise, follow the next steps to release the end brackets.

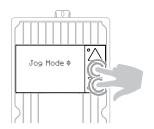


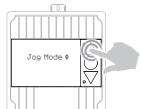


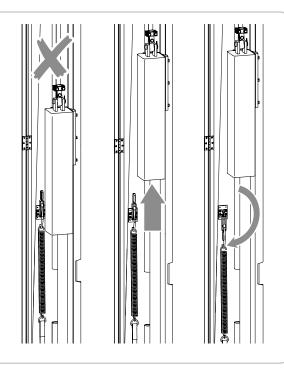
Switch the door to jog mode and **jog** the door up to a comfortable working height.



Check that the height of the door panel is set so that the counterweight does not block access to the spring release handle.







WARNING



CRUSH HAZARD

The tension springs for a Fast-Seal exert considerable force, which can cause the release handle to swing down unexpectedly.

- Make sure you swing down the handle as slowly and gradually as possible.
- Make sure to keep hands away from the spring and the area below the handle.

FAILURE TO COMPLY COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DAMAGE TO THE DOOR.



Pull down on the spring release handle to release tension on the strap.



If necessary, **remove the cover plates** so the bottom bar can be separated from the end brackets.



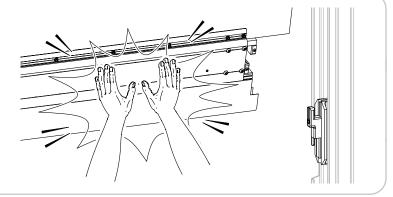
MARNING

This procedure requires you to strike the metal bottom bar hard enough to push the door panel out of the door track.

Do not attempt this procedure if you have a previous injury which might be aggravated by the force of the contact.

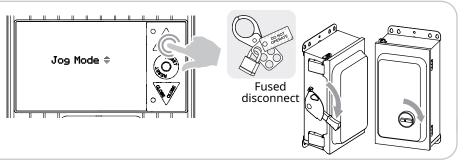


- Strike the bottom bar hard enough to separate it from the end bracket you are going to replace.
 - This is most easily done near the side column.
 - **Allow** the end brackets to fall to the bottom of the side column.



Position the forklift

Jog the door to the fully open position, then shut off power to the door and perform a lockout/ tagout.



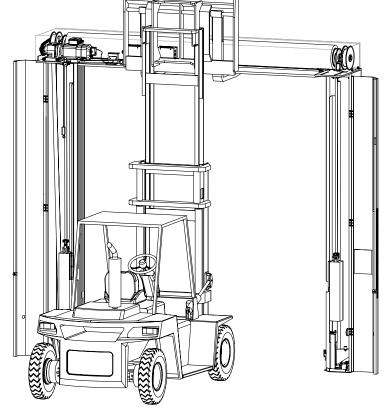
Position the forklift at the center of the door opening.

If necessary, **place** 2x4s on the forks to give additional lift. Then **raise** the forks until they touch the bottom of the bottom bar.

Flip the bar on its side, then **raise** the forks until the bottom bar is flush with the door panel rolled around the drum.

Don't raise it higher until you have removed the obstacles in the head assembly.







In the head assembly, remove the drive chain

Follow the steps in *How to remove and replace the drive chain* starting on page 149 to remove the drive chain.

If you are replacing a part on the drive side, remove the sprocket on the drum

Follow the steps in *How to remove and replace the drive sprockets* starting on page 150 to remove the drive chain sprocket on the drum. You can leave the motor sprocket in place.

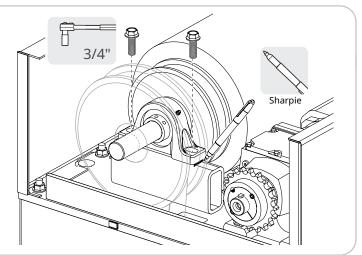
Lift the drum enough to remove the part you are replacing

Loosen and remove the two bolts that secure the bearing.

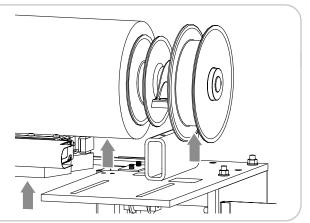
Do this on both sides of the drum.



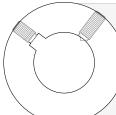
Mark the position of the bearings on their pillow block supports so you can line the drum up correctly when you are done.



Raise the drum high enough to give clear access to the part you are going to replace.

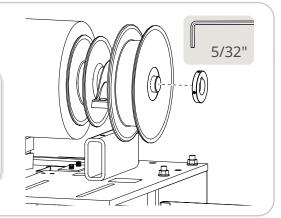


Loosen the two set screws on the tension spool locking collar and remove the collar.



If you're replacing the collar, **remove** the shorter set screws that are preinstalled in the replacement collar and install the longer set screws included in the kit.

[/] The flat-bottomed screw aligns with the notch for the locking key



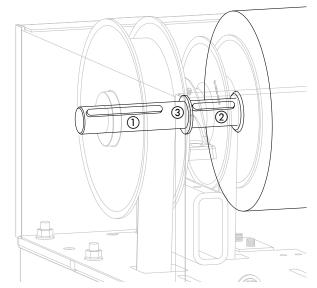


IMPORTANT

There are two **locking keys** that hold the tension strap spool ① and the counterweight strap spool ② in place.

Make sure they are secured, and not allowed to fall to the floor, if you remove that spool.

There is also a **washer** ③ acting as a spacer between the counterweight strap spool and the bearing. Make sure it is retained and replaced if you replace that spool.



17

Use a penetrating oil to lubricate the shaft.

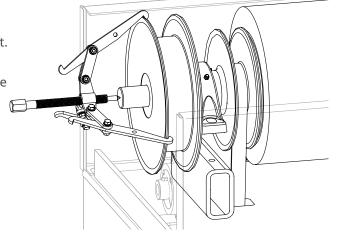
Then **use** a gear puller to remove the spool of bearing.

If necessary, **tap** the shaft and part being removed with a mallet, or use additional oil, to loosen it from the shaft.

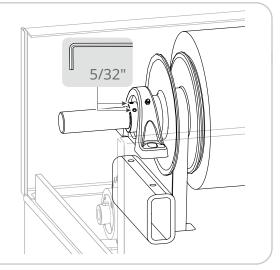
NOTE: You will need a gear puller is at least an **eight inch (8") reach** to remove the counterweight spool.



Gear puller, soft faced mallet and penetrating oil



If you need to remove one of the bearing, you will need to **loosen** the two set screws first.





Thoroughly **clean and lubricate** the drum shaft before installing the replacement part and, if necessary, the parts you removed to access the replaced part.



Install the replacement parts on the drum.

If necessary, use a soft faced or mallet to tap the part into place. **DO NOT USE** a metal faced mallet, as this may damage the new part.

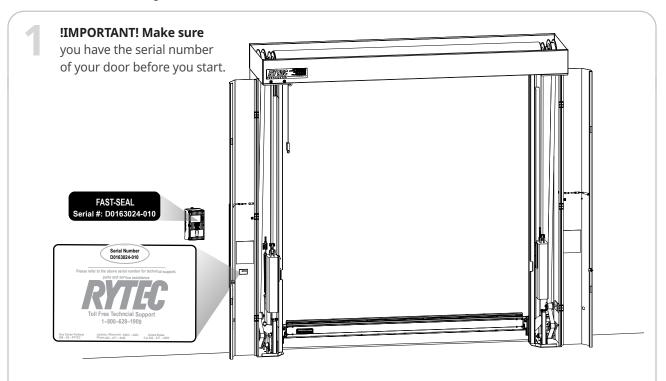


- Once all parts have been reinstalled, **follow the steps** to lower and reassemble the drum assembly.
 - 1 Replace the locking collar on the tension spool which was removed in Step 16.
 - (2) **Lower** the drum assembly.
 - Make sure the bearing line up with their original position on the pillow block supports.
 - 3 **Reinstall** the bolts on the bearings.
 - ④ If you removed the drum sprocket in Step 13, **follow the steps** in *How to remove and replace the drive sprockets* starting on page 150 to reinstall it.
 - (5) If you removed the drive chain in Step 12, **follow the steps** in *How to remove and replace the drive chain* starting on page 149 to reinstall the chain.
 - 6 If you replaced the counterweight spool, **follow the steps** in *How to remove and replace, or adjust, the counterweight strap* starting on page 129 to replace the counterweight straps and counterweights.
 - 7 At this point, you can **lower** the forks and **remove** the forklift.
 - 8 **Restore** power to the door and **jog** it to a comfortable working height.
 - If you did not remove the tension straps, make sure they do not get snagged as the door panel lowers.
 - **9 Follow the steps** in *How to remove and replace, or adjust, the tension strap* starting on page 136 to replace or reset the tension straps and reinstall the end brackets.
 - ① If you removed the windbars in Step 2, **follow the steps** in *How to remove and replace a windbar* starting on page 107 to replace the windbars
- **Follow the steps** in *How to set limits* starting on page 56 to reset the limits for the door.
- **Follow the steps** in *How to put he door into test mode* on page 56 and run the door through multiple cycles.

Make sure the door moves smoothly up and down, there is no unexpected noise from the door panel or motor, and the counterweight and tensioning system are moving correctly throughout the cycle.



How to order parts



Check on the inside of the covers for both side columns, and on the control box, for labels showing the serial number.

!IMPORTANT! Make sure all numbers match. Tell the person you speak with if they do not.

- **Unlike** other Rytec doors, all Fast-Seal are LH, with the motor on the left side of the head assembly.
- **Use** the parts lists on the following pages to find the part numbers and descriptions for the parts you need.
- Call your local dealer or Rytec at 800-628-1909.

Enter **#1** for technical support, or **#2** for the parts department.

You can also e-mail the parts department at **rytec.parts@nucor.com**.

YOU MUST contact the parts department and request a quote before you can order parts. All requests for quote must include the **door's serial number**.

(i)

NOTE: Rytec Corporation also has an online parts store at *www.rytecdoors.com*.

- You must have a user account to access the site. Contact the Rytec parts department at 800-628-1909 Ext. 2 to request an account.
- The site stocks standard parts such as bearings, spools and encoders, as well as straps at precut lengths. Parts listed as "configured" in this manual are not available on the site.



How to return unwanted parts

For returns covered by warranty, call Rytec technical support at **800-628-1909 Ext. 1** for authorization.

For returns NOT covered by warranty (physical returns), call the Rytec parts department at **800-628-1909 Ext. 2** for authorization. Requests for quotes, or part orders, should also be e-mailed to **rytec.parts@nucor.com**.

- Your call will be redirected if necessary to put you in touch with the correct department.
- There may be a **restock fee** for the returned part.
- **Electrical parts which have been energized,** such as the System 4® controller, the brake assembly, the mobile unit, the light curtains or third party activators, cannot be returned.
- Also, there are restrictions on returns for configured parts that were built to match the specifications of your door.

Warranty return

- Rytec will create a **Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA)** and assign you an **incident number**.
- You will receive replacement parts, a prepaid return label, and the RMA paperwork.

NOTE: Rytec may determine that it is not necessary to return the warranted parts in order to receive the replacement parts.

Use the box and prepaid label to return the warranted parts to Rytec within 30 days of receiving the replacements.

!IMPORTANT! You must include the RMA paperwork with the returned parts.

Physical return

- Rytec will assign you an **incident number**.
- Box and return the parts.
 !IMPORTANT!
 You must include the incident
 number with the returned parts.

Unless you are told otherwise by Rytec, shipping costs for a physical return are your responsibility. Call the Rytec parts department at 800-628-1909 Ext. 2 if you have any questions.

When Rytec receives the parts, we will inspect them. When we have determined the parts are in good working order, we will issue a refund to your account, or send a check by mail within 30 days.

Why you may be sent substitute parts

Many Rytec doors are custom engineered to meet the unique needs of the installation site, so the parts used for your door may be different from those shown in this manual.

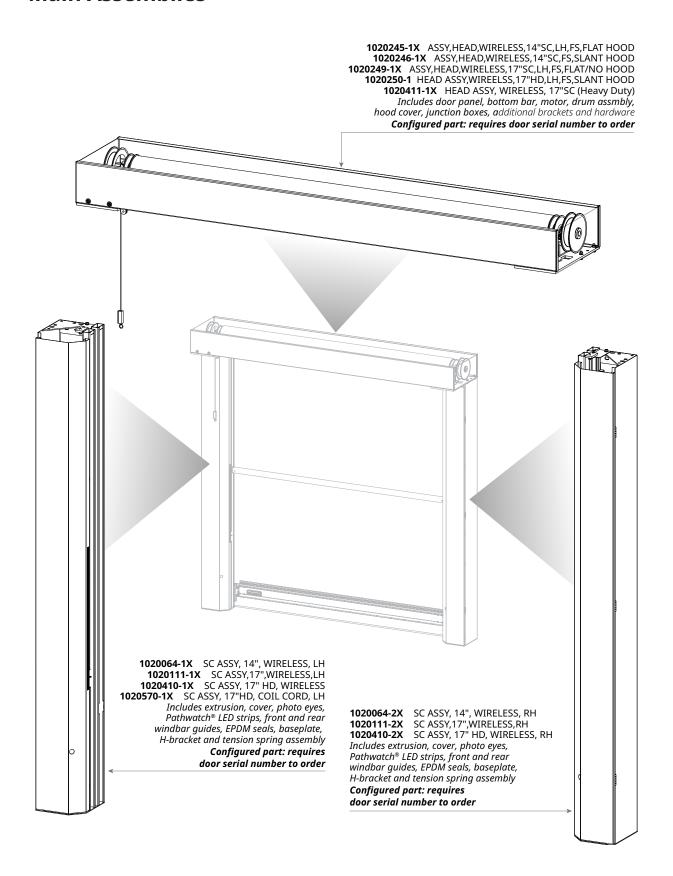
If a part has been improved or updated since your installation, the new part will be substituted for the part ordered. The new part may have a revised part number.

Rytec Technical Knowledge Center

The Rytec Technical Knowledge Center, reached via the Customer Support page at **www.rytecdoors.com**, holds manuals, service bulletins, and video presentations for all Rytec model doors.



Main Assemblies

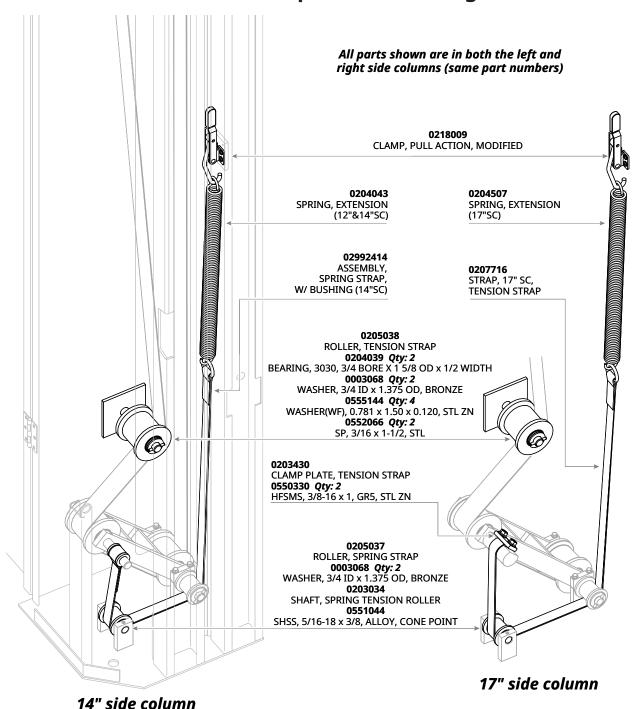




Side Columns - Frame

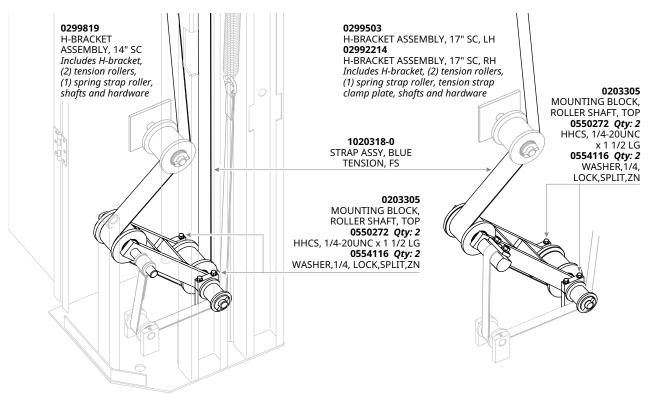


Side Columns - Tension Strap and Tensioning Assemblies



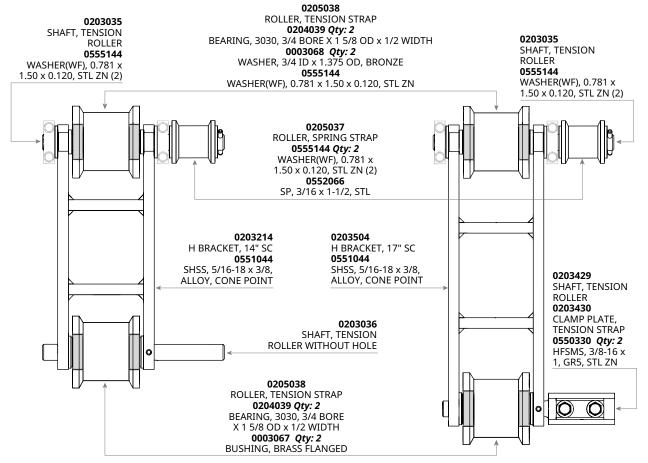


Side Columns - H-Bracket Assemblies





17" side column



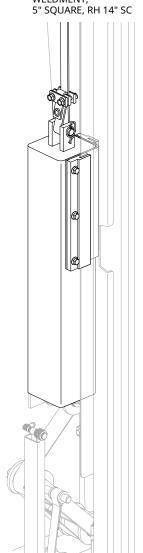


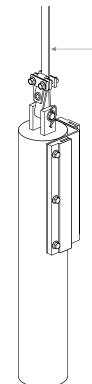
Side Columns - Counterweights

02991176 COUNTERWEIGHT WELDMENT, 5" SQUARE, LH 14" SC 02991177 COUNTERWEIGHT WELDMENT, 0299580 COUNTERWEIGHT WELDMENT, 5" DIA., LH 14" SC 0299575 COUNTERWEIGHT WELDMENT, 5" DIA, RH (14" SC)

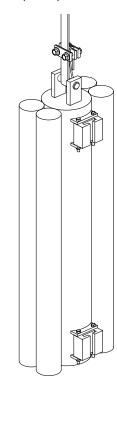
Counterweights and straps are configured parts, and require door serial number to order

0299808 COUNTERWEIGHT WELDMENT, 17" SC 0299284 COUNTERWEIGHT WELDMENT 17" SC (SHORT)





1020319-0
STRAP ASSY,
COUNTERWEIGHT,
FS (14",17" SC)
08082540
SPRING BELT, BLUE,
POLYESTER,
40mm WIDE (17" SC HD)
Includes 02992412
ASSEMBLY, CLAMP PLATE,
COUNTERWEIGHT STRAP



17" side column

14" side column

02991189 ASSEMBLY COUNTERWEIGHT L.H. 14" SC 5" SQUARE 02991188

ASSEMBLY COUNTERWEIGHT R.H. 14" SC 5" SQUARE **0299577**COUNTERWEIGHT
ASSEMBLY, L.H. 14" SC **0299576**COUNTERWEIGHT
ASSEMBLY, R.H. 14" SC

Includes:

0205004 GUIDE, COUNTERWEIGHT, 14" SC (2) 0550254 LG.SCREW, 3/8-16UNC X 3/4 SERR FLG (6)

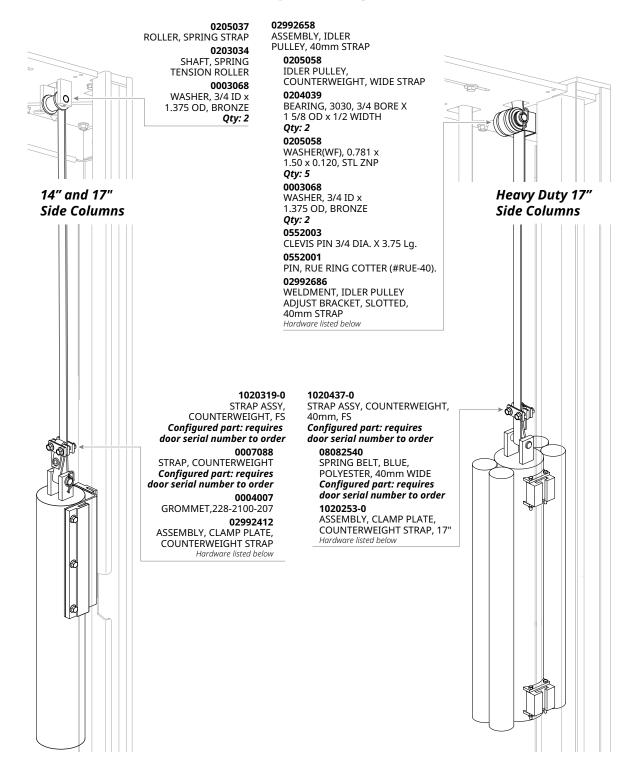
0552160 CLEVIS PIN, .75 DIA. X 2.50 0552001 PIN, RUE RING COTTER **0299165** COUNTERWEIGHT ASSEMBLY, 17" SC **0299568** COUNTERWEIGHT ASSEMBLY, 17" SC (SHORT)

Includes:

0205506 SLIDE, COUNTERWEIGHT 17"SC (2) 0550153 SCREW .25-20UNC X 3.50 LG, HHCS (4) 0553103 NUT,1/4-20,HEX,FLNG,LOCK,ZN (4)



Side Columns - Counterweight Straps



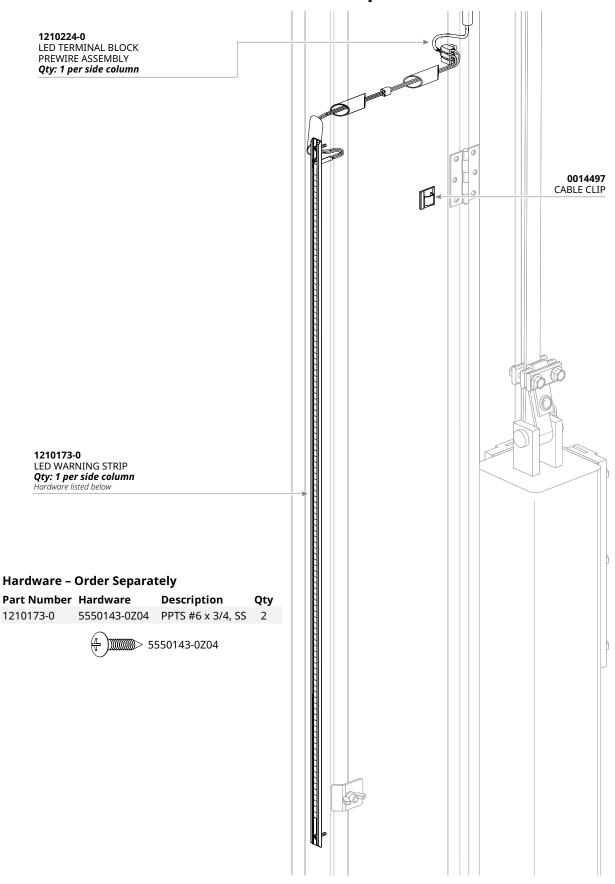
Hardware - Order Separately

	-	-	
Part Number	Hardware	Description	Qty
02992412,	0021709	HFSMS, 3/8-16 x 1 3/4, GR5, STL ZN	2
1020253-0	0553229	HLNSF, 3/8-16, STL ZN	2
02992682	0550254	HFSMS, 3/8-16 x 3/4, GR5 ZN	2



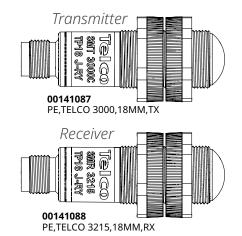


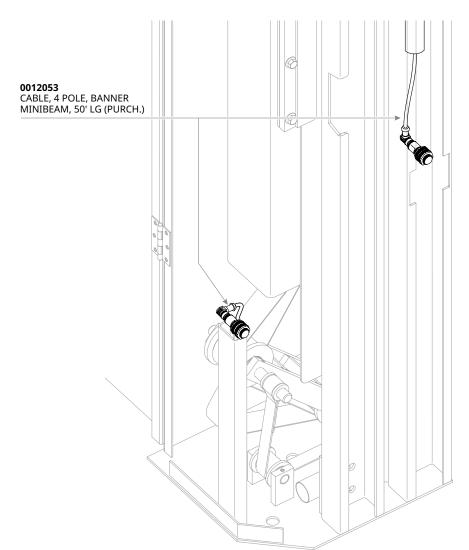
Side Columns - Pathwatch® LED Strips



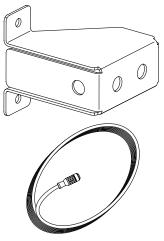


Side Columns - Photo Eyes











Drum Assembly - Door Panel

1020237-1X

ASSY,DRUM,PANEL,BB,WIRELESS,14"SC,LH Includes 02992589 14"SC drum, door panel, bottom bar, 0208399 tension strap spool (2),

0208396 14" SC counterweight strap spool (2),

1210732-0 bearing (2)

Configured part: requires door serial number to order

1020239-1XASSY,DRUM,PANEL,BB,WIRELESS,17"SC,LH **1020412-1X**

ASSY,DRUM,PANEL,BB,17"HD,LH,SUSPENDED ESP EDGE Includes

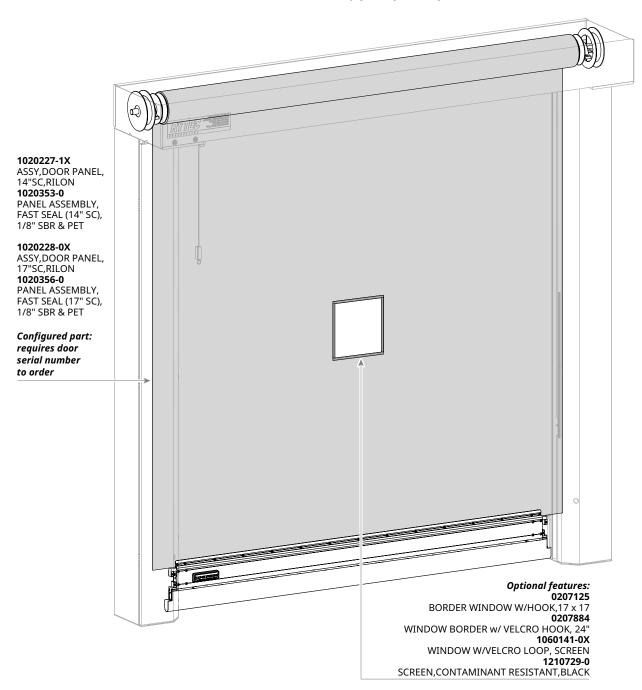
02992561 17"SC drum,

door panel, bottom bar,

0208399 tension strap spool (2), 0218001 17" SC counterweight strap spooL (2),

0204002 bearing (2)

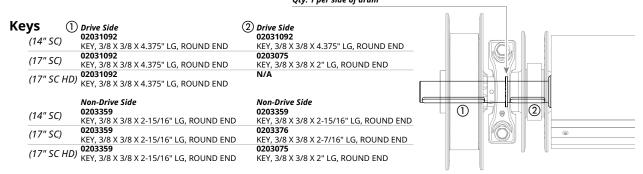
Configured part: requires door serial number to order

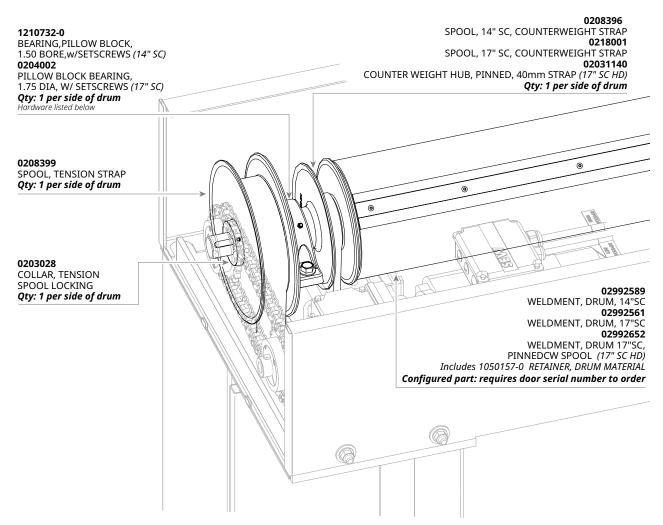




Drum Assembly - Drum

5550346-0 SHIM,ROUND,1.5" ID X .125" THK *(14" SC)* **Qty: 1 per side of drum**





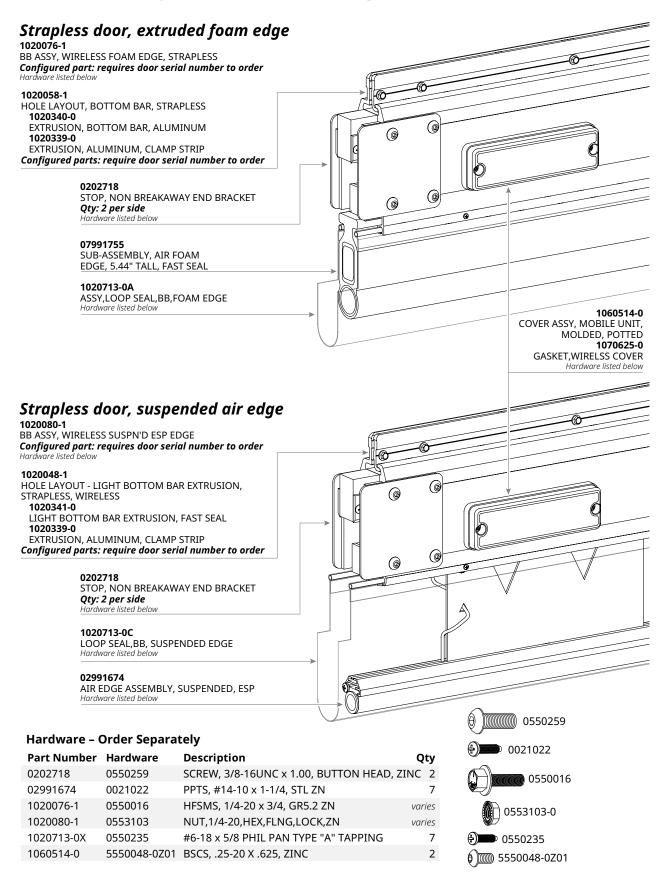
Hardware - Order Separately

Part Number	Hardware	Description	Qty
1210732-0/0204002	0550029	HEX CAP SCR 1/2 - 13UNC x 1-3/4	2





Drum Assembly - Bottom Bar, Strapless Doors

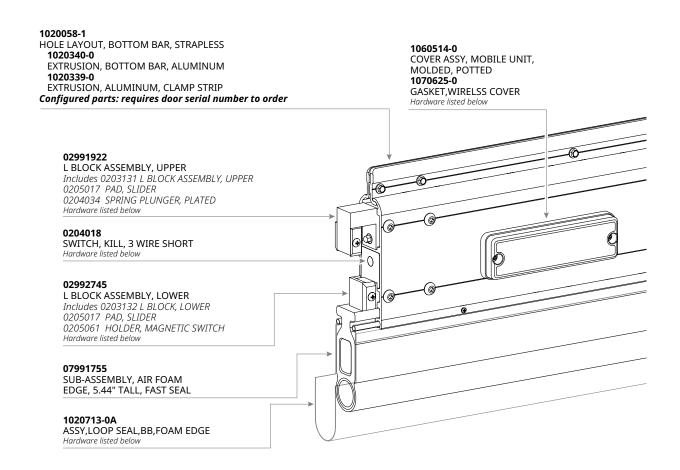




Drum Assembly - Bottom Bar, Non-Strapless Doors, Extruded Reversing Edge

Non-strapless door, extruded foam edge

1020075-1 BB ASSY, WIRELESS FOAM EDGE Configured part: requires door serial number to order Hardware listed below



Hardware - Order Separately

Part Number	Hardware	Description	Qty
0205061	0550016	HFSMS, 1/4-20 x 3/4, GR5.2 ZN	1
0205017	0550317	SCREW, 10-24 UNC x 1/2, PHILIPS TRUSS HEAD	2
1020075-1	0550016	HFSMS, 1/4-20 x 3/4, GR5.2 ZN	varies
	0553103	NUT,1/4-20,HEX,FLNG,LOCK,ZN	
1020713-0X	0550235	#6-18 x 5/8 PHIL PAN TYPE "A" TAPPING	7
1060514-0	5550048-0Z01	BSCS, .25-20 X .625, ZINC	2



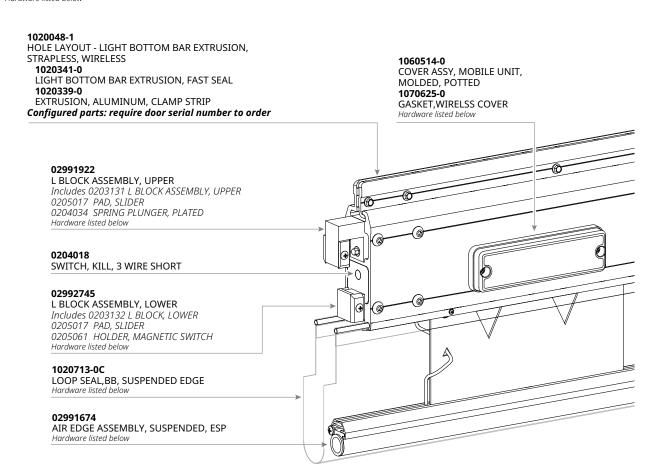


Drum Assembly - Bottom Bar, Non-Strapless Doors, Suspended Reversing Edge

Non-strapless door, suspended air edge

1020078-1

BB ASSY, WIRELESS SUSPENDED ESP EDGE, STRAPLESS Configured part: requires door serial number to order Hardware listed below



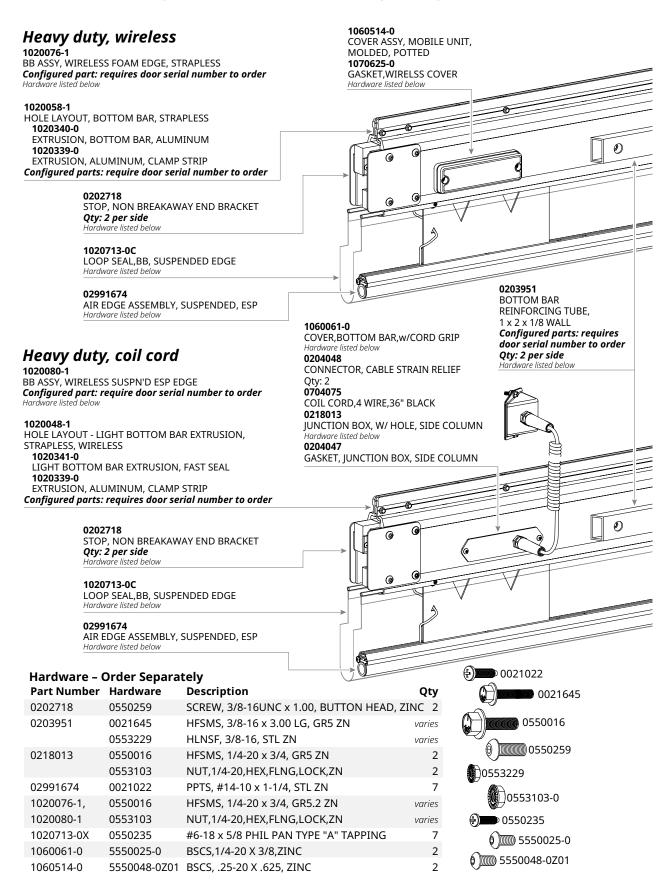
Hardware - Order Separately

Part Num	ber Hardware	Description	Qty
0205061	0550016	HFSMS, 1/4-20 x 3/4, GR5.2 ZN	1
0205017	0550317	SCREW, 10-24 UNC x 1/2, PHILIPS TRUSS	HEAD 2
02991674	0021022	PPTS, #14-10 x 1-1/4, STL ZN	7
1020078-1	0550016	HFSMS, 1/4-20 x 3/4, GR5.2 ZN	varies
	0553103	NUT,1/4-20,HEX,FLNG,LOCK,ZN	varies
1020713-0	X 0550235	#6-18 x 5/8 PHIL PAN TYPE "A" TAPPING	1
1060514-0	5550048-0Z0	1 BSCS, .25-20 X .625, ZINC	2



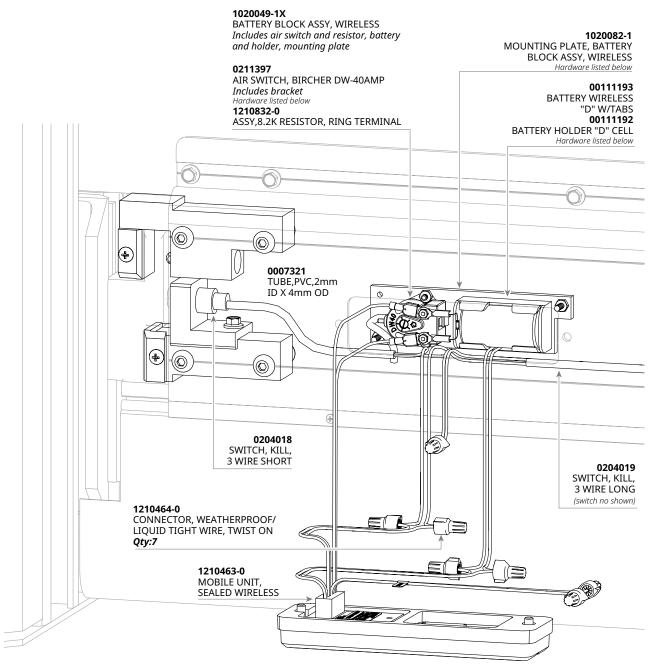


Drum Assembly - Bottom Bar, Heavy Duty Doors





Drum Assembly - Bottom Bar Internal Parts, Wireless Door

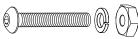


Hardware - Order Separately

	•		
Part Number	Hardware	Description	Qty
0211397	0021029	PPMS, #8-32 X 1/2, STL ZN	2
	0553180	HEX NUT, #8-32, STL ZN	2
	0554179	WASHER, #8 SPLIT LOCK, STL ZN	2
1020082-1	S021064	SCREW, #8-32UNC X 1.00 LG, BHCS, 18-8 S.S.	2
	0553180	HEX NUT, #8-32, STL ZN	2
	0554179	WASHER, #8 SPLIT LOCK, STL ZN	2
00111192	0021807	NUT, #6-32UNC, ZINC	2
	0554179	WASHER, #8 SPLIT LOCK, STL ZN	2
	5550045-0	PPMS,#6-32UNC X .375,ZN	2



0021029/05541790553180



5021064/0554179/0553180



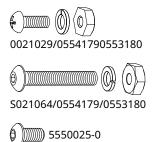
5550045-0/0554179/0021807



Drum Assembly - Bottom Bar Internal Parts, Coil Cord Door

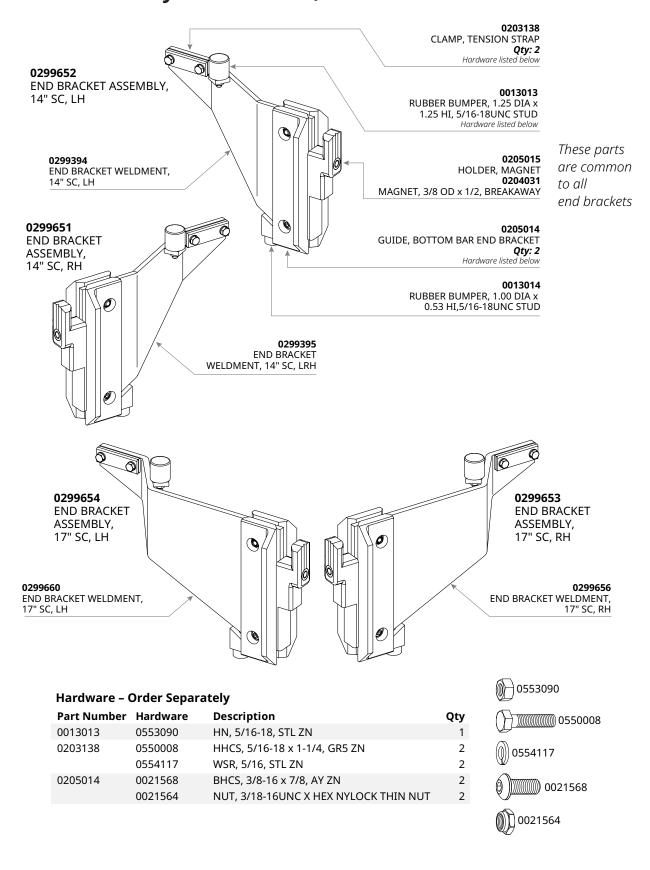
1020049-1X ASSY, END BLOCK, COIL CORD, ESP EDGE, LH Includes air switch and resistor, mounting plate AIR SWITCH, BIRCHER DW-40AMP 0007321 TUBE, PVC, 2mm ID X 4mm OD Includes bracket Hardware listed below 1210832-0 ASSY,8.2K RESISTOR, RING TERMINAL 1020082-1 MOUNTING PLATE, BATTERY **BLOCK ASSY, WIRELESS** Hardware listed below 0 \bigcirc (O) (\bigcirc) 0 0204018 SWITCH, KILL, 0204019 3 WIRE SHORT SWITCH, KILL, 3 WIRE LONG 1060061-0 (switch no shown) COVER, BOTTOM BAR, w/CORD GRIP Hardware listed below 0204048 CONNECTOR, CABLE STRAIN RELIEF Qty: 2 0704075 COIL CORD,4 WIRE,36" BLACK

	•	-	
Part Number	Hardware	Description	Qty
0211397	0021029	PPMS, #8-32 X 1/2, STL ZN	2
	0553180	HEX NUT, #8-32, STL ZN	2
	0554179	WASHER, #8 SPLIT LOCK, STL ZN	2
1020082-1	S021064	SCREW, #8-32UNC X 1.00 LG, BHCS, 18-8 S.S.	2
	0553180	HEX NUT, #8-32, STL ZN	2
	0554179	WASHER, #8 SPLIT LOCK, STL ZN	2
1060061-0	5550025-0	BSCS,1/4-20 X 3/8,ZINC	2



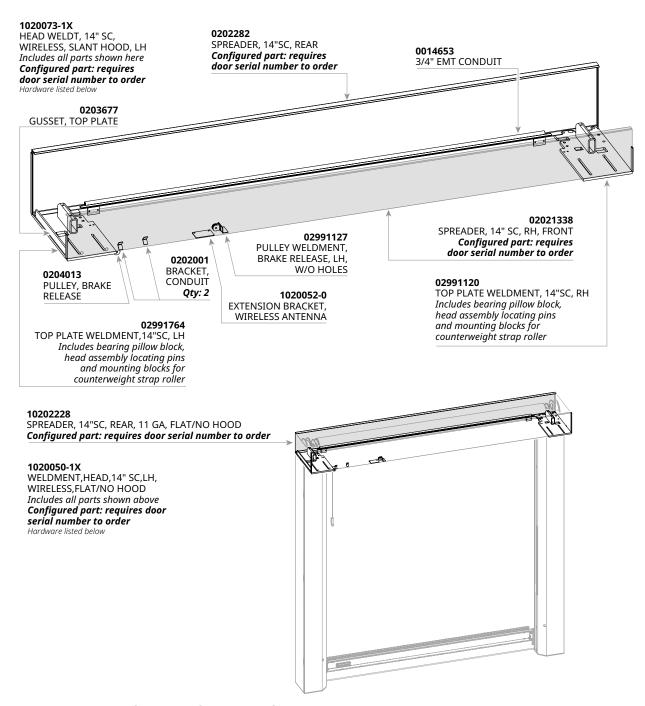


Drum Assembly - Bottom Bar, End Brackets





Head Assembly - Frame and Spreaders, 14" Side Columns



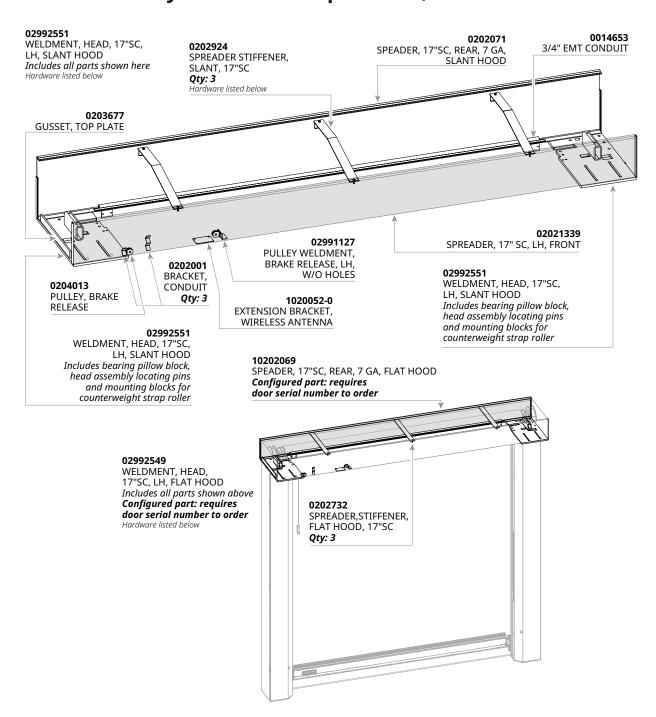
Part Number	Hardware	Description	Qty
1020050-1X,	0550029	HEX CAP SCR 1/2 - 13UNC x 1-3/4	10
1020073-1X	0553100	NUT,1/2-13,HEX,FLNG,LOCK,ZN	10







Head Assembly - Frame and Spreaders, 17" Side Columns



Part Number	Hardware	Description	Qty
0202924,	0550070	HHCS, 5/16-18 x 1, STL ZN	2
0202732	0553104	HLNSF, 5/16-18, STL ZN	2
1020050-1X,	0550029	HEX CAP SCR 1/2 - 13UNC x 1-3/4	10
1020073-1X	0553100	NUT,1/2-13,HEX,FLNG,LOCK,ZN	10





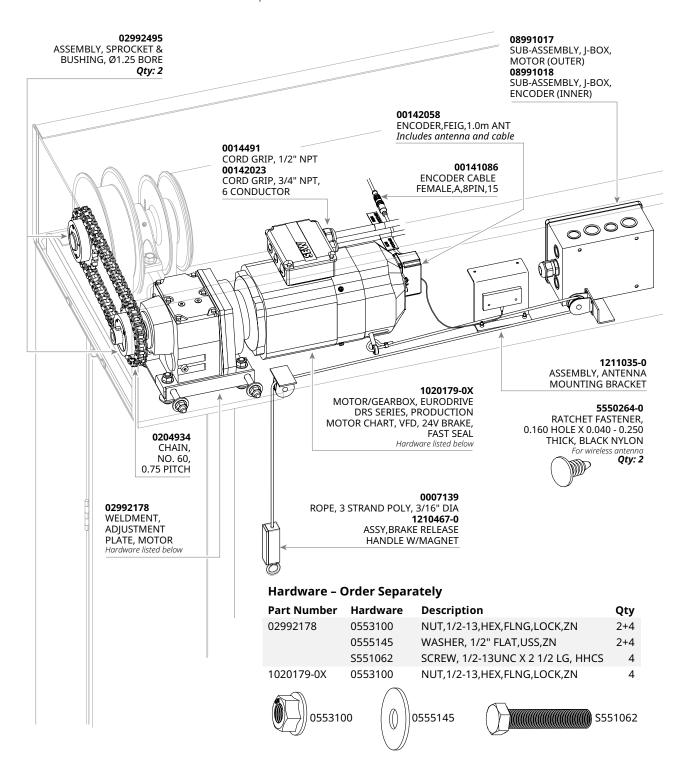




Head Assembly - Motor and Encoder

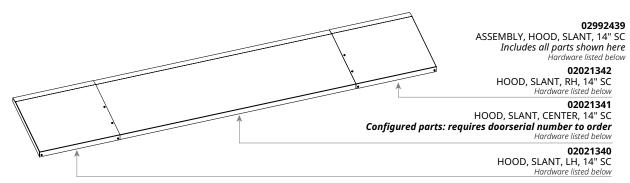
1020215-1X

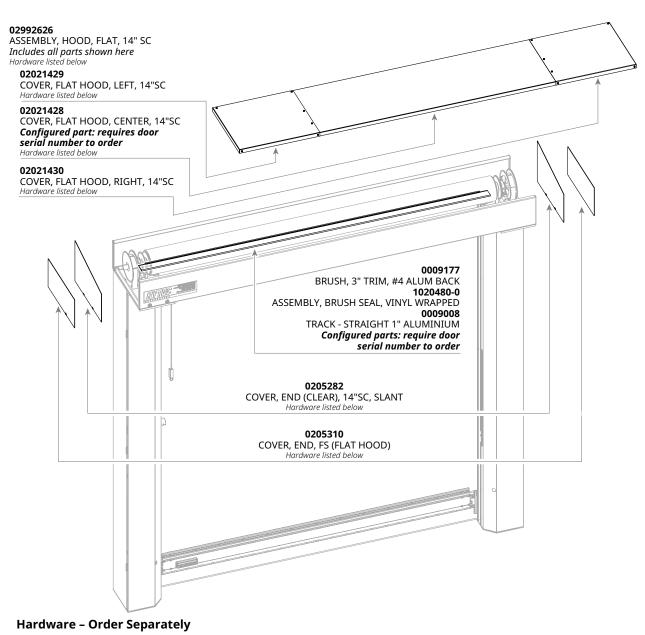
ASSEMBLY, SEW DRS MOTOR, SYSTEM 4, FAST SEAL Includes 00142058 encoder and 09229495 sprocket





Head Assembly - Hood Covers and Rear Brush Seal, 14" Side Column Doors





SCREW, 1/4-14 X 3/4 LG HH SELF DRILLING TEK Varies

HLNSF, 5/16-18, STL ZN

0550158 0553104

Qty

All panels

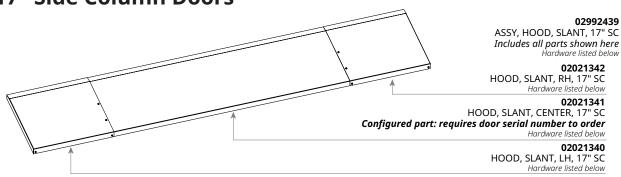
All end covers 0553104

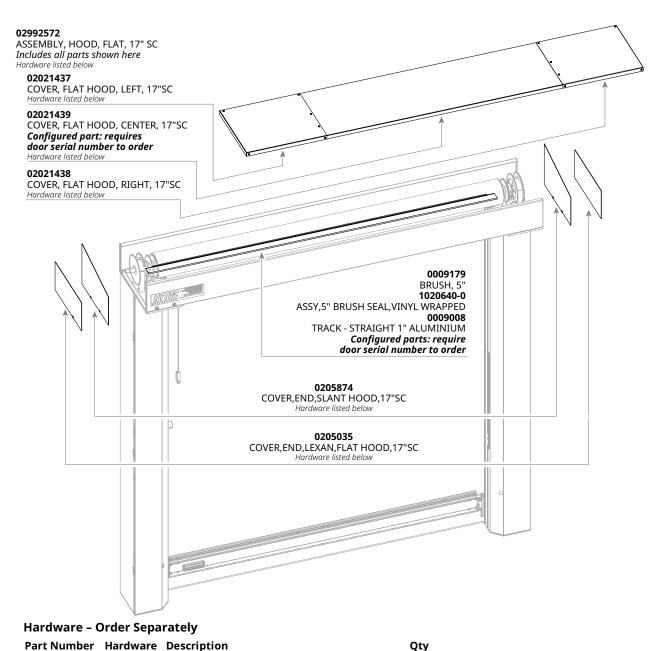
Part Number Hardware Description

0550158



Head Assembly - Hood Covers and Rear Brush Seal, 17" Side Column Doors





SCREW, 1/4-14 X 3/4 LG HH SELF DRILLING TEK Varies

FAST-SEAL® (MODEL FS1000) OWNER'S MANUAL = 1020811-0 = REV 01 = 12/25

HLNSF, 5/16-18, STL ZN

0550158

All panels

All end covers 0553104

0550158 0553104

Varies



Strapless Windbars (Optional)

02991980 WINDBAR ASSEMBLY, STRAPLESS, 14"SC, UPPER 0299098

WINDBAR ASSEMBLY, STRAPLESS, 17"SC, UPPER

02991981

WINDBAR ASSY STRAPLESS, 14" LOWER OR SINGLE 0299097

WINDBAR ASSY, STRAPLESS, 17"SC,LOWER AND SINGLE

0299217

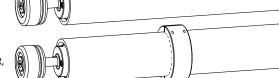
ASSEMBLY, UPPER/SINGLE WINDBAR, 17" HD

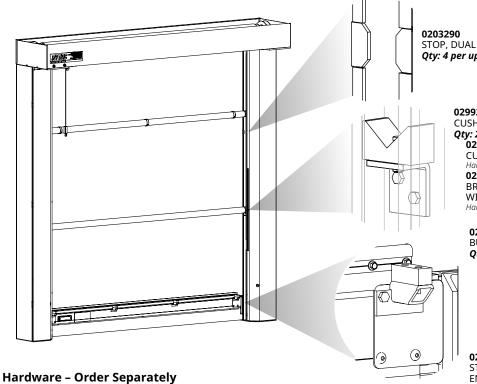
0299218

ASSEMBLY, LOWER WINDBAR,









STOP, DUAL STRAPLESS WINDBAR Qty: 4 per upper windbar

02992164

CUSHION ASSY., WINDBAR STOP Qty: 2 per lower windbar

0213361

CUSHION, STRAPLESS WINDBAR Hardware listed below

0203411

BRACKET, STRAPLESS WINDBAR GUIDE

Hardware listed below

02992077

BUMPER BRACKET ASSY

Qty: 4 per side 1020769-0

RUBBER CUSHION,

STRAPLESS WINDBAR

Hardware listed below

1020771-0

WELDMENT, STRAPLESS WINDBAR PICK-UP BRKT

Hardware listed below

0202718

STOP, NON BREAKAWAY **END BRACKET**

Qty: 4

Hardware	Description	Qty
0550070	HHCS, 5/16-18 x 1, STL ZN	2
0553104	HLNSF, 5/16-18, STL ZN	2
0550003	SCREW, 1/4-20UNC X 1 1/4LG, HEX HD	1
0553103	NUT,1/4-20,HEX,FLNG,LOCK,ZN	1
0021078	SHCS, 1/4-20UNC X 1, AY	2
0550014	HHCS, 3/8-16UNC x 1-1/4	2
0550123	HHCS, 3/8-16UNC X 3 1/4" LG GR5 ZN	2
0553229	HLNSF, 3/8-16, STL ZN	2
	0550070 0553104 0550003 0553103 0021078 0550014	0550070 HHCS, 5/16-18 x 1, STL ZN 0553104 HLNSF, 5/16-18, STL ZN 0550003 SCREW, 1/4-20UNC X 1 1/4LG, HEX HD 0553103 NUT,1/4-20,HEX,FLNG,LOCK,ZN 0021078 SHCS, 1/4-20UNC X 1, AY 0550014 HHCS, 3/8-16UNC X 1-1/4 0550123 HHCS, 3/8-16UNC X 3 1/4" LG GR5 ZN











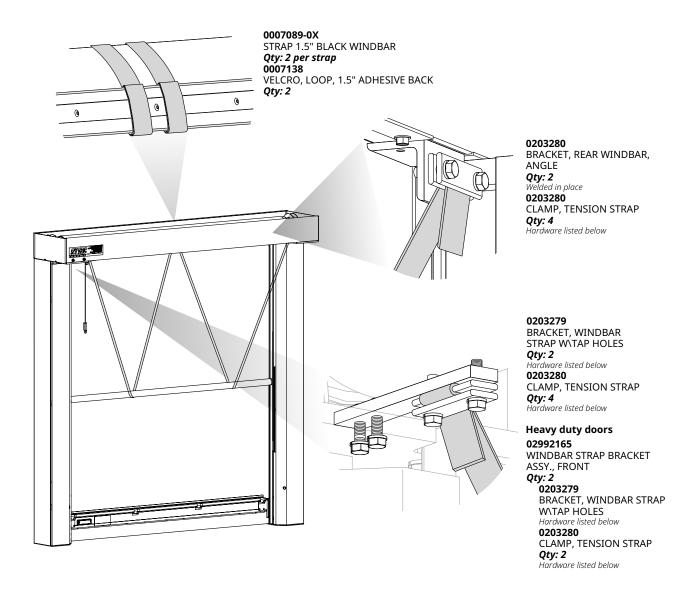
Strapped Windbars (Optional)

02991295WINDBAR ASSEMBLY,
STRAPPED, 14"SC **02991296**WINDBAR ASSEMBLY,
STRAPPED, 17"SC



02992177 ASSEMBLY, WINDBAR, 4.5" DIA. 17" HD

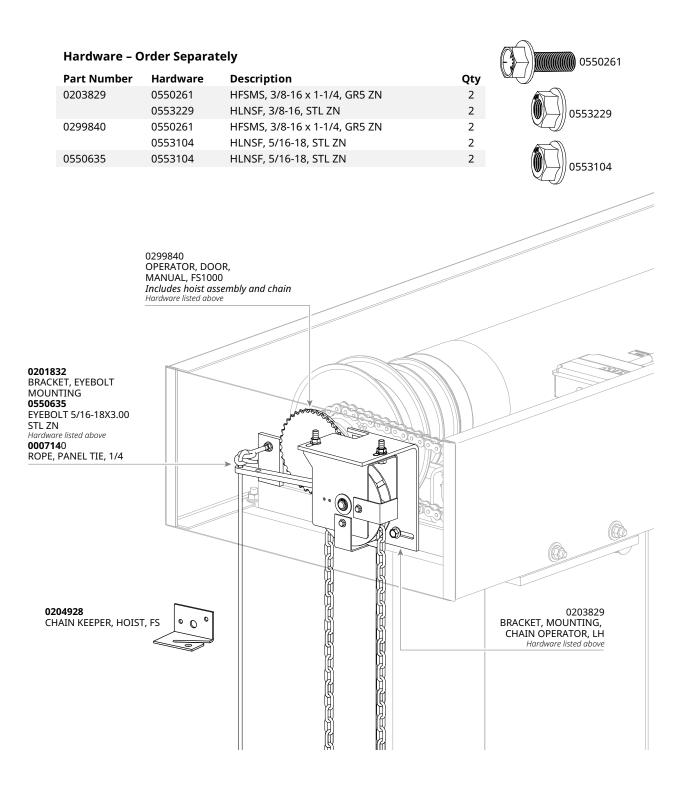




Part Number	Hardware	Description	Qty	
0203279,	0550008	HHCS, 5/16-18 x 1-1/4, GR5 ZN	2	0550008
0203280	0554117	WSR, 5/16, STL ZN	2	(<i>V) (W) </i> 0554117

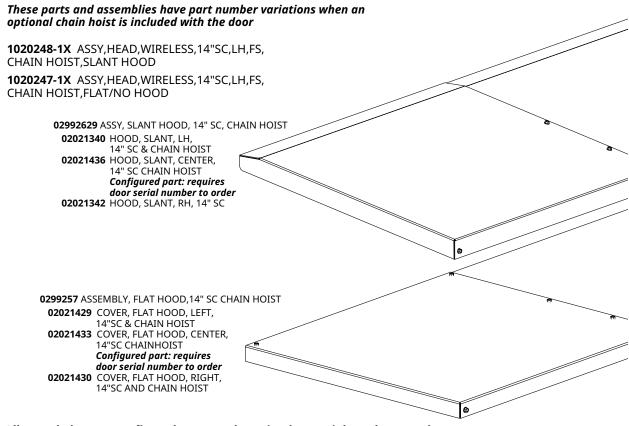


Chain Hoist (Optional)





Chain Hoist (Optional)



All parts below are configured parts, and require door serial number to order

1020074-1X HEAD WELDT, 14" SC, WIRELESS, CHAIN HOIST, SLANT HOOD, LH *Includes front and rear spreader, top plates, brackets and hardware*

02021405 SPREADER, 14" SC, LH, FRONT,

11 GA, CHAIN HOIST

02021045 SPREADER, 14"SC, LH, REAR, 11 GA,

SLANT HOOD, CHAIN HOIST

1020072-1Z HEAD WELDT, 14" SC, WIRELESS, CHAIN HOIST, FLAT HOOD, LH Includes front and rear spreader, top plates, brackets and hardware
02021405 SPREADER, 14" SC, LH, FRONT,
11 GA, CHAIN HOIST

02021039 SPREADER, 14"SC, LH, REAR, 11GA, FLAT/NO HOOD, CHAIN HOIST

1020237-1X

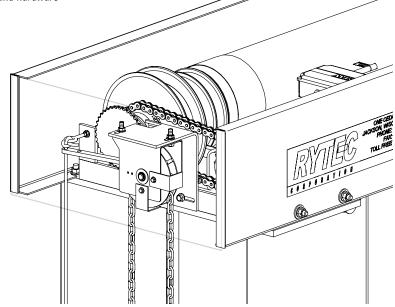
ASSY,DRUM,PANEL,BB,WIRELESS, 14"SC,LH,CHAIN HOIST Includes drum assembly, door panel, bottom bar, chain host

02992600

ASSEMBLY, DRUM, 14"SC, CHAIN HOIST Includes drum drum, spools, bearings, collars, sprocket

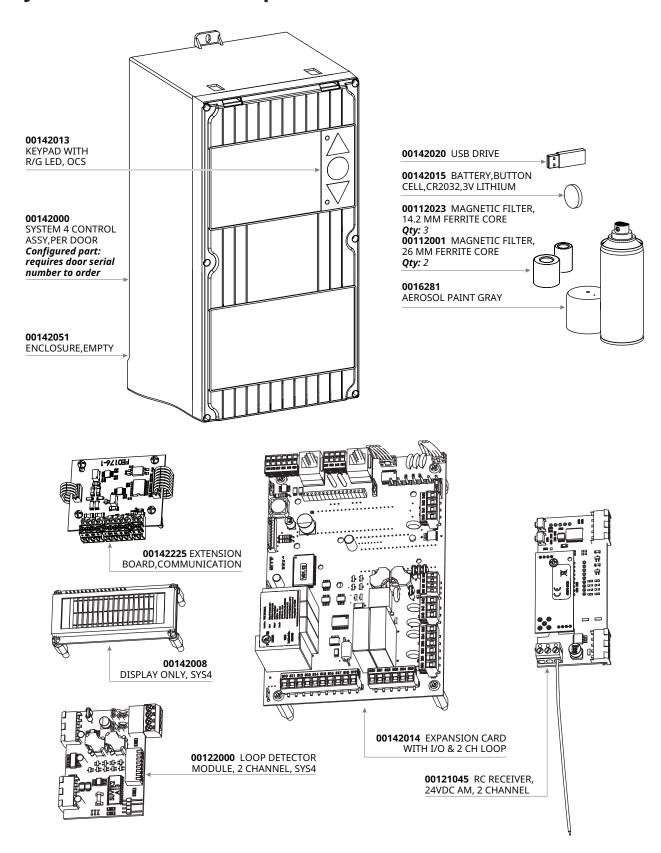
02992601

WELDMENT, DRUM, 14"SC, CHAIN HOIST





System 4[®] Controller, Expansion Boards and Accessories





FAST-SEAL® (MODEL FS1000) LIMITED WARRANTY

Rytec Corporation ("Seller"), an Illinois corporation with its principal place of business at One Cedar Parkway, PO Box 403, Jackson, WI 53037, warrants to the original registered end-user commercial purchaser ("Buyer") that the Fast Seal® Models FS1000 & FS1500 ("Product") sold to the Buyer will be free of defects in materials and workmanship (ordinary wear and tear excepted) for the time periods set forth below:

- Mechanical components for a period of Two (2) Years from the date of shipment of the Product from the Seller's plant ("Shipment").
- **Electrical components** for a period of **Two (2) Years** from Shipment.
- Motor for a period of Five (5) Years from Shipment.
- Standard door panels, including Standard 3-ply Rylon™, for Five (5) Years from Shipment.
- Standard door panels, including Standard 2-ply Rylon™, for Three (3) Years from Shipment.
- Optional door panels, including Optional Screen, for a period of One (1) Year from shipment.
- **Counterweights** for the **lifetime** of the door.
- Coil Cord, Counterweight Guides, Counterweight Straps, Side Column Brush/Vinyl Seal, Vinyl Loop Seal, Vision Windows, Wireless Mobile Unit Battery, Tension straps, and Windbar Straps, are considered wear items and are not covered under this Limited Warranty.
- Aftermarket parts, accessories, and assemblies for a period of Ninety (90) Days from the date of Shipment.

Remedies

Seller's obligation under this Limited Warranty is limited to repairing or replacing, at Seller's option, any part which is determined by Seller to be defective during the applicable warranty period. Such repair or replacement shall be the Seller's sole obligation and the Buyer's exclusive remedy under this Limited Warranty.

Labor

Except in the case of aftermarket parts, accessories and assemblies, labor is warranted for one year. This means that Seller will provide warranty service without charge for labor in the first year of the warranty period. Thereafter, a charge will apply in to any repair or replacement under this Limited Warranty. In the case of aftermarket parts, accessories and assemblies, Seller will provide replacement parts only.

Claims

Claims under this Limited Warranty must be made (i) within 30 (thirty) days after discovery and (ii) prior to expiration of the applicable warranty period. Claims shall be made in writing delivered to the Seller at the address provided in the first paragraph of this warranty. Buyer must allow Seller and Dealer, or their agents, a reasonable opportunity to inspect any Product claimed to be defective and shall, at Seller's option, either (x) grant Seller and Dealer or their agents access to Buyer's premises for the purpose of repairing or replacing the Product or (y) return of the Product to the Seller, f.o.b. Seller's factory.

Original Buver

This Limited Warranty is made to the original Buyer of the Product and is not assignable or transferable. This Limited Warranty shall not be altered or amended except in a written instrument signed by Buyer and Seller.

Not Warranted

Seller does not warrant against and is not responsible for, and no implied warranty shall be deemed to cover, damages that result directly or indirectly from: (i) the unauthorized modification or repair of the Product, (ii) damage due to misuse, neglect, accident, failure to provide necessary maintenance, or normal wear and tear of the Product, (iii) failure to follow Seller's instructions for installation, operation or maintenance of the Product, (iv) use of the Product in a manner that is inconsistent with Seller's quidelines or local building codes, (v) movement, settling, distortion, or collapse of the ground, or of improvements to which the Products are affixed, (vi) fire, flood, earthquake, elements of nature or acts of God, riots, civil disorder, war, or any other cause beyond the reasonable control of Seller, (vii) improper handling, storage, abuse, or neglect of the Product by Buyer or by any third party.

DISCLAIMERS

THIS WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE AND IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND THE SELLER EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS AND EXCLUDES ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PURPOSE. SELLER SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO ANY OTHER OBLIGATIONS OR LIABILITIES, WHETHER ARISING OUT OF BREACH OF CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE AND STRICT LIABILITY) OR OTHER THEORIES OF LAW, WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCTS SOLD OR SERVICES RENDERED BY THE SELLER, OR ANY UNDERTAKINGS, ACTS, OR OMISSIONS RELATING THERETO.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY IN NO EVENT WILL SELLER BE RESPONSIBLE FOR, OR LIABLE TO ANYONE FOR, SPECIAL, INDIRECT, COLLATERAL, PUNITIVE, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, EVEN IF SELLER HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. Such excluded damages include, but are not limited to, personal injury, damage to property, loss of goodwill, loss of profits, loss of use, cost of cover with any substitute product, interruption of business, or other similar indirect financial loss.

Product Descriptions

Any description of the Products, whether in writing or made orally by the Seller or the Seller's agents, including specifications, samples, models, bulletins, drawings, diagrams, engineering or similar materials used in connection with the Buyer's order, are for the sole purpose of identifying the Product and shall not be construed as an express warranty. Any suggestions by the Seller or the Seller's agents regarding the use, application, or suitability of the Product shall not be construed as an express warranty unless confirmed to be such in writing by the Seller.

Limited Warranty Void

This Limited Warranty shall be void in its entirety if:

- (a) The Product is modified in a manner not approved in writing by Seller; or
- (b) Buyer fails to maintain the Product in accordance with instructions contained in the Owner's Manual for the Product.

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WARRANTY

Owner's Manual

Fast-Seal® (Model FS1000) Doors



P.O. Box 403 One Cedar Parkway Jackson, WI 53037

HIGH PERFORMANCE DOORS

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