



The University of Texas at Austin  
Electrical and Computer  
Engineering  
*Cockrell School of Engineering*



Climate Change AI

Tackling Climate Change with Machine Learning workshop @ ICML 2021

# Graph Neural Networks for Learning Real-Time Prices in Electricity Market

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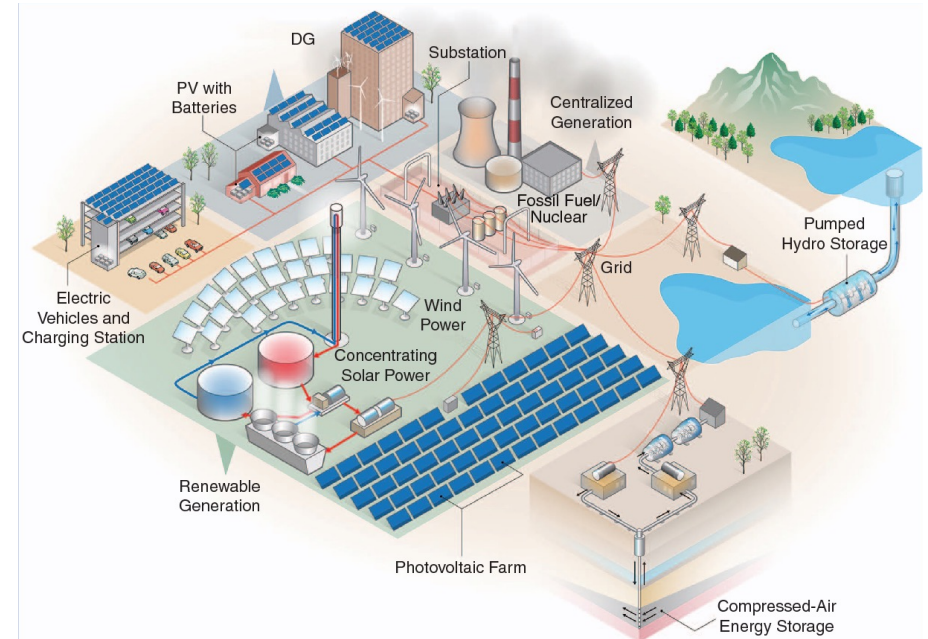
Jul. 23, 2021

**Acknowledgement:**

NSF CAREER ECCS #1802319

# Motivations

- Optimal scheduling of grid resources reduces operational costs and Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions [Yang et al., 2015]
- Integration of renewable resources increases variability of the power grid that requires real-time, adaptive solutions
- Leverage the grid structural properties to learn optimal dispatch of energy resources in real-time [Owerko et al., 2015; Geng & Xie, 2016]



Grid Integration of Renewable Energy Sources  
(Source: Alfred Hicks, NREL.)



# Optimal Power Flow (OPF)

- Optimal nodal (generation) injections and corresponding power (line) flows for stochastic system profile that minimize the cost

$$\min_{\mathbf{p}, \mathbf{q}, \mathbf{v}} \sum_{i=1}^N c_i(p_i) \quad (1a)$$

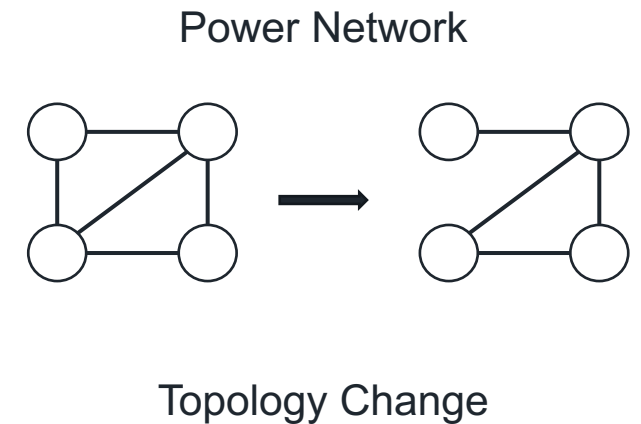
$$\text{s.t. } \mathbf{p} + j\mathbf{q} = \text{diag}(\mathbf{v})(\mathbf{Y}\mathbf{v})^* \quad \text{Flow balance} \quad (1b)$$

$$\underline{\mathbf{V}} \leq |\mathbf{v}| \leq \bar{\mathbf{V}} \quad (1c)$$

$$\underline{\mathbf{p}} \leq \mathbf{p} \leq \bar{\mathbf{p}} \quad (1d)$$

$$\underline{\mathbf{q}} \leq \mathbf{q} \leq \bar{\mathbf{q}} \quad (1e)$$

$$\underline{f}_{ij} \leq f_{ij}(\mathbf{v}) \leq \bar{f}_{ij}, \quad \forall (i, j) \in \mathcal{E} \quad \text{Flow limits} \quad (1f)$$



# Optimal Power Flow (OPF)

❑ Optimal nodal (generation) injections and corresponding power (line) flows for stochastic system profile that minimize the cost

❑ Linearized DC-OPF problem:

$$\min_{\mathbf{p}} \sum_{i=1}^N c_i(p_i) \quad (2a)$$

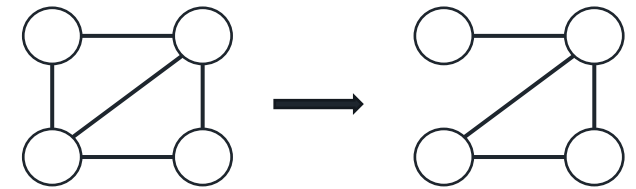
$$\text{s.t. } \mathbf{1}^\top \mathbf{p} = 0 \quad (2b)$$

$$\underline{\mathbf{p}} \leq \mathbf{p} \leq \bar{\mathbf{p}} \quad (2c)$$

$$\underline{\mathbf{f}} \leq \mathbf{S}\mathbf{p} \leq \bar{\mathbf{f}} \quad (2d)$$



Power Network



Topology Change



# Topology Dependent Market Prices

□ Locational marginal price (LMP) by solving dual problem

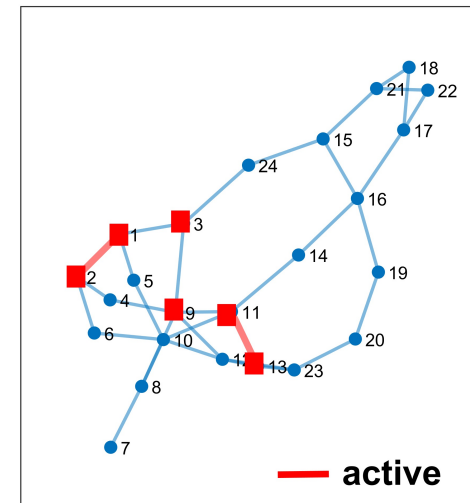
$$\boldsymbol{\pi} \triangleq \boldsymbol{\lambda}^* \cdot \mathbf{1} - \mathbf{S}^\top (\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}^* - \underline{\boldsymbol{\mu}}^*) \quad (3a)$$

- $\bar{\boldsymbol{\mu}}^* - \underline{\boldsymbol{\mu}}^*$  indicates the network congestion patterns
- ISF  $\mathbf{S}$  strongly depends on topology thus  $\boldsymbol{\pi}$  has locality property

□ LMP generated by the eigenspace of the graph Laplacian

$$\mathbf{S}^\top = \mathbf{B}_r^{-1} \mathbf{A}_r^\top \mathbf{X}^{-1} = \mathbf{U} \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \mathbf{V}^\top \mathbf{X}^{-\frac{1}{2}} \quad (3b)$$

- Weighted Laplacian  $\mathbf{B}_r = \mathbf{A}_r^\top \mathbf{X}^{-1} \mathbf{A}_r$  given graph incidence  $\mathbf{A}_r$  and reactance  $\mathbf{X}$
- Assume SVD  $\mathbf{A}_r^\top \mathbf{X}^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \mathbf{U} \boldsymbol{\Sigma} \mathbf{V}^\top$



Line congestions and affected nodes



# Topology-aware Learning for Market Prices

□ Solution chain of OPF problem:

$$\mathbf{X} \xrightarrow{f(\mathbf{X}; \boldsymbol{\theta})} \hat{\boldsymbol{\pi}} \xrightarrow{\operatorname{argmin} \mathbf{p}(\hat{\boldsymbol{\pi}})} \mathbf{p}^*(\hat{\boldsymbol{\pi}}) \xrightarrow{\mathbf{S}} \hat{\mathbf{f}}^*(\hat{\boldsymbol{\pi}}) \quad (4)$$

□ Loss function with regularization on feasibility:

$$\mathcal{L}(\boldsymbol{\theta}) := \|\boldsymbol{\pi} - \hat{\boldsymbol{\pi}}\|_2^2 + \lambda \|\sigma(|\hat{\mathbf{f}}^*(\hat{\boldsymbol{\pi}})| - \bar{\mathbf{f}})\|_1 \quad (5)$$

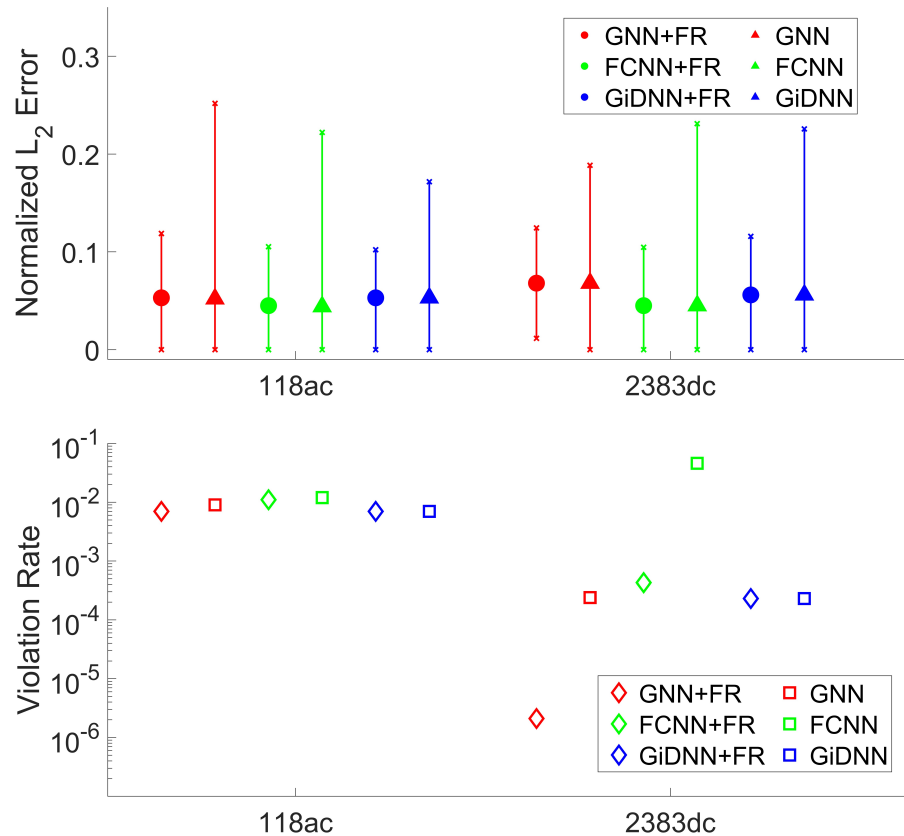
□ Graph neural network (GNN) model:

$$\mathbf{X}_{t+1} = \sigma(\mathbf{W}\mathbf{X}_t\mathbf{H}_t + \mathbf{b}_t) \quad (6)$$

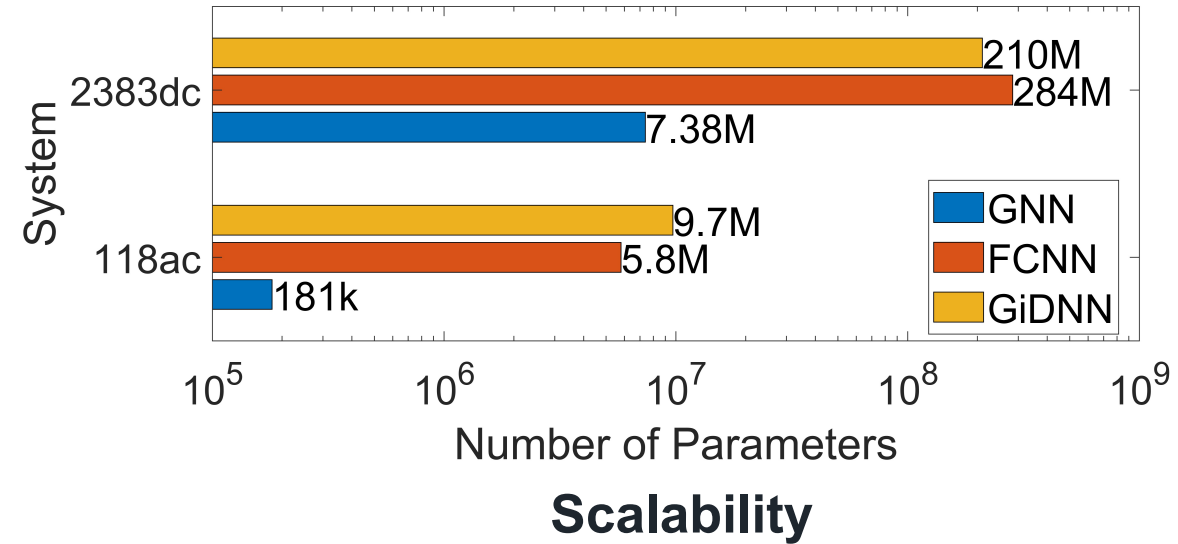
- Topology-aware with graph convolution filter  $W$
- Reduce the number of parameters per layer significantly



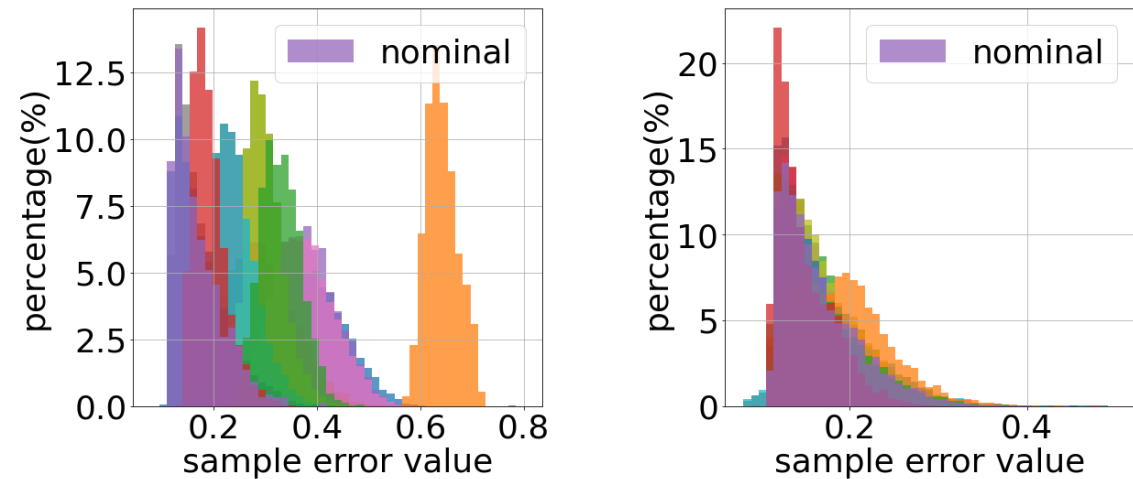
# Numerical Validations



**Validation error and feasibility**



**Scalability**



**Topology adaptivity**



# Future Work

- ❑ Incorporate environment effects in the formulation and quantify impacts on reducing GHG emissions
- ❑ Analysis of topology adaptivity for the efficiency of resource dispatch
- ❑ General optimal resource allocation problems in networked systems

# Thank you!

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