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Folder Title:

Chronos for July 1999 [Part I] [8]

Staff Office-Individual:

Kosovo Office-Schulte, Gregory

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

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DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001a. report	Report Under Section 2006 of the Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act of 1999 [Record ID: 9904946] [See also sb1628_001a, 2016-0205-F and vz6310_001a, this case] (14 pages)	07/08/1999	P1/b(1)
001b. report	Tab A: U.S. Personnel in Support of Operation Allied Force. [Duplicate of sb1628_001b, 2016-0205-F and vz6310_001b, this case] (9 pages)	06/10/1999	P1/b(1)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
National Security Council
Kosovo Office (Schulte, Gregory)
OA/Box Number: 1707

FOLDER TITLE:

Chronos for July 1999 [Part I] [8]

2008-0994-F

vz6311

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
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- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

July 8, 1999

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR SAMUEL R. BERGER

THROUGH: GREG SCHULTE *JS*

FROM: SAMUEL MOYN *Sam*

SUBJECT: Presidential Report to Congress on Operation
ALLIED FORCE

Attached at Tab I is a memorandum to the President recommending that he submit the attached report to Congress on Operation ALLIED FORCE, as required by the 1999 Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act, enacted May 21, 1999. The act requires a report that includes: a statement of national security objectives; an accounting of all U.S. and NATO active duty personnel involved; a report on additional planned deployment of active duty units, reserves, and materiel to EUCOM and from EUCOM to the Operation before the end of FY 1999; a report on the level of humanitarian aid from the United States, NATO member nations, and other nations; and an assessment of any significant revisions to total cost estimate for the deployment.

Concurrences by: Mike Hurley; Chuck Allen; Joseph Bouchard; *JS*
Mark Tavlarides

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign the memorandum to the President.

Attachments

Tab I Memorandum to the President
Tab A Transmittal Letters
Tab B Report to Congress
Tab C International Assistance to Refugee Crisis Paper
Tab D Charts
Tab E Incoming Correspondence

UNCLASSIFIED ~~W/SECRET~~ ATTACHMENTS

Reason: 1.5 (a), (d)

Declassify on: July 2, 2009

DECLASSIFIED
E.O. 13526
White House Guidelines, May 16, 2017
By *VL* NARA, Date *4/18/2024*
2008-0994-F.3

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

THROUGH: THE EXECUTIVE CLERK

FROM: SAMUEL BERGER
LARRY STEIN

SUBJECT: Report to Congress on Operation ALLIED FORCE

Purpose

Submit report to Congress on Operation ALLIED FORCE.

Background

Section 2006 of the 1999 Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act, enacted May 21, 1999, requires you to transmit to Congress a report on U.S. participation in Operation ALLIED FORCE. The report is to include a statement of national security objectives; an accounting of all current active duty personnel involved; a report on additional planned deployment of active duty units, reserves, and materiel to EUCOM and from EUCOM to the Operation before the end of FY 1999; a report on the level of humanitarian aid from the United States, NATO member nations, and other nations; and an assessment of any significant revisions to the total cost estimate for the deployment.

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign and transmit to the Congress the enclosed letters and report.

Attachments

Tab A Transmittal Letters
Tab B Report to Congress
Tab C International Assistance to Refugee Crisis Paper
Tab D Charts

Dear Mr. President:

As required by section 2006 of the 1999 Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act, I transmit herewith a Report to Congress on Operation ALLIED FORCE.

Sincerely,

The Honorable Al Gore, Jr.
President of the Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Mr. Speaker:

As required by section 2006 of the 1999 Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act, I transmit herewith a Report to Congress on Operation ALLIED FORCE.

Sincerely,

The Honorable Dennis Hastert
Speaker of the House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

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INTERNATIONAL ASSISTANCE TO REFUGEE CRISIS

Current as of Wednesday, June 9, 1999, 1700 hours

UNITED STATES (all USG agencies)

- \$183,927,223 in financial support as of 30 April 1999.
 - \$77,329,623 from USAID/BHR.
 - \$58,648,600 from State PRM.
 - \$47,949,000 from DOD.
 - 43,631 phone calls (dollar amount pledged unknown) from general public to FEMA.
 - General humanitarian assistance.
 - Offered to take 20,000 refugees.
 - Already delivered:
 - 1.1M HDRs (496K to Albania, 604K to Macedonia).
 - 7,160 tents.
 - 151,000 blankets.
 - Water containers (61,000 5-gallon jugs, 35 3,000-gallon tanks, 5 10,000-liter bladders).
 - 50,000 health kits.
 - 15,000 items of clothing (to Albania).
 - 650 boxes sheeting (to Macedonia).
 - 8,000 sleeping bags (to Macedonia).
 - 700 cots (to Macedonia).
 - 3,000 sleeping mats (to Macedonia). (U)

ALBANIA (Military only, March 23 to April 2).

- Bedding: 20K tents, 35K blankets, 40K sheets, 20K pillowcases, 12K beds.
- Food: 50 tons macaroni, 50 tons sugar, 50 tons cooking oil, 50 tons rice.
- Fuel: 2K tons diesel, 1500 tons gasoline, 80 tons helo fuel; 100 tons aviation fuel; 175 tons lubricating oil. (U)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Reason: 1.5 (a), (d)
Declassify on: July 2, 2009

DECLASSIFIED
E.O. 13526
White House Guidelines, May 16, 2017
By 12 NARA, Date 4/18/2024
2008-0444-F.3

ALGERIA

- 21 tons medicine, food products and tents expected to leave Algiers April 15.
 - GOA will ship through Algerian Red Crescent to Albanian Red Crescent. (U)

AUSTRALIA

- \$6M (USD or AUS dollar?) in relief supplies (NFI).
 - \$3.5M to UNHCR, \$1M to WFP, \$1.5M to unspecified NGOs.
- Will accept 4,000 refugees.
- \$1.25M USD raised by CARE Australia (NGO). (U)

AUSTRIA

- \$40M to care for refugees given temporary asylum in Austria as well as for the construction of a tent city in Albania.
- Constructing tent city in Albania for 5K refugees -- should be operational by April 16.
 - includes military team for site survey and camp security.
 - Leased transport planes to support Austrian military's efforts (containing trucks, earth-moving equipment, field hospital, tents, etc.) to begin April 9.
- \$850K for "refugee relief in Albania, Macedonia, Bosnia, etc." (included in above?)
- Agreed to accept 5,000 refugees, primarily from Macedonia -- could increase, possibly to 10,000. Most will arrive by late May and be housed with relatives.
- Will provide a field hospital (esp. pediatricians and gynecologists).
- 3 Freight Helicopters (AB212) - (specifically for tent city in Albania?).
- Austrian Air and Lauda Air providing freight transport.
- 90 tons food.
- \$33M -- \$4 for each Austrian - raised by private relief effort "Nachbar in Not" ("Neighbor in Need"). Most will go for Camp Austria tent city in Albania (current capacity 5,000; planned capacity 7,200; current population 2,300).
- Permits transit of relief convoys, even if accompanied by armed personnel.

- Will begin medium and short-wave broadcasts, called 'Radio Nachear in not' ("radio neighbor in need"), in Serbian and Albanian to air humanitarian information (e.g, on family reunification). (SBU)

BAHRAIN

- 50 tons (\$530,000) of supplies (private donations) sent by Red Crescent week of April 12, including 180 tents, 500 mattresses, 6,000 blankets, 18,000 sweaters, baby milk and medicine.
- Working with UAE to provide unspecified amount of aid.
- Military plans to provide medical aid to refugees.
- Two shipments of relief supplies sent (items and quantities not specified); third being planned. (U)

BANGLADESH

- \$50K donated to UNHCR. (U)

BELARUS

- A Belarussian aid convoy to the FRY plans to depart Minsk April 23. The convoy is expected to consist of 50 trucks carrying humanitarian aid, plus 12 fuel tankers and 4 support vehicles. Hungary has told Belarus MFA it will inspect all cargo. (C)

BELGIUM

- 1,223 refugees accepted; GOB no plans to accept more until EU countries fulfill their refugee-acceptance pledges.
- Mid-May: Financial Assistance commitments to displaced Kosovars total over \$27M, almost half coming from private donations raised during an April TV campaign.
- Government allocated further \$16.8M.
- \$3.95M for purchase of tents, sanitary equipment, cooking equipment, medical equipment and rations - to be distributed by Belgian NGOs and Int'l Orgs.
- Authorized acceptance of 1,200 refugees - granting temporary protective status, social benefits for 6 months.
- Could agree to accept more if EU takes collective action.
- Building 2,500-person refugee camp in Durres equipped to care for elderly and 500 children.
- \$1M provided directly to UNHCR.

- Three-person medical team (previously part of KVM) to remain in FYROM to support OSCE humanitarian mission.
- Provide C-130 to transport relief supplies to region: AMERICARES, Belgian NGO "Caritas" and government aid.
- Some form of temporary protective status for refugees granted but Council of Ministers pushing for common EU approach to burdensharing.
- Regional Govt. of Flanders offered approximately \$1.5M for humanitarian assistance.
- GOB estimates 10,000 Kosovars already live illegally in Belgium. (SBU)

BOSNIA-HERZEGOVINA

- To be offered to UNHCR for refugees from Kosovo and other parts of the former SFRY:
 - Two 500-person tent camps scheduled for erection in Ilidza, near Sarajevo's airport.
 - One 500-person camp to be built in Rajlovac just north of the city.
 - 1000-person camps with wooden barracks and tents are planned for Breza (near Sarajevo) and for more distant Tuzla and Kljuc. (U)

BRUNEI

- Ministry of Foreign Affairs official said MFA will consider HA to Kosovo. ~~(C)~~

BULGARIA

- Offered unspecified assistance towards refugee repatriation.
- Military field hospital (47-staff) and 6 field kitchens capable of feeding 2,400 people in Macedonia to be sent to Radusha refugee camp in Macedonia.
- Consists of prefabricated wooden houses to shelter 2,000-3,000 people (5M DM value).
- \$445K per month to operate both the hospital and the kitchen.
- \$4.24M in assistance:
 - preserved food 26,880 units USD 13,200
 - blankets 7,079 units USD 52,200 overcoats
 - 10,000 units USD 184,400
 - medicines USD 111,000
 - summer clothes 10,000 units USD 156,600

- winter clothes 10,000 units USD 195,000
- prefab housing 400 units USD 3,055,100
- transport costs USD 34,600
- rear medical group USD 435,100
- Designated Deputy MOD for Military Economic Issues as humanitarian assistance coordinator.
- Bulgarian airlines participating in transport of relief supplies.
- Two military planes (AN-24 cargo planes) to transport seriously ill refugees to Bulgarian hospitals for treatment.
 - Health Minister expects 350-400 refugees to come for treatment.
- GOB stated it will not turn away any refugee who arrives in Bulgaria; claims 2,300 have already arrived (100 is a more likely number) Full Army field hospital shipped from Czech Republic to Albania by train April 26. Will arrive in Drac, Albania by boat (via Slovenia) by May 4-5, at same time 100 Czech army personnel arrive by plane to staff the hospital. Hospital will be located near Berat, 120 km south of Tirana.
- Equipment for field hospital (value: \$37K) - field x-ray, dark room, lab, 200 stretchers, bandages, syringes, surgical equipment, other equipment -- delivered to Albania by CHOD 7 April. Three Czech army surgeons arrived 13 April to train Albanian doctors on equipment.
- \$100K in NGO shipments of food, clothing, medicine
- 100-person military field hospital in FYROM - either to Albania or FYROM. Has 84 military medical personnel, including 5 surgical teams.
- Approved deployment of one AN-26 transport aircraft to relief effort.
- Possible armed escort of refugees if political settlement is reached with FRY. ~~(C)~~

DENMARK

- Will accept 1,500 refugees.
- Offered to build 2 refugee camps in Macedonia, to house 10k refugees total.
- The Macedonia Government turned down the offer, but the offer still stands.
- \$3M distributed among NGOs, including ICRC and UNHCR as of April 6.
- \$26M for NGOs' emergency operations pending parliamentary approval as of 6 April (NFI on approval).

- 200 soldiers available for NATO in northern Albania to protect relief aid; 80 private Danish citizens working as relief workers.
- \$11.6M in humanitarian contributions by private Danish organizations.
- \$14M from government development agency to be delivered 7 May. Aimed at long-term institution-building (legal system, police, democracy, etc.).
- Parliamentarians express support for use of NATO ground troops if necessary.
- Danish NGOs are building 2 refugee camps near Shkroder, Albania (2,000 and 3,000 capacity, respectively, with long-term combined capacity of 10,000).
- Danish Red Cross building 8,000-person camp near Lezhi, Albania (eventual capacity: 15,000).
- Field hospital will be ready for dispatch within a few days of April 21. ~~(C)~~

EGYPT

- 30 tons of food, clothing and shoes provided by Red Crescent under auspices of Mrs. Mubarak. Egypt Air provided transport on 26 April.
- Medical/surgical team to leave for Albania April 29. Team will be accompanied by Minister of Health.
- \$150K/34 tons of assistance delivered to Tirana 12 or 13 April.
 - Shipment consisted of 310 boxes medical supplies, 4.5 tons condensed milk, 500 boxes canned food, 1,000 blankets.
- Physicians Syndicate (NGO?) sent 30 metric tons medical supplies by ship to Croatia for distribution in Albania by the Islamic Relief Organization.
- Second Physicians Syndicate 40 metric ton donation to be sent by air through GOE and Egyptian Red Crescent. (U)

ESTONIA

- \$75K in humanitarian assistance to Albania and Macedonia.
- Will accept 15 (fifteen) refugees. (U)

EUROPEAN UNION

- Bulgaria has mostly assisted refugees en route to Turkey, in part because Bulgaria wants to reserve its spaces for ethnic Bulgarian FRY refugees. ~~(C)~~

CANADA

- \$10M assistance package (NFI).
- \$2.1M package previously committed through Canadian Int'l Development Agency (CIDA).
- Offered 2xC130s for airlift.
- 150 tons (8 trucks) of supplies (food, blankets, mattresses, children's food, children's beds) for Montenegro left Prague 21 April. (U)

CHILE

- Will take in refugees, number TBD. (SBU)

CROATIA

- Provided \$2M to Macedonia (NFI).
- Will accept 5,000 refugees. ~~(C)~~

CZECH REPUBLIC

- On April 11, Government set aside \$30M for:
 - Housing in Albania for 1000 refugees (joining with another Ally already providing housing).
 - Housing for 2000-2500 refugees in the Czech Republic.
 - But Interior Minister told HCR Ogata April 22 that Czechs would take 750, and Interior Ministry press spokesperson said 1,600 on April 26. Which is right?
 - First Army TU-154 planeload of refugees to arrive April 28, second planeload week of May 3.
 - Food, clothing, other assistance to refugees in the region.
- On April 14, Cabinet approved \$28.5M:
 - \$7.5M to MOD for deployment of 100-person field hospital and AN-26 aircraft (see below).
 - \$7.5M to Interior Ministry to expand facilities on Czech territory to receive refugees.
 - \$3.7M to Ministries of Agriculture and Industry for food, blankets, etc.
 - \$2.9M to Foreign Ministry to support international aid agencies.
 - \$1M to MOD to build 1,000-person refugee camp in Albania.
- \$6.2M for future disbursement, as needed announced 62M Euros to Albania and 25M Euros to FYROM on April 27.
- Announced \$267M assistance package (250M Euros) on April 7.

- \$160M in humanitarian assistance, focusing on relocation of refugees within the region.
- \$107M in "stabilization aid" to Albania, Macedonia and Montenegro.
- \$12.8M to be distributed among UN Agencies and NGOs.
- Will encourage European countries to continue accepting refugees; may provide direct budgetary aid to Albania and Macedonia; actions to send message to Milosevic of EU determination on return of refugees to Kosovo. (U)

FINLAND

- Will accept 1,000 refugees. Priority given to those in greatest need. Refugees get 6-month residency permits that can be extended up to 3 years. Can apply for asylum in Finland.
- Allocated \$11M for refugee relief.
 - \$7M for humanitarian aid.
 - \$4M of this \$7M goes to Red Cross to set up field hospital or 2 emergency response units.
 - \$1M of this \$7M will cover costs of possible transfer of Finnish UNPREDEP unit to UNHCR or Finnish Red Cross.
 - \$4M to help Albania and FYROM bear refugee-related costs.
- Finnish Red Cross has raised \$2.4M for refugee relief
- 2.2 tons shelter equipment.
- 154 tons bedding.
- One emergency response unit (ERU) sent by air to Albania on April 10.
- (ERU's can be transformed into surgical hospitals, 150-bed general hospitals, or basic health centers.) (U)

FRANCE

- Will not commit to accept a number of refugees, as it believes refugees should remain in the region, though French govt. says it will take a number in line with that accepted by other EU countries (probably 4,000-6,000). (Probably therefore need to disregard April 22 press statement by Minister Bernard Kouchner that France would take in 10,000 refugees.)
- Reports of \$11.4M (70M francs) and of \$12.9M (12M Euros) -- unclear which is accurate, but assistance probably includes all the below items.

- Vehicles, folding water tanks and 17.5 tons of humanitarian supplies (NFI) to Tirana (12 tons then transported by French forces to Kukes).
 - Water treatment facility for 40K people, plus cistern trucks and other vehicles, expected to arrive in Durres April 12. This equipment may be used in the Korce area camps.
- 6.5 tons humanitarian supplies (NFI), a first aid post, and 4 tons of medicine to Skopje.
- 9 planes (C-160s?) en route to Albania and Macedonia Tuesday.
(G)

GERMANY

- On April 13, the Bavarian cabinet approved an additional \$5.5M (DM 10m) to support NGOs.
 - \$2.75M (DM 5M) will go to a tent hospital with up to 200 beds in Kovice, Macedonia; expansion of Tetovo camp; establishment of 50 health centers in Albania; and establishment of drinking water conditioning plants in Macedonia and Albania with a total capacity of 13,200 gallons per hour.
- The remaining \$2.75M (DM 5M) is on hold to allow for a 'flexible response' Equipment: MOD-delivered aid (as of 10 May.): 2,650 metric tons.
 - 1,254 tons Foodstuffs.
 - 107 tons Medical Supplies and Equipment.
 - 376 tons Blankets/Sleeping Bags/Clothing.
 - 383 tons Tentage/Shelters.
 - 217 tons Tent accessories.
 - 313 tons Miscellaneous.
 - 14 Vehicles.
- The above equipment has been delivered through 238 German missions:
 - Thessaloniki: (4 C-160 missions)
27 tons
 - Tirana: (12 B-707, 131 C-160 missions)
1,443 tons
 - Skopje: (14 B-707, 2 CL-601 10 A310 and 65 C-160 missions)
1,156 tons
- Cost of German military airlift (at approx. \$67K per C-160 flight): Approx. \$16.0M.

- Expected 10 May deliveries: 32 tons (3 C-160s to Skopje).
 - Skopje:
 - 7.0 tons Hygienic Articles (LAZARUS)
 - 8.2 tons Hygienic Art/Baby Food (Islamic Gemeinschaft Balkans)
 - 8.2 tons Hygienic Art/Baby Food (Islamic Gemeinschaft Balkans) (U)
- Refugee Camp #1 -- Neprosteno. 5,200-person camp at Neprosteno (near Tetovo) constructed by German military and turned over to IRC April 21.
 - German medical support remains: 5 Mobile Medical Teams (total 5 Doctors, 10 medical assistants, 15 soldiers); Emergency Surgical Center (40 beds, Surgical team, 40 medics); Surgical Specialty Team to work with FYROM civilian hospitals; and 5 Additional Mobile medical Teams on 12-hour alert in Germany. The German contingent also provided a water purification site and transport (20 trucks and 3 buses). (U)
- Refugee Camp #2 - Korca. 131 German engineer troops are on location building a 15,000-person tent city in Korca, Albania (just across the border from Ohrid, FYROM). Germany will build capacity for 5,000. 740 out of a planned 1,000 tents have been erected with space for 3,800 deportees. Current population is approximately 1,000 refugees. German troops providing field rations for first 4 days. Camp civil management remains open issue. German troops should depart o/a May 7. (U)
- Refugee Camp #3 - Cegrane. Although the camp will eventually hold up to 40,000 refugees, the current capacity is only 31,200, with 6,000 being supported in the open areas surrounding the camp. As of May 4, 25,000 refugees were present. 150 German troops are working 24-hours a day and 1,450 tents are on site. German military continues to operate a medical aid station (20 beds) with two mobile aid squads (40 personnel) and remains prepared to assist in feeding up to 1,500 personnel. Tentative indications are that the camp should be turned over to the Norwegian Red Cross within the next 7-10 days. (U)
- Future Camp Site -- Lopova, FYROM. German contingent commander in FYROM reported 26 April that COMARRC approached him about possible German support for establishment of and

running a new camp at Lopova (sp?), FYROM -- reportedly just west of Lake Orhid near the Albanian border. Indications are that German MOD would probably support use of German military personnel to erect the camp - i.e., troops for about 14 days -- but probably NOT want to sign up to run the camp. (U)

- Possible New Camp - Melcan or Lumalas, Albania. A German NGO (GTZ) and armed forces have conducted a joint recon of possible additional camp sites at Melcan/Lumalas, ALB at the request of the Prefect of Korca. Assessment is that the airfield may be suitable for a 5,000 person camp. German military had agreed "in principle" to assist construction if GTZ can obtain GE Foreign Ministry and UNHCR approvals and can come up with the required tentage. German contingent in FYROM has been given a "Be Prepared" order to assist in tent/camp setup if the project actually gets a "Go." German contingent has a 80-man team assembled at Orhid to move to Melcan when approved between GE Foreign Ministry and UNHCR. If approved, German participation expected to total 150. German channels report 600 UK/FR engineers are at a nearby location to commence site preparation today (Unclear whether they are looking at the SAME or a DIFFERENT camp site than the GE contingent). (U)
- Bundeswehr HA Food Stock In Tetovo. German contingent in Tetovo has established a local stock of food which can be provided to local assistance organizations. Approximately 3 tons of food from this stock is issued daily. (U)
- Refugees: 9,980 refugees have been transported to Germany as of May 10, as Germany has agreed to receive 5,000 more refugees in the next few weeks (total agreed 20,000). (U)

GREECE

A) Greek general relief assistance

- Permit overflights by Turkish relief flights to Albania and Macedonia.
- \$10M in aid to include airlifts of tents, food, and pharmaceuticals to Macedonia and Albania.
- 100 prefabricated homes going to MK, Albania, and Serbia.
- Offered to be a staging ground for UNHCR incoming assistance.
- Readyng two major refugee centers (Thessaloniki, Ioannina).

- Working with Bulgaria to establish joint refugee camps along and inside Bulgarian border (to hold 5000). (U)

B) Greek assistance to Macedonia

- 32 metric tons of food (25 of the 32 tons were delivered 3 April) by C-130.
- 17 tons of food on April 1 accompanying the visit of Deputy Foreign Minister Kranadiotis to Skopje.
- 80 tons of food and 350 tents on April 3 by train.
- 6 tons of medicine, 340 blankets, & 20 tents via 2 C-130 flights as of April 3.
- 5000 jackets; 2000 delivered as of April 6.
- 50 tons of blankets, clothing, food, baby food, and bottled water on April 9.

41 Greek physicians from Athens Medical Center will provide medical treatment for children in refugee camps in FYROM and to the children's hospital in Pristina. They were accompanied by five ambulances with trained personnel and a mobile hospital unit. Intent is to provide health services to refugee camps and to give logistical support to the health ministry in Skopje. Mission will stay ten days beginning May 4. (U)

C) Greek assistance to Albania

- Existing Alba military force will provide security for humanitarian relief efforts in Albania, cooperating w/regional allies.
- 5 C-130 flights on March 31, April 1, April 2 and April 5 -- contained 80 tons of food, 2 tons of medication, 1660 blankets, 80 6-person tents.
- 2 ambulances and medical supplies delivered April 2.
- 140 prefabricated homes (out of 200 pledged) set up in Tirana with running water and electricity as of April 15.
- 500 bivouac tents to Kukes. Upgrading this camp to hold 1,000 refugees.
- 280 military engineers have also begun the construction of a camp 10 km of Pogradec, Albania which will hold 10,000 to 12,000 refugees.
- 260 tons of blankets, food, baby food, water, tents, medical supplies since April 5. (U)

D) Greek assistance to Kosovo

- Eight humanitarian convoys entered Kosovo from Greece (via FYROM) between April 17-27. (U)

HONDURAS

- Offered to accept refugees (no number provided) but would require resources and technical support -- capability and resources administered by Hurricane Mitch; expects other options more feasible. ~~(C)~~

HUNGARY

- \$3-4M overall assistance package, including:
 - 50 tons humanitarian assistance (NFI) to Taszar (45 privately donated, 5 from military); USAF C-17 delivered to Albania April 7.
 - 15 tons humanitarian assistance (NFI); Danish Air Force delivered to Albania.
 - 50-70 truckloads of humanitarian assistance (NFI).
- Will accept 2500-3000 refugees within 2 weeks (brings total to 5500-6000).
 - Interior Minister proposing using 2 former military barracks in Baja and Oroshaza to house 2,000 refugees.
 - GOA has opened a temporary 200-250 person facility in Bekescsaba, in southern Hungary. ~~(C)~~

ICELAND

- \$71K to UNHCR.
- \$71K to ICRC.
- 1 coast guard plane with relief supplies (NFI).
- Will accept 100 refugees. (U)

IRAN

- 50 tons of foodstuffs, health care appliances, tents, blankets, factory-made carpets. (U)

IRELAND

- Agreed to accept 1,000 Kosovar refugees.
- \$3.3M (2.4M Irish pounds) in humanitarian assistance (NFI).

- Will not/not return Kosovar refugees currently in Ireland back to FRY or region, regardless of current status. (U)

ISRAEL

- PM announced April 7 Israel will accept 100 refugees.
 - 200 accepted as of May 30; further assistance halted until Barak government on-board.
- 54 tons of medicine and humanitarian supplies to Macedonia.
- Jewish Agency provided 100 tons of food, medicine, clothing on five aircraft to Albania. (Source: April 9 Washington Post)
- The Israeli cabinet earmarked \$1.25M (NIS 5M) on April 4 for relief efforts.
- \$1M in private donations (including \$500K from rock concert benefit).
- An Israeli Defense Force (IDF) mobile field hospital and 80-member medical team is stationed at Brazde/Stankovic Airfield.
- Medical team supposed to remain only 2 weeks; could extend if requested. (SBU)

ITALY

- The GOI has spent about USD 40 million, excluding operational costs borne by the military and the lease of merchant ships. (if these were included, the figure would be about USD 70 million.)
- Military contribution: three Italian Navy ships are shuttling between Bari and Durres to transport humanitarian aid. Four C-130 cargo aircraft and four helicopters are making three flights each per day between Brindisi and the camps to transport aid.
- MFA allocated \$10M for refugee assistance.
- \$58M in government-encouraged private donations.
- \$550 from inmates in Rome's Rebibbia Prison.
- Through UNHCR, government provided \$2.7M to Italian NGOs.
- \$2.3M of medicines provided through WHO.
- Plans in place to receive up to 25,000 Kosovar refugees.
- The GOI has constructed eight camps in Albania, housing about 25,000 refugees: Kukes (6,000 refugees), Kukes ii (7,500), Kavaje (4,000), Lezha (3,000), Durres Rashbull (2,000), Shijak (1,000), Tirana (700), and Durres (field hospital with 100 beds). Several other camps are being planned, including at Vlore (5,000), Shkoder (1,300), Sarande (700), and Elbasan (700).

- Italian NGO set up 4,000-person camp near Kukes.
- GOI declared State of Emergency for refugee purposes: permits activation of resources and funds and simplifies bureaucratic procedures; allows temporary legal protection for refugees.
- Italian helos ferrying sick to Tirana.
- 80 trucks of food from Co-Op grocery chain.
- 100,000 bottles of San Pellegrino water (donated by manufacturer).
- 20 motor caravans equipped to print new identity cards.
- 631 volunteers from civil defense department; 1400 civilian volunteers with NGOs, etc.
- Volunteer surgeons, pediatricians, gynecologists, etc.
- State Railway system provided "train for life" to carry goods donated privately to UNICEF. (U)
- Breakdown of Assistance to ALBANIA:
- GOI estimates its financial commitment through June 30, 1999 at \$70M.
- 1,500 Italian civilian personnel are operating in the field.
- Already Supplies: 5,600 tents, 40,000 sleeping bags, 50,000 mats, 26 camp stoves, 51 tons of sanitary materials, food and blankets, 400 buses, 30 off-road vehicles with trailers, 40 tank trucks, various fire trucks and ambulances, and 5 electric power generators.
- The Italian Embassy purchased \$2.3M worth of medicine through the WHO.
- GOI proposed a new program aimed at providing relief and shelter to 100K refugees for 12 months. Total cost estimated at \$162M. GOI already committed \$20M as a start-up sum for the program, and will likely seek contributions from other donors. (U)
- Breakdown of Assistance to FYROM:
- Provided over 20 tons of medical first aid supplies, food aid worth \$2M, and seven truckload of tents and emergency supplies.
- \$9 million has been allocated for additional emergency aid to refugees in FYROM. Details on disbursement are being discussed between the two governments. (U)
- Breakdown of Assistance to Montenegro:

- Already disbursed \$1.7M in emergency aid.
- 14 tons of medical supplies and food aid worth \$1.5M were sent to the Montenegrin government. Additional \$2.3M allocated for food aid. (U)

JAPAN

- \$200M in relief assistance announced April 27. Includes the following:
 - \$40M to UNHCR (includes \$15M announced April 1, \$25M in new funds, \$1M in-kind support).
 - \$60M over two years to Macedonia and Albania.
 - Civilian medical personnel, support staff and equipment to Macedonia and Albania (NFI).
 - \$100M, once a peace agreement is reached, for the "Human Security Fund" established by Japan at the UN. These funds will be used for rehabilitation, reconstruction of Kosovo and the return of refugees.
 - Assistance (NFI) to 4 Japanese NGOs involved in relief efforts.
- 1,000 tents. (U)

JORDAN

- 20 tons of humanitarian supplies (NFI) delivered personally to Macedonia by Queen Raina on April 14, 1999.
 - Contained 2 planeloads (tents, blankets, medicine, food and child-care products) airlifted by Jordanian Air Force.
- 20 Army medical personnel (8 doctors, 12 nurses) attached to UAE unit in Albania, possibly by May 1. (U)

KENYA

- 35 tons shelter (tents?).
- 35 tons bedding (probably mattresses, sleeping mats, linens). (U)

KUWAIT

- \$1M donated by the Emir for relief efforts.
- 2 plane loads and a ship (200 tons) of relief supplies to be shipped early May to Albania. One plane will be paid for by Emir and the other by the Red Crescent.
- \$13M raised by private fund-raising.

- 4 747's (120 tons) of relief supplies and food; 1 747 (37 tons) with Red Crescent donations. May include some of the following previously reported donations:
 - 7 short tons food
 - 9 short tons shelter equipment.
 - 7 short tons bedding.
 - 7 short tons medical equipment. (U)

LATVIA

- \$100K in humanitarian assistance (NFI) -- 44 short tons shelter equipment.
- Will accept refugees temporarily, number TBD by Minister of Interior.
- 8-person medical unit to leave for Albania April 28 Will operate with larger Dutch team. (U)

LICHTENSTEIN

- \$336K (500K Swiss francs) in refugee assistance. (U)

LITHUANIA

- 2 ambulances with 10 staff, including doctors and an interpreter.
- Will give temporary asylum to 100 refugees.
- \$500K in humanitarian assistance (NFI).
- \$125K in aid, including canned food, that Lithuania delivered itself to UNHCR Skopje. (U)

LUXEMBOURG

- \$26.3M in bilateral aid (raised from \$675K on April 7nd from \$2.7M on April 29)
- Rented Cargolux 707 jet to transport 16.5 tons of emergency supplies -- 3 days' worth of food rations for 2,000 people, clothing and blankets, all taken from army stocks -- to Macedonia on April 10.
- \$1M to help build (with Belgium) a 3,000-person refugee camp in Albania.
- 632 refugees accepted since January 1998 (total 2440 refugees from FRY = 1/174 Luxembourg citizens).
- GOL allotted \$26.5M for humanitarian assistance to the Kosovo region, refugees from the Balkans and for expenses related to their stay in Luxembourg.

- NGOs have collected additional \$3.2M (which the GOL promised to match).
- Syndicate of Cities and Communes collected \$265K. (U)

MACEDONIA

- 20M DM (\$11.1M).
 - Unclear whether this includes just humanitarian supplies, labor for HA efforts or larger civil-military assistance effort. (U)

MALAYSIA

- GOM channeling assistance to refugees through private organizations to avoid appearance of helping Muslim foreigners while providing minimal assistance to Malaysian Chinese pig farmers hurt in the outbreak of the deadly Nipah virus. (C)

MAURITIUS

- 5 tons of food and children's supplies offered by Mauritian Hizbollah Party. Seeking transportation.
- Request for USG transport turned down by AmEmbassy Port Louis.
(C)

THE NETHERLANDS

- \$35M (60M guilders) in assistance.
 - \$10M to relief organizations (UNHCR, WFP, ICRC, UNICEF, Dutch Red Cross).
 - \$5M in balance of payment assistance to Macedonia \$15M to ALLIED HARBOUR operation in Macedonia.
- Private organizations have raised \$21M as of April 15.
- Contingency planning underway to accommodate refugees (possibly 10,000).
- Preparations underway to provide tents to region as well as housing within the Netherlands.
- Looking for EU discussion on assistance to refugees before any formal announcement. (U)

NORWAY

- GON contributed \$266M to Kosovo-related expenditures, of which \$154M is allocated to cover expenses of 6000 refugees received

in Norway, \$29M to humanitarian aid to Kosovo, remainder earmarked for military expenses.

- June 4, 1999 GON allocated an additional \$44M for humanitarian assistance.
- \$18M in private contributions.
- 7700 refugees received as of June 1 (agreed to receive 6000; 1700 arrived before announcement made). (U)

OMAN

- Diplomatic support to relief effort in United Nations. (U)

PALAU

- Sought USG advice on ability to offer/accept up to 500 refugees. ~~(C)~~

PAKISTAN

- One military field hospital, arrival date unknown.
- PM Sharif has offered to send troops to assist relief effort (#s, role unknown).
- PM Nawaz Sharif has agreed to set up a fund for assistance to Kosovo Muslim refugees in Macedonia and Albania. The North West Frontier Province government has donated 10 million rupees (USD 204,081) to the fund. (source: press)
- Four planeloads of supplies. May include the following previously reported donations:
 - 9.7 short tons shelter equipment.
 - 18 short tons bedding. (U)

POLAND

- \$600K worth of food, medicine and medical supplies.
 - Includes blankets, bandages, medicines, tents, food from military stocks.
- National relief organizations made appeal for public donations.
- MOD considering providing cargo plane to transport the humanitarian supplies.
- Willing to accept up to 2,000 Kosovar refugees (doubled from 1,000 April 7).
- \$1M to house and feed refugees who arrive in Poland.
- 200 metric tons of oil, beans and sugar.

- MOD transport plane to be stationed in Skopje for humanitarian purposes.
- 140 soldiers from the 21st Highland Rifle ("Podhalanski") Mountain Light Infantry Brigade to assist with relief effort.
(U)

PORTUGAL

- \$500K in relief funds.
- 1 C-130 of humanitarian supplies (NFI).
- Agreed to accept 2,000 Kosovar Refugees -- 939 arrived as of May 27.
- 60 tons of relief supplies sent but never reached FYROM.

QATAR

- 25 tons food, 7 tons support equipment. Qatari embassy in Washington to provide additional details to OSD/ISA/NESA. (U)

ROMANIA

- \$17K for refugees in Romania.
- \$600K for refugees in Macedonia (milk powder, cooking oil, sugar, medicine, clothing).
- Has registered 113 refugees (all Serbs) from FRY as of April 5.
- Has agreed to take in 6,000 refugees.
 - Norway may consider financing (see Embassy Oslo 1802). (U)

RUSSIA

- GOR established a mobile field hospital in Nis, FRY.
- Contributing to the trilateral (Russia-Greece-Switzerland) assistance effort, "FOCUS" providing aid to all groups within FRY - aid flown to Sofia, trucked into FRY (turned over to Yugoslav Red Cross for distribution).
 - Two convoys, 15 trucks each, delivered aid to Belgrade (30 tons) and Pristina (amount not specified) in early May.
 - 60 tons of assistance (items not identified) for refugees delivered to FYROM.
 - Considering sending special rescue teams to the FRY.
- \$1 M to FRY, intended for refugee camps in Montenegro and FYROM - 68 trucks arrived early morning April 13.
 - food products (baby food, sugar, vegetable oil, salt)

- non-food products (tents, clothes).
- expendable medical supplies and a mobile hospital.
- 1 planeload with 31 tons of tents, blankets, sugar, baby food, salt, detergents, toothpaste and shampoo to be delivered to Skopje April 21. GOR plans to schedule such flights weekly.
- 250 ton convoy planned from Moscow to FRY (NFI)
- 68 trucks in aid convoy, including 4 fuel trucks, delivered assistance to FRY. Hungary refused to allow 5 armored vehicles and 6 fuel trucks (carrying more fuel than required by the convoy) to leave the Hungary-Ukraine border, citing enforcement of UNSCR 1160. Convoy crossed back into Hungary April 16. (SBU)

SAUDI ARABIA

- 132 tons (2 plane loads) of food, medical supplies, tents, clothing, blankets sent to Albania.
- 300 additional tons of medical aid and supplies. Deliveries to date include:
 - A Saudi Royal Air Force C-130 with ten tons of relief materials, including six tons of foodstuffs, two tons of blankets, and two tons of medical supplies, to Tirana April 23.
 - A second Saudi RAF C-130 carrying medical supplies, tents, and vehicles to Tirana on April 24.
- Saudi physicians, specialists, male nurses, and other paramedical staff would be sent to work at a 50-bed mobile hospital and 10 health centers to be set up by Saudi Red Crescent in Tirana and other locales in Albania. The Saudis will establish a military hospital in Tirana, which will be linked by satellite to the King Faisal specialist hospital in Riyadh.
 - The Council of Ministers directed that volunteers to Albania be granted 45 days leave from work.
- The Saudis will also set up a camp for 5,000 refugees in Albania (estimated cost: \$500K).
- \$4M in cash and \$9M of foodstuffs, medicine, tents and clothing from Muslim World League.
- \$12M in supplies (54 containers of supplies (NFI) plus 123 containers full of blankets) to Albania from the International Islamic Relief Organization (IIRO).
- \$133K (500K Saudi Riyals) for construction and operation of a health center donated by the Prince Sultan Charitable Foundation.

- 2,000 tons of dates ordered sent by King Fahd on April 10; have not yet been shipped from Jeddah. (U)

SLOVAKIA (source: press)

- 5 tons of 16-person tents and 800 blankets -- airlifted by a Slovak military AN-26 plane.
- \$1M in aid - flour, cooking oil, sugar.
- \$1M to set up refugee camp for up to 500 refugees in Gabcikovo, in SW Slovakia.
- \$88K for clothes, food, stretchers (from Interior Ministry budget).
- Field bakery with 25 soldiers. (U)

SLOVENIA

- \$260K of humanitarian assistance (3 convoys - NFI).
- Will extend temporary protection status to 2,477 refugees already in Slovenia and accept 1,600 more.
- 25-person medical battalion to Albania.
- Medical team (from Ministry of Health) to Macedonia. (U)

SPAIN

- \$54M overall humanitarian assistance program announced at NATO (includes some of the items below).
- Will provide temporary asylum for refugees -- exact number to be announced 5 April but will coordinate with EU.
- Earmarked \$3.3M for taking in and taking care of refugees.
- \$7M for health material, food, equipment and 2-3 flights. Of this, 1.5 million will go to UNHCR.
- Will establish a camp for 10,000 in Albania with Caritas/Spain.
- Catalonia regional government will take in 2,000 refugees for temporary relocation; also providing 50 metric tons of rice, flour, pasta, cooking oil and blankets. (U)

SWEDEN

- \$10M assistance package, of which \$1M was provided to the ICRC
- Offered to take in 5,000 refugees, plus give temporary residency (11 months, extendable up to 2 years) to 4,000 Kosovar Albanians already in Sweden.
- Provided 60,000 tents.

- 75 short tons of food.
- 2 short tons medical equipment/supplies.
- Sending 3 delegates to countries receiving Kosovar refugees.
- Preliminary decision to accept 1500 refugees (decision on final number pending mtg. w/UNHCR and EU). (U)

SWITZERLAND

Building 4 camps - to house up to 15K refugees in Albania and 25K in Macedonia.

- \$13.46M (20M Swiss francs) - 10K cots, 9K blankets, tents, doctors, food, water.
- 3 helos arrived Albania 7 April to assist refugee evacuation - will also send Falcon 50s and Leer jets.
- Will accept 10,000 refugees, possibly as many as 60,000
 - Note: Switzerland already has approx. 35K Kosovar refugees in-country. (U)

TAIWAN

- \$7.5 million in cash, pharmaceuticals, medical equipment and various relief goods.
- Field hospital and medical team to Macedonia. (U)

TUNISIA

- 100 eight-person tents, 1,000 blankets, 2.7 tons of sugar, 3 tons of rice, 3 tons of spaghetti, and 1 ton of jams/jellies (16,000 kilos total filling 1 C-130).
- 12-15 person medical team (two-person advance team already sent to Albania).
- One, maybe 2, C-130 supply aircraft (specifically for medical team?)
- MOD decision planned for April 14. ~~(C)~~

TURKEY

- Agreed to accept 20,000 refugees if international community covers costs - estimated to be \$13-15M to set up and \$2M per month to operate.
 - USG has offered \$1.2M [to pay for movement of one flight per day (157 refugees/day)].
 - USG will raise to \$2 M if matched by other donors.

- Kirklareli camp has 2 surgical units, several clinics, one dental clinic, ambulances, 2 psychologists, phone booths, a school, a community center (disco, pool tables, TV, coffee/tea).
- GOT offered to fund a Turkish Red Crescent tent city in Gostivar, Macedonia -- Macedonians turned down offer.
- Turkish Red Crescent constructing camp for 5,000 (eventually increasing to 10,000) in Elbasa, Albania.
- 13 truckloads of tents, blankets, and food sent to Albania and FYROM, more in the pipeline.
- Red Crescent considering UNHCR/Tirana for additional tents, blankets, electric heaters and shoes. Other requests will be considered but as yet have not been received.
- Four Turkish Air Force cargo planes delivered food and tents to Tirana on March 31.
- \$7.5M in aid (NFI) announced in OSCE April 6. ~~(C)~~

UAE

- 80 tons/3 planeloads of humanitarian supplies (blankets, medicines, food, etc.).
- A fully-staffed 200-bed hospital (could treat 2000 people) - 80 staff, including 18 doctors.
- 3 Field kitchens with provisions capable of feeding 4,000 people daily.
- 150K tons fresh food (flour, dates, rice) to Kukes, Albania.
- 150K tons packaged food to Kukes, Albania.
- 400 tents to Kukes, Albania.
- \$20M cash.
- Offered to refurbish airfield at Kukes. Will construct runway suitable for C-130s, mobile control tower contracted from Germany, 2 air traffic control radars, and a construction company (TRISS).
- UAE helos and other support present at Rinas as of Saturday, April 17. GOA will provide protection. Estimate 3 weeks to complete runway upgrade.
- 4 Super Puma helicopters and 1 C-130 offered to relief effort.
- UAE will maintain its own aircraft while deployed. ~~(C)~~

UKRAINE

- \$240K of assistance
 - \$95K of this is in form of medicines, blankets - 7 trucks full left Kiev April 8. (U)

UNITED KINGDOM

- \$64M overall assistance package announced on May 3 (increased from April 7 pledge of \$35M) plus costs related to relocation of refugees.
- 11 flights (4 MOD, 7 commercial) with following items (in metric tons (mt)):
- To Tirana:
 - 97 metric tons (mt) Tents/blankets - in 3 shipments (Mar 13, Mar 31, Apr 5).
 - 16.5 mt Medical supplies - arrived March 31.
 - 19 mt UNHCR equipment / blankets / aux. Equip - arrived April 1.
 - 36 mt Aircraft handling package - arrived April 2.
 - 13 mt Medical supplies - arrived April 3.
 - Unknown cargo arrived April 5 from Dubai.
- To Skopje
 - 36 mt Blankets - arrived April 3.
 - 35 mt rations to WFP - arrived April 4.
 - 13 mt Forklifts/ 4x4 vehicles/tents - April 4.
 - 7 aircraft scheduled for 6 through Apr 10 (details of cargo not available).
- Joint Dept. of International Development/Ministry of Defense assessment team to go to Albania and Macedonia.
- Granting refugee status to Kosovars who make their own way to the UK.
- Will not/not consider program to move refugees out of region unless (a) asked by UNHCR and (b) EU agrees on fair distribution of the burden.
- Unofficial but firm policy is that no Kosovars are sent back.
- Note: UK has to date accepted second highest number of Kosovars in Europe. (U)

YEMEN

- Two C-130s (80 tons) of tents, blankets, cooking utensils to Albania.
- \$333K in cash and in-kind raised by GOY from private donors (NFI). (U)

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DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001b. report	Tab A: U.S. Personnel in Support of Operation Allied Force. [Duplicate of sb1628_001b, 2016-0205-F and vz6310_001b, this case] (9 pages)	06/10/1999	P1/b(1)

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- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
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TAB B

Known aid deliveries from 30 Mar 99 to 10 June 99

(U) NATO NATIONS:

			Support				
	Food (F)	Shelter (S)	Equipment (SE)	Bedding (B)	Medical (M)	Vehicle (V)	Total
United States	3271.1	2104.8	747.2	287.4	57.1	70	6537.6
NATO							
Belgium	145.3	92	92.8	63	139	9.5	541.6
Canada	170			36			206.0
Czech Republic	51.5	3	15.8	18.9	53.7		142.9
Denmark	501.2	84	10.5	170	61.2		826.9
France	668	153.8	106.7	103.6	51.5		1083.6
Germany	1661.5	432.6	307.1	472.3	203.1	36.6	3113.2
Greece	825.5	240.5		28.5	101.5	29	1225.0
Hungary	46			7.5	114.7		168.2
Iceland			1	6			7.0
Italy	580	165.2	237.5	458	136.3	505.5	2082.5
Luxembourg	15			13	1	22	51.0
Netherlands	15	141.5	49.3	149.1	10	7.5	372.4
Norway	537.3	36	118	43.7	40	41.5	816.5
Poland	236.8	1.4		93.7	50.3		382.2
Portugal	38.3		1.6	10			49.9
Spain	26	15		20	63.1	0.5	124.6
Turkey	158	219.5		11.1	4	120	512.6
United Kingdom	992	578.7	869	691.4	87.2	137	3355.3
Total	9938.5	4268.0	2556.5	2683.2	1173.7	979.1	21599.0

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(U) Non-NATO NATIONS (Known deliveries from 30 Mar 99 to 10 June 99):

			Support				
	Food (F)	Shelter (S)	Equipment (SE)	Bedding (B)	Medical (M)	Vehicle (V)	Total
Non NATO							
Albania	200			46			246.0
Algeria	15	7					22.0
Austria	439.6	163.5	275	41	174	20.5	1113.6
Bahrain	40	25	20	11.9	41.7		138.6
Bulgaria	44	9	0.3	7.5		1.5	62.3
Egypt	9.5		139.7	27	84		260.2
Finland		26.2		154.7	50.5		231.4
Iran	29.6	46.6	8	14.2		7	105.4
Ireland	27	7		18	13		65.0
Israel	5	34		31.2	78		148.2
Jordan	9	13		9	18		49.0
Kenya		35		360.4			395.4
Korea		110					110.0
Kuwait	87.5	26		28	12		163.5
Latvia		44					44.0
Lebanon	23			12			35.0
New Zealand	81						81.0
Pakistan	29	968.3		45			1042.3
Qatar	57	120	7	11.5	6		201.5
Russia	220.4	194.5		68	85		567.9
Saudi Arabia	273	103	15	25	171		587.0
Slovakia		5.5		3.6			9.1
Slovenia	236.2	1		12.3			249.5
Sweden	104.3	8.4	2	50	3		167.7
Switzerland	98.1	320.5	34	86.1	36.9	15	590.6
Taiwan	10			15	10.5		35.5
Tunisia	14.7	4.5	5	3.4	32.9		60.5
Ukraine		92.5		12.5	21		126.0
UAE	272	379		63	664	99.5	1477.5
United Nations	69			19.5	15		103.5

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TO: BERGER

FROM: SCHULTE

DOC DATE: 20 JUL 99
SOURCE REF:

KEYWORDS: KOSOVO

NATO

file

PERSONS:

SUBJECT: POTUS LTR TO NATO HEAD OF STATE & GOVT

ACTION: BERGER APPROVED RECOM W/ CHANGES DUE DATE: 26 JUL 99 STATUS: C

STAFF OFFICER: SCHULTE

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FILES: PA

NSCP:

CODES:

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2008-0904-1.3

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NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

THE WHITE HOUSE

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JACOBSON	_____	_____	_____
POWELL	_____	_____	_____
SARGEANT	<u>1/2</u>	<u>1/20 8³⁰</u>	<u>see above</u>
DAVIES	_____	_____	_____
KERRICK	_____	_____	_____
STEINBERG	_____	_____	_____
BERGER	_____	<u>A</u>	_____
SITUATION ROOM	_____	_____	_____
WEST WING DESK	<u>3</u>	<u>1/20 DMK</u>	<u>N</u>
RECORDS MGMT.	<u>4</u>	_____	<u>N/R</u>
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

A = ACTION I = INFORMATION D = DISPATCH R = RETAIN N = NO FURTHER ACTION

CC: GLS

COMMENTS: Pres May NATO Sen Decs

EXEC SEC OFFICE HAS DISKETTE ~~YES~~ No (w/ GLS)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20504

5514

July 20, 1999

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR SAMUEL R. BERGER *SR*

FROM:

GREG SCHULTE *GS*

SUBJECT:

POTUS Message to NATO Leaders on Eve of Sarajevo Summit

I attach a proposed message from POTUS to the NATO leaders following up on the discussion in yesterday's small meeting of Principals. In accordance with the discussion, the message emphasizes the need for solidarity on maintaining economic sanctions on Serbia and denying reconstruction as long as Milosevic is in power. I have also added some introductory paragraphs describing our view of the Summit's objectives and format.

RECOMMENDATION

That you approve the attached message.

Approve *Q*

Disapprove _____

Attachment

Tab 1 Message to NATO Leaders

w changes

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Reason: 1.5 (a), (d)

Declassify On: July 20, 2009

DECLASSIFIED
E.O. 13526
White House Guidelines, May 16, 2017
By *VR* NARA, Date *4/14/2024*
2008-0441-1

PREC: IMMEDIATE

CLASS: ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FROM: THE WHITE HOUSE

TO: AMERICAN EMBASSY

INFO: SECSTATE WASH DC

SUBJECT: LETTER TO ...

1. PLEASE PASS THE FOLLOWING MESSAGE FROM PRESIDENT CLINTON TO ...AT THE EARLIEST OPPORTUNITY. SIGNED ORIGINAL WILL NOT FOLLOW.

2. BEGIN TEXT:

DEAR

TWO MONTHS AGO, AT NATO'S WASHINGTON SUMMIT, WE MET WITH THE FOREIGN MINISTERS FROM SOUTHEAST EUROPE TO HEAR THEIR SECURITY CONCERNS DURING THE CONFLICT IN KOSOVO AS WELL AS THEIR PRELIMINARY IDEAS FOR REGIONAL COOPERATION. SINCE THEN, THESE COUNTRIES HAVE JOINED WITH OURS AND OTHERS IN AN AMBITIOUS STABILITY PACT AIMED AT PROMOTING PEACE, DEMOCRACY, HUMAN RIGHTS, AND ECONOMIC PROSPERITY IN THE REGION. NEXT WEEK, UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE EUROPEAN UNION, WE WILL MEET WITH THE LEADERS OF SOUTHEAST EUROPE IN SARAJEVO TO LAUNCH THE STABILITY PACT IN A HIGHLY VISIBLE AND SYMBOLIC WAY. I WANTED TO SHARE WITH YOU SOME THOUGHTS ABOUT THAT MEETING.

THE STABILITY PACT SUMMIT PROVIDES AN IMPORTANT OPPORTUNITY TO PROMOTE A VISION OF SOUTHEAST EUROPE FOUNDED ON COOPERATION AND DEMOCRACY RATHER THAN NATIONALISM AND ETHNIC CONFLICT. WE SHOULD USE THE SUMMIT TO ENCOURAGE THE SOUTHEAST EUROPEAN COUNTRIES TO COOPERATE REGIONALLY AND TO DEVELOP A SHARED STRATEGY FOR STABILITY, GROWTH, AND INTEGRATION WITH THE REST OF EUROPE. BEING IN SARAJEVO, I HOPE THAT WE WILL USE THE SUMMIT AS A VEHICLE TO RECOMMIT ALL PARTIES TO THE FULL IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DAYTON PEACE ACCORDS.

IT IS IMPORTANT THAT WE HEAR FROM THE REGIONAL COUNTRIES AND ENCOURAGE THEM TO PRESENT THEIR VIEWS FIRST, AND ESPECIALLY TO PRESENT REGIONAL AS OPPOSED TO NATIONAL VIEWS. THEY WILL WANT

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White House Guidelines, May 16, 2017
By RL NARA, Date 4/18/2024
2008-0994-f.3

TO TALK ABOUT ASSISTANCE AND INFRASTRUCTURE, BUT WE SHOULD ALSO ENCOURAGE THEM TO THINK ABOUT LONG-TERM GROWTH AND STABILITY AND DISCUSS SUCH SUBJECTS AS MARKET REFORM, DEMOCRATIZATION AND REGIONAL SECURITY. I HOPE WE WILL HAVE A DIALOGUE WITH THE REGIONAL LEADERS, RATHER THAN JUST MAKING A SERIES OF PREPARED INTERVENTIONS. THIS CONTENT AND FORMAT CAN MAKE THE SUMMIT MUCH MORE PRODUCTIVE AND INTERESTING.

ALL THE LEADERS OF THE REGION HAVE BEEN INVITED TO SARAJEVO, EXCEPT ONE -- SLOBODAN MILOSEVIC. IT WILL BE IMPORTANT THAT THE SUMMIT DEMONSTRATE SERBIA'S ISOLATION UNDER MILOSEVIC, WHILE HOLDING OUT THE PROSPECT OF RAPID REINTEGRATION ONCE HE IS GONE. DURING NATO'S AIR CAMPAIGN, OUR SOLIDARITY WAS THE KEY TO OUR ULTIMATE SUCCESS. MAINTAINING OUR SOLIDARITY NOW IS EQUALLY IMPORTANT IF WE ARE TO "WIN THE PEACE" BY ACHIEVING POLITICAL REFORM IN BELGRADE, AND THUS A MORE SOLID FOUNDATION FOR THE STABILITY OF THE ENTIRE REGION.

TO DO THIS, I BELIEVE THAT WE MUST PURSUE AND MAINTAIN A COMMON LINE ON ECONOMIC SANCTIONS AND RECONSTRUCTION ASSISTANCE TO SERBIA. WE SHOULD BE CLEAR THAT THERE WILL BE NO LIFTING OF SANCTIONS AND NO ASSISTANCE FOR RECONSTRUCTION AS LONG AS MILOSEVIC IS IN POWER. ANY HINT THAT WE ARE RECONSIDERING OUR POSTURE ON THESE POINTS WILL BE USED BY MILOSEVIC TO CLAIM VICTORY AT HOME AND TO UNDERCUT THE OPPOSITION. OUR SOLIDARITY NOW IS AS IMPORTANT AS WAS OUR SOLIDARITY DURING THE AIR CAMPAIGN -- SO WE WILL ACHIEVE OUR SHARED VISION FOR A PEACEFUL AND PROSPEROUS SOUTHEAST EUROPE.

I LOOK FORWARD TO SEEING YOU NEXT WEEK IN SARAJEVO. WE CAN MAKE THIS AN HISTORIC MOMENT BY UNDERSCORING OUR HOPES FOR THE FUTURE OF THE REGION, ITS PEOPLE, AND THEIR DEMOCRATIC LEADERS.

SINCERELY,

BILL CLINTON

PREC: IMMEDIATE

CLASS: ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FROM: THE WHITE HOUSE

TO: AMERICAN EMBASSY

INFO: SECSTATE WASH DC

SUBJECT: LETTER TO ...

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White House Guidelines, May 16, 2017
By W NARA, Date 4/18/2024
2024-044-1

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SINCERELY,

BILL CLINTON

PREC: IMMEDIATE

CLASS: ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

55/4

FROM: THE WHITE HOUSE

TO: AMERICAN EMBASSY

INFO: SECSTATE WASH DC

SUBJECT: LETTER TO ...

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E.O. 13526

White House Guidelines, May 16, 2011

By 12 NARA, Date 4/18/2014

2008-0914-1.3

PREC: IMMEDIATE

CLASS: ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FROM: THE WHITE HOUSE

TO: AMERICAN EMBASSY

INFO: SECSTATE WASH DC

SUBJECT: LETTER TO ...

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White House Guidelines, May 16, 2017
By VL NARA, Date 4/18/2024
2007-0994 #

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SINCERELY,

BILL CLINTON

~~SECRET~~

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20504

5527

MEMORANDUM FOR

MR. LEON FUERTH
Assistant to the Vice
President for National
Security Affairs

MR. JOHN PODESTA
Chief of Staff to the
President

MS. KRISTIE A. KENNEY
Executive Secretary
Department of State

MR. THOMAS H. WOLFE
Executive Secretary
Central Intelligence Agency

COL. MARIA I. CRIBBS
Executive Secretary
Department of Defense

COL. DAVID C. WHITE, USA
Secretary, Joint Staff

MS. STEPHANIE SYPTAK
Staff Assistant to the
Representative of the U.S.
to the United Nations

SUBJECT: Discussion Paper for July 21, 1999 Principals
Committee Meeting on North Korea (U) ~~C~~

There will be a Principals Committee meeting July 21, 1999 on
North Korea. At Tab A is a discussion paper for Principals use
in the meeting. ~~C~~

Tracey A. Jacobson
Acting Executive Secretary

Attachment
Tab A PC Discussion Paper

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E.O. 13526
White House Guidelines, May 16, 2017
By W NARA, Date 4/11/2024
2008-1994-F.3

~~SECRET~~

Classified by: Tracey Jacobson
Reason: 1.5 (d)
Declassify On: After Korean Reunification

Handwritten: (S) Secret Attachment

PREC: IMMEDIATE

CLASS: ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

5514

FROM: THE WHITE HOUSE

TO: AMERICAN EMBASSY

INFO: SECSTATE WASH DC

SUBJECT: LETTER TO ...

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*under the
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By h NARA, Date 4/12/2014
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STABILITY AND FOCUS THE DISCUSSION ON SUCH SUBJECTS AS MARKET REFORM, DEMOCRATIZATION AND REGIONAL SECURITY. WE SHOULD BE READY TO RESPOND AND TO HAVE A DIALOGUE WITH THE REGIONAL LEADERS, RATHER THAN JUST MAKING A SERIES OF PREPARED INTERVENTIONS. I HOPE YOU AGREE WITH ME THAT THIS CONTENT AND FORMAT WILL MAKE THE SUMMIT MUCH MORE PRODUCTIVE AND INTERESTING.

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