

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001. schedule	Schedule for Hillary Rodham Clinton (partial) (1 page)	02/02/1999	b(7)(E)
002. schedule	Schedule for Hillary Rodham Clinton (partial) (6 pages)	04/19/1999	b(7)(E)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
First Lady's Office
Melanne Verveer
OA/Box Number: 19011

FOLDER TITLE:

Childcare #6 [Binder] [1]

2013-0534-S

ry1699

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

HRC

CHILDCARE

BOOK #6

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6**

FIRST LADY HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON

Childcare

1993-2000

1992

11/18

Children's Defense Fund – Washington DC

1993

1/26

National Child Labor Committee to New York Cares Program – New York, NY

4/2

National Commission on Children Meeting Summit – Washington DC

1994

3/4

Children NOW Advocacy Conference Satellite Feed – White House

9/25

Childcare Action Campaign Benefit – New York, NY

11/18

Children's Discovery Center – Honolulu, Hawaii

12/2

Triangle Christian Families Preservation Network – Los Angeles, California

12/10

First Ladies of the Americas Florida meeting on Children's Education, Health and Safety – Miami, Florida

1995

2/8

"Young Children – Priority One" Kiwanis Club Council – The White House

2/14

Linn County Day Care Center - Cedar Rapids, Iowa

3/1

Child Welfare League – Washington, DC

3/13

Video - Girl Scouts National Meetings

4/21

Mary's Center for Maternal and Child Care – Washington, DC

5/3

Covenant House Kick off and Reception – Washington, DC

5/8

Positive Influences on Children Ad Council Reception – The White House

5/16

Family Circle Lunch – Service to Children and Families – Chicago, Illinois

6/2

Upper Peninsula Children's Coalition – Escanaba, Michigan

6/13

Casey Journalism Center for Children and Families Discussion – White House

8/5

Column on Working Women

9/3

Column on Childcare

1996

3/12

Column on Childcare

4/10

Children First: A Global Forum – satellite feed from the White House

5/22

Colorado Forum for Children's Advocacy – Denver, Colorado

5/30

Children's Action Network - California

6/7

Discussion with Working Families – Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

6/14

Youth Talk – A City Listens to Children – Kansas City, Missouri

6/21

Video - National Center for Youth Law

6/24

Mothers Against Violence in America – Seattle, Washington

7/18

Video - National Parenting Instructors Association's Conference "Careers & Kids
Balancing Work and Parenting Responsibilities"

10/4

Harvard JFK School of Government – Children's Issues – Boston, MA

10/22

Barbara Greenspun Lecture - Importance of Children's Issues – Las Vegas NV

1997

2/10 U.S. Kids Care Center Visit – Washington, DC
2/11 Column on Childcare
2/19 “Stand for Children” Kickoff – Children’s Mercy Hospital - Kansas City, MO
3/3 Coalition for America's Children – PSA and Event – White House
4/8 Column on Childcare
5/22 Parents' Magazine Luncheon – Support for Children - ???
7/3 Video - San Diego Tribune Community Forum – Service to Families
7/30 Youth Leadership Institute – Washington, DC
9/17 Childcare Meeting – White House
9/24 Childcare Meeting – White House
10/1 Quantico Child Care Event – Quantico, Virginia
Childcare Roundtable – Miami, Florida
10/3 University of Maryland – Education and Childcare Remarks – College Park, MD
10/20 Children's Defense Fund 25th Anniversary Gala – New York, NY
10/22 Childcare Press Briefing – White House
10/23 Childcare Conference – The White House
11/24 California Youth Connection Roundtable – Los Angeles, CA

1998

1/6 Column on Childcare
1/7 Childcare Announcement – White House
1/26 PSA - Lifetime Television
Virtual Y School – Modern Afterschool Programs - Harlem, NY
Early Learning Fund - White House
1/28 Childcare Remarks at Trinity College – Hartford, Connecticut
2/9 Zero to Three 20th Anniversary Gala – Washington, DC
2/10 Column on Childcare
2/18 Childcare and Health Initiative Event – Washington DC
2/19 Martin Luther King Child Development Center Child Care Event – Dallas, TX
3/16 Children’s Assessment Center – Houston, TX
4/8 Video - The Children's Defense Fund “Beat the Odds” Banquet
4/22 Column on Childcare
4/23 Rose Garden Child Care Event – White House
Meeting with Treasury Working Group on Childcare – White House
4/27 Community Forum on Childcare – Milwaukee, Wisconsin
Children’s Defense Fund Tribute to Edelman Dinner – Chicago, Illinois
5/5 Video – First Statewide Conference on Childcare for Florida
5/11 Reiner Foundation Supporters on Childcare – New York, NY
6/2 Childcare initiative - Redbook's "Mother's & Shakers" Award – Washington DC
6/3 Column on Childcare
6/4 McGovern Child Care Event – Attleboro, MA
6/9 Democratic Caucus Childcare Event – Legislation Unveiling – Washington DC
6/21 Childcare Roundtable – University of New Mexico – Albuquerque, NM
6/22 Family Reunion 7 – Vanderbilt University – Nashville, TN

7/21 Video – State Childcare Administrators Meeting - Healthy Child Care America
 9/23 Parent's Magazine 1998 Childcare Awards – New York, NY
 9/25 Childcare Event with David Wu – Portland State University – Portland, Oregon
 10/6 White House After School Programming Event – White House
 10/30 Children and Families Initiative – Rob Reiner Residence – Los Angeles, CA
 12/1 NYU Child Study Center – New York, NY
 12/4 Keynote Address at the Eleanor Roosevelt Lecture on the Rights of the Child –
 Georgetown University – Washington DC

1999

1/20 Families Agenda Roundtable – Buffalo, NY and Norristown, Pennsylvania
 2/2 Families Agenda Roundtable – Brooklyn, New York
 4/7 Videos – “Beat the Odds” Event – Children’s Defense Fund
 4/12 "Just Us Kids" – Promoting Investment in Childcare – Washington DC
 4/19 Jewish Childcare Association – 175th Anniversary – New York, NY
 5/10 Listening to Our Children Childline Conference – White House
 7/15 Videos – Healthy Families America Awards Dinner
 Second Annual Heads Up Project Fair
 9/22 Childcare Roundtable – New York, NY

2000

2/2 State of the Union 2000 Highlights
 4/18 Hand in Hand Childcare Center – New York, NY
 4/28 Fight Crime – Invest in Kids Event – White House
 5/12 Consumer Product Safety Event – White House

COLUMNS

8/5/95 Working Women
 9/3/95 Childcare
 3/12/96 Childcare
 2/11/97 Childcare
 4/8/97 Childcare
 1/6/98 Childcare
 2/10/98 Childcare
 4/22/98 Childcare
 6/3/98 Childcare
 2/2/2000 State of the Union 2000 Highlights

Finished 7/19/00
 Katie McCormick Lelyveld

Children & Families: Child Care

Objective:

To make child care better, safer and more affordable for America's working families.

Accomplishments:

White House Conference on Child Care

- Hosted Conference with POTUS- two panel discussion, luncheon and reception (10/23/97)
- Press Roundtable, morning shows with POTUS (10/22/97-10/23/97)
- Ramp-up speech at the University of Maryland (10/3/97)

President's FY 1999 Child Care Initiative

- White House announcement of child care budget proposals (1/7/98)
- Leadership role in policy development
- Leadership in securing in FY 1999 budget negotiations \$200 million for after school programs and \$180 million in child care quality
- Advocated to strengthen background checks on child care providers; President signed National Crime Prevention and Privacy Compact to facilitate background checks
- Pushed for improvements to federal child care; President signed executive memorandum (3/10/98)
- Op eds in women's magazines (i.e. *Parents*) and column (1/6/98)

Selected Appearances/ Campaigning to Promote Child Care Investments

- Fight Crime Invest in Kids Event (4/28/00)
- Participated in Families Agenda Roundtable, Duncan YMCA, Chicago (4/14/99)
- Child Care Announcement and Tour at *Just Us Kids* Child Development Center, DC (4/12/99)
- Speech in New York for *Parents Magazine* child care awards (9/23/98)
- Release of grants to promote after school programs through the 21st Century Learning Centers in Rose Garden ceremony (6/17/98)
- White House luncheon with Redbook magazine on child care (6/2/98)
- Capitol Hill announcement of House Democratic child care bill with sponsors (6/98)
- Child care roundtable with Rep. Tauscher (5/26/98)
- Rosie O'Donnell Show appearance on child care and meeting with leaders of Reiner child care campaign, New York, NY (5/11/98)
- White House meeting with Treasury Working Group on Child Care and Rose Garden event with POTUS to release working group report (4/23/98)
- Milwaukee Child Care Conference keynote address (3/27/98)
- Hartford, CT Roundtable discussion on child care quality (1/28/98)
- Harlem, NY Virtual Y after school program visit and remarks (1/26/98)

For internal use only. Updated 6/1/00.

- White House announcement of Mott Foundation commitment to after school programs (1/26/98)
- Quantico Marine Base Child Care Center visit and roundtable (9/31/97)
- Florida Business Commission on Child Care discussion in Miami (9/30/97)
- Speech in DC to *Parents Magazine* child care awards (5/22/97)
- White House luncheon with *Working Women* Magazine and child care honorees (2/10/97)
- Column: Treasury Working Group on Child Care Report (4/22/98), Affordable Child Care (2/2/2000)

i/20/99

PHOTOCOPY
PRESERVATION

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1999

FINAL

WASHINGTON, DC

BUFFALO, NY

LEAD ADVANCE: RICK JASCULCA
42-220 STAFF OFFICE
202/757-9438 CELL PHONE

FLOTUS LEAD
ADVANCE:

GREG HALE

NORRISTOWN, PA

LEAD ADVANCE: JIM DENBO
45-220 STAFF OFFICE
202/757-9180 CELL PHONE

FLOTUS LEAD
ADVANCE:

CALEB SHREVE

SCHEDULER:

EVAN RYAN
202/456-6751 PHONE
202/456-5340 FAX
202/483-0383 HOME
WHCA PAGER #4223

PREV RON The White House

8:45 am- DROP-BY with w/POTUS
8:50 am Diplomatic Reception Room
CLOSED PRESS/WH PHOTO

PARTICIPANTS:

The President
The First Lady
Daniel Treanor
Daniel Treanor's Grandmother
Daniel Treanor's Mother
Daniel Treanor's Brother

CONTACT: Ann Jordan 202/342-7321

8:55 am DEPART The White House
VIA Marine One
EN ROUTE Andrews Air Force Base
[flight time: 10 minutes]

9:05 am ARRIVE Andrews Air Force Base

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1999

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9:20 am **WHEELS UP** Andrews Air Force Base
 VIA Air Force One
 EN ROUTE Buffalo/Niagra International Airport
 [flight time: 1 hour + 25 minute INTERCHANGE]

10:55 am **WHEELS DOWN** Buffalo/Niagra International Airport

GREETERS:

Mayor Anthony M. Masiello
Dennis H. Gabryszak, Cheektowaga Town Supervisor
Dennis Gorski, Erie County Executive
Assemblyman Paul Tokasz
Assemblyman Arthur O. Eve
Assemblyman William "Sam" Hoyt
Assemblyman Brian M. Higgins
State Senator Anthony R. Nanula
Chairman Charles M. Swanick, Erie County
Legislature
Council President James W. Pitts
County Legislator Crystal D. Peoples, Majority
Leader, Erie Co. Legislature

NOTE: The Vice President and Mrs. Gore will arrive at
approximately 10:45 am.

11:10 am **DEPART** Buffalo/Niagra International Airport
 VIA Presidential Motorcade
 EN ROUTE Marine Midland Arena
 [drive time: 20 minutes]

11:30 am **ARRIVE** Marine Midland Arena

GREETERS:

Ron Bertovich, Executive Vice President, Marine
Midland Arena
Stan Makowski, Senior Director, Marine Midland
Arena
Seymour Knox IV, Vice President for Corporate
Relations, Marine Midland Arena

11:35 am- **GREET OVERFLOW CROWD**
11:55 am Harbor Club
 Marine Midland Arena
 OPEN PRESS

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1999

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FORMAT:

- Off-stage announcement of the President and the First Lady, accompanied by Vice President and Mrs. Gore.
- Mrs. Gore makes brief remarks and introduces the First Lady.
- The First Lady makes remarks and introduces the Vice President.
- The Vice President makes brief remarks and introduces the President.
- The President makes brief remarks.
- The President and the First Lady, accompanied by Vice President and Mrs. Gore, work a ropeline and proceed to main arena.

PARTICIPANTS: 1500 guests expected.

12:00 pm-
1:30 pm

ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE OF WESTERN NEW YORK
Marine Midland Arena
OPEN PRESS

FORMAT:

- Off-stage announcement of the President and the First Lady, accompanied by the Vice President and Mrs. Gore, to *Ruffles and Flourishes* and *Hail to the Chief*.
- Buffalo Performing Arts Center Select Chorus performs *The National Anthem*.
- The Reverend Dr. Bennett W. Smith delivers the Invocation.
- Mayor Anthony M. Masiello makes brief welcoming remarks and introduces County Executive Dennis T. Gorski.
- County Executive Dennis T. Gorski makes brief remarks and introduces Representative John LaFalce.

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1999

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-Representative John LaFalce makes brief remarks
and introduces Constance Eve.

-Constance Eve, Chairperson and Founder, Women for
Human Rights and Dignity, Incorporated, makes
brief remarks and introduces Mrs. Gore.

-Mrs. Gore makes remarks and introduces the
First Lady.

-The First Lady makes remarks and introduces
the Vice President.

-The Vice President makes remarks and introduces
the President.

-The President makes remarks, works a ropeline and
departs.

PARTICIPANTS: 16,000 guests expected.

1:30 pm-
2:00 pm

HOLD/PHOTOS

2:05 pm

DEPART Marine Midland Arena
VIA Presidential Motorcade
EN ROUTE Location tbd
[drive time: approximately 20 minutes]

NOTE: This motorcade will include the Vice President and Mrs.
Gore

2:25 pm

ARRIVE Location tbd

2:30 pm-
4:00 pm

OTR

4:05 pm

DEPART Location tbd
VIA Presidential Motorcade
EN ROUTE Buffalo/Niagra International Airport
[drive time: 5 minutes]

4:10 pm

ARRIVE Buffalo/Niagra International Airport

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1999

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4:25 pm **WHEELS UP** Buffalo/Niagra International Airport
 VIA Air Force One
 EN ROUTE Willow Grove Naval Air Station
 [flight time: 55 minutes + INTERCHANGE]
 [flight time: 1 hour, 15 minutes]

5:40 pm **ARRIVE** Willow Grove Naval Air Station

GREETERS:

Captain Thomas Nagelian, Jr.
Mrs. Janet Nagelin
Tom Nagelin
Jennifer Nagelin
Colonel Charles (Chuck) Betoney, U.S. Army
Colonel Rick Ethredge, U.S. Air Force
Colonel Jim Skiff, Pennsylvania National Guard
Colonel Dan Rose, U.S. Marine Corps
Chief Linda C. Ramsey, Sailor of the Year
Corporal Marisa L. Maroukian, Marine of the Year

NOTE: The Vice President and Mrs. Gore will arrive at
approximately 5:25 pm.

5:55 pm **DEPART** Willow Grove Naval Air Station
 VIA Marine One
 EN ROUTE Norristown Area High School Landing Zone
 [flight time: 15 minutes]

6:10 pm **ARRIVE** Norristown Area High School Landing Zone

6:20 pm **DEPART** Norristown Area High School Landing Zone
 VIA Presidential Motorcade
 EN ROUTE Norristown Area High School
 [drive time: 5 minutes]

6:25 pm **ARRIVE** Norristown Area High School

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1999

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GREETERS:

State Senator Stewart Greenleaf (R)
State Representative Joseph Gladeck, Jr. (R)
Rep. John Fichter (R)
Rep. Bill DeWeese (D), House Minority Leader
Rep. Lawrence Curry (D)
Rep. Connie Williams (D)
Rep. John Lawless (R)
Chairman Mario Mele, Co. Board of Commissioner (R)
Co. Commissioner Jim Masa (D)
Council Vice President Margaret Hunsicker (D)
Council Member Joseph Byrnes (R)
Council Member Thomas Murray (R)

6:30 pm-
7:45 pm

**ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY,
PENNSYLVANIA**

Gymnasium
Norristown Area High School
OPEN PRESS

FORMAT:

- Off-stage announcement of the President and the First Lady, accompanied by Vice President and Mrs. Gore, to *Ruffles and Flourishes* and *Hail to the Chief*.
- Norristown Area High School Concert Choir performs *The National Anthem*.
- Dr. Charles D. Williams, Pastor, Mt. Zion AME Church, delivers the Invocation.
- Dr. Michael Woodall, Superintendent, makes brief welcoming remarks and introduces Melissa Goston, Norristown Area High School Student Council President.
- Melissa Goston makes brief remarks and introduces Representative Joseph Hoeffel.
- Representative Joseph Hoeffel makes brief remarks and introduces Mrs. Gore.
- Mrs. Gore makes brief remarks and introduces

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1999

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the First Lady.

-The First Lady makes brief remarks and introduces the Vice President.

-The Vice President makes brief remarks and introduces the President.

-The President makes remarks, works a ropeline, and departs.

PARTICIPANTS: 3000 guests expected.

7:55 pm-

HOLD/PHOTOS

8:00 pm

Hallway

CLOSED PRESS/WH PHOTO

8:00 pm-

GREET OVERFLOW CROWD

8:25 pm

Auditorium

Norristown Area High School

OPEN PRESS

FORMAT:

-Off-stage announcement of the President and the First Lady, accompanied by Vice President and Mrs. Gore.

-Mrs. Gore makes brief welcoming remarks and introduces the First Lady.

-The First Lady makes brief remarks and introduces the Vice President.

-The Vice President makes brief remarks and introduces the President.

-The President makes brief remarks, works a ropeline, and departs.

PARTICIPANTS: 2000 guests

8:30 pm

DEPART Norristown Area High School

VIA Presidential Motorcade

EN ROUTE Norristown Area High School Landing Zone
[drive time: 5 minutes]

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1999

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8:35 pm ARRIVE Norristown Area High School Landing Zone

8:45 pm DEPART Norristown Area High School Landing Zone
 VIA Marine One
 EN ROUTE Willow Grove Naval Air Station

9:00 pm ARRIVE Willow Grove Naval Air Station

9:15 pm WHEELS UP Willow Grove Naval Air Station
 VIA Air Force One
 EN ROUTE Andrews Air Force Base
 [flight time: 35 minutes]

9:50 pm WHEELS DOWN Andrews Air Force Base

10:05 pm DEPART Andrews Air Force Base
 VIA Marine One
 EN ROUTE The White House
 [flight time: 10 minutes]

10:15 pm ARRIVE The White House

RON The White House

WEATHER FORECAST FOR WASHINGTON, DC: Variably cloudy. Winds south to southwest at 5 to 10 knots. Low 31. High 57.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR BUFFALO, NY: Partly to variably cloudy. Winds southwest at 8 to 12 knots. Low 25. High 40.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR NORRISTOWN, PA: Variably cloudy. Winds southwest to west at 6 to 12 knots. Low 33. High 50.

FIRST LADY HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
REMARKS FOR NORRISTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA

FAMILIES AGENDA

JANUARY 20, 1999

THANK YOU, TIPPER, FOR THAT KIND INTRODUCTION --
AND FOR YOUR TIRELESS EFFORTS, OVER MANY YEARS,
EDUCATING US ALL ABOUT THE CRITICAL ISSUE OF
MENTAL HEALTH. I'M SO PLEASED TO BE IN NORRISTOWN --
THE PRIDE OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY. AND TO JOIN YOU,
THE VICE PRESIDENT, THE PRESIDENT, AND EVERYONE
HERE TODAY, AS WE TALK ABOUT THE BOLD NEW AGENDA
FOR AMERICA THAT THE PRESIDENT UNVEILED LAST NIGHT
IN HIS STATE OF THE UNION ADDRESS.

FIRST, I WANT TO COMMEND ALL OF YOU FOR WHAT
YOU ARE DOING HERE IN NORRISTOWN -- TO REVITALIZE
THIS COMMUNITY -- AND SUPPORT THE FAMILIES AND
CHILDREN WHO LIVE HERE.

I'VE HEARD ABOUT THE INNOVATIVE DROP-IN CHILD CARE CENTER AT THE COUNTY COURT HOUSE -- AND THE CHILD CARE SERVICES THAT ARE AVAILABLE TO THOSE MOVING FROM WELFARE TO WORK. I'VE ALSO HEARD ABOUT NORRISTOWN'S SCHOOL/ BUSINESS PARTNERSHIPS -- THAT ENCOURAGE PARENTS AND BUSINESSES TO GET INVOLVED IN IMPROVING THE EDUCATION OF OUR YOUNG PEOPLE.

THESE ARE THE KINDS OF PROGRAMS -- AIMED AT HELPING FAMILIES MEET THE CHALLENGES OF THE 21ST CENTURY -- THAT ARE AT THE HEART OF THIS PRESIDENT'S AGENDA.

WHEN MY HUSBAND FIRST BEGAN HIS CAMPAIGN IN
1992, HE SPOKE ABOUT THE VERY REAL CONCERNS OF
AMERICA'S FAMILIES: HOW WE NEED TO RAISE WAGES FOR
WORKING AMERICANS; IMPROVE CHILD CARE;
STRENGTHEN OUR SCHOOLS; GIVE PARENTS TIME OFF FOR
FAMILY RESPONSIBILITIES; AND PROVIDE MORE
AFFORDABLE HEALTH CARE FOR ALL OUR CITIZENS.

AND I'M VERY PROUD THAT OVER THE PAST SIX YEARS,
MY HUSBAND HAS NEVER, EVER, TAKEN HIS EYES OFF OF
THOSE FUNDAMENTAL GOALS FOR AMERICA'S FAMILIES,
OR STOPPED WORKING -- WITH ALL HIS ENERGY AND
COMMITMENT -- TO FULFILL THAT VISION FOR THE FUTURE.

FOR THE PAST SIX YEARS, I'VE HAD THE HONOR OF TRAVELING AROUND THIS WONDERFUL NATION OF OURS -- SOMETIMES WITH THE PRESIDENT, AND SOMETIMES ON MY OWN -- TALKING WITH PEOPLE LIKE YOURSELVES ABOUT THE DAILY STRUGGLES WE ALL FACE TO BALANCE WORK AND FAMILY.

WE'VE LEARNED -- FROM LISTENING TO YOU -- HOW IMPORTANT IT IS FOR FAMILIES TO BE ABLE TO TAKE TIME OFF FROM WORK TO CARE FOR A NEW BORN CHILD -- OR AN AILING PARENT. THAT'S WHY WE WERE ALL SO PROUD THAT THE FIRST PIECE OF LEGISLATION MY HUSBAND SIGNED INTO LAW WAS THE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT. MILLIONS OF AMERICANS HAVE ALREADY BENEFITTED FROM ITS PROTECTIONS.

AND, LAST NIGHT, THE PRESIDENT CALLED ON CONGRESS TO EXPAND THE LAW TO COVER 10 MILLION MORE WORKING AMERICANS.

AS A NATION, WE MUST HONOR THE COMMITMENT OF PARENTS -- NOT PUNISH THEM. THAT IS WHY THE PRESIDENT WILL SEND LEGISLATION TO CONGRESS THAT PROHIBITS DISCRIMINATION AGAINST PARENTS IN THE WORKPLACE.

WE'VE ALSO LEARNED -- FROM LISTENING TO YOU -- THAT ONE OF THE GREATEST CONCERNS OF AMERICANS TODAY IS FINDING AFFORDABLE, RELIABLE CHILD CARE. AND RESEARCH UNDERSCORES THE IMPORTANCE OF THOSE EARLIEST YEARS TO OUR CHILDREN'S ABILITY TO LEARN AND GROW FOR A LIFETIME.



THAT'S WHY IMPROVING CHILD CARE HAS BEEN AT
THE HEART OF THE PRESIDENT'S FAMILIES AGENDA.

THE PRESIDENT IS SEEKING TO SIGNIFICANTLY EXPAND
OUR INVESTMENT IN CHILD CARE -- TO MAKE IT MORE
AFFORDABLE FOR LOW-AND MIDDLE-INCOME FAMILIES,
AND TO STRENGTHEN ITS QUALITY SO THAT CHILDREN
COME TO SCHOOL READY TO LEARN.



THE PRESIDENT IS ALSO PROPOSING NEW TAX RELIEF
TO HELP OVER A MILLION PARENTS WHO STAY AT HOME
WITH THEIR YOUNG CHILDREN. THESE FAMILIES NEED
SUPPORT TOO.

WE'VE LEARNED -- FROM LISTENING TO YOU -- THAT EVERY DAY AT 3 P.M., PARENTS ACROSS AMERICA LOOK UP AT THE CLOCK, AND START WORRYING ABOUT WHETHER THEIR SCHOOL-AGED CHILDREN ARE SAFE, AND WHETHER THEY HAVE A SUPERVISED PLACE TO PLAY OR DO THEIR HOMEWORK.

THIS PRESIDENT HAS ALREADY DRAMATICALLY EXPANDED FUNDING FOR AFTER SCHOOL PROGRAMS ACROSS THE COUNTRY. HE'S NOW PROPOSING TO TRIPLE THAT INVESTMENT TO ENABLE OVER ONE MILLION CHILDREN TO PARTICIPATE IN AFTER SCHOOL AND SUMMER SCHOOL PROGRAMS.

THIS INITIATIVE WILL NOT ONLY GIVE WORKING PARENTS THE PEACE OF MIND THEY NEED AND DESERVE. BY PROMOTING ACADEMICALLY ENRICHED AFTER SCHOOL AND SUMMER PROGRAMS, WE'RE ALSO HELPING AMERICA'S CHILDREN GET THE EXTRA HELP THEY NEED TO SUCCEED.

WE'VE ALSO LEARNED -- FROM LISTENING TO YOU -- THAT TOO MANY FAMILIES ARE CAUGHT IN THE MIDDLE BETWEEN NURTURING THEIR GROWING CHILDREN -- AND NURSING THEIR ELDERLY OR DISABLED PARENTS. SO THE PRESIDENT IS PROPOSING NEW LONG TERM CARE ASSISTANCE THAT INCLUDES HELP FOR ELDERLY AND DISABLED AMERICANS AS WELL AS THEIR THE CARE GIVERS -- MOST OF WHOM ARE FAMILY MEMBERS ALREADY STRUGGLING TO BALANCE FAMILY AND WORK.

THE PRESIDENT RECOGNIZES THAT AS MUCH PROGRESS AS WE'VE MADE, WE MUST DO MORE TO HELP FAMILIES MEET THEIR OBLIGATIONS AS WORKERS, AND THEIR EVEN MORE IMPORTANT RESPONSIBILITIES AS PARENTS. TO DO SO, WE MUST MOVE FORWARD NOT ONLY IN THE AREAS THAT I'VE JUST MENTIONED -- BUT IN OTHER CRITICAL AREAS LIKE RAISING THE MINIMUM WAGE; PASSING THE PATIENT'S BILL OF RIGHTS; AND EXPANDING ACCESS TO HEALTH CARE.

TODAY, LET'S CELEBRATE HOW FAR WE'VE COME SINCE THE PRESIDENT FIRST PRESENTED HIS VISION FOR AMERICA'S FAMILIES MORE THAN SIX YEARS AGO -- AND REDOUBLE OUR EFFORTS TO BUILD UPON THIS REMARKABLE RECORD OF ACHIEVEMENT IN THE MONTHS AHEAD.

AND NOW, IT'S MY HONOR AND PRIVILEGE TO
INTRODUCE A MAN WHO IS DEEPLY COMMITTED TO
AMERICA'S FAMILIES. A VISIONARY LEADER AND A DEAR
FRIEND: VICE PRESIDENT AL GORE.

THE WHITE HOUSE

Families Agenda Rountable

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Go

Post-State of the Union Tour

Remarks by First Lady Hillary Rodham Clinton

Buffalo, NY
January 20, 1999

(Applause)

Thank you all. Thank you very much. I think you probably could tell when the four of us walked out, how overwhelmed we were by your welcome. There isn't, I don't care what the weather forecasters say, any warmer place in the entire United States than this particular community right now. (Applause) I also know, I know that you've been here for a while, and you had some wonderful entertainment. And I want to thank the Niagara Falls All-City Marching Band, the Buffalo Academy for Visual and Performing Arts Chorus, Buffalo South Park High School Concert Band, Sounds of Glory of the Outreach Ministry, the African American Cultural Center Drum and Dance Performing Troop, the New Beginnings Choral Ensemble, the people of the Long House, and the Albion Marching Band. Thank you all very much.

I also wanted to thank all of the people who worked so hard to put this event together, but more than that I want to join your mayor in thanking you for what you do every day to make Buffalo and Erie County and Western New York truly a village. You know, the mayor was quoting from and referring to a book I wrote that "It Takes A Village To Raise A Child." And I believe that. And here in Buffalo and in Erie County, you are proving that with your strong families, your strong commitment to education, and the kind of future you are building together. It takes all kinds of people to do that.

You heard from the county executive about the kind of jobs that have been created and the work that the public and private sectors have done together. And you heard from the congressman, Congressman John LaFalce, about the cooperation

January 1999

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 Commemorative
 Silver Dollar
 Unveiling](#)
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 Celebration](#)
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President &
 First Lady

Vice President &
 Mrs. Gore

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and partnership between the federal and the state and the local governments that is trying to create better opportunity. But ultimately, whether any community, any village, is successful depends on the quality of the people. And so many of you -- day in and day out, in your homes, in your workplaces, in your churches, in every place you are -- you are making the kind of effort that enables the rest of us to stand and say congratulations for the progress that we have seen take place here. And up on the stage are some representative citizens who have made contributions in ways that might make headlines, or may only quietly be celebrated by the few people who are touched. And I want to thank these local heroes -- some of whom were introduced here before, and some of whom are on the stage -- and I'd like to ask all of them to stand and be recognized for what you do and what you represent for this community. (Applause)

I want to thank my friend, Tipper Gore, for her introduction. I expected, after Connie introduced her, to see her come up to the podium on rollerblades, but she didn't bring them with her today. (Laughter) I want to thank her for the work she's done. But as she was up here speaking, I remembered the wonderful day back in the summer of 1992, in August, when we went to Chitaqua and then we came here to Buffalo. (Applause) And we were able to meet some of you and talk to many others about what this President and this Vice President wanted to do for our country. Well, here we are. It's a little colder outside, but the enthusiasm is even greater, because it wasn't just a speech that was given on a hot August afternoon. We now have six years of solid results and accomplishments that have really kept faith with the people of America. (Applause)

On that bus trip, my husband talked about how we needed to raise wages for working Americans; how we needed more jobs so that people could make a decent living; how we needed to improve child care and strengthen our schools; and how we needed to do all we could to give parents the support they needed to do the most important job in the world -- raising our children; how we needed to provide health care; and the other challenges that we were facing in our nation. Well, I am very, very proud that over the past six years, my husband has never, ever taken his eyes off those fundamental goals that he talked to you about all those years ago. (Applause)

For the past six years, I've had the honor of traveling around our country -- sometimes with the President, sometimes with the Vice President and

Tipper, sometimes on my own -- and what I've enjoyed more than anything is just sitting and listening, talking about what we all wanted for our futures, what we cared about for our children, what kind of America we wanted to contribute to. And I've learned more than I could ever tell you. I've learned about how it is that all of us are attempting to deal with the challenges of our everyday lives: parenting, schooling, working, making contributions to our community. And how there are ways -- very explicit ways -- that our government can either help us or hinder us. And there are so many examples we could call on. I just want to mention a few. I've learned, very importantly, how we have to give parents time off from work to do what they need to do to care for a child or to care for an older relative. (Applause) That's why the most important piece of legislation that the President could have signed first was the Family and Medical Leave Law. And last night he asked the Congress to expand the Family and Medical Leave Law to 10 million more working Americans. (Applause)

I've also learned from listening to people that sometimes parents are penalized at work for being parents, and we need to end any discrimination in the workplace against parents, just as the President called for in the speech last night. (Applause)

I've also learned what all of you know: that we need more affordable, quality child care. Too many low- and middle-income families can not afford the child care they need. And so the President is proposing, once again, that the Congress adopt his plan to provide more quality child care, but he's also proposing new tax relief to help over a million parents who stay at home with their young children, because they need our support as well. (Applause)

We also know that if we provide after-school care and summer school opportunities, more young children will be able to succeed at school. And as the President said last night, let's make it possible for every child to be a success. Let's not turn our backs on those children who aren't doing well. But let's not promote them if they're not doing well, let's help them to do better and to be successful in school. (Applause)

So for all of us who care about families, who care about supporting parents, who care about our children, last night was a wonderful occasion, because we heard a new agenda that builds on what's already been done. We can celebrate how far we have come since that August day in 1992, but we cannot be complacent. We have to continue

to work, we have to do all we can to make sure that the promise of America is available for all of our children.

And it is now my honor and privilege to introduce someone who is committed to that promise, committed to America's families, a visionary leader, and a dear friend, Vice President Al Gore.
(Applause)

President and First Lady	Vice President and Mrs. Gore
Record of Progress	The Briefing Room
Gateway to Government	Contacting the White House
White House for Kids	White House History
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Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001. schedule	Schedule for Hillary Rodham Clinton (partial) (1 page)	02/02/1999	b(7)(E)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
First Lady's Office
Melanne Verveer
OA/Box Number: 19011

FOLDER TITLE:

Childcare #6 [Binder] [1]

2013-0534-S

ry1699

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

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- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1999
FINAL

WASHINGTON, D.C./ NEW YORK, NEW YORK/ WASHINGTON, D.C.

TRAVELING PARTY: WHITNEY WILLIAMS

MARSHA BERRY
KELLY CRAIGHEAD
SHARON FARMER
NICOLE RABNER
CINDY WRIGHT

(b)(7)e

[001]

NEW YORK

LEAD ADVANCE:

KAREN BURCHARD
MARIOTT MARQUIS HOTEL
212/755-4000
212/644-0684
202/365-0438
800/759-8888
PIN #891-7483

ROOM 1012
STAFF FAX
CELL
PAGER

NEW YORK

SITE ADVANCE:
(DNC DINNER)

TYLER DENTON
WHCA PAGER

NEW YORK

PRESS ADVANCE:

JEN BROWN

ROOM 1036

SCHEDULER:

WENDY ARENDS
202/456-7007
202/456-5340
202/518-8209
WHCA PAGER

PHONE
FAX
HOME
#4781

PREV RON

The White House

11:30am

ISSUES MEETING

Residence

CLOSED PRESS/NO WH PHOTO

PARTICIPANTS:

The First Lady
Marsha Berry
Patti Solis Doyle
Nicole Rabner
Shirley Sagawa
Neera Tanden
Melanne Verveer

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1999
PAGE 2

2:05pm **DEPART** South Portico
 VIA Motorcade
 EN ROUTE Andrews Air Force Base
 [Drive time: 20 minutes]

2:25pm **ARRIVE** Andrews Air Force Base

2:35pm **WHEELS UP** Andrews Air Force Base
 EN ROUTE La Guardia International Airport
 [Flight time: 45 minutes]

3:20pm **WHEELS DOWN** La Guardia International Airport
 FBO: Marine Air Guard Terminal
 Hold: VIP Terminal
 Phone: 718/533-3928
 CLOSED PRESS/CLOSED PUBLIC

3:30pm **DEPART** La Guardia International Airport
 VIA Motorcade
 EN ROUTE Bedford YMCA
 [Drive time: 30 minutes]

4:00pm **ARRIVE** Bedford YMCA
 139 Monroe
 Brooklyn, New York

GREETERS:
 Representative Edolphus Towns
 Paula Gavin, President, YMCA
 Kevin Jeffrey, Executive Director, Bedford YMCA
 TBD, President, YMCA Board of Directors

4:05pm-
4:20pm **MEET AND GREET**
 Lobby Area
 Bedford YMCA
 CLOSED PRESS/WH PHOTO

PARTICIPANTS: Please consult briefing book for
 participants.

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1999
PAGE 3

4:25pm-
5:25pm

FAMILIES AGENDA ROUNDTABLE

Gymnasium
Bedford YMCA
HRC Hold: Yellow Room
Phone: 718/789-1497 (Main Office)
Fax: 718/638-1636 (Main Office)
Staff Hold: Yellow Room
OPEN PRESS/WH PHOTO

FORMAT:

- The First Lady, accompanied by Representative Edolphus Towns, Ellen Galinski, President, Families and Work Institute, Kevin Jeffrey, Executive Director, Bedford YMCA, and additional roundtable participants, proceeds to her seat at the table.
- Kevin Jeffrey makes welcoming remarks and introduces Representative Towns.
- Representative Towns makes introductory remarks and introduces the First Lady.
- The First Lady makes remarks.
- Ellen Galinski introduces the roundtable participants and opens up the discussion.
- Ellen Galinski concludes the discussion.
- The First Lady has the option to make closing remarks.
- Upon conclusion, the First Lady has the option to work a ropeline.
- The First Lady departs.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1999

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PARTICIPANTS:

The First Lady
Representative Edolphus Towns
Ellen Galinski, President, Families and
Work Institute
Kevin Jeffrey, Executive Director, Bedford YMCA
Eileen Quinones, Roundtable participant
Angelina Charriez, Roundtable participant
Debbie O'Connor, Roundtable participant
Ameenah Reed, Roundtable participant
Roundtable participant TBD
150-200 guests

5:30pm

DEPART Bedford YMCA
VIA Motorcade
EN ROUTE Waldorf Astoria Hotel
[Drive time: 30 minutes]

6:00pm

ARRIVE Waldorf Astoria Hotel

6:05pm-

7:20pm

DOWN TIME
Waldorf Astoria Hotel
HRC Hold: Presidential Suite, 35-A
Phone: 212/355-3000
Fax: 212/872-7272

7:25pm

DEPART Waldorf Astoria Hotel
VIA Motorcade
EN ROUTE Le Cirque Restaurant
[Drive time: 10 minutes]

7:35pm

ARRIVE Le Cirque Restaurant

Note: The President arrives at 7:30pm.

GREETERS:

Governor Roy Romer
Steven Grossman, Chairman, Democratic National
Committee
Joe Andrew, Chairman nominee
Beth Dozoretz, Finance Chair, Democratic National
Committee
Alan Patricof, Event Chair
Sirio Maccioni, Owner, Le Cirque Restaurant
Egi Maccioni, son
Mairo Maccioni, son

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1999

PAGE 5

Marco Maccioni, son
Mario Maccioni, son
Lauren Maccioni, wife
Olivia Maccioni, daughter
Benito Sevarin, General Manager, Le Cirque
Restaurant

7:35pm-
8:10pm

MIX AND MINGLE [w/POTUS]
Red Room
Le Cirque Restaurant
CLOSED PRESS/DNC PHOTO

PARTICIPANTS: 125 guests

8:20pm-
9:10pm

DNC DINNER [w/POTUS]
L'Orangerie
Le Cirque Restaurant
Attire: Business
POOL PRESS (REMARKS ONLY) /DNC PHOTO

FORMAT:

- The President and the First Lady proceed to separate head tables.
- Dinner is served.
- Steven Grossman, Chairman, Democratic National Committee, makes brief remarks and introduces the First Lady.
- The First Lady makes brief remarks and introduces the President.
- The President makes remarks.
- The President and the First Lady depart.

PARTICIPANTS: 125 guests

9:20pm

DEPART Le Cirque Restaurant [w/POTUS]
VIA Motorcade
EN ROUTE Wall Street Landing Zone
[Drive time: 20 minutes]

9:40pm

ARRIVE Wall Street Landing Zone

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1999

PAGE 6

9:50pm DEPART Wall Street Landing Zone [w/POTUS]
VIA Marine One
EN ROUTE John F. Kennedy International Airport
[Flight time: 15 minutes]

10:05pm ARRIVE John F. Kennedy International Airport

10:20pm WHEELS UP John F. Kennedy International Airport
[w/POTUS]
EN ROUTE Andrews Air Force Base
[Flight time: 1 hour]

11:20pm WHEELS DOWN Andrews Air Force Base

11:35pm DEPART Andrews Air Force Base [w/POTUS]
VIA Marine One
EN ROUTE South Portico
[Flight time: 10 minutes]

11:45pm ARRIVE South Portico

RON The White House

February 1, 1999

FAMILIES AGENDA ROUNDTABLE BROOKLYN

DATE: Tuesday, February 2
TIME: 4:00 pm - 5:10 pm
LOCATION: Bedford-Stuyvesant YMCA
Brooklyn, New York
FROM: Brenda Costello and
Natasha McMahan

I. PURPOSE

To take part in a discussion with working parents and to highlight President Clinton's Families Agenda, unveiled today as part of his FY2000 budget proposal.

II. BACKGROUND

Overview

On Tuesday afternoon you will take part in a discussion with working parents and listen to their concerns about balancing responsibilities at home and work. This is an opportunity to address how the Families Agenda of the President's FY2000 budget will help families struggling to meet their responsibilities to their jobs and to their families, through its crucial investments to strengthen child care, increase before- and after-school opportunities, address growing long-term care needs, and expand access to family and medical leave. There will be an audience of approximately 150 people, mainly working parents. You will also be joined by Congressman Edolphus Towns (D-NY/10th).

The YMCA of Greater New York

The YMCA of Greater New York is a community service organization which promotes positive values through programs that build spirit, mind and body, welcoming all people with a focus on youth. The YMCA of Greater New York was founded in 1852 in New York City. It is one of the two oldest YMCAs in the United States, and its 3,281 staff members and 3,645 volunteers serve 121,000 youth and 227,000 adults, while its nine residences comprise 2,200 rooms. The New York City YMCA is the largest of 2,001 YMCAs in the United States and of 130 countries worldwide.

The YMCA of Greater New York has 19 branches and nearly 200 sites, and it is one the city's major child care providers. In addition to the more well-known fitness and recreation aspects, the YMCA programs include the *Virtual Y*, an after-school program focused on literacy in 100 public elementary schools, which you saw firsthand one year ago at a Harlem Elementary School; child care; day camps; sleep-away camps; sports leagues; top fitness centers; teen centers; leaders clubs; youth skills certification; environmental

education; self-esteem, and more. Camping services includes three YMCA camps on 1,000 acres in upstate New York and the Mary French Rockefeller Environmental Education Center, which opened in 1997. The Harlem YMCA now hosts a popular "Book Marks" series featuring prominent African American authors.

As you may recall, you visited a *Virtual Y* at P.S. 154 in Harlem in January, 1998. The *Virtual Y* program was designed and launched in 10 pilot school sites by the YMCA of Greater New York in 1997. In the 1997-1998 school year, the *Virtual Y* program opened 100 schools serving 7,000 children all 32 school districts. Eventually, the *Virtual Y* will be housed in 200 schools and will reach more than 10,000 of New York City's 2nd, 3rd, and 4th graders--at least 50 children per site. The *Virtual Y* is a nationally recognized partnership between New York City Board of Education and the United Way of New York City, and is funded by leading corporations, foundations and individual donors. Children participate in the program free of charge.

The Bedford Stuyvesant YMCA

The Bedford Stuyvesant YMCA faces enormous challenges. The community is plagued by urban problems on a far larger scale than those faced by New York City as a whole. The level of poverty is staggering, with nearly 44% of families receiving some form of public assistance. Other negative socio-economic indicators include a high rate of teen pregnancy, a high school drop-out rate, high levels of violence and family instability, and more recently, youth gang activity in Bedford-Stuyvesant and increased. Situated in the northwest section of the Brooklyn Bedford Stuyvesant Community, the Bedford Stuyvesant YMCA opened in 1906 and primarily serves the African American and Hispanic communities.

Bedford Stuyvesant YMCA has been renovating its facilities and has continued to build programs to help more young people succeed. In 1998, highlights of the Bedford Stuyvesant YMCA's efforts included renovating and opening its pool, its fourth floor gymnasium, and its new fully-equipped fitness facility. In addition to fitness and recreational facilities, the Branch provides adult employment training in commercial cooking, secretarial skills, air conditioning and refrigeration repair.

Bedford Stuyvesant YMCA hopes to serve as a nexus for other service providers in the community, helping to extend the scope and effectiveness of other agencies. To that end, the Bedford Stuyvesant YMCA has launched an aggressive ten-year strategic plan aimed toward providing expanded programs for children and youths as well as increasing adult membership.

After-School Program

The Bedford Stuyvesant YMCA also conducts a YMCA-based after-school program at its Youth Activity Center. The after-school program serves up to 50 young people and employs a similar whole language learning approach. The staff ratio in the after-school

program is 1 to 10. Children in both programs receive a nourishing meal, assistance with reading, writing and math, recreation and socialization skills training for 15 hours per week. Several grants have allowed the YMCA to open satellite after-school programs in Public Schools 56 and 305. Future plans include a more expansive educational program featuring a library, with computers and Internet accessibility.

In addition to after-school programs, the Bedford Stuyvesant YMCA offers teen programs such as teen nights for basketball, swimming, and games; tournaments; youth and government where the youth study the legislative process; college information and financial aid services; youth skills certification to provide teens the basic skills to seek employment, and more. There are even special programs devoted to girls/women only-- *Operation Smart*, with a focus on math and science, *Strong Women United*, with a focus on strengthening the bonds between women and girls, and *Girls-Only Leagues*, with a focus on the physical development of young women.

Child Care Advocacy Day in New York

Tuesday is Child Care Advocacy Day in New York, and a coalition of child care organizations are holding a rally in Albany to protest Governor Pataki's budget on child care. Principally, the rally will protest the budget's effective elimination of the State's Universal Pre-K in favor of an Education Improvement Block Grant to the counties with no targeted funding for Pre-K education. Also, the rally will urge greater investment in child care subsidies; although Governor Pataki's budget does increase investment in subsidies through a \$120 million transfer from the TANF welfare fund and a \$200 million child care reserve fund for counties, it will not enable the program to serve all children who meet federal eligibility requirements (85 percent of state median income). See attached *Child Care, Inc.* press release.

Format

Tuesday will open with a brief meet and greet. Following the meet and greet, there will be opening remarks and then you will engage in a panel discussion with working parents.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Meet and Greet

- The First Lady
- Congressman Edolphus Towns, D-NY/10th
- Kevin Jeffrey, Executive Director, Bedford Stuyvesant YMCA
- Meredith Wagner, Vice President of Lifetime Television
- Local Elected Officials (see attached list)
- 4 Roundtable Discussion Participants (see bios attached)

Discussion

- The First Lady
- Kevin Jeffrey, Executive Director, Bedford Stuyvesant YMCA
- Congressman Edolphus Towns, D-NY/10th
- Ellen Galinsky, President, Families and Work Institute
- 4 Roundtable Discussion Participants (see bios attached)

IV. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- See final schedule

V. PRESS

Open press.

VI. REMARKS

Provided by Laura Schiller.

FIRST LADY HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
TALKING POINTS FOR FAMILIES AGENDA ROUND TABLE
BROOKLYN, NEW YORK
FEBRUARY 2, 1999

12pt

- [Acknowledgments] We are also fortunate to be joined today by parents from this community -- and all over New York. When it comes to meeting our obligations at home and work, there are no better experts than the working parents in this room who struggle to strike that balance every single day. And I want to thank all of you for telling your stories -- including those of you who took the time to e-mail them to Lifetime Television's Child Care Campaign.
- It is especially appropriate that we have this conversation at the Bedford-Stuyvesant YMCA. What you have shown is that an entire community can come together to strengthen families and ensure no child falls through the cracks. I want to congratulate you on focusing this YMCA program on young people -- so they have safe places to go; parents and other caring adults to help guide them and love them; and meaningful activities that give them something to say "yes" to -- from sports to the Virtual Y after-school program (which I also had the privilege of visiting last year in Harlem).
- As you may know, yesterday the President presented an historic balanced budget that answers the fundamental questions about what families -- and our entire nation -- will need to succeed in the next century. It preserves the lifelines of Medicare and Social Security. It invests in our children's education and the research that will help discover the cures to our greatest killers. And it puts forth a bold families agenda to help Americans balance their obligations to the jobs they need and the children and parents they love.
- Clearly today, more mothers are working. More children are in child care. More Americans are getting older. And that the pressures facing parents have changed dramatically. A recent study by the Family and Work Institute confirms what all of us intuitively know. It shows that, from 1977 to 1997, parents working more than 20 hours a week report much higher levels of conflict between their work and family life.
- Over the last six years, at events like this one, my husband and I have heard from countless working parents who are finding themselves in the sandwich generation -- struggling to get quality, affordable care for their children and parents. So, I am very pleased that President's budget includes four important proposals to help working parents -- and our nation -- meet these challenges:

1. His budget significantly increases our investment in child care. A Brooklyn woman recently wrote to Lifetime Television: "It is difficult enough to raise healthy and happy children in today's society without having to worry about whether they are receiving affordable and quality day care." We know finding safe, affordable, and enriching child care is one of the greatest concerns working parents face. We know how important those early years are in helping a child learn and grow for a lifetime. And we know that millions of families who are eligible for child care assistance can't get it, often because states have more applicants than they can serve.

The President's budget will help low-income parents pay for child care for 1.15 million more children. It will provide an average tax cut of about \$350 for low and middle income families. And it will improve quality so that children come to school ready to learn.

2. The President's budget makes an unprecedented commitment to after-school care. At 3:00 today, parents in this city and across America were engaged in a ritual many of you are all too familiar with: They started looking up at the clock, worrying about whether their school-aged children are safe and out of trouble. It's easy to understand why. The 5 to 15 million latch-key kids in America are more likely to use alcohol, drugs, and tobacco; commit crimes; receive poor grades; and drop out of school than those involved in constructive activities.

Last year, the President fought hard -- and won -- a significant expansion of after-school programs. And, in his budget, he has made a commitment to triple that investment -- so that one million more children will have safe places to learn and play and grow after school and during the summer.

3. The President's budget includes an historic initiative to support Americans with long-term care needs -- and the millions of people who are voluntarily and informally helping them. Almost 40 percent of the informal care aging Americans receive is provided by their children. Most are women. And more and more of them are also trying to find the time and money to care for their own children. The aging of America will only increase the need for quality long term care.

The President has called for a new \$1,000 tax credit to help pay for a wide range of formal and informal care. And he has asked for \$625 million to provide more respite, home care services, and information to the 250,000 families caring for elderly relatives who are sick or disabled.

4. The President's budget expands access to Family and Medical Leave. This week marks the 6th anniversary of the Family and Medical Leave Act, the first piece of legislation the President signed into law. Since then, millions of Americans have been able to take up to 12 weeks of leave to care for a newborn or adopted child, to help a seriously ill parent, child, or spouse, or to attend to their own serious health problems. And they've been able to do this without worrying if it'll cost them their jobs.

Now the President is proposing to extend the promises of the Family and Medical Leave Act to 10 million more Americans who work in smaller companies.

- What you have shown in this community is that it takes all of us -- teachers, coaches, religious leaders, businesses, government officials, and others -- to help parents succeed at work and in the toughest, most important job any of us will ever have: raising healthy children. But we also know that only parents can find the right balance between work and family. Because the right balance is the one that works for their family.
- So, what I hope we can do today is to hear directly from parents about the challenges they face in meeting their obligations at home and work. And I can't think of a better person to kick-off this discussion than Ellen Galinsky, the President of the Family and Work Institute. She has done so much to help us understand these challenges -- and find innovative ways to meet them. Ellen...

NEW YORK: CHILD CARE CHALLENGES

I) CHILD CARE ABC'S: The need for child care and early education has become a fact of life for many New York parents.

- Every day, about 960,900 children younger than six are in child care in New York if national patterns hold true. This is three out of five young children—and half of all children younger than three—who spend some or all of their day being cared for by someone other than their parents.¹ Children enter care as early as six weeks of age and may be in care for 40 hours a week until they reach school age.
- Most mothers in New York work to help support their families. An estimated 53 percent of New York mothers with children younger than six, and 72 percent of women with children between the ages of six and 17, are in the labor force.²
- For many mothers in New York and across the country, work is not optional. Nationally, the majority (55 percent) of working women provide half or more of their household income,³ about half of America's families with young children earn less than \$35,000 per year,⁴ and one out of three children of working mothers are poor even though their mothers work or *would* be poor if their mothers did not work.⁵

II) CHILD CARE COSTS: Quality child care is unaffordable for many working families in New York.

Child care is costly for many families in New York.

- Child care often costs more than a college education at a public university. For example, the average annual cost of public college tuition in New York in 1997 was \$3,797⁶—about two-thirds the average cost of care for a four-year-old in a center.
- Many families in New York earn too little to be able to afford the quality child care their children need. Families in New York with both parents working full-time at the federal minimum wage earn only \$21,400 per year. There are about 1,529,000 children younger than 13 who live in low-income families (with incomes below 200 percent of poverty, or about \$27,000 for a family of three).⁷
- In New York, child care for one four-year-old in a child care center cost an average of \$5,612 in 1995, with fees as high as \$8,580. Child care is costly for families whether they live in urban or rural areas. For example, the average annual cost of care for a four-year-old in a center in Albany County was \$6,708, and the average cost in Binghamton/Broome County was \$5,148.⁸ These expenses are for only one child—families with more than one child in care spend significantly more.

Annual Cost of Child Care in New York ⁹						
Child Care Centers (1995)						
Age of child	Statewide		Albany County		Binghamton/ Broome County	
	Average	High	Average	High	Average	High
12 months	\$6,346	\$9,360	\$7,956	n.a.	\$5,616	n.a.
4 years	\$5,612	\$8,580	\$6,708	n.a.	\$5,148	n.a.
8 years ¹⁰	\$3,378	\$5,103	\$4,660	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Family Child Care Homes (1995)						
Age of child	Statewide		Albany County		Binghamton/ Broome County	
	Average	High	Average	High	Average	High
12 months	\$5,020	\$7,800	\$5,980	n.a.	\$4,680	n.a.
4 years	\$4,718	\$7,280	\$5,200	n.a.	\$4,420	n.a.
8 years	\$3,378	\$5,103	\$3,450	n.a.	\$3,127	n.a.

- To buy child care for an infant and a four-year-old in a child care center at the average price in New York, a two-parent family with both parents working full-time at the minimum wage (\$21,400 a year before taxes) would have to spend *56 percent* of their income for child care.

Many low-income working families in New York are unable to get the child care assistance they need to work and help their children thrive.

- New York allows only low-income working families earning less than \$26,964 (for a family of three) to be eligible for any child care help, although federal law allows the state to serve families with incomes up to \$36,179. New York's income cutoff is lower than that in a number of other states, including Pennsylvania.¹¹
- Although New York's cutoff is not at the level allowed under federal law, the state does not have enough funds to serve all eligible families who apply for child care help and must place many of these families on waiting lists.¹² In New York City alone, there are about 28,000 low-income families waiting to receive subsidized child care, one-third of whom are welfare recipients.¹³ Research has shown that parents waiting for child care assistance are likely to face serious financial difficulties, have difficulty staying employed, go on welfare, and/or to have serious concerns about their children's care because they cannot afford good quality child care.¹⁴
- New York's waiting lists for child care assistance may underestimate the number of eligible families who need help paying for care and are not receiving it. The state reports that there are some eligible families who do not apply for assistance because they do not even know it is available. If these additional families were to apply for help, the state is not confident that it could serve them, according to a recent survey.¹⁵
- New York does not invest enough to help families pay for the good care that children need. The state spent only 90 cents out of every \$100 in state tax revenues on child care and early education in 1994. Despite the critical importance of brain development in the first three years of life, New York spent 16 times as much in state funds on higher education than on child care and early education.¹⁶

Parents need child care so they can work

A mother in Ferndale tells what child care assistance means to her family: "Without child care I would have to depend on welfare to provide for my family. My children have been at Twin Bridge day care for almost six years. I'm very thankful for day care. It's hard enough being a single parent but without day care it would be impossible."¹⁷

In the coming years, New York will face even greater challenges trying to provide child care assistance to all families who need it as welfare work requirements rise.

- Welfare reform efforts will significantly expand the need for child care for very young children (younger than age three). Under the new welfare rules, the parents of as many as 135,000 infants and toddlers in New York will no longer be exempt from the work requirements and will be subject to sanctions if they fail to find work. Even factoring in recent welfare caseload reductions, it was estimated that for families moving from welfare to work, the number of additional infants and toddlers needing child care would rise from more than 27,000 more infants and toddlers in FY 1997 (when work participation rates were 19.5 percent) to 67,500 more needing care by year 2002 (when participation rates will reach 50 percent). These figures are conservative estimates based on minimal participation rates—they do not reflect the goal of moving *all* recipients to work, which would mean providing care for significantly higher numbers of children.¹⁸
- In New York City alone, welfare reform could nearly double the demand for child care services, according to the Office of the State Deputy Comptroller. While an additional 61,000 children may need care by the end of FY 1999 (assuming the state enforces the two-year work requirement and the City does not displace the working poor who are currently receiving subsidized child care), the City has provided funding for only an additional 27,500 children by FY 2001. Estimates are that an additional \$135 to \$225 million will be needed (beginning in FY 2000) to serve the remaining 33,500 children.¹⁹

The inadequate supply of child care for low-income families in New York City seriously undercuts the success of welfare reform and jeopardizes children's safety

A shortage of child care in New York City means that families trying to comply with welfare reform work requirements face a series of terrible dilemmas, as reported by the New York Times in April 1998.²⁰

The city faces an acute shortage of child care for low-income families.

- * Estimates are that while almost 48,000 children of welfare mothers currently need child care in New York City, there is only room for about 19,000 of them in licensed child care.
- * The shortage is particularly severe in areas where there are many families trying to move off welfare. The New York Human Services Administration estimates that more than two-thirds of the children needing child care in the Morrisania section of the Bronx (67 percent) and in the Brownsville section of Brooklyn (71 percent) lack child care options.

As a result, mothers on welfare are unable to participate in welfare to work activities...

- * The city has excused nearly 3,000 mothers from having to work because they are unable to find child care. However, these mothers are still subject to time limits for welfare, which means that they are losing valuable time needed to build their work skills and work experience.

...caseworkers are illegally threatening to reduce the welfare checks of women who are unable to find care...

- * Although it is against the law, caseworkers are threatening to reduce welfare benefits—a survey of 73 mothers on welfare by the Public Advocate found that 46 (almost two-thirds) had been told they were in jeopardy of losing their benefits. Many other mothers report similar experiences, and the New York Times reporter witnessed a caseworker telling a mother she would face sanctions if she could not find care.
- * While the New York City Office of Employment Services (OES) requires caseworkers to offer each parent two child care opportunities (one of which has to be registered), a recent report by the Public Advocate found that OES does not give parents sufficient information to make informed decisions and instead steers parents into unregulated, unmonitored and decidedly less expensive informal care.²¹

...and low-income mothers are facing the unacceptable choice of either using unsafe child care, or losing their basic financial support.

- * When her caseworker threatened to reduce her benefits, Wendy Virgos had to leave her 17-month-old daughter with a woman who kept her strapped in a dirty stroller all day to "protect" her from the older children.
- * Digna Jimenez begged her caseworker to help her find child care because the only baby-sitter she knew had slapped her child. When the caseworker refused her plea, Digna was left without child care and lost \$50 out of her \$260 in cash benefits.
- * Gloria Santiago's cash benefits were reduced because she refused to accept a slot in a program that would have required her three-year-old son to ride on the bus 45 minutes each way. "It's hard on me," she said, "but he is my only baby boy."

Other evidence demonstrates problems with the quality of child care in New York.

- Many parents want their children to get the high quality care provided by nationally accredited child care programs—yet such programs are scarce in New York. In 1997, only about 248 of New York's 3,426 licensed child care centers (or 7 percent) were accredited.³⁴ Only 83 of the 17,715 state's licensed family and group child care homes had accreditation.³⁵

IV) CHILD CARE AVAILABILITY: Families across New York face difficulties finding quality, affordable care. The lack of such care is even greater for some groups of families, including families with school-age children and families with children younger than three.

The scarcity of good after-school options leaves many New York school-age children home alone and at risk of harm.

- Many New York families with school-age children are low-income and have difficulty affording child care. For example, the Census Bureau estimates that 780,756 school-age children (ages five to 17) in New York live in families with incomes below the poverty line (\$13,300 for a family of three in 1997).³⁶

"My concern, now that I'm working, is how to pay for summer child care since I will not have enough money for food."
*A single mother of two school-age children from Suffolk County, New York*³⁷

- New York children are among the nearly five million children nationwide who are home alone after school each week,³⁸ during the afternoon hours when juvenile crime peaks.³⁹ However, studies show that children who are left unsupervised after school are at greater risk of problem behaviors such as smoking and substance abuse⁴⁰ and that constructive activities can keep children out of trouble.
- Good after-school options in schools, churches, and community organizations can help children and teens do well in school and stay out of trouble, but they are inadequate in many communities. In New York, only one in four public schools (3,904 or 23 percent) offered extended-day programs in 1993-1994. Nationwide, this problem is even more serious in low-income neighborhoods.⁴¹
- In many areas of New York, there are few options for school-age children, either in the public schools or in other locations. In 20 of state's 62 counties, there are three or fewer registered school-age programs and in four rural counties (Allegany, Hamilton, Washington, and Yates) there are no registered programs for school-age children at all.⁴²

Our youngest children are particularly vulnerable to poor care, yet quality affordable care for children younger than three is scarce in New York.

- Many of our youngest and most vulnerable children are in child care—nationwide, almost half of all babies younger than 12 months are regularly spending their day being cared for by

someone other than their parents.⁴³ This means as many as 115,100 babies in New York are in child care if national patterns hold true.⁴⁴

- Both common sense and research tell us that children's brains are growing most quickly during their first three years of life, and that their experiences during these critical early years lay the foundation for the rest of their lives. The quality of the care New York's young children receive affects the way they think, learn, and behave.
- Far too many of our youngest children are not getting the quality care they need. Although a close nurturing relationship with an attentive caregiver is critical to helping babies grow, in 1997 New York was one of only 13 states that met recommended levels for the number of babies and toddlers a single caregiver was allowed to care for.⁴⁵
- Care for infants is more costly than for older children—which makes it even more difficult for families in New York to be able to afford the quality care their children need to thrive. Child care for a 12-month-old in a child care center in New York in 1995 averaged \$6,346, but could cost as much as \$9,360.⁴⁶

CHILD CARE FACTS AT A GLANCE

Children and Families in New York

Number of children younger than one ⁴⁷	255,704
Number of children younger than six ⁴⁸	1,601,561
Number of children ages six to 17 ⁴⁹	2,938,973

If national trends hold true, estimated number of:

children under one cared for by someone other than their parents ⁵⁰	115,100
children under six cared for by someone other than their parents ⁵¹	960,900

Percentage of mothers with children under six in the labor force ⁵²	53%
Percentage of mothers with children ages six to 17 in the labor force ⁵³	72%

Child Care Not Affordable for Many Families in New York

Number of children younger than 13 living in low-income families (< 200% of poverty) ⁵⁴	1,529,040
Earnings of two-parent families with both parents working full-time at minimum wage	\$21,400
Average cost of tuition at a public university in New York ⁵⁵	\$3,797

Annual Child Care Costs in New York⁵⁶

Child Care Centers (1995)						
Age of Child	Statewide		Albany County		Binghamton/Broome County	
	Average	High	Average	High	Average	High
12 months	\$6,346	\$9,360	\$7,956	n.a.	\$5,616	n.a.
4 years	\$5,612	\$8,580	\$6,708	n.a.	\$5,148	n.a.
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Family Child Care Homes (1995)						
Age of Child	Statewide		Albany County		Binghamton/Broome County	
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4 years	\$4,718	\$7,280	\$5,200	n.a.	\$4,420	n.a.
8 years	\$3,378	\$5,103	\$3,450	n.a.	\$3,127	n.a.

Many Children in New York Do Not Get the Quality Child Care They Need

Does New York require any training for teachers in child care centers prior to serving children? ⁵⁸	No
Does New York require any training for family child care providers prior to serving children? ⁵⁹	No
Average salary for a child care worker in New York in 1996 ⁶⁰	\$14,400
Percentage of child care centers in New York that were accredited as of 1997 ⁶¹	7%

Number of Children of Different Ages Allowed per Caregiver in Child Care Centers in 1997 in New York⁶²

Age of Child	Number of Children Allowed per Caregiver	Recommended Level ⁶³	Does State Requirement Meet Recommended Level?
9 months	4	3-4	Yes
18 months	5	3-5	Yes
27 months	5	4-6	Yes
3 years	7	7-10	Yes
4 years	8	8-10	Yes

Other Child Care Indicators in New York

Number of licensed child care centers in 1997 ⁶⁴	3,426
Number of licensed group child care homes in 1997 ⁶⁵	2,537
Number of registered family child care homes in 1997 ⁶⁶	15,178
Number of registered school-age care programs in 1997 ⁶⁷	1,590
Percentage of public schools offering extended-day programs 1993-1994 ⁶⁸	23%

CCI FAX NEWS

Child Care, Inc. 275 Seventh Ave NY, NY 10001 Tel. 212-929-7604 Fax. 212-929-5785 E-mail: CCINYC@AOL.COM

January 29, 1999

GOVERNOR PATAKI'S EXECUTIVE BUDGET: CONTRADICTION INITIATIVES FOR YOUNG CHILDREN CHILD CARE EXPANDED – UNIVERSAL PROGRAM ENDED

Governor Pataki released his Executive Budget for Fiscal Year 1999-2000 on Wednesday, January 27th. The governor revealed his child care initiative which included increased funding for child care. However, while the governor has taken a good first step in the right direction with additional funding for child care he has simultaneously eliminated the Universal PreK program. The governor has block granted all of the LADDER initiatives (one of which is Universal PreK) and has created a new Education Improvement Block Grant. Both proposals are outlined below. *The next 30 days are a critical time to contact the Governor and urge him to restore the Universal Pre-K program with full funding.*

GOVERNOR'S CHILD CARE PROPOSAL:

Child Care Development Block (CCBG):

\$120 Million

A new transfer of \$120 million from the State's welfare (TANF) surplus will be added to the current Child Care Block Grant for market rate adjustments and child care subsidies. This would help serve an additional 13,000 children state wide.

A Child Care Reserve Fund:

\$200 Million

An additional \$200 million of the TANF surplus will be put in a reserve fund for a three year period (1999-2002). Counties would receive a supplemental allocation to their block grant. Counties could draw down from the reserve fund after spending down their allocation, including the new share from the \$120 million.

Quality Set-a-Side:

\$45 Million

(with some flexibility)

The quality set-a-side portion of the CCBG remains at \$45 million with some flexibility to support needed program and professional development costs. A portion of the reserve is available for additional quality set-a-side spending, equal to \$25 million of the \$200 million.

THE CHILD CARE *that* WORKS CALLS FOR:

- A six year commitment to serve 42,000 additional children in Year 1 by making subsidized child care available to families earning up to 85% of state median income.
- Investments in professional development, salaries, college student child care and CCR&R s.
- Investments in facilities expansion.

GOVERNOR'S UNIVERSAL PRE-K PROPOSAL:

Educational Improvement Block Grant:

All LADDER grant initiatives funded in 1998 are eliminated including Universal PreK. Funding for the Early Grades Class Size Reduction to be implemented in the 1999-2000 school year is not included in the proposed budget. The proposal creates an Educational Improvement Block Grant from which counties can use to fund these programs.

This proposal dismantles the Universal Pre-K program. Without the specific legislative language and structure the program will not have a statewide framework for a committed systemic approach for an early learning program for four year olds.

The Universal PreK program should be restored as a separate clearly defined initiative.

CALL THE GOVERNOR !!!

Tel: 518-474-8390

Email: gov.pataki@chamber.state.ny.us

MESSAGE: Restore designated funding for Universal PreK at a sufficient level to support a minimum of \$2,700 per child for 40,000 children.

FEBRUARY 2ND IS CHILD CARE ADVOCACY DAY
IF YOU CAN'T MAKE IT TO ALBANY
GET YOUR MESSAGE TO THE GOVERNOR
VIA LETTER, PHONE, OR FAX

NYS Assembly: 518-455-4100; NYS Senate: 518-455-2800

The proposal was released by the Child Care *that* Works Campaign on December 8, 1998.

For more information regarding the proposal, and this year's funding requests, contact: New York State Child Care Coordinating Council, Phone: (518) 463-8663, Fax: (518) 427-6603.

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View Related Topics

February 3, 1999, Wednesday, Late Edition - Final

SECTION: Section B; Page 6; Column 1; Metropolitan Desk

LENGTH: 584 words

HEADLINE: Mrs. Clinton Campaigns, But for Programs, Not Office

BYLINE: By ADAM NAGOURNEY

BODY:

To an exuberant reaction and in an atmosphere charged with speculation about her political future, **Hillary** Rodham **Clinton** campaigned in **Brooklyn** yesterday -- not for any office, but for the social spending programs in the budget her husband sent to Congress this week.

"I want to help people who are trying to help themselves," the First Lady said at a Y.M.C.A. in Bedford-Stuyvesant. "It's hard for me to accept that we're not going to help working moms like you."

The setting came right out of President Clinton's own campaign repertory. Mrs. Clinton participated in what was presented as a spontaneous discussion about day care programs with an invited panel of guests -- in this case working parents -- in front of an audience that included a platform filled with television cameras. And it was typical of what the Administration has done in the days after Mr. Clinton has unveiled a budget, in an effort to promote parts of it across the nation.

But the context was different this time, as was evident from the heavy concentration of news media that turned out for what was otherwise an unremarkable conversation between Mrs. Clinton and panelists. It was a testimony to the interest generated by the mere suggestion that Mrs. Clinton may run for the position being vacated by Senator Daniel Patrick Moynihan after he retires next year.

The audience in Bedford-Stuyvesant sat at stilled attention as Mrs. Clinton, in her one public stop before appearing with the President at a \$10,000-a-plate fund-raiser at Le Cirque last night, endorsed Federal spending on day care for children and the elderly.

It was clearly a politically sympathetic crowd, and the reaction afterward reflected that. "I would like to see her run for Senate," said Letisha Wadsworth, a day care services administrator. "I think she has a good sense of the needs of people in working communities like this."

Donna Fleming, a regional administrator at the New York Public Library, said: "I think she should run for President. I think she's past the point of running for Senate, don't you?"

Mrs. Clinton's staff said the First Lady has not given any consideration to her political future, and the First Lady made no reference to it herself during her hourlong remarks. As has been typical with her visits to New York, Mrs. Clinton did not arrange a news conference.

There have been murmurs in recent days that some Democrats have become concerned that continued speculation about Mrs. Clinton as a possible candidate for Senate was discouraging other serious contenders. (At this point, Representative Nita W. Lowey of Westchester is viewed as the strongest potential Democratic candidate.)

Mr. Moynihan's wife, Liz, was quoted in Newsweek this week as saying that if Mrs. Clinton were going to run, "she should say so," or risk scaring away other potentially strong candidates.

But Mr. Moynihan, in an interview yesterday, said he did not necessarily share that assessment. "We always have had a pretty vigorous primary, and why ought that not happen now?" he said. "So I'm just welcoming everybody. I just want to make that clear. I will do all that I can to help."

Mr. Moynihan announced in November that he would not seek re-election when his term expired in 2000. He said he wanted to give a Democratic candidate enough time to raise money and build a political base. However, Mr. Moynihan declined to say how soon he thought Mrs. Clinton should make a decision.

"I will leave that to you," he said.

<http://www.nytimes.com>

GRAPHIC: Photo: **Hillary** Rodham **Clinton** mingled with child-care advocates yesterday after she spoke on social programs at a Y.M.C.A. in **Brooklyn**. (Rebecca Cooney for The New York Times)

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

LOAD-DATE: February 3, 1999

FOCUSTM

Search: General News;brooklyn and hillary w/2 clinton

To narrow this search, please enter a word or phrase:

FOCUS

Example: House of Representatives

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The New York Post

February 3, 1999, Wednesday

SECTION: Metro; Pg. 003

LENGTH: 475 words

HEADLINE: FIRST LADY IS CHAT'S MEOW IN **BROOKLYN** - WOWS GUESTS AT
ROUND-TABLE TALK

BYLINE: ROBERT HARDT Jr. and TOM TOPOUSIS

BODY:

First Lady **Hillary** Rodham **Clinton** hosted an Oprah-style discussion with struggling parents at a **Brooklyn** YMCA yesterday - while carefully avoiding talk of her political future.

Mrs. Clinton visited **Brooklyn** yesterday just hours before joining her husband at the day's main event - a \$10,000-a-head Democratic fund-raiser at Manhattan's swanky Le Cirque restaurant last night.

Speaking to about 250 invited guests in the Bedford-Stuyvesant Y, Mrs. Clinton received two standing ovations during her 45-minute talk.

"This is a very welcome respite from Washington, where sometimes you wonder - but here in New York you can get it done," Mrs. Clinton said to rousing applause.

For much of the round-table talk, Mrs. Clinton listened to mothers who told her of their difficulties in trying to make ends meet.

"Many of us are just one event away from finding ourselves in a position we never thought we'd find ourselves in," she said.

"What's that old American Indian saying about walk a mile in somebody else's moccasins? See the world from somebody else's perspective."

Many of the guests said they could see Mrs. Clinton in the U.S. Senate.

"I think she would be a big plus for New York state if she was our senator," said Elizabeth Sanders, the executive director of the East New York Council for the Aging.

"I admire her. She's the epitome of what womanhood should be. She's weathering the storm."

Mrs. Clinton has never spoken about the possibility of running for the Senate in New York, but several Democratic leaders have said they hope she will run for Sen. Daniel P. Moynihan's seat, which he is vacating in 2001.

"I would vote for her in a second," gushed Ida Mae Martin, 65, who lives in Bedford-Stuyvesant.

"She's a strong woman who can take all the hard knocks."

Mrs. Clinton and her husband last night co-hosted a Democratic National Committee fund-raiser at the swanky Le Cirque restaurant which was expected to rake in \$1 million for the party.

Expected to attend the event were Ethan Hawke, Glenn Close, Martha Stewart, Miramax honcho Harvey Weinstein and designer Vera Wang.

Also scheduled to attend the dinner was Westchester Rep. Nita Lowey, who is also considering running for Senate next year.

Meanwhile, city tow-truck drivers almost threw a monkey wrench into the NYPD's presidential traffic plan when a majority of drivers at one garage called in sick.

The dispute over heating at the 38th Street garage caused 42 of 77 drivers to call in sick.

The drivers were supposed to be on hand to clear streets for the presidential motorcade.

Police officials said that even with the hitch, there were enough tow trucks to get the job done.

GRAPHIC: PROFILE IN DISCOURAGE: A silhouetted President Clinton boards Air Force One bound for Boston yesterday at Andrews Air Force Base in Maryland. -AP

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

LOAD-DATE: February 4, 1999

FOCUSTM

Search: General News;brooklyn and hillary w/2 clinton

To narrow this search, please enter a word or phrase:

Example: House of Representatives

Copyright 1999 Daily News, L.P.
Daily News (New York)

February 03, 1999, Wednesday

SECTION: News; Pg. 18

LENGTH: 310 words

HEADLINE: FIRST LADY SCORES BIG WITH **BROOKLYN** CROWD

BYLINE: By CAROLINA GONZALEZ and LEO STANDORA

BODY:

Hillary Rodham **Clinton** definitely was the people's choice in **Brooklyn** yesterday.

The radiant First Lady got a rousing, foot-stomping welcome at a roundtable for beleaguered families at the Bedford-Stuyvesant YMCA.

This was her first solo visit to the city and the state since Democrats began urging her to seek the seat of retiring Sen. Daniel Moynihan.

Some local pols last night privately pressed her to run, but Rep. Edolphus Towns (D-**Brooklyn**) said "she just smiled there was no answer."

At the Y, more than 200 people packed onto the basketball court jumped to their feet and clapped wildly as Clinton clad in an elegant dark suit and pale green scarf walked in, beaming.

"I'm as happy to be here as I possibly could be," she said. "I'm happy to be with a group of people committed to children and to the idea that working families deserve the support they require."

During the discussion, the First Lady explained to audience members how money earmarked in the President's budget for family care could help them.

The reaction to her was so positive that she quipped after the third standing ovation that "it's appropriate since we're on a basketball court that we're getting up and down and doing aerobics."

When one woman told how she and her husband watched their retirement fund and their son's college money disappear when she had to quit her job to care for her ailing mother, Clinton looked out over the audience and asked, "Is there anyone here who can help this woman?"

Towns pointed out a city official in the crowd and said he'd talk to him.

Clinton smiled and said: "I love coming to meetings where there are people who can get things done. This is a very welcome respite from Washington."

Clinton, who was traveling separately from her husband, dined in Manhattan with the President last night.

LOAD-DATE: February 12, 1999

FOCUSTM

Search: General News;brooklyn and hillary w/2 clinton

The Associated Press State & Local Wire

View Related Topics

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February 3, 1999, Wednesday, PM cycle

SECTION: State and Regional

LENGTH: 547 words

HEADLINE: First lady spotlights working moms in budget proposal

BYLINE: CHELSEA J. CARTER, Associated Press Writer

DATELINE: NEW YORK

BODY:

First lady **Hillary Rodham Clinton** put the spotlight on working moms during a visit to **Brooklyn**, highlighting initiatives in the president's \$ 1.77 trillion budget that would help women balance work with caring for children and aging parents.

"The president unveiled a balanced budget that puts families first through a package of initiatives that will help parents struggling to meet their responsibilities to their jobs and even more important, to their families," Mrs. Clinton told 300 people gathered Tuesday at a YMCA in the Bedford-Stuyvesant neighborhood.

In a round-table discussion, Mrs. Clinton heard from women struggling to balance their jobs with caring for children or elderly parents.

Angelina Charriez told Mrs. Clinton that her 67-year-old mother suffered from a mental ailment and could not take care for herself.

"We almost lost our home. We lost our car because we couldn't make the payments. I can't work full time and take care of my mother and my child," she said as she wiped tears from her eyes.

Mrs. Clinton put her hand on Mrs. Charriez's shoulder and promised to follow up with her and the other women who spoke during the panel discussion.

The president's budget would invest \$ 6.2 billion over five years - including \$ 5.5 billion to provide a \$ 1,000 tax credit - for families caring for disabled relatives, Mrs. Clinton said. The budget also includes \$ 250 tax credits for stay-at-home parents caring for children under age 1.

Eileen Quinones, a 33-year-old single working mother, told Mrs. Clinton that she was unable to find child care for her 18-month-old toddler.

"Because of my income, I make too much money to qualify for subsidies and not enough money to pay for it myself," she said, struggling to hold back her tears.

The cheapest child care available costs \$ 800 a month, Quinones said. As a result, she said, her baby stays with an aunt.

Mrs. Clinton said Ms. Quinones' problem was not unique.

"We have these very arbitrary rules about who can qualify for subsidies," Mrs. Clinton said. "One of the

hopes I have is that with the president's budget ... you would be able to increase the limit of income to qualify (for child care subsidies)."

Mrs. Clinton's comment was met with a standing ovation.

Debbie O'Conner told Mrs. Clinton how she was forced to take time off work to care for her 16-year-old daughter, who had been injured in a car accident.

O'Conner said she was able to take the time off thanks to the Family and Medical Leave Act, which allows people to take time off work in emergencies and be guaranteed their jobs back.

President Clinton is calling for companies with more than 25 workers to participate in the act, which now only applies to companies with more than 50 workers.

"The president is proposing to extend the benefits of the family medical leave act to 10 million more Americans by covering workers in companies with 25 or more employees," said Mrs. Clinton. "It's not only a human moral reason, but his good business sense, because they now have an employee who will willingly work for them."

After spending about 1 hours with the mothers and their children, Mrs. Clinton headed for a Democratic National Committee dinner with the president at Manhattan's posh Le Cirque restaurant.

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

LOAD-DATE: February 3, 1999

FOCUSTM

Search: General News;brooklyn and hillary w/2 clinton

To narrow this search, please enter a word or phrase:

Example: House of Representatives

**PHOTOCOPY
PRESERVATION**

4/7/76

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1999
FINAL

WASHINGTON, D.C.

SCHEDULER: MOLLY BUFORD
202/456-5315 PHONE
202/456-5340 FAX
202/244-2125 HOME
WHCA PAGER #4452

PREV RON Washington, D.C.

1:25 pm PROCEED to Presidential Hall, Old Executive Office Building

GREETERS:

Professor Nancy Hopkins, panelist
Sanya Tyler, panelist
Patricia Higgins, panelist
Carolyn Gnatt, panelist

1:30 pm- **EQUAL PAY EVENT [w/POTUS]**
2:30 pm Presidential Hall
OPEN PRESS/WH PHOTO

FORMAT:

- Off-stage announcement of the President and the First Lady, accompanied by Secretary Alexis Herman.
- The First Lady makes brief remarks and introduces the President.
- The President makes remarks and takes his seat at the table.
- Secretary Herman introduces the panelists and begins the discussion.
- Upon conclusion of the discussion, the President and the First Lady depart.

PARTICIPANTS: Approx. 160 guests to attend.

2:40 pm- **VIDEOS**
3:00 pm Room 459, Old Executive Office Building
CLOSED PRESS/NO WH PHOTO

VIDEOS:

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1999
PAGE 2

-Pell Awards for Excellence in the Arts
-Women's Conference of the Americas Plenary
Meeting
-"Beat the Odds" Event, Children's Defense Fund
-Second Annual Mary Higgins Clark Gala
-Ninth National Conference on Children and the Law
-Birthday Greeting for Seamus Heaney's 60th
Birthday

CONTACT: Noa Meyer 202/456-2787

3:15 pm-
3:25 pm

STAFF PHOTO FOR ENTERTAINMENT BOOK
Grand Foyer
CLOSED PRESS/WH PHOTO

PARTICIPANTS:
The First Lady
Approx. 70 staff members

3:30 pm-
4:15 pm

PARADE PHOTO SHOOT
Sculpture Garden
CLOSED PRESS/WH PHOTO

PARTICIPANTS:
The First Lady
Approx. 12 Hillaryland Children

CONTACT: Marsha Berry 202/456-2960

4:20 pm-
4:50 pm

ENTERTAINMENT BOOK COVER PHOTO
Second Floor Dining Room
CLOSED PRESS/WH PHOTO

PARTICIPANTS:
The First Lady

CONTACT: Shirley Sagawa 202/456-6266

5:20 pm-
5:50 pm

BUDDY AND SOCKS PHOTO SHOOT
South Lawn
CLOSED PRESS/WH PHOTO

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1999
PAGE 3

PARTICIPANTS:
The First Lady
Buddy
Socks

CONTACT: Shirley Sagawa 202/456-6266

RON Washington, D.C.

April 6, 1999

VIDEOS

DATE: April 7, 1999
TIME: 2:40 pm
LOCATION: Old Executive Office Building
FROM: Noa Meyer

I. PURPOSE

To record 7 videos

II. BACKGROUND

American Bar Association (ABA) Center on Children and the Law National Conference

You have been asked to record a video for The American Bar Association (ABA) Center on Children and the Law's Ninth National Conference on Children and the Law on April 8-10 at the Wyndham City Center Hotel in Washington, DC. This year celebrates the ABA's twentieth anniversary. The aims of the conference are to present current research and to focus on skills building for legal professionals, making them better able to serve the needs of children and families. While the conference will cover a variety of issues, the main themes will be the implementation of the Adoption and Safe Families Act and children's health issues. Your video will appear during the opening plenary session on Friday, April 9 and will be shown to an audience of approximately 350 legal and child welfare professionals. Surgeon General Satcher will address the conference on children's health issues on the evening of April 9.

Trinity Repertory Company Tribute to Senator Pell

You have been asked to record a video tribute to Senator Claiborne Pell in honor of this year's Pell Awards for Excellence in the Arts in Providence, RI. The Pell Awards, established in 1997 to mark the retirement of Senator Pell, are presented to support the work of national and local artists and to benefit the Tony-Award winning Trinity Repertory Company. This year's Pell Awardees include: Beverly Sills, coloratura soprano; Gunther Schuller, Pulitzer Prize winning composer; Eugene Lee, theater set and lighting designer; David Macaulay, writer/illustrator; and Bunny Harvey, painter. The Pell Awards are intended to create support and pressure for the continued existence of the National Endowment for the Arts. This year's Awards will be presented on April 15, 1999 at the Providence Convention Center.

Women's Leadership Conference of the Americas

You have been asked to record a video for the Women's Leadership Conference of the Americas second plenary meeting on April 15 and 16 in Washington. The WLCA is a network of some 100 distinguished women leaders from throughout the Western Hemisphere, co-sponsored by the Inter-American Dialogue and the International Center for Research on Women. The WLCA is designed to enhance the contribution of women in top leadership positions and promote policy

changes that will improve opportunities for all women. The plenary will meet at the Doyle Hotel in Dupont Circle and your video will be shown on the 15th in either the morning or the afternoon.

Minnesota Beat the Odds

You have been asked to record a video for the Seventh Annual Minnesota Beat the Odds banquet (you recorded videos for 1996 and 1997.) As you know, Beat the Odds focuses on children, the struggles they face, and the tremendous determination with which they succeed. This year's banquet will take place on April 15 at the Downtown Minneapolis Marriott City Center. Pat Miles, a local news anchor is serving as emcee and will introduce your video at the end of the evening.

American Society of Cataract and Refractive Surgery -- Tribute to Dr. Harold Ridley

You have been asked to record a video tribute to Dr. Harold Ridley who implanted the first intraocular implant in 1949 in Great Britain. Your video will be shown at the annual meeting of the American Society of Cataract and Refractive Surgery (ASCRS) in Seattle, Washington on April 10, 1999 in the afternoon at the Washington State Convention and Trade Center. An estimated 3,000 people will be in the audience. ASCRS is an international, educational and scientific organization whose nearly 8,000 member ophthalmologists specialize in cataract and refractive surgery. Your video will be a part of a video montage tribute to Dr. Ridley. The videotape will be introduced by David Apple, MD and will include remarks from: Cheri Booth, Dr. Harold Ridley, Dr. Peter Choice, Dr. Eric Arnott, Dr. William Jorry, Dr. John Pierce, Dr. Ken Hoffer and Dr. Robert Sinskey.

Fragile X Syndrome

You have been asked to record a video for Second Annual Mary Higgins Clark Gala to benefit the FRAXA Research Foundation. The event will be held on April 19 at the Four Seasons Hotel in Washington. Roger Mudd will emcee and radio talk host Diane Rehm will co-chair the event with Board of Directors Vice President and parent, Mary Beth Busby. Jim and Sylvia Symington will provide the entertainment. Fragile X is the most common inherited cause of mental retardation. In addition to retardation this disease manifests itself in autistic-like behaviors, poor eye contact, resistance to being touched or held, poor attention span, anxiety and some physical characteristics as well. From Fraxile X's discovery in 1982 until 1994 organizations have worked primarily to educate the public about Fragile X and to encourage early intervention with different therapies. In 1994 three parents of children with Fragile X decided to form the FRAXA Research Foundation to concentrate on furthering scientific research to find a cure and/or treatment for this disease. Today the FRAXA Research Foundation has 25 chapters, it has funded a million dollars of research in 1998 and it will fund more than \$500,000 in 1999.

Birthday Greeting for Seamus Heaney

You have been asked to record a birthday greeting for the BBC Northern Ireland which is marking Seamus Heaney's 60th birthday with programmes on the evening of April 11th (his actual birthday is on April 13th.) The program will feature a film of extracts from archive programmes written and presented by Mr. Heaney. These will be punctuated with "birthday cards" from a selection of people touched and influenced by him including Bono of U2, a former

**PHOTOCOPY
PRESERVATION**

4/12/99

April 9, 1999

PROMOTING GREATER INVESTMENT IN CHILD CARE

Date: Monday, April 12
Time: 11:00 am - 11:55 am
Location: Just Us Kids Child Care Center
Washington, D.C.
From: Nicole Rabner and
Ruby Shamir

I. PURPOSE

To promote greater investment in child care and make two announcements: (1) the release of a new study by the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) on ways to identify and correct hidden hazards that may exist in child care; and (2) the launch the new outreach efforts of Lifetime Television's child care awareness campaign "Caring for Kids."

II. BACKGROUND

Overview

In the context of promoting the Administration's Child Care Initiative, this event is designed to spotlight the need to empower parents with vital information and support to make the child care choices that are right for them. The CPSC report will empower parents and caregivers with critical information on child care safety and the Lifetime effort will help empower parents by making sure their voices and struggles are heard. The event will include a brief tour of the Just Us Kids Child Development Center on which you will learn about some of the hidden hazards highlighted in the CPSC study, and a speaking program.

CPSC Report

The CPSC conducted a national study of the potential safety hazards of eight product areas -- cribs, soft bedding, playground surfacing, playground maintenance, safety gates, window blind and curtain cords, clothing drawstrings, and recalled products -- in 220 child care centers nationwide. Of the child care facilities studied, including private, non-profit, government-run and home-based centers, two-thirds exhibited at least one safety hazard. These hazards are life-threatening: CPSC notes that at least 56 children have died in child care settings, and that about 30,600 children ages 0-4 were treated in U.S. hospital emergency rooms in 1997 for injuries received at child care settings.

To provide parents with the means to be aware of and correct these hazards, the CPSC developed a new Child Care Safety Checklist for parents and caregivers to monitor the safety of their care settings. The CPSC's recommendations include making sure that safety gates are used to keep children away from potentially dangerous areas, especially stairs, and abandoning the use of children's clothing with drawstrings around the hood and neck.

The CPSC will undertake an aggressive outreach program to get this vital information into the hands of parents and caregivers nationwide. To help initiate this public information campaign, the General Services Administration (GSA), which runs child care centers for federal employees, will distribute the checklist to all of its centers in the United States. GSA has also pledged that by Mother's Day 1999 it will provide all of its sponsored child care centers with computers and Internet links which will provide immediate notice of all CPSC alerts and bulletins on products that deal with children.

Lifetime Television "Caring for Kids" Campaign

You will help launch the second phase of Lifetime Television's "Caring for Kids" campaign which is designed to provide parents with the information they need, and give them the opportunity to have their voices heard. The campaign was inspired by the October 10, 1997 White House Conference on Child Care. During the first phase of the campaign, Lifetime began forming partnerships with key child care experts and advocates. Lifetime also initiated an e-mail campaign urging parents to share their child care stories with them. These efforts culminated in the development of a documentary film of parents talking about their child care struggles and needs which will air on Lifetime on April 20. Lifetime included footage from your Brooklyn, NY roundtable discussion in the film.

In its second phase, Lifetime will work with a diverse group of partners, from child care providers to law enforcement officials, to amplify the voices and struggles of parents and others around the issue of child care. Lifetime will use its documentary to convene parents to talk about their child care challenges and will continue to use the Internet as an organizing tool. Lifetime's goal is to work to make child care a central issue in the 2000 elections and is gearing up to produce voter guides, etc.

Child Care Action in the Senate

With the strong leadership of Senator Dodd, the Senate passed an amendment to the Republican budget resolution increasing mandatory funding for the child care block grant by \$5 billion over five years and \$12.5 billion over 10 years, off-set by a reduction in the tax cut. This action is a significant demonstration of bipartisan support for boosting funding for child care subsidies, which the President's budget does by \$7.5 billion over five years. The amendment, sponsored by Senators Dodd and Jeffords, also includes a non-binding provision stating that any child care tax relief for child care (through, for example, expansion of the CDCTC), must benefit all working families (*i.e.* by making the credit refundable) and assist stay-at-home parents who care for an infant. Twelve Republicans -- Senators Abraham, Campbell, Chafee, Collins, Dewine, Frist, Hatch, Jeffords, Roberts, Snowe, Specter, and Warner -- voted with all Democrats to pass the amendment.

Just Us Kids Child Development Center

The Just Us Kids Child Development Center, a General Services Administration (GSA) child care facility, is sponsored by the Department of Justice (DoJ) and provides care for children of DoJ employees. Established in 1992, Just Us Kids is accredited by the National Association for the Education of Young Children (NAEYC) and its staff qualifications and adult/child ratios meet or exceed NAEYC criteria.

GSA child care centers serve 7,600 children in 112 centers nationwide. All child care workers are screened through criminal background checks, and stringent health and safety standards for facilities and furnishings are issued. Nearly 70 percent of GSA's centers are accredited by national accrediting bodies (versus less than 10 percent in the private sector). As you know, in March, 1998, the President issued an Executive Memorandum directing all federally sponsored child care to be accredited by the year 2000.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Speaking Program

- Attorney General Janet Reno
- Senator Christopher Dodd
- Ann Brown, Chairman, U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission
- Carole Black, CEO, Lifetime Television
- Cynthia Schnedar, Just Us Kids parent
- The First Lady

IV. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- Pam Simon, Director, Just Us Kids Child Development Center, will guide you on a very brief tour of the center where Ann Brown, Chairman, CPSC, will show you examples of potential hidden hazards. Attorney General Janet Reno, Deputy Attorney General Eric Holder, Senator Christopher Dodd, David Barram, Administrator, GSA, and Carole Black, CEO, Lifetime Television, will follow you on your tour.
- Upon tour conclusion, you will proceed upstairs for the speaking program.
- Attorney General Janet Reno will make welcoming remarks and introduce Senator Dodd.
- Senator Dodd will make brief remarks and introduce Chairman Ann Brown.
- Chairman Brown will make brief remarks and introduce Lifetime CEO Carole Black.
- Carole Black will make brief remarks and introduce parent Cynthia Schnedar.
- Cynthia Schnedar will make brief remarks and introduce you.
- You will make remarks and close the program.

V. PRESS PLAN

- Tour of the child care center's infant room will feature still photographers/WH Photo.
- Speaking program will be Open Press.
- GSA will send out a video news release of this event.

VI. REMARKS

- Talking Points Attached.

VII. ATTACHMENTS

- Audience List

- 
- CPSC Child Care Safety Checklist
 - CPSC Report
 - Lifetime Television Press Release
 - Chairman Ann Brown Bio
 - Administrator David Barram Bio
 - Lifetime CEO Carole Black Bio
 - Cynthia Schnedar Bio

**FIRST LADY HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
TALKING POINTS FOR CHILD CARE EVENT
"JUST US KIDS" CHILD CARE CENTER
April 12, 1999**

- **Acknowledgments:** Senator Chris Dodd; Janet Reno, Attorney General; Ann Brown, Chairman of the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission; Dave Barrum, Administrator of the General Services Administration; Carole Black, President and CEO of Lifetime Television; Pam Simon, Director of "Just Us Kids," a federally-sponsored child care facility; and Cynthia Schneider, parent.
- I am delighted to join all the parents and experts here today to talk about a critically important issue -- how to empower parents and child care providers to provide the very best care for our children. We know that millions of Americans, struggling to be both good parents and good workers, rely on child care and after-school programs for part of each day. And we know that we all have a stake in making sure that no parent has to choose between the job they need and the children they love. But unfortunately not all parents have child care choices like this wonderful center.
- And so we are here to highlight two important new efforts designed to empower parents to make the child care choices that are right for them and their families.

(1) New Study on Child Care Safety. I'm pleased that the Consumer Product Safety Commission is today releasing new vital information for parents and child care providers designed to keep our children safe, prevent injuries and even save lives. As many of us who have "child-proofed" a home know, there are details that even the most thorough person may overlook that could place children at risk of harm. On the basis of a random study of child care facilities around the country, the Commission has produced a simple Child Care Safety Checklist for parents and caregivers to identify and correct "hidden hazards" in child care facilities -- and in the home.

Parents and child care providers want to do the very best for children and we hope that this important new information will empower them to do just that. Parents and caregivers can play a critical role in making sure child care settings are safe by asking the right questions and looking for specific hazards. For instance, by making sure that window blinds do not have looped cords, we can prevent children from strangulation. By making sure that playground surfacing is safe -- with wood chips, sand, mulch, or other surface covering -- we can protect against injuries from falls, especially head injuries. And, by making sure that no soft bedding exists where babies sleep, we can prevent Sudden Infant Death Syndrome and suffocation.

For 25 years, America's families have benefitted from the Consumer Product Safety Commission's dedication to preventing injuries and saving lives. I'm very pleased that the Commission will be mounting an aggressive campaign to get this checklist into the hands of all caregivers so that they can ensure that their facilities are checked for any possible hidden safety hazard. There will be other partners, as well. For instance, the General Services Administration will be joining this effort by ensuring that the federally-sponsored child care facilities in their supervision will have these materials right away. Also, I am pleased to announce that by this Mother's Day, GSA will connect all of its child care facilities to the Internet so that caregivers can receive up-to-the-minute safety notices and communicate with parents.

(2) New Efforts From Lifetime Television. Another important way to empower parents is to ensure that their voices are heard. Too often, discussions about child care challenges take place around the water cooler or the kitchen table -- and aren't heard by the policy-makers who can help them. I'm so grateful that Lifetime Television is bringing its unique powers of amplification to this important issue -- to ensure that parents know that they are not alone in their child care struggles and to encourage them to speak up and speak out. Lifetime will be hosting a series of events around the country which will engage parents in this important discussion. And I'm pleased to announce that the General Services Administration will be partnering with Lifetime and use its child care settings around the country as venues for dialogues on parents' child care struggles.

- **Greater Federal Investment in Child Care is Needed.** But the President and I believe that more must be done at the federal level to make child care better, safer and more affordable for America's working families. That is why the President has included in his budget request significant new investments in child care -- to help working families pay for child care, build a good supply of after-school programs, improve the safety and quality of care, and promote early learning.

Central to the President's plan is to provide more help to low-income working families paying for child care. Today, these families spend up to 25 percent of their incomes on child care, and assistance is scarce. According to the most recent figures, ten million families are eligible for federal subsidies, yet only 1.25 million received support in 1997.

So, I am pleased that the Senate -- under the leadership of Senators Dodd and Jeffords and with strong bipartisan support -- recently approved significant new funding for child care subsidies to help low-income families pay for child care. I hope Congress takes this critical step to give America's working families the child care support they need to thrive.

- **Parents Voices Must Be Heard.** It is critical that as our nation's leaders discuss these issues, they listen to the voices and the struggles of parents. When they do, we will ensure that families have access to safe, affordable child care. Let us work together to make this year that we address the pressing child care needs of America's working families.

FINISHED EDITING--NEEDS TO BE EDITED

**FIRST LADY HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
REMARKS TO JUST US KIDS CHILD CARE
APRIL 12, 1999**

Thank you so much. Well, I am delighted to be part of this event. And I want to thank all the children who are here who have been so good. And I promise that I will be quite fast and you can get back to a lot more fun than just listening to all of us talk. But I did want to thank everyone who is here and is a part of this model center and part of the announcement that we are making this morning. Starting with our Attorney General and our Deputy Attorney General, I want to thank Janet Reno and Eric Holder for their leadership. They understand that law enforcement is a much broader concept than just understanding how to punish and apprehend criminals but they do understand clearly, as Cynthia just said, that what we need to do is to build up the kind of country we are by taking care of our children so that we try to prevent problems before they occur. I want to thank Cynthia for her introduction and also her commitment to government (**inaudible**) service.

I am also delighted that Tate Barren, the Administrator of General Services Administration, is here. He's been a long time friend of mine and someone who cares deeply about the quality of life within our government buildings, including taking care of our children. I want to thank Pam Simmons, the Director of Just Us Kids, it took me awhile to get Just Us Kids. I finally got it, get it justice? Pam has been involved with caring for the children of government employees for a number of years and does an excellent job. And I particularly want to thank our two members of Congress who are here, Congressman Ben Cardin from Maryland is here. And Ben is a long time and stalwart supporter of the needs of families, particularly working families, which includes child care, health care, and other necessities. And Senator Chris Dodd, who has been the champion of child care legislation for many many years. And along with some colleagues of his, they worked successfully to obtain some money earmarked for child care in the recent budget resolution. And I am always glad to be anywhere with Ann Brown because I know that when Ann shows up things happen. And I've been with Ann on other occasions in the last several years and know first hand that her devotion to consumer product safety and particularly to protecting children from faulty or inadequate consumer products is one that runs very deeply with her.

We're here to highlight two important new efforts that are really designed to empower parents. In all the work I have done about child care, for more than 25 years now, much of it comes down to trying to create the issues in which parents can be more empowered to demand the kind of child care, the quality, affordable child care that they need for their children. Because parents could really do more to drive the child care market than they realize. And I think anything we can do to empower parents and enable them to raise their voices will help us to do a better job on that.

And that's really what you were hearing when Carol Blackman was talking about how to use the media and how to use the new forms of media, like the Internet, in combination to make it possible for parents to realize they have a lot to contribute. And I'll tell you more about that in a minute. But first let me thank the Consumer Product Safety Commission for this vital study which they completed, going into the child care centers seeing first hand. And as Ann often says this is not a blame game. This is an information and empowerment effort. If you find something wrong in a child care center that doesn't mean that people are deliberately doing it, they just don't know the impact. And we here, in announcing this study and trying to convey as broadly as possible, are trying to make it clear to parents and child care centers alike, here's what you need to do to make your facility safer.

And it's really kind of simple. The Commission produced this child care safety check list for parents and care givers to identify and correct hidden hazards in child care facilities and in the home, anywhere children spend a lot of time. So you can go through this and you can see what needs to be done about cribs or soft bedding or playground surfacing or maintenance or safety gauges, the kinds of issues that you may not notice at first. I have to say that when Ann brought to my attention clothing draw strings that was new to me. I can remember-I can't even count all the times I have taken a draw string and tightened it up around a child's neck so the child wouldn't get cold. And, you know, I didn't know until today that was something that could be a hazard to children.

So I think we are really on the right track by getting this information out through the Consumer Product Safety Commission under Ann's leadership. And I am also pleased that Ann is partnering with other government agencies. For instance, GSA will be making sure that the child care facilities under their supervision will have these materials right away so that I hope every child care center that GSA is responsible for will get one of these **(inaudible)** put on the website, right Ann, so that it can be accessed easily.

Also, I am pleased to announce that by Mother's Day, GSA will connect all of its child care facilities to the Internet so that care givers can receive up to the minute safety notices and communicate with parents. So I want to commend GSA under Dave Barren's leadership. I also want to commend and thank Lifetime Television. Carole briefly outlined for you all that they are doing on Lifetime and those 70 million plus viewers who turn into Lifetime are going to be given the opportunity to learn more about what they can do to help create a bigger supply, a more affordable supply of quality child care. I was listening to Carole when she was talking about the documentary and perhaps, Congressman Cardin and Senator Dodd, we could get a special showing on the Hill for staff members and Congressional members to actually see this. Maybe if we show it several times so that people who didn't get it the first time could come later. Because I think that the message does have to get across that this is a daily struggle for so many parents.

Lifetime will be hosting a series of events around the country that will engage parents in this discussion. And **(inaudible)** I'm pleased to announce that GSA will be partnering with Lifetime and use its child care settings around the country as venues for these dialogues. This is a good way for the private sector and the public sector to work together on behalf of an issue that is not

a partisan issue but one that is truly a part of who we are as Americans. But we know that in spite of these good efforts from the Consumer Product Safety Commission, from Lifetime, from GSA, in spite of the good programs that we have here of leadership and the Justice Department and very qualified child care providers, like Pam Simmons, there is a need for greater federal investment in child care.

And both the President and I believe strongly that more must be done at the federal level to make child care better, safer and more affordable for America's working families. That is why the President had included in his budget request significant new investments in child care to help working families pay for child care, build a good supply of after school programs, improve the safety and quality of care and promote early learning. Central to the President's plan is a provision to help low income working families pay for child care. Just think of this, today these families spend up to 25% of their income on child care. And there is just not enough subsidized care and puts parents in a terrible dilemma, they need to work.

You know, it's one thing to say, "Well, maybe a parent could get by on one salary". But in many instances that is not possible and in too many instances there is only one working parent in the home. So we have to do more to subsidize good quality child care. According to recent figures, 10 million families are eligible for federal subsidies yet only 1.25 million received support in 1997. So this is why I am so pleased that the Senate on leadership, Senators Dodd and Jeffers, and with strong bipartisan support, did recently approve significant new funding for child care subsidies to help low income families pay for child care. I hope that the entire Congress will take this step, it would make such a difference.

So let me again thank everyone who has enabled us to come to this beautiful to see first hand what a quality center looks like, to see beautiful children who are active and energetic, curious and to know that this is what we want for all the children of America. It does however come down to what Carole Black said, it comes down to empowering parents and I want to thank Carole for using the power of the media to get this message across. And also for linking that message on the media to actual votes in elections. I hope all the Presidential candidates will participate in Lifetime's forum. And I hope that the voting guides that Lifetime will create will be used by parents across the country to make important decisions about who represents them in Congress and who represents them in the state that they live so that these people will be on record as to whether or not they want to put their votes behind programs that will enable more parents to feel the kind of security that Cynthia described to us, while they are at work doing what they need to do for themselves, their families and I would argue for our country. Thank you very much.

LEVEL 1 - 14 OF 233 ITEMS

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April 12, 1999; Monday

LENGTH: 825 words

AGENCY: CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

SIC-MAJOR-GROUP: 04 - Trade

HEADLINE: FIRST LADY HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON JOINS CPSC TO RELEASE CHILD CARE SAFETY CHECKLIST

CONTACT: (301) 504-0580 EXT.1166

BODY:

WASHINGTON, D.C. - First Lady Hillary Rodham Clinton joined U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) Chairman Ann Brown today to kick off a national campaign to alert parents and caregivers to safety hazards in child care settings. Among the findings in a 1998 CPSC study of 220 child care settings across the United States, two-thirds had at least one safety hazard. CPSC visited four types of licensed child care settings, including federal, non-profit, for-profit and in-home. "Some hazards are obvious, like playground surfacing that has worn thin," said Brown. "Other hazards are hidden dangers that may not be obvious. Even the best parents and child care providers may not be aware of these hidden hazards."

Many child care settings provide safe environments for young children. Yet, CPSC knows of at least 56 children who have died in child care settings since 1990. In 1997, about 31,000 children, 4 years old and younger, were treated in U.S. hospital emergency rooms for injuries at child care and school settings.

The CPSC study looked at eight product areas with potential safety hazards in child care settings selected at random. Following are the results:

38 percent had children wearing outerwear with drawstrings at the neck. 27 percent did not keep the playground surfacing well-maintained. 24 percent did not have safe playground surfacing. 26 percent had loops on the window blind cords. 19 percent had cribs containing soft bedding. 13 percent did not use child safety gates where necessary. 5 percent were using products that had been recalled by CPSC.

To help remedy the situation, CPSC has prepared a Child Care Safety Checklist for child care providers and parents to use. The checklist will help caregivers become informed about hidden hazards by giving them a list of things to look for to make their homes and child care settings safer for children. Parents can use the checklist when choosing child care settings and ensuring that the child care provider is vigilant in monitoring product recall announcements and removing dangerous items.

"The Child Care Safety Checklist will provide parents and child care providers with the information they need to ensure that children are safe in all child care settings," said First Lady Hillary Rodham Clinton. "This effort is part of the Administration's commitment to making child care better, safer and more affordable for America's working families."

"The safety of the children in our centers has always been of paramount importance," said David J. Barram, Administrator of the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA), which administers 112 Federal childcare centers nationwide. "To do our job even better, by Mother's Day 1999 we will have computers online in all of our centers. Then, at a moment's notice, we can pass along safety alerts from CPSC. Those computers also can be used to provide a network for all GSA childcare centers to share best practices, ideas and information to improve all aspects of Federal childcare."

CPSC is sending the checklist to many groups nationwide, including the National Child Care Information Center, National Association for the Education of Young Children, Head Start, state licensing authorities and other providers and organizations that work with them. To get a free hard copy of the checklist, send a postcard to Child Care Safety Checklist, CPSC, Washington, DC 20207. "We want to get a checklist in the hands of every caregiver," said Brown. "Child care providers should use this checklist to go through their facility and make it a safer place for the children in their care."

To get all CPSC recall information sent directly to you or your facility by fax, send a fax with your name and fax number to (301) 504-0399. To receive this information by e-mail, visit our e-mail subscription list page, where there are detailed instructions (in brief, send an e-mail message to listproc@cpsc.gov and, in the message area, enter: Join CPSCINFO-

The U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission protects the public from unreasonable risk of injury or death from 15,000 types of consumer products under the agency's jurisdiction. To report a dangerous product or a product-related injury and for information on CPSC's fax-on-demand service, call CPSC's hotline at (800) 638-2772 or CPSC's teletypewriter at (800) 638-8270. To order a press release through fax-on-demand, call (301) 504-0051 from the handset of your fax machine and enter the release number. Consumers can obtain this release and recall information at CPSC's web site at <http://www.cpsc.gov>. Consumers can report product hazards to info@cpsc.gov.

REGION: 4th U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals - Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Washington, D.C.

INDUSTRY-CODE: Justice, public order, and safety

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

LOAD-DATE: May 5, 1999

LEVEL 1 - 12 OF 233 ITEMS

Copyright 1999 M2 Communications Ltd.
M2 PRESSWIRE

April 13, 1999

LENGTH: 723 words

HEADLINE: US CPSC

First Lady Hillary Rodham Clinton joins CPSC to release child care safety checklist

DATELINE: WASHINGTON, D.C.

BODY:

First Lady Hillary Rodham Clinton joined U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) Chairman Ann Brown today to kick off a national campaign to alert parents and caregivers to safety hazards in child care settings. Among the findings in a 1998 CPSC study of 220 child care settings across the United States, two-thirds had at least one safety hazard. CPSC visited four types of licensed child care settings, including federal, non-profit, for-profit and in-home.

"Some hazards are obvious, like playground surfacing that has worn thin," said Brown. "Other hazards are hidden dangers that may not be obvious. Even the best parents and child care providers may not be aware of these hidden hazards."

Many child care settings provide safe environments for young children. Yet, CPSC knows of at least 56 children who have died in child care settings since 1990. In 1997, about 31,000 children, 4 years old and younger, were treated in U.S. hospital emergency rooms for injuries at child care and school settings.

The CPSC study looked at eight product areas with potential safety hazards in child care settings selected at random. Following are the results:

* 38 percent had children wearing outerwear with drawstrings at the neck. * 27 percent did not keep the playground surfacing well-maintained. * 24 percent did not have safe playground surfacing. * 26 percent had loops on the window blind cords. * 19 percent had cribs containing soft bedding. * 13 percent did not use child safety gates where necessary. * 8 percent had cribs that did not meet current safety standards. * 5 percent were using products that had been recalled by CPSC.

To help remedy the situation, CPSC has prepared a Child Care Safety Checklist for child care providers and parents to use. The checklist will help caregivers become informed about hidden hazards by giving them a list of things to look for to make their homes and child care settings safer for children. Parents can use the checklist when choosing child care settings and ensuring that the child care provider is vigilant in monitoring product recall announcements and removing dangerous items.

"The Child Care Safety Checklist will provide parents and child care providers with the information they need to ensure that children are safe in all

M2 PRESSWIRE April 13, 1999

child care settings," said First Lady Hillary Rodham Clinton. "This effort is part of the Administration's commitment to making child care better, safer and more affordable for America's working families."

"The safety of the children in our centers has always been of paramount importance," said David J. Barram, Administrator of the U.S. General Services Administration (GSA), which administers 112 Federal childcare centers nationwide. "To do our job even better, by Mother's Day 1999 we will have computers online in all of our centers. Then, at a moment's notice, we can pass along safety alerts from CPSC. Those computers also can be used to provide a network for all GSA childcare centers to share best practices, ideas and information to improve all aspects of Federal childcare."

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"We want to get a checklist in the hands of every caregiver," said Brown. "Child care providers should use this checklist to go through their facility and make it a safer place for the children in their care."

To get all CPSC recall information sent directly to you or your facility by fax, send a fax with your name and fax number to (301) 504-0399.

The U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission protects the public from unreasonable risks of injury or death from 15,000 types of consumer products under the agency's jurisdiction. To report a dangerous product or a product-related injury, call CPSC's hotline at (800) 638-2772 or CPSC's teletypewriter at (800) 638-8270, or visit CPSC's web site at <http://www.cpsc.gov/talk.html>.

CONTACT: Russ Rader
Tel: +1 301 504 0580 x 1166

LANGUAGE: English

LOAD-DATE: April 14, 1999

LEVEL 1 - 13 OF 233 ITEMS

Copyright 1999 Video Monitoring Services of America, L.P.

Video Monitoring Services of America

SHOW: News 3 Early Morning

April 13, 1999, Tuesday AM

NETWORK: WISC-TV

MEDIUM: Television

TYPE: Television

LENGTH: 34 words

BODY:

START: 30.39

Day Care Centers. The First Lady is warning parents to take a close look at their day care centers.

Interview - Hillary Clinton, First Lady, talks about childcare centers.

END: 31.32

SEGMENT-ID: 25

PROGRAM-ID: wisc07000413

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

LOAD-DATE: May 17, 1999

**PHOTOCOPY
PRESERVATION**

4/19/77

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
MONDAY APRIL 19, 1999

FINAL

WASHINGTON, DC / NEW YORK, NEW YORK / GARDEN CITY, NEW YORK

TRAVELING PARTY: THE FIRST LADY
SECRETARY RODNAY SLATER [DC-NY only]
WHITNEY WILLIAMS
RALPH ALSWANG
MARSHA BERRY
KELLY CRAIGHEAD
ELLEN LOVELL
NEERA TANDEN
MELANNE VERVEER
JULIA TAFT, STATE DEPARTMENT

MANHATTAN

LEAD ADVANCE: RICK JASCULCA
WALDORF ASTORIA HOTEL ROOM 886
212/355-3000 PHONE
716/767-1053 FAX
800/759-7243 PIN#217-1016

SITE ADVANCE: JAYCEE PRIBULSKY ROOM 1276
202/395-1563 CELL PHONE
800-953-5042.1 PIN#157-8360

SITE ADVANCE: PAUL RIVERA ROOM 2141
800-759-PAGE PIN#164-8257

SITE ADVANCE: DEHDAN MILLER ROOM 1229

PRESS ADVANCE: CRAIG MINASSIAN
800-953-5042 PAGER

SCHEDULER: EVAN RYAN
202/456-6751 PHONE
202/456-5340 FAX
202/483-0383 HOME
WHCA PAGER #4223

PREV RON The White House

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
002. schedule	Schedule for Hillary Rodham Clinton (partial) (6 pages)	04/19/1999	b(7)(E)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
First Lady's Office
Melanne Verveer
OA/Box Number: 19011

FOLDER TITLE:

Childcare #6 [Binder] [1]

2013-0534-S

ry1699

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
MONDAY APRIL 19, 1999

7:30 am DEPART South Portico
EN ROUTE Andrews Air Force Base
[drive time: 15 minutes]

MOTORCADE MANIFEST

LIMO: THE FIRST LADY

STAFF VAN: WILLIAMS, ALSWANG, BERRY, CRAIGHEAD, LOVELL, VERVEER,
TAFT, TANDEN, FULLER

7:45 am ARRIVE Andrews Air Force Base

7:55 am WHEELS UP Andrews Air Force Base
EN ROUTE LaGuardia International Airport
[flight time: 45 minutes]
[meal: breakfast]

8:40 am WHEELS DOWN LaGuardia International Airport

8:50 am DEPART LaGuardia International Airport
EN ROUTE U.S. Mission - United Nations
[drive time: 35 minutes]

[002]

(b)(7)e

9:25 am ARRIVE U.S. Mission - United Nations

11th FLOOR GREETERS:
Ambassador Peter Burleigh

9:30 am- FOUNDATIONS MEETING
10:30 am Ambassador's Conference Room
U.S. Mission
United Nations
Hold: Permanent Representative's Office
Phone: 212/415-4404
Fax: 212/415-4303
Staff Hold: Office #1
POOL SPRAY (at top before discussion)/WH PHOTO

PARTICIPANTS: 15 guests

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
MONDAY APRIL 19, 1999

10:30 am- **PRESS AVAILABILITY**
10:45 am 12th Floor
U.S. Mission
United Nations
Hold: Permanent Representative's Office
Phone: 212/415-4404
Fax: 212/415-4303
Staff Hold: Office #1
OPEN PRESS

FORMAT:

- The First Lady makes brief remarks.
- Julia Taft, State Department, makes brief remarks.
- Rebecca Rimel, Pew Charitable Trust, makes brief remarks.
- Possible q&a.

CONTACT: Melanne Verveer 202/456-6266

10:50 am **DEPART U.S. Mission**
EN ROUTE Central Park - 72nd and 5th entrance
[drive time: 20 minutes]

(b)(7)e

11:10 am **ARRIVE** Central Park - Boathouse

GREETER:

Patricia Banks, General Manager, Boathouse

11:15 am- **MEET & GREET**
11:20 am Below the Flagpole
Boathouse
Central Park
Hold: Sales Office
Phone: 212/988-0575
Fax: 212/517-8821
CLOSED PRESS/WH PHOTO

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
MONDAY APRIL 19, 1999

PARTICIPANTS: 13 guests

11:20 am-
11:50 am

TRAILS CONSERVANCY EVENT

Boathouse
Central Park
Hold: Sales Office
Phone: 212/988-0575
Fax: 212/517-8821
OPEN PRESS

FORMAT:

-Wendy Paulson makes welcoming remarks and introduces David Burwell.

-David Burwell, President, Rails to Trails Conservancy, makes remarks and introduces Manhattan Borough President C. Virginia Fields.

-Manhattan Borough President C. Virginia Fields makes remarks and introduces Congresswoman Carolyn Maloney.

-Congresswoman Carolyn Maloney makes remarks and introduces Senator Chuck Schumer.

-Senator Schumer makes remarks and introduces Secretary Rodney Slater.

-Secretary Slater makes remarks and introduces the First Lady.

PARTICIPANTS: 100 guests

CONTACT: Ellen Lovell 202/456-2000

11:55 am

DEPART Central Park
EN ROUTE The Waldorf Astoria
[drive time: 15 minutes]

(b)(7)e

12:10 pm

ARRIVE The Waldorf Astoria

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
MONDAY APRIL 19, 1999

GREETER: Pat O'Connell, Former President, Women in Communication

12:15 pm-
1:50 pm

1999 MATRIX AWARDS LUNCHEON
The Ballroom
Waldorf Astoria
OPEN PRESS

FORMAT:

-The First Lady is announced onto the dais and proceeds to her seat.

-Lunch is served.

-Martha Nelson, emcee, introduces Geraldine Laybourne.

-Geraldine Laybourne presents award to Esther Dyson.

-Esther Dyson makes brief acceptance remarks.

-Martha Nelson introduces Mike Nichols.

-Mike Nichols presents award to Meryl Streep.

-Meryl Streep makes brief acceptance remarks.

-Martha Nelson introduces Joan Hamburg.

-Joan Hamburg presents award to Dorothy Kalins.

-Dorothy Kalins makes brief acceptance remarks.

-Martha Nelson introduces HUD Secretary Andrew Cuomo.

-Secretary Andrew Cuomo presents award to Debbie Krenek.

-Debbie Krenek makes brief acceptance remarks.

-Martha Nelson introduces Nora Ephron.

-Nora Ephron presents award to Nan Talese.

-Nan Talese makes brief acceptance remarks.

-Martha Nelson introduces Donna Hanover.

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
MONDAY APRIL 19, 1999

- Donna Hanover presents award to Linda Srere.
- Linda Srere makes brief acceptance remarks.
- Martha Nelson introduces Jack Welch.
- Jack Welch presents award to Joyce Hergenhan.
- Joyce Hergenhan makes brief acceptance remarks.
- Martha Neslon introduces the First Lady.
- The First Lady presents award to Katie Couric,
and they pose for a photo.
- Katie Couric makes brief acceptance remarks.
- Martha Nelson closes the program.
- The First Lady and dais participants exit.

PARTICIPANTS: 1400 guests

CONTACT: Catherine Carlozzi 973/857-1197

1:55 pm-
2:30 pm

DOWN/HOLD

2:30 pm

DEPART Waldorf Astoria
EN ROUTE Teachers' College - Columbia University
[drive time: 30 minutes]

(b)(7)e

3:00 pm

ARRIVE Teachers' College - Columbia University

GREETERS: President Levine

PAGE 6

3:05 pm-

MEET & GREET

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
MONDAY APRIL 19, 1999

3:20 pm President's Office
 Main Hall
 Teachers' College
 Columbia University
 Hold: Scott Fahey's Office
 Phone: 212/678-4194
 Fax: 212/678-3205
 Staff Hold: President's Office
 CLOSED PRESS/WH PHOTO

PARTICIPANTS: 25 guests

OPTIONAL:

3:25 pm- **DROP-BY** Overflow Room
3:35 pm Milbank Chapel
 Main Hall
 Teachers' College
 Columbia University
 Hold: Scott Fahey's Office
 Phone: 212/678-4194
 Fax: 212/678-3205
 Staff Hold: President's Office
 CLOSED PRESS/WH PHOTO

PARTICIPANTS: 200 guests expected.

3:40 pm- **JILL AND KEN ISCOL LECTURE SERIES**
4:20 pm Horace Mann Auditorium
 Teachers' College
 Columbia University
 Hold: Scott Fahey's Office
 Phone: 212/678-4194
 Fax: 212/678-3205
 Staff Hold: President's Office
 OPEN PRESS

FORMAT:

-Offstage announcement of the First Lady and speaking participants.

-Teachers' College President Arthur Levine introduces the Margaret Douglas Choir.

-Choir performs.

-President Levine introduces Dr. Jill Iscol.

PAGE 7

-Dr. Jill Iscol makes remarks and introduces the First Lady.

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
MONDAY APRIL 19, 1999

-The First Lady makes remarks.

-Jill Iscol presents a gift to the First Lady.

-The First Lady has the option of working a ropeline right to left as she departs.

PARTICIPANTS: 600 guests

CONTACT: Amanda Wasson 212/678-3816

4:25 pm

DEPART Teachers' College - Columbia University
EN ROUTE The Waldorf Astoria
[drive time: 30 minutes]

(b)(7)e

4:55 pm

ARRIVE The Waldorf Astoria

5:00 pm-

DOWN TIME

6:00 pm

6:00 pm

DEPART The Waldorf Astoria
EN ROUTE The Mark
[drive time: 15 minutes]

(b)(7)e

6:15 pm

ARRIVE The Mark

GREETER:

Dr. Tom Schutte, President, The Pratt Institute

PAGE 8

6:20 pm-

MEET & GREET

6:25 pm

Drawing Room
The Mark

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
MONDAY APRIL 19, 1999

Attire: Business
Hold: n/a
CLOSED PRESS/WH PHOTO

PARTICIPANTS: 9 guests

6:20 pm-
6:35 pm

THE BLACK ALUMNI OF PRATT SCHOLARSHIP FUND 8TH
ANNUAL "CELEBRATION OF THE CREATIVE SPIRIT AWARD"
BENEFIT DINNER
The Mark Suite
The Mark
East 77th Street
Attire: Business
Hold: n/a
OPEN PRESS

FORMAT:

-Dr. Tom Schutte, President, The Pratt Institute,
introduces the First Lady.

-The First Lady makes brief remarks recognizing
awardees and presents award to Townsend Wolfe.

-A photo is taken of the First Lady with awardess.

-The First Lady has the option of working a
ropeline on departure.

PARTICIPANTS: 150 guests

CONTACT: Dwight Johnson 718/636-3472

6:40 pm

DEPART The Mark
EN ROUTE 2 East 79th Street
[drive time: 10 minutes]

(b)(7)e

6:50 pm

ARRIVE 2 East 79th Street

PAGE 9

6:55 pm-
7:00 pm

MEET & GREET
Parlor
Ukrainian Institute of America

April 16, 1999

**DROP BY AT JEWISH CHILD CARE ASSOCIATION
175th ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION**

Date: Monday, April 19
Time: 9:10 pm - 9:35 pm
Location: Chipriani Wall Street
New York, N.Y.
From: Ruby Shamir

I. PURPOSE

To participate in the 175th anniversary celebration of the Jewish Child Care Association (JCCA).

II. BACKGROUND

JCCA Today

The JCCA is a comprehensive, multi-cultural, child and family service agency with a mission of strengthening families and helping them reunite quickly when a separation has been necessary. JCCA's programs and facilities are located in many New York City communities and in Westchester County. The organization's continuum of care consists of a wide array of non-sectarian, publicly funded programs for the community at large, including adoption services, early childhood programs, educational programs, family development programs, foster home care, residential treatment centers and outpatient mental health and preventive services. Additionally, the JCCA operates programs tailored specifically for the Jewish community including family day care -- largely operated within the immigrant Russian community -- group day care, and independent adoption. The JCCA serves about 9,000 children and families members annually, and there are approximately 1,300 children in the JCCA's care each day.

The JCCA has developed a superb record of helping families reunite, and of moving children quickly toward adoption -- its adoption record exceeds the standard set by the city of New York. It has also developed an independent living program for all children older than seven who are in foster care. The JCCA funds practice-based research and quality assurance programs so that it can learn more about what works and its medical department works with staff and families to help infants at risk.

In the 1960s, the JCCA became publicly funded and mostly non-sectarian. It receives a majority of its funds from the City and State of New York. Approximately 6.5% of its budget consists of philanthropic assistance. The JCCA receives contributions from the New York Times Neediest Cases fund and the New York Times publishes articles every few weeks about a JCCA success story.

History of JCCA

In 1940, 19 major Jewish child welfare organizations merged under the umbrella of the JCCA.

However, JCCA history dates back to 1822 when a parent of today's JCCA, the Hebrew Benevolent Society, was established as a private, sectarian organization to provide services for poor Jewish people in need, including widows, veterans and children. Forty years later, orphanages specifically for children were created as people came to realize that children needed special attention. These institutions were large dormitories that housed as many as 1200 orphaned, half-orphaned and other destitute children -- they often held 100 beds in a single large room. Art Buchwald, a child of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum who will attend the event, described the architecture of his orphanage as "early Sing Sing."

In the early 1900s, the JCCA developed the more home-like Pleasantville Cottage School, a group living situation in the country to replace the big orphanages. Over time, as attitudes towards child rearing shifted and social needs changed, the JCCA embraced quality foster care and adoption programs as well as family child care, forming an extensive and progressive approach to caring for children and supporting families that has endured.

Evening Program

Before you arrive, the evening's program will feature a number of speakers including: Barbara Mann and Arthur Maslow, chairs of the event; Joyce Kramer, President of the Board of Trustees of the JCCA; Paul Gitelson, Executive Vice President of JCCA; and the Honorable Peter Vallone, New York City Council President. The honorees of the evening, Stephen Sokoloff, a former JCCA president, and Alan Tishman, JCCA Trustee and President of Tishman Management and Leasing Corporation, will both speak. Afterwards, three JCCA alumni will tell their personal stories.

You will arrive at the end of the dinner program. As you are introduced by Ms. Kramer, Zavia Warren, a 12 year old adopted girl, will present to you a JCCA certificate honoring your continued commitment to the welfare of children. This event is not a fundraiser and the audience will consist of JCCA trustees, their guests, executive staff, city officials and as many as 20 recent and historic alumni.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Speaking Program

- Joyce Kramer, President of the Board of Trustees of the JCCA
- The First Lady

IV. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- Joyce Kramer, President of the JCCA, announces you into the room.
- Ms. Kramer makes very brief introductory remarks.
- Zavia Warren, a 12 year old adopted girl, presents you with a certificate of honor.
- You will make remarks and close the program.

V. PRESS PLAN

- Open Press.

VI. REMARKS

- Talking Points Attached.

VII. ATTACHMENTS

- Meet and Greet List
- Bios of Stephen Sokoloff and Alan Tishman, event honorees
- New York Times story on the JCCA

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February 11, 1999, Thursday, Late Edition - Final

SECTION: Section B; Page 4; Column 1; Metropolitan Desk

LENGTH: 947 words

HEADLINE: The Neediest Cases;
Regaining a Sense of Security, and a Sense of Pride

BYLINE: By MARTIN STOLZ

BODY:

Alide P. has a gentle way of speaking and a beautiful lilting inflection when she is at ease. But whenever she gets upset, she says, her English heads south, lost in tears and Haitian Creole.

One day in 1997, she could not speak at all, after a city worker told her over the phone that she and her daughter were going to lose their welfare benefits.

Because Alide could not explain her situation, she hung up the phone believing the worst would happen.

Caught in a sense of utter powerlessness, aggravated perhaps by a history of mistreatment, Alide began anticipating more dreadful scenarios. She would not be able to feed her 8-year-old daughter, Nadia. The authorities would take the child away from her. Her life would be worthless.

At that point, Alide became desperate. She would kill herself, she thought. And she would have to kill Nadia, too, rather than leave her to fend for herself.

Carefully, Alide crafted a plan; weeping, she entered it in her journal.

But Alide's daughter, who is mildly retarded, sensed her distress. She took to school the journal that seemed to be making her mother so unhappy. There, she showed it to her teacher.

A mobile crisis unit immediately descended on Alide's home and referred her to a place where she could get help: the Jewish Child Care Association, an affiliate of the UJA-Federation of New York, one of seven charities supported by The New York Times Neediest Cases Fund.

In the last year, with the agency's help, Alide has put a stop to the downward trend of her life. She and Nadia now have a steady sense of security.

Alide's life had taken several bad turns since she moved to New York from Haiti in 1982. Two years after her arrival, when she was 22, she became pregnant. Her father, who was also her landlord, was angry. He evicted her from the basement apartment of his Brooklyn apartment building.

After she had the baby, a boy, she was allowed to sleep in the unheated hallway of her father's building. The boy died of pneumonia before he was 2.

"I think he was cold," she said. "I cried every day. I passed four years crying."

Alide and the father of her child married and had another child, Nadia, in 1989.

Alide was delighted with the little girl, but had morbid fears that she would lose that child, too.

But a threat came from another direction: her husband. Their marriage deteriorated from its roots as a childhood romance in Haiti to a torrent of violent abuse, and Alide went into hiding in 1994.

When she emerged a year later, Alide found a studio apartment in Flatbush to share with her daughter. They relied on public assistance and Medicaid, not quite making ends meet.

Then came a call to the Administration for Children's Services, one day when Alide and Nadia had an appointment there but were delayed at Nadia's school. Her regular case worker was out, so Alide spoke with a supervisor and was stunned when she was told that her benefits would be taken away.

"I was mad," Alide explained. "I start crying instead of talking. Every time I start to cry, I lose my English. I can't speak."

With her nerves already on edge, Alide felt crushed when a letter arrived from her daughter's public school about uniforms, a new school policy.

She had no money but a load of pride, and her inability to provide the uniform for Nadia pushed Alide over the edge of hopelessness.

She prepared a note for the school, explaining that Nadia would not have a uniform for a while. But in a journal, Alide wrote her darker thoughts.

"I started writing everything down, my feelings," she said. "I was crying and crying. My daughter saw me writing, and she said, 'Mommy, why are you crying?' "

The next day, Nadia took the notebook to school and her mother finally got some help.

A case worker from the Jewish Child Care Association successfully lobbied to restore Alide's welfare benefits, emergency funds for a school uniform and a seven-month extension of Medicaid. *

After Alide finished Fresh Start, a three-month job-training program offered by the city, she was hired to work in a midtown hotel nearly a year ago. She now has private insurance, is off Medicaid and public assistance and is the proud owner of a plaque recognizing her as the hotel's "Employee of the Month" for December. "I'm a housekeeper," she said, "a great one."

HOW TO HELP

Checks payable to The New York Times Neediest Cases Fund should be sent to P.O. Box 5193, General Post Office, New York, N.Y. 10087, or any of these organizations:

BROOKLYN BUREAU OF COMMUNITY SERVICE
285 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn, N.Y. 11217.

CATHOLIC CHARITIES OF THE ARCHDIOCESE OF NEW YORK
1011 First Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10022.

CATHOLIC CHARITIES, DIOCESE OF BROOKLYN AND QUEENS
191 Joralemon Street, Brooklyn, N.Y. 11201.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY
105 East 22d Street, New York, N.Y. 10010.

COMMUNITY SERVICE SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
105 East 22d Street, New York, N.Y. 10010.

FEDERATION OF PROTESTANT WELFARE AGENCIES
281 Park Avenue South, New York, N.Y. 10010.

UJA-FEDERATION OF NEW YORK
Church Street Station, P.O. Box 4100, New York, N.Y. 10261-4100

No agents or solicitors are authorized to seek contributions for The New York Times Neediest Cases Fund.

The Times pays the fund's expenses, so all contributions go directly to the charities, which use them to provide services and cash assistance to the poor.

Contributions to the fund are deductible on Federal, state and city income taxes to the extent permitted by law.

To delay may mean to forget.

Previously recorded \$5,323,921.95
Recorded yesterday 11,027.12

Total \$5,334,949.07

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

LOAD-DATE: February 11, 1999

After a Troubled Start, a Teen-Ager Gets a Nudge Toward College

By MATTHEW J. ROSENBERG

When Nigem D., a college freshman, thinks about the kind of life he could be leading, he remembers his friend Burnell. The last time he heard about him, Burnell was in jail on charges of drug possession.

They met at the Pleasantville Residential Treatment Center in Westchester County, N.Y., when both were 14. They had been sent there by the Administration for Children's Services — New York City's child welfare agency — after causing disciplinary problems while in foster care. After a year at Pleasantville, they moved on to a group home in the Midwood section of Brooklyn.

"That place was probably the nicest place I'd lived," Nigem, who is now 18, said of the group home. "The furniture, the floors, the beds, the food — it was all beautiful."

For Nigem, who came to the attention of Children's Services after his mother left him home alone without food or electricity at age 7, moving to the Pleasantville center was a turning point. After an initial period of rebellion, he decided that he would be better off if he behaved, and he continued in that mind-set after he moved to the group home.

But Burnell drifted back into the life of crime and drugs that they had both been exposed to from an early

Previously recorded	\$2,952,313.37
Recorded yesterday	\$259,646.49
Total	\$3,211,959.86

age, Nigem said.

"He was all straight and uptight at Pleasantville," he recalled. "But once he was back in the city, he started buying marijuana with his allowance and hanging with gangster types in the neighborhood."

Nigem did not follow that path. He used his experiences at Pleasantville, two group homes and a youth residence to escape the world of drugs and violence that his parents inhabited.

All those temporary homes for teen-agers with troubled backgrounds are run by the Jewish Child Care Association, an affiliate of the UJA-Federation of New York, one of the seven local charities supported by The New York Times Neediest Cases Fund.

Nigem's story is a familiar one at the group homes and residential centers. He does not remember who found him in the dark apartment near Yankee Stadium when he was 7. But he does know that his mother, who was addicted to crack cocaine, had a history of neglecting him. And he knows that his father had been in and out of jail since Nigem was 4 months old.

Nigem was sent to live with his aunt in an arrangement called kin-

ship foster care. But Nigem's aunt lived in a tiny two-bedroom apartment in the Brownsville section of Brooklyn and had three children of her own. In 1990, two more cousins moved in after another aunt began using drugs.

Nigem said the situation made it easy for him to hang out late into the night with friends drinking and using drugs. He also developed a violent temper and had fights with his

HOW TO HELP

Checks payable to The New York Times Neediest Cases Fund should be sent to P.O. Box 5193, General Post Office, New York, N.Y. 10087, or any of these organizations:

BROOKLYN BUREAU OF COMMUNITY SERVICE 285 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn, N.Y. 11217.

CATHOLIC CHARITIES OF THE ARCHDIOCESE OF NEW YORK 1011 First Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10022.

CATHOLIC CHARITIES, DIOCESE OF BROOKLYN AND QUEENS 191 Joralemon Street, Brooklyn, N.Y. 11201.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY 105 East 22d Street, New York, N.Y. 10010.

COMMUNITY SERVICE SOCIETY OF NEW YORK 105 East 22d Street, New York, N.Y. 10010.

FEDERATION OF PROTESTANT WELFARE AGENCIES 281 Park Avenue South, New York, N.Y. 10010.

UJA-FEDERATION OF NEW YORK Church Street Station, P.O. Box 4100, New York, N.Y. 10261-4100.

No agents or solicitors are authorized to seek contributions for The New York Times Neediest Cases Fund.

The Times pays the fund's expenses, so all contributions go directly to the charities, which use them to provide services and cash assistance to the poor.

Contributions to the fund are deductible on Federal, state and city income taxes to the extent permitted by law.

To delay may mean to forget.

against the rules. He said he often found himself placed on restriction — in effect, grounded — during the meager daily recreation time the residents were allotted.

"I got tired of getting in trouble," Nigem said. "I realized that if I didn't get with their system, I'd eventually be kicked out and end up back in my old life. But there were things there I didn't want to give up."

Basketball was one of them. Playing on the team at the treatment center helped him focus his energies in a positive direction, he said. Today, he continues to play as a guard on the team at the State University of New York at Old Westbury, where he just completed his first semester.

Last March, Nigem moved to the Youth Residence Center on the Upper East Side of Manhattan. Nigem credits the atmosphere there with helping him resist the temptations to drink and use drugs when he is out on his own.

The center is meant to give young adults, ages 16 to 21, a taste of the freedom they will know as adults, said Richard Johnson, its director. The residents are allowed to come and go as they please as long as they are drug-free and employed or in school.

"The main goal of all of our centers and group homes, is to teach the kids how to move on in life," Mr. Johnson said. "Unfortunately, we only have the money to help a small percentage of those who need help, like Nigem did."

The New York Times Dec. 1998

Talking Points for JCCA's 175th Anniversary Celebration April 19, 1999

JCCA is committed to the Jewish tradition of *Tikkun Olam*, the obligation of every person to "repair the world" offering help to people who need it—both Jews and non-Jews.

There will be JCCA alumni at the event, among them: a former foster child—a young Haitian immigrant woman—who just graduated from Harvard Medical School; men and women in their 80s—a former burlesque queen, an attorney, etc.: a young man who turned 21 just a few days ago and "aged out."

JCCA's story is the history of child welfare.

JCCA's history of caring for children is older than the City of New York. (175 years compared to 100)

1820's Hebrew Benevolent Society established to provide services for poor Jewish people—widows, veterans and children included as part of the undifferentiated "needy."

Slowly, people came to realize that children need special attention. JCCA's first orphanages were established in the 1860's.

They were huge institutions—Brooklyn Hebrew Orphan Asylum housed 1200 children, Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society had 1000. Children slept in dormitories—100 beds in rows.

Early 1900s—realization that a more homelike environment was better for kids. Pleasantville Cottage School was built in the country to replace a giant orphanage.

By 1920, children were being placed in foster homes as a more "normal" environment than even the best institution.

BUT, even back then most orphans were not orphans, they had families, but the families could not take care of them.

Programs to support families so children could stay home were established including outpatient clinics and, in the 1940s, the first Family Day Care program in NY State.

Today, JCCA works to see that every child has a permanent home—usually with his or her own family—and when that is not possible, with a new family through adoption. We have regularly exceeded the City's adoption goal for placing foster children with adoptive families.

Our commitment is to work collaboratively with families so that they can build on their strengths and keep their children safe and at home.

JCCA is proud of:

- its highly professional, well-trained staff;
- its superb record of helping families reunite;
- its ability to move children quickly toward adoption when that is the decision.
- JCCA has programs for the community at large, as well as programs specifically for the Jewish community.



ELINOR GUGGENHEIMER

1095 Park Avenue
New York N.Y. 10128

March 18, 1999

Dear Hillary:

I'm so sorry that I won't be with you today. I'm so grateful that you thought of me, and I did want to come to greet - more than you can imagine! - but as you know Randy is really not well and I hate being away from him at all now. These have been rather sad times for us. Randy has undergone a lot of radiation which has left him pretty weak and very tired. I stay home all the time but we do have a lot of friends who visit and I've even had a few business-type meetings at the house.

I've been working with Dr. Fontana, Chief of the Foundling Hospital, and with the Catholic hierarchy on a project to build a big center and a big program to deal with abandoned, abused and neglected children. They've met. He and his colleagues have met at my house. Also I've been helping Alan Tishman with plans for celebrating the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the Jewish Child Care Association on April nineteenth. I understand you have agreed to be the Honorary Chair and so I'm hoping you will actually be at the dinner, in which case I can get a glimpse of you. Meanwhile I thank you SO much for calling. It meant a lot to Randy - and to me. If you have time in your busy schedule please say a little prayer for us. I am convinced that God listens to you! And so do all the women here in New York whenever we have a chance.

Still waiting for the shoe to drop!! - I'm a good campaigner when I believe in a candidate. Perhaps I can cover the country fair circuit in upstate New York. --With affection

Elinor

FIRST LADY HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
TALKING POINTS FOR JEWISH CHILD CARE ASSOCIATION EVENT
NEW YORK, NY
April 19, 1999

- **Acknowledgments:** Joyce Kramer, JCCA President; Peter Vallone, New York City Council President; Paul Gitelson, JCCA Executive Vice President; Stephen Sokoloff, Event Honoree; Alan Tishman, Event Honoree; Judith Stern Peck, United Jewish Appeal Board Chair; Stephen Solender, United Jewish Appeal Executive Vice President; Arthur Maslow, Event Chair; Barbara Mann, Event Chair; Art Buchwald, writer and humorist.
- I am delighted to join you here tonight to celebrate the 175th anniversary of this pioneer child welfare organization. It is humbling to speak before an organization that has served the needs of children and families in New York for so many years. It is also a great honor to be in the presence of Jewish Child Care Association alumni of all ages. These men and women are living proof that with the care, attention, love and dedication provided by organizations like the JCCA, all children can grow to reach their full potential.
- JCCA's history not only parallels the history of child welfare in America, it is the history of child welfare in America. In the 1820's, the JCCA's parent organizations provided private, sectarian services for New York's needy Jewish population, and over time, the JCCA has worked to meet the needs of the larger community, caring for children and supporting families through child care, foster care and adoption programs.
- Today, the JCCA is a comprehensive child and family service agency with a wide array of non-sectarian, publicly funded programs for the community at large, as well as programs specifically for the Jewish community. With philanthropic assistance, the JCCA has developed a superb record of strengthening families and finding permanent homes for children in foster care.
- The ideology that fueled the Jewish community's response to its most destitute 175 years ago went beyond simply reacting to a visible need. It was the manifestation of a belief system and moral code that requires all to actively seek out the needy and serve them. In Judaism, the very notion of Tzedakah [TZEH-DAH-KUH] -- good will and philanthropy -- is linked linguistically and morally to the concept of justice or Tzedek [TZEH-DEK] in the doctrine of the Bible.
- Those of us who care about the well-being of our nation's children have a lot to be proud of right now. Under the President's leadership, we provided a tax credit for families who adopt and we've worked to eliminate discrimination and delays in adoption based on race and ethnicity. And in 1997, the President signed into law the Adoption and Safe Families Act --a landmark piece of legislation that holds out the promise that we can make the foster care system work better for the children it serves, and secure permanent placements for children across our country.

But, of course, achieving the President's goal of doubling the number of adoptions by the year 2002 will take all of our help. That is why organizations like this one are so important. The JCCA works to see that all children have permanent homes -- with their families when that is possible, and through adoption when it is not. Because of its tireless efforts, the JCCA boasts an adoption record that exceeds New York City's goals for moving children from foster care to permanent homes.

- A famously ambiguous passage in the Bible says "Tzedakah [TZEH-DAH-KUH] will save from death," perhaps meaning that charity and giving will save the lives of people in need, as well as prolong and enrich the lives of the givers.

The traditions of service and good will are obviously sacred to the JCCA, and I thank you for all you have done to enrich our society. I wish you continued success, and strength for another 175 years and beyond. Thank you.

TRANSCRIPT DONE—NEEDS EDITING

HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON JEWISH CHILD CARE ASSOCIATION APRIL 19, 1999

Thank you very much. You could not have said anything that means more to me than “you save one child you save the world.” A belief that I think all of us this evening here together share. I’m delighted to join all of you to celebrate the 175th anniversary of this pioneer child welfare organization. It is an extraordinary honor for me to be able to speak before all of you who support an organization that has served the needs of children and families in New York for so many generations. And I know that there are many Jewish Child Care Association Alumni of all ages, two of whom we have just seen. These men and women and boys and girls are living proof that with the care, attention, love, and dedication provided by an organization like yours, children can indeed live to fulfill their own god-given potential.

I want to thank Joyce Kramer, the President of the Board of JCCA, Steven ???? one of the honorees, and Alan ???? , also an honoree. And both of these gentlemen are being honored for their many contributions and support of the work and the cause that JCCA represents. I also want to recognize and thank the chairs of this event: Barbara Mann and Arthur Maslow; and I want to recognize Congresswoman Carolyn Maloney??, who is here with us.

I also saw an old friend of mine who made the decision to return home to New York after having lived in Washington for many years, who reminded me that he too is an alumnus of JCCA and that is the ??inenidable?? Art Bookwald who is here this evening.

You know JCCA’s history parallels the history of child welfare in America. It is sometimes hard to remember that 200 years or so ago, we didn’t have much of a sense of organized child welfare. And it wasn’t until there were pioneers like JCCA who demonstrated that indeed we as members of the community of adults and caring people, had an obligation and an opportunity to help pick up where families were broken or destroyed by death or separation, disease or any of the other problems that were particularly prevalent back at the beginning of the last century.

In the 1820s, the JCCA’s parent organizations provided private, sectarian services for New York’s needy Jewish population. And over time, the mission of JCCA has expanded to meet the needs of the larger community. Caring for children and supporting families through child care, foster care, and adoption. Today, as you well know, this organization is a comprehensive child and family service agency--that provides a wide array of services. And I have noticed as I’ve followed your work, as I’ve read reports of what you’ve accomplished—that you’ve been on the cutting edge of many of the changes and reforms in the caring for children that we have seen occur in the last several decades. With philanthropic assistance, you’ve developed a superb record of strengthening families and finding permanent homes for

children, who otherwise would languish in foster care. I particularly want to thank you for that. It has been one of the causes nearest and dearest to my heart, and that my husband has worked on to change the rules and regulations governing the placement of children in foster care to make it easier for children to be released for adoption into a permanent loving home or returned to the home from which they came.

We've made a lot of progress in the last few years providing a tax credit for families that adopt, working to eliminate discrimination and delays in adoption based on race and ethnicity. And in 1997, thanks to the JCCA, and other involved organizations and individuals we were able to see the President sign into law, the Adoption and Safe Families Act. A land mark piece of legislation that holds out the promise that we can make the foster care system work better for the children it serves and secure those permanent homes for so many more children. Achieving the goal, the President said, of doubling the number of adoptions by the year 2002—will really take everyone's efforts. And that's why you are so important and what you are doing to see that children do have permanent homes is making such a difference.

JCCA boasts an adoption record that exceeds New York City's goals for moving children from foster care to permanent homes. And I want to congratulate the staff, and the volunteers, and the contributors to JCCA for doing so much to give children the love and permanence they deserve.

The traditions of service and goodwill and love for children are obvious when one looks at the record of the JCCA. I thank you for what you have done for children and families for 175 years, I thank you for what you are doing now and will do in the future. Our children need as many champions as they can have. Luckily for most of us, those champions are mothers or fathers or grandparents or family members who we are connected to by birth and blood and environment and circumstance. But when that is not possible for a child, then I believe it does take the community. It does take other caring adults who will step in, hold out their arms, and give that child a chance. You've be doing it and I know you will continue and you will begin, once again, to change, reform, and transform, the child welfare system as you have. So that it meet the needs of children in the century to come.

Congratulations and thank you for what you have done for our children.

Thank you all very much.

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The Ethnic NewsWatch

Jewish Week, The

April 16, 1999

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HEADLINE: It Takes An Agency: **Jewish Child Care Association** celebrates 175 years of putting children first.

BYLINE: Mendelsohn, Martha

BODY:

It Takes An Agency: **Jewish Child Care Association** celebrates 175 years of putting children first.

MARTHA MENDELSON

JEWISH WEEK CORRESPONDENT

Jack Barschi was angry when he arrived at the Pleasantville Cottage School, a Jewish Child Care Agency residence, in 1947. The 11-year-old had been shuttled between institutions since the age of 4, after his father was incapacitated in a car accident and his mother, who worked in a laundry, could no longer care for him and his younger brother. "I got into trouble a lot," recalls Barschi, who now heads the English department at the Fashion Institute of Technology.

"Don't worry," a Pleasantville therapist told him, "We won't throw you out." That guarantee "is what made the place more like a home." Barschi and his brother Stan stayed for four years, before going to live with a foster family, and eventually with their own relatives.

Jack Barschi and Stan Barshay, a retired senior executive of American Home Products and JCCA trustee, will join 500 JCCA alumni and supporters to celebrate the 175th anniversary of the **Jewish Child Care Association** at Cipriani Wall Street on April 19.

First Lady **Hillary Rodham Clinton**, the event's honorary chairperson, is scheduled to speak at the dinner. The event, which will honor business leaders Stephen Sokoloff and Alan Tishman, promises to match the glitter of annual dinners held in the 1840s by the JCCA's forerunner, the Hebrew Benevolent Society. The posh, all-male affairs were de rigueur occasions for New York's Jewish bluebloods and gentile politicians.

JCCA's agenda would seem to fit Clinton's priorities. In pioneering the movement from orphanages to "cottage" institutions to foster homes to family and group day care, the agency played a major role in shaping the principles of present-day child care.

JCCA, a beneficiary agency of UJA-Federation and a member agency of The United Way, is a comprehensive, multicultural child and family service organization. It has served people of all backgrounds since 1967, and currently helps thousands of people annually at its foster homes, residential treatment and diagnostic centers. Recognizing that its work with families and children makes it an ideal agent for Jewish continuity, the association is sharpening its Jewish focus.

"We are grounded in the Jewish tradition, which includes helping all people," says Joyce Kramer, JCCA's president, "but we are finding ways to continue our commitment to the Jewish community." JCCA is a partner in the Ashalim project, which helps youths at risk in Israel. To expand its Jewish programs in the metropolitan area, the agency has hired Debby Perelmutter, a former associate director of Hillel-New York, as director of Jewish programs and services.

"The growth of our Jewish adoption and day care programs represents a re-emphasis on our Jewish roots and a stake in the future," says Paul Gitelson, executive vice president of JCCA.

Almost two centuries ago, members of Manhattan's Congregation Shearith Israel, observed a need for philanthropic institutions other than the synagogue. In 1822, they founded the Hebrew Benevolent Society to keep poor, widowed, and orphaned Jews out of Christian hospitals and almshouses. In the 1860s, Joseph Seligman, New York's leading banker, led a campaign to raise funds for the city's first Jewish orphanage, the Hebrew Orphan Asylum on West 29th Street. (Later, it moved to a two-block site on Amsterdam Avenue between 136th and 138th streets.) Two decades later, Priscilla Joachimsen, the founder of one of New York's first day care shelters for children of indigent parents, became the first president of the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society, a home for destitute children sent by the courts.

In 1910, HOA orphan Henry Bauer complained about the daily routine -- Hebrew lessons and school, with almost no play -- reports Jacqueline Bernard in her book, "The Children You Gave Us." But social workers and journalists praised the fact that children in New York's Jewish orphanages went to public school. They also commended the orphanages' stringent hygiene and disease-prevention measures. Dr. Abraham Jacobi, a founder of Mount Sinai Hospital and the first president of the American Pediatrics Society, instituted a regimen of regular check-ups and compulsory inoculation against smallpox.

Overcrowding in the orphanages as more immigrants arrived from Europe and the development abroad of more home-like "cottage" models for children's residences prompted HSGS to establish the Pleasantville Cottage School in 1912. There, in 1925, a psychiatric social worker, Julia Goldman, established the first psychiatric clinic in an American child care institution. After World War II, many young Holocaust survivors came to live at Pleasantville.

The Child Welfare Act of 1915, which granted allowances to widows, radically reduced the orphanage population. Studies emphasizing the value of keeping children in family settings led to the creation of a Foster Home Bureau in 1922. In 1917, 24 Manhattan and Bronx charities, including HOA, its Edenwald School for retarded children, HSGS and the Pleasantville Cottage School had combined to form Federation For Support Of Jewish Philanthropies, the precursor of UJA-Federation. In 1940, all the child care agencies were consolidated as the New York Association for Jewish Children, later renamed the **Jewish Child Care Association** of New York.

"The need is overwhelming," says Kramer of JCCA family day care programs in Queens and Brooklyn. Pre-school children, mostly from Russian-immigrant and Orthodox families, are cared for in homes where the "language and cultural values are the same" while their parents work or go to school, says Rebecca Koffler, director of early childhood programs. There's a long waiting list -- each of 110 day care providers takes a maximum of five kids, only two of whom can be under 2 years old.

"When I go to work, I don't have to worry about anything," says Yelena Agranovskya, who works in JCCA's human resources department. On weekdays from 9 to 6 her 2-year-old daughter stays with a Bukharan day care provider in Forest Hills.

JCCA's 14-year-old Networking Adoption Program (NAP)/Ametz, which had a grant from UJA-Federation's Jewish Continuity Commission, now specifically "targets Jewish and interfaith families," says Kathy Brodsky, NAP/Ametz director. NAP and Ametz, which used to be a separate Jewish component, are now "totally integrated." The new fee-for-service program includes a state-mandated "home-study" visit by a social worker, workshops on Jewish issues, and Jewish holiday celebrations for adoptive families.

NAP/Ametz will hold its fifth annual symposium on "Adoption and the Jewish Family" at UJA-Federation on April 25. "We teach families how to pursue domestic or international adoptions," Brodsky says, but do not actively search for babies. However, "a small number of families may benefit from situations that come to our attention."

But Jewish couples or singles preparing to adopt the child of a non-Jewish birth mother who may be

from another race or culture face the added hurdles of conversion and family and community acceptance. "The Jewish community as a whole needs to come to grips with welcoming adopted children fully," Brodsky says.

To address these issues, NAP/Ametz will hold a seminar for the rabbinic community on June 7. Co-sponsored by the New York Board of Rabbis and UJA-Federation's Commission on Synagogue and Community Affairs, the forum will make rabbis more aware of "the importance of adoption and the role it is playing in the Jewish community," Perelmutter says.

"The rabbinate regularly deals with halachic and social issues raised by adoption and problems of infertility," says Rabbi Saul Berman, an associate professor of Jewish Studies at Stern College and the director of Edah, a Modern Orthodox organization. Rabbi Berman, who will be the seminar's keynote speaker, adds: "The look of the Jewish community is changing, and it is vital for Jewish leadership to be sensitive to this and not allow any form of prejudice to exist based on racial origin."

Barbara Chasen, a psychologist who works with adopting families, found some much-needed emotional support at NAP/Ametz three years ago, when she began the process of adopting her 12-year-old daughter, Vika, in the Former Soviet Union. Vika, who had a Reform conversion and a bat mitzvah at Congregation Rodeph Shalom, has met other adoptees at JCCA holiday parties. "It's a comfort to have a community of adopted converted Jewish children," Chasen says.

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ETHNIC-GROUP: Jewish

LANGUAGE: English

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Search: General News;jewish child care association and hillary w/2 clinton

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5/10/99

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON

MONDAY, MAY 10, 1999

FINAL

WASHINGTON, D.C.

MADEIRA SCHOOL

LEAD ADVANCE: TODD WEILER
 703/695-1164 PHONE
 703/370-5783 HOME
 703/298-7950 CELL

MADEIRA SCHOOL

PRESS ADVANCE: MARTY STRAUSS

SCHEDULER: WENDY ARENDS
 202/456-7007 PHONE
 202/456-5340 FAX
 202/518-8209 HOME
 WHCA PAGER #4781

PREV RON The White House

9:00am- **VIDEOS**
9:25am Diplomatic Reception Room

-10th Anniversary of the Women's Commission for
Refugee Women and Children
-Second annual "CURE" Dinner
-American Foundation for Suicide Prevention's 1999
Humanitarian Award
-Epilepsy Foundation

9:30am- **VIDEO TAPING [w/POTUS]**
9:35am Diplomatic Reception Room

9:35am- **BRIEFING [w/POTUS]**
9:55am Map Room
 CLOSED PRESS/WH PHOTO

10:00am **PROCEED** to the State Dining Room [w/POTUS]

10:00am- **MEET AND GREET [w/POTUS]**
10:20am State Dining Room
 CLOSED PRESS/WH PHOTO

PARTICIPANTS: Please refer to briefing book for
participant list.

10:20am **PROCEED** to the Blue Room for a brief hold

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
MONDAY, MAY 10, 1999
PAGE 2

10:20am- HOLD
10:25am Blue Room

10:25am PROCEED to Green Room [w/POTUS]

10:30am- WHITE HOUSE STRATEGY SESSION ON CHILDREN, VIOLENCE
12:45pm AND RESPONSIBILITY [w/POTUS]
East Room
POOL PRESS (OPENING REMARKS ONLY) /WH PHOTO

FORMAT:

-The President and the First Lady, accompanied by the Vice President and Mrs. Gore, are announced from the Green Room into the East Room and proceed to their seats.

-The President makes remarks from his seat.

-The discussion begins.

-The President concludes the discussion.

-Upon conclusion, the President and the First Lady, accompanied by the Vice President and Mrs. Gore, proceed to the Map Room.

PARTICIPANTS: 60 participants

12:45pm- BRIEFING [w/POTUS]
12:55pm Map Room
CLOSED PRESS/WH PHOTO

1:00pm PROCEED to Rose Garden [w/POTUS]

1:00pm- STATEMENT [w/POTUS]
1:30pm Rose Garden
OPEN PRESS/WH PHOTO

FORMAT:

-The President and the First Lady, accompanied by the Vice President and Mrs. Gore, are announced into the Rose Garden.

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON

MONDAY, MAY 10, 1999

PAGE 3

-The President makes remarks and introduces the First Lady.

-The First Lady makes remarks and introduces Mrs. Gore.

-Mrs. Gore makes remarks and introduces the Vice President.

-The Vice President makes remarks.

-The President and the First Lady, accompanied by the Vice President and Mrs. Gore, depart.

PARTICIPANTS:

The President
The First Lady
The Vice President
Mrs. Gore

1:35pm

DEPART South Portico
VIA Motorcade
EN ROUTE The Madeira School
[Drive time: 25 minutes]

2:00pm

ARRIVE Main Dorm Building, The Madeira School
8328 Georgetown Pike
McClean, Virginia

GREETER:

Dr. Elisabeth Griffith, Headmistress, The Madeira School

2:00pm-

2:15pm

MEET AND GREET

Main Dorm Building
The Madeira School
HRC Hold: Room 101
Phone: 703/556-8255
Fax: 703/893-3289
CLOSED PRESS/WH PHOTO

PARTICIPANTS: 20 people

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
MONDAY, MAY 10, 1999
PAGE 4

2:15pm DEPART Main Dorm Building
 VIA Motorcade
 EN ROUTE Auditorium
 [Drive time: 2 minutes]

2:20pm ARRIVE Auditorium

2:25pm- THE MADEIRA SCHOOL LECTURE SERIES
3:00pm Auditorium
 The Madeira School
 HRC Hold: Downstairs office
 Phone: 703/556-8284
 OPEN PRESS/WH PHOTO

FORMAT:

-The First Lady proceeds onto stage and takes her seat.

-Class of 1999 students Mairin Burke, Alex Cooley, and Liz Richardson make welcoming remarks.

-Sarah Pettit Daignault, President, Board of Directors, gives a brief overview of the lecture series.

-Dr. Elisabeth Griffith, Headmistress, The Madeira School, introduces the First Lady.

-The First Lady makes remarks.

-Upon conclusion, Class of 2000 students Courtney Homan-Jones, Nikki Senkowsky, and Ming Thompson present the First Lady with a gift.

-The First Lady has the option to work a ropeline and departs.

PARTICIPANTS: 600 guests

3:00pm DEPART The Madeira School
 VIA Motorcade
 EN ROUTE South Portico
 [Drive time: 25 minutes]

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
MONDAY, MAY 10, 1999
PAGE 5

3:25pm ARRIVE South Portico
3:30pm- MUSIC MUSEUM MEETING
4:00pm Map Room
CLOSED PRESS/WH PHOTO

PARTICIPANTS:
The First Lady
Jack Lew, OMB
Sylvia Mathews, OMB
Ed DeSeve (T)
Paul Wolff
Colden Florance
Sam Condit
Kenneth Sparks
James Weaver
Melanne Verveer

4:00pm- INTERVIEW WITH LUCINDA FRANKS OF *TALK* MAGAZINE
5:00pm Residence
CLOSED PRESS/WH PHOTO

PARTICIPANTS:
The First Lady
Lucinda Franks, *Talk* Magazine
Talk Photographer TBD
Marsha Berry

5:00pm- TEA with Mrs. Flecha de Lima
5:30pm Yellow Oval Room
CLOSED PRESS/WH PHOTO

PARTICIPANTS:
The First Lady
Lucia Flecha de Lima

5:45pm- DROP-BY PAUL BEGALA'S GOING-AWAY PARTY [w/POTUS]
6:15pm State Dining Room
CLOSED PRESS/WH PHOTO

PARTICIPANTS: 180 guests

SCHEDULE FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON
MONDAY, MAY 10, 1999
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6:15pm- PRIVATE MEETING
6:45pm Residence
CLOSED PRESS/NO WH PHOTO

PARTICIPANTS:
The First Lady
Capricia Marshall
Shirley Sagawa

RON The White House