

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 3, 1996

MEMORANDUM FOR TODD STERN

FROM: G. TIMOTHY SAUNDERS
Executive Clerk



SUBJECT: **Death of Members of the President's Cabinet**

Mac Baldridge was the last sitting Cabinet member to die in office. **Baldridge died on July 25, 1987**, at John Muir Memorial Hospital, Contra Costa County, California, following surgery related to injuries suffered in a rodeo accident earlier in the day.

President Reagan awarded Mac Baldridge the Presidential Medal of Freedom on October 17, 1988.

Prior to Secretary Baldridge, the last record we have of the death of a sitting member of the Cabinet was that of Secretary of Labor Lewis B. Schwellenbach who died on **June 10, 1948**.

Prior to that, Secretary of Agriculture Henry Cantwell Wallace died on **October 25, 1924**.

July 25 / Administration of Ronald Reagan, 1987

As we move along throughout the summer and the start of next year, these issues will come increasingly into focus. I think it's then that a lot of Representatives will start realizing that Americans like you are disturbed by Congress' ways.

But the health plan is not just another pork-barrel project we're arguing over. This is a fight about protecting the health of our senior citizens—come to think of it, citizens like me. And doing it in a way that doesn't bankrupt the elderly in the process. So, be sure to tell your Representatives and Senators that you support the administration plan, not the high-taxing substitute for catastrophic health insurance. America's living conditions and health delivery systems have come a long way in the last half century. Let's keep that progress going, and let's do it in a fiscally sound way that protects our elderly citizens and their families from the tragedy of catastrophic illness.

Until next week, thanks for listening, and God bless you.

Note: The President spoke at 12:06 p.m. from Camp David, MD.

Death of Malcolm Baldrige

Statement by the President. July 25, 1987

The Nation has suffered a great loss with the tragic and untimely death of Secretary Malcolm Baldrige. An experienced businessman and respected community leader, he was a talented and dedicated public servant who sought nothing more than to make a contribution to America. And indeed he did. Under his stewardship, the Department of Commerce played a key role in the re-birth of our country's prosperity, and all of us owe a great debt to Mac Baldrige.

He was a loyal member of the Cabinet, whose commonsense wisdom and counsel I relied on often and deeply valued. Mac and I shared a special affinity for the West, and I will greatly miss his friendship.

Nancy and I are truly saddened and extend our deepest sympathy to Midge and the Baldrige family. They will be in our thoughts and prayers in the time ahead.

Hartford, Wisconsin

Remarks to Broan Manufacturing Company Employees. July 27, 1987

Thank you very much. And, Mr. Schlegel, thank you for bringing me into the family. And I want you to know that I'm also grateful to the other three employees of yours that are up here with me—the Governor, the Senator, and the Congressman, myself. We all work for you.

And it's great to be here today, although I confess to being a little nervous about leaving Washington. And there are two reasons: Congress is still debating the budget—[laughter]—and then there are so many people back there now from both parties that are saying how much they want my job. [Laughter] In fact, I ran into a bunch of candidates at the airport this morning who said they were also on their way to the Midwest. What a strange coincidence. All I can tell you is that somebody must be offering one terrific vacation package to Iowa this year. [Laughter]

You know, as I was coming into the plant today, I remembered all those years as a political candidate that I spent shaking hands at plant gates. I guess that's the difference when you're President—they let you come inside. [Laughter] But I do wish I'd gotten here in time for your company picnic. [Laughter] I'll have to check my staff on who scheduled me for the leftover potato salad. [Laughter] Don Schlegel tried to make me feel better about missing the picnic by saying it was hot out there, too. [Laughter] I said, "Yes, Don, but on the other hand, there was also plenty of that stuff that made Wisconsin famous." And I'm not talking about ice-cold Gouda cheese. [Laughter]

But actually, it's what each of you are doing to make Wisconsin famous that brought me here today. Broan Company is a success story: a growing business with quality products, a company with good management and with employees who care because they have a say in how things happen here. I've heard how your award-winning employee suggestion program has resulted in more than \$1,200,000 in savings.

It's just on example of America's e know what those econo those leader term. I didn' me and talk Well, the n tion, it's pus created over And all th works as har forgive my chance Ame outcompete world. But y to the Ar you're a par ble for your said no to F inflation, g booming int people spok was tough t unpton. Beli spending yo Oscar Wild temptation. But turn i we simplified let me make "Congress," Congress be what we're and Congres now, your go We went sary regulati of spending sign off on Gramm-Rud. tectionist le; eign retaliati tually close plants and f as prosperity some in Cor ing the budge Will Rogers. morist, what fine, vigorou walk." [Laug Now, some the country

& Crutcher in Washington, DC. He was Counsel to the President from 1981 to 1985, he served as Counsel of the Treasury Department. He graduated from Harvard College and Harvard Law School (LL.B.), born June 6, 1941, in New York. He is married, has three children in Bethesda, MD.

Center for the Preservation of Heritage Abroad
Appointment of Leslie Keller as a Member.

Today announced his intention to appoint Leslie Keller to be a member of the President's Heritage Abroad for a new position. Leslie Keller has been president of Rego Park, NY. He was born in 1920, in Salgotarjan, Hungary. He is married and resides in Bethesda, MD.

Center for the Performing Arts
Appointment of H. Evans as a Member of Trustees.

Today announced his intention to appoint H. Evans to be a member of Trustees of the Center for the Performing Arts on September 1, 1996. H. Evans is a member of the Board of Trustees of the Pacific Corp. on July 1, 1987. He served as chief executive officer from 1969 to 1977. He graduated from Centre College, University of Chicago. He served in the U.S. Army. He was born in 1920, in Lansing, MI. He is married and resides in New York City.

June 26, 1920, in Lansing, MI. Mr. Evans is married and resides in New York City.

President's Committee on Mental Retardation

Appointment of Robert V. Bush as a Member. July 28, 1987

The President today announced his intention to appoint Robert V. Bush to be a member of the President's Committee on Mental Retardation for a term expiring May 11, 1990. He would succeed James Bopp, Jr. Since 1963 Mr. Bush has been president of Albuquerque Prosthetics Center, Inc., in Albuquerque, NM. He served in the U.S. Army from 1942 to 1946. Mr. Bush was born August 9, 1920, in Moultrie, GA. He is married, has one child, and resides in Albuquerque, NM.

Death of Malcolm Baldrige

Remarks at the Memorial Service. July 29, 1987

Midge, Megan, Molly, distinguished ladies and gentlemen, the day I called Mac Baldrige to ask him to join the Cabinet, I was told by Midge I would have to call back later. He was out on his horse roping and couldn't come to the phone. Right then I knew he was the kind of man I wanted. It's a gift to be simple, we're told. If that means to hold simple, strong, and decent values, Mac had that gift. You could see it in the way he moved around the White House. He seemed to know everyone, not just those in the public eye but the secretaries and assistants, as well. And he treated everyone with the same measure of courtesy and respect, from his driver to the President. He never judged a man or woman by rank or trappings. Despite his many remarkable successes, worldly success was not the way he measured people. No, money was not, position was not, qualities of character were. Honesty, courage, industry, and

humility—these were his yardsticks. And if you had these simple qualities, you'd made it in his eyes, whether you were rich or poor, famous or unknown.

Language was one way he decided if you were his kind of person. It's well known now that he insisted on simple language in memos at the Commerce Department. He banned phrases that were vague or redundant. He once said that the thing he liked about cowboys was that they didn't talk unless they had something to say, and when they said something, they meant it. To him, simple language did not mark a simple mind, but a strong and fearless one. It was a sign of those who didn't hide their meaning behind a cloud of ambiguous words.

Mac, of course, never hid his opinions. Even if the tide was against him, he was forceful and clear and unflinching. I always knew where he stood, and so did the country. I could always count on him for the truth as he saw it, no matter how unpleasant or unpopular. There were times the Cabinet came down on an issue 12-to-1, and he was on the short end. But I knew that if he believed something that others didn't he wouldn't reign himself in and follow the herd. He would step forward and be clear.

What I'm saying about Mac Baldrige adds up to a simple but extraordinary quality that I would call, more than anything else, American. In his directness, in his honesty, in his independence, in his disregard for rank, in his courage, he embodied the best of the American spirit. I suppose we think of that spirit as living most of all in cowboys. And that's why I've always suspected that it was more than just roping and his place here in Washington that got Mac voted into the Cowboy Hall of Fame. He belonged there. It was in his blood. It was in his heart and soul.

Let me say a word about his many contributions to his country. These were not simple, although they were built on simple principles, principles like his reverence for the independence of the American character, for the freedom that lets independence flourish, and for the opportunities of a free society.

Mac was an architect of American international economic policy during years in

which that policy moved to center stage. He also helped shape our policy towards East-West trade in a period in which that was a source of new questions and concerns. And perhaps the least recognized of his major achievements was the securing of trade ties with China. In just 4 years since his 1983 visit to China, trade has become a pillar of the Sino-American relationship.

To contribute so much required skill and persistence—qualities Mac had in abundance. It also required vision, vision not only for dealing with immediate issues but for the future of the entire world and its economy, as well.

I always prized the quality of Mac's vision. He had the capacity to look up from the dust of the plains to the distant mountains. He never forgot that all the skirmishes and battles over trade policy that we have here in Washington and around the world have one final goal: We're building a world in which our children and grandchildren will live. And we who love freedom and revere the dignity of humanity have a sacred duty to make that an open world of real hope and abundant opportunity, a world in which the spirit of freedom—yes, what you might call that part of the American spirit that lives in all of mankind—in which that spirit can ride across an open range towards the peaks beyond.

I'm told that Mac's staff had orders to interrupt him at whatever time of the day with calls from only two people. I was one, and any cowboy who rang up was the other. Well, I'm honored to have been in that company. Mac, as we know, left us while he was doing what he loved most. And now, whenever any of us wants to ring him up, we'll have to remind ourselves that he's out on a horse somewhere, and we'll just have to wait. Yet in his simplicity, he has entered the company of the men and women who have shaped our nation and its destiny, and he will live in that company forever.

Yes, there is sorrow, but the sorrow is with us and for us. We must believe that door is opened that God promised and he has just gone through that door into another life, where there is no more pain, no more sorrow. And we must believe that we, too, will one day go through that door and join him again.

Thank you. God bless you.

Note: The President spoke at 10:12 a.m. at the National Cathedral. In his opening remarks, he referred to Malcolm Baldrige's wife and two daughters.

National Law Enforcement Council

Remarks at a White House Briefing for Council Members. July 29, 1987

It's a pleasure welcoming you to the White House complex, you chiefs of police, state troopers, sheriffs, and other members of the National Law Enforcement Council. And it's quite a difference from my first experience with one of your kind, when I was about so high and had some fireworks in the wrong place. [Laughter] And after my father paid the fine, there were fireworks at home. [Laughter]

Well, seeing so many of you reminds me of a story. And you may have heard, everything reminds me of a story. This one concerns a fellow who was in a small automobile accident, one of those fender bender types. And he got out, and the other fellow got out of his car, and neither one of them were hurt. But the other fellow said, "Hey, you look a little shaken up. Wait a minute here." And he went back to his car, got a bottle, handed it to him, and said, "Here, take a drink of this. It will settle you down." So, the man did. And he said, "Oh, come on, take another one. I know you're shaken up." And he did. And three or four drinks later the fellow said, "Well, wait a minute here. I don't want to drink it all. You have a drink." And he said, "No, I'll just stand here and wait for the police to get here." [Laughter]

Well, this year we celebrate the 200th anniversary of the framing of the Constitution. And in the history of nations, ours is a young nation. The nations of Western Europe are older, as are many of the nations of Asia. China is much older. And yet, young as our nation is, we have, nevertheless, the oldest written Constitution in the world. For two centuries our Constitution

has secured the people from every left behind the land came here to live themselves America

I say this to you, members of the law like you, have played nation ever since who wrote the Constitution their purposes was insure domestic T that for this to be also be a land of law

You know, a few some people who sh had forgotten the order, and liberty many courts appear business of ensuring and protecting our against crime as a that pitted police lawyers. And always rights of criminals, tims.

In the last 7 years once again to return rooms. Both Federal have tightened the judges have been The result has been more realistic view what it's like for y each morning with death warning, "Be

I'm proud to report eral Government h ing about this cha into office, I prom organized crime, a tolerated too long were declaring wa peddling, yes, but a form of racketeerin rupt business, unid enforcement officials.

When I announce mob in 1982, I also ing series of steps fr investigative measu of a Presidential c crime. Some, of co the evidence is nov country. We're wit

DEATH OF THOSE ABOARD U.S. AIR FORCE AIRCRAFT IN CROATIA

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BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

As a mark of respect for Secretary Ronald H. Brown and all those killed in the April 3, 1996, crash of the U.S. Air Force aircraft in Croatia, I hereby order, by the authority vested in me as President of the United States of America by section 175 of title 36 of the United States Code, that the flag of the United States shall be flown at half-staff at the White House and upon all public buildings and grounds, at all military posts and naval stations, and on all naval vessels of the Federal Government in the District of Columbia and throughout the United States and its Territories and possessions through Wednesday, April 10, 1996. I also direct that the flag shall be flown at half-staff for the same length of time at all United States embassies, legations, consular offices, and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and naval vessels and stations.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this fourth day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and ninety-six, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and twentieth.

William Clinton

DEATH OF THOSE ABOARD U.S. AIR FORCE AIRCRAFT IN CROATIA

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BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Secretary Ronald H. Brown and all
April 3, 1996,

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this fourth day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and ninety-six, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and twentieth.

NATIONAL DAYS OF MOURNING
(1940 to present)

<u>Authority</u>	<u>Title, Description, Day Appointed, and Closing of Government as Indicated</u>

(1)	
Proc. 2648 of April 13, 1945	"Announcing the Death of Franklin Delano Roosevelt" (appoints Saturday, April 14, 1945, day of funeral service)
Admin. Order of April 13, 1945	"Closing of Executive Departments & Agencies" (closes agencies on Saturday afternoon, April 14, 1945)

(2)	
Proc. 3561 of November 23, 1963	"National Day of Mourning for President Kennedy" (appoints Monday, November 25, 1963, day of funeral service)
E.O. 11128 of November 23, 1963	"Closing Government Departments and Agencies on November 25, 1963" (closes agencies on Monday, November 25, 1963)

(3)	
Proc. 3839 of April 5, 1968	"Death of Martin Luther King, Jr." (calls for observance on Sunday, April 7, 1968)

(4)	
Proc. 3853 of June 6, 1968	"Death of Robert F. Kennedy" (calls for observance on Sunday, June 9, 1968)

(5)	
Proc. 3907 of March 28, 1969	"Announcing the Death of Dwight David Eisenhower" (appoints Monday, March 31, 1969)
E.O. 11462 of March 28, 1969	"Providing for the Closing of Government Departments and Agencies on March 31, 1969, and for the Granting of Administrative Leave on March 28, 1969" (closes agencies on Monday March 31, 1969, and allows agency heads to excuse employees for the remainder of their tours of duty on Friday, March 28, 1969, without charge to leave beginning at 12:25 p.m., the time of death of General Eisenhower)

AuthorityTitle, Description, Day Appointed, and
Closing of Government as Indicated-----
(6)Proc. 4176 of
December 26, 1972"Announcing the Death of Harry S Truman"
(appoints December 28, 1972)E.O. 11693 of
December 26, 1972"Providing for the Closing of Government
Departments and Agencies on December 28, 1972"
(closes agencies on Thursday, December 28,
1972)-----
(7)Proc. 4180 of
January 23, 1973"Announcing the Death of Lyndon Baines Johnson"
(Appoints Thursday, January 25, 1973)E.O. 11700 of
January 23, 1973"Providing for the Closing of Government
Departments and Agencies on Thursday, January
25, 1973"-----
(8)Proc. 5093 of
September 9, 1983"National Day of Mourning - Sunday,
September 11, 1983" [for Korean Air Lines
Massacre]
(appoints Sunday, September 11, 1983)-----
(9)Proc. 5662 of
May 23, 1987"National Day of Mourning for the Victims of
United States Ship STARK" [for servicement
killed by Iraqi jet missile attack]
(appoints Monday, May 25, 1987, Memorial Day)
Note: This proclamation issued at
Congressional request (P.L. 100-44).
Proclamation 5659, 5/19/87, had ordered half-
staffing of the flag through Memorial Day.-----
(10)Proc. 6677 of
April 22, 1994"Announcing the Death of Richard Milhous Nixon"
(appoints Wednesday, April 27, 1994)E.O. 12910 of
April 22, 1994"Providing for the Closing of Government
Departments and Agencies on April 27, 1994"

Authority

Title, Description, Day Appointed, and
Closing of Government as Indicated

(11)

Proc. 6789 of
April 21, 1995

"National Day of Mourning in Memory of Those
Who Died in Oklahoma City"
(appoints Sunday, April 23, 1995)

PROCLAMATIONS LOWERING THE FLAG TO HALF STAFF
January 1, 1940 through Present

PROCLAMATION NUMBER	DATE	TITLE & REASON
2797	07/15/48	Death of General John J. Pershing General of the Armies of the United States -- until after the funeral shall have taken place, on all public buildings and at all forts and military posts and naval stations, and on all vessels of the United States.
2806	08/28/48	Death of Charles Evans Hughes Chief Justice of the United States -- until after the funeral services shall have been concluded, on all Government buildings.
2840	05/22/49	Death of James Forrestal Former Secretary of Defense -- until after the funeral shall have taken place, on all public buildings and at all forts and military posts and naval stations, and on all vessels of the United States.
3031	09/08/53	Death of Chief Justice Frederick Moore Vinson Chief Justice of the United States -- for thirty days, on all public buildings of the United States; on all the Embassies, Legations, and Consulates of the United States in foreign countries.
3104	07/23/55	Death of Cordell Hull Former Secretary of State -- until the interment, on all Government buildings of the United States; and representatives of the United States in foreign countries shall make similar arrangements for the display of the flag at half staff over their embassies, legations, and consular offices.
3243	05/17/58	Display of the Flag of the United States at Half-staff upon the Occasion of the Return and Final Interment of the Two Unknown Americans Killed in the Second World War and in the Korean Conflict On May 28, May 29, and May 30, 1958 on all buildings, grounds, and naval vessels of the Federal Government in the District of Columbia and throughout the United States and its Territories and possessions, and at all United States embassies, legations, consular offices and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and naval vessels and stations.
3295	05/24/59	Death of John Foster Dulles Special Consultant to the President and former Secretary of State -- until the body is laid to rest, on all Government bulidings of the United States; and representatives of the United States in foreign countries shall make similar arrangements over embassies, legations, consular offices, and military facilities.
3322	10/16/59	Death of General Marshall General Catlett Marshall, General of the Army, Chief of Staff of the Army during World War II, and former Secretary of State and Defense -- until after his funeral shall have taken place, on all public buildings and grounds, at all military posts and naval stations, and on all naval vessels of the Federal Government in the District of Columbia and throughout the United States and its Territories and possissions; and at all United States embassies, legations, consular offices, and other facilities abroad, including all military

PROCLAMATIONS LOWERING THE FLAG TO HALF STAFF
January 1, 1940 through Present

PROCLAMATION NUMBER	DATE	TITLE & REASON
3329	12/20/59	Display of the Flag of the United States at Half-staff upon the Occasion of the Death of the Last Surviving Veteran of the War Between the States (Walter W. Williams) Until the body is laid to rest, on all buildings, grounds, and naval vessels of the Federal Government in the District of Columbia and throughout the United States and all areas under its jurisdiction and control.
3430	09/19/61	Death of Dag Hammarskjold Secretary General of the United Nations -- until the body is laid to rest, on all Government buildings of the United States; and representatives of the United States in foreign countries shall make similar arrangements over all embassies, legations, consular offices, and military facilities.
3579	04/05/64	Death of General MacArthur Douglas MacArthur, General of the Army -- until after his funeral shall have taken place, in the District of Columbia and throughout the United States and its territories and possessions, upon all public buildings and grounds, at all military posts and naval stations, and on all naval vessels; and at all United States embassies, legations, consular offices, and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and naval vessels and stations.
3625	10/20/64	Announcing the Death of Herbert Hoover 31st President of the United States -- for 30 days at the White House and on all buildings, grounds, and naval vessels of the United States; and representatives of the United States shall make similar arrangements over their embassies, legations, and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and stations.
3839	04/05/68	Death of Martin Luther King, Jr. Civil rights leader -- until interment, on all buildings, grounds and naval vessels of the Federal Government in the District of Columbia and throughout the United States and its Territories and possessions; and at all United States embassies, legations, consular offices and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and naval vessels and stations.
3907	03/28/69	Announcing the Death of Dwight David Eisenhower 34th President of the United States -- for 30 days from the day of death, at the White House and on all buildings, grounds, and Naval vessels of the United States; and representatives of the United States in foreign countries shall make similar arrangements over their Embassies, Legations, and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and stations.
4176	12/26/72	Announcing the Death of Harry S Truman 33rd President of the United States -- for 30 days from the day of death, at the White House and on all buildings, grounds, and Naval vessels of the United States; and representatives of the United States in foreign countries shall make similar arrangements over their Embassies, Legations, and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and stations.

PROCLAMATIONS LOWERING THE FLAG TO HALF STAFF
January 1, 1940 through Present

PROCLAMATION
NUMBER DATE

TITLE & REASON

- 4180 01/23/73 Announcing the Death of Lyndon Baines Johnson
36th President of the United States -- for 30 days from day of death, at the White House and on all buildings, grounds, and Naval vessels of the United States; and representatives of the United State in foreign countries shall make similar arrangements over their Embassies, legations, and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and stations. NOTE: On February 13, 1973, at the request of Mrs. Johnson, the President issued Proclamation No. 4188, "Display of the Flag in Honor of Vietnam Prisoners of War," which that suspended the display of the flag at half-staff effective on the day of return of the first prisoners to the U.S., and that commencing on that day the falg once again be displayed at full staff.
- 4545 01/16/78 Death of Hubert H. Humphrey
Former Vice President of the United States -- extended until and including January 19, 1978 (the day the 95th Congress reconvened) on all buildings, grounds, and naval vessels of the Federal government in the District of Columbia, and throughout the United States and its Territories and possessions; and at all United States embassies, legations, consular offices and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and naval vessels and stations.
- 4712 01/11/80 George Meany
Labor leader -- until interment, on all buildings, grounds and naval vessels of the Federal government in the District of Columbia and throughout the United States and its Territories and possessions; at all United States embassies, legations, consular offices, and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and naval vessels and stations.
- 4715 01/19/80 William O. Douglas
Former Associate Justice of the Supreme Court -- until interment, on all buildings, grounds and naval vessels of the Federal Government in the District of Columbia and throughout the United States and its Territories and possessions; at all United States embassies, legations, consular offices, and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and naval vessels and stations.
- 4756 05/06/80 **Tribute to Eight American Servicemen** 4 days
Died in the attempt to rescue American hostages in Iran -- until sunset on Friday, May 9, 1980, on all buildings, grounds and naval vessels of the Federal government in the District of Columbia and throughout the United States and its Territories and possessions; at all United States embassies, legations, consular offices, and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and naval vessels and stations.

PROCLAMATIONS LOWERING THE FLAG TO HALF STAFF
January 1, 1940 through Present

PROCLAMATION NUMBER	DATE	TITLE & REASON
5842	07/26/88	National Week of Recognition and Remembrance for Those Who Served in the Korean War, 1988 Proclamation directs that the flag be flown at half-staff on 7/27/88, "as a symbol of our gratitude to those who died as a result of their service in Korea and of our steadfast commitment to preserving the values for which they fought."
5960	04/21/89	Death of American Servicemen on Board the USS IOWA As a result of the accident (explosion inside the No. 2 turret) that occurred on board the USS IOWA, which occurred on Wednesday, April 19, 1989, in which 47 U.S. servicemen were killed, flags will fly at half-staff until sunset on Tuesday, April 25, 1989. <i>5 days</i>
6001	07/26/89	National Week of Recognition and Remembrance for Those Who Served in the Korean War, 1989 Proclamation directs the flag be flown at half staff for 7/27/89. Also issued in 1988, at congressional request.
6150	06/22/90	Korean War Remembrance Day, 1990 Proclamation asks Federal departments and agencies, interested groups, organizations, and individuals to fly the flag of the United States at half-staff on June 25, 1990, in honor of the Americans who died as a result of service in the Korean War.
6316	07/23/91	Korean War Veterans Remembrance Week, 1991 Proclamation asks all Federal departments and agencies, organizations, and individuals to fly the flag of the United States at half-staff on July 27, 1991, in honor of those Americans who died as a result of their service in Korea.
6526	01/24/93	Death of Thurgood Marshall Former Associate Justice of the Supreme Court-- until interment, on all buildings, grounds and naval vessels of the Federal Government in the District of Columbia and throughout the United States and its Territories and possessions; at all United States embassies, legations, consular offices, and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and naval vessels and stations. Day of Death: January 24, 1993 Flag Lowered from 1/24/93 through 1/29/93, <i>six days.</i>
6583	07/29/93	Death of General Matthew B. Ridgway General Matthew B. Ridgway, General of the Army, former Commander of Allied Forces in Europe during World War II, Supreme Commander during the Korean Conflict, former Army Chief of Staff-- just 7/30/93, per Proclamation 6583, on all public buildings and grounds, at all military posts and naval stations, and on all naval vessels of the Federal Government in the District of Columbia and throughout the United States and its Territories and possessions; and at all United States embassies, legations, consular offices, and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and naval vessels and stations. Day of Death: July 26, 1993 Flag Lowered from 7/30/93 through 7/31/93, <i>2 days</i>

PROCLAMATIONS LOWERING THE FLAG TO HALF STAFF
January 1, 1940 through Present

PROCLAMATION
NUMBER DATE

TITLE & REASON

- 6598 09/30/93 Death of General James H. Doolittle
General James H. Doolittle, General United States Air Force, led the first air raid on the Japanese homeland in World War II-- on the day of interment 10/1/93, on all public buildings and grounds, at all military posts and naval stations, and on all naval vessels of the Federal Government in the District of Columbia and throughout the United States and its Territories and possessions; and at all United States embassies, legations, consular offices, and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and naval vessels and stations. Day of Death: September 27, 1993 Flag Lowered from 9/30/93 through 10/1/93, 2 days
- 6644 01/06/94 Death of Thomas P. O'Neill, Jr.
Former Speaker of the House of Representatives, representing the State of Massachusetts from January 3, 1953 through January 3, 1987-- from death until the day of interment, 1/10/94, on all military posts and naval stations, and on all naval vessels of the Federal Government in the District of Columbia and throughout the United States and its Territories and possessions; and at all United States embassies, legations, consular offices, and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and naval vessels and stations. Day of Death: January 5, 1994 Flag Lowered from 1/6/94 through 1/10/94, 5 days
- 6671 04/14/94 Death of Those Aboard American Helicopters in Iraq
In Iraq- United States Warplanes mistakenly shot down two U.S. helicopters over the Iraqi "No Fly Zone" killing all 26 crew members and passengers, including a number of foreign nationals on board the helicopter-- until sunset on April 18, 1994, on all public buildings, grounds, and naval vessels of the Federal Government in the District of Columbia and throughout the United States and its Territories and possessions; at all United States embassies, legations, consular offices, and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and naval vessels and stations. Day of Tragedy: April 14, 1994 Flag Lowered from 4/14/94 through 4/18/94, 5 days
- 6677 04/22/94 Announcing the Death of Richard Milhous Nixon
37th President of the United States, Richard M. Nixon died on 4/22/94, at 9:08 pm., in NYC due to stroke-- at the White House and on all buildings, grounds, and naval vessels of the United States for a period of thirty days from the day of his death; representatives of the United States shall make similar arrangements over their embassies, legations, and other facilities, including all military facilities and stations. Day of Death: April 22, 1994 National Day of Mourning: 4/27/94 (day of interment) Flag Lowered from 4/22/94 through 5/21/94, 30 days

PROCLAMATIONS LOWERING THE FLAG TO HALF STAFF
January 1, 1940 through Present

PROCLAMATION
NUMBER DATE

TITLE & REASON

- 6786 04/20/95 **Victims of the Oklahoma City Bombing**
Civilians, members of the military, and Federal employees killed on April 19, 1995 in the bombing of the Murrah Federal Building in Oklahoma City-- until April 24, 1995, at the White House and upon all public buildings and grounds, at all military posts and naval stations, and on all naval vessels of the Federal Government in the District of Columbia and throughout the United States and its Territories and possessions; at all embassies, legations, consular offices, and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and naval vessels and stations. Day of Tragedy: April 19, 1995 Flag Lowered from 4/20/95 through 4/24/95, 5 days
- 6817 08/19/95 **Death of Those in the U.S. Delegation in Bosnia-Herzegovina**
A covoy of U.S. diplomats headed for peace talks in Sarajevo, Bosnia-Herzegovina, strayed from the roadway and struck a land mine, killing all three of the passengers-- until sunset on August 23, 1995 on all public buildings, grounds, and military posts and naval stations, and on all naval vessels of the Federal Government in the District of Columbia and throughout the United States and its Territories and possessions; also at all embassies, legations, consular offices, and other facilities abroad, including military facilities and naval vessels and stations. Day of Tragedy: August 19, 1995 Flag Lowered from 8/19/95 through 8/23/95, 5 days
- 6848 11/04/95 **Death of Yitzhak Rabin**
Prime Minister of Israel, assassinated after speaking at a peace rally in Tel Aviv on Saturday, November 4, 1995-- until interment on November 6, 1995, on all public buildings and grounds, at all military posts and naval stations, and all naval vessels of the Federal Government in the District of Columbia and throughout the United States and its territories and possessions; at all embassies, legations, consular offices, and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and naval vessels and stations. Day of Death: November 4, 1995 Flag Lowered from 11/4/95 through 11/6/95, 3 days
- 6856 12/06/95 **National Pearl Harbor Remembrance Day, 1995**
H.J.Res. 131, Public Law 103-308 requested the President to issue the proclamation annually and requests the flag be flown at half-staff on such day; previously issued in 1984, 1986, 1987, and 1991, at congressional requests.

PROCLAMATIONS LOWERING THE FLAG TO HALF STAFF
January 1, 1940 through Present

PROCLAMATION
NUMBER DATE

TITLE & REASON

- 6860 01/02/96 Death of Admiral Arleigh A. Burke
World War II naval hero died of pneumonia at Bethesda Naval Hospital at the age of 94--until sunset on January 4, 1996, the day of interment, at all public buildings and grounds, at all military posts and naval stations, and on all naval vessels of the Federal Government in the District of Columbia and throughout the United States and its Territories and possessions; also at all embassies, legations, consular offices, and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and naval vessels and stations; also for the same period at all United States embassies, legations, consular offices, and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and naval vessels and stations. Day of Death: January 1, 1996 Flag Lowered from 1/2/96 through 1/4/96, 3 days
- 6874 03/27/96 Death of Edmund Sixtus Muskie
Former WWII hero, Senator from Maine, and Secretary of State for President Carter-- on Saturday March 30, 1996 (day of funeral), at all public buildings and grounds, at all military posts and naval stations, and on all naval vessels of the Federal Government in the District of Columbia and throughout the United States and its Territories and possessions; also at United States embassies, legations, consular offices, and other facilities abroad, including all military facilities and naval vessels and stations. Day of Death: March 26, 1996 Flag Lowered only on March 30, 1996 (date of funeral)