

PRESIDENT'S PERSONAL FILE

PPF 9
Gifts D
Oct.-Nov. 1934

PPF900194

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
WASHINGTON, D. C.



October 2, 1934.

WASHINGTON

September 1934

P.P. 7.
9-2

In reply refer to

My dear Mr. Dunn:

With reference to your letter of September twenty-fourth, with the enclosed copy of a communication received by the Department from the Japanese Charge d'Affaires regarding the desire of Mr. Tamehara Domoto to present to the President a textile picture, I wish to say that the President will be glad to accept this gift.

X197-a

Will you not be good enough to convey an appropriate expression of the President's appreciation?

Sincerely yours,

M. H. McIntyre
Assistant Secretary
to the President

ad

James C. Dunn, Esq., X20
Office of the Secretary,
Department of State,
Washington, D. C.

The Honorable

Marvin H. McIntyre,

Assistant Secretary to the President.



DEPARTMENT OF STATE
WASHINGTON

September 24, 1934

In reply refer to
PC

My dear Mr. McIntyre:

There is enclosed a copy of a communication received by the Department from the Japanese Chargé d'Affaires ad interim relative to the desire of Mr. Tameharu Domoto to present the enclosed textile picture to the President.

Would you be good enough to ascertain the President's wishes in the matter and so inform me in order that an appropriate reply may be addressed to the Chargé d'Affaires?

Very sincerely yours,

James C. McInnis

Enclosure:
From Japanese Chargé
d'Affaires, September 15,
1934, with enclosure.

The Honorable

Marvin H. McIntyre,

Assistant Secretary to the President.

*R.F.
President
accepts gift.
Shank*

*acked
10/2/34
ad*

TO
IN 1871 1072 10

September 31 1934

WASHINGTON
DEPARTMENT OF STATE

No.

September 15, 1934

Mr. Secretary

The Chargé d'Affaires of Japan pre-
sents his compliments to the Honorable the
Acting Secretary of State and has the honor
to state that Mr. Tameharu Domoto, a member
of the Prefectural Assembly of Fukuoka Pre-
fecture, wishes to present a textile picture
of the President, woven by a newly invented
"Nakanishi" weaving machine.

The Chargé d'Affaires would be
deeply obliged if the Secretary would be
good enough to ascertain whether the President
would find it agreeable to accept the above
mentioned picture.

September 15, 1934.

from
Marshall E. Dimock
c/o The University of Chicago Press
5750 Ellis Ave.
Chicago, Ill.

Handwritten: A
P
Q
P

October 10, 1934

My dear Mr. Dimock:

The President is in receipt of the
copies of your books which you were good enough
to send him recently and has requested me to
thank you heartily for your courtesy. He is
very glad to have them and wants you to know
how much he appreciates your thoughtfulness.

Very sincerely yours,

M. A. LeHand,
PRIVATE SECRETARY

Marshall E. Dimock, Esq.,
c/o The University of Chicago Press,
5750 Ellis Avenue,
Chicago,
Illinois.

for the President.
from
Marshall E. Dimock
o/o The University of Chicago Press
5750 Ellis Ave.
Chicago. Ill

2 books (His)
British Public Utilities and National Development.
Government-Operated Enterprises in The
Panama Canal Zone.

sent to the house.

1934.

(Dussailant)

for your
ing up

ectly

ident's

of perhaps

in the

Very sincerely yours,

PRIVATE SECRETARY

Howard Fyfe, Esq.,
U. S. Government Despatch Agency,
45 Broadway,
New York, N. Y.



UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT DESPATCH AGENCY

October 10, 1934.

9-10

(Dussailant)

Dear Mr. Fyfe:-

Thank you very much for your letter of October eighth, clearing up the matter of the missing check!

Of course, it is perfectly all right for you to keep the President's check, which, by the way, is one of perhaps six which he himself has made out in the past six years.

Very sincerely yours,

M. A. Le Hand
PRIVATE SECRETARY

Howard Fyfe, Esq.,
U. S. Government Despatch Agency,
45 Broadway,
New York, N. Y.



UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT DESPATCH AGENCY
45 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

October 8, 1934.

Miss M. A. Le Hand,
Private Secretary,
The White House,
Washington, D. C.

My dear Miss Le Hand:-

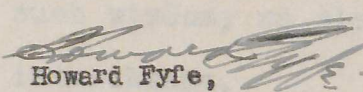
There has been received your October 5,
relative to the President's personal check No. 142 in the
amount of \$10.00.

As per note to the State Department in
August, the transportation charges to New York which were
indicated as \$10.00 were waived.

The boxes were sent by the Agency from
New York to Washington via express, charges prepaid \$4.35.
Remittance in the amount of \$5.65 to the order of the
President, representing unused balance, was forwarded to
the Department in August.

I have not deposited the President's
check as I regard it very highly. I shall deposit it if
you say so, but will be very appreciative if permitted to
keep it.

Very truly yours,


Howard Fyfe,
U.S. Despatch Agent.

Santiago, May 30, 1934.

Mr. Franklin D. Roosevelt,
President of the United States of America,
Washington.

Dear Sir:

The central zone of Chile is one of the regions of the world best adapted to the cultivation of the vine and the production of wines of high quality. This is due to the evenness of its climate, its exceptionally clear skies, its very long summer, with very rare rains and without excessive heat, and its extremely varied topography, which brings it about that we have cultivable lands in all latitudes, from an altitude of 800 or 1000 meters to sea-level; it is also due to the fact that our vineyards have been planted almost exclusively with the best varieties and that they are therefore almost entirely free from cryptogamic diseases.

These favorable conditions cause the Chilean growers of wine-grapes to hope that our products will be properly appreciated by the citizens of the Great Republic of the North, whose fate you are controlling with such wisdom; we wish in this way to increase our commercial interchange.

With the purpose of making our wines known, permit the undersigned vineyardist, who is also an admirer of your political acts, to offer you, through his representatives in the United States, "Brand Distributors Inc.", some samples of

PP7-9-B.

X²⁰

Post 271

President of the United States of America
Washington, D. C.

6-10
11/17

-2-

the products of his cellars.

Thanking you in advance for this favor, I beg you to accept [the expression of] my feelings of the highest consideration and respect.

A. Dussailant L.,

Chairman of the Finance Committee
of the Chamber of Deputies of Chile.

on

TR:JWP:MCS.

Shipper: A. Dussaillant L.

Per S.S. Santa Elisa.

Consignee: F. Roosevelt.

Port of loading: Valparaiso.

Port of final discharge: New York.

Description of goods.

Marks: Rtlde.

Numbers: s/n.

Quantities: 1. One package, two cases wine, one case white Rhine and one case Fleury red wine.

Shipper's weight: 48 kilos gross.

Quantities: 1. One package, two cases wine, one case Pommard red wine and one case Barsac white wine.

Shipper's weight: 48 kilos gross.

2 packages - total weight 96 kilos gross.

TR:JWP:MCS.

Santiago, May 30, 1934.

Mr. Franklin D. Roosevelt,
President of the United States of America,
Washington.

Dear Sir:

The central zone of Chile is one of the regions of the world best adapted to the cultivation of the vine and the production of wines of high quality. This is due to the evenness of its climate, its exceptionally clear skies, its very long summer, with very rare rains and without excessive heat, and its extremely varied topography, which brings it about that we have cultivable lands in all latitudes, from an altitude of 800 or 1000 meters to sea-level; it is also due to the fact that our vineyards have been planted almost exclusively with the best varieties and that they are therefore almost entirely free from cryptogamic diseases.

These favorable conditions cause the Chilean growers of wine-grapes to hope that our products will be properly appreciated by the citizens of the Great Republic of the North, whose fate you are controlling with such wisdom; we wish in this way to increase our commercial interchange.

With the purpose of making our wines known, permit the undersigned vineyardist, who is also an admirer of your political acts, to offer you, through his representatives in the United States, "Brand Distributors Inc.", some samples of

most part started to the
the center zone of quite is one of the
best still:

Washington
President of the United States of America
Mr. Franklin D. Roosevelt

the products of his cellars.
Thanking you in advance for this favor, I beg you to
accept [the expression of] my feelings of the highest con-
sideration and respect.

A. Dussailant L.,
Chairman of the Finance Committee
of the Chamber of Deputies of Chile.

Marks: Rtds.

Numbers: s/n.

Quantities: 1. One package, two cases, one case of
white and one case of red wine.

Shipper's weight: 45 kilos gross.

Quantities: 1. One package, two cases, one case of
forward red wine and one case of white wine.

Shipper's weight: 45 kilos gross.

Quantities: total weight 90 kilos gross.

on

F. J. J. J.

TR:JWP:MCS.

Telephones West 0200

L. P. SEIBOLD, Inc.

Shipper: A. Dussaillant L.

Per S.S. Santa Elisa.

Consignee: F. Roosevelt.

Port of loading: Valparaiso.

Port of final discharge: New York.

Description of goods.

Marks: Rtlde.

Numbers: s/n.

Quantities: 1. One package, two cases wine, one case white Rhine and one case Fleury red wine.

Shipper's weight: 48 kilos gross.

Quantities: 1. One package, two cases wine, one case Pommard red wine and one case Barsac white wine.

Shipper's weight: 48 kilos gross.

2 packages - total weight 96 kilos gross.

SEIBOLD, Inc. from Valparaiso
to New York and was forwarded to F. Roosevelt, Washington
by the U. S. Department of State, New York.

F. P. Seibold, Inc.
F. P. Seibold
Pres.

TR:JWP:MCS.

Telephones West 0261
0262



CABLE ADDRESS
"CUSTOM" Washington, D. C.

L. P. SEIBOLD, Inc.
CUSTOM HOUSE BROKERS
AND FORWARDING AGENTS
1218 Thirty-first Street N. W.
Opposite Custom House
WASHINGTON, D. C.

July 13th, 1934.

Miss. P. Tully,
The White House,
Washington D. C.

Dear Miss. Tully:

There will arrive here in the next few days a shipment of two (2) bundles (containing 4 cases wine) for personal use, addressed to The President, The White House, and we enclose an order for signature, and await instructions regarding disposition of the shipment.

As advised in previous letter shipments may remain in Customs Warehouse pending instructions or until you desire to remove them.

This shipment arrived on the S S "SANTA ELISA" from Valpo to New York and was forwarded IN BOND to Custom House, Washington D. C. by the U. S. Despatch Agent, New York.

Yours respectfully,
L. P. Seibold, Inc.

F. H. Seibold
Pres.

Encs.,

VIÑAS: **CASA BLANCA, FAVORITA**
Y SANTA MARIA

435 HECTAREAS DE VIÑAS
8000 000 DE LITROS DE VASIJA

ALEJANDRO BUSSAILLANT
LONGTUE
(CHILE)
ESTABLECIMIENTO FUNDADO EN 1885 - ESPECIALISTA EN VINOS FINOS

Santiago, Mayo 30 de 1934.---

Sr. don

Franklin D. Roosevelt

Presidente de los Estados Unidos de Norte América.

Washington.--

Excelentísimo Señor:

Chile, en su zona central, es uno de los países del mundo más adecuado para el cultivo de la vid y la obtención de vinos de alta calidad. Esto se debe a la regularidad de su clima; a su cielo excepcionalmente luminoso; a su verano muy largo con muy raras lluvias y sin calores excesivos; a su topografía extremadamente variada que hace que, en cada latitud, tengamos terrenos cultivables desde 800 o mil metros de altitud hasta el nivel del mar; y, también, a que nuestros viñedos han sido plantados casi exclusivamente con las variedades más finas, y a que carecen casi en absoluto de enfermedades criptogámicas.----

Estas circunstancias favorables nos dan la esperanza a los vitivinicultores chilenos de que nuestros productos sean justamente apreciados por los ciudadanos de la Gran República del Norte, cuyos destinos regís con tanta sabiduría, y con la cual deseamos incrementar nuestro intercambio comercial.----

Dentro del propósito de dar a conocer nuestros vinos, dignaos permitir que, por intermedio de sus representantes en EE.UU. " la Brand Distributors Inc." el propietario de viñedos que suscribe, que es a la vez un admirador de vuestra acción política, os ofrezca algunos ejemplares de los productos de sus bodegas.--

Dándoos de antemano mis agradecimientos por este favor, os ruego aceptar mis sentimientos de la más alta consideración y respeto. ----

A. Bussaillant

Presidente de la Comisión de Finanzas de la Cámara de Diputados de Chile. -----

DIRECCIÓN TELEGRÁFICA
"BUSSAILLANT" MOLINA

AGENCIAS EN LAS PRINCIPALES
CIUDADES DEL PAÍS Y EN EL EXTRANJERO

(Not for purposes of delivery)

1919

1919年

MARKS		QUANTITIES	SHIPPER'S DESCRIPTION OF CLASS AND CONTENTS OF PACKAGES	SHIPPER'S WEIGHT Gross Kilos Gross Pounds	CUBIC FEET	RATE
No 200 2-A-1		1	un cajon vino tinto colorado vino un cajon blanco Rhin y un cajon vino tinto POMERAY			
			1. un bulto de dos cajones vino un cajon vino tinto Pomard			
			2. un bulto de dos cajones vino un cajon vino blanco BARSAC 48			
TOTAL FREIGHT \$ 96.00						
RATE FREIGHT						
RATES, WEIGHT and/or MEASUREMENT SUBJECT TO CORRECTION.						
AND FINALLY, in accepting this bill of lading, the shipper, owner and consignee of the goods, and the holder of the bill of lading agree to be bound by all of its stipulations, exceptions, and conditions, whether written or printed, as fully as if they were in their original form.						
In WITNESS WHEREOF, the Master or Agent of the said ship hath affirmed, two						
Dated at Valparaiso, Chile		19 day of Mayo	19	GRACE LINE INC.		
P. A. Dussallant L.						
ACCEPTED		By _____ Master or Agent				



DEPARTMENT OF STATE
WASHINGTON

July 5, 1934.

My dear Miss Tully:

I have received your memorandum of July 3rd addressed to Mr. Southgate. I am sending you a copy of a letter which is going forward to the Despatch Agent in New York.

Very sincerely yours,

J. C. Holmes
J. C. Holmes,
Acting Chief, Division of
Protocol and Conferences.

Enclosure:
Letter to Mr. Fyfe.

Miss P. Tully,
The White House.

*Miss Smiley
Buckley and
note
return
P.T.
Rec'd
8/15/34
sent to House
7/8/20/34*

TRANSLATING BUREAU

1934

Mr. Staker:

I want
to send this
to Mr. MacE.
for his information
F.C.

P. Tully

Check for Howard Fife, U. S. Dispatch Agent
for wine from Chile.

Enclosure:
Check.

Mr. Howard Fife,
U.S. Dispatch Agent,
45 Broadway,
New York, New York.

RS. Inc.

FOR ACKNOWLEDGMENT
AND CONSIDERATION

ET

Louis M. M. M.

JUL 6 - 1934

June 22, 1934,

the arrival of

resident I enclose

of \$10.00 to

two bundles to

and, duty to be

here. The shipment

carrying charges from

advertising purposes.

Respectfully yours,

W. M. M.

Enclosure

Division of

ferences.

7/5/34

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 3, 1934

MEMORANDUM FOR Mr. Southgate

Enclosed is a check for ten dollars which will release that good Chilean wine that is at present in the hands of the United States Dispatch Agent in New York.

Will you let me know what the rest of the bad news is when you, yourself find out?

P. Tully

Check for Howard Fife, U. S. Dispatch Agent for wine from Chile.

Enclosure:
Check.

Mr. Howard Fife,
U.S. Dispatch Agent,
45 Broadway,
New York, New York.

RS. Inc.

ET

JUL 6 - 1934

June 22, 1934,

the arrival of

resident I enclose

of \$10.00 to

two bundles to

and, duty to be

here. The shipment

carrying charges from

advertising purposes.

Respectfully yours,

BRAND DISTRIBUTORS, INC.

Manager

Division of
Inferences.

7/5/34

BRAND DISTRIBUTORS, INC.

Direct Distributors of Domestic and Imported

WINE AND LIQUORS

25 WEST 44th STREET

NEW YORK, N. Y.

Chicago Office
111 W. Washington Street

In reply refer to
PC

JUL 6 - 1934

My dear Mr. Fyfe:

With reference to your letter of June 22, 1934,
addressed to Mr. Patterson concerning the arrival of

four cases of wine addressed to the President I enclose
a check of Mr. Roosevelt's in the amount of \$10.00 to
pay the collect freight charges. You are requested to forward the two bundles to

the President at the White House in bond, duty to be
assessed and paid after their arrival here. The shipment
should also be sent collect for the carrying charges from
New York.

Very sincerely yours,

Respectfully yours,
BRAND DISTRIBUTORS, INC.

To His Excellency,
Honorable Franklin D. Roosevelt
President of the U. S. A.
The White House
Washington, D. C.

J. C. Holmes,
Acting Chief, Division of
Protocol and Conferences.

Enclosure:
Check.

Mr. Howard Fyfe,
U.S. Despatch Agent,
45 Broadway,
New York, New York.

BRAND DISTRIBUTORS, Inc.

Direct Distributors of Domestic and Imported

WINES AND LIQUORS

25 WEST 43rd STREET

NEW YORK, N. Y.

Chicago Office:
111 W. Washington Street
Phone Franklin 3322

RESPECTFULLY REFERRED
FOR ACKNOWLEDGMENT
AND CONSIDERATION

Louis McHenry Howe

Secy to the President

June 7, 1934



State

242

Dear Sir:

Mr. Alejandro Dussailant, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee of the Chamber of Deputies of the Republic of Chile, S.A. and owner of the Vina Casa Blanca, whom we represent in this country and who is a great personal admirer, both of your policies and your administration, has sent us the enclosed letter, which we have the honor to attach hereto.

We do earnestly hope that you will derive as much pleasure in serving at your family table the wines sent you by Mr. A. Dussailant, as we have in presenting the attached letter to you.

In complying with the request of Mr. A. Dussailant, it is not our intention to use this action of his for any advertising purposes.

Respectfully yours,
BRAND DISTRIBUTORS, INC.

R. J. McHenry
Manager

To his Excellency,
Honorable Franklin D. Roosevelt
President of the U. S. A.
The White House
Washington, D. C.

CG:IMP

10.06 20
2.00 Exp.
24.
36.00

77

July 16, 1934

Dear Mr. Seibold:

In reference to your letter of July thirteenth concerning the shipment of wine addressed to the President, I would appreciate it very much if you would hold the goods in the Customs Warehouse until Miss LeHand, the President's private secretary, returns so that she can send a check to cover expenses incidental to its delivery to the President.

Thank you very much.

Very sincerely yours,

P. Tully

F. W. Seibold, Esq.,
President, L. P. Seibold, Inc.,
1218 Thirty-first Street, N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

tmb

Many yrs. in Artists and Craft workers so I did design

August 7, 1934.

My dear Mr. Seibold:

Enclosed please find check for the amount of Seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents (\$17.25) which covers shipment of wine sent to the President. For reference--see your letter to me dated July 13th, 1934.

Very truly yours,

P. Tully

F. W. Seibold, Esq.,
President, L. P. Seibold, Inc.,
1218 Thirty-first Street, N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

Self-addressed
envelope, check
and receipt.

Miss P. Tully.

The White House.

Mr. J. C. Holmes,
Acting Chief, Division of
Conference and Protocol,
Department of State,
Washington, D. C.

Many yrs. in Artists and Craft workers so I did design

Missy

Pay to L. P. Siebold
9, 17, 25

STATE

P.P.F.

9-10

August 11, 1934

x 7779W.

Referring to your memorandum to Mr. Southgate of July third, with which was enclosed the President's check for ten dollars to cover the freight charges on the Chilean wine sent him, there is transmitted herewith a copy of a letter from the United States Despatch Agent in New York stating that the freight charges were found to be \$4.35. Mr. Fyfe has therefore sent his check in the amount of \$5.65 to balance the President's check for ten dollars. Mr. Fyfe's check and the express company's receipt for \$4.35 are likewise enclosed.

Sincerely yours,

Jefferson Patterson
Assistant Chief, Division of
Protocol and Conferences.

Enclosures:
Letter, check
and receipt.

Miss P. Tully,
The White House.

Many yrs. in Artists and Craft workers so I did design



DEPARTMENT OF STATE
WASHINGTON

In reply refer to
PC 811.001 Roosevelt, F.D./

August 11, 1934

My dear Miss Tully:

Referring to your memorandum to Mr. Southgate of July third, with which was enclosed the President's check for ten dollars to cover the freight charges on the Chilean wine sent him, there is transmitted herewith a copy of a letter from the United States Despatch Agent in New York stating that the freight charges were found to be \$4.35. Mr. Fyfe has therefore sent his check in the amount of \$5.65 to balance the President's check for ten dollars. Mr. Fyfe's check and the express company's receipt for \$4.35 are likewise enclosed.

Sincerely yours,

Jefferson Patterson
Jefferson Patterson,
Assistant Chief, Division of
Protocol and Conferences.

Enclosures:
Letter, check
and receipt.

Miss P. Tully,
The White House.

many yrs. in Artists and Craft workers so I did design

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DESPATCH AGENCY

45 Broadway, New York

August 9, 1934.

My dear Mr. Holmes:

There was duly received your July 6, 1934, relative to a small shipment of wine which arrived at New York from Chile, addressed to the President.

Upon receipt of your letter under acknowledgment stating that it was desired to have the wine forwarded to Washington IN-BOND, the Agency took up with the Steamship Company the question of freight charges amounting to \$10.00. We were of the opinion that there must have been some mistake. The Steamship Company concurred.

Customs and other formalities were arranged by the Agency covering the forwarding of the two bundles, consisting of four cases, to Washington via express IN-BOND. Transportation charges New York/Washington were prepaid and amounted to \$4.35. Enclosed is personal check to the order of the President in the amount of \$5.65 to balance the President's check No. 142 in the amount of \$10.00.

Very truly yours,

Howard Fyfe,
U. S. Despatch Agent.

Mr. J. C. Holmes,
Acting Chief, Division of
Conferences and Protocol,
Department of State,
Washington, D. C.

ick?
utter
to

or

many yrs. in Artists and Craft workers so I did design

New York, N. Y. *11* Date *JULY* 19*13* 34 Date

Received from *Forwarded by HOWARD EFFE*
U. S. DESPATCH AGENT,
 Address *NEW YORK, N. Y.*
 TWO BUNDLES CONSISTING OF
 Article *FOUR CASES WINE* Weight
 Consigned to *COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS, WASHINGTON, D. C.*
FOR: THE PRESIDENT,
THE WHITEHOUSE
 At *WASHINGTON, D. C.*
 Value herein declared *FIFTY DOLLARS*
 by Shipper to be
 Which the Company agrees to carry upon the terms and conditions printed on the back hereof,
 to which the shipper agrees, and as evidence thereof, accepts and signs this receipt.
Howard Effe
U. S. Despatch Agent,
45 Broadway New York, N. Y.
 For the Company

Express Charges	No. Pieces	Weight	Express Chgs.
<i>435</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>22 1/2</i>	<i>43</i>
Value Charges	C. O. D.	Declared Value	Value Charges
C. O. D.	Return Charges		

NOTE
 The Company will not pay over \$50, in case of loss, or 50 cents per pound, actual weight, for any shipment in excess of 100 pounds, unless a greater value is declared and charges for such greater value paid.

I sent you, through the State Department,
 a check in the amount of ten dollars (\$10.00)
 in payment of freight charges on four cases
 of wine addressed to the President. As the
 check has not been returned with my sub-
 sequent bank statements, I am wondering
 if you ever received it. Will you be good
 enough to let me hear from you?

Very truly yours,

M. A. Le Hand
 PRIVATE SECRETARY

Many yrs. in Artists and Craft workers so I did design

October 5, 1934.

Howard Fyfe, Esq.,
U. S. Despatch Agent,
45 Broadway,
New York, N. Y.

My dear Mr. Fyfe:-

Under date of July sixth

I sent you, through the State Department,
a check in the amount of ten dollars (\$10.00)
in payment of freight charges on four cases
of wine addressed to the President. As the
check has not been returned with my sub-
sequent bank statements, I am wondering
if you ever received it. Will you be good
enough to let me hear from you?

Very truly yours,

M. A. Le Hand
PRIVATE SECRETARY

Many yrs. in Artists and Craft workers so I did design

and did not
come to file.

Written is worried

P.P. 7.
9-D

October 11, 1934

My dear Dean Donham:

The pamphlet which you were kind enough
to send the President has been received, and he
wants you to know that he much appreciates your
thoughtful courtesy in sending it to him.

Very sincerely yours,

M. A. Leland
PRIVATE SECRETARY

Dean Wallace B. Donham,
Graduate School of Business Administration,
Harvard University,
Boston,
Massachusetts.

ngm

many yrs. in Artists and Craft workers so I did design

WALLACE B. DONHAM, DEAN

GRADUATE SCHOOL OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION
HARVARD UNIVERSITY

27, 1934

a valuable

herself

To this

day, she has received
no acknowledgement. Sends
sample of dress which
doel wore for identifi-
-cation. Asks if doel
was received,

Very sincerely yours,

M. A. LeHand,
PRIVATE SECRETARY

Miss Jennie M. DeMore, X
North Windham,
Connecticut.

soon because if you didn't want it
Call up the Railway Express Co. of Willimantic.

Mrs. Raswell has been interested for
many yrs. in Artists and Craft workers so I did design

P.P. 7.
9-D

X
P.P. 7.
310-D

es

hat
high?
letter
to

Writer is worried
because on Jan. 27, 1934
she sent Pres. a valuable
doll made by herself
as birthday gift. To this
day, she has received
no acknowledgement. Sends
sample of dress which
doll wore for identifi-
-cation. Asks if doll
was received,

Very sincerely yours,

M. A. LeHand,
PRIVATE SECRETARY

Miss Jennie M. DeMore, X
North Windham,
Connecticut.

soon because if you didn't receive it
Call up the Railway Express Co. of Willimantic.

Mrs. Russell has been interested for
many yrs. in Artists and Craft workers so I did design

P.P. 7.
9-D

X
P.P. 7.
310-D

65

hat
nick?
letter
to

October 22, 1934.

PP7.
9-D

My dear Miss DeMore:

Will you please let me make this belated acknowledgment of your beautiful gift to the President on the occasion of his birthday. The doll was received in excellent condition and he deeply appreciated your thoughtfulness in sending him this product of your own handiwork.

He has asked me to send you his very best wishes.

Very sincerely yours,

M. A. LeHand,
PRIVATE SECRETARY

Miss Jennie M. DeMore, X
North Windham,
Connecticut.

ES

nd
th
now
hat
in?
letter
to

soon because if you didn't want it
Call up the Railway Express Co. of Willimantic.
Mrs. Russell has been interested for
many yrs. in Artists and Craft workers so I did design

No. Windham, Ct.
Oct. 1934

President F. D. Roosevelt
State Capitol
Washington, D. C.

ackd
10/22
38

Dear President Roosevelt:-

In January 27th. I send
you package box with a doll in it. The doll was
design and building by me and was trimming with
silk satin, gold imported lace, and rhinestones.

Will you please let me know
if you received it and if it was in good condition.

To prove the truth that was
rec'd. tell me what color are the rhinestones? and what
embroidery was on each corner of the handkerchiefs?

Will you please answer me this letter
soon because if you didn't received the package I have to
call up the Railway Express Co. of Willimantic.

Mrs. Roosevelt has been interested for
many yrs. in Artists and Craft workers so I did design

it to have a surprise laugh at your Birthday as
any one who'll open it will laugh!

Awaiting any early reply

I will end with luck of
many Best Wishes to you and Mrs.
Russell.

Yours Very Truly
Miss Jennie M. DeMare

P.S.

Enclosed herewith find the very sample of the
silk satin the doll is made of it.

October 23, 1934.

Respectfully referred to the
Federal Emergency Relief Administra-
tor for consideration and reply.

M. A. LeHand,
PRIVATE SECRETARY

Enclosure

Letter 10/13 from Steffe Dany,
1515- 8th St.,
Detroit, Mich.

Sent the President some candy and fruit (bad condition - thrown away)

Says he has his mother to support and he has no work and is unable to
get relief. Appeals to the President as to what he should do.

Steffe Dany, 1515-
1515 Eighth Street,
Detroit,
Michigan.

NOTE - Says he has his mother to support and has no employment. Asks
the President what he should do. Says he has not to be helped.

October 23, 1934.

My dear Mr. Dany:

Your letter of October thirteenth has been received. The President has requested me to thank you warmly for your courtesy in sending him the delicious fruit and candy which he received recently, and to tell you how much he appreciates this evidence of your good will.

By his direction, I am referring your letter to the Federal Emergency Relief Administration for consideration.

Very sincerely yours,

M. A. LeHand,
PRIVATE SECRETARY

Steffe Dany, Esq.,
1515 Eighth Street,
Detroit,
Michigan.

es

FERA - Says he has his mother to support and has no employment. Asks the President what he should do. Says he can get no Relief.

October 31, 1934.

843 SOUTH GRAND AVENUE
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

P.P. 7.
9-10

My dear Mr. DeVorss:

Your letter of October twenty-fourth, with enclosed copy of the "Public Addresses of Franklin Delano Roosevelt", has been received.

P.P. 7.
1-10

In reply, I am sorry to advise that this office cannot be of assistance in or make any suggestions regarding the publication or sale of the many books, manuscripts, musical compositions, etc. which come to our attention each day.

I am sure, upon further reflection, you will understand the reasons necessitating this rule and will excuse me from commenting.

Thanking you for writing as you did,
I am

Very sincerely yours,

Sent to House

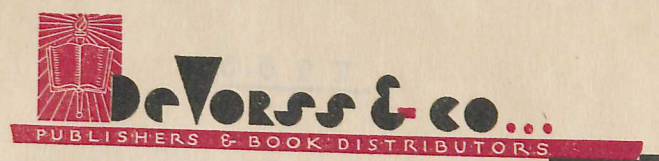
STEPHEN EARLY
Assistant Secretary to the
President

Mr. Douglas K. DeVorss,
843 South Grand Avenue,
Los Angeles, California.

dj

Douglas K. DeVorss
Douglas K. DeVorss,
President,
DEVORSS & CO.

DKD:W



843 SOUTH GRAND AVENUE TUCKER
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 8596

October 24, 1934

*Adel 130
10/29*

Stephen Early,
The White House,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Early:

With this letter we are sending you a copy of the PUBLIC ADDRESSES OF FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT which we have published with a view of presenting to the public in one volume the principle addresses of President Roosevelt during the first year of his administration.

It is our hope to get out a similar volume of his works each year, but at the present time we are primarily interested in getting this book before leading educators, public schools, and prominent business men.

It has occurred to us that on account of your close association with President Roosevelt you might have some suggestion to give us that would aid us in our attempt to get these inspiring talks before the younger generation.))

We are inclosing a copy of a letter which we received from the head of the California State Board of Education. (As is customary, the name of this official cannot be used but it will give you an accurate idea of the attitude held toward this book by a prominent educator.)

We already have the PUBLIC ADDRESSES OF FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT on sale in many of the leading bookstores but we believe it is the public schools that we should reach.

Yours very truly,

Douglas K. DeVorss
Douglas K. DeVorss,
President,
DEVORSS & CO.

DKD:W

C O P Y

"I have just had the opportunity to finish reading the PUBLIC ADDRESSES OF FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT, a copy of which you sent me recently. You are to be commended for compiling these noteworthy addresses in book form, thus making them generally available to the public.

"Every public spirited citizen is naturally interested in studying and understanding the tremendous social and economic changes which are taking place in our national life. The statements of President Roosevelt explain, as no other source can, the policies which are being undertaken, the reasons underlying them, and the essential features of the various major plans being taken to accomplish these purposes.

"One important function of the school is to lead pupils to a better understanding of forces at work during this significant period of reconstruction. The addresses of President Roosevelt, the leader in this reconstruction period, logically form the basis for study. From the standpoint, not of propaganda, but of source material for the student of problems of national welfare, this book should be extremely useful."

November 1, 1934.

P.P. 7.
9-D

My dear Mr. De Luca:

The President is in receipt of your friendly letter of recent date and has asked me to thank you heartily for writing. He is glad to have the sketch to which you refer and is indeed most appreciative of the spirit which prompted you to present it to him.

Very sincerely yours,

M. A. LeHand,
PRIVATE SECRETARY

Vincent P. De Luca, Esq.,
18-19 26th Road,
Astoria, Long Island,
New York.

es

November 1, 1934.

My dear Doctor King:

Your letter of October twenty-seventh has been received and the President has asked me to thank you for writing. A note of appreciation and thanks has been sent to Mr. Vincent De Luca this date.

Please let me assure you that the President is indeed grateful for your words of commendation.

Very sincerely yours,

M. A. LeHand,
PRIVATE SECRETARY

Doctor George Walton King,
255 West 88th Street,
New York, N.Y.

Rec'd
11-1-48

add
11-1-48

18-19 26th Road,
Astoria L. I.

11-1-48

Dear President Roosevelt:

While convalescing at the
New York Medical Center at
Sixty-eighth Street and Broadway,
New York. I met Dr. George Walton
King. Dr. King also was
convalescing at the hospital
Dr. King has been telling
me wonderful thing about
you. He told me so much
that I was inspired to make
of you. So I have put my
heart into the picture that
is inclosed It would put

934.

Hospital
oy. I saw
ch were

you, This
ning. I
t to you.
eek.

he does.
and his
very early
neg an ex-
the picture
will mean

on of the
interest of
but of
the problems
almost all
es and very
e decline in
cases that I

their values. You have done
am sure you will quickly get the Oil situation corrected and
things settled right.

Always with my very great personal admiration for you and
the very greatest gratitude for all you have done and are doing,
I am

Fraternally and sincerely yours,

George Walton King.

→

Before closing may I
say that Dr. George Walton King
and myself are friends
of yours to the last.

Vincent P. De Luca

a new inspired heart into
me to know that you have
appreciated my picture of
you.

I am twenty-three years
of age and live with my
mother and elder brother.
I was born a week after
my father's death. So I
never knew what it meant
to have a father. But
you are an excellent example
of a father tending to his
large family "The President
of our country America."

they have invested in Oil Securities and Oil Royalties and many
many of them are suffering today because the terrible decline in
their values. You have done the impossible in so many cases that I
am sure you will quickly get the Oil situation corrected and
things settled right.

Always with my very great personal admiration for you and
the very greatest gratitude for all you have done and are doing,
I am

Fraternally and sincerely yours,

George Walton King.

→

DR. GEORGE WALTON KING
255 WEST 88th STREET
NEW YORK CITY

ackd
11-1-34

President Franklin D. Roosevelt,
The White House,
Washington, D. C.

October 27, 1934.

My dear President Roosevelt:

While in the Presbyterian Hospital here I met Mr. Vincent De Luca who looks to be a mere boy. I saw pencil sketches he made of Doctors and Nurses there which were to me surprisingly excellent.

He told me of his intention to make a picture of you. This he did and brought it to me to see it last Thursday evening. I was so pleased with it that I suggested that he send it to you. Doubtless you will receive it the early part of this week.

He has ability and deserves credit for every thing he does. I understand his father died a week before he was born and his mother having almost nothing Vincent had to go to work very early to help her and himself to live. He impresses me as being an excellent young lad. A word to him that you have received the picture will be the finest inspiration he has ever had and it will mean the greatest delight to his mother.

I want again to tell you of my supreme appreciation of the marvelous things you are doing and having done in the interest of and for the personal good of not only every American, but of people everywhere. One of your very greatest immediate problems is the Oil Situation in this country. Thousands have almost all they have invested in Oil Securities and Oil Royalties and very many of them are suffering today because the terrible decline in their values. You have done the impossible in so many cases that I am sure you will quickly get the Oil situation corrected and things settled right.

Always with my very great personal admiration for you and the very greatest gratitude for all you have done and are doing, I am

Fraternally and sincerely yours,

George Walton King

✓

B. L. Dorsey, M.D.
1046 Wilshire Boulevard
Los Angeles, California

On November 1, 1934.

P.P.T.
9-8

Franklin Delano Roosevelt,
The President of the United States,
The White House,
Washington.

My dear Doctor Dorsey:

Your letter of October twenty-sixth with
enclosed memorandum has been received and I
want to assure you of the President's appre-
ciation of your thoughtful courtesy in send-
ing one of your devices to him.

Very sincerely yours,
the temples, where the hat
band presses upon the temporal arteries and auricular temporal
nerves.

M. A. LeHAND
Private Secretary

em

those whose skulls are now at this point are rarely bald.

Doctor B. L. Dorsey,
1046 Wilshire Boulevard,
Los Angeles,
California.

I have devised a scalp protector
the hat band, bridging over the temporal
arteries and veins for those whose falling hair is evidence of
a wide skull and eventual baldness.

Permit me to give you, herewith, a pair of my Scalp
Protectors for yourself or a friend, with my esteemed regards.

Very sincerely,

B. L. Dorsey, M.D.

TELEPHONE MICHIGAN 2844

B. L. DORSEY, M.D.

1046 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

Oct. 26, 1934

Franklin Delano Roosevelt,
The President of the United States,
The White House,
Washington, D.C.

*checked
11-1
en*

My Dear Sir:

Because of its previous impossibility of prevention or cure, the condition of baldness among men has been accepted with resignation.

By careful study I have demonstrated that its occurrence is due to the width of the skull at the temples, where the hat band presses upon the temporal arteries and auriculo temporal nerves.

Men with a wide skull at the temples are usually bald; those whose skulls are narrow at this point are rarely bald.

As a preventive of baldness I have devised a scalp protector that fits under the hat band, bridging over the temporal arteries and veins for those whose falling hair is evidence of a wide skull and eventual baldness.

Permit me to give you, herewith, a pair of my Scalp Protectors for yourself or a friend, with my esteemed respect.

Very sincerely,

B. L. Dorsey M.D.
B. L. Dorsey, M.D.

In America today the bald head is in greater evidence

TREATMENT FOR THE RELIEF OF

BALDNESS

B. L. Dorsey, M. D.

Remove all pressure over the temporal region. Give Nature a chance. Learn from the diagram the location of the principal blood vessels.

It is important to know that rubbing the veins and arteries crosswise retards circulation. Every hair has its individual blood supply, and these are known as capillaries, small, delicate tubes, one two-thousandth of an inch in diameter, thru which the blood cells, one three-thousandth of an inch in diameter, pass along.

The object of treatment is to dilate the veins and arteries which have been injured by long compression of the hat band.

The Block System, as originated by Dr. Dorsey, and conceded to be the most scientific treatment, is as follows:

Place the palmer surface of the first three fingers of the right hand gently but firmly over the temporal artery and vein, about 3 inches below the site of the hat band pressure.

Now move the fingers slowly but firmly upward about 3 inches. Then apply the fingers of the left hand in the same manner; release the fingers of the right hand and follow upward as before, with the fingers of the right hand. In other words use a constant upward pressure, and after a few passes the scalp tissues will be filled with blood.

Retain pressure just below the site of the hat band location. Now place the fingers of the right hand on top of the skull and press downward until the fingers of both hands touch. This form of massage will dilate the blood vessels and increase circulation. Reverse this procedure on opposite side.

Permit no violent rubbing or mechanical thumping machines.

A man, or woman, to obtain a permit to practice medicine, must spend four long, expensive years in a medical school. Then follows an internship in some hospital. After that he or she usually must become associated with some experienced physician or surgeon before feeling he or she is able to go out into the world and minister to the ailing.

It is a comparatively simple matter to join the legion of

Before using your hat, have Dr. Dorsey's Scalp Protector properly placed therein, bridging over the blood vessels, relieving arterial compression. This will also be a relief of frequent headaches of a heretofore unknown origin, which is now known to be due to the pressure of the hat band on the auriculo-temporal nerve.



A SCIENTIFIC

TREATMENT

FOR THE RELIEF OF

BALDNESS

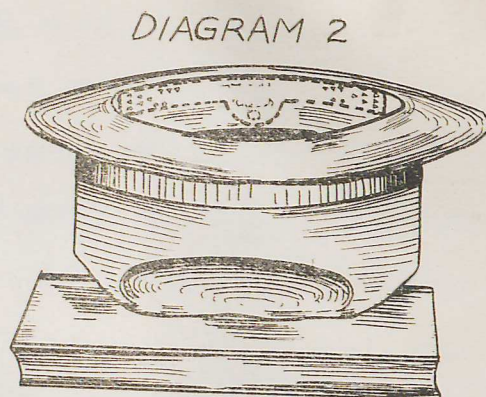
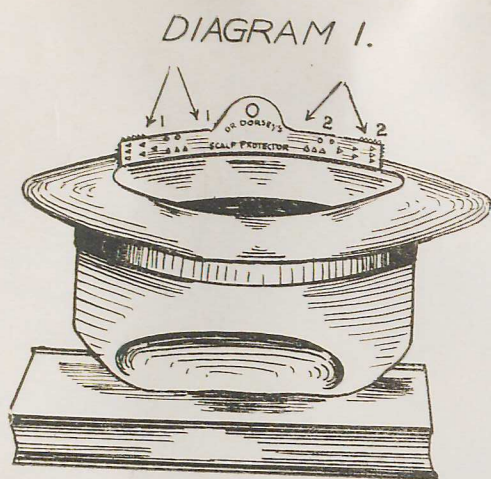
BY

B. L. DORSEY, M.D.

years of patient, intensive study and research are necessary to obtain a license to treat any other part of the human body.

A man, or woman, to obtain a permit to practice medicine, must spend four long, expensive years in a medical school. Then follows an internship in some hospital. After that he or she usually must become associated with some experienced physician or surgeon before feeling he or she is able to go out into the world and minister to the ailing.

It is a comparatively simple matter to join the legion of



DIRECTIONS.

See Diagrams 4 and 5, on pages 11 and 12, in the book, Baldness, Cause and Prevention. Locate pulse in the temporal artery in front of the ear. Mark location of artery on the hat band. Round hole in Scalp Protector should be in line with this mark.

Place the Scalp Protector on the rim of the hat in the position shown in Diagram 1. Bend the Protector slightly at points 1 and 2 until it conforms to the contour of the hat band as worn.

When this is done turn the Protector upside down and place it under the hat band in the position shown in Diagram 2. Press firmly until the small, projecting teeth at both ends of the Protector take hold in the fiber of the hat. It will then remain securely in position. Repeat this for the second Protector on the other side of the hat.

years of patient, intensive study and research are necessary to obtain a license to treat any other part of the human body.

A man, or woman, to obtain a permit to practice medicine, must spend four long, expensive years in a medical school. Then follows an internship in some hospital. After that he or she usually must become associated with some experienced physician or surgeon before feeling he or she is able to go out into the world and minister to the ailing.

It is a comparatively simple matter to join the legion of

In America today the bald head is in greater evidence than ever, notwithstanding that the scalp is receiving more attention than any other part of the human body.

Baldness might be considered an affliction of civilization, inasmuch as it is virtually unknown among savages.

And thousands of so-called scalp specialists are fleecing the gullible of millions of dollars annually. No class among the civilized is immune.

A shiny dome is not an asset to any man in his professional or social activities, and the loss of his hair is more embarrassing to some men than the gaining of weight to a woman. The greater a man's material means, the more he is able to pour out to the fakers. The living monuments to quackery are the bald-headed millions who have searched in vain for a cure without removing the cause, which, as I will later positively show, lies in the unsuspected hat.

A pity that virtually anyone may treat the scalp, while years of patient, intensive study and research are necessary to obtain a license to treat any other part of the human body.

A man, or woman, to obtain a permit to practice medicine, must spend four long, expensive years in a medical school. Then follows an internship in some hospital. After that he or she usually must become associated with some experienced physician or surgeon before feeling he or she is able to go out into the world and minister to the ailing.

It is a comparatively simple matter to join the legion of

those ministering to the scalp. The college medical education is not necessary. Neither is the internship in the hospital, nor the association with an experienced practitioner. Barbers, beauty parlor operators, and scores of other so-called professions include in their practice the treatment of the scalp. And the various treatments practiced by these so-called specialists are almost as numerous as are the specialists.

Some of them recommend massaging the scalp. Others recommend the application of a certain salve or oil. And still others raise their hands in horror at the mention of this same salve or oil.

And I defy any one of them to prove to me that he, or she, definitely has restored the hair to a bald-headed man through medication, massage or any of the other "cures" now practiced.

Such eminent authors as Sabouraud, Sutton, Lord and others are at variance regarding the cause of baldness, but they are in unison concerning the results, and all regret that no treatment developed up to the present time seems to be of value.

Even the eminent members of the surgeon general's office, United States Department of Public Health, Washington, D. C., are at a loss concerning remedial measures. Witness the following excerpt from a recent letter addressed to me by that office:

"There is no remedy known which will certainly cause the hair to grow or which might be a specific remedy for baldness."

No one can truthfully question the sincerity of purpose or the value of the service rendered by the qualified experts in the above mentioned office. If any definite cure for baldness actually

existed, surely the surgeon general's office, United States Department of Public Health, would know of it.

Yet scores of so-called cures are blatantly advertised daily in our educational journals. They include mineral, animal, vegetable and glandular extracts; electricity, mechanical massaging machines, and scores of other devices, some costing considerable money, others comparatively inexpensive.

Why, if even one of the scores of "Cures" possesses one iota of merit, do the symptoms grow more alarming daily. Surely, if anyone ever had discovered a definite cure for baldness, the millions afflicted with the strange malady long ago would have discovered and joyfully welcomed the remedy.

But no, quite the contrary, in spite of the scores of "remedies", baldness is becoming more common daily.

Among the causes of baldness advanced in the past, might be mentioned lack of ventilation, heredity, microbes, water, perspiration, diet, nervousness and even excessive use of the brain.

First, we should consider the human scalp, inasmuch as the male and female scalps are identical, differing in size only. The microscope, to the trained eye, shows no difference in structure, in the skin, or hair, or glands, male or female. The ductless glands today are attracting much attention as a possible cause of baldness, yet the microscope shows they are identical in both sexes.

Another of the most frequently discussed of the so-called causes of baldness at the present time is the lack of care and the unhygienic condition of the scalp. However, how often do we see a

bald-headed Indian, to whom a shampoo, until quite recently, was virtually unknown. On the other hand, of our doctors, lawyers, and preachers, who shampoo their locks religiously, forty per cent are bald. Is it possible that they are in need of sanitary instruction.

I marvel at the barber, who, although he has on his shelves every known "sure cure" for dandruff and falling hair, with their pleasing odors, alluring labels and money-back guarantees, is bald himself. Is it possible that he has over-indulged in treatment

It must be admitted, however, that the bald-headed barber, who sells a bald-headed man, or a man growing bald, a "sure-cure" for baldness, certainly has justifiable claims for super-salesmanship.

For those who consider the lack of ventilation the cause of baldness, let me point out the Eskimo, among which people I spent considerable time in my younger days. When an Eskimo infant is ushered into the world a seal-skin cap is immediately clapped upon its damp head. He continues to wear a similar soft head-covering throughout life, eating, working, sleeping in it. Yet, who ever saw a bald-headed Eskimo?

If heredity is the cause, why do women escape? A brother and sister have common ancestors, yet the brother may be bald while the sister is not.

Too frequent use of water often is blamed for a bald head. Yet the natives who dive for coins when your steamship enters Honolulu harbor spend hours in the water each day. I searched unavailingly among them for a bald head.

If perspiration is the cause, why is it that the woman who has labored in an overheated kitchen for thirty years still has a vigorous growth of hair? Or the stout person whose armpits have been bathed in perspiration year after year still retains a normal growth of hair in that region?

In families where brother, sister, mother and father partake of the same food, if diet is a cause of baldness, why are only the males affected?

If nervousness is a cause, again I am at a loss to know why women are not similarly affected.

Again, to use women as a basis of comparison, if excessive use of the brain is responsible for baldness, is it possible that the female brain has been lying dormant these many years?

Dandruff is common to both sexes. Why should it destroy the hair of the male and not injure that of the female?

We arrive at the inevitable conclusion that the anatomy of the male and female heads are identical except in size. Also, that any germ or disease found in the male scalp may be found in the female scalp. Yet, men are bald-headed, and women are not.

WHY? The explanation is simple. Woman's hair --long, fluffy, soft-- has been her salvation. It has formed a protecting mattress lacking to men. But I am convinced that if women continue to clip their hair short -- a style much in vogue in the recent past, they too, soon will join the procession of the bald-heads to the fakers, booming the business of those persons to unthought of heights.

I present a new departure in the cause and prevention of baldness which is based on craniometry -- the study of the skull --dissection of many human scalps, histological examination and thirty years of clinical investigation.

Clinical investigation of baldness heretofore has been confined to the scalp and constitutional diseases. Craniometry has not been considered.

Men constantly are becoming bald, and I defy any pathologist to demonstrate any form of disease whatsoever that definitely can be proved to be a common cause of permanent baldness.

Unable to substantiate the present versions concerning baldness, I cite no references and quote no authority. My knowledge is based on actual investigation conducted by myself and none others.

Baldness, for which the technical name is cranial alopecia, is of two distinct types -- the congenital type, extremely rare and for which no effective remedy has ever been found, and the acquired type. One form of the acquired type is that known as alopecia areata, or baldness in spots.

The congenital type might be classified with the two-headed cow or the twelve-fingered man. It is definitely freakish in nature, rare in occurrence and persons suffering from this type of baldness are born without hair.

Many infants, of course, are born apparently bald-headed, or lose their hair soon after birth. But it quickly reappears. Baldness of the congenital type, however, never is corrected.

The acquired type of baldness is that which appears

later in life, usually after the age of eighteen, but sometimes earlier.

Often, following causes of severe illness, particularly those featured by high fever, there is a temporary loss of hair, even in women, but normally after a few months of convalescence, a new growth appears and is as healthy and as abundant as before, sometimes more so.

This type may be disregarded entirely in considering the cause and correction of baldness, inasmuch as it is attributable to high temperature and rarely becomes permanent.

Alopecia areata is another type of baldness which may be disregarded in this article, but it will bear passing mention.

Alopecia areata occurs, shiny patches of the scalp become devoid of hair. Left strictly to nature, the hair, except in extremely rare cases, soon reappears, no matter what, if any, the treatment.

However, a young middle-aged male or female -- for this type of baldness does not confine itself exclusively to the genus homo -- afflicted with alopecia areata seldom loses any time in consulting a so-called "scalp specialist" or in purchasing some of the various "remedies" for baldness now flooding the market.

The hair reappears, naturally, during treatment, or in spite of it. The victim -- and I use the term literally -- is pleased beyond expression. He either write a testimonial, or, if he is backward in his expressed praise, one is solicited, and usually obtained, by the manufacturer of the "remedy" or the "scalp

specialist." And the manufacturer or specialist is not hesitant to let the rest of the world know of the "cure".

Again, let us consider the common type of baldness -- that which is acquired and the one with which we are dealing.

I refer now to those millions of unfortunates who are losing their hair and where no freakish or diseased condition exists. In other words, the victim enjoys the best of health in every respect, but, for some reason hitherto unknown, the hair is gradually disappearing from his scalp.

The medical books refer to this type of baldness as "alopecia prematura" or "alopecia paracitica", etc. In other words, "baldness due to causes arising within one's self" or "baldness due to parasites or germs."

Anatomical dissection of the scalp definitely changes the diagnosis to "alopecia traumatica" -- baldness due to injury.

That, my lengthy investigation has definitely shown. Baldness is not due to parasites, dandruff, perspiration, nervousness, glandular defects, excessive use of the brain, nor to any of the scores of other causes to which it at present is attributed.

It is due, simply, to an injury -- an injury to the blood vessels carrying the life stream to the scalp. An injury to the temporal arteries and veins, mounting to the scalp -- outside the skull -- by way of the temples, directly in front of the ears, where the tissue is less than one-quarter inch thick.

This injury, I have ascertained, is caused by the pressure of the hat-band upon the temples, causing almost complete collapse,

in due time, of the temporal arteries and veins and reducing the flow of the nourishing fluid to the hair roots to a small fraction of the normal.

Continued pressure upon the hose in your garden will result in the vegetables getting a diminishing supply of water. If this condition is not remedied, your vegetables will perish.

So it is with the hair.

When the temporal arteries and veins collapse and eventually become constricted and deliver a diminished supply of blood to the scalp, the minute hair roots lacking nourishment, die. The hair falls out. Nothing under the sun will restore it.

Your garden may be reseeded, but the hair roots, once they are dead are irreplaceable. One might just as well endeavor to replace an amputated finger.

The simplest proof of the veracity of these statements is to be found in the fact that baldness occurs only on that part of the skull covered by the hat. It rarely becomes total. There always remains a fringe of hair at the base of the skull, covering the back of the head and sometimes extending forward across the temples. This portion of the skull is served, as the accompanying illustrations, Figs. 4 and 5, will show, by different arteries and veins, the posterior auricular and the occipital, which obviously can not be affected by pressure of the hat band.

The hair remains on the temples simply because it is below the point of hatband pressure upon the temporal blood vessels.

In this connection it will readily be seen that women do

not suffer baldness simply because their hair, worn long until the so-called "boyish bob" came into vogue, forms a protecting mattress over the temporal arteries and veins, eliminating the danger of collapse of these vessels. Also women do not customarily wear a tight-fitting hat containing a stiff band.

I repeat that if the gentler sex continues to emulate the male of the species in hair and hat fashions, they, too, soon will be displaying shiny domes.

It might also be pointed out, in this connection, that men in higher stations of life are more prone to baldness because they are able to purchase new hats more frequently than their less fortunate brethren. The band in a new hat naturally is less yielding than that in an older head-covering and exerts a stronger pressure against the temporal blood vessels.

This explains, also, the reason why the savage is not bald. He has never worn a hat. Neither did the Indian, until recently. And even now his hat usually is old and battered, offering small chance of injury to the temporal arteries and veins unless it is exceptionally tight.

The Eskimo is not bald because his head covering is soft and lacks a stiff band inside. The Polynesian of the Hawaiian Islands has gone hatless for centuries.

The question naturally comes to your mind: "Why are some men bald while others are not?"

The explanation lies in the shape of the skull. Bald-headed men are those with skulls shaped so the broadest part occurs

through the temples, forcing the temporal blood vessels out in such a fashion that they become easy prey to the hatband.

Simple reasoning suffices to convince that the hatband of a man whose head is broadest through the temples will press hardest over the temporal arteries and veins.

Narrow-headed men, or men whose skulls are shaped in such a fashion that the temporal blood vessels escape the pressure of the hatband, carry a vigorous growth of hair throughout life. It may, and usually does turn grey or white, but it stays with them. Let us consider Figs. 1 and 2:

The figures represent the greatest horizontal area of the skulls of two actual subjects. They were obtained with an instrument known as the conformator, the use of which is illustrated by myself in Fig. 3, Page 12, and for which we are indebted to the French. The conformator truthfully reproduces, in miniature, the shape of any skull.

Fig. 1 (see next page) represents the horizontal circumference of the skull of a man 64 years of age at the approximate point where the hatband rests. This subject has a perfect head of hair, snow white, it is true, but vigorous, nevertheless.

Fig. 2 is a similar reproduction of the skull of a young man 24 years of age and having the same approximate amount of hair on his scalp as the proverbial billiard ball.

The arrows on the two figures indicate the approximate points where the temporal arteries and veins must pass beneath the hatbands.

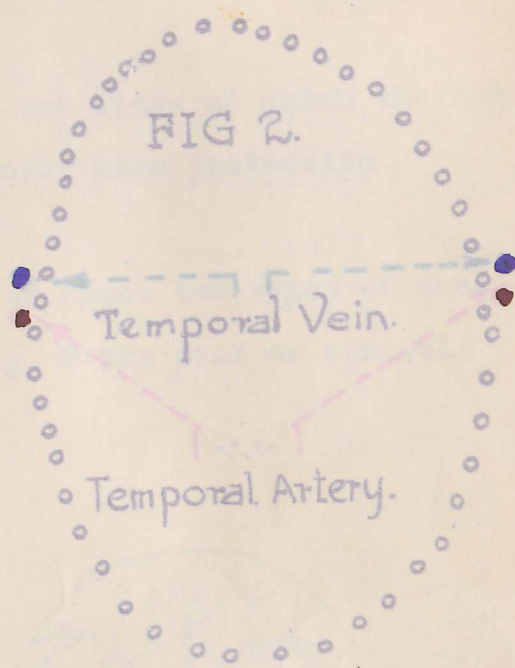
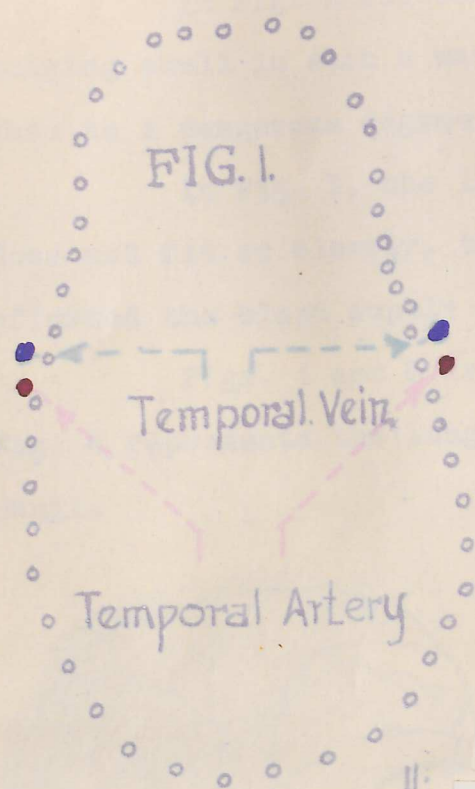


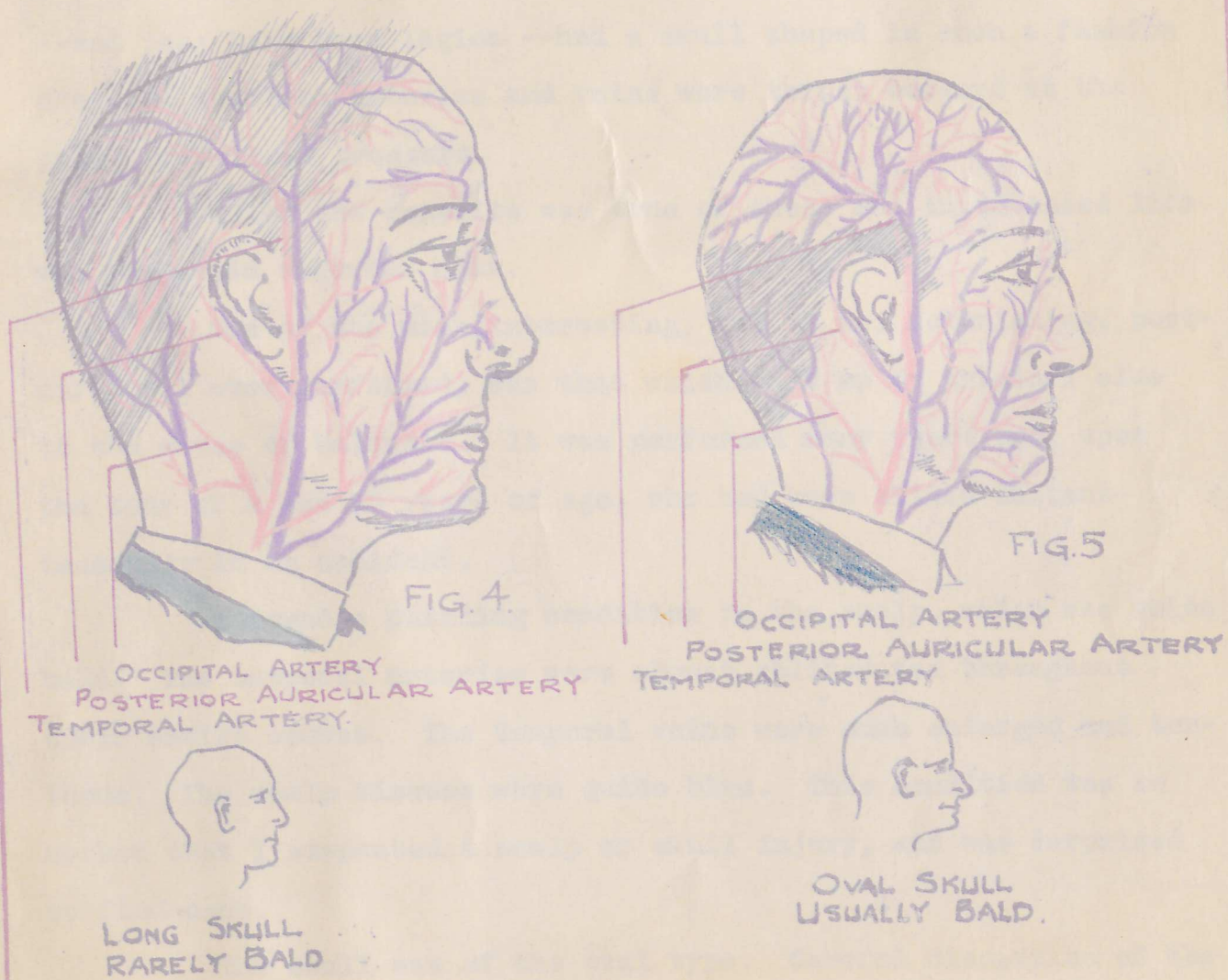
FIG 3
THE CONFORMATOR.



In Fig. 2 the temporal arteries and veins travel over the bulging skull in such a manner that a hat cannot help but compress them to a dangerous degree.

In Fig. 1, the long skull, on the sides of which the hat does not fit so closely, there is obviously more protection afforded the blood supply of the scalp.

Figs. 4 and 5 are side views of these two types of skull. Fig. 4 represents the long skull and Fig. 5 the oval or conical skull.



In Fig. 5 note that the upper part of the scalp is devoid of hair, the temporal artery (red) being constricted, or smaller, above the point of hatband pressure. The vein (purple) is much larger above this point, due to retention of venous blood by the pressure upon the temple. The hair -- and the arteries and veins --back of the ears, as I previously pointed out, are normal, because there is no external pressure upon the blood vessels serving that area.

In other words, every bald-headed man I have ever examined --and they have been legion --had a skull shaped in such a fashion that the temporal arteries and veins were thrust outward at the point of hatband pressure.

Quite the opposite was true of those men in advanced life who possessed vigorous hair.

One of the most interesting, and to me, astonishing, post-mortems I ever performed, was that which gave me my original clue to the cause of baldness. It was performed many years ago, upon the body of a man 25 years of age, who had been killed instantaneously in an accident.

I found a puzzling condition in the scalp, which was quite bald. The temporal arteries were almost obliterated throughout their entire course. The temporal veins were much enlarged and tortuous. The scalp tissues were quite blue. This condition was so marked that I suspected a scalp or skull injury, and was surprised to find none.

The skull was of the oval type. Careful dissection of the

temporal region, and questioning of the individuals who had found and taken charge of the body, disclosed the cause of the peculiar scalp condition.

I learned the man's hat had not been removed until several hours after his death. As a consequence, the scalp condition at the time of the autopsy was identically the same as at the moment of death.

It was obvious to me that this man's hat at all times prevented free circulation of blood in the scalp. It struck me that therein lay the explanation of baldness.

In fact, no other explanation could have been possible with this particular subject. The autopsy showed conclusively that the man enjoyed perfect health prior to his accident.

I have determined, also, that in any portion of the body where free circulation of the blood is impaired the hair soon disappears.

The man who wears a tight garter will be surprised to find that he has no hair on his leg below the point where the garter fits.

For several years I have successfully prescribed a snug-fitting garter for women suffering a super-abundance of hair below the knees.

About three inches below the knees the internal and external saphenus veins are near the surface and are easily compressed by wearing a snug-fitting garter at that point, and the hair soon disappears. No harm can possibly result as these blood vessels are superficial in nature.

To return to the bald head, however, I repeat there is no treatment of value. It is not possible to restore the hair when the blood vessels have been injured and the hair roots destroyed.

Medicine taken internally or applied externally is absolutely useless. The only treatment of any avail is to protect the hair still remaining, if any. Remove the cause of baldness by preventing even the slightest pressure over the temporal region. Merely stretching the hat is not sufficient, as the point of contact over the temples remains the same, inasmuch as the hat will quickly resume its original shape when placed on the head.

The removal of the cause of baldness lies in the ability of the manufacturer to devise a type of head covering slightly more convex at the point of contact over the temporal region, bridging over the temporal blood vessels to permit normal circulation. without perceptibly distorting the shape of the hat.

Such a hat will be welcomed with avidity by the man with the oval skull, who can certainly anticipate baldness if he persists in wearing the present type of headgear.

In the future, when proper protection is given the blood supply of the scalp, we can be confident of seeing no more bald-headed men than women.

* - - E N D - - *

Copyright 1934
by
Benjamin L. Dorsey M.D.
1046 Wilshire Blvd.,
Los Angeles, Calif.

2769 M
OFFICE TELEPHONE 4153

HOME TELEPHONE 2769-M

ANNA G. W. DAYLEY
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

166 South Avenue
STRAND BUILDING
POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y.

Mr. Spingarn, of Amenia, said that President Roosevelt knew all about daguerreotypes. Some said this was Lincoln and his wife; others that it was Hendrick Hudson. It is old enough to be a Lincoln as a young man. One has to hold it under the light at an angle to tell what it is.

pp7
92
The photographer Smith said he could make a picture from it and that it was on some kind of silver plate. If you care to add it to any collection you have, I gladly contribute it for all it is worth.

Anna G. W. Dayley

To

The best President the U.S.A has ever had.

P.P.F.
92

November 2, 1934.

Dear Miss Dayley:-

The President had photographs made of the daguerreotype which you sent to him. He then sent the daguerreotype, together with the photographs, to the Library of Congress asking if they could tell us whether it was Lincoln or Hendrick Hudson. Their reply, which I am enclosing, is self-explanatory.

As these are not historical figures, the President thought you might like the daguerreotype returned and he is also sending you a photograph of it. He is keeping the other one.

Very sincerely yours,

M. A. Le Hand
PRIVATE SECRETARY

Miss Anna G. W. Dayley,
166 South Street,
Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

✓

Library of Congress
Office of the Executive Assistant
Washington

October 29, 1934

Dear Mr. Forster:

I am very sorry but we have not been successful with the daguerreotype.

Dr. Holland, the Chief of the Division of Fine Arts of the Library, tells me that "identification can be dated by the costumes shown as within a few years of 1850, probably between 1850-1855. There is no resemblance to Abraham Lincoln who, incidentally, was at that time older than the young man depicted.

"The picture is probably one of bride and groom taken shortly after marriage. Who they are it is impossible to say, since the young man does not resemble any public character of the period, so far as we have been able to discover."

I am returning the daguerreotype and the photographic prints with this note.

Very sincerely yours,

Allen R. Boyd
Executive Assistant

Mr. Rudolph Forster
Executive Clerk
The White House

Original sent to Miss Dayley

November 8, 1934

Respectfully referred to the
Reconstruction Finance Corpora-
tion for consideration and advice
to Mr. Driest.

LOUIS McH. HOWE
Secretary to the President

mgs

Charles ^xDriest, Marlboro, N.J., Nov. 5. Writer needs financial assistance
in the form of a loan. He is a manufacturer of surgical instruments.
Sends Pres. a fine pair of barber shears with the hope that he'll
have his next haircut made with them.^x

Charles Driest, Esq.,
Marlboro,
New Jersey.

November 8, 1934

My dear Mr. Driest:

Your letter of November fifth has been received. While your thoughtfulness in sending the enclosed shears to the President is very much appreciated he does not feel that they can be accepted. I am therefore re- turning them to you under separate cover.

Your letter is being brought to the attention of the officials of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

Very sincerely yours,

M. A. LeHAND
Private Secretary

Charles Driest, Esq.,
Marlboro,
New Jersey.

mgs

Hen. Franklin D. Roosevelt,
President U.S.A.,
Washington, D.C.

ackd
11-12
em

Dear Mr. Roosevelt:

Here's to the Blue-Eaglet
This ring is a product of my own ingenuity. It was
made in honor of the discovery of the N.R.A.

Please except this little token with my best regards
and I am for you 100%.

Signed

John Dulaney
Berger, Texas

Very sincerely yours,

M. A. LeHAND
Private Secretary

John Dulaney, Esq.,
Berger, Texas.

em

pp7.

pp7.
9-8

These except this little taken with my post
age in New York of the gift of the
this time to a friend of the Navy.
Here's to the Blue Bird.
Dear Mr. Roosevelt:
Washington, D.C.
November 12, 1934.
William D. Roosevelt.

November 12, 1934.

My dear Mr. Dulaney:

Your note has been received and I
want to thank you in the President's
behalf for your thoughtfulness in send-
ing the enclosed token to him.

Very sincerely yours,

M. A. LeHAND
Private Secretary

John Dulaney, Esq.,
Berger,
Texas.

em

pp. 7.
9-10

November 19, 1934

pp7.
9-10

My dear Senator Duffy:

Your letter of November fourteenth and the Mallard Ducks which you were good enough to send to the President were received before his departure for his visit to the Tennessee Valley and Warm Springs. He has asked me to assure you of his appreciation of your thoughtfulness.

Very sincerely yours,

LOUIS McH. HOWE
Secretary to the President

Honorable F. Ryan Duffy,
United States Senate,
Washington, D. C.

mgs

RECEIVED

FFY
NSIN

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, D. C.

NOVEMBER FOURTEENTH 1934.

Ac'd 11/19/34

rec'd 11/14 + sent to Louie

Honorable Franklin D. Roosevelt,
The White House,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. President:

I am sending to you by messenger, some Greenhead Mallard Ducks,
which I shot in Illinois.

On my way to Washington, driving by auto, I stopped at the famous Cuba Island, located at the junction of the Sangamon and Illinois Rivers, in what I consider the finest hunting grounds in the Middle West. This Lodge is owned by a very dear friend of mine, Mr. Lou Barkhausen, of Chicago, who formerly resided in Wisconsin. I was happy to accept his invitation to indulge in some mallard shooting. I consider that these birds are splendid specimens of our Middle West mallard, and hope you will enjoy them.

Very sincerely,

F. Ryan Duffy
F. RYAN DUFFY.

