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Ok Chron

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

June 22, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR PHIL CAPLAN
ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
AND STAFF SECRETARY

FROM:  DANIEL BURKHARDT
SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
DIRECTOR OF CORRESPONDENCE
AND PRESIDENTIAL MESSAGES

SUBJECT: AUTOPEN AUTHORITY

I would like to request your approval of limited autopen authority for the following individual in the area of responsibility noted:

Christina Stacey

Christina has taken over photo responsibility from Carrie Street and has already demonstrated careful attention to detail and good judgment. I would like her to have the same authority that Carrie had, as set forth in the attached memo from you to Terry Good.

If you agree that Christina should be granted limited autopen authority, please indicate that below, initial the attached memo, and return this package to me. I will pass along the original of the attachment to Terry Good. Thanks.

☒ Approved

☐ Disapproved

☐ Discuss

Enclosure

*OK -
Do you take
Carrie off it for
(st) 6-24-98*

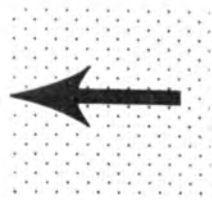
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

June 22, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR TERRY GOOD
DIRECTOR
OFFICE OF RECORDS MANAGEMENT

FROM: PHIL CAPLAN 
ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
AND STAFF SECRETARY

SUBJECT: APPROVAL OF PRESIDENTIAL SIGNATURES



The following individual is authorized to approve use of the President's signature pen in areas of responsibility noted:

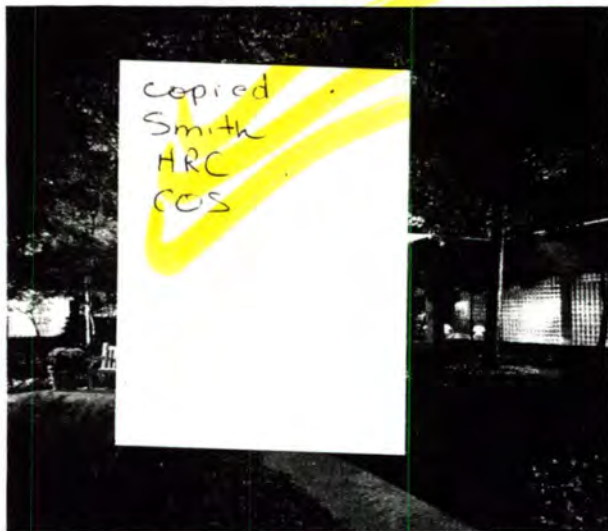
Christina Stacey for photographs.

Exemplar of the sign-off that Christina will use follows. Thank you.

Christina Stacey

OK to AP


ONEPASS AND HYATT FORM PARTNERSHIP



The Houston Hyatt is one of 179 Hyatt hotels.

OnePass, Continental's award-winning frequent-flyer program, welcomes new partner Hyatt Hotels and Resorts. Effective June 1, 1998, earn 500 OnePass miles per stay with eligible rates at any of 179 Hyatt Hotels and Resorts worldwide. And, with Maximum Miles from Hyatt, travelers who stay twice from June 1 through August 31, 1998, can earn triple miles for those stays and all others during the promotional period.

Customers who pay for stays with the American Express Card at check-in (ask for the American Express Card bonus) earn quadruple miles. That's a total of 2,000 OnePass miles per qualifying stay through August 31. Simply enroll in Hyatt Gold Passport and register to participate in Maximum Miles from Hyatt.

For reservations, to enroll in Gold Passport, or to register for Maximum Miles, call 800/51-HYATT or visit www.goldpassport.com. Restrictions apply.

JUNE HOME GAMES

Houston Astros

June 5-7 Kansas City

June 16-18 St. Louis

June 19-21 Cincinnati

June 22-23 Minnesota

June 30 Chicago White Sox

FLEET RENEWAL



Continental recently began its fleet renewal program with the delivery of a new 737-700. Employees accompanied Chairman and CEO Gordon Bethune to Boeing Co. in Seattle to accept delivery of the new-generation aircraft. Bethune, along with Boeing Vice President Gary Scott, cut the ceremonial ribbon before the 737's first flight for Continental. Also pictured are flight attendants Mary Hailey, Debbie Reisinger, Laura Navas and Jody Naylor.

Continental Volunteers

ELIZABETH LARA-CARREÑO GIVES BACK

Elizabeth Lara-Carreño is a Continental team member who has devoted more than 20 years of her life to helping others and bettering her community. A customer-service training manager who has been with Continental for 12 years, Carreño has been active in voter registration projects, citizenship programs and organizations such as Meals on Wheels, READ Commission and KID CARE.

When she is not instructing Continental's customer service agents or volunteering her time, Carreño is busy serving as a National Committeewoman from Texas on the Democratic National Committee and chairing the Hispanic Caucus of the committee.

Recently, Carreño had the honor of attending the White House function "Conversations with Women Leaders on Race," as part of President Clinton's yearlong initiative on race relations. Carreño was one of only 100 women invited to share their ideas on corporate responsibility and community involvement. Attendees to the White House function included women from a wide range of ethnic and professional backgrounds. Educators, labor activists and authors had the chance to meet and exchange ideas, as well as share past successes and failures.



Pictured above with Hillary Clinton, Carreño took part in a race relations initiative.

6-24-98

Copied
Boules

Hatch-Feinstein Substitute Bill

Cessation and Research

States receiving funds must conduct anti-tobacco programs consistent with smoking cessation guidelines issued by the Agency for Health Care Policy and Research.

State anti-tobacco and cessation programs must be approved by the Attorney General, Secretary of Treasury and Secretary of HHS.

Separate Title of Act includes detailed provisions to restrict minors' access to tobacco products and reduce underage smoking.

National anti-tobacco product consumption and tobacco product cessation program to be established and implemented by Secretary of HHS.

These programs are to be provided in part by state and community action funded by block grants and in part by direct action by HHS through the Agency for Health Care Policy and research.

Settlement of Cases and Liability

Settles as to participating manufacturers all state actions, including political subdivisions, parens patriae actions, punitive damages for past conduct and addiction/dependency claims reserving the right of individuals to pursue individual claims not based on addiction/dependency claims.

Precludes future class actions.

Requires payment by participating manufacturers of \$398.3+ billion (\$303,337,500,000 as compensatory damages and \$95 billion as punitive damages), plus a \$10 billion initial payment.

Does not settle liability for future conduct including punitive damages.

Limits payment of tobacco related judgments to \$5.5 billion per year; however, payment of any judgments by participating manufacturers shall entitle them to a credit of 80% of such payment against future payments under the Act. Any excess is paid the following year.

Fees

Establishes a 3 member arbitration panel to award attorneys fees and expenses relating to litigation affected by, or legal services that resulted in whole or in part in the Act.

One member appointed by participating tobacco manufacturer, one by private attorneys and Attorneys General who were signatories to the Memorandum of Understanding of June 30, 1997 ("Settlement") and one appointed jointly by participating tobacco manufactures and the aforementioned private attorneys and Attorneys General.

Fees are to be subject to criteria including time and labor, skill required, novelty and difficulty of the issues, preclusion of other work, amount involved and results obtained, undesirability of action and experience and reputation of attorneys involved, which have been approved on numerous occasions in similar situations for the setting of attorneys' fees by the United States Supreme Court, the United States Courts of Appeals, and other courts.

Fees and expenses are to be paid by participating manufacturers outside of any monies payable under the Act.

FDA and Advertising

Provides for full FDA authority over tobacco products, including the authority to promulgate regulations resulting in a general prohibition of cigarettes or smokeless tobacco, or the reduction of nicotine yields of a tobacco product to zero, subject to Congressional approval.

Mandates that the advertising restrictions agreed to in the June 20, 1997 Settlement will be included in the Protocol, thereby going beyond the restrictions contained in the FDA rule and insuring that the tobacco industry will waive any constitutional rights to challenge these restrictions.

Tobacco Farmers

Terminates federal programs that support the production of tobacco.
(Sections 831 and 835)

Allocates \$18.623 billion (\$17.348 billion in the first seven years) to compensate quota owners and tobacco producers and fund related assistance programs. (Section 101 C(2), Section 802)

Quota owners are paid \$8 times the average annual quantity of quota owned during the 1997 crop year. [Total payment is spread over seven equal installments 1999-2005.] (Section 812-13)

Producers are paid \$4 times the average crop during the last three years. [Total payment is spread over seven equal installments 1999-2005.] (Section 815-16)

Tobacco worker transition program administered by Secretary of Labor with benefits up to \$50 million per year similar to programs under the Trade Act of 1974. (Section 816)

Farmer opportunity grants beginning at \$42 million and rising to \$72 million a year for college training. (Section 817)

Rural economic assistance block grants \$200 million per year 1999-2005 go to tobacco growing states. (Section 821)

Cost

Participating manufacturers make licensing payments totaling \$408,337,500,000 over 25 years. (Section 102)

Payments are increased by the greater of 3% or the CPI. (Section 102 C)

From year one forward, payments may increase based on total volume, but may only decrease based on reductions in adult volumes, such decrease to be adjusted by 25% of any increase in profits.

Approximately one-half of funds paid shall be paid into a state account and one-half into a federal account, less amounts available for tobacco transition, Native Americans and asbestos-related injuries.

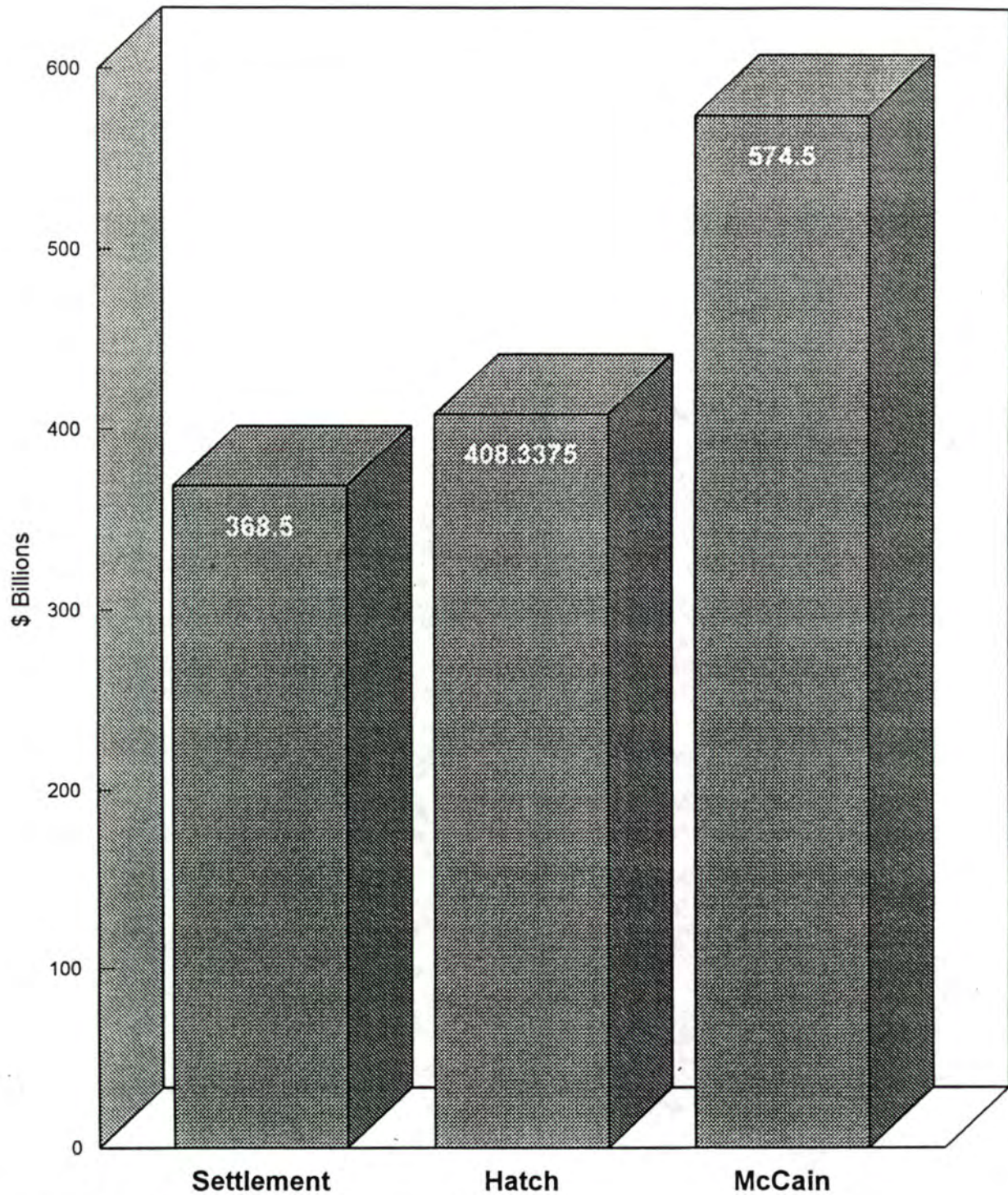
Funds allocated as follows (Section 101):

In billions of dollars

Year	States	Public Health	Research	Asbestos	Agri-culture	Native Americans	Law En-force-ment
1st	3.97	1.1	2.15	0	2.476	0.2	0.325
2nd	4.47	1.6	2.15	0.2	2.476	0.2	0.325
3rd	5.47	2.2	2.55	0.2	2.476	0.2	0.325
4th	7.72	3.3	3.7	0.2	2.476	0.2	0.325
5th	8.22	3.5	4.0	0.2	2.476	0.2	0.325
6th	8.72	4.0	4.0	0.2	2.484	0.2	0.325
7th	8.72	4.0	4.0	0.2	2.484	0.2	0.325
8th	8.72	4.0	4.0	0.2	0.100	0.2	0.325
9th	8.72	4.0	4.0	0.2	0.100	0.2	0.325
10th	8.72	4.0	4.0	0.2	0.100	0.2	0.325
11th	8.72	4.0	4.0	0.2	0.0575	0.2	0.325
12th	8.72	4.0	4.0	0.2	0.0575	0.2	0.325
13th	8.72	4.0	4.0	0.2	0.0575	0.2	0.325
14th	8.72	4.0	4.0	0.2	0.0575	0.2	0.325
15th	8.72	4.0	4.0	0.2	0.0575	0.2	0.325
16th	8.72	4.0	4.0	0.2	0.065	0.2	0.325
17th	8.72	4.0	4.0	0.2	0.065	0.2	0.325
18th	8.72	4.0	4.0	0.2	0.065	0.2	0.325
19th	8.72	4.0	4.0	0.2	0.065	0.2	0.325
20th	8.72	4.0	4.0	0.2	0.065	0.2	0.325
21st	8.72	4.0	4.0	0.2	0.0725	0.2	0.325
22nd	8.72	4.0	4.0	0.2	0.0725	0.2	0.325
23rd	8.72	4.0	4.0	0.2	0.0725	0.2	0.325
24th	8.72	4.0	4.0	0.2	0.0725	0.2	0.325
25th	8.72	4.0	4.0	0.2	0.0725	0.2	0.325

INDUSTRY BASE PAYMENTS

Constant Business-Expense Dollars. No Volume Reductions



Floor Amendments do not change industry base payments
Chart 1

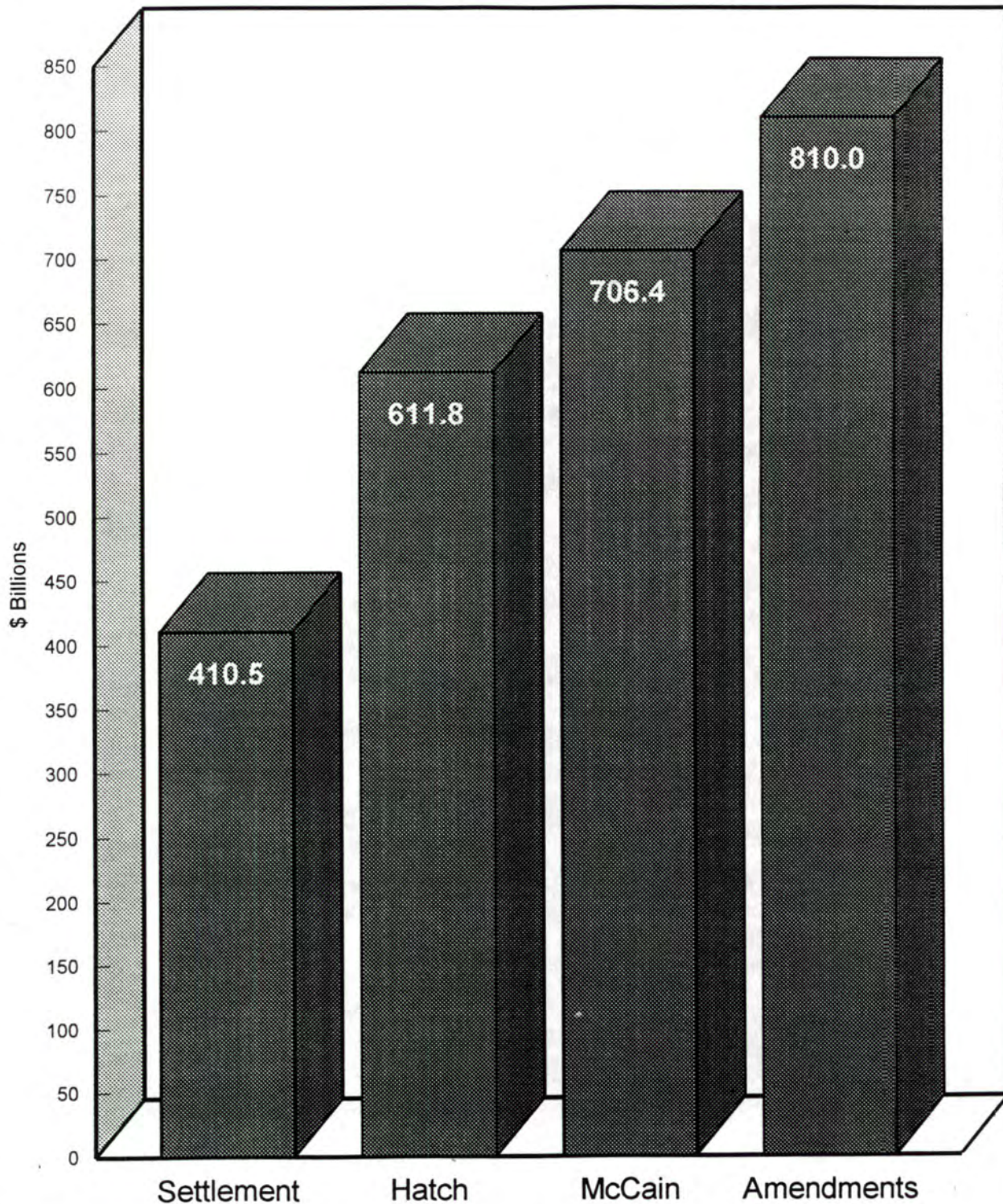
INDUSTRY BASE PAYMENTS (\$ billions)

A	B	C	D
Year	Settlement	McCain	Hatch
1998	10	10	10
1999	8.5	14.4	9.7925
2000	9.5	15.4	12.9925
2001	11.5	17.7	16.0925
2002	14	21.4	14.4925
2003	15	23.6	15.4925
2004	15	23.6	16.5
2005	15	23.6	16.5
2006	15	23.6	16.5
2007	15	23.6	16.5
2008	15	23.6	16.5
2009	15	23.6	16.4575
2010	15	23.6	16.4575
2011	15	23.6	16.4575
2012	15	23.6	16.4575
2013	15	23.6	16.4575
2014	15	23.6	16.465
2015	15	23.6	16.465
2016	15	23.6	16.465
2017	15	23.6	16.465
2018	15	23.6	16.465
2019	15	23.6	16.4725
2020	15	23.6	16.4725
2021	15	23.6	16.4725
2022	15	23.6	16.4725
2023	15	23.6	16.4725

368.5	574.5	408.3375
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BASE PAYMENTS + LOOK-BACK PENALTIES

Constant Business-Expense Dollars. No Volume Reductions



S1415 Look-Back Penalties are Not Tax Deductible
Chart 2

BASE PAYMENTS + LOOK-BACK PENALTIES (\$ billions)

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
	June 20 Agreement			McCain			With Floor Amendments			Hatch Feinstein		
Year	Base Payment	Look-Back	Total	Base Payment	Look-Back (Tax Adjusted)	Total	Base Payment	Look-Back (Tax Adjusted)	Total	Base Payment	Look-Back (Tax Adjusted)	Total
1998	10.0		10.0	10.0		10.0	10.0		10.0	10		10.0
1999	8.5		8.5	14.4		14.4	14.4		14.4	9.7925		9.8
2000	9.5		9.5	15.4		15.4	15.4		15.4	12.9925		13.0
2001	11.5		11.5	17.7	3.6	21.3	17.7	8.6	26.3	16.0925		16.1
2002	14.0		14.0	21.4	3.6	25.0	21.4	8.6	30.0	14.4925		14.5
2003	15.0	2.0	17.0	23.6	5.9	29.5	23.6	10.4	34.0	15.4925	5.5	21.0
2004	15.0	2.0	17.0	23.6	5.9	29.5	23.6	10.4	34.0	16.5	5.5	22.0
2005	15.0	2.0	17.0	23.6	5.9	29.5	23.6	10.4	34.0	16.5	5.5	22.0
2006	15.0	2.0	17.0	23.6	5.9	29.5	23.6	10.4	34.0	16.5	5.5	22.0
2007	15.0	2.0	17.0	23.6	5.9	29.5	23.6	10.4	34.0	16.5	5.5	22.0
2008	15.0	2.0	17.0	23.6	5.9	29.5	23.6	10.4	34.0	16.5	11.0	27.5
2009	15.0	2.0	17.0	23.6	5.9	29.5	23.6	10.4	34.0	16.4575	11.0	27.5
2010	15.0	2.0	17.0	23.6	5.9	29.5	23.6	10.4	34.0	16.4575	11.0	27.5
2011	15.0	2.0	17.0	23.6	5.9	29.5	23.6	10.4	34.0	16.4575	11.0	27.5
2012	15.0	2.0	17.0	23.6	5.9	29.5	23.6	10.4	34.0	16.4575	11.0	27.5
2013	15.0	2.0	17.0	23.6	5.9	29.5	23.6	10.4	34.0	16.4575	11.0	27.5
2014	15.0	2.0	17.0	23.6	5.9	29.5	23.6	10.4	34.0	16.465	11.0	27.5
2015	15.0	2.0	17.0	23.6	5.9	29.5	23.6	10.4	34.0	16.465	11.0	27.5
2016	15.0	2.0	17.0	23.6	5.9	29.5	23.6	10.4	34.0	16.465	11.0	27.5
2017	15.0	2.0	17.0	23.6	5.9	29.5	23.6	10.4	34.0	16.465	11.0	27.5
2018	15.0	2.0	17.0	23.6	5.9	29.5	23.6	10.4	34.0	16.465	11.0	27.5
2019	15.0	2.0	17.0	23.6	5.9	29.5	23.6	10.4	34.0	16.4725	11.0	27.5
2020	15.0	2.0	17.0	23.6	5.9	29.5	23.6	10.4	34.0	16.4725	11.0	27.5
2021	15.0	2.0	17.0	23.6	5.9	29.5	23.6	10.4	34.0	16.4725	11.0	27.5
2022	15.0	2.0	17.0	23.6	5.9	29.5	23.6	10.4	34.0	16.4725	11.0	27.5
2023	15.0	2.0	17.0	23.6	5.9	29.5	23.6	10.4	34.0	16.4725	11.0	27.5
	368.5	42.0	410.5	574.5	131.9	706.4	574.5	235.5	810.0	408.3	203.5	611.8

BASE PAYMENTS + LOOK-BACK + JUDGMENTS

Constant Business-Expense Dollars. No Volume Reductions

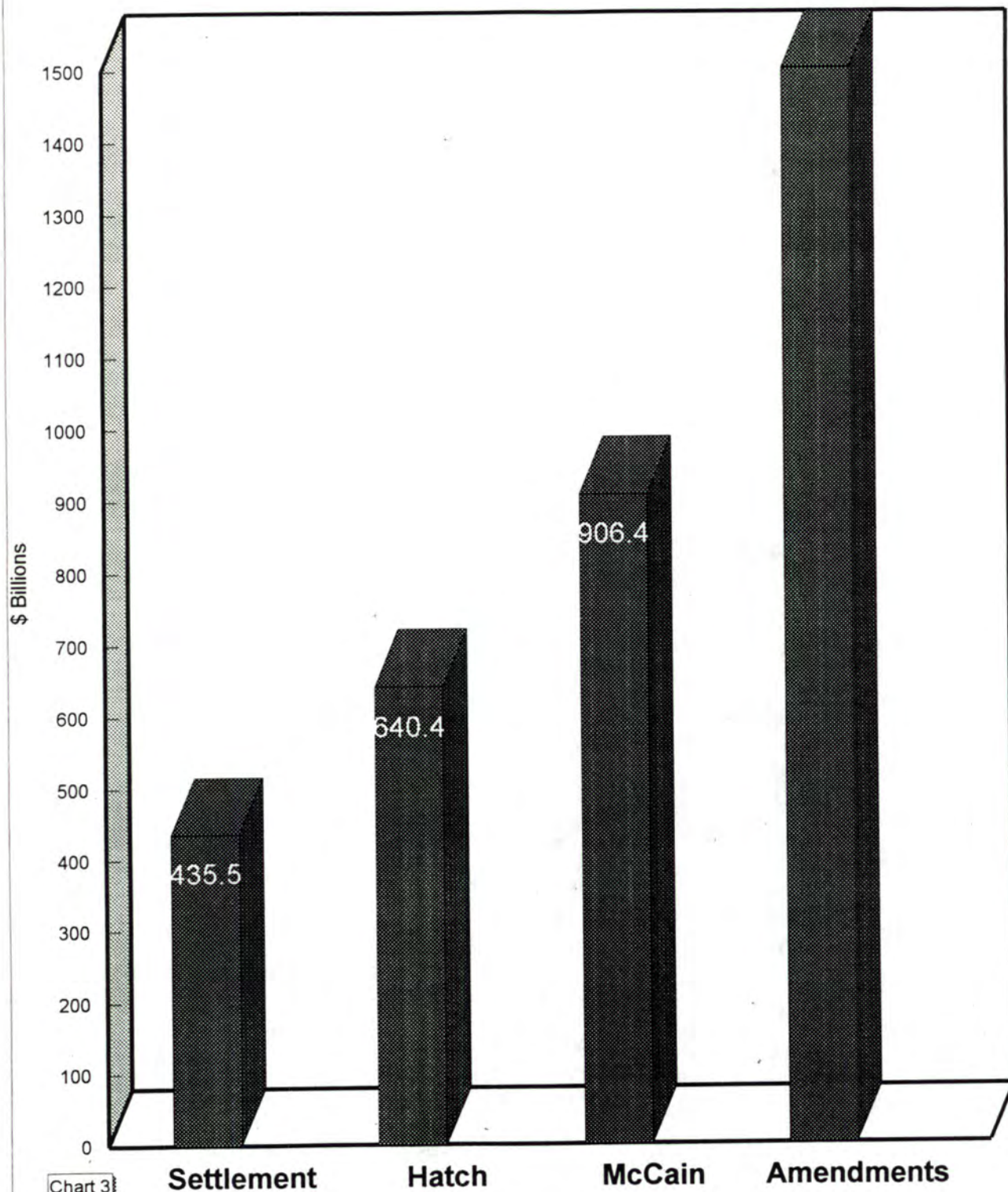


Chart 3

BASE PAYMENTS + LOOK-BACK + JUDGMENTS (\$ billions)

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P
	June 20 Agreement				Manager's Amendment				With Floor Amendments				Hatch Feinstein			
Year	Base Payment	Look-Back	Additional Tort Payments	Total	Base Payment	Look-Back (Tax Adjusted)	Additional Tort Payments	Total	Base Payment	Look-Back (Tax Adjusted)	Additional Tort Payments	Total	Base Payment	Look-Back (Tax Adjusted)	Additional Tort Payments	Total
1998	10.0			10.0	10.0			10.0	10.0		27.0	37.0	10		1.1	11.1
1999	8.5		1.0	9.5	14.4		8.0	22.4	14.4		27.0	41.4	9.7925		1.1	10.9
2000	9.5		1.0	10.5	15.4		8.0	23.4	15.4		27.0	42.4	12.9925		1.1	14.1
2001	11.5		1.0	12.5	17.7	3.6	8.0	29.3	17.7	8.6	27.0	53.3	16.0925		1.1	17.2
2002	14.0		1.0	15.0	21.4	3.6	8.0	33.0	21.4	8.6	27.0	57.0	14.4925		1.1	15.6
2003	15.0	2.0	1.0	18.0	23.6	5.9	8.0	37.5	23.6	10.4	27.0	61.0	15.4925	5.5	1.1	22.1
2004	15.0	2.0	1.0	18.0	23.6	5.9	8.0	37.5	23.6	10.4	27.0	61.0	16.5	5.5	1.1	23.1
2005	15.0	2.0	1.0	18.0	23.6	5.9	8.0	37.5	23.6	10.4	27.0	61.0	16.5	5.5	1.1	23.1
2006	15.0	2.0	1.0	18.0	23.6	5.9	8.0	37.5	23.6	10.4	27.0	61.0	16.5	5.5	1.1	23.1
2007	15.0	2.0	1.0	18.0	23.6	5.9	8.0	37.5	23.6	10.4	27.0	61.0	16.5	5.5	1.1	23.1
2008	15.0	2.0	1.0	18.0	23.6	5.9	8.0	37.5	23.6	10.4	27.0	61.0	16.5	11.0	1.1	28.6
2009	15.0	2.0	1.0	18.0	23.6	5.9	8.0	37.5	23.6	10.4	27.0	61.0	16.4575	11.0	1.1	28.6
2010	15.0	2.0	1.0	18.0	23.6	5.9	8.0	37.5	23.6	10.4	27.0	61.0	16.4575	11.0	1.1	28.6
2011	15.0	2.0	1.0	18.0	23.6	5.9	8.0	37.5	23.6	10.4	27.0	61.0	16.4575	11.0	1.1	28.6
2012	15.0	2.0	1.0	18.0	23.6	5.9	8.0	37.5	23.6	10.4	27.0	61.0	16.4575	11.0	1.1	28.6
2013	15.0	2.0	1.0	18.0	23.6	5.9	8.0	37.5	23.6	10.4	27.0	61.0	16.4575	11.0	1.1	28.6
2014	15.0	2.0	1.0	18.0	23.6	5.9	8.0	37.5	23.6	10.4	27.0	61.0	16.465	11.0	1.1	28.6
2015	15.0	2.0	1.0	18.0	23.6	5.9	8.0	37.5	23.6	10.4	27.0	61.0	16.465	11.0	1.1	28.6
2016	15.0	2.0	1.0	18.0	23.6	5.9	8.0	37.5	23.6	10.4	27.0	61.0	16.465	11.0	1.1	28.6
2017	15.0	2.0	1.0	18.0	23.6	5.9	8.0	37.5	23.6	10.4	27.0	61.0	16.465	11.0	1.1	28.6
2018	15.0	2.0	1.0	18.0	23.6	5.9	8.0	37.5	23.6	10.4	27.0	61.0	16.465	11.0	1.1	28.6
2019	15.0	2.0	1.0	18.0	23.6	5.9	8.0	37.5	23.6	10.4	27.0	61.0	16.4725	11.0	1.1	28.6
2020	15.0	2.0	1.0	18.0	23.6	5.9	8.0	37.5	23.6	10.4	27.0	61.0	16.4725	11.0	1.1	28.6
2021	15.0	2.0	1.0	18.0	23.6	5.9	8.0	37.5	23.6	10.4	27.0	61.0	16.4725	11.0	1.1	28.6
2022	15.0	2.0	1.0	18.0	23.6	5.9	8.0	37.5	23.6	10.4	27.0	61.0	16.4725	11.0	1.1	28.6

Spreadsheet 3

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

6-23-98

Copied
Minyon Moore
COS



Minyon Moore
06/23/98 12:54:15 PM

Record Type: Record

To: Betty W. Currie/WHO/EOP, Nancy V. Hernreich/WHO/EOP

cc:

Subject: DC Control Board follow-up

Please let the President know that I talked with Connie Newman last night and she informed me "off the record" that she has decided to stay another year. She hasn't conveyed this to Alice yet, but does anticipate telling her fairly soon. Although I realize calling her was met with some resistance, it is clear to me that the President's call made a great deal of difference to her. She has gone from stating that she would stay ninety days to deciding to stay an entire year. We still needed a Republican -- she is it.

Thanks!

When she does
we would do thank you
BK

6-23-98

Office of
Alexander M. Haig, Jr.

Copied
Berger
NSC W.W. Desk
(original)
COS

Sandy
Fy(-) reply
B

June 18, 1998

William J. Clinton
The President of the United States
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20500

6124198

Send to NSC for reply?

Yes ☒

No ☐

Dear Mr. President:

As you prepare for your visit to China, I am interested in the attached memorandum from the Foreign Policy Research Institute in which a trustee, at his request, a U.S. citizen, conducted a poll of "average Chinese," both urban and rural, on a series of important questions. While not necessarily representative, in my view, do offer some impressions of the complex realities in China today are:

- (1) the widespread goodwill toward the United States, tempered by resentment at a "too nosy" foreign policy;
- (2) the confidence in Zhu Rongji;
- (3) the increasing sense that rule of law was essential to China's future.

This latter point seems to me to be the "human right" that appeals to both justice and efficiency.

I hope you find the memo of interest and wish you a most successful outcome to this timely and most important visit.

Sincerely yours,

Alexander Haig

Attachment

copied
Benjamin
NSC. W.W. Desk
(original)
COS

6-23-98
Office of
Alexander M. Haig, Jr.

Sandy
Fyl-Regan
BZ

June 18, 1998

William J. Clinton
The President of the United States
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

As you prepare for your visit to China, you might be interested in the attached memorandum from Harvey Sicherman of the Foreign Policy Research Institute in Philadelphia, where I am a trustee. At his request, a U.S. citizen conducted an informal poll of "average Chinese," both urban and rural, on a whole series of important questions. While not a scientific survey, these impressions, in my view, do offer an excellent "snapshot" of the complex realities in China today. Of particular interest are:

- (1) the widespread goodwill toward the United States, tempered by resentment at a "too nosy" foreign policy;
- (2) the confidence in Zhu Rongji;
- (3) the increasing sense that rule of law was essential to China's future.

This latter point seems to me to be the "human right" that appeals to both justice and efficiency.

I hope you find the memo of interest and wish you a most successful outcome to this timely and most important visit.

Sincerely yours,

Alexander Haig

Attachment

Memorandum
Foreign Policy Research Institute

To: Inter-University Study Group on U.S.-China Relations
From: Harvey Sicherman 
Date: June 10, 1998
Subject: Recent Impressions from the People's Republic of China

Recently, a business traveler to the PRC agreed at my behest to inquire about seven questions from "average Chinese." In the course of three weeks, the traveler covered major cities such as Beijing and Shanghai and several provinces. Queries were put casually, and notes were not taken on the spot but after the event so as not to intimidate anyone. Over fifty people participated, including taxi drivers, vendors, and business managers. No officials were involved. The traveler, a native Chinese now living in America, stressed that those asked questions were, if anything, eager to talk about those subjects well beyond the time available. No one feared to voice criticisms. What follows, then, can be described as impressionistic rather than scientific, yet still of great interest.

1) Are Chinese confident in the future, that is, that the economy will continue to improve, that the society will be stable?

The general view was optimistic but tinged with expectations of hardship. The people involved phrased their answers in terms of personalities. Zhu Rongji is clearly the hero of the hour, regarded as strong, "clean," and headed in the right direction. His plans were described as the "only way forward," not likely to be entirely achieved but still worth the effort. Once opened, this drawer (privatization of the economy) could not be closed. Moreover, Zhu was the "only one without a dirty ass." Some respondents went so far as to contrast the smiles in the photographs of Zhu, his staff, and those around him ("sincere") with those of the much less popular Jiang Zemin ("artificial"). Zhu, however, has significant opposition from the party of the "princes," the children of high-ranking officials deeply involved in corruption. His life had been threatened, and one respondent reported a conversation where various princes had discussed ways of assassinating him. Another believed that Zhu was "out of touch" with reality. Few regarded the projected growth rates as meaningful; they would be "adjusted" to meet political objectives.

2) Do they see China "opening up" still further to international investment?

There was a sharp contrast between the coastal provinces and the more rural interior, where many Chinese were still quite ignorant of the rest of the world. But all respondents viewed such "opening up" to both investment and contact with other nations as crucial to China's future.

3) Is confidence increasing in the legal system or is corruption growing worse?

There is little confidence in the legal system, but much greater awareness of its defects. Corruption is growing worse, because it is becoming more subtle and entrenched. An example was cited of how a private company had wined, dined, and bedded a high-ranking military official to obtain contracts that the company expected to fulfill with shoddy goods. The list of bribes included exotic fruit, liquor, massage women (some university graduates), prostitutes (a separate category from the massage profession), and cash. In this case, 40,000 RNB had been spent to gain a return of 100,000 RNB in the first stage of the contract; expenses would be recovered by raising prices at later stages.

4) Do they expect a less dictatorial government, or do they hope only for a little more honesty and efficiency?

Money was everything. The government was widely corrupt and worse, in the opinion of some, its officials were ignorant and inept. The Chinese people did not have many individual rights or freedom by U.S. standards, but they were vastly better off than before. One respondent quoted Zhu: "Complaints are everywhere." But the attitude in the countryside seemed to be that the government in Beijing hardly mattered, and that people would continue in their way regardless of the central government's plans. This seemed to be the attitude even of migrant workers who had come to the city to make money: the so-called "floating work force," some fifteen of whom were encountered by chance by our traveler. There was also a surprising sense that people were being "freed" by the government to make their own choices. While several stories were told of unemployed people who committed suicide, their despair was attributed to a sense of personal failure rather than blamed on the government. Even the loss of lifetime work meant new choices: where to work, reawakening one's creativity, earning one's way. One example: a professional couple, members of the Academy of Sciences, were deeply dismayed that their son, trained as a horticulturist, had chosen to become a driver for a private company's executive. Yet his income was much higher, high enough to allow his wife *not* to work. The parents now approved of his courage.

5) Is the United States popular? Do people see the U.S. as a potential or actual opponent of China?

The United States is very popular but not well understood. A great reservoir of historic good will exists. Respondents suggested that relations between China and the U.S. should resemble those between neighboring provinces, i.e., part of a larger common interest. Every respondent, however, regarded U.S. foreign policy as "too nosy"; to use the pungent Shanghai expression, Washington acted like an *err niang jiu* ("mother's second brother" or "uncle number two") the hectoring older relative who had no business telling people how to behave. Several respondents expressed astonishment at the idea that the U.S. should be seen as a potential or actual opponent of China. This, they thought, was very far-fetched.

6) Does the future of Taiwan matter? Is this a matter of the highest importance?

Every respondent said that Taiwan mattered little; many other things were more important. But all agreed that if Taiwan declared independence, China should make war to prevent it because this threatened the "integrity" of the country. When it was pointed out that this might bring the U.S. and China to blows, respondents thought such a result ridiculous. The real solution to the Taiwan problem, in their view, was change in China itself that would make unification attractive to the island. Many respondents expressed a low opinion of the Taiwanese; one said they were "cheap" and regarded a "penny" like a "full table."

7) What is the single biggest change they would like to see in China?

The city people wanted an end to corruption. All wanted a more professional, capable bureaucracy; one even said that corruption would be tolerable if officials were efficient. The rural people wanted more "opening to the world" so that they could learn more and eliminate reliance on officials for information. All thought the rule of law to be a crucial change that China needed to become a totally modern society.

Conclusion

On the eve of President Clinton's visit to the PRC, the Chinese "man in the street" seems optimistic: China is moving forward, despite expectation of difficulties; at least one honest, competent leader can be found in Beijing (Zhu); there is much greater freedom than ever before; money can be made and kept; there are no foreign threats; the U.S. is friendly if too nosy; and Taiwan does not matter much so long as the status quo is sustained.

There is a darker side. Society lacks a public ethic; corruption is endemic; individualism runs rampant; too much depends on a "great leader"; the economy seems volatile rather than stable; the U.S. is not well

understood; and one senses an emotional nationalism easily ignited. On the Taiwan issue in particular, it appears that for the average Chinese, Taiwan is a minor matter so long as the status quo prevails, but rises to an issue of national security and prestige if there should be a change in the direction of independence. There does not seem to be major public pressure to "do something" about Taiwan. Instead, people were intent on changing the economy of the mainland.

Overall, then, the PRC emerges from this snapshot as very much a work in progress, its enormous reserves of individual creativity finally coming into play but with few solid institutions or rules to create a successor to a fading dictatorship.

6-23-98

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 23, 1998

3E JUN 25 4:25

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: THURGOOD MARSHALL, JR.

SUBJECT: LINDA LADER CORRESPONDENCE

*Polster (Gen 5)
He likes to keep him
in possession — for him
in the way of him in the
R*

Linda Lader has written to call your attention to concerns raised by Bill Milliken who is seeking to obtain HUD funding for his Communities in Schools (CIS) program. CIS assists at-risk youth and has received \$20 million in HUD funding over the past four years. That funding stream is due to expire at the end of the current fiscal year and Milliken is now pursuing additional funding for future years. Although Milliken's letter indicates that he is meeting with Secretary Cuomo, currently there is no meeting scheduled.

Apparently, in 1994 Milliken's CIS program received \$10 million by specific congressional authorization. In 1996 HUD requested on CIS's behalf, that Congress authorize the reprogrammed use of an additional \$10 million in recaptured Annual Contributions Contract funds for CIS. Congress approved the reprogramming, and the grant expires on September 30 of this year. Of the \$10 million reprogrammed in 1996, approximately \$500,000 is unspent. Secretary Cuomo's office has indicated that the department is currently exploring whether there are any funds available for reprogramming for future year support of the program.

*copied
Podesta
Spelling
COS*

LINDA LESOURD LADER
5 HOLLAND PARK
LONDON W11 3TG
ENGLAND

TELEPHONE 011 44 171 727 0578
FAX 011 44 171 229 1430
EMAIL LLLader@aol.com

TOTAL NUMBER OF PAGES (Including Cover Sheet): 3

TO: *Rebecca / Nancy* DATE: *18 June 98*

RE:

*If you could pass
this along to the
President, I would be
very grateful!*

*Hope all is well
with you — Come
see us!*

Linda

LINDA LESOURD LADER

June 18, 1998

*Jeff Sec. →
Can Potter?
see asap?*

Mr. President:

Greetings from London! Again, we thank you for the of serving you here. (Phil will soon be writing you about with Prince Charles today, for he thinks you would breadth and depth of Charles' work and his sense of less fortunate across this land and the world.)

Bill Milliken tells me that he had a few minutes with you in the Rose Garden this week. Though he spoke to you of the incredible growth of Communities In Schools (CIS) over the past few years, apparently he didn't mention the problems he has been having with HUD, as detailed in his attached letter to me.

As you probably know, I'm an enthusiastic champion of CIS--as I believe you are. Pioneers in public-private partnerships, CIS greatly leverages the small amount of public funding they receive, producing impressive results in the lives of at-risk youth. Their principles and mentoring programs serve as models for many programs across the country, and they provided the backbone of the Philadelphia Summit.

If there is any way you could lend a hand and vouch for CIS with Andrew Cuomo, I know it would be greatly appreciated by Bill, CIS and all those who believe in and benefit from their work.

Though I hesitated to trouble you, because Bill and CIS are very dear to my heart, because I believe that their work is consistent with your convictions and priorities and because I feel CIS is so important for youth across our nation, I would feel remiss in *not* drawing this matter to your attention. . . .

*Fond regards
Fund*



**COMMUNITIES
IN SCHOOLS**
Helping kids to help themselves

COMMUNITIES IN SCHOOLS, INC.

1199 N. Fairfax Street, Suite 500

Alexandria, VA 22314-1436

Tel (703) 519-8999 • Fax (703) 519-7213 • e-mail cis@cisnet.org

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Genta Companies, Inc.

LINDA GALE WHITE
Former First Lady of Texas

June 17, 1998

Linda LeSourd Lader
5 Holland Park
London W11 3TG, England

Dear Linda:

Yesterday, I had the pleasure of seeing President Clinton at a Rose Garden event for 21st Century Learning Centers. I shared with him how tremendously Communities In Schools (CIS) has grown in the past years. As he knows, we started with one school in Atlanta, Rich's Academy, with 120 kids. He visited us there when Governor. Now, we are in over 1,700 schools throughout the country reaching over 500,00 at-risk youth. At the presidential summit in Philadelphia, I pledged to reach over 1,000,000 children annually by the end of the year 2000.

Because of the situation, I didn't think it was appropriate to share with him the bad news. You may remember that two years ago, the President had me, Secretary Cisneros, Senator John Kerry and others, over to the Oval Office to sign the bill giving CIS \$10 million over two years to expand our work. That money, matched with \$5 million in private donations, is the main reason for CIS being able to reach hundreds of thousands more young people each year. Earlier this year, I met with senior HUD officials and they too are pleased with the great progress that has been made. At that meeting, they pledged to support continuation of the CIS-HUD Community Development partnership. Given the success of the program, and the bipartisan support that this program has consistently received from Congress, a line-item appropriation was raised by HUD as a preferred course of action. Upon the advice of legislative counsel and as prudent measure, I sought and received support for the submission of a reprogramming request (as in 1996) in the event that an appropriation was not secured.

Through New York friends, I have gotten a meeting with Secretary Cuomo for 2:00 on Monday, June 22. However, I have now been told, through a HUD staff member, that there will be no funds and that a reprogramming request for CIS would not be submitted as before. It's even more frustrating because we have the same coalition that got it through Congress last time willing to again accept a reprogramming request. Will you please ask the President to call Secretary Cuomo before Monday to convey his strong support for CIS and underscore the important role CIS plays in reaching the goals of the Presidents' Summit? I would be grateful if someone from the President's office would also call me before Monday to let me know the results of his conversation with the Secretary.

Warmly,

William E. Milliken

June 17, 1998
5113 Thackery Ct.
Fairfax, VA 22032

The Hon. Ann McCoy
Special Assistant to the President and Director of Personal Correspondence
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Ave.
Washington, DC 25000

Dear Ms. McCoy:

My name is John Wertman, and I am currently an intern in the Office of Political Affairs. Since I started my internship in May, I have started a research project on the green-tinted personal stationary of the President. I have uncovered several interesting facts through my research, including when the paper first came into use (FDR's Administration) and when the presidential seal was added above the words "The White House." (Nixon's Administration)

After I do extensive research in the White House archives and at the Library of Congress on presidential correspondence, I plan to write a paper for possible submission to the White House Historical Society's publication. I have contacted people at the company where the paper is made (Crane) and at the engraver's (Brewood), and I want to get as much information from them as I possibly can. I'm hoping that I can also submit my findings to the Universal Autograph Collector's Club (UACC). My father is the secretary of the UACC, and they have published similar articles in the past.

To top off my research, I was hoping to get any quick note the President would be willing to jot down on a piece of green tinted stationary. I have seen such a note he wrote for inclusion in a book on presidential handwriting, and I was hoping he could do the same for my project. I would really appreciate any help you could give me. Thank you.

Sincerely,

John G. Wertman
John Wertman (6-6257)

Nancy -

*I'd not do a handwritten
note, but have Eugene do
a note the President could
sign.*

*Phil
6/24*

*Nancy -
Is this
possible to
Phil do this?
What think
you think in Anne
me*

Benjamin J. Kirby

06/24/98 12:12:40
PM

Record Type: Record

To: Carolyn E. Cleveland/WHO/EOP

cc:

Subject: Letter for Patricia McMahon



Carol --

Request assistance. Patricia ("Ricia") McMahon, the Senior Advisor to the Director, is leaving us next week to go to HHS.

Director McCaffrey has asked me to get a letter for her from the President (autopen is fine). We would like to present it to her on Monday.

I know the President is now out of town, but Director McCaffrey has asked me to submit the request to your office anyway.

I have attached draft language for your review. Please let me know if you can help.

Thank you.

Ben Kirby
x56616

The White House
Washington

June 24, 1998

Dear Ricia:

Thank you for your outstanding service to the nation in key leadership positions at the Office of National Drug Control over the past five years.

During your tenure at ONDCP, the Administration's anti-drug programs progressed tremendously. Initial ads of our national anti-drug campaign began airing across the nation and hold the promise of cutting

6/24/98

Phil -

Should we send to
Buckhardt for handling

Yes

C

juvenile drug use rates in half. We also continued to make great strides in understanding the nature of addiction and expanding federal support of treatment. Our objective to reduce the number of addicted by two million will greatly increase the quality of life for all communities.

Your leadership and prevention expertise have been essential to the development of a ten-year strategic plan to reduce drug-use rates to the lowest levels in the past thirty years. Thanks for your enormous contributions to drug policy and best wishes as you assume new responsibilities in the Department of Health and Human Services.

Presidential Signature

From the desk of:

SAYLOR SMITH

Publications

Thurston High School

98 JUN 19 PM3:50

6/15/98

Mr. Carlson,

On behalf of the student staff of ~~the Long Express~~, the faculty and administration and student body of Thurston High School; please accept my thanks for providing us with a letter from the President for the 5/29/98 issue of the school newspaper.

I enclose a copy. Share it with the President if you have a chance.

Regards,

[Signature]

however, provides a living testimony of the kindness and generosity of the human spirit. It's not just a heap of flowers and poetry—it's a tale of how one community pulled together in a time of need and of how that community's goodness was recognized by citizens from all across the region, all across the state, all across the nation and all across the world.

Red and black ribbons now decorate the clothing of students, community members and national leaders; they have become signs of mourning and hope. In addition, the national fund-raising organization, Instructional Finance Services (IFS) has donated 1,460 PRIDE pins, more than enough for everyone in the student body.

Citizens are also displaying blue ribbons around the community. The ribbons, donated by the Department of

PRIDE

XXXIV • No. 13 • May 29, 199

Unity

Den -

Do you think
a reply is
necessary?

Paul
6/24/98

Many blue, black and red ribbons have found their

cookies, juice and milk have been made available

EXPRESS

12 • May 20, 1970 • Springfield, Oregon

Commodities Unites

DAVID JANSENS

appeared early Friday morning, provided by off-duty Springfield Fire Department personnel. The idea began with the anti-violence theme of "Let it end here," but has grown to become a national symbol for peace.

The Fire Department issued a statement saying, "We've had several fire departments throughout the nation ask for a faxed press release so they can follow through and put up blue ribbons in their town."

Personnel in the local fire department have submitted an application to the U.S. government to form a non-profit organization called "Ribbon of Promise." To push the campaign, they have distributed blue ribbons to citizens to tie on their cars in order to promote the end of violence.



Photo by David Janssens

to the fence outside of Thurston (see photo above). The fence surrounding the campus, originally built to protect students from the outside world, is now filled with poetry, flowers and other gifts of support from the outside world to members of the Thurston community.

"The fence has to be one of the most amazing, inspirational displays of human kindness ever created," junior Kawika Lawther said.

Other community figures are showing support in their own ways. KDUK disc jockey Barry MacGuire has arranged a special "Thurston Mix" of the song "I'll Be There" by the Escape Club. MacGuire has been working with Atlantic Records and Sony Disc Manufacturing to release the single. It is expected to hit stores this weekend or early next week; all proceeds will go to a fund to assist victims and students.

MacGuire said, "It just felt natural. If we can, we might as well use our resources and we really wanted to pay tribute to the victims."

HOSA adviser Bill Duffy was one of the first teachers at the scene of the shooting; he helped organize professional assistance and administer medical treatment to students who were injured.

Area hospitals not only responded swiftly but sensitively, as they set up care rooms for visitors of the victims. Hospital personnel provided food, a television, regular medical updates and posters on which visitors could write notes to the recovering victims.

"The hospital was like the Hilton," shooting victim Jake Ryker said. "I'd like to thank them for their help and support."

As Ryker returned to school on Wednesday, he and every other member of the Thurston community realized that efforts to help students went beyond Memorial Day Weekend. Many agencies have made their resources available to make the transition back into a normal school year a smooth one.

Lawther said, "They've had things available to comfort us, and it has really helped to take our minds off what happened."

In the morning and during lunch, doughnuts, fruit,

students at no cost. McDonald's, Bob's and Taco Bell provided hamburgers, cookies and burritos during lunch on Tuesday.

Students have been able to pick up stuffed animals in the library, and counselors are never more than an arm's length away. Several dogs have been allowed to roam campus so students can seek comfort from feeding them treats or just petting them.

Ultimately, students have relied on each other and a higher power to help them get through these trying times. A prayer meeting held before school Tuesday on the front lawn was attended by hundreds of students.

Two candlelight vigils took place last Friday. A vigil was held in the parking area under Springfield City Hall which included such speakers as mayors Bill Morrisette and Jim Torrey, congressman Peter DeFazio, principal Larry Bentz, ASB president Sadie Wilson and ASB vice president Bennet Smith.

Thurston was the sight of the second vigil, held later that night. It ended with students forming a circle around candles at the entrance to the junior lot (see photo left). Some

prayed, some sang songs, some just watched the candles in remembrance. Several churches around town held special memorial services on Sunday.

The initial sacrifices were made by Thurston student. Senior Alan Marchant, for example, who was reportedly one of the first to alert the office about the shooting on Thursday.

"I think the people who saved lives were the EMT's and students like Kelly West," Ryker said. "I'd do it (rush Kinkel) over and over again, not knowing the outcome."

District administrator Randy Harvey is compiling a list of students and staff members who responded to the shootings.

As students attempted to return to status quo, math teacher Steve Hertzberg shared a quote from a favorite book of his: "Life promises us sorrow, but it's up to us to create the joy."

Members of the united Thurston community, while vowing never to forget the tragedy of May 21, 1998, look ahead positively to a better tomorrow.

"The fence has to be one of the most amazing, inspirational displays of human kindness ever created."

—junior Kawika Lawther

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Correia
Chirwa
COS
Matthews

THE PRESIDENT HAS BEEN
6-24-98

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON
June 23, 1998

Under this is
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JUN 23 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: CHARLES F.C. RUFF, COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT
ROBERT WEINER, SENIOR COUNSEL
EDWARD CORREIA, SPECIAL COUNSEL FOR CIVIL RIGHTS
DAWN CHIRWA, ASSOCIATE COUNSEL

CC: ERSKINE BOWLES, SYLVIA MATHEWS

SUBJECT: Benchmarking Regulations

In 1995 you pledged that the administration would mend, not end affirmative action. Since then, we have taken steps to carry out your commitment by reviewing affirmative action policies to ensure that they are fair and balanced and that they meet constitutional requirements. These steps have included implementing new regulations, issuing policy guidance, and, in some cases, dropping programs altogether. In general, the public has responded favorably to your position.

In response to your pledge, the Department of Justice in 1996 proposed a new approach for targeting assistance to small, disadvantaged businesses ("SDB's"). The goal has been to devise a method for targeting assistance to SDB's in industries where it is necessary to remedy discrimination. On June 24, the SBA, Department of Commerce and Department of Justice will announce the implementation of a new process for certifying firms as SDB's and a new program offering price credits to SDB's in industries that reflect the ongoing effects of discrimination. A number of agencies and staff have been involved in this effort, including DOJ, Commerce, the SBA, and several persons on the White House staff. We have also consulted persons outside the administration, including economists, the minority business community, Chris Edley, and others.

I. REFORM OF SDB CERTIFICATION

In order to qualify as an SDB, a firm must be owned and controlled by someone who is socially and economically disadvantaged. Congress has directed that certain groups should be presumed to be disadvantaged, including African-Americans and Hispanics. Women and persons of any race can also qualify by proving that they have been disadvantaged.

The new rules make two changes. First, they modify the standard of proof to establish social and economic disadvantage -- from "clear and convincing" to a "preponderance of the evidence." This rule broadens participation in the program by making it easier for persons who are not in groups presumed to be disadvantaged to establish eligibility. These changes will strengthen all programs that rely on SBA certification by ensuring that those persons who meet Congressionally-established requirements can qualify for benefits.

Second, the new rules ensure that only those persons who qualify can participate. In the past, the SBA has relied on self-certification, which allowed firms to identify themselves as meeting the requirements for certification. The SBA could review each firm's certification, but sometimes this process allowed ineligible firms to participate in the program, at least for a limited time. Under the new rule, the SBA will require that, before a firm can become eligible as an SDB, it must be certified by the SBA itself or a by contractor hired by the SBA. This change is designed to cut costs and make the program fairer by reducing participation by ineligible firms.

II. THE PRICE EVALUATION ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM

The second reform is the implementation of a new price evaluation adjustment program. DOD has had authority to operate this program for some time. In 1994 Congress extended authorization to all federal agencies. Since then, agency staff have worked to develop a methodology for exercising this authority in a way that remedies discrimination, meets legal requirements and preserves competition. Under the program, SDB's who bid on federal contracts may qualify for a price evaluation credit of up to 10%. Price evaluation credits are not set-asides. SDB's that receive these credits must still compete with all other businesses to win federal contracts.

Credits will be available only in industries in which minority-owned firms continue to suffer the effects of discrimination. "Benchmarking" provides a methodology for identifying these industries. It compares the actual federal procurement market share of minority-owned businesses ("utilization") with the federal procurement market share that would be expected in the absence of discrimination ("capacity"). Capacity is determined by estimating the value of contracts that SDB's, willing and able to perform federal contracts, would be expected to receive if their success equaled that of all other firms in the industry of equal age and size. Only where utilization falls short of capacity will credits be allowed. The Commerce Department has identified industries where credits will be allowed. Under current market conditions, credits will be available in industries that represent about 74% of the current dollar value of SDB procurement. Thus, benchmarking represents a more targeted approach to providing assistance than traditional affirmative action programs that have been available in all industries.

Price credits will be available to prime contractors on October 1, 1998, and to subcontractors on Jan. 1, 1999. The program supplements other federal programs that provide assistance to disadvantaged businesses, including the 8(a) program of the Small Business Administration, the new Hubzones program, and the Department of Transportation's program for

Disadvantaged Business Enterprises. DOT will not require that benchmarking methodology be adopted by state and local governments that receive highway funds; however, we expect that many will adopt benchmarking principles.

The SBA's 8(a) program is a business development program that does not provide for competitive bidding. Consequently, price credits will not be offered. Nonetheless, the SBA will rely on the benchmarks in administering the 8(a) program, for example, in deciding what firms can participate in 8(a). This may result in precluding some firms, who would have participated in the program in the past; however, we believe these changes will strengthen our position in defending 8(a) against challenges to its constitutionality.

The Advantages of Benchmarking

Constitutionality -- The program meets the constitutional requirements established in Supreme Court opinions. The Court has held that government can assist minority-owned businesses but such a program must be designed to address the actual effects of past discrimination. Benchmarking provides a means for carefully targeting our efforts to remedy those effects.

Flexibility -- Benchmarks are not quotas. The price evaluation adjustment program includes a series of provisions designed to target assistance carefully, to ensure flexibility and to maintain vigorous competition. Price credits will not be available in all industries, only those where there is evidence of remaining effects of discrimination. Price credits will be available only when the government has concluded that race-neutral efforts are inadequate to address past discrimination.

Preserving Competition -- Price credits are not set-asides. No firm or group of firms is guaranteed any contract. These credits provide a small boost for minority-owned firms when there has been a record of past discrimination.

Periodic Review -- Federal procurement data will be reviewed periodically to ensure that price credits are available only in those industries where the effects of discrimination persist.

Anticipated Public Reaction

Members of Congress and interested groups have been aware of the development of these proposals for some time. We will provide advance briefings to them about the details of the reforms prior to our public announcement. While we expect a generally favorable reaction from the public, these reforms will not satisfy either side of the affirmative action debate. Critics of all affirmative action will not be satisfied since these programs retain our commitment to provide assistance based on race under certain circumstances. At the same time, those groups who rely on current programs may be disappointed that this program targets assistance more carefully than set-asides or assistance that is available in all industries. We believe, however, that the great

majority of Americans agree with your approach of mending, not ending affirmative action. These reforms are consistent with that approach.

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN
6-24-98

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See notation back
re. welfare reform
As ~~the~~ name:
nonunion call
B

Call

John T. Collins, II, MPH
Vice President



Goodwill Industries of

SANTA CRUZ, MONTEREY and SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTIES, INC.

350 ENCINAL STREET, SANTA CRUZ, CALIFORNIA 95060

FAX (408) 423-8968 TELEPHONE (408) 423-8611

E-Mail: JCOLL64694@AOL.COM

Mr President:
Thank you for looking into
the conflict between FLRA
and TANF - DOL's & HHS need to
~~not~~ resolve the work experience/
Community Participation aspects
of the law (FLRA) so Community
Organization as ours can serve
the hardest to serve people in welfare

6-24-98

See Note

has been
taken care of -
Re



(over)

Michael R. McNulty
Member of Congress
United States of America

2161 Rayburn Building
Washington, D. C. 20515
(202) 225-5076

O'Brien Federal Building
Albany, NY 12207
(518) 465-0700

6-24-98

Sends to legislative Affairs?

Yes ☒

No ☐

C

FEMA Disaster Aid
Tornado Damage
SARATOGA + RENSSELAER
COUNTIES
New York State

thank you Mr. clinter for invit~~ing~~g us to the picnic
LOVE Marina Bikta

109 Mrs. clinter

6124198

To: Prez & Mrs. C.

Send to Burkhardt?

Yes ☒
No ☐

From: Eileen
O'Connor's
kids

(M. McCarty dropped off)

Children's
Correspondence



PRESIDENT

Thank

YOU FOR

IN VITINTING US.

TO YOU

I LOKI

CARUI Va

The Ras

LOVE

GABBY

BI LOTTA

I ask you for inviting me to this picnic. The music
was great. The food was the food. The rides were super.
It was the greatest picnic I have ever been to.
Thank you Mr. and Mrs. Clinton. Love, Lorraine LaBilotta



THANK
YOU



Isabel Bilotti
agr 3



Frankie (Francesca) Bilot
age 1'



GREG MOORE PRODUCTIONS, INC

P.O. Box 6348, Evansville, IN
1-888-GUITAR2 (1-888-48

Came in mail

6/24/98

Send to Burkhardt

Yes ☒
No ☐

June 10, 1998

President William J. Clinton
1st Floor, West Wing
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
Washington, DC 20500

Dear Mr. President:

I was very much impressed when you recently gave your tenor saxophone to a young student in response to VH1s "Save the Music" program for children. Having been involved in music as a performer/educator for over thirty-five years, I certainly share your view that it's about spreading it around, giving back to the future--our children. My career has taken me all over the world with such artists as Louis Prima, Frank Sinatra, and many others; and I, too, have something to give back--something that will introduce students to the performing arts, provide an opportunity for them to pursue their musical interests, help them build self-esteem and self-discipline that will positively impact all areas of life, motivate them to utilize free time in a positive, constructive manner, and give them a firm musical foundation on which to perhaps build a future career.

What I have to offer is a complete guitar learning/teaching program that I developed, tested, and refined over a period of many years that is ideally suited for integration into public school instrumental music programs so that at long last, guitar instruction can be offered to middle and high school students. As I am sure you know, the guitar is the most popular instrument not only in the United States, but all over the world, and is especially attractive to young people. Yet, guitar instruction is rarely offered in public school instrumental music programs. Why? Because most instrumental music teachers do not play guitar themselves, and no systematic, completely understandable learning/teaching program has been available to them that goes full circle from explaining how to read notes on the staff and relate them to locations on the guitar neck in nine fingering positions, to explaining how to build any chord--major, minor, dominant 7th, etc.--in four positions.

My guitar method, which is an original concept, is explained in detail in my handbook (which is accompanied by a musical CD or audiocassette) and in the educational video workshop series

President William J. Clinton
June 10, 1998
Page 2

Guitar Played Moore Effectively that I produced in cooperation with WNIN, our local PBS affiliate station. This workshop series has aired repeatedly on numerous PBS stations throughout the U.S. during the past two years. My approach to teaching is presented in explicit detail in a teacher's guide. When used together, these items make it possible for anyone to teach guitar because the handbook provides written explanations and illustrations of the concepts presented; the videos incorporate verbal explanations plus graphics and live demonstrations; and the teacher's guide--which is cross-referenced with appropriate page numbers in the handbook and with time coordinates on the videos--directs the instructor progressively and logically through each step from the beginning to the end of any given lesson period.

Because of the positive impact that music education makes on all areas of life, I am not only anxious to have guitar instruction incorporated in the public school instrumental music programs, I am also extremely interested in providing at-risk students with an opportunity to study music. Toward this end, I have developed the *Guitar Played Moore Effectively Reachout Program*, which is offered free of charge to at-risk middle and high school students and provides each student with an acoustic guitar, handbook w/CD, and sixteen weeks of instruction. The pilot program, which began June 1, and will continue throughout the summer at Lincoln School here in Evansville, is being sponsored by Safehaven, an Indiana grant program administered locally by Dr. Ira Neal of the Evansville-Vanderburgh School Corporation. The students and I would, of course, be most honored if you, Mrs. Clinton, or someone from your staff could visit one of our classes for a first-hand view of what is being accomplished here. Please feel free to call me at my private number--812-853-3693--or write to 4111 Hwy. 261, Newburgh, IN 47630 to make arrangements.

Also, if you would be so kind as to put me in contact with appropriate individuals or agencies who are interested in furthering music education via expanded middle and high school instrumental music programs and/or extracurricular programs such as the Safehaven project, I would very much appreciate it.

Cordially yours,

Gregory R. Moore

drr

c: Alexis M. Herman
Leon E. Panetta
Todd D. Stern ✓

Please return to ~~Wayneab Wondwessen~~, Room 93

Date of Request: 5/14/98

Request for: POTUS/FLOTUS

Type of Request: Honorary United States Chairs

Requestor Name: Mr. Phillip B Miller

Title: Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Address: Saks Fifth Avenue
12 East 49th Street
New York, New York 10017

Contact Tel. #: 212 940 4178

Event Date: 11/9/98

Event Description: gala party saluting British design and benefiting the Ovarian Cancer Research Fund and the Rainforest Foundation

Notes: US Ambassador to Britain was invited but will not attend. I spoke with Larry Butler of NSC Europe (69151) on 6/23 and he said there is no foreign policy reason why POTUS/FLOTUS should or should not attend. The only question is whether POTUS' name should be associated with an event to promote British commercial designers. I also spoke with Saks on 6/17 and they have not heard from Prime Minister Blair. They believe Blair is waiting to hear what we are going to do.

Recommendations:

MV _____ PC _____
(Unless otherwise noted, a yes answer
will automatically generate a message
as well as acceptance of the honorary
position).

Comments:

to
Patti
+ Stephanie
Scheduling
C-1

1/1
MAY 28 1998
Date Rec'd

PL01V3

EXECUTIVE OFFICES
TEL: 212 940 4178 FAX: 212 940 5594

PHILIP B. MILLER
CHAIRMAN AND
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

*Ltr Asn'd

May 14, 1998

The President and Mrs. Clinton
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, DC 20500

Copies For

Misc.

Dear Mr. President and Mrs. Clinton:

This Fall, Saks Fifth Avenue will inaugurate the fashion season with a salute to British design at our Fifth Avenue flagship. To launch this event, we will be hosting a gala party on the evening of September 9 to benefit the Ovarian Cancer Research Fund and the Rainforest Foundation. On behalf of my co-chairs, Liz Tilberis and Trudie Styler, I would like to invite you to join us for what is shaping up to be a truly exciting evening in aid of two very important international charities.

We would like to invite you to serve as Honorary United States Chairs for this event. We have invited Prime Minister and Mrs. Blair to serve as Honorary United Kingdom Chairs. We understand that your schedule may not permit you to attend, but we would very much like your support if possible.

Saks Fifth Avenue has, throughout its history, strongly supported British designers and manufacturers. We are very grateful that the British Department of Trade and Industry has graciously agreed to partner with us for this event. We will heavily promote this event in the media, both through advertising and publicity efforts, and we expect a great deal of media coverage of the party itself. All 32 of our Fifth Avenue windows will salute British design and fashion designers, as will the entire main floor of our store. Many of the British designers and manufacturers that we carry at Saks will be in attendance for the party and then throughout the week in their departments.

We would be most honored if you were able to lend your name to this event. For further information, please feel free to contact me at (212) 940-4178. Your support will make a very special evening even more memorable.

Most respectfully,

Philip B. Miller

Philip B. Miller

SAKS FIFTH AVENUE

12 EAST 49TH STREET

NEW YORK, NY 10017

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

May 21, 1998

Mr. Philip B. Miller
Executive Offices
Saks Fifth Avenue
12 East 49th Street
New York, New York 10017

Dear Mr. Miller:

Thank you for your letter inviting the President and Mrs. Clinton to serve as Honorary United States Chairs for your charitable gala, The British Invasion, Part II. It sounds like a truly worthwhile event and I want to thank you for thinking of them when planning the gala.

We also received correspondence from Ms. Lividini regarding this request and I have already sent her letter to the Presidential Scheduling Office for consideration.

Thank you for contacting us and we hope to have an answer for you soon. I send along my best wishes for the success of the gala.

Sincerely,



Capricia Penavic Marshall
Social Secretary

cc: Patti Solis Doyle
Stephanie Streett

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 20, 1998

Ms. Jaqui Lividini
Corporate Public Relations
Saks Fifth Avenue
12 East 49th Street
New York, New York 10017

Dear Ms. Lividini:

Thank you for your faxed letter inviting the President and Mrs. Clinton to serve as Honorary United States Chairs for your charitable gala, The British Invasion, Part II. I understand this gala benefits two important international charities, The Ovarian Cancer Research Fund and The Rainforest Foundation.

I have taken the liberty of sending your request to the White House Counsel's Office as well as to Presidential Scheduling regarding the possibility of the President and Mrs. Clinton serving as honorary chairs.

Thank you for thinking of them in the planning of this very worthwhile event. I send along my best wishes to you for the success of the gala.

Sincerely,



Capricia Penavic Marshall
Social Secretary

cc: Cheryl Mills
Stephanie Streett



CORPORATE PUBLIC RELATIONS
TEL 212 940 4245 FAX: 212 940 4239

JACQUELINE LIVIDINI
VICE PRESIDENT

May 14, 1998

Capricia Marshall
Social Secretary for the White House
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, East Wing, Suite 200
Washington, DC 20500

Dear Ms. Marshall:

Enclosed is a letter from Philip B. Miller, Chairman and CEO of Saks Fifth Avenue, inviting President and Mrs. Clinton to serve as the Honorary United States Chairs for an event we are hosting at Saks in New York on September 9 from 9 p.m. to 1 a.m. This event will benefit two important international charities that are based here in the United States: The Ovarian Cancer Research Fund and The Rainforest Foundation. Co-chairing this event with Mr. Miller will be Liz Tilberis, editor-in-chief of *Harper's Bazaar* and President of The Ovarian Cancer Research Fund; and Trudie Styler, wife of recording artist Sting, and founder with him of The Rainforest Foundation. Press kits on both charities will be sent under separate cover.

We are calling this gala The British Invasion, Part II, a reference to the first one in the 60's with the Beatles, Carnaby Street, and Mary Quant. The past few years have seen a tremendous resurgence in the importance of London in the fashion world, and Saks will be bringing over dozens of British designers, manufacturers, and press to celebrate the beginning of the Fall season. The British Department of Trade and Industry has graciously agreed to partner with us for this event. All 32 of our Fifth Avenue windows will salute British design and fashion, as will the entire main floor. We are putting together a carnival-like atmosphere on the main floor, with a VIP lounge area on the second floor. A private dinner for the Benefit and Honorary Committees will be held on the third floor prior to the event.

We have invited Prime Minister and Mrs. Blair to serve as Honorary United Kingdom Chairs, and have also asked the Ambassador to the Court of St. James's and the British Ambassador to the United States to serve on the Honorary Committee. The Benefit Committee will be made up of friends of Ms. Tilberis and Ms. Styler, and we should know those names within the next week.

(continued)

SAKS FIFTH AVENUE

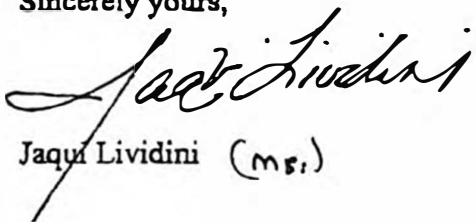
12 EAST 49TH STREET

NEW YORK, NY 10017

We would be honored if President and Mrs. Clinton were able to join us at the event, but realize that their schedules may not permit this. However, if possible, we would still like them to agree to serve as Honorary United States Chairs.

Please feel free to contact me at (212) 940-4245 if you have any questions.

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "Jaqui Lividini". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned above the printed name.

Jaqui Lividini (ms.)

SAKS FIFTH AVENUE