

# AI-based Waste Mapping for Addressing Climate-Exacerbated Flood Risk Insights from Dar es Salaam



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EXCELLENCE



OpenMap  
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Tanzania



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SEIT 1386

Dr. Steffen Knoblauch, Climate Change AI Workshop NeurIPS 2024



# Why Should We Care About Waste in Dar Es Salaam ?



- Sub-Saharan Africa
  - < 50% of municipal solid waste formally collected
  - ~ 70% openly dumped
- Dar es Salaam, Tanzania
  - Expected rapid urban growth: 5 mil. (2022) -> 10 mil. (2030)
  - ~ 4,600 tons of daily waste
  - < 40% of waste formally collected





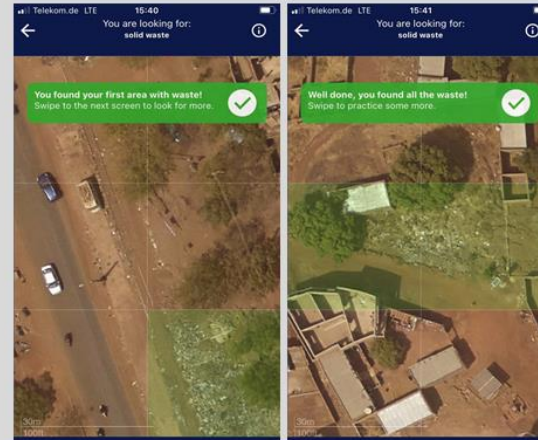
## Local Data Acquisition



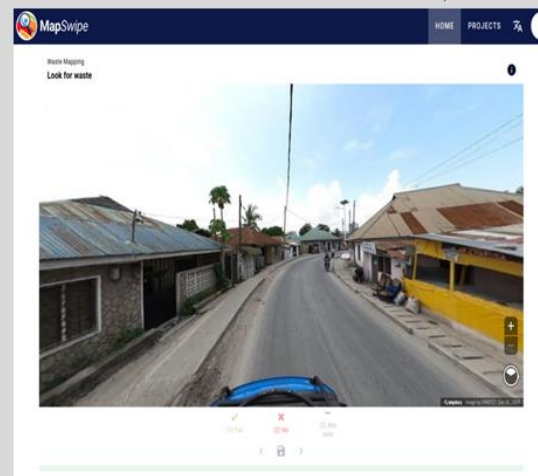
Aerial & Street Perspective



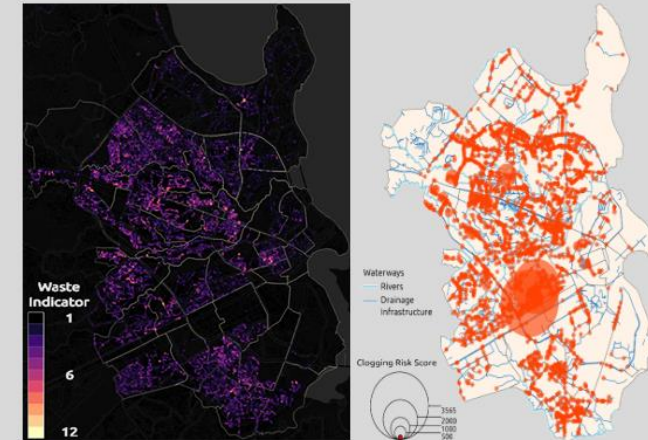
## Crowdsourced Labeling



Waste Pile (yes / no)



## Remote AI Deployment for Local Guidance



Waste Contamination & Waterway Clogging Risk



Assessment of Waste Types/Weight/Waterway Capacities



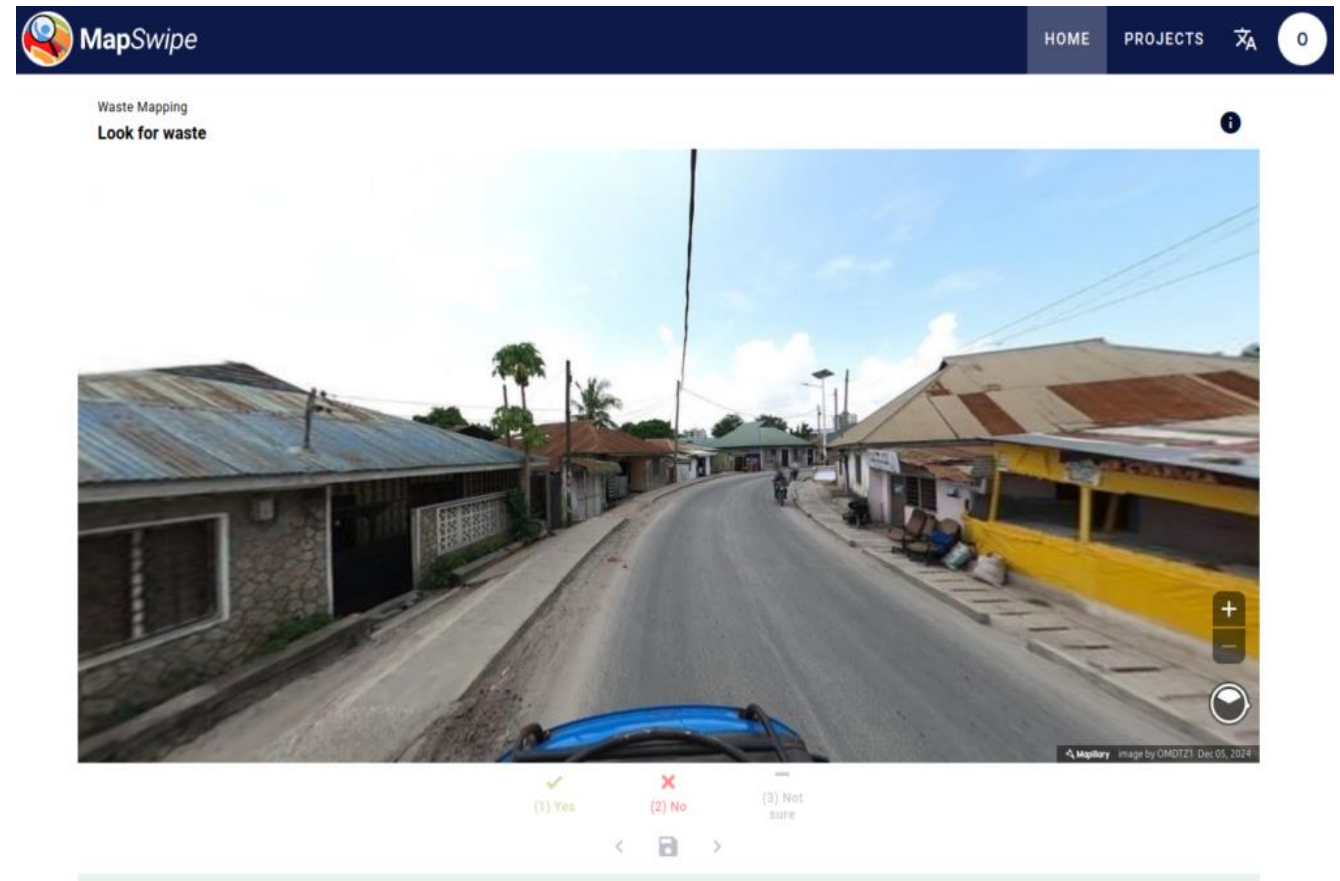
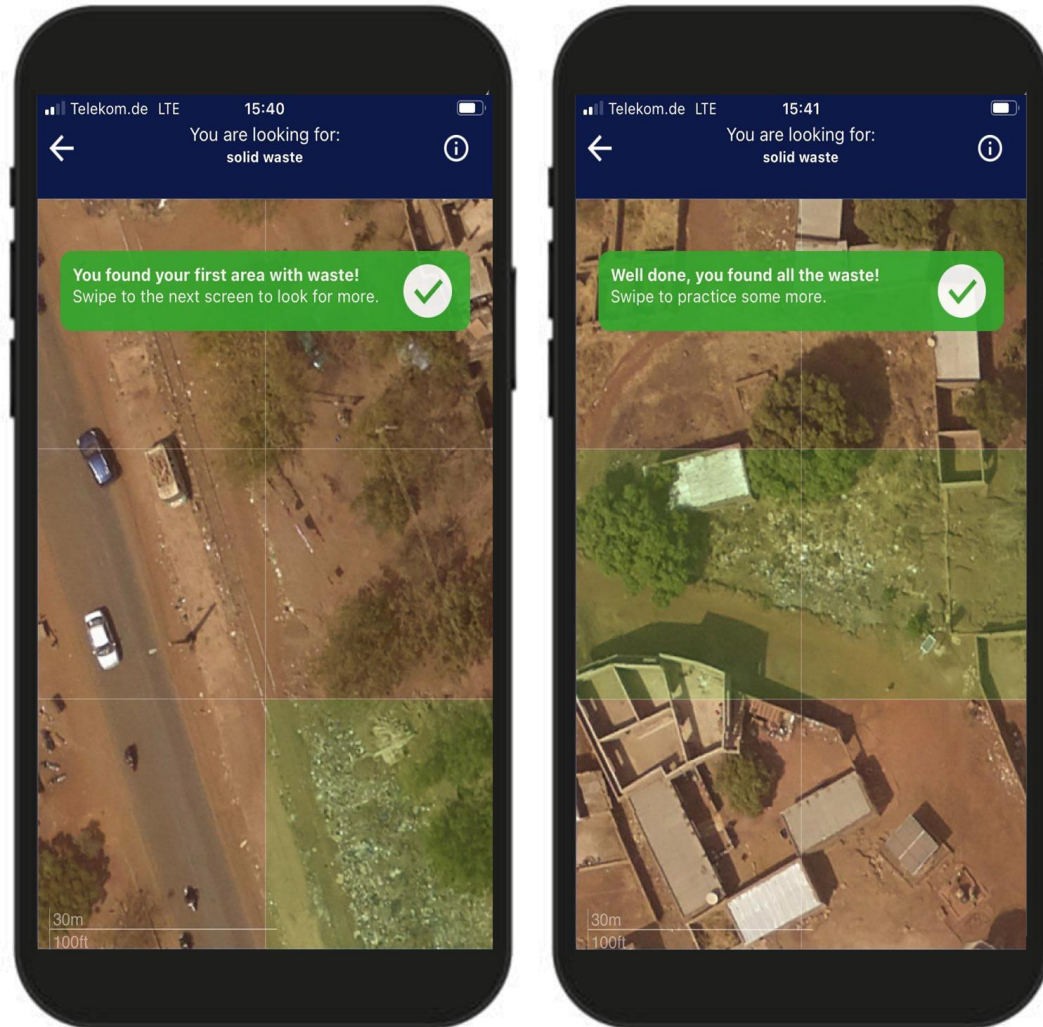
Community Engagement to Build Acceptance and Leverage Local Knowledge



# 1) Community-driven Data Acquisition



### Community Labeling Platform to Capture Local Perspectives

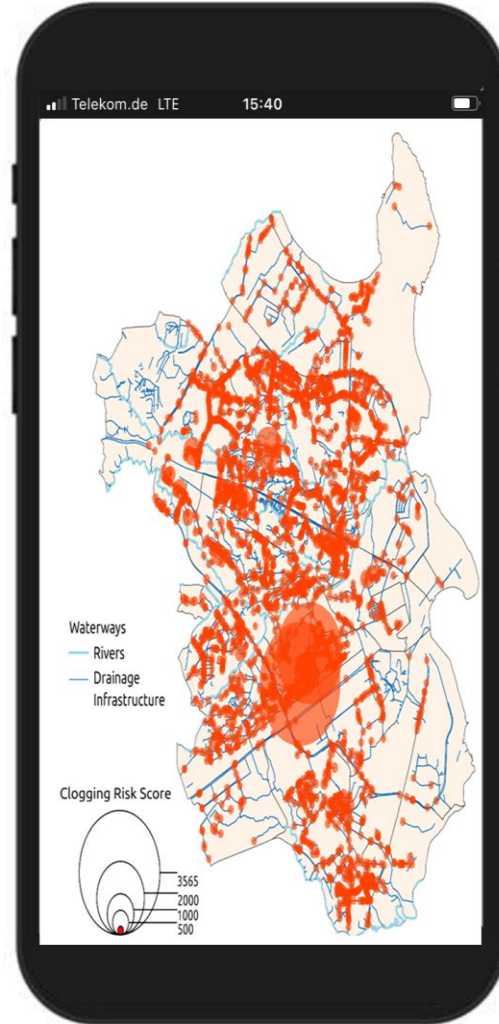




# 3) AI-based Waste Mapping

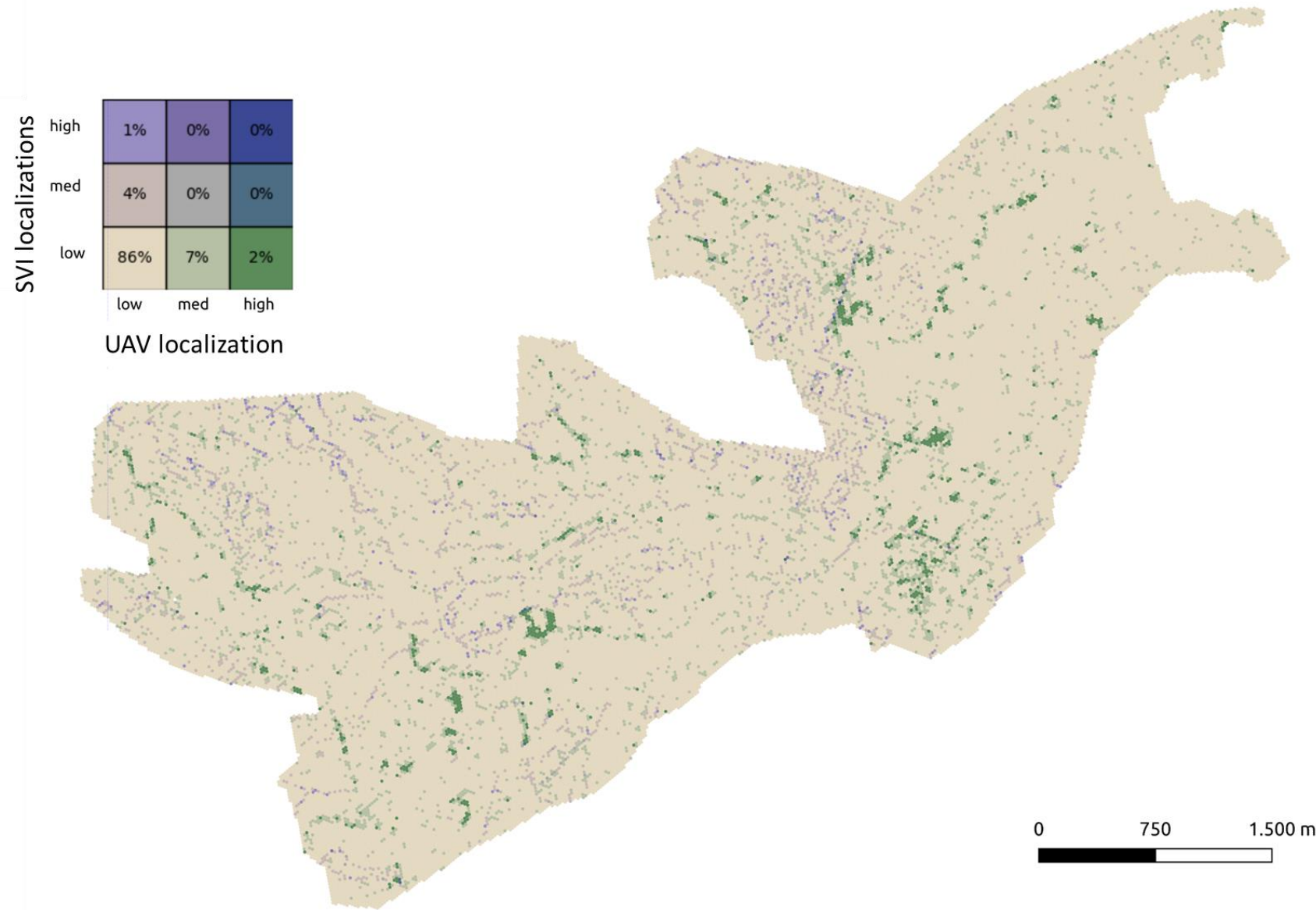
Waste Contamination

Waterway Clogging Risk



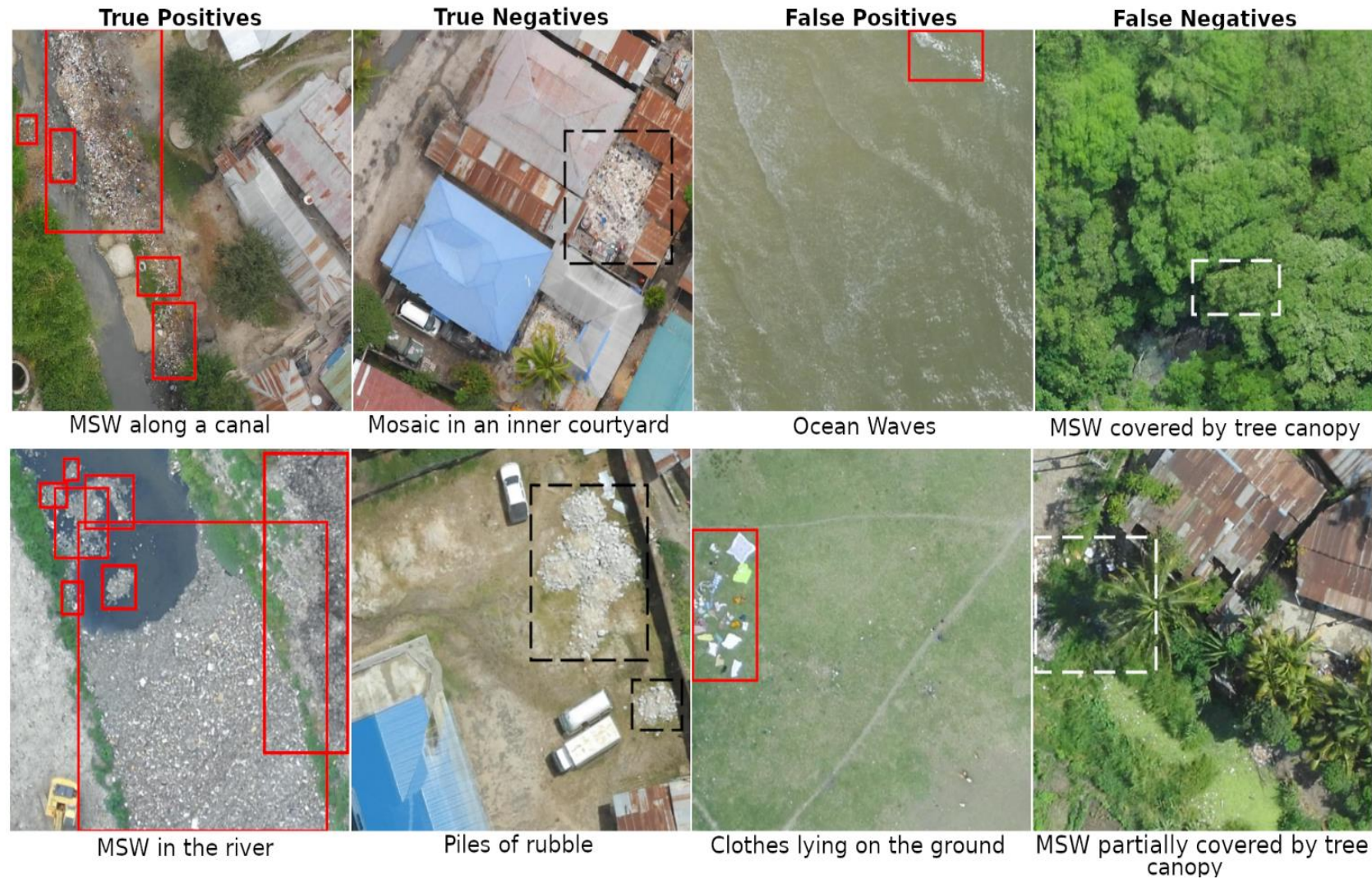
Community-driven Drainage Clean-up







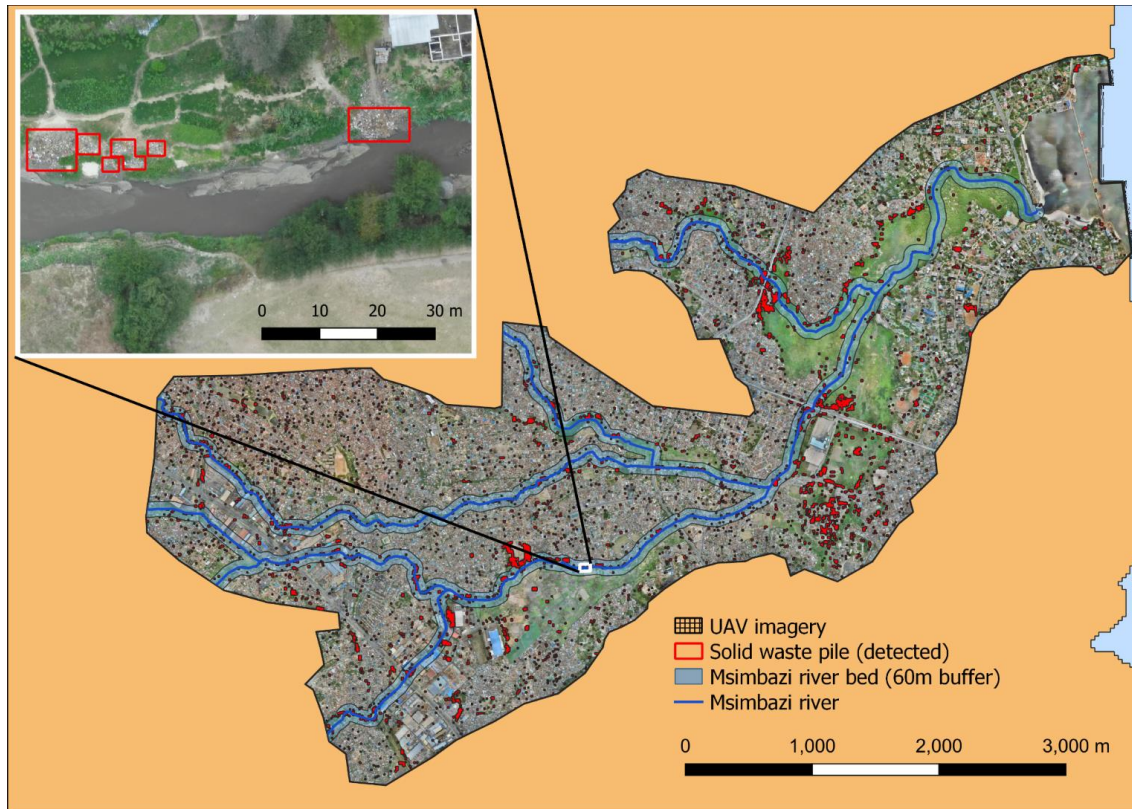
# Discussion - Why we chose classification over detection ...



Knoblauch et al. (2024) UAV-Assisted Municipal Solid Waste Monitoring for Informed Disposal Decisions - <https://doi.org/10.1145/3677525.3678649>

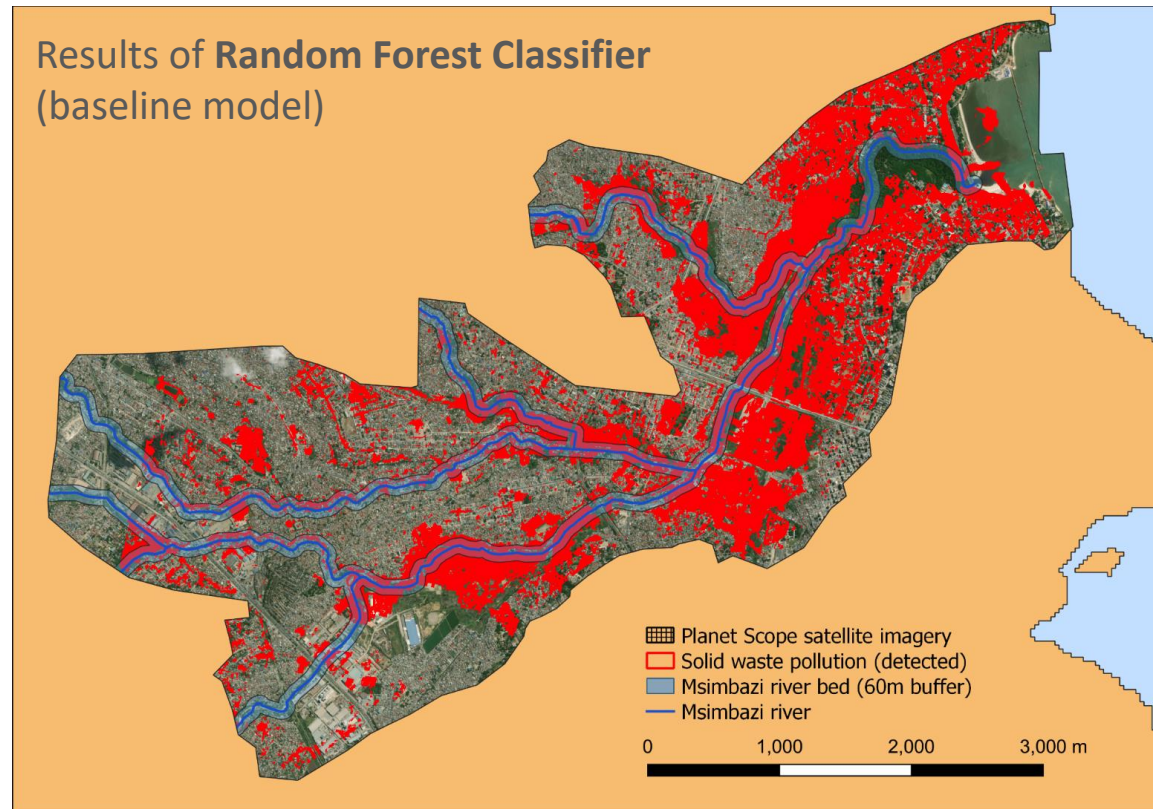


UAV imagery



(3 spectral bands (RGB); GSD 0.09m)

Planet scope satellite imagery



(8 spectral bands; GSD 3m)

Knoblauch et al. (2024) UAV-Assisted Municipal Solid Waste Monitoring for Informed Disposal Decisions - <https://doi.org/10.1145/3677525.3678649>