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DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001a. statement	re: Statement of Facts Concerning Mrs. Michal Mozes (3 pages)	07/23/1999	b(6)
001b. statement	re: [Michal Mozes] (2 pages)	07/21/1999	b(6)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Staff Secretary
Sean Maloney (Chron File (Jul 99))
OA/Box Number: 14865

FOLDER TITLE:

Tuesday, July 27, 1999

2016-0970-F

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RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

7-26-99

5558

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

*Please a for
make copies me NIT*ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: SAMUEL BERGER *SB*
STEPHANIE STREETT *SS*

SUBJECT: Your November Trip to Europe

*copied
Berger
Streett
Hernreich
Podesta*I. Purpose

To get your approval on an outline for your November 1999 trip to Bulgaria, Turkey, Italy and Greece.

II. Background

SB The 1999 OSCE Summit, bringing together 54 heads of state and government, will be held in Istanbul on November 18 and 19. The Summit will focus attention on the OSCE's important work and strengthen its role in democracy-building, conflict prevention and post-conflict rehabilitation. The Summit may also provide an opportunity for signing an adapted Conventional Forces in Europe (CFE) Treaty, which would be a major achievement. The trip to Istanbul offers opportunities for other valuable visits in the region: Bulgaria, Turkey (State visit), Italy (Third Way Conference) and Greece (State visit). You could leave Washington on or around Friday, November 12 (Congress is scheduled to adjourn that day) and return Wednesday, November 24, in time for Thanksgiving.

The dates for the OSCE Summit are locked in. So are those for the Third Way event in Italy. That is why you would go from Turkey to Italy and then to Greece, as opposed to going directly from Turkey to Greece.

cc: Vice President
Chief of Staff

II. Proposed Schedule

Bulgaria

No sitting President has visited Bulgaria. You could expect an ecstatic reception akin to the one you received in Romania. The visit would allow you to:

- Underscore your continuing commitment to the economic recovery and integration of Bulgaria and other SEE states
- Recognize Bulgaria's dramatic internal reforms and cooperation with the West
- Solidify your relationships with President Stoyanov and Prime Minister Kostov.

Bulgaria did not expect a NATO invitation at the Washington Summit, but your visit would keep hope alive.

Bulgaria is the quiet success story in the Balkans. Moscow's most compliant ally during the Cold War, it has made enormous strides over the past three years on democratization, free market reform, and combating organized crime and corruption. During the Kosovo crisis, Sofia pulled states together in the region to support NATO's efforts. A stop here would complement your visit to Turkey and Greece because these three countries have been building cooperation among themselves. Bulgaria has a good record on minority issues and during WWII it saved almost its entire Jewish population.

Yes!
Bulgaria is the cradle of Orthodox Christianity, and has many dramatic monasteries and churches. You might visit the beautiful city of Plovdiv, Stoyanov's home town and headquarters of the new Southeast European peacekeeping battalion, which includes contributions from Greece, Turkey, and other neighbors. Another option would be a visit to the American University of Bulgaria. The First Lady had a very successful visit last October when she met with women political leaders and entrepreneurs. The Site Survey team will explore these and other options.

Turkey

You could arrive in Ankara for a State visit and bilateral meetings with President Demirel and Prime Minister Ecevit before going on to Istanbul for the OSCE Summit. This would be a good

7-26-99

opportunity to work with President Demirel and Prime Minister Ecevit on a wide range of issues including southeastern Europe, Iraq, Caspian energy, Cyprus, the EU, and human rights. We would recommend spending a day and a half in Ankara including bilateral meetings, a State dinner, interaction with university students, and a visit to the Ataturk tomb and museum before travelling to Istanbul.

A free day in and around Istanbul before the start of the OSCE Summit would allow you to visit a broad array of extraordinary landmarks. Among the options the Site Survey team will look at are: Topkapi Palace, home of Ottoman leaders, and the beautiful Blue Mosque, just opposite each other in central Istanbul; a boat ride up the Bosphorus; Ephesus near Izmir, where there are Pompei-like ruins from an ancient Greek town and where Mark Antony, Cleopatra, and St. Paul once trod. You also could visit Incirlik Air Base, where American airmen are flying Operation Northern Watch over Iraq.

That is important to me

The OSCE summit runs from the morning of the 18th until mid-day on the 19th. We are working with the Turks and Norwegian OSCE Chairman-in-Office to ensure that the Summit is more than a talkathon, and are seeking to organize interesting side events for you, such as meetings with NGOs active on the ground.

Italy

In Florence, you would take part in a Third Way Conference on "Progressive Governance in the 21st Century." The event will be organized by Prime Minister D'Alema and co-sponsored by New York University and the European Institute. Participants will include D'Alema, Tony Blair, Gerhard Schroeder and Lionel Jospin. EU Commission President Prodi and NATO Secretary General Solana, by then the EU's first "High Representative" for foreign policy, will also be present. You would attend a dinner at NYU's villa, the former estate of Sir Harold Acton. The following day, you could participate in morning and afternoon sessions with the other leaders at the European Institute villa. Possibly, there will be time to tour Florence.

I want to see this

Greece

After Italy you would go to Greece for a State visit. This would show indispensable "balance" with Turkey, and allow you to work important bilateral issues with Prime Minister Simitis, whose government is the most moderate we have seen for decades on issues we care most about. It also would further repair the

breach that developed during the Kosovo conflict, which saw 95 percent of the Greek people oppose NATO's action and witnessed an outbreak of anti-U.S. protests. Your meetings could focus on Cyprus, the Aegean, southeastern Europe, cooperation on terrorism, arms sales, and the EU.

Like the Turks, the Greeks are deeply proud of their history, and will want to show you around historical and cultural landmarks in Athens and beyond. Days two and three could include a mix of sight seeing, for example, the Acropolis and an adjacent American archaeological dig, Mount Athos, and the Greek islands. The events would involve different segments of the Greek society, including business leaders and university students. The Site Survey team will explore these and other options.

RECOMMENDATION

That you approve the proposed outline for your November trip to Europe.

Approve ☒

Disapprove ☐

*This is important
I want all input
before final decisions*

*This is important.
I want all input
before final decisions.*



PARTIDO
REVOLUCIONISTA
FEROQUENO

1000 P.O. BOX 100
1000 P.O. BOX 100

7-26-99

Sandy

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[Handwritten scribbles and signatures]



Partido Independentista Puertorriqueño

July 21, 1999
Vieques, Puerto Rico

The Hon. William Jefferson Clinton, President
United States of America
The White House
Washington, D.C.

Dear President Clinton:

In 1971, while you were at Yale Law School, after your college years at Georgetown and on your way to Oxford, I was serving a three-month federal sentence for interrupting the U.S. Navy's military exercises in the island-municipality of Culebra, Puerto Rico.

Some years earlier, I had also graduated from the same three universities. Those were important formative years in my education, as undoubtedly they were for you. During that time, I came to know and respect the struggle for civil and human rights of African Americans under the leadership of Malcolm X and Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. In your case, you found yourself then in the midst of what former Defense Secretary, Robert S. McNamara, accurately labeled in retrospect, "the tragedy and lessons of Vietnam."

In Puerto Rico, we suffered both the violation of our human rights as a Latin American nationality of the Caribbean, and the scourge of unabated militarism. We were expected to passively accept the role of wards of U.S. defense interests in the gilded cage of colonial commonwealth, and also to sit quietly in the back of the bus of History's decolonization process.

I imagine that the experience of those university years made the imperative for corrective justice as categorical for you as it did for me. Because rather than pursue the life of social and economic privileges for which Georgetown, Yale Law, and Oxford threw doors wide open, each of us has sought to act to further liberty and social justice in our respective nations.

As a Puerto Rican, convinced that colonialism denigrates both the colonized and the colonizer, I found myself bound by a mandate never more beautifully stated than in the old proverb: "If you have two loaves of bread, sell one and buy a lilly."

963 Ave. F.D. Roosevelt
Puerto Nuevo, Puerto Rico 00920-2901
Tel. 782-1455 Fax 782-2000
<http://www.pip.org.pr>

Now, 28 years later, you are President of your country and Commander-in-Chief of its Armed Forces, and I write to you as President of the Puerto Rican Independence Party. This time I am not behind prison walls, but on a beach in Vieques, another island-municipality of Puerto Rico close to the U.S. Virgin Islands that you know so well from family vacations.

But I am not here on vacation. I have been here in an act of civil disobedience similar to that of 1971 since May 8th, when the Puerto Rican Independence Party set up camp in the Navy's firing range in Vieques' south coast. Here, the U.S. Navy has bombed and conducted military maneuvers for almost sixty years. Here, over 9,000 Puerto Ricans are forced to live under constant threat to their lives in a narrow strip of land surrounded by 26,000 acres--out of 33,000--controlled by the Navy.

The Navy has perpetrated an ecological abomination in Vieques. Here, next to the idyllic beach from where I write to you, lies a lunar wasteland of unexploded ordnance and depleted uranium-tipped radioactive shells littered about in dead wetlands and lagoons, scorched earth, and devastated marine turtle nests.

As you know, we have successfully interrupted the Navy's bombing and I have pledged to remain here until the Navy formally declares its intention to leave Vieques, or until I am arrested. By now I have spent roughly the same amount of time on this beach as I spent in prison in 1971.

But this time we are not isolated. For the first time since the U.S. invasion in 1898, all sectors of Puerto Rico's public opinion have unanimously demanded the permanent cessation of all military exercises and the eventual devolution of all Vieques lands under Navy control to the people of Puerto Rico. We came to the firing range in Vieques as human shields. We have now become the spearheads of the will of the Puerto Rican people.

Internationally, the Council of the Socialist International--which includes most of your allies in Europe--recently approved a resolution in support of the Puerto Rican Independence Party's civil disobedience strategy in Vieques. Resolutions calling for the withdrawal of the Navy from Vieques and the devolution of the territory under its control have also been recently approved by the Permanent Conference of Latin American Political Parties (COPPPAL) and by the United Nations Decolonization Committee.

We know that the Navy will not easily give up. Most likely, it will elaborate a supposedly balanced solution for devolution of superfluous acreage, and perhaps even promise to limit live munition practice --a transparent ploy to keep control and later revert to the old practices, disregarding any agreement. We expect them to try everything they have done before.

But ultimate responsibility lies with you, as President and Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces of your nation. You will have to decide whether to cave in to the Navy's bureaucratic infatuation with outdated Cold War schemes, or greet the new millenium as a champion of human rights.

The subject of human rights further compels me to use this opportunity to bring to your attention once more the plight of Puerto Ricans who have languished in U.S. prisons during almost two decades, for activities related to their struggle for Puerto Rico's independence. The sentences imposed on these compatriots have by far exceeded those imposed on other persons for similar or even more serious acts. Moreover, the disproportionate length of their sentences is indicative of intervening political considerations intended, beyond criminal punishment, to impose a penalty for ideological motivations. Except in the eyes of those who would not see, the international community views them as political prisoners, not common criminals, who deserve the exercise of your constitutional powers of executive clemency without further delay.

Besides the humanitarian reasons for the unconditional release of Puerto Rican political prisoners from federal jails, and beyond profound human rights and environmental reasons for opposing the Navy's presence in Vieques, deeper reasons of an ethical and political nature are involved. These include the self-respect and dignity of the Puerto Rican people in the exercise of their inalienable right to self-determination and independence.

In 1898 the Navy was a primary force behind the invasion of Puerto Rico. It has been the omnipresent spur of our colonial status ever since. Puerto Rico is now the oldest colony in the world; and *but for* our colonial status, there would be no Puerto Rican political prisoners in the United States.

In this post Cold War age of nationalities and decolonization, however, the most powerful enemy of the Puerto Rican people in their struggle for sovereign equality and self-determination is the sense of impotence born of 500 years of colonialism, the last 101 under U.S. rule. That feeling, similar to that of African Americans for a century after your country's Civil War, can only be vanquished through actions which instill pride in a people's own capabilities and accomplishments.

Vieques presents you with a choice. To disregard the will of the Puerto Rican people, expressed beyond political, religious, or ideological differences, would set back the clock of democracy in the U.S., compounding colonialism with an overt act of tyranny. To comply with the will of the Puerto Rican people, however, will make the spiritual prison walls of colonial impotence in Puerto Rico begin to crumble.

The victory of Vieques and of Puerto Rican political prisoners will be the victory of those in the U.S. who value self-determination, justice and human rights. Above all, it will be a transcendental victory for the Puerto Rican people in the quest for human dignity.

Sincerely,

A large, stylized handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Rubén Berrios Martínez'.

Rubén Berrios Martínez
President
Puerto Rican Independence Party

7-27-99

5316

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 19, 1999

Copied

Berger

NSC WW Desk JL 19 AM 11:22

Podesta

INFORMATION

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: SAMUEL BERGER 

SUBJECT: U.S. Efforts to Address Psycho-Social Trauma of Kosovars

After reading Eli Wiesel's report, you asked that we do what we can to help ease the psycho-social suffering of Kosovar victims of brutality at the hands of Milosevic's forces.

We are doing a great deal to address this critical issue. Some \$12 million was provided through non-governmental organizations and international organizations like UNICEF for counseling and related programs. These programs include trauma and grief counseling services, training of indigenous staff in the latest techniques, therapeutic recreational activities for children, and support for mobile teams to help identify vulnerable people.

Your interest in this issue, and considerable interest on the Hill, has led agencies to further expand efforts. The State Department plans to launch a \$10 million Kosovo Women's Initiative to provide trauma counseling and support for women seeking justice for acts of violence against them. This new initiative will be modeled after the successful effort in Bosnia. We will also spend an additional \$10 million to address the special psycho-social needs of children. Under one proposal, Harvard's Center for Trauma would lend its expertise to psycho-social activities. Also, USIA offered to utilize existing programs to bring Kosovar mental health professionals here for consultations and supplemental training. We are looking at other ways to use U.S. expertise to support and enhance indigenous capacity.

Finally, we are pressing other donors to do more. I have asked the NSC staff to work with U.S. agencies, other governments, and international organizations to quickly identify any important gaps in current assistance efforts, and determine where we should undertake additional work.

cc: Vice President
Chief of Staff

7-27-99

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 25, 1999

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: SEAN MALONEY 
 DAVID GOODFRIEND
 LISEL LOY

SUBJECT: Recent Information Items

We are forwarding the following recent information items:

(A) **Berger Memo on psycho-social trauma of Kosovars** – Responding to your request after reading Eli Wiesel's report, Sandy says that NGOs and international organizations provided about \$12 million for trauma and grief counseling. Due to your interest and interest on the Hill, agencies plan additional programs, including \$10 million for Kosovo women victims of violence (like Bosnia model) and \$10 million for children's special needs. NSC is working to identify other opportunities to provide assistance.

(B) **Eli Segal Memo on One America Conference** – praises your role in transforming the welfare system and encourages you to use August 3rd Conference (and pre-conference period) to highlight the need for ongoing efforts to complete the job; recommends using the welfare reform law's third anniversary to re-issue challenges to Congress, Governors, service providers and businesses to do more; suggests the business community can be a strong ally, given their interest and optimism; thinks a strong roll-out would keep the issue current and shift the debate to the unfinished business of helping those left behind. *Media advisory with list of attendees at August 3rd conference attached.*

(C) **Jack Valenti Letter on family movies via Podesta** – Valenti recommends a "family" film, "Dog of Flanders," as an example of the kind of movie many in Congress have wanted to see released and one that you would deem worthy of viewing; offers to send you a print. *A film resume is attached.*

(D) **Barry McCaffrey Letter on encryption with cover memo from Jack Lew** -- McCaffrey urges you to prevent enactment of two encryption bills, arguing, among other things, that a failure to take into account law enforcement's views on encryption would harm drug control efforts. As indicated in Jack's memo, the NSC is engaged in a process to examine competing Administration concerns and will forward recommendations to you shortly.

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THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 25, 1999

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: SEAN MALONEY
DAVID GOODFRIEND
LISEL LOY

SUBJECT: Recent Information Items

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Street
Lew
Podesta
Berkhardt
(for reply)

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THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

7-27-99



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

'99 JUL 23 PM5:03

THE DIRECTOR

July 22, 1999

MEMORANDUM TO THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Jacob J. Lew

SUBJECT: McCaffrey Letter on Encryption

Attached for your information is a letter from ONDCP Director Barry McCaffrey urging your action to prevent the enactment of two pending bills dealing with encryption. McCaffrey believes that these bills fail to address law enforcement needs. As you know, the Administration's position on encryption must balance the competing demands between privacy and the need for certain parties to have access to information. The NSC, under the guidance of the Chief of Staff, is coordinating a process to examine these concerns, and will be sending you recommendations soon.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

McCaffrey memo re H.R. 850
and S.798

Date 7/1/99

To: GENE SPERLING, JACK LEW

From: The Staff Secretary

WOULD YOU LIKE TO DO
A COVER FOR THIS BEFORE
PORUS GETS IT?

-SEAN



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE OF NATIONAL DRUG CONTROL POLICY
Washington, D.C. 20503

Person

July 1, 1999

'99 JUL 1 PM2:46

The Honorable William Jefferson Clinton
President of the United States
The White House
Washington, DC 20500

Dear Mr. President:

The purpose of this letter is to alert you to the need for vigorous Administration action to prevent enactment of legislation (H.R. 850 and S.798) on encryption, which fails to address law enforcement's public safety needs.

In 1998, there were 1329 court-authorized electronic surveillances throughout the United States. Sixty percent were state and local; 40 percent were Federal. Most importantly, 72 percent pertained to drug cases. Any legislation on encryption must protect national security through the maintenance of export controls while addressing the needs of law enforcement in an environment of reduced domestic control on the sale or use of encryption.

It is vitally important that the White House take a public leadership position on H.R. 850 and S.798 to ensure that pending legislation balances all equities. We might want to look at how Prime Minister Tony Blair recently addressed the issues of electronic commerce and encryption. He reportedly called relevant CEOs to his office to underscore the need for a policy that adequately addresses the competing needs of public safety, national security, and business.

Mr. President, we need a policy outcome that recognizes disparate needs in the United States. We cannot afford to enact legislation that fails to take into account the demands of law enforcement as they relate to encryption. To do so would seriously compromise our government's ability to target international drug trafficking organizations.

Very Respectfully,

*Understand this is
a tough issue but our
law enforcement drug
effort needs your support.*

Barry

Barry R. McCaffrey
Director

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

7-27-99

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 25, 1999

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: SEAN MALONEY 
DAVID GOODFRIEND
LISEL LOY

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(for reply)

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THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

7-27-99



99 JUL 19 PM 2:32

*Forus
Capricorn*

JACK VALENTI
CHAIRMAN
AND
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

July 14, 1999

1600 EYE STREET, NW
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20006
TELEPHONE: 202/293-1966
TELECOPIER: 202/452-9823

Dear John

In the quest for finding more "family" movies to be exhibited, may I suggest you might recommend to the President a truly fine film, which will be enjoyed by parents and children throughout this country. It's titled DOG OF FLANDERS. I attach a resume of the movie.

*copied
Read
Podesta
Bunkhardt
(for reply)*

This is the kind of film that many in the Congress have been crying out to be seen. It is what I presume the President would judge to be worthy to be viewed by families in this country.

Let me know if you want a print delivered to the White House.

Jack

For Immediate Release

July 8, 1999

**WARNER BROS. NEW FILM "A DOG OF FLANDERS" WELCOMED AT AFT
QuEST '99 EXHIBITION**

The upcoming Warner Bros. theatrical release, *A Dog of Flanders*, based on the classic children's book by Ouida, and starring Jack Warden, Jeremy James Kissner, Jesse James, Jon Voight and Cheryl Ladd is being welcomed at the American Federation of Teachers (AFT) QuEST (Quality Education Standards in Teaching Exhibition) in Washington, DC from July 8-10.

A Dog of Flanders is a powerful and touching family film about a young boy's passionate pursuit of his dream. Orphaned at birth and living with his kindly grandfather, Nello cherishes the sketchbook left to him by his mother. Inspired by her art and blessed by a chance encounter with noted local artist Michelle Grande, Nello sets out against all odds to pursue his dream of becoming a great artist. Nello and his beloved dog, a large Bouvier des Flanders begin a challenging journey that educates the young boy about the true value of friendship and ultimately teaches the local villagers about compassion, mercy and forgiveness.

A Dog of Flanders represents the best of classic literature and family values supporting the AFT's dedication to the pursuit of quality education and its role in building America's future. *A Dog of Flanders* is represented by an exhibit booth distributing coloring books and other fun and educational items for children, teachers and parents throughout the conference.

Woodbridge Films Presents A Film by Kevin Brodie: The costume designer is Beatrix Aruna Pasztor. The music is by Richard Friedman. The film is edited by Annamaria Szanto; the production designers are Hubert Pouille and Attila F. Kovacs; the director of photography is Walther Vanden Ende. The executive producer is Mark Damon; the executive producers are Martin J. Barab and Larry Montoff. The line producer is Ronny Yacov. The screenplay is by Kevin

Brodie and Robert Singer. A Dog of Flanders is produced by Frank Yablans and directed by Kevin Brodie. Distributed by Warner Bros., A Time Warner Entertainment Company.

QUEST '89 is the AFT's K-12 professional issues conference, and draws close to 3,000 educators, school board members and PTA representatives from throughout the United States. The QUEST exhibition provides education professionals with the tools they need to succeed in improving the quality of public education.

A Dog of Flanders opens nationally on August 27, 1999.

For more information contact: Jeanne R. Barney at 310-201-8848

~~File~~

6-14-99

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

copied
POTUS

June 1, 1999

Dear Mr. President,

I wanted to make sure you had a more readable copy of John Keegan's article, published this Sunday in the London Telegraph. Keegan, as you know, is probably the world's preeminent military analyst and historian. He not only debunks the Vietnam analogy, but provides a clear military plan. In addition, he dispenses of the myth of the regular resistance to the Nazi invasion. I thought it important for you to have this article before your meeting with the Joint Chiefs, at least for background.

The conference this past weekend went well. Your remarks crystallized many political ideas. The thrust, however, needs to be forward ^{looking} ~~the~~ can't permit the tone to be perceived in any way as

respective. In the medium term, we ought
to be planning strategically to define the
meaning of victory in Kosovo. Many
commentators (Doris Buxton most recently among
others) have now said that the Third Way
movement is in the hall of the war. Fine. When
we win we should be ready to make that case
strongly. I've spoken to Alton about doing
some thinking about this and he agrees. Perhaps
I might draw some people from the Administration
together with certain outside political thinkers,
major policy types, etc., to ~~work~~^{work} out the
arguments and ideas we can advance in the
eventuality. Personally, I would like to make
the case for the war in selected public forums
to ^{help} gain solid intellectual support. I feel strongly
about our cause. Our victory would be an
~~affirmation~~ ^{affirmation} of the worst horrors of
the 20th century. And if there is one black mark
held against FDR, it is arguably his passivity to
act directly on the Holocaust. Acting decisively
against a latter permutation of genocide would
be an enormous achievement for an American
President. Of course, it requires acting without
ambivalence or ambiguity. There is no real option
from an historical perspective, but to carry
through on the brilliantly strong stand you
have taken. We must complete the project with
strength, as it has been conducted from the
beginning. ~~Winning~~ ^{Winning} would provide far more
than chasing away the demons of

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

ethnic hatreds, mystical reactionary nationalism, etc.
As Kevin Phillips pointed out in his special
article, Democratic over-reactions have been
bedeviled by wars and all but FDR ended
their careers on tragic terms because of
unsuccessfully ^{second} conflicts - Wilson, Roosevelt (as it was
perceived at the time), Johnson, and Carter (Iran and
Afghanistan). Victory now, in a way that is
understood to have established the basis for
the West of the 21st century, would dispel
these ghosts of failure; victory would force
interpretation ~~of all these~~ in the direction for
^{which} we have been working so hard. ~~After~~ The
ideals and goals of this war are indissolubly
linked to our futures. I like to think we
are present at a new creation.

JFK

[illegible]

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THE SYSTEMS



War, death and protest — the American Image of Vietnam: but if the ground war takes place in Kosovo, the odds are much more in the alliance's favour

Force have hundreds of heavy-lift helicopters, with the capacity to transport thousands of troops to the scene of action in a few hours, protected by hundreds of helicopter gunships and other aircraft deploying formidable firepower.

The American capability is reinforced by European equivalents. Even the small RAF has 54 Chinook helicopters, capable of delivering 2,000 soldiers to the point of assault if ordered. France has a similar capacity, so does Germany. The alliance can also deploy the ground troops to consolidate the gains they make.

Balkan terrain, unlike that of Vietnam, is not clogged by dense forest. Bad weather has occasionally made for difficulty in delivering accurate air strikes since the campaign began on March 24. Ground cover has not. Targets are clear to view, which is why such a preponderant number of precision strikes have been achieved. The Serb army, of

course, dig in but its entrenchments are improvised. There is no equivalent of the enormous tunnel complexes that so bedevilled American efforts to clear the war zone of the enemy in Vietnam.

Nor does the JA compare with the North Vietnamese Army. Its population base is far smaller. The Serbs of Serbia proper number only nine million, of whom about 10 per cent are of military age. Milasevic, with regulars, conscripts and reservists, has put about 150,000 men into the field.

The population of North Vietnam in 1968, the worst year of the war, was 20 million, with 100,000 men reaching military age each year. In January-June, 1968, North Vietnam sent 160,000 soldiers into the South, to join the hundreds of thousands already there.

Milosevic has no hope of finding such numbers. The Serbs may already be at full stretch. Moreover, men at

military age are actually leaving the country and families are protesting against the draft. Nato's standing armies are quite large enough to deal with the JA.

There would be, above all, no need to resort to the draft, which was what made the Vietnam war so disastrously unpopular at home.

Strategically, the wars do not compare either. "The North Vietnamese," President Johnson said, "have two big brothers." He meant the Soviet Union and China, who not only helped to limit the scope of the American offensive, but also supplied the NVA directly with weapons, which their ships ran into Vietnamese ports kept open by Soviet and Chinese threats. China also supplied Vietnam over their common frontier.

Not only does Milosevic lack a single "big brother". His territory is completely surrounded by states that are hostile to him and he has no source of military re-supply.

from the outside world. Crucially, moreover, he is on the defensive. He has to hold Kosovo. The NVA was on the offensive. It did not have to gain territory, only weaken the fighting power of its opponents.

If Nato invaded Kosovo, it would be in the NVA's position. Milosevic in General Westmoreland's. Milosevic's position is by far the weaker one.

FINALLY, Milosevic enjoys none of the political and moral strengths given to Ho Chi Minh by fellow-Marxists, anti-Americans and deluded youthful idealists. He has no following outside his own country, and is opposed by an important minority inside it. He has now been officially indicted as a war criminal by an impartial international tribunal.

That may make him personally more desperate, but his desperation will not stiffen his elbow. Serbs' resolve. They

have already suffered almost as much in 10 weeks of bombing as the North Vietnamese suffered in the whole course of the war.

Patriotic though they are, the Serbs can read the writing on the wall. They know that Milosevic's fate now lies either in a Nuremberg-style dock or with a pistol in the depths of his command bunker. Not only cannot Milosevic win, but he also cannot escape the noose that is being drawn round him.

All that is required of Nato is the impulse to finish him off. The West rightly gives the Serbs the credit for their epics of bravery against fearful odds. In 1941, however, the Yugoslav Army, largely officered by Serbs, was overwhelmed in 11 days, at a cost to the enemy of less than 600 casualties. That decisive attack can be repeated. All it needs is the order to go.

John Keegan is defence editor of The Daily Telegraph

Editorial comment - Page 34

In a week, we'll know

FROM THE DESK OF... *Melba Beals*

STAFF
see

F A C S I M I L E

(8) MS

Monday July 26, 1999
Time: 11:00 PST

Fax includes 6 pages

URGENT TIME DATED INFORMATION

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL TO: Ms Betty Currie

FROM: Melba Pattillo Beals
Phone: (415) 464-0718

Melba
Cent
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1st
9
9

Good morning Betty

I trust this day finds you smiling and healthy.

In view of today's headlines saying President Clinton is garnering success in seeking peace with the Chinese people I feel it URGENT that he be informed of the activities of this GRASS ROOTS ORGANIZATION HEADED FOR CHINA 7/27.

CHILDREN'S AS THE PEACEMAKERS (total 35 people including 14 children) LEAVE FOR CHINA TOMORROW TUESDAY JULY 27. They go as guests of the All China Women's Federation.

During their trip they hope to have President Jiang and or Premier Zhu sign a Children's Declaration of peace (see attached). UPON THEIR RETURN ON (August 3, 99) THEY WILL COME TO WASHINGTON TO TRY AND GET PRESIDENT CLINTON TO SIGN THE same DECLARATION.

Group leader, CATP President and Founder, Patricia Montandon says she and the organization have been nominated for the Nobel Peace prize three times for her previous 32 peace excursions. I worked with her on most of the early ones which began in 1982. They all included her and the children traveling to the USSR, China and Eastern Block Countries to seek peace talks with world leaders.

Blessings,
Melba Pattillo Beals
Melba Pattillo Beals
enclosures include invitation,
Children's Declaration of Peace
News Release

7/27/99

Send to Benckhardt?

Yes ☒
No ☐

1

POST OFFICE BOX 2237 . SAU

Wall and for promoting peace in
CHILDREN AS THE PEACEMAKERS FOUR
Nobel Peace Price in 1986,

C



Declaration of Dependence

*We hereby dedicate ourselves, our hearts
and minds to world peace.*

*We believe that all humankind deserves a
future free from the threat of nuclear war.*

*We will encourage peace between
individuals and nations and clasp hands with
the children of the world in a global effort
toward preserving the planet.*

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To Curran

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CHILDREN AS THE PEACEMAKERS

CHINA PEACE TRIP
July 27 - August 3, 1999

FLIGHT SCHEDULE

Check in: Meet group at 1:00 pm, July 27, San Francisco
International Airport, International Terminal,
Counter #44

Tuesday, July 27, 1999

Air China Flight 986

Depart San Francisco
Arrive Beijing

3:30 p.m.
6:20 p.m. July 28

Flight time: 11 hrs 50 min.

Tuesday, August 3, 1999

Air China Flight 985

Depart Beijing
Arrive Shanghai

12:45 p.m.
2:45 p. m.

Flight time: 2 hrs

(No plane change)

Leave Shanghai
Arrive San Francisco

4:40 p.m.
1:05 p.m. August 3

Flight time: 11 hrs 25 min.

UNITED NATIONS NATIONS UNIES

POSTAL ADDRESS—ADRESSE POSTALE: UNITED NATIONS, N.Y. 10017
CABLE ADDRESS—ADRESSE TELEGRAPHIQUE: UNATIONS NEWYORK

REFERENCE:

14 August 1989

Dear Mrs. Montandon :

Over 400 organizations, institutions and cities have been designated by the Secretary-General as "Peace Messengers" in recognition of their significant contributions to the promotion of peace.

This year, a total of 13 organizations and 2 cities have been selected as honorary "Peace Messengers". They are invited to participate in the existing Peace Messenger network and will be presented with a special Peace Messenger certificate. The main purpose of the certificate is to express the Secretary-General's appreciation for efforts made in the promotion of peace, as set forth by the General Assembly in its Proclamation of the International Year of Peace. It is also awarded in the hope that the recipients will continue their co-operation with the United Nations in working toward the realization of the long-term objectives as set forth in the Proclamation.

It is my pleasure to inform you that in accordance with the guidelines provided in his Report on the International Year of Peace (A/42/487), the Secretary-General has designated:

Children as the Peacemakers Foundation
as a "Peace Messenger".

A special Peace Messenger presentation ceremony will take place at the United Nations Headquarters in New York on 19 September 1989 at 9.15 a.m., on the occasion of the International Day of Peace. Your organization (city) is cordially invited to designate a representative to receive the Peace Messenger certificate on that date. Your representative is also invited to attend a special television programme which will be transmitted live from the General Assembly Hall at 10.00 a.m. in observance of the International Day of Peace.

MA
To
Curve

(ms)
To:
currie

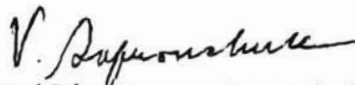
- 2 -

For those organizations (cities) unable to designate or send a representative to New York, additional presentation ceremonies can be arranged at United Nations Information Centres around the world. Arrangements should be made directly with the UNIC Directors. In accordance with established financial regulations, all travel and subsistence costs must be borne by the representatives.

In order to prepare the certificates for presentation on 19 September, please complete and return the enclosed form by mail or cable before 5 September 1989.

It is my distinct pleasure to express to you my appreciation for the efforts of your organization (city) in the promotion of peace. I look forward to our continued contact and co-operation.

Yours sincerely,



Vasiliy S. Safronchuk
Under-Secretary-General for
Political and Security Council Affairs

Mrs. Patricia Montandon
Children as the Peacemakers Foundation
950 Battery Street
2nd Floor
San Francisco, CA 94111

*M/S
to
curse*



Children As The Peacemakers Foundation®

NEWS RELEASE

For more information
Contact: Melba Beals
(415) 464-0718

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Madame Jehan Sadat (Egypt)
Rehana Taufiq (Pakistan)
Elisa Vargas (Columbia)

INTERNATIONAL

AFFILIATIONS (partial listing)
All China Women's Federation
Hungarian Peace Council
John XXII Peace Laboratory (Malta)
Akilov Friedensdorf (Germany)
Lion's Club of Kenya (Africa)
St. Cyril and St. Methodius
Foundation (Bulgaria)
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(Nicaragua)
Ministry of Education (Sri Lanka)
Colegio Los Nogales (Colombia)

WHO: CHILDREN AS THE PEACE MAKERS--
including 14 children are traveling
to the People's Republic of China
WHY: To seek peace with the Chinese People
WHEN: Departure: San Francisco International
Airport--Tuesday July 27th--3:30 P.M.
via Air China Flight 986

A QUEST FOR PEACE AND FORGIVENESS

Because of the growing tension between Chinese and American officials which began with this country's accidental bombing of the Chinese Embassy in Yugoslavia, CHILDREN AS THE PEACEMAKERS is sponsoring a peace mission to China.

CATP President and founder, Patricia Montandon is taking 14 children ages seven to thirteen on what will be her thirty third peace mission. Before it was chic' or safe she and her "peace children" traveled behind the Berlin Wall, to Eastern Block Countries to urge peace.

Her first mission was in 1982 when she took six children to the USSR to talk peace with the Chairman of the Supreme Soviet of Nationalities, Petrovich Ruben.

For their contribution to the collapse of the Berlin Wall and for promoting peace in many world capitals, CHILDREN AS THE PEACEMAKERS FOUNDATION was nominated for the Nobel Peace Price in 1986, 1987 and 1988.

Montandon and the children hope that Chinese President Jiang Zemin and/ or Premier Zhu Rongji will sign

*MB
10
curve***NEWS PRLEASE Children As Peacemakers 2-2-2**

The Children's Declaration of Dependence and that upon their return, President Clinton will sign as well.

The group will be hosted by the All-China Women's Federation, in Beijing. They will participate in activities which include a gathering of 10,000 Chinese children in the Great Hall of The People.

Thirty five people are traveling on this Peace Mission, including some of the children's parents and a Japanese delegation of young adults who as children went on earlier peace trips.

The Declaration of Dependence-- (written in both the Chinese and English languages), is a commitment to join hands with the children of the world in a global effort to preserve the planet. Upon returning from Beijing, CHILDREN AS THE PEACEMAKERS will go immediately to Washington to enlist President Clinton's signature on the Declaration.

Montandon founded CHILDREN AS PEACEMAKERS in 1982 as a non profit, non-political, and non-sectarian organization. The goal of the organization is to work to unite children of cultures world wide in order to facilitate peace. The group has fostered peace seeking journeys to more than 40 countries.

CHILDREN AS PEACEMAKERS has sponsored a world wide Children's international PEACE PRIZE and established GLOBAL PEACE CLUBS FOR KIDS and created the INTERNATIONAL BANNER OF HOPE commemorating children killed in global and civil conflicts since 1930.

Says Montandon, "During this mission, we want now to create a climate of forgiveness to nourish our relationship with the Chinese People."

my
To Currie

中华全国妇女联合会传真
All-China Women's Federation

Fax

收件人 (To) : Mrs. Pat Montandon

收方传真 (Fax) : 415-731-3806

发件人 (From) : All-China Women's Federation 抄送 (CC) :

关于 (Re) : visit to China

总页数 (Pages including the cover) : 2

日期 (Date) : July 19th, 1999

Dear Madam Pat Montandon,

Your faxes dated July 12th and 16th were both well received. We now answer your questions as follows.

1. We welcome Patricia Marie Evans and Chelsea Marie Evans to join your delegation, and we will immediately inform the Chinese Consulate in San Francisco to issue visas for them. Please tell the delegation members and their families that they don't need to worry about the safety of their children in China.
2. Thank you for bringing the "Banner of Hope". We shall not forget the misery brought to children by war. In NATO's bombing in Yugoslavia, three Chinese journalists died and no Chinese children were killed.
3. In order to better express children's aspiration for peace, we are planning to have a happy gathering of Chinese children and the children of the delegation. Children of both sides are expected to put on performance and exchange gifts. We are also thinking of preparing a big piece of red banner with "Friendship, Peace and Future" written on it and having children of both sides sign it. Please let us know if you think it is a good idea.
4. You proposed that you wanted to have a meeting with Fu Yu Chorus Group. Since we have no way to contact them, we just leave half a day open in the program, and you can contact them after you arrive in Beijing.
5. The total expense of the whole delegation is US\$19510. We agree that you use a

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

99 JUL 23 PM 2:47

July 23, 1999

INFORMATION

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: SAMUEL BERGER (K) fm
SUBJECT: Adopt-a-Minefield Program

Copied
Berger
NSC WW Desk
Podesta

In March, you met Mr. Ralph Cwerman, President of the Humpty Dumpty Institute, at the home of former Representative Tom Downey. Mr. Cwerman described one of that non-governmental organization's (NGO) initiatives, the Adopt-a-Minefield program. This is a public-private partnership program in which contributors "adopt" a minefield by providing funds for its clean-up. Subsequently, Mr. Cwerman requested we undertake a range of activities in support of this initiative, including those that would include your personal involvement.

OPL, NSC, and State met on several occasions to discuss possible events. All agreed that the Adopt-a-Minefield program is worthwhile; in fact, we have provided the program with \$140,000 and plan to increase that by \$230,000. At the same time, all agreed to recommend against your involvement. First, the air campaign against the Former Yugoslavia was still underway, and unexploded ordnance problems could have created an embarrassing situation. Furthermore, it was also possible that U.S. forces might have eventually needed to use landmines in Kosovo.

In addition, White House policy does not permit use of your name or office to endorse a particular organization. Exceptions have been made, but in this case we did not recommend you endorse this NGO as others would seek equal treatment.

Finally, one of the leaders of the Adopt-a-Minefield program recently plead guilty to a conflict of interest charge stemming from a demining-related private sector project while the individual was a political appointee in the demining office at the State Department. Therefore, OPL is concerned that a Presidential event might generate negative publicity that could undermine our support for this organization.

cc: Vice President
Chief of Staff

OPL informed Mr. Cwerman that given the potential complications related to the on-going air campaign, any White House outreach would be delayed. Now that the air campaign is over, Mr. Cwerman again requested your involvement in an event supporting the Adopt-a-Minefield program. Mr. Cwerman has also advised the State Department that he may see you at an Aspen event this weekend.

NSC, OPL, and State still advise against your involvement. While the conflict in Kosovo is over, the other concerns still apply. Moreover, while it was FRY forces that used landmines in Kosovo, a Presidential event risks focusing negative attention on the unexploded ordnance issue as well as our Anti-Personnel Landmine policy.

At the same time, we have focused public attention on the demining efforts and are working to ensure the Adopt-a-Minefield program, as well as other programs, receive media attention.

For example, you have provided Presidential messages to the Humpty Dumpty Institute which have been used in their publications. In addition, the First Lady will host a media event in the White House on August 2 to roll out our new mine awareness comic book for Kosovo. Mr. Cwerman will be invited and we have proposed that his program be briefly mentioned in the First Lady's remarks. Finally, Madeleine will hold a demining event at the State Department on August 6 that will highlight Mr. Cwerman's program along with other public-private partnerships. The event will conclude with a State Department dinner for key individuals connected with demining efforts, including Mr. Cwerman.

If you see Mr. Cwerman this weekend, and he presses you on the Adopt-a-Minefield program, you might offer to send him a letter noting the achievement of the program in surpassing the one million dollar mark in donations, which is expected to occur this fall.

7-26-99

5558

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON*Please a for
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me NHT*ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: SAMUEL BERGER ✓
STEPHANIE STREETT →

SUBJECT: Your November Trip to Europe

*copied
Berger
Streett
Hernreich
Podesta*

I. Purpose

To get your approval on an outline for your November 1999 trip to Bulgaria, Turkey, Italy and Greece.

II. Background

JS
The 1999 OSCE Summit, bringing together 54 heads of state and government, will be held in Istanbul on November 18 and 19. The Summit will focus attention on the OSCE's important work and strengthen its role in democracy-building, conflict prevention and post-conflict rehabilitation. The Summit may also provide an opportunity for signing an adapted Conventional Forces in Europe (CFE) Treaty, which would be a major achievement. The trip to Istanbul offers opportunities for other valuable visits in the region: Bulgaria, Turkey (State visit), Italy (Third Way Conference) and Greece (State visit). You could leave Washington on or around Friday, November 12 (Congress is scheduled to adjourn that day) and return Wednesday, November 24, in time for Thanksgiving.

The dates for the OSCE Summit are locked in. So are those for the Third Way event in Italy. That is why you would go from Turkey to Italy and then to Greece, as opposed to going directly from Turkey to Greece.

cc: Vice President
Chief of Staff

II. Proposed Schedule

Bulgaria

No sitting President has visited Bulgaria. You could expect an ecstatic reception akin to the one you received in Romania. The visit would allow you to:

- Underscore your continuing commitment to the economic recovery and integration of Bulgaria and other SEE states
- Recognize Bulgaria's dramatic internal reforms and cooperation with the West
- Solidify your relationships with President Stoyanov and Prime Minister Kostov.

Bulgaria did not expect a NATO invitation at the Washington Summit, but your visit would keep hope alive.

Bulgaria is the quiet success story in the Balkans. Moscow's most compliant ally during the Cold War, it has made enormous strides over the past three years on democratization, free market reform, and combating organized crime and corruption. During the Kosovo crisis, Sofia pulled states together in the region to support NATO's efforts. A stop here would complement your visit to Turkey and Greece because these three countries have been building cooperation among themselves. Bulgaria has a good record on minority issues and during WWII it saved almost its entire Jewish population.

Yes!
Bulgaria is the cradle of Orthodox Christianity, and has many dramatic monasteries and churches. You might visit the beautiful city of Plovdiv, Stoyanov's home town and headquarters of the new Southeast European peacekeeping battalion, which includes contributions from Greece, Turkey, and other neighbors. Another option would be a visit to the American University of Bulgaria. The First Lady had a very successful visit last October when she met with women political leaders and entrepreneurs. The Site Survey team will explore these and other options.

Turkey

You could arrive in Ankara for a State visit and bilateral meetings with President Demirel and Prime Minister Ecevit before going on to Istanbul for the OSCE Summit. This would be a good

opportunity to work with President Demirel and Prime Minister Ecevit on a wide range of issues including southeastern Europe, Iraq, Caspian energy, Cyprus, the EU, and human rights. We would recommend spending a day and a half in Ankara including bilateral meetings, a State dinner, interaction with university students, and a visit to the Ataturk tomb and museum before travelling to Istanbul.

A free day in and around Istanbul before the start of the OSCE Summit would allow you to visit a broad array of extraordinary landmarks. Among the options the Site Survey team will look at are: Topkapi Palace, home of Ottoman leaders, and the beautiful Blue Mosque, just opposite each other in central Istanbul; a boat ride up the Bosphorus; Ephesus near Izmir, where there are Pompei-like ruins from an ancient Greek town and where Mark Antony, Cleopatra, and St. Paul once trod. You also could visit Incirlik Air Base, where American airmen are flying Operation Northern Watch over Iraq.

That is important to me

The OSCE summit runs from the morning of the 18th until mid-day on the 19th. We are working with the Turks and Norwegian OSCE Chairman-in-Office to ensure that the Summit is more than a talkathon, and are seeking to organize interesting side events for you, such as meetings with NGOs active on the ground.

Italy

In Florence, you would take part in a Third Way Conference on "Progressive Governance in the 21st Century." The event will be organized by Prime Minister D'Alema and co-sponsored by New York University and the European Institute. Participants will include D'Alema, Tony Blair, Gerhard Schroeder and Lionel Jospin. EU Commission President Prodi and NATO Secretary General Solana, by then the EU's first "High Representative" for foreign policy, will also be present. You would attend a dinner at NYU's villa, the former estate of Sir Harold Acton. The following day, you could participate in morning and afternoon sessions with the other leaders at the European Institute villa. Possibly, there will be time to tour Florence.

I want to see this

Greece

After Italy you would go to Greece for a State visit. This would show indispensable "balance" with Turkey, and allow you to work important bilateral issues with Prime Minister Simitis, whose government is the most moderate we have seen for decades on issues we care most about. It also would further repair the

breach that developed during the Kosovo conflict, which saw 95 percent of the Greek people oppose NATO's action and witnessed an outbreak of anti-U.S. protests. Your meetings could focus on Cyprus, the Aegean, southeastern Europe, cooperation on terrorism, arms sales, and the EU.

Like the Turks, the Greeks are deeply proud of their history, and will want to show you around historical and cultural landmarks in Athens and beyond. Days two and three could include a mix of sight seeing, for example, the Acropolis and an adjacent American archaeological dig, Mount Athos, and the Greek islands. The events would involve different segments of the Greek society, including business leaders and university students. The Site Survey team will explore these and other options.

RECOMMENDATION

That you approve the proposed outline for your November trip to Europe.

Approve ☒

Disapprove ☐

*This is important.
I want all input
before final decisions.*

*This is important.
I want all input
before final decisions.*

7-26-99

5558

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON*Please a for
make copy me NIT*ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: SAMUEL BERGER *✓*
STEPHANIE STREETT *→*

SUBJECT: Your November Trip to Europe

*copied**Berger**Streett**Herrnreich**Podesta*I. Purpose

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cc: Vice President
Chief of Staff

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Yes
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A free day in and around Istanbul before the start of the OSCE Summit would allow you to visit a broad array of extraordinary landmarks. Among the options the Site Survey team will look at are: Topkapi Palace, home of Ottoman leaders, and the beautiful Blue Mosque, just opposite each other in central Istanbul; a boat ride up the Bosphorus; Ephesus near Izmir, where there are Pompei-like ruins from an ancient Greek town and where Mark Antony, Cleopatra, and St. Paul once trod. You also could visit Incirlik Air Base, where American airmen are flying Operation Northern Watch over Iraq.

That is important to me

The OSCE summit runs from the morning of the 18th until mid-day on the 19th. We are working with the Turks and Norwegian OSCE Chairman-in-Office to ensure that the Summit is more than a talkathon, and are seeking to organize interesting side events for you, such as meetings with NGOs active on the ground.

Italy

In Florence, you would take part in a Third Way Conference on "Progressive Governance in the 21st Century." The event will be organized by Prime Minister D'Alema and co-sponsored by New York University and the European Institute. Participants will include D'Alema, Tony Blair, Gerhard Schroeder and Lionel Jospin. EU Commission President Prodi and NATO Secretary General Solana, by then the EU's first "High Representative" for foreign policy, will also be present. You would attend a dinner at NYU's villa, the former estate of Sir Harold Acton. The following day, you could participate in morning and afternoon sessions with the other leaders at the European Institute villa. Possibly, there will be time to tour Florence.

I want to see this

Greece

After Italy you would go to Greece for a State visit. This would show indispensable "balance" with Turkey, and allow you to work important bilateral issues with Prime Minister Simitis, whose government is the most moderate we have seen for decades on issues we care most about. It also would further repair the

breach that developed during the Kosovo conflict, which saw 95 percent of the Greek people oppose NATO's action and witnessed an outbreak of anti-U.S. protests. Your meetings could focus on Cyprus, the Aegean, southeastern Europe, cooperation on terrorism, arms sales, and the EU.

Like the Turks, the Greeks are deeply proud of their history, and will want to show you around historical and cultural landmarks in Athens and beyond. Days two and three could include a mix of sight seeing, for example, the Acropolis and an adjacent American archaeological dig, Mount Athos, and the Greek islands. The events would involve different segments of the Greek society, including business leaders and university students. The Site Survey team will explore these and other options.

RECOMMENDATION

That you approve the proposed outline for your November trip to Europe.

Approve ☒

Disapprove ☐

*This is important.
I want all input
before final decisions.*

*This is important.
I want all input
before final decisions.*

7-26-99

5558

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

*Please a for
make copies me NIT*

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: SAMUEL BERGER *✓*
STEPHANIE STREETT *→*

SUBJECT: Your November Trip to Europe

copied

Berger

Streett

Hernreich

Podesta

I. Purpose

To get your approval on an outline for your November 1999 trip to Bulgaria, Turkey, Italy and Greece.

II. Background

JS
The 1999 OSCE Summit, bringing together 54 heads of state and government, will be held in Istanbul on November 18 and 19. The Summit will focus attention on the OSCE's important work and strengthen its role in democracy-building, conflict prevention and post-conflict rehabilitation. The Summit may also provide an opportunity for signing an adapted Conventional Forces in Europe (CFE) Treaty, which would be a major achievement. The trip to Istanbul offers opportunities for other valuable visits in the region: Bulgaria, Turkey (State visit), Italy (Third Way Conference) and Greece (State visit). You could leave Washington on or around Friday, November 12 (Congress is scheduled to adjourn that day) and return Wednesday, November 24, in time for Thanksgiving.

The dates for the OSCE Summit are locked in. So are those for the Third Way event in Italy. That is why you would go from Turkey to Italy and then to Greece, as opposed to going directly from Turkey to Greece.

cc: Vice President
Chief of Staff

II. Proposed Schedule

Bulgaria

No sitting President has visited Bulgaria. You could expect an ecstatic reception akin to the one you received in Romania. The visit would allow you to:

- Underscore your continuing commitment to the economic recovery and integration of Bulgaria and other SEE states
- Recognize Bulgaria's dramatic internal reforms and cooperation with the West
- Solidify your relationships with President Stoyanov and Prime Minister Kostov.

Bulgaria did not expect a NATO invitation at the Washington Summit, but your visit would keep hope alive.

Bulgaria is the quiet success story in the Balkans. Moscow's most compliant ally during the Cold War, it has made enormous strides over the past three years on democratization, free market reform, and combating organized crime and corruption. During the Kosovo crisis, Sofia pulled states together in the region to support NATO's efforts. A stop here would complement your visit to Turkey and Greece because these three countries have been building cooperation among themselves. Bulgaria has a good record on minority issues and during WWII it saved almost its entire Jewish population.

Yes!
Bulgaria is the cradle of Orthodox Christianity, and has many dramatic monasteries and churches. You might visit the beautiful city of Plovdiv, Stoyanov's home town and headquarters of the new Southeast European peacekeeping battalion, which includes contributions from Greece, Turkey, and other neighbors. Another option would be a visit to the American University of Bulgaria. The First Lady had a very successful visit last October when she met with women political leaders and entrepreneurs. The Site Survey team will explore these and other options.

Turkey

You could arrive in Ankara for a State visit and bilateral meetings with President Demirel and Prime Minister Ecevit before going on to Istanbul for the OSCE Summit. This would be a good

opportunity to work with President Demirel and Prime Minister Ecevit on a wide range of issues including southeastern Europe, Iraq, Caspian energy, Cyprus, the EU, and human rights. We would recommend spending a day and a half in Ankara including bilateral meetings, a State dinner, interaction with university students, and a visit to the Ataturk tomb and museum before travelling to Istanbul.

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That is important to me

The OSCE summit runs from the morning of the 18th until mid-day on the 19th. We are working with the Turks and Norwegian OSCE Chairman-in-Office to ensure that the Summit is more than a talkathon, and are seeking to organize interesting side events for you, such as meetings with NGOs active on the ground.

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In Florence, you would take part in a Third Way Conference on "Progressive Governance in the 21st Century." The event will be organized by Prime Minister D'Alema and co-sponsored by New York University and the European Institute. Participants will include D'Alema, Tony Blair, Gerhard Schroeder and Lionel Jospin. EU Commission President Prodi and NATO Secretary General Solana, by then the EU's first "High Representative" for foreign policy, will also be present. You would attend a dinner at NYU's villa, the former estate of Sir Harold Acton. The following day, you could participate in morning and afternoon sessions with the other leaders at the European Institute villa. Possibly, there will be time to tour Florence.

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RECOMMENDATION

That you approve the proposed outline for your November trip to Europe.

Approve ☒

Disapprove ☐

*This is important.
I want all input
before final decisions.*

*This is important.
I want all input
before final decisions.*

7-26-99

5555

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 24, 1999

I hope after this trip U.S. press will see Kosovo + Bosnia together more.

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

SAMUEL BERGER

SUBJECT:

Communications Plan for Your Trip to Sarajevo for the Southeast Europe Stability Pact Summit

Purpose

Approve the themes and key public events for your trip to Sarajevo for the Southeast Europe Stability Pact Summit (SPS).

copied
Berger
Podesta

Message

You return to Sarajevo in the wake of NATO's successful air campaign in Kosovo to pursue an ambitious goal: to catalyze the reconstruction, development, democratization and integration of the entire region of southeast Europe. The SPS is aimed at capitalizing on the momentum generated by our victory in Kosovo to propel the region into the next century along a more peaceful, democratic, and prosperous course.

We propose four key communications objectives for this visit:

- Make clear to the American people and the international community that, having won the air campaign, we must now win the peace in Kosovo
- Launch the Stability Pact and elaborate on your vision of an integrated southeast Europe working together to join an undivided and democratic continent
- Underscore Serbia's continued isolation under Milosevic's rule while inviting its integration once he is gone
- Highlight progress in Bosnia towards reconciliation and a durable peace

cc: Vice President
Chief of Staff

Background

The American press will be inclined to focus narrowly on the fallout of Kosovo and the scorecard on implementation of the Dayton Accords. As to Kosovo, you can report impressive gains in reversing ethnic cleansing (700,000 out of 800,000 refugees returned) and restoring stability: KFOR is effectively deploying, the KLA is demilitarizing, the Russians are cooperating, and democratic opposition to Milosevic within Serbia is growing. And victory in Kosovo has galvanized the region: the nations of southeast Europe are contributing significant humanitarian and logistical assistance to the peacekeeping effort, and are prepared to provide concrete support for Serbia's democratization. But the hard work of revitalizing an underdeveloped region, reconciling ethnic animosities, restoring self-government to Kosovo, and deepening democracy in Albania, Croatia, and other surrounding states, has just begun.

Perceptions of our success in keeping the peace in Bosnia will undoubtedly shape expectations of our mission in Kosovo. By highlighting the progress we have achieved towards implementing the Dayton Accords -- ending violence, disarming militants, some progress on pluralism, building multi-ethnic institutions, nurturing moderate political leadership, and renewed activity in the economy -- you can help build confidence in the prospects for a durable peace in Kosovo. The analogy is an imperfect one: in Kosovo, the ethnic makeup is less complex, and the international community is not endeavoring to build a new nation. But the media is sure to link the two.

Beyond allaying doubts about Bosnia and building confidence in Kosovo, your challenge will be to steer coverage towards the larger project of the economic development, democratization and integration of southeast Europe. To make this pivot, you should remind Americans of the international character of the Bosnia and Kosovo efforts, and stress the multilateral nature of the regional reconstruction efforts. The countries of southeast Europe stood united with NATO during the Kosovo conflict, joining in opposition to Milosevic and supporting our air campaign. Regional leaders have demonstrated a similar solidarity in the aftermath of the conflict, turning to the United States and Europe for support and leadership, but not for financial hand-outs or open-ended security guarantees. This regional unity should be framed as integral to our shared long-term vision of an undivided, democratic Europe.

The Summit Declaration will capture the three essential elements of your message: **democracy and human rights, economic reconstruction and development, and security cooperation.**

Progress in each of these areas is key to fulfilling our shared vision for the region. The difficulty of striking a clear consensus among a multitude of voices means that these themes will most likely remain general at this stage. Another communication challenge will be elaborating upon these broad themes, adding nuance, and tying them to current events.

The purpose of the Summit is primarily to establish shared principles and priorities. Nevertheless, the gathering has the potential to have a powerful impact by:

- Reasserting U.S. national interests in southeast Europe, and the importance of continued American involvement in Kosovo and the region
- Reassuring Americans that although the United States will maintain its leadership role in southeast Europe, we will not shoulder an undue burden in the peacekeeping and reconstruction efforts
- Empowering Europe to lead the Stability Pact, and encouraging regional leaders to seize the initiative for defining their own peace and prosperity
- Underscoring Milosevic's isolation and strengthening the international commitment to support democratization in Serbia

Finally, the SPS itself sends a powerful message. As the largest gathering of world leaders since the NATO Summit in Washington, the SPS has the potential to serve as an equally decisive turning point in the region's development. Sarajevo has been a symbol of Europe's undoing for much of the century. But, today, the city stands as a symbol of hope, having survived war and adversity to emerge as the capital of a democratic, multi-ethnic state in the heart of a re-energized region. Focusing attention on the contrast between Sarajevo's tragic history and its hopeful future is critical to successfully setting the stage for, and shaping media coverage of, the SPS.

7-26-99

Communications Strategy

The SPS itself provides few opportunities to convey the key messages, since all but the few opening statements will be closed to the press. Your principal message vehicles is the public event following the Summit and the roundtable with foreign journalists.

Public Event

Gymnasium School Number 3 in Sarajevo is the site of your remarks following the SPS adjournment. This school is positioned on a former battleline of the Bosnia conflict, and was often caught in the crossfire of snipers scoping the streets of Sarajevo. Today, it rests in a partially revitalized quarter of the city and is powerful testament to the area's recovery.

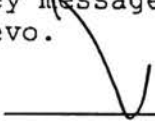
Your remarks offer an opportunity to describe for Americans the results of the SPS and the importance of the gathering. You can also sound themes that resonate with domestic audiences: the importance of continued U.S. leadership, the democratic and humanitarian underpinnings of our cause; our insistence on burden-sharing; and your vision for completing Europe's transformation into a peaceful, democratic, and undivided continent. References to Bosnia and Kosovo will be woven throughout the speech, touchstones of peace with which Americans can identify. Finally, in your speech you can impart a sense of history, contrasting the present with the recent past and charting a hopeful course for the future.

Roundtable with Foreign Journalists

You will participate in a roundtable with foreign journalists, including reporters from Bosnia, Kosovo and other surrounding states after your speech. Also joining the discussion will be a journalist representing a leading independent news agency in Serbia. The roundtable allows you to carry your message to the people of southeast Europe, while signaling your support for independent media in the region.

RECOMMENDATION

That you approve the key messages and communications strategy for your trip to Sarajevo.

Approve  _____

Disapprove _____

ENESCH
MEDLANDER
OPLAN &
RONOFF LLP
ATTORNEYS AT LAW

East Broad Street
Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN
7-26-99

WASH
Power - He's an
old friend - Wally
the deal - WJ

President William J. Clinton
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20502

copied
Nash
Padesta

BENESCH
FRIEDLANDER
COPLAN &
ARONOFF LLP
ATTORNEYS AT LAW

88 East Broad Street
Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506
(614) 223-9300
Fax (614) 223-9330

Robert N. Shamansky
Writer's Direct Dial (614) 223-9326

July 23, 1999

President William J. Clinton
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20502

Dear Mr. President:

The Pentagon has recommended the reappointment of President Manuel Pacheco of the University of Missouri and me to the Board of the National Security Education Program.

The White House staff says the reappointments have been approved, but they have simply not processed the reappointments during this past year.

Respectfully yours,



Robert N. Shamansky

RNS:gxm



NATIONAL DEFENSE UNIVERSITY
NATIONAL SECURITY EDUCATION PROGRAM

ROSSLYN P.O. BOX 20010, 1101 WILSON BOULEVARD, SUITE 1210
ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA 22209-2248

Reply to
attention of:

May 20, 1999

Mr. Robert N. Shamansky
Former Member, U.S. House of Representatives
Attorney at Law
88 East Broad Street
Columbus, OH 43215

Dear Mr. Shamansky:

I would like to take this opportunity to thank you for your important participation in the May 13 meeting of the National Security Education Board. As we move ahead with NSEP, there remain vital issues that need to be addressed and I look forward to working with the Board to confront them.

We will be discussing, internally, the recommendations of the Advisory Group and Board concerning NSEP *Areas of Emphasis* for 1999-2000 and beyond. Our sense is that we need to strive for a more global approach but, at the same time, maintain the credibility that the program needs in its attention to issues impacting U.S. national security. We will also begin to work more closely with the Board on issues relating to program funding for 2006-07 and beyond.

As I indicated to you at the meeting, we are still working with the White House on our Board appointments. It has, to say the least, been a difficult process. We are still expecting that you will hear, in the not too distant future, that the White House intends to renominate you to the Board.

It has been a pleasure working with you and I sincerely hope that we will have an opportunity to work together in the future.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Rob", is positioned above the printed name of the sender.

Robert O. Slater
Director

7-26-99

To Eugene, for reply?

Yes ☒ No ☐

Should not
reference article
B.

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN
7-26-99

Wonderful letter from
African American
woman (met at Jan Clancy
show) about her story
(enjoyed visit and
thank her for report.)
Hs

America shameful, not just president

This letter is in response to *The Cincinnati Enquirer's* editorial "Clinton shames America" [Sept. 13]. Mr. Clinton does not stand alone. The name "America" brings to mind the history of the hypocrisy of the "Land of the Free."

Some examples: The presidents who owned slaves; President Thomas Jefferson, who according to a TV documentary, fathered numerous children by his slave mistress; the 400-year history of slavery in America. The slaughtering of Indians, including unarmed women and children; cheating the Indians out of their land with cheap trinkets, then pushing them into the worst corners they could find for reservations, and killing thousands of buffalo that they depended on for food and warmth; the 1838 "Cherokee Trail" of tears when thousands of Indians died of cold and starvation.

America has tolerated the atrocities of the Klu Klux Klan that has existed for over a hundred years, and are still doing all the evil things possible to hurt African Americans and Jews. America has also tolerated the skinheads with all of their prejudice, rhetoric and evil deeds. Segregation still exists in America. I could go on and on because there is still no end.

The name "America" is shameful indeed. It is one of the most segregated countries in the world. So why pick on Mr. Clinton? Mr. Clinton has tried to erase some of the ugly history of America, but the die-hard conservatives and others who agree with their racist ideas are too content with the status quo.

Mr. Clinton shamed himself. The press and the TV media shamed America.

MINNIE L. DIXON
Kennedy Heights

READERS' VIEWS

promote and celebrate the music of one of America's greatest composers. A Gershwin celebration might have even brought more people to Music Hall for that weekend's concerts. It is a mistake to pass up such opportunities when attendance at CSO concerts needs improvement. We speak as long-time subscribers and contributors to the Cincinnati Symphony Orchestra.

It is our hope that this letter may encourage others to speak up, and that the management and music director will consider our comments as constructive criticism.

BOB & ANNE OLSON
Lebanon

Use budget surplus to pay down debt

Now that the election is just a few weeks away, our good old representatives on both sides (Democrat and Republican) are going to give us a tax cut. How about taking this budget surplus and pay down the national debt so our children and grandchildren won't be saddled with this debt? But, oh no, that won't buy us votes. If we at home have a large debt and go to the bank for a loan, Mr. Bank says, "No. Pay off your debt first."

Politicians on both sides are running away with promises to be elected. We Americans must vote this bunch out. No incumbents should be elected. We need to try others that don't know how to promise yet or don't know how the system works.

As my father told me over 60 years ago, "If education is so important why is it that 95 percent of our representatives are graduates of Harvard University (then one of the top universities) and have this country so screwed up?" Live within your means.

stereos. If after-school jobs and automobiles interfere with your kids' grades, cut back their use or eliminate them completely. If your children don't understand the reviews because the subject is "so dull they can't stay focused," tell them to adjust and work on it.

Quit giving kids excuses to fail. You are the problem, not the kids and certainly not the teachers.

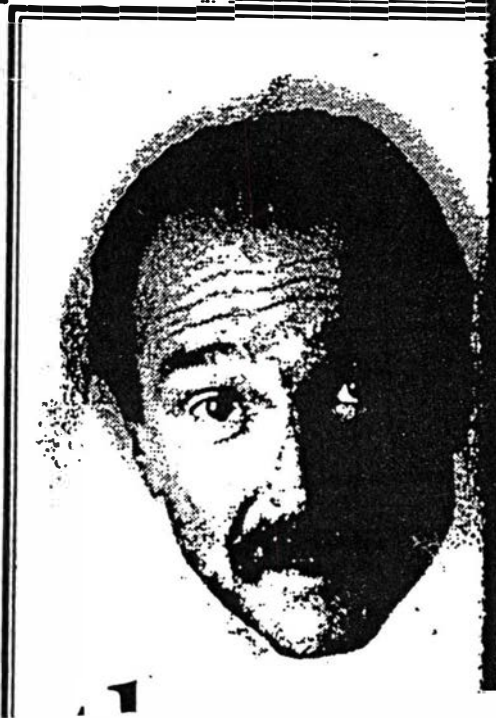
LINDA WILLIAMS
Highland Heights

Must-See TV coming to daytime via D.C.

Media agenda pushers were recently attempting to whip up a "consensus" of Americans who were allegedly so sick of the Clinton scandals that they were ready to accept a slap on the wrist for the president, such as a formal censure.

During the recent congressional debate, Democratic apologists wailed that Americans and Congress do not need or deserve a protracted impeachment, that there is more important business.

This latter point may be true, but neither do we need a now ineffective, morally-challenged president for the next two years. So, instead of trying to derail impeachment, why don't they prevail upon their party leader to resign, and save us all both unbearable



travelsite thieves

away dignity

of person or persons
to take flowers
ice in the east



Stanley K. Sheinbaum

23 July, 1999

'99 JUL 26 PM4:39

URGENTPresident Bill Clinton
Via Fax

Re: Mrs. Michal Mozes, An Israeli Friend

Dear Bill,

This letter is about a particularly ugly situation, and I am requesting that you intercede with Doris Meissner, Director of the INS (probably via Attorney General Reno).

Mrs. Michal Mozes, whose home is in Los Angeles but is a citizen of Israel, has been a particularly good friend for the last three or four years. She has had a stormy relationship with her estranged husband, a rather powerful businessman in Israel. The immediacy of the matter at this moment is that upon her return last week from Israel she was scheduled through Toronto but now because of an action on the part of her husband is being denied entry to the US by the INS. At the same time her children are still in Los Angeles, with a California Superior Court action preventing them from joining Mrs. Mozes in Toronto. Mrs. Mozes is traumatized by all this and from what I know of the children's situation it is obviously a very unhappy one.

I am enclosing a letter from her attorney, Vera A. Weisz, which provides what I hope are all the necessary details of the situation. In addition I am enclosing a transcript of a handwritten letter by Mrs. Mozes which gives further insight into the situation.

If you are so inclined—and I trust you will be—I implore you to act fast on my request. The whole thing is unhealthy.

Respectfully,

Stanley K. Sheinbaum
SKS/kc
enclosures

7-26-99

To Burkhardt for reply?

Yes ☒ No ☐

BCSIS

Agency liaison?

Yes ☒ No ☐if appropriate
B.S.

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001a. statement	re: Statement of Facts Concerning Mrs. Michal Mozes (3 pages)	07/23/1999	b(6)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Staff Secretary
Sean Maloney (Chron File (Jul 99))
OA/Box Number: 14865

FOLDER TITLE:

Tuesday, July 27, 1999

2016-0970-F
rs2997

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001b. statement	re: [Michal Mozes] (2 pages)	07/21/1999	b(6)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Staff Secretary
Sean Maloney (Chron File (Jul 99))
OA/Box Number: 14865

FOLDER TITLE:

Tuesday, July 27, 1999

2016-0970-F
rs2997

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

cc: NASH
Ricchetti
Good guy

Copied
Nash
Ricchetti

July 27, 1999

Alan A. Diamonstein
11817 Canon Boulevard, Suite 400
Newport News, Virginia 23606

Dear Alan:

It was great to see you earlier this month.
Thanks for your note.

I appreciate your offer to be of assistance --
and I'll certainly keep it in mind. I know you
would have a lot to contribute.

Thank you for your support and friendship.

Sincerely,

Bill

Alan A. Diamonstein
11817 Canon Boulevard, Suite 400
Newport News, Virginia 23606

72
Alan A. Diamonstein

July 6, 1999

The President
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20500

Dear Mr. President:

I was delighted to have the opportunity of spending a few moments with you last Friday at Chuck's home, and I appreciate your comments about our long friendship.

Mr. President, it is because of that friendship and because of what you have done for our country, that I would like to volunteer to be of assistance to you in the remaining time of your Presidency.

If there is any way that I can help you, please let me know.

Sincerely and respectfully yours,


Alan A. Diamonstein

AAD/cel

Alan A. Diamonstein