

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001a. memo	Brooke Shearer to POTUS re: Nominees for 1996-97 White House Fellowships (2 pages)	06/11/1996	b(6)
001b. memo	[Duplicate of 001a] (2 pages)	06/11/1996	b(6)
002. memo	Todd Stern to Kathleen Wallman re: Request (2 pages)	06/11/1996	b(6)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Staff Secretary
Todd Stern
OA/Box Number: 7698

FOLDER TITLE:

Chron Files June 10-15, 1996: Tuesday, June 11, 1996

2019-0774-S

rs3322

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
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- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

Chign

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96 JUN 11 P5:12

June 11, 1996

MEMORANDUM FOR TODD STERN

FROM: TIM SAUNDERS *TS*

SUBJECT: Retirement of Judge H. Lee Sarokin

Attached is the wire story from last week and the original letter referenced therein that we have received today.

*N*ormal procedure is to provide a copy of the letter to DOJ so that a draft response may be prepared. This draft would then be provided to Correspondence for final preparation.

We will follow this procedure unless you prefer otherwise, i.e., have Correspondence prepare a quick draft.

Follow normal procedure ✓
Have Corp. prepare draft _____
Other _____

*Todd Stern
6-11-96
(sent)*

Do not xerox
complete pgs 5.



United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit

H. LEE SAROKIN
CIRCUIT JUDGE

MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
FEDERAL BUILDING & U.S. COURTHOUSE
50 WALNUT STREET
NEWARK, NEW JERSEY 07101
201-645-6360

June 4, 1996

The Honorable William Jefferson Clinton
President of the United States
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

This is to advise you that I intend to retire as a judge of the United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit effective July 31, 1996. It is apparent that there are those who have decided to "Willie Hortonize" the federal judiciary, and that I am to be one of their prime targets. As a result, I expect that my decisions will continue to be used against you and others in the upcoming campaign, but I cannot and will not alter them because they might. I had intended to remain on the court so long as I was physically and mentally able, but the constant politicization of my tenure has made that lifetime dream impossible for me.

It is ironic that I do not stand charged with misconduct, but rather with protecting the constitutional rights of persons accused of crimes---a somewhat astonishing accusation to be leveled against a federal judge, since my oath and conscience prohibit me from doing otherwise. In the current political campaign, enforcement of constitutional rights is equated with being soft on crime and, indeed, even with causing it. The Bill of Rights is characterized as a collection of "technicalities" ---the only "right" apparently remaining is to own an automatic weapon capable of killing a room full of schoolchildren in a few seconds. It is my unerring view that if the Bill of Rights were repealed tomorrow and no judge could enforce them, that it would not make a ripple in the amount or nature of crime in this country. To hold judges responsible for crime is like blaming doctors for disease.

Page 2

The Honorable William Jefferson Clinton
President of the United States

The current tactics will affect the independence of the judiciary and the public's confidence in it, without which it cannot survive. So long as I was the focus of criticism for my own opinions, I was resigned to take the abuse no matter how unfair or untrue, but the first moment I considered whether or how an opinion I was preparing would be used was the moment I decided that I could no longer serve as a federal judge.

The court and the country will survive easily without me. Some undoubtedly will cheer my departure, but what they may view as a victory is, in reality, a defeat for our judicial system and its most essential ingredient---an independent judiciary.

I thank you for the confidence you demonstrated in appointing me to this distinguished court. I regret that there are those who are willing to sacrifice my life's work and reputation for their own political gain and have deprived me of the opportunity of fulfilling my commitment to the work I love and the principles I hold most dear.

Respectfully yours,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Bill Clinton". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned below the typed name "Bill Clinton".

Cathy Bryant

202
488

3985

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

sent
96 JUN 11 P4: 45

OFFICE OF THE STAFF SECRETARY

Fax Transmittal Sheet

TO: Cathy Bryant

Fax Number: 202 488-3985

Phone Number:

FROM: Todd Stern

SUBJECT: James Henry Letter

DATE: 06/11/96

NUMBER OF PAGES (including cover sheet): 7

MESSAGE:

If all pages are not received, please call 202/456-2702

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THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 7, 1996

Dr. James Henry
President
The Southern Baptist Convention
First Baptist Church
3701 L.B. McLeod Road
Orlando, Florida 32805-6691

Dear Dr. Henry:

I have received the June 5 letter that you and a number of past Presidents of the Southern Baptist Convention sent me concerning H.R. 1833, legislation banning a certain abortion procedure, commonly referred to as partial birth abortion. I understand that you are distressed about my veto of that bill. Indeed, I realize that a great many people of good faith -- and of all faiths -- are sincerely perplexed.

Regrettably, my views on this legislation have been widely misrepresented and misunderstood. Therefore, I want to take this opportunity to set forth my position as clearly and directly as I can.

Let me say first that I am against late-term abortions and have long opposed them, except, as the Supreme Court requires, where necessary to protect the life or health of the mother. As Governor of Arkansas, I signed into law a bill that barred third trimester abortions, with an appropriate exception for life or health, and I would sign a bill to do the same thing at the federal level if it were presented to me.

The particular procedure aimed at in H.R. 1833 poses a difficult and disturbing issue, one which I studied and prayed about for many months. Indeed, when I first heard a description of this procedure, I anticipated that I would support the bill. But after I studied the matter and learned more about it, I came to believe that this rarely used procedure is justifiable as a last resort when doctors judge it necessary to save a woman's life or to avert serious consequences to her health.

In April, I was joined in the White House by five women who desperately wanted to have their babies and were devastated to learn that their babies had fatal conditions and would not live.

These women wanted anything other than an abortion, but were advised by their doctors that this procedure was their best chance to avert the risk of death or grave harm which, in some cases, would have included an inability to bear children. These women gave moving, powerful testimony. For them, this was not about choice. It was not about choosing against having a child. Their babies were certain to perish before, during or shortly after birth. The only question was how much grave damage they were going to suffer. One of them described the serious risks to her health that she faced, including the possibility of hemorrhaging, a ruptured cervix and loss of her ability to bear children in the future. She talked of her predicament:

"Our little boy had...hydrocephaly. All the doctors told us there was no hope. We asked about in utero surgery, about shunts to remove the fluid, but there was absolutely nothing we could do. I cannot express the pain we still feel. This was our precious little baby, and he was being taken from us before we even had him. This was not our choice, for not only was our son going to die, but the complications of the pregnancy put my health in danger, as well."

Some have raised the question whether this procedure is ever most appropriate as a matter of medical practice. The best answer comes from the medical community, which broadly supports the continued availability of this procedure in cases where a woman's serious health interests are at stake. In those rare cases, I believe a woman's doctors should have the option to determine, in the best exercise of their medical judgment, that the procedure is indeed necessary.

The problem with H.R. 1833 is that it provides an exception to the ban on this procedure only when a doctor is convinced that a woman's life is at risk, but not when the doctor is sure that she faces real, grave risks to her health.

Let me be clear. I do not contend that this procedure, today, is always used in circumstances that meet my standard. The procedure may well be used in situations where a woman's serious health interests are not at risk. But I do not support such uses, I do not defend them, and I would sign appropriate legislation banning them.

At the same time, I cannot and will not countenance a ban on this procedure in those cases where it represents the best hope for a woman to avoid serious risks to her health. Some may believe it morally superior to compel a woman to endure serious risks to her health -- including the possible loss of her ability to bear children -- in order to deliver a baby who is already dead or about to die. But I am not among them.

I also understand that many who support this bill believe that any health exception is, as you suggest, a "loophole...to include any reason the mother so desires," such as youth, emotional stress, financial hardship or inconvenience.

That is not the kind of exception I support. I support an exception that takes effect only where a woman faces real, serious adverse health consequences. Some have cited cases where fraudulent health reasons are relied upon as an excuse -- excuses I could never condone. But people of good faith must recognize that there are also cases where the health risks facing a woman are deadly serious and real. It is in those cases that I believe an exception to the general ban on the procedure should be allowed.

Further, I reject the view of those who suggest that it is impossible to draft a bill imposing real, stringent limits on the use of this procedure -- a bill making crystal clear that the procedure may be used only in cases where a woman risks death or serious damage to her health, and in no other case. I know that it is not beyond the ingenuity of Congress, working together in a bipartisan manner, to fashion such a bill.

That is why I implored Congress, by letter dated February 28 and in my veto message, to add a limited exemption for the small number of compelling cases where use of the procedure is necessary to avoid serious health consequences. Congress ignored my proposal and did so, I am afraid, because too many there prefer creating a political issue to solving a human problem. But I repeat my offer: if Congress will produce a bill that meets the concerns outlined in this letter, I will sign it promptly.

In short, I do not support the use of this procedure on demand or on the strength of mild or fraudulent health complaints. But I do believe that it is wrong to abandon women, like the women I spoke with, whose doctors advise them that they need the procedure to avoid serious injury. That, in my judgment, would be the true inhumanity.

I continue to hope that a solution can be reached on this painful issue. I hope as well that the deep dialogue between my Administration and people of faith can continue with regard to the broad array of issues on which we have worked and are working together. Thank you again for your letter. I hope that you now have a better understanding of my position.

Sincerely,



THE SOUTHERN BAPTIST CONVENTION

Jim Henry, President

June 5, 1996

The President
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Ave.
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President,

It is with heavy hearts and profound disappointment that we express our united and unambiguous opposition to your veto of the Partial-birth Abortion Ban Act. This grisly procedure cannot be morally justified.

We appeal to you not only as religious leaders, but as many of the former presidents of the Christian denomination you claim as your own, the Southern Baptist Convention. You should know that our concern is felt very deeply, as evidenced by the fact that this is the only time in the 150-year history of our denomination that such a letter has been sent to a United States President.

Partial-birth abortion is, by any civilized moral measurement, inhumane and unconscionable. With ultrasound for guidance, a doctor uses forceps and hands to deliver an intact baby feet first until only the head remains in the birth canal. The doctor pierces the base of the baby's skull with surgical scissors. He or she then inserts a canula into the incision and suctions out the brain of the baby so the head can be collapsed. That you could countenance this procedure, and with one stroke of your pen, veto a ban on partial-birth abortions is unimaginable to us.

Your often-repeated rationale for an exception "for the mother's health" is a discredited, catch-all loophole which has been demonstrated to include any reason the mother so desires.

You stated that you had prayed about this issue before deciding to veto the Partial-birth Abortion Ban. It is difficult for us to understand that God somehow would condone this procedure in the light of what the Bible says about unborn human life, or perhaps, you were gravely misinformed about the barbaric nature of the procedure.

The Old Testament scriptures demonstrate that every human being is made in the image of God (Genesis 1:27). Furthermore, God told the prophet Jeremiah that he was known intimately from even before he was formed in the womb (Jeremiah 1:4-5). Every human life is sacred and possesses unique dignity. Jesus our Lord showed special love and regard for children during His earthly ministry and cursed those who would despise His little ones (Mark 10:14-16). Partial-birth abortion is not defensible in light of God's revelation. As our friends, the American Roman Catholic Cardinals, said in their April 16, 1996 letter to you, partial-birth abortion is "more akin to infanticide than abortion."



The Honorable Bill Clinton

June 5, 1996

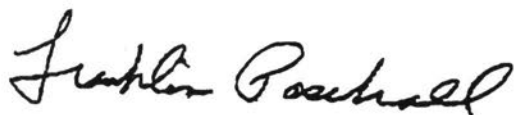
Page 2

The Apostle Paul enjoined Christians to restore with gentleness those who are caught in "any trespass" (Galatians 6:1). We appeal to you in that spirit to repent of your veto of the Partial-birth Abortion Ban Act and to express publicly your personal regret at having made such a decision in the first place.

Mr. President, should you, under the leadership of the Holy Spirit, reverse your thinking on this matter and sign the Partial-birth Abortion Ban Act into law, we will defend you and your decision in the face of the enemies of the sanctity of every human life.

We further pledge that we, and the overwhelming majority of Southern Baptists, will do everything we are able to encourage Congress to override this shameful veto. As you know, Southern Baptists are on record for their decade-and-a-half-long, adamant opposition to abortion. We can assure you that Southern Baptists are even more vigorously opposed to the partial-birth abortion procedure.

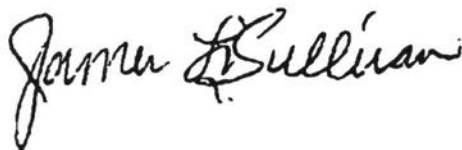
We pray for you and for the awesome responsibilities of the high office which God has allowed you to hold. We know these duties can only be fulfilled responsibly by God's grace and wisdom. God bless you, Mr. President, and God bless America.



Dr. Franklin Paschall, Pres. 1967 & 1968



Dr. W. A. Criswell, Pres. 1969 & 1970



Dr. James Sullivan, Pres. 1977

The Honorable Bill Clinton

June 5, 1996

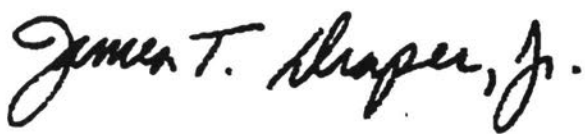
Page 3



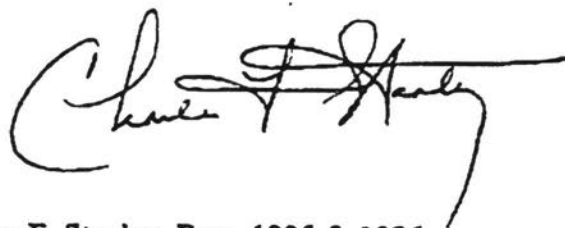
Dr. Adrian Rogers, Pres. 1980, 1987, 1988



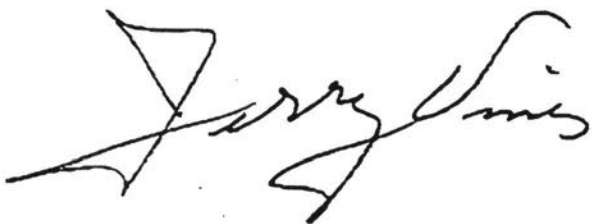
Dr. Bailey Smith, Pres. 1981 & 1982



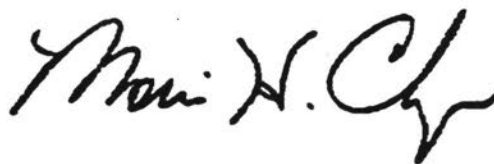
Dr. James T. Draper, Jr., Pres. 1983 & 1984



Dr. Charles F. Stanley, Pres. 1985 & 1986



Dr. Jerry Vines, Pres. 1989 & 1990



Dr. Morris Chapman, Pres. 1991 & 1992



Dr. H. Edwin Young, Pres. 1993 & 1994



Dr. James Henry, Pres. 1995 and 1996

MESSAGE CONFIRMATION

JUN-11-96 15:40

FAX NUMBER : 2024562215

NAME :

FAX NUMBER : 94883985

PAGE : 07

ELAPSED TIME : 03'34"

MODE : G3 STD

RESULTS : O.K

DATE: 6-11

TO: Stiglitz
Baltz

FROM: Staff Secretary

I understand you
guys were involved
in the issue of financing
Everglades restoration.

Any view on this
letter from ^{Guy Smith, who} ~~Stiglitz~~ Patus
knows? Indef

6June96

MEMORANDUM

TO: The President

FROM: Guy L. Smith

SUBJ: **Florida, The Everglades, Sugar and November**

CC: Evelyn Lieberman, Don Baer

Dear Mr. President:

Your Administration has taken bold and imaginative, yet controversial, steps in Florida to restore the Everglades. Beyond the \$200 million in the Farm Bill, all current funding proposals require either taxpayers, consumers, or U.S. sugar growers to bear the burden of restoration, which will exceed even the \$1.5 billion VP Gore announced.

Your Administration is behind the "penny-a-pound" tax that will probably be on the ballot in Florida (signatures are now being gathered). Sen. Graham is opposed to it. The U.S. sugar growers are violently opposed to it.

The whole affair complicates you carrying Florida in November.

Here's a way for you to make the "penny-a-pound" controversy subside, get Sen. Graham off the hot seat, fund the restoration of the Everglades, not use ANY taxpayer money in the process, and make campaigning in Florida a lot easier.

Here's how:

The Sugar Program keeps sugar prices higher than world prices. Prior to GATT, about 30 countries received quota licenses to import sugar to the U.S. GATT made one important change: it requires the U.S. to import 1.256 million tons of sugar annually without tariff. This new GATT quota is divided among the 30 countries at the same percentages as before GATT. And despite GATT, the U.S. is expected to import more sugar than the GATT quota of 1.256 million tons annually. This year the U.S. will import some two million tons, about 800,000 tons more than the GATT quota.

Unless your Administration takes some action, these additional sugar quota licenses will automatically be given to the same 30 countries that received the GATT quota licenses. Those countries will sell those quota licenses on the open market or give them to sugar growers in their countries (usually they go to the inside crowd in whatever country). This U.S. sugar quota license creates a huge windfall profit to a foreign sugar grower because of the significant differential between the U.S. market price and the world price.

Here is where an action by your Administration can solve the funding problem for Everglades restoration and not use any taxpayer money, and it can be done by Executive Order. No Congressional action is necessary.

The windfall profits mentioned above could instead be captured and used to finance Everglades restoration. You can do this by directing the Secretary of Agriculture and the USTR to give all quota licenses in excess of the GATT quota to the South Florida Water Management District instead of giving them to foreign countries. The district can in turn sell them on the open market and use the proceeds for Everglades restoration.

This amounts to a pile of money. Here's how it works out: world market 12 cents a pound; U.S. market 23 cents a pound. If the U.S. imports 800,000 tons over the GATT quota, the total value is \$176 million for one year. This could be repeated each year for the seven year life of the Sugar Program. Actual proceeds to the District would vary based on the actual amount imported over the GATT quota. And, there would be some discounts for transportation, fees, and a reasonable profit margin for the importer, BUT, it would still be a very substantial portion of the \$176 million a year.

Australia and New Zealand have taken similar steps with their surplus sugar quota licenses.

Taking this action puts you in a very favorable position in Florida, and in a position that virtually no one can criticize.

1. It does not cost U.S. sugar growers anything.
2. It has no affect on the price U.S. consumers pay for sugar.
3. It requires NO tax money.
4. It is a totally new source of money.
5. It can be implemented by Executive Order, requires no Congressional action, makes no change in the Sugar Program, uses no money from the Federal budget, and requires no appropriation.
6. It is a market-based solution. It captures value created by the Sugar Program to solve a major environmental problem created by the Sugar Program.
7. It would have universal support. Anyone who objects would be positioned as defending windfall profits of foreign sugar growers at the expense of U.S. taxpayers. U.S. growers won't object!
8. It gets Sen. Graham off the hot seat.
9. It removes the need for the U.S. sugar growers campaign against "penny-a-pound."
10. It positions you as being both environmentally sound and sensitive to U.S. business interests.

Mr. President, this is a Bill Clinton-type of thing: **using government to advance important public policy and not raising taxes to do it.**

And, it makes campaigning in Florida a lot easier, because it neutralizes a very divisive issue with a solution that will make environmentalists and sugar growers happy.

If I can be of any help on this, just let me know.

Sincerely,

Guy

P.S. I am very appreciative for you arranging for Abby and Guy V to serve as White House interns this summer. Abby started three weeks ago in Cabinet Affairs and Guy starts June 17. **Thank you.**

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20500
CLOSE HOLD

DATE: 6-11

TO:  Jack Quinn

FROM: Staff Secretary

Why now?
(I've asked Harold, Evelyn &
George too.)



CLOSE HOLD

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20500
CLOSE HOLD

DATE: 6-11

TO: ~~Harold~~
~~Evelyn~~
~~George~~

FROM: Staff Secretary

Any view on this?

Rich

CLOSE HOLD

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Todd -

96 JUN 10 AM 10:01

Sarbanes office
tells me we sent a
statement last year
w/ Tim Wirth.

Can we do anythg?

Vicki

Bruckner & Co

Pls. handle -
we need a
message; &
coordinate with
NSC re both message
& "sagging" T.

From the office of

**SENATOR
PAUL SARBANES**

Maryland



ORIGINATOR PETER MARUDAS

SENATOR SARBANES' BALTIMORE OFFICE
VOICE - 410-962-4436
FAX - 410-962-4156

DATE: 6/7/96 TIME: 11:55

DELIVER TO: VICKY RADD - DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF
COMMUNICATIONS

TOTAL PAGES INCLUDING COVER: -

OTHER MESSAGE:

Dear Vicky:

Thanks again for your usual extraordinary help and concern. Attached is the letter which His Holiness Ecumenical Patriarch Bartholomew asked that we convey to President Clinton.

The Patriarch is requesting a greeting for this summer's seminar which will be held June 30 - July 7. I will attempt to find out from the Patriarchite who will be representing the U.S. government so they could possibly take the message, and, if possible, the sapling. I will also call Todd Stern on Monday to touch base with him regarding this matter.

Have a terrific weekend and thanks very much for your help with the Pause for the Pledge.

Peter

Prot. No. 646

The Most Honorable William J. Clinton, The President of the United States of America, beloved in the Lord: Grace and peace from God.

Plans are under way for *Summer Seminar on Halki '96*. The seminar will be held from June 30th-July 7th at the Holy Trinity Monastery on Halki. This year's theme will be **The Environment and Communication**. The format of the seminar will include formal lectures, discussions, workshops, case studies, communications, excursions and recreation.

Our personal aim is to motivate and inspire young theologians, environmentalists, scientists, and professionals by providing them with a forum to focus on and address environmental issues as they impact their lives. Among those invited are Orthodox Patriarchates and Autocephalous and Autonomous Churches, Orthodox organizations and institutions, other Churches and Church-related organizations, religions, international and local environmentalists and experts in the field of communications.

His Royal Highness The Prince Philip, Duke of Edinburgh, President of World Wide Fund for Nature (WWF) International, has graciously accepted once again to join us as co-patron of the Summer Seminar on Halki program. Together we cordially invite you to participate in *Summer Seminar on Halki '96*.

We shall not presume that you would be able to attend in person, even though you must know that you are always most welcome. However, we should like to ask if you would be willing to send a brief personal greeting or message for the formal opening on July 1st to be read on that occasion.

Furthermore, we should like to ask if the citizens of the United States would honor our Seminar by offering a sapling indigenous to your noble country to be planted in a ceremony on the opening day of the Seminar at the Monastery of the Holy Trinity, site of the former Theological School of Halki. After meeting all the agricultural requirements, it would be possible for one of the participants travelling from the U.S. to Turkey to bring it.

We extend our heartfelt prayers to you, Mr. President, and to Mrs. Clinton and Chelsea whose recent visit has touched us most profoundly, and we invoke upon all the grace of God, Master of all creation.

At the Phanar, May 28, 1996

Your fervent supplicant before God,

THE ECUMENICAL PATRIARCH

Bartholomew of Constantinople
 † Bartholomew of Constantinople

The President
 The White House
 Washington, D. C.
 U.S.A.

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
002. memo	Todd Stern to Kathleen Wallman re: Request (2 pages)	06/11/1996	b(6)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Staff Secretary
Todd Stern
OA/Box Number: 7698

FOLDER TITLE:

Chron Files June 10-15, 1996: Tuesday, June 11, 1996

2019-0774-S

rs3322

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]