Guided Lesson Notes

Name:	Date:
	Electric Circuits and Ohm's Law

Directions: Complete this study guide as you move through the lesson. By taking notes, you are more likely to remember what you are learning. The completed study guide can be used for practice activities and to prepare for quizzes and exams. Be sure to save each study guide so you can access it when you need it.

Essential Vocabulary

As you encounter these scientific terms in the lesson, enter the meaning and an example (or two) for each. You can even draw a picture. If there are other unfamiliar words you find, enter them in the blank spaces provided.

electron	Ohms' law
voltage	resistance
electric current	power

conductivity	amperes
circuits	electric power
Watt	
<u>Current</u>	
1. What is the flow of electrons called?	

2. What purpose does a battery serve?
Rate of Flow
Write the equation for current, both in words and using symbols. Define all variables.
Equation:
I =
Q =
$\Delta t =$
2. What is the unit of current and what is it equivalent to?
Resistance
1. Define the resistance of a material.
2. What are four things the resistance in a wire depends on?
1

2	
3	
4	
3. W	hat symbol is used to represent ohms, the unit of resistance?
4. W	rite the equation for resistance. Define all variables.
Eq	uation:
R =	
ρ:	=
<i>L</i> =	=
A =	=
5. H th	ow can a device with high resistance, such as a toaster or a lightbulb, use lat high resistance in a positive way?

Circuits

How does the example of a water tank help explain how an electric circuit works?			
2. For each of flowing.	the three components of a circuit, explain how it keeps the current		
Component	Role		
Source			
Load			
Path			
	ctice nm's law triangle here. Notice that if you cover one of the three , I, or R, the triangle shows you how to calculate the variable you		

		of the problems shown and write out the work necessary to solve from: Example 1, Example 2, and Example 3.
Proble	em:	
		Work
<u>Power</u> 1. Write	e the e	equation for power. Define all variables.
Equat	tion:	
P =		
I =		
<i>V</i> =		
2. Wha	t is th	e unit of electric power?

1		
2		

3. Write two additional forms of the equation for power, using Ohm's Law, V=

IR, and substitution.