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THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 17, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR BOB CARLESON

FROM: MORTON C. BLACKWELL



SUBJECT: Pro-Life List

Per your request, here is a list of the names and addresses of the invitees to the President's January 21 Cabinet Room meeting with pro-life leaders.

I am sure these people will be pleased to receive from you a notice of the new regulations and the new 800 number emergency hot line.

Enclosure

1983

ATTENDEES - Cabinet Room Meeting with Pro-Life Leaders

Friday, January 21, 1983

John D. Beckett, President P.O. Box 0 216-327-1060
Intercessors for America Elyria, Ohio 44305

Judie Brown, PACS. P.O. Box 490 703-659-4171
American Life Lobby Stafford, Va. 22554

Paul Brown 6 Library Court S.E. 542-5550
Life Amendment PAC Wash. D.C. 20003

Dr. Jerry Falwell Natl Capital Office 804-528-4112
The Moral Majority 500 Alleghany Ave. Lynchburg, Va. 24501

Mrs. Sandra Faucher, Director RFD 6, Box 1190 207-622-7329
National Right to Life PAC Augusta, Maine 04330

Peter Nassetta 101 Park Wash. Court 703-636-7650
National Pro-Life PAC Falls Church, Va. 22046

Dennis Horan, Chairman 69 West Washington 312-263-5029
Americans United for Life Chicago, Ill. 60602

John Mackey 605 14th St. N.W., Wash. 20005 347-8686
Ad Hoc Committee in Defense of Life

Ed McAteer, President P.O. Box 11467, 3295 Poplar Ave. 901-458-3795
The Religious Roundtable Memphis, Tenn. 38111

Mark Gallagher 1707 L St. N.W. Wash. 20036 785-8061
National Committee for a Human Life Amendment

Prof. Victor Rosenblum 230 N. Michigan Ave 312-649-8443
Americans United for Life Chicago, Ill. 60611

Dr. Jack Willke 419 17th St. N.W., Wash 20004 638-4396 OR 97
National Right to Life Committee OR 513-541-3473

Dr. Mildred Jefferson P.O. Box #7, Back Bay Annex 617-437-1960
Right to Life Crusade Boston, Mass 02117

Mrs. Geline Williams 335 Oak Lanes, Richmond, Va. 804-282-7854
National Right to Life Committee 23226

Rev. Curtis Young 422 C St. N.E. 544-1720
Christian Action Council Wash. D.C. 20002

Mr. David O'Steen 4249 Nicollet Ave. 612-825-6831
Committee for a Pro-Life Congress Minneapolis, Minn. 55409

Mrs. Randy Engel *Box 315* 412-327-7379
 U.S. Coalition for Life *EXPORT, Pa. 15632*
 Gordon Jones *P.O. Box 1098*
 United Families of America *Arlington Va. 22206*
 Mrs. Denise Cocciolone *686 N. Broad St. 609-845-4441*
 Birthright *Woodbury N. J. 08096* *WASH 20036*
 Dr. William Pierce *Suite 326*
 National Committee for Adoption / *346 CONNECTICUT AVE N. W*
463-7559 *212-645-0536 or 336-4636*
 Rabbi Lewis Y. Levin *1204 Ave. U, #8 Brooklyn, N.Y. 11229*
 Jewish Coalition for Traditional American Values
 Mrs. Ann O'Donnell *10050 Conway Rd. 314-997-4148*
 Missouri Citizens for Life *St. Louis, Missouri 63124*
 Miss Nellie Gray *P.O. Box 2950 547-6721*
 March for Life Committee *Wash. 20013* *547-6721 or (H) 250-6913*
 Albert Lesperance *P.O. Box 1319, Wash. DC. 20013*
 March for Life Education Division
 Michael L. Foley *P.O. Box 1207 547-6721*
 Rose PAC *Wash. D.C. 20013*

The Honorable Donald Devine, Director
 Office of Personnel Management

The Honorable Margaret Heckler
 Secretary Designate, Health and Human Services

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 17, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR FAITH RYAN WHITTLESEY

FROM: MORTON C. BLACKWELL *MB*
SUBJECT: Interview for Fortune Magazine

Peter Bernstein from Fortune Magazine would like an interview with me. He is doing a piece on your appointment to the President's staff.

He has a deadline for the end of this week.

APPROVED: _____

DISAPPROVED: _____

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 17, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR FAITH RYAN WHITTLESEY

FROM: MORTON C. BLACKWELL *me/b/c*
SUBJECT: Inquiry from Washington Times Reporter

Ed Jacoby, a reporter for the Washington Times called this afternoon and wants me to answer some questions regarding the President's appointment of Helen Marie Taylor to the Board of the Corporation for Public Broadcasting. It seems the holdup on her confirmation was discussed at the Library Court meeting this morning. (Library Court is the coalition of pro-family organizations chaired by Connie Marshner.)

I am familiar with the situation. Mrs. Taylor has been a generous contributor to most major conservative organizations. She is the largest, or one of the largest contributors to John Fisher's American Security Council which is the organizer of the Coalition for Peace through Strength.

I think it is very important that we not refuse White House comment on Mrs. Taylor. That would appear to be backing away from a strong conservative and a very strong Reagan supporter. It is widely known that she was not only a Reagan alternate delegate from Virginia to the National Convention, but that she brought a group of volunteers up to the 1980 New Hampshire Republican Primary in the President's behalf.

If the Press Office is disinclined to let me talk to Jacoby, I suggest that they designate someone in the Personnel office to express continued support for this nominee of the President's.

He wants to cover this story for tomorrow morning's paper, so a quick turnaround on this request would be helpful.

APPROVED: _____

DISAPPROVED: _____

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 23, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR GREG BUTLER, CSFC

FROM: MORTON C. BLACKWELL 
SUBJECT: Proposed Changes in the Federal Election Law

I was sorry to hear that Senator Humphrey's office could not find the files from our 1980 battle against the Obey-Railsback Bill.

From my files I have been able to extract the following:

1. A letter from Senator Humphrey to business and trade association leaders which encouraged them to oppose Obey-Railsback.
2. An op ed piece by Senator Humphrey against Obey-Railsback which ran, I believe, in the Washington Post.
3. A listing of proposed amendments to be introduced for votes if Obey-Railsback had reached the Senate floor.
4. A draft substitute amendment to the proposed bill for campaign financing for congressional elections.

The long list of proposed amendments was utilized in 1980. We actually drafted legislative language on all of the marked proposals. The actual amendments for each proposal should be in Senator Humphrey's 1980 files. Then we leaked the list and the text of draft amendments to liberal offices. The result was that Obey-Railsback never was brought up for Senate consideration.

Now that you have this material, it might be possible for someone in Senator Humphrey's office to find the fat file which actually includes the draft language for all of the amendments. This would save a lot of time and effort.

By the way, almost all of the amendments were drafted by Mike Hammond.

GORDON J. HUMPHREY
NEW HAMPSHIRE

4203 DIRKSEN SENATE OFFICE BUILDING
(202) 224-2841

NEW HAMPSHIRE TOLL FREE NUMBER
1-800-562-3838

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20510

COMMITTEES:
ARMED SERVICES
LABOR AND HUMAN
RESOURCES
VETERANS' AFFAIRS

February 1, 1980

Dear Business Leader:

The U.S. Senate may be on the verge of a lightning strike against your political rights in the next two weeks.

The highly controversial Obey-Railsback proposal which was tacked on to bill S. 832 by the House last October is liable to be called up for Senate consideration at any time. Unless you get active right away in the fight against Obey-Railsback, we could lose this battle. And once this battle is lost, the anti-business forces will have a victory from which the productive business community may never recover.

What is at stake is nothing less than your right to take citizen action to defend yourself against the ravages of big government.

Enclosed with this letter is my analysis of how Obey-Railsback would limit and regulate your ability to support pro-business candidates. The long-term decline of citizen participation in the election process is at last starting to be countered by a rise in voluntary citizen action. That is why organized labor and Common Cause are making a mighty effort to clamp down on your political freedom.

I view Obey-Railsback as nothing less than an effort by those most responsible for big government to keep their prey in the private sector from organizing resistance.

I urge you to read my attached analysis. In summary, a routine Federal Election Commission authorization bill, S. 832, was ambushed in the House and amended by an anti-business coalition to include a dangerous package of restrictions on political action committees and candidates for the House.

As my analysis explains, these new restrictions would be a bonanza of advantages for incumbents. Every single provision of the Obey-Railsback package would consolidate the

power of the incumbent, liberal Democratic majorities in the Congress.

If you agree with my view that Obey-Railsback would be a disaster to every American's political freedoms, I urge you to start generating communications against this bill to every U.S. Senator who may listen to you.

Here is the status of the bill. Common Cause claims the Democratic leadership will bring Obey-Railsback before the Senate early this year. When that happens, Senator Mark Hatfield, the ranking Republican on the Senate Rules Committee, will move that the bill be referred to the Rules Committee. That will be the first test vote. If the Hatfield motion fails to get a majority, an immediate filibuster is very likely. Obey-Railsback supporters will then need the votes of 60 Senators to shut off debate.

Another test would come if the bill is sent to the Rules Committee. The Rules Committee might fail to remove all the dangerous provisions from S. 832. If the bill which reaches the Senate floor still contains provisions of Obey-Railsback, we have more than fifty amendments already drafted. Lengthy debate would ensue. The bill's proponents would move promptly to invoke cloture to shut off debate. At that point we would need forty-one Senators to keep debate going as long as necessary to stop this bill.

This will be a hard-fought battle. There is little Senate enthusiasm for this bill, but the anti-business forces will work up a frenzy which could beat us by a few votes if we don't do our job now.

I know we can stop Obey-Railsback if there is a public outcry directed against this bill.

Here is what I urge you to do:

1. Write, telegraph or phone any Senator who may listen to you. Tell your Senators why you oppose Obey-Railsback. Even if you wrote to Senators last year about this bill, contact them again, as soon as possible. It's a new year and the anti-business forces are putting the heat on again.

2. Ask your Senators to do two things if this bill comes up:

- a. Support the Hatfield motion to refer S. 832 to the Rules Committee.
- b. Vote against any attempt to cut off Senate debate on this bill.

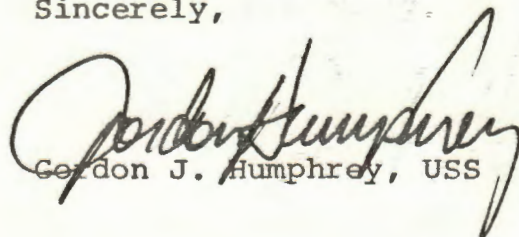
3. It would be a help if you would send me copies of your messages to Senators and keep me posted on the progress you make getting pledges from Senators a) to support Senator Hatfield's motion and b) to vote against cloture as long as necessary to kill this bill.

4. If you have contacts with any newspaper, please urge the editor to oppose Obey-Railsback strongly. If the editor wishes, any paper is welcome to publish my analysis. Better still, strong local editorials on this subject could cause many voters to contact their Senators and convince them to join our fight against this bill.

If we stop Obey-Railsback this year, our victory will probably stand for several years. The rising participation of so many new people in the election process should work more changes in the makeup of the Congress. We cannot afford to fail.

With warmest regards, I am

Sincerely,



Gordon J. Humphrey, USS

P.S. I hope you will take action against Obey-Railsback today. The bill may come up any day now, but strong opposition right now might stop the bill for good.

Enclosure

OBEY-RAILSBACK: Another Restriction on Citizen Action

by Senator Gordon J. Humphrey

If it weren't so tragic, it would be funny. In a period when political participation is declining all across the United States, we are about to fight a major battle in the U.S. Senate over proposed new limits and controls over citizen action in politics.

The fight will be over S.832, a Senate-passed bill which was non-controversial until it was grabbed and mauled in a sudden fight in the U.S. House. Without a minute of House committee hearings and with severely limited debate even on the House floor itself, this amended version of S.832 was sent back to the Senate for our consideration.

The changes wrought in the bill by the House were largely authored by Congressmen David Obey (D-Wis.) and Tom Railsback (R-Ill.), and the altered proposal is now generally known as the Obey-Railsback bill. Principal lobbying support for the Obey-Railsback bill comes from Common Cause and organized labor.

After their narrow margin of victory in the House last October, its supporters hinted repeatedly that Obey-Railsback would be brought up immediately in the Senate by Majority Leader Senator Robert Byrd. But in the end-of-session crush, other bills were given priority.

Now Common Cause, in its November-December newsletter, suggests the skids are greased and claims "a vote is likely early in 1980." I hope not. This bill needs careful scrutiny by the Senate Rules Committee and may require lengthy debate on the Senate floor.

Furthermore, there should be a national debate on the wisdom of restricting citizen political participation.

The Senate is more difficult to stampede than the House. Before any vote on this bill in the Senate, I believe there will be, and there should be, an

After more than a generation of declining citizen participation in the election process, many people are starting to wake up. A healthy crop of new activity is springing up all across the country. Political action committees (PACs) are being formed as a means by which citizens can voluntarily combine their efforts and become effective in the political process. Literally thousands of competing, diverse PACs are drawing hundreds of thousands of Americans into meaningful political participation for the first time in their lives.

This badly needed growth in citizen action is precisely what Obey-Railsback is designed to stop.

For many years, organized labor had a virtual monopoly in the PAC field. The unions used their PACs with great success. There were no cries for cutting the power of PACs when the unions were dominant in the PAC field. Only now, when businesses, professional associations and other voluntary groups not tied to labor unions are just starting to form PACs in large numbers does the liberal Democratic majority in the Congress start trying to change the rules in order to limit PAC effectiveness.

Precisely because non-union PACs are an area of new growth, organized labor and the coalition which is responsible for the growth of big government fear that their long-running success in electing advocates of big government may be ending.

They are willing to apply restrictions to union and non-union PACs because they well realize that the union PACs are only a tiny fraction of the political clout of Big Labor. Obey-Railsback will in no way affect the use of compulsory union dues money for selective voter registration, selective get-out-the-vote drives, and massive political communications to households of union members. It is no coincidence that the major sources of union political power are not touched at all by this anti-PAC bill.

groups. Corporate contributions to federal candidates are already strictly forbidden. What this provision would do is cripple the ability of candidates to solicit large numbers of small contributions and volunteers.

Republican and conservative candidates have proved to be rather successful at getting volunteers and small, private contributions through the mail. This \$1,000 credit limit proposal would disrupt the normal business arrangements of candidates with printers and suppliers and thus dry up an important source of citizen action obtained through mail solicitation of small gifts and volunteer work. Another clear plus for the liberal Democratic majorities in Congress.

The \$35,000 repayment limitation on loans from a candidate to his campaign committee is another big plus for incumbents. Challengers routinely lend substantial funds to their campaign committees in hopes of being repaid after their efforts begin to attract public attention and support.

Incumbents have instant access to campaign funds from party committees and many other sources and, thus, very seldom have to lend much money to their reelection campaigns.

This \$35,000 repayment limitation would not affect the very wealthy challengers for whom even \$100,000 or \$200,000 is small potatoes. But the average, middle class candidate might have to choose between two nasty alternatives: never getting his campaign off the ground or, in the

The Obey-Railsback package would not only limit citizen action in election politics. This bill would tend to discredit the concept of private, voluntary contributions. Increased controversy and reduced amounts of legally permissible private funds would build pressure for taxpayer campaign financing. And that dangerous system, in which candidates would have to go to bureaucrats to get tax money for their campaigns, is what the Obey-Railsback supporters freely admit they are eventually aiming for.

Federal election law is already too complex. Virtually everyone in politics finds it impossible to comply with the confusing and changing decisions of the Federal Election Commission. Selective enforcement of the law is already a chilling reality.

We need no more laws to limit citizen action. We do not need to protect the electorate from itself. Full campaign finance disclosure is already required by law. This disclosure enables American voters to decide for themselves if there is any improper campaign funding.

It is ironic and dangerous that the only means by which citizens can control their government, the elections process, is being more and more regulated by the government itself. Obey-Railsback will only serve to limit further the participation of citizens in controlling their government.

"(F) Section 431 is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new §:

"(R) "Reporting agency" means (1) the Secretary of the Senate in the case of the Senate, (2) the Clerk of the House of Representatives in the case of the House of Representatives, and (3) the Federal Election Commission in the case of the Presidency or the Vice-Presidency."

"(G) § (D) of Section 432 is amended by striking "commission" and inserting in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

"(G) ¶ (2) of § (e) of Section 432 is amended by striking "commission" and inserting in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

"(H) ¶ (3) of § (e) of Section 432 is amended by striking "commission" and inserting in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

"(I) § (a) of Section 433 is amended by striking "commission" where ever it shall appear and inserting in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

"(J) ¶ (11) of § (b) of Section 433 is amended by striking "commission" and inserting in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

"(K) § (c) of Section 433 is amended by striking "commission" and inserting in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

"(L) § (d) of Section 433 is amended by striking "commission" and inserting in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

"(M) § (e) of Section 433 is amended by striking "commission" and inserting in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

"(N) ¶ (1) of § (a) of Section 434 is amended by striking "commission" and inserting in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

"(O) § (b) of Section 434 is amended as follows:

"(1) on the first line after the title, insert before "Each" the number "(1)", and insert after "report" the words "by a candidate, principal political committee of a candidate, or a party or instrumentality thereof,".

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"Section 443. Jurisdiction of the House and Senate Ethics Committees.

"(A) Any Member of the House of Representatives disagreeing with any action taken by the Clerk of the House of Representatives pursuant to the provisions of this act may appeal such action to the House Ethics Committee, which will consider that appeal in accordance with the Rules of the House of Representatives governing the operation of the House Ethics Committee. Such action shall be null and void and have no legal effect until it is endorsed by the House Ethics Committee.

"(B) Any Senator disagreeing with an action of the Secretary of the Senate taken pursuant to the provisions of this act may appeal such action to the Senate Ethics Committee which will consider such appeal pursuant to the rules of the Senate governing the operations of the Senate Ethics Committee. Such action will be null and void and have no legal effect until it is endorsed by the Senate Ethics Committee.

"(C) The House of Representatives and the Senate shall, within 180 days of the effective date of this act, promulgate rules and regulations governing the consideration by the House and Senate Ethics Committees of any appeal made to an action taken by the Clerk of the House of Representatives or Secretary of the Senate pursuant to the provisions of this act.

"(D) ^{candidate} Any person who believes a violation of this act with respect to a candidate for the Senate or the House of Representatives ^Rhas occurred may file a complaint with the appropriate reporting agency. Such complaint shall be in writing, shall be signed and sworn to by the person filing such complaint, and shall be ^Anotorized. Any person filing such a complaint shall be subject to the provisions of Section 101 of Title XVII. The reporting agencies may not conduct any investigation under this section, or take any other action under this section, solely on the basis of a complaint of a person whose identity

is not disclosed to the reporting agency. The reporting agency, upon receiving a complaint under the provisions of this subsection, and if it has reason to believe that any person has committed a violation of this act with respect to the candidacy for the Senate or House of Representatives, or, if the reporting agency, on the basis of information ascertained under normal course of carrying out its supervisory responsibilities, has reason to believe that such a violation has occurred, shall notify the person involved of such alleged violation, shall make investigation of such violation in accordance with the provisions of this section. Any investigation under this subsection shall be conducted expeditiously, to include an investigation, conducted in accordance with the provisions of this section, of reports and statements filed by any complaint under this subchapter, if such complaint is a candidate. Any notification or investigation made under this subsection shall not be made public by the reporting agency or by any person without the written consent of the person receiving such notification, of the person with respect to whom such investigation is made. The reporting agency shall afford any person who receives notice of an alleged violation under this subsection a reasonable opportunity to demonstrate that no action should be taken by the reporting agency under this act. If a reporting agency determines that there is reasonable cause to believe that a violation has occurred or is about to occur, the reporting agency shall make every endeavor for a period of not less than 30 days to correct or prevent such violation by informal methods of conference, conciliation, and persuasion, to enter into a conciliation agreement with the person involved, except that, if the reporting agency has reasonable cause to believe that-

"(1) any person has failed to file reports required to be filed under Section 434 (a) (1) (C) of this Title for the calendar quarter occurring immediately before the date of the general election;

(i) for a Corporation, or a separate segregated fund established by a corporation, ^{to} solicit contributions ^{from} to such a fund ^{than} for any person other ^{than} its shareholders, executive or administrative personnel, employees, and their families, and".

Section 441 B. "(SS) Subparagraph (B) of ¶ (4) of § (b) of Section 441 B is repealed.

"(TT) ¶ (5) of § (b) of Section 441 B is amended to read as follows:

"(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this act to the contrary, no corporation, national bank, labor organization, or trade association, may make expenditures, other than those allowed under the provisions of this section, except for those reasonable and necessary expenditures required to administer the activities allowed under the provisions of this section. For the purposes of this section the term "expenditure" includes all salaries, fees, and other payments to personnel performing services on behalf of the organization, including the expenses incurred by such personnel."

"(UU) ¶ (6) of § (b) of Section 441 B is repealed.

"(VV) ¶ (7) of § (b) of Section 441 B is redesignated as ¶ (6).

"(WW) Section 441 D is amended to read as follows;

"Section 441 D. Publication and distribution of political statements.

"Whenever any person makes an expenditure for the purpose of financing communications expressly advocating the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate ^{than} for any broadcasting station, newspaper, magazine, outdoor advertising facility, direct mailing, or any other type of general public political advertising, such communication, if authorized by a candidate, his authorized political committee, or their agents, shall clearly and conspicuously state that the communication has been authorized."

"(XX) After Section 442, add the following new Section:

(i) for a Corporation, or a separate segregated fund established by a corporation, ^{to} solicit contributions ^{from} to such a fund ^{from} for any person other ^{than} its shareholders, executive or administrative personnel, employees, and their families, and".

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"(XX) After Section 442, add the following new Section:

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"(XX) After Section 442, add the following new Section:

"(KK) Subparagraph (A) of ¶ (1) of § (a) of Section 441 A is amended by striking "\$1,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$5,000".

"(LL) Subparagraph (C) of ¶ (1) of § (a) of Section 441 A is amended by striking "\$5,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$15,000".

"(MM) Subparagraph (A) of ¶ (2) of § (a) of Section 441 A is amended by striking "\$5,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$15,000".

"(NN) Subparagraph (C) of ¶ (2) of § (a) of Section 441 A is amended by striking "\$5,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$15,000".

T "(OO) ¶ (A) of § (a) of Section 441 A is amended by striking "commission" and inserting in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

T "(PP) § (e) of Section 441 A is amended by inserting after "commission" the words "and Congress".

"(QQ) ¶ (2) of § (b) of Section 441 B is amended to read as follows:

"(2) for purposes of this section and section 79 L (h) of Title 15, the term "contribution or expenditure" shall include any direct or indirect payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money, or any services, or anything of value (except a loan of money by national or state bank made in accordance with the applicable banking laws and regulations and in the ordinary course of business) to a candidate, campaign committee, or political party or organization, in connection with any election to any of the offices referred to in this section, but shall not include (A) communications by a corporation to which shareholders, executive or administrative personnel, employees, and their families, or by a labor organization to its members and their families on any subject; and (B) the establishment, administration, and solicitation of contributions to a separate segregated fund to be utilized for political purposes by a corporation, labor organization, membership organization, cooperative, or corporation without capital stock."

"(RR) Sub-subparagraph (i) of Subparagraph (A) of Paragraph (4) of § (b) of Section 441 B is amended to read as follows:

"(KK) Subparagraph (A) of ¶ (1) of § (a) of Section 441 A is amended by striking "\$1,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$5,000".

"(LL) Subparagraph (C) of ¶ (1) of § (a) of Section 441 A is amended by striking "\$5,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$15,000".

"(MM) Subparagraph (A) of ¶ (2) of § (a) of Section 441 A is amended by striking "\$5,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$15,000".

"(NN) Subparagraph (C) of ¶ (2) of § (a) of Section 441 A is amended by striking "\$5,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$15,000".

T "(OO) ¶ (A) of § (a) of Section 441 A is amended by striking "commission" and inserting in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

T "(PP) § (e) of Section 441 A is amended by inserting after "commission" the words "and Congress".

"(QQ) ¶ (2) of § (b) of Section 441 B is amended to read as follows:

"(2) for purposes of this section and section 79 L (h) of Title 15, the term "contribution or expenditure" shall include any direct or indirect payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money, or any services, or anything of value (except a loan of money by national or state bank made in accordance with the applicable banking laws and regulations and in the ordinary course of business) to a candidate, campaign committee, or political party or organization, in connection with any election to any of the offices referred to in this section, but shall not include (A) communications by a corporation to which shareholders, executive or administrative personnel, employees, and their families, or by a labor organization to its members and their families on any subject; and (B) the establishment, administration, and solicitation of contributions to a separate segregated fund to be utilized for political purposes by a corporation, labor organization, membership organization, cooperative, or corporation without capital stock."

"(RR) Sub-subparagraph (i) of Subparagraph (A) of Paragraph (4) of § (b) of Section 441 B is amended to read as follows:

"(KK) Subparagraph (A) of ¶ (1) of § (a) of Section 441 A is amended by striking "\$1,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$5,000".

"(LL) Subparagraph (C) of ¶ (1) of § (a) of Section 441 A is amended by striking "\$5,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$15,000".

"(MM) Subparagraph (A) of ¶ (2) of § (a) of Section 441 A is amended by striking "\$5,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$15,000".

"(NN) Subparagraph (C) of ¶ (2) of § (a) of Section 441 A is amended by striking "\$5,000" and inserting in lieu thereof "\$15,000".

"(OO) ¶ (A) of § (a) of Section 441 A is amended by striking "commission" and inserting in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

"(PP) § (e) of Section 441 A is amended by inserting after "commission" the words "and Congress".

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"(RR) Sub-subparagraph (i) of Subparagraph (A) of Paragraph (4) of § (b) of Section 441 B is amended to read as follows:

in accordance with the provisions of this section. Such statement shall set forth the proposed rule or regulation and shall contain a detailed explanation and justification of such rule or regulation.

"(2) If either House of Congress does not, through appropriate action, disapprove the proposed rule or regulation set forth in such statement no later than 30 legislative days after receipt of such statement, then the Commission may prescribe such rule or regulation. Whenever a Committee of the House of Representatives reports any resolution relating to any such rule or regulation, it is at any time thereafter in order (even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to) to move to proceed to the consideration of the resolution. The motion is highly privileged and is not debateable. An amendment to the motion is not in order, and is not in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to. The Commission may not prescribe any rule or regulation which is disapproved under this paragraph.

(3) For purposes of this subsection, the term "legislative days" does not include any calendar day on which neither the Senate nor the House of Representatives is in session.

"(4) For purposes of this subsection, the term "rule or regulation" means a provision or series of interrelated provisions stating a single, separable rule of law."

"(II) § (a) of Section 439 is amended by striking "commission" and inserting in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

"(JJ) The last two sentences of Section 439 A are amended to read as follows:

"To the extent any such contribution, amount contributed, or expenditure thereof is not otherwise required to be disclosed under the provisions of the subchapter, such contribution, amount contributed, or expenditure shall be fully disclosed in accordance with the requirements promulgated by the appropriate reporting agency."

in accordance with the provisions of this section. Such statement shall set forth the proposed rule or regulation and shall contain a detailed explanation and justification of such rule or regulation.

"(2) If either House of Congress does not, through appropriate action, disapprove the proposed rule or regulation set forth in such statement no later than 30 legislative days after receipt of such statement, then the Commission may prescribe such rule or regulation. Whenever a Committee of the House of Representatives reports any resolution relating to any such rule or regulation, it is at any time thereafter in order (even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to) to move to proceed to the consideration of the resolution. The motion is highly privileged and is not debateable. An amendment to the motion is not in order, and is not in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to. The Commission may not prescribe any rule or regulation which is disapproved under this paragraph.

(3) For purposes of this subsection, the term "legislative days" does not include any calendar day on which neither the Senate nor the House of Representatives is in session.

"(4) For purposes of this subsection, the term "rule or regulation" means a provision or series of interrelated provisions stating a single, separable rule of law."

"(11) § (a) of Section 439 is amended by striking "commission" and inserting in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

"(JJ) The last two sentences of Section 439 A are amended to read as follows:

"To the extent any such contribution, amount contributed, or expenditure thereof is not otherwise required to be disclosed under the provisions of the subchapter, such contribution, amount contributed, or expenditure shall be fully disclosed in accordance with the requirements promulgated by the appropriate reporting agency."

in accordance with the provisions of this section. Such statement shall set forth the proposed rule or regulation and shall contain a detailed explanation and justification of such rule or regulation.

"(2) If either House of Congress does not, through appropriate action, disapprove the proposed rule or regulation set forth in such statement no later than 30 legislative days after receipt of such statement, then the Commission may prescribe such rule or regulation. Whenever a Committee of the House of Representatives reports any resolution relating to any such rule or regulation, it is at any time thereafter in order (even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to) to move to proceed to the consideration of the resolution. The motion is highly privileged and is not debateable. An amendment to the motion is not in order, and is not in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to. The Commission may not prescribe any rule or regulation which is disapproved under this paragraph.

(3) For purposes of this subsection, the term "legislative days" does not include any calendar day on which neither the Senate nor the House of Representatives is in session.

"(4) For purposes of this subsection, the term "rule or regulation" means a provision or series of interrelated provisions stating a single, separable rule of law."

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"(JJ) The last two sentences of Section 439 A are amended to read as follows:

"To the extent any such contribution, amount contributed, or expenditure thereof is not otherwise required to be disclosed under the provisions of the subchapter, such contribution, amount contributed, or expenditure shall be fully disclosed in accordance with the requirements promulgated by the appropriate reporting agency."

involved of such alleged violation, and shall make an investigation of such alleged violation in accordance with the provisions of this Section."

"(AA) ¶ (5) of § (A) of Section 437 G is amended by inserting after the word "Act" where ever it shall appear the words "with respect to any candidacy for the office of President or Vice-President".

"(BB) § (D) of ¶ (5) of Subsection (a) of Section 437 G is amended by inserting after "title" the words "with respect to any candidacy to the office of President or Vice-President".

"(CC) ¶ (6) of § (A) of Section 437 G is amended by inserting after "Act" where ever it shall appear the words "with respect to any candidacy for the office of President or Vice-President".

"(DD) ¶ (7) of § (A) of Section 437 G is amended by inserting after "Act" the words "with respect to any candidacy for the office of President or Vice-President".

"(EE) ¶ (2) of § (A) of Section 438 is amended by inserting after "statements" the words "with it".

"(FF) ¶ (5) of § (A) of Section 438 is amended by striking the comma and all after the comma and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon.

"(GG) The first sentence of § (b) of Section 438 is amended to read as follows: "it shall be the duty of the Commission to serve as a national clearinghouse for information in respect to the administration of Presidential and Vice-Presidential elections."

"(HH) § (c) of Section 438 is amended to read as follows:

"(C) Proposed rules or regulations; transmittal of statement to Congress; priority consideration by House of Representatives; "legislative days" defined; "rule or regulation" defined

"(1) the Commission, before prescribing any rule or regulation under this Section, shall transmit statements with respect to such rule or regulation to the Senate and the House of Representatives,

involved of such alleged violation, and shall make an investigation of such alleged violation in accordance with the provisions of this Section."

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"(1) the Commission, before prescribing any rule or regulation under this Section, shall transmit statements with respect to such rule or regulation to the Senate and the House of Representatives,

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"(C) Proposed rules or regulations; transmittal of statement to Congress; priority consideration by House of Representatives; "legislative days" defined; "rule or regulation" defined

"(1) the Commission, before prescribing any rule or regulation under this Section, shall transmit statements with respect to such rule or regulation to the Senate and the House of Representatives,

federal office, any candidate for federal office, any political committee, or the national committee of any political party concerning the application of a general rule of law stated in the Act with respect to any candidacy for the office of President or Vice-President or Chapter 95 or Chapter 96 of Title 26, or a general rule of law prescribed as a rule or regulation by the Commission to a specific factual situation. Any such general rule of law not stated in the act or in Chapter 95 or Chapter 96 of Title 26 may be initially proposed by the Commission only as a rule or regulation pursuant to the procedures established by Section 438 (c) of this title. No opinion of an advisory nature may be issued by the Commission or/and its employees except in accordance with the provisions of this section."

"(Z) ¶ (1) and (2) of § (a) of Section 437 G are amended to read as follows:

"(1) any person who believes a violation of this Act with respect to any candidacy for the office of President or Vice President or of Chapter 95 or Chapter 96 of Title 26 has occurred may file a complaint with the Commission. Such complaint shall be in writing, shall be signed and sworn to by the person filing such complaint, and shall be notarized. Any person filing such a complaint shall be subject to the provisions of Section 1001 of Title 18.

The Commission may not conduct any investigation under this Section, or take any other action under this Section, solely on the basis of the complaint of a person whose identity is not disclosed to the Commission.

"(2) The Commission, upon receiving a complaint under ¶ (1), and if it has reason to believe that any person has committed a violation of this Act with respect to any candidacy for the office of President or Vice-President or of Chapter 95 or Chapter 96 of Title 26, or, if the Commission, on the basis of information ascertained under the normal course of carrying out its supervisory responsibilities, has reason to believe that such a violation has occurred, shall notify the person

federal office, any candidate for federal office, any political committee, or the national committee of any political party concerning the application of a general rule of law stated in the Act with respect to any candidacy for the office of President or Vice-President or Chapter 95 or Chapter 96 of Title 26, or a general rule of law prescribed as a rule or regulation by the Commission to a specific factual situation. Any such general rule of law not stated in the act or in Chapter 95 or Chapter 96 of Title 26 may be initially proposed by the Commission only as a rule or regulation pursuant to the procedures established by Section 438 (c) of this title. No opinion of an advisory nature may be issued by the Commission or/and its employees except in accordance with the provisions of this section."

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"(1) any person who believes a violation of this Act with respect to any candidacy for the office of President or Vice President or of Chapter 95 or Chapter 96 of Title 26 has occurred may file a complaint with the Commission. Such complaint shall be in writing, shall be signed and sworn to by the person filing such complaint, and shall be notarized. Any person filing such a complaint shall be subject to the provisions of Section 1001 of Title 18.

The Commission may not conduct any investigation under this Section, or take any other action under this Section, solely on the basis of the complaint of a person whose identity is not disclosed to the Commission.

"(2) The Commission, upon receiving a complaint under ¶ (1), and if it has reason to believe that any person has committed a violation of this Act with respect to any candidacy for the office of President or Vice-President or of Chapter 95 or Chapter 96 of Title 26, or, if the Commission, on the basis of information ascertained under the normal course of carrying out its supervisory responsibilities, has reason to believe that such a violation has occurred, shall notify the person

federal office, any candidate for federal office, any political committee, or the national committee of any political party concerning the application of a general rule of law stated in the Act with respect to any candidacy for the office of President or Vice-President or Chapter 95 or Chapter 96 of Title 26, or a general rule of law prescribed as a rule or regulation by the Commission to a specific factual situation. Any such general rule of law not stated in the act or in Chapter 95 or Chapter 96 of Title 26 may be initially proposed by the Commission only as a rule or regulation pursuant to the procedures established by Section 438 (c) of this title. No opinion of an advisory nature may be issued by the Commission or/and its employees except in accordance with the provisions of this section."

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"(2) The Commission, upon receiving a complaint under ¶ (1), and if it has reason to believe that any person has committed a violation of this Act with respect to any candidacy for the office of President or Vice-President or of Chapter 95 or Chapter 96 of Title 26, or, if the Commission, on the basis of information ascertained under the normal course of carrying out its supervisory responsibilities, has reason to believe that such a violation has occurred, shall notify the person

"A copy of our report is filed with the (Federal Election Commission, Secretary of the Senate, or Clerk of the House of Representatives) and is available for purchase from the (Federal Election Commission, Secretary of the Senate, or Clerk of the House of Representatives), Washington, D.C."

"(S) § (b) this Section 436 is amended by striking "commission" and inserting in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

"(T) § (c) of Section 436 is amended by striking "commission" and inserting in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

"(U) § (d) of Section 436 is amended by striking "commission" and inserting in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

"(V) § (b) of Section 437 B is amended by striking "commission" where ever it shall appear and inserting in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

"(W) ¶ (1) of § (b) of Section 437 C is amended to read as follows:

"(1) the Commission shall administer, seek to obtain compliance with, and formulate policy with respect to Chapter 95 and Chapter 96 of Title 26, and with respect to the regulation of candidates for the offices of the President and Vice-President under the provisions of this Act. The Commission shall have exclusive primary jurisdiction with respect to the civil enforcement of such provisions as they relate to such persons."

"(X) § (a) of Section 437 D is amended as follows:

"(1) In ¶ (8) insert after "to carry out" the words "its functions under".

~~"(2) In ¶ (9) insert after "to carry out" the words "its functions under".~~

"(2) In ¶ (9), insert after "the administration of" the words "its functions under".

"(Y) § (a) of Section 437 F is amended to read as follows:

"(A) Written requests; written opinions within reasonable time; specific factual situations.

"The Commission shall render an advisory opinion, in writing, within a reasonable time in response to a written request by any individual holding

"A copy of our report is filed with the (Federal Election Commission, Secretary of the Senate, or Clerk of the House of Representatives) and is available for purchase from the (Federal Election Commission, Secretary of the Senate, or Clerk of the House of Representatives), Washington, D.C."

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"(T) § (c) of Section 436 is amended by striking "commission" and inserting in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

"(U) § (d) of Section 436 is amended by striking "commission" and inserting in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

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"The Commission shall render an advisory opinion, in writing, within a reasonable time in response to a written request by any individual holding

Amend. Report
"(2) In § (b) of Section 434, ¶ (13) is repealed, and paragraphs (1) through (12) and (14) are redesignated as subparagraphs (A) through (M), respectively.

"(3) insert at the end thereof the following new ¶:

"(2) Each report by a person or organization other than those filing under paragraph (1) of this subsection shall disclose-

"(A) the full name and mailing address (occupation, and the principle place of business, if any) of the person or organization;

"(B) the full name and mailing address (occupation, principle place of business, if any) of any officer or director of the organization; and

"(C) the name and address of each political committee or candidate to which that person or organization made each transfer of cash or any in-kind contribution, as defined pursuant to the provision in this title.

When the persons or officers covered under the provisions of this paragraph show that best efforts have been used to obtain and submit the information required by this paragraph, they shall be deemed to be in compliance with this paragraph."

"(4) Strike "commission" where ever it shall appear and insert in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

"(P) ¶ (1) of § (e) of Section 434 is amended by striking "Commission" where ever it shall appear and inserting in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

"(Q) ¶ (3) of § (e) of Section 434 is amended by striking "commission" and inserting in lieu thereof "reporting agency".

"(R) ^B § (4) of Section 435 is amended to read as follows:

"(B) each political committee shall include on the face or front page of all literature and advertisements soliciting contributions the following notice:

"(2) Any person who has failed to file report required to be filed no later than 10 days before an election; or

"(3) on the basis of a complaint filed less than 45 days ^{but} more than 10 days before an election, any person who has committed a knowing and willful violation of this act falling within the jurisdiction of the reporting agency;

"the reporting agency shall make every effort, for a period of not less than 1-half the number of days between the date upon which the reporting agency determines there is reasonable cause to believe that such a violation has occurred ^{and} the date of the election involved, to correct or prevent such a violation by informal methods of conference, conciliation, and persuasion, and to enter into a conciliation agreement with the person involved.

A conciliation agreement, unless violated, shall constitute a complete bar to any further action by the reporting agency. If the reporting agency is unable to correct or prevent ~~any~~ such violation by such informal methods, the reporting agency shall report the violation to the Ethics Committee of the House with respect to which the violation occurred. Such Ethics Committee may investigate the alleged violation in accordance with the rules of its respective House, and shall conduct such proceedings and take such actions as are consistent with the rules of that House.

"(E) It shall be the duty of the reporting agencies to make the reports and statements filed with them available for public inspection and copying, commencing as soon as practicable and not later than the end of the second day following the day during which it was received, and to permit copying of any such report or statement by hand or by duplicating machine, as requested by any person, at the expense of such person; Provided, That any information copied from such reports and statements shall not be solely utilized by any person for the purpose of soliciting contributions or for any commercial purpose. Each reporting agency shall also develop and furnish

"Section 3. Miscellaneous and Technical amendments.

"(A) If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of the act and the application of such provision to other persons and circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

"(B) This act shall take effect on December 31, 1979. "

perscribed forms for the making of reports, it shall provide guidance with respect to uniform methods of bookkeeping and reporting, and shall from time to time make audits and field investigations, and shall preserve all reports and statements in easily retrievable manner for a period of ten years from the date of receipt.

"(F) The reporting agency shall render advisory opinions in writing, withing a reasonable time~~in~~ in response to written requests by individuals holding federal offices, candidates for federal office, political committees, or the national committees of political parties concerning the application of any general rule of law falling within their jurisdiction, or a general rule of law perscribed as a rule or regulation by the reporting agency, to a specific factual situation. No opinion of² advisory nature may be issued by any reporting agency other than the Federal Election Commission, except in accordance with the provisions of this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any person who relies upon any provision or finding of his advisory opinion in accordance with the provisions of this subsection and who acts in good faith with the provisions and findings of such advisory opinion shall not, as a result of any such act, be subject to any sanction provided by this act. Any advisory opinion rendered by a reporting agency under the provision of this subsection may be relied upon by (1) any person involved in a specific transaction or activity with respect to which such advisory opinion is rendered; and (2) any person involved in any specific transaction or activity which is indist⁹indishable in all of its material aspects from the transaction or activity with respect to which such advisory opinion is rendered. Any requests made under the provisions of this subsection shall be made public by the reporting agency.

— The reporting agency shall, before rendering^{or} advisory opinion with respect to such request, provide⁽ⁿ⁾ interested party with an opportunity to transmit written comments to the reporting agency with respect to such request."

proposed amendments to FEC bill which includes Obey-Railsback

- 33 1. Repeal of \$70,000 cap on PAC contributions to a candidate.
- 30, 231 2. Raising of cap to \$150,000.
- 21, 375 3. Indexing cap for inflation.
- 8, 19, 20 4. Restoration of individual PAC contribution limits.
- 14 5. Applying cap per election, rather than per election cycle.
- 6, 17 6. Raising individual PAC contribution limits from \$5,000 to \$10,000.
7. Indexing individual PAC contribution limit.
- 29 8. Raising personal contribution limit to \$2,000 per election.
- 5 9. Indexing personal contribution limit.
- 47 10. Prohibiting use of ^{corporate funds or} compulsory union dues for printing of materials endorsing Federal candidates, no matter where the materials are to be distributed.
- 11 11. Prohibiting use of ^{corporate funds or} compulsory union dues for voter registration activities, including mailings or phone banks.
- 12 12. Prohibiting use of ^{corporate funds or} compulsory union dues for get-out-the-vote activities, including mailings or phone banks.
- 13 13. Prohibiting use of corporate funds or compulsory union dues to pay staff whos employment involves responsibilities for advising Federal candidates, assisting the campaigns of Federal candidates, registration of voters or assisting any person not an employee of the respective corporations or a member of the respective unions to get to the polls on election day.
- 14 14. Nothing in the law shall prohibit ^{or regulate} the publication or broadcasting of the voting records of incumbent members of the Congress, provided that compulsory union dues money may not be used for these purposes.

15. Return the responsibilities for record keeping of contributions and expenditures of all Federal candidates and political committees, except those involved in presidential race, to the Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate.

① 16. Require the staff of the Federal Election Commission to have no more than 50% of its employees to be of the same political party affiliation.

3 17. Require the Federal Election Commission to wait at least 72 hours before acting on any complaint filed with it.

4 18. Prohibit the F.E.C. from acting on any complaint that the commission has not resolved in 90 days.

24 19. Abolish the restrictions which limit corporate or union political action committees from soliciting all stockholders and employees.

26 20. Abolish the limit on the number of times per year that corporate or union PACs may solicit employees or stockholders.

5 21. Define union members of AFL-CIO member unions such that the anti-proliferation law, now under scrutiny in the Right-to-Work suit, definitely applies aggregate limit, currently \$5,000 per candidate per election, to the AFL-CIO COPE and the PACs of affiliated unions.

22. Grant PACs the same lowered postage rate now granted to parties.

23. Grant candidates and their committees the same low postage rate now granted to political parties.

24 Grant franking privilege to primary and general election opponents of incumbents.

25. Apply each one of these amendments to the Senate which would otherwise apply only to house races.

26. Require compensating of expenses of candidates and political committees required for complying with F.E.C. audit where audit fails to result in a civil^{or criminal}/penalty constituting at least 5% of the amount audited.

27. ~~Quarterly, reported by, for political action~~ Give the political action committees the option of reporting quarterly rather than the monthly report option they now have. (candidates' reporting requirements would not be affected by this amendment.)

28. Raise the reporting requirement threshold to \$500 rather than \$100.

29. Raise the occupation reporting threshold to \$1,000

30. Eliminate the requirement for the spouse to authorize ~~the~~ in writing the contribution from a joint checking account of the full amount legally permitted a married couple. In other words, establish the legal presumption of legitimacy of joint personal contribution by a married couple in a single check on a joint checking account.

31. Exempt from the Federal election law contributions to a separate, segregated fund set up to pay the administrative expenses of a political action committee. As the law now stands, corporations and unions may spend unlimited funds administering their PACs and all ~~contributions~~ contributions to their PACs can thus be given to candidates. Independent PACs should have this same right.

32. For six months prior to a primary or general election, any travel by incumbents or/staff must be accounted for and be reported as campaign expenditures if ~~xxxxxx~~ the travel is more than 100 miles from D.C. and, in the case of House members, to their districts, in the case of Senate members, to their states, in the case of Presidents, anywhere in the U.S.

33. Transfer political audit function from the F.E.C. to the GAO.

34. If the FEC fails to ~~xxx/xxxx~~ deliver a requested advisory opinion within 90 days, the ~~xxxxxxx~~ no one can be prosecuted/for acting under the presumption that the proposed activity is legal.

35. Anyone/~~xxxxxxx~~ or any committee acting in accordance with any written advice provided by any employee of the Federal Election Commission in response to a query ~~xxxxxx~~ shall not be liable to any civil or criminal penalties ~~xxxxxxx~~ for any such actions, ~~xxxxxx~~ provided only that, if a person is subsequently informed in writing that the original written advice ~~xxxxxx~~ was incorrect or has been reversed, subsequent acts would not be protected by the original advice.

36. All sessions of the Federal Election Commission shall be ~~filmed~~ recorded on film or video tape, and the recorded proceedings shall be made available for public inspection.

37. The applications for employment, resumes submitted and all F.E.C. consideration of other/records ~~xxxxxxx~~ relating to a person's application for employment at the F.E.C. shall be retained ~~xxxxxxx~~ at the F.E.C. for a period of five years after the application is made or five years after employment of the person at the F.E.C. is terminated, whichever comes last.

10 civil
11 criminal
38. Legal fees of successful defendants against F.E.C. actions in civil or criminal cases shall be compensated by the F.E.C.

38. Cost of litigation other than attorney's fees of successful defendants against F.E.C. actions in civil or criminal actions shall be compensated by the F.E.C.

and every
39. Each/internal F.E.C. communication pertaining to an audit by the F.E.C. shall be contemporaneously furnished to the candidate or committee being audited.

F.E.C.
40. Establish special-judicial review of/statute or F.E.C. opinions or actions if it is determined that any such statute, opinion or action discriminates against challengers, independent candidates, minor party candidates. This expedited review ~~xxxxxx~~ would not be required to be undertaken in the D.C. ~~xxxxxx~~ Circuit. Relief could be sought in state of residence.

41. Abolish the presumption of regularity of any FEC rule.

42. In any proceedings against a ~~xxxxxx~~ a person or committee the F.E.C. must demonstrate ~~xxxxxx~~ convincingly that its relevant rules and regulations are valid.

43. Delete the credit limitation of \$1,000 in the bill.

44. Set the credit limit at \$30,000

45. Extend the credit time limit from 30 days to 180 days.

46. Remove the caps on the amounts which can be given

Federal candidates by state parties, national party committees,

national party congressional and senatorial committees.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 23, 1983

MEMORANDUM FOR ALL PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

FROM: MORTON C. BLACKWELL

SUBJECT: Major Briefing on Defense and National Security

I have been designated as project officer for OPL to assemble a briefing to be conducted by Judge Clark and the National Security Council staff. It will be held tomorrow, March 24, at 3:00 p.m. in Room 450.

Please take the list of pro-defense leaders you submitted to Bill Triplett, a copy of which is attached, and invite these people or their representatives to this briefing tomorrow.

Please provide me, by noon tomorrow, a list of people who have accepted so I can submit the list to Security for clearance into the building.

This briefing is part of a major pro-defense push which is being kicked off tonight by the President's nationally televised address.

Attachment

DISTRIBUTION:

Michael Gale
Dee Jepsen
Virginia Knauer
Bill Triplett
Wayne Valis
Henry Zuniga
Adis Vila

cc - Jonathan Vipond