



# IowaRain: A Statewide Rain Event Dataset Based on Weather Radars and Quantitative Precipitation Estimation

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## Outline

- Problem Definition
- Tackling the Problem
- IowaRain
- Data Acquisition
- Summary Statistics



## **Problem Definition**

- Environmental disasters such as flooding, hurricanes have serious consequences in terms of money and human life.
- Better environmental planning and management is possible through better environmental modeling.
- To address climate change we need extensive environmental modeling.



## Tackling the Problem

- Physical and data-driven modeling need data
- There are not many dataset that could be used for benchmarking [1, 2]
- IowaRain aims to be a step towards better environmental monitoring with machine learning by providing a go-to dataset

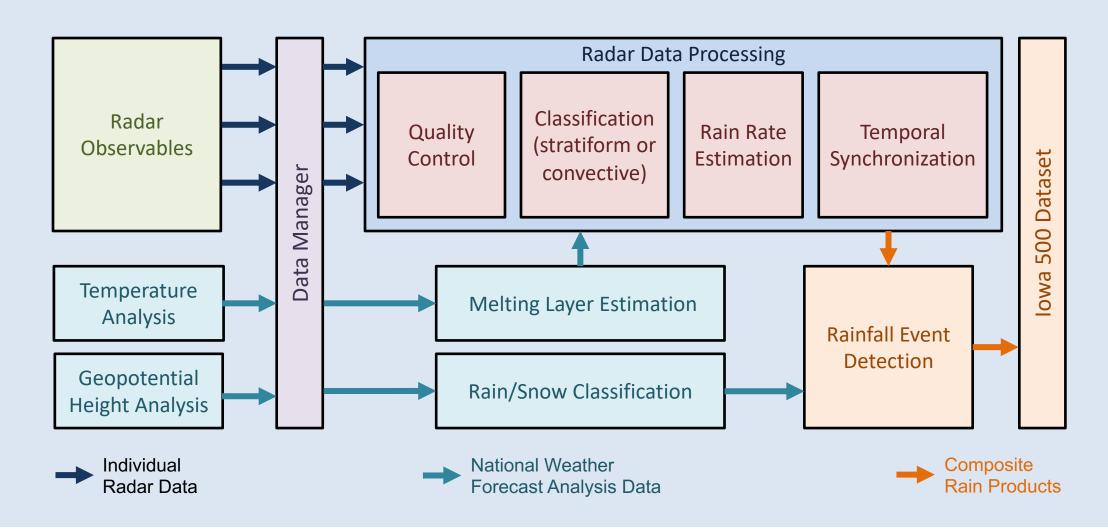


### IowaRain

- A rainfall event dataset with the temporal resolution of 5 minutes
- Covers the state of Iowa with a buffer zone circling the state
- Comprises total 288 events from 2016 to 2020
- Vastly relies on national Weather Surveillance Radar (WSR) System
  NEXRAD [3]



## **Data Acquisition**





### IowaRain – Event Criteria

- From 246,528 total snapshots of rainfall, in order for a set of snapshots to be classified as an event;
  - All snapshots in the set must be consecutive
  - The set must consist of at least ten snapshots
  - Each snapshot must have at least 0.5 mm/hr precipitation over %10 of the domain



# **Summary Statistics**

| Year | Number of Events | Avg Event Length | Min Event Length | Max Event Length     |
|------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| 2016 | 64               | 7.09 Hours       | 50 Minutes       | 29 Hours             |
| 2017 | 67               | 6.55 Hours       | 50 Minutes       | 29 Hours, 15 Minutes |
| 2018 | 76               | 8.04 Hours       | 50 Minutes       | 33 Hours, 55 Minutes |
| 2019 | 81               | 7.09 Hours       | 50 Minutes       | 17 Hours, 40 Minutes |



## References

- 1. Ebert-Uphoff, I., Thompson, D. R., Demir, I., Gel, Y. R., Karpatne, A., Guereque, M., Kumar, V., Cabral-Cano, E., and Smyth, P. A vision for the development of bench- marks to bridge geoscience and data science. In 17th International Workshop on Climate Informatics, 2017.
- 2. Sit, M., Demiray, B. Z., Xiang, Z., Ewing, G. J., Sermet, Y., and Demir, I. A comprehensive review of deep learning applications in hydrology and water resources. Water Science and Technology, 82(12):2635–2670, 2020.
- 3. Seo, B.-C., Keem, M., Hammond, R., Demir, I., and Krajewski, W. F. A pilot infrastructure for searching rainfall metadata and generating rainfall product using the big data of nexrad. Environmental modelling & software, 117: 69–75, 2019.





# Thank you

https://github.com/uihilab/lowaRain

Any questions?