

Wednesday, September 30, 1998

9:15 AM	Telephone Call to German Chancellor Kohl	Tab A
9:50 AM	Photo Opportunity with the Assassination Records Review Board	Tab B
10:30 AM	Economic Event	Tab C
	- Remarks	Tab D
	- Background	Tab E
11:15 AM	Meeting [Sperling]	Distributed Separately
12:20 PM	Congressional Meeting	Distributed Separately
1:00 PM	Meeting	Distributed Separately

'98 SEP 29 PM 6:41

Wednesday, September 30, 1998

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1998

Final Schedule

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4824

PRESS DESK:

DORI SALCIDO

HOME: 703-548-6466

OFFICE: 202-456-5771

WHCA PAGER: 4844

EVENT COORDINATOR:

LAURA SCHWARTZ

HOME: 202-331-4339

OFFICE: 202-456-5655

WHCA PAGER: 4293

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, DC

*Mostly sunny, becoming partly cloudy. Winds
south to southeast at 5 to 10 knots. Low 56 to 61.
High 76 to 81.*

Wednesday, September 30, 1998

**Schedule of the President
for
Wednesday, September 30, 1998
*Final Schedule***

9:00	am-	MEETING
9:15	am	OVAL OFFICE
		Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles
9:15	am-	BRIEFING AND FOREIGN POLICY PHONE CALL
9:45	am	OVAL OFFICE
		Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
9:50	am-	PHOTO OPPORTUNITY WITH THE ASSASSINATION RECORDS
10:00	am	REVIEW BOARD
		OVAL OFFICE
		Staff Contact: John Podesta
		OFFICIAL PHOTO ONLY
10:00	am-	BRIEFING
10:30	am	OVAL OFFICE
		Staff Contact: Gene Sperling
10:30	am-	MEET AND GREET
10:40	am	OVAL OFFICE
		Staff Contact: Gene Sperling, Capricia Marshall
		Event Coordinator: Laura Schwartz
		CLOSED PRESS

September 29, 1998 (6:22pm)

Wednesday, September 30, 1998

10:40 am-
11:15 am

ECONOMIC EVENT

ROSE GARDEN

Remarks: June Shih

Staff Contact: Gene Sperling, Capricia Marshall

Event Coordinator: Laura Schwartz

OPEN PRESS

Note: The Rain Site for the Economic Event is Old Executive Office Building Room 450.

-- **The President**, accompanied by Erskine Bowles and J. "Kay" McClure, is announced into the Rose Garden.

-- Erskine Bowles, Chief of Staff, makes brief welcoming remarks and introduces J. "Kay" McClure.

-- J. "Kay" McClure, President, Walhonde Tools, Inc. makes remarks and introduces **the President**.

-- **The President** makes remarks and departs.

11:15 am-
12:00 pm

MEETING

OVAL OFFICE

Staff Contact: Gene Sperling

12:00 pm-
12:20 pm

BRIEFING FOR CONGRESSIONAL MEETING

OVAL OFFICE

Staff Contact: Samuel Berger, Larry Stein

12:20 pm-
12:50 pm

CONGRESSIONAL MEETING

OVAL OFFICE

Staff Contact: Samuel Berger, Larry Stein

CLOSED PRESS

1:00 pm-
1:10 pm

MEETING

OVAL OFFICE

Staff Contact: Samuel Berger

1:10 pm-
1:15 pm

MEETING

OVAL OFFICE

Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett

September 29, 1998 (6:22pm)

Wednesday, September 30, 1998

1:15 pm- PHONE AND OFFICE TIME
6:00 pm OVAL OFFICE

EVENING OFF

BC RON THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, DC

HRC RON CHILE

September 29, 1998 (6:22pm)

A

THE WHITE HOUSE

'98 SEP 28 ~8:04

WASHINGTON

September 28, 1998

TELEPHONE CALL WITH
CHANCELLOR HELMUT KOHL

DATE: September 29, 1998

LOCATION: The Oval Office

TIME: 9:15 a.m.

FROM: SAMUEL BERGER

I. PURPOSE

To convey your best wishes to Kohl following his defeat in Sunday's elections.

II. BACKGROUND

Despite a strong run at the end, Kohl was badly defeated by Schroeder. The final results placed Kohl's CDU at 35.2 percent and Schroeder's SPD at 40.9 -- a gap far larger than most had anticipated. In accepting his defeat, Kohl announced that he would also relinquish the Chairmanship of the CDU party.

Schroeder will be formally elected by the Bundestag in mid-October, if he has successfully completed his coalition negotiations with the Greens party. Together the SPD and Greens will hold a 21 seat majority in the Bundestag, which should enhance stability of the new government.

Attachment

Points to be Made

POINTS TO BE MADE FOR
TELEPHONE CONVERSATION WITH
CHANCELLOR HELMUT KOHL OF GERMANY

- I know this is a difficult result for you, but you have every reason to be proud of the campaign you fought and the historic legacy you have achieved for your country and the world. Though coalition negotiations still on-going, heard your statement that you are leaving office.
- You have changed the course of history, built a profoundly better future for the German people and rest of the world.
- You have been courageous leader and true friend; am deeply grateful for your support of me personally and of partnership between United States and Germany.
- Want to stay in close touch over coming weeks; prepared to do everything possible to be helpful.
- Please tell Hannelore that Hillary and I send our very best.

B

'98 SEP 29 PM 7:51

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 29, 1998

Photo Opportunity with Assassination Records Review Board

DATE: September 30, 1998
LOCATION: Oval Office
TIME: 9:50 a.m. - 10:00 a.m.
FROM: John Podesta

I. PURPOSE

Members of the Assassination Records Review Board will present you with their Final Report as mandated by the *President John F. Kennedy Records Collection Act of 1992*.

II. BACKGROUND

The Assassination Records Review Board, composed of 5 members appointed by you and confirmed by the Senate in 1994, was established not to draw conclusions about the assassination, but to research and release new records so that the public could draw its own conclusions. The Board's work resulted in the release of portions of more than 29,000 classified documents and consent of various agencies to release an additional 33,000 documents.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Assassination Records Review Board Members:

John R. Tunheim, Chair, Federal Judge from Minnesota

William L. Joyce, Princeton University Associate Librarian

Anna Kasten Nelson, American University Historian

Kermit L. Hall, Ohio State Historian

(Board member Henry Graff, Columbia University Historian cannot attend, see attached)

Review Board Executive Director, Laura Denk

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House photo only

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Board Members will present you with the Final Report, followed by a group photo to be released to the press.

VI. REMARKS

None required

HENRY F. GRAFF

47 Andrea Lane
Scarsdale, NY 10583

September 28, 1998

President William J. Clinton
The White House
Washington, DC 20502

Dear Mr. President:

Because I will be observing Yom Kippur, the Jewish Day of Atonement, on Wednesday September 30th, I, alas, cannot be present with fellow-members of the JFK Assassination Records Review Board when they present our Final Report to you. I hope that you will find time soon thereafter for me to come in, too, in order to comment to you on our accomplishment. You must surely know the great honor I felt you bestowed on me by the prestigious appointment to the Board.

With every good wish, I am

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'H.F. Graff', with a stylized flourish at the end.

cc: Mr. John Podesta

C

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 29, 1998

ANNOUNCEMENT OF FIRST BUDGET SURPLUS
IN A GENERATION

DATE: September 30, 1998
PLACE: Rose Garden
TIME: Pre-Brief 10:00 a.m. - 10:30 a.m.
Meet & Greet 10:30 a.m. - 10:35 a.m.
Event 10:35 a.m. - 11:00 a.m.
From: Gene Sperling

I. PURPOSE

On the last day of the fiscal year, you will announce that the U.S. government has balanced its books for the first time in 29 years -- and indeed achieved a surplus. You will make the case for sticking with the economic strategy that achieved this success: maintaining fiscal discipline, investing in people, and leading the world economy toward renewed stability and open markets.

II. BACKGROUND

You will speak to invited guests from Congress, the business community, and the cabinet in the Rose Garden about the historic achievement of balancing the budget. You will highlight the benefits of a balanced budget to working Americans and urge Congress to maintain the fiscal discipline that led to this success -- by reserving the new budget surplus until we have strengthened Social Security.

You will be introduced by Ms. Kay McClure, the President and Co-Founder of Walhonde (WALL-hon-da) Tools, Incorporated. While the firm is a small family-owned business, it makes sophisticated precision tools for heavy construction projects, such as pulp-paper factories, nuclear submarines, and petro-chemical and food processing industries. The firm exports to Japan, Norway, Canada, and Mexico and is trying to break into the European market. Walhonde began to export to Japan in about 1994, after Ms. McClure participated in a trade mission there with Senator Rockefeller. Walhonde has felt the impact of the Japanese economic downturn and has recently cut its prices so that it could still compete there.

Since 1993, Walhonde's revenues have expanded by more than a quarter and their profit margin this year will be about 25 percent. They hope to have a million dollar in sales within the next couple of years. They have also increased their workforce from 5 employees -- several part-time -- to 9 employees today (8 full-time and one part-time).

And they are looking to hire one additional worker in the next 3-6 months. Walhonde has experienced first-hand the benefits of today's economy: their line of credit has been expanded dramatically and banks are even coming to the firm seeking to lend money.

Ms. McClure is married to the inventor of Walhonde's product line. She has four children (three of whom work for Walhonde) and nine grandchildren. She was a delegate to the President's 1995 White House Conference on Small Business where she placed special emphasis on international trade issues, taxes, and intellectual property rights.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Pre-Brief

Erskine B. Bowles

Sylvia Mathews

John Podesta

Jake Siewert

Event

POTUS

Erskine Bowles

J. Kay McClure (goes by "Kay"), President of Walhonde Tools, Inc.

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open Press

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

The President, Erskine Bowles and J. Kay McClure are announced to a stage at the east end of the Rose Garden

Erskine Bowles introduces Kay McClure.

Kay McClure introduces **the President**.

The President gives remarks.

The President works a ropeline and departs.

VI. REMARKS

To be provided by Speechwriting

VII. ATTACHMENTS

Background paper on surplus.

D

**PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON
REMARKS ON THE SURPLUS
THE WHITE HOUSE
SEPTEMBER 30, 1998**

Twenty nine years ago, Neil Armstrong walked on the Moon. Sammy Sosa was a one year-old baby. Bonanza was one of America's top-rated TV shows. And twenty nine years ago today was the last day that America had a balanced budget.

For twenty nine years, the last day of the fiscal year was not a day of celebration. It was a day to tally up another year's worth of missed opportunity. Each year, we were handed a powerful reminder of our government's inability to live within its means, of gridlock between the parties, and most of all, of the crushing debt we were piling on the backs of our children. For twenty-nine years, these budget deficits hobbled economic growth, spiked interest rates, and robbed too many people of the American Dream.

But the end of this fiscal year is different. For at the stroke of midnight, we will put an end to three decades of deficits, and launch a new era of balanced budgets and surpluses. While the numbers will not be official until the end of next month, we expect the 1998 surplus to be about \$70 billion. This is the biggest surplus on record and, as a percentage of our economy, the biggest share since the 1950s. Our economy is the strongest in a generation -- and our budget is now balanced for the first time in a generation. Our deficit clock is becoming a "surplus clock" that will tally the growing opportunities of the 21st Century. It is a landmark achievement for the American people -- and a precious gift for generations to come.

I want you all to think about what this has meant for our economy and our democracy. And I want you to think about the obligations we must continue to carry into the future.

First and foremost, balancing the budget has brought tangible economic benefits to tens of millions of American families. In the 1980s, our national debt quadrupled as the budget deficit skyrocketed. High interest rates kept entrepreneurs from starting new businesses and creating new jobs. Tight money made it harder for young couples to buy a home. When I came to Washington six years ago, America's economy was drifting. College graduates had a hard time finding good jobs. Factory workers saw their industries fall behind foreign competition. The federal deficit was \$290 billion -- and projected to rise to more than \$350 billion by this year.

But our deficit was more than just a tremendous drag on our economy. It also served as Exhibit A in the case for American decline. The very notion seems preposterous today, but it is worth remembering that, just a decade ago, the idea of an America in decline was widely accepted here in Washington. Serious works of scholarship suggested that we were destined to go the way of other great powers that had risen and fallen. American defeatism was part of conventional wisdom -- typified by a national government that was seen as inefficient, ineffectual and insolvent, and national leaders who were thought to be incapable of meeting new

challenges. The two political parties seemed lost, locked in a series of false choices between the old, failed big-spending liberalism and the old, failed, do-nothing conservatism.

But a funny thing happened on the road to American decline. The American people decided to take over. And just as we have at every critical juncture of our history, we, the people, came together to once again become captains of our fate and commanders of our destiny.

And so the American people went to work. They demanded a new direction; they insisted that government put its house in order; they were determined to reassert American greatness -- to prove to all the world that our nation's best days were still ahead. In 1993, the Democrats in Congress -- some at the cost of their careers -- took action, voting for a new economic strategy that led to a deficit reduction of 90 percent. Four years later, we finished the job, as Congress put progress over partisanship, and passed a bipartisan balanced budget agreement. This historic deficit reduction has saved the American people more than \$1 trillion on the national debt.

This new economic strategy has helped lead to lower interest rates, higher investment, and unprecedented prosperity. It has sparked a true American economic renaissance.

Today, business investment is at record levels. We have nearly 17 million new jobs, nearly all of them in the private sector -- creating jobs in business as we trim jobs from government. We have the lowest unemployment rate in 28 years ... the smallest percentage of Americans on welfare in 29 years ... the lowest inflation in 33 years.

The American Dream has never been stronger, never been in closer reach for so many people. More than six million American families realized their dreams of owning a first home. Another ten million have refinanced them. Today, homeownership is the highest in history. For millions more Americans, lower interest rates have amounted to an unofficial tax cut of tens of billions of dollars -- making a college education, a new car, a family vacation even more affordable.

By balancing the budget while increasing investment in our people, we have begun to forge a new vision of government. One that lives within its means, that is smaller, but stronger, better able to meet the challenges of a new era. One that cuts wasteful spending but also makes significant investments in education and health care. America has done so much to make this new economy. We must now do all we can to ensure that all our people can master the new competition -- and the new promise -- it brings.

Our success is inspiring new confidence not only here, but around the world. Six years ago, when I attended my first G-7 meeting in Tokyo, every leader told me that our deficit was holding back growth around the world. Because we acted, we are now in the strongest position to lead in decades. Our growing economy is the bulwark of stability in a turbulent world.

We have balanced the budget and unprecedented prosperity. Now what are we going to do with it?

For the sake of our children, we have balanced the budget. Now, for the sake of our children, we must save Social Security for the 21st Century. If Congress sends me a tax cut that retreats from fiscal discipline, drains away our hard-earned surplus and fails to put Social Security first, I will veto it. Just as it was wrong to continue running up deficits, it would be wrong to give ourselves an unpaid-for tax cut now, before we are sure we have provided for our children's future.

The tax cuts I sign into law must be paid for within a balanced budget and be targeted toward investments in the potential of our people. I am proposing tax cuts for education...to build and repair old schools...to help families with the cost of child care; to help small businesses take out pensions for their employees ... and they are paid for. We can pass targeted tax cuts that help working families without taking a dime from our surplus. I call on Congress to pass them.

1998 must not simply mark the end of an era of deficits, it must mark the beginning of a long and unbroken era of fiscal responsibility.

Turning generations of red ink to black is indeed a proud accomplishment for every American. But most of all, the surplus we begin to count tonight serves as proof positive that the American experiment in self-government is succeeding. That the same unstoppable American spirit that forged a Union out of 13 separate colonies; the same spirit that survived a civil war; the same spirit that defeated tyranny abroad and Depression at home; that explored space -- the same American spirit that has proved to be most powerful force for progress in the world -- is the very same spirit that will lead a strong, vibrant and forever young Nation into a new century of progress and promise.

God bless you, and God bless America.

E

BUDGET DEFICITS: 1969-1998

Fiscal Year	Deficit/Surplus (in billions of dollars)	Deficit/Surplus (as % of GDP)
1969	3.2	0.3
1970	-2.8	-0.3
1971	-23.0	-2.1
1972	-23.3	-2.0
1973	-14.9	-1.1
1974	-6.1	-0.4
1975	-53.2	-3.4
1976	-73.7	-4.3
1977	-53.7	-2.7
1978	-59.2	-2.7
1979	-40.7	-1.6
1980	-73.8	-2.7
1981	-79.0	-2.6
1982	-128.0	-4.0
1983	-207.8	-6.1
1984	-185.4	-4.9
1985	-212.3	-5.2
1986	-221.2	-5.1
1987	-149.8	-3.3
1988	-155.2	-3.1
1989	-152.5	-2.8
1990	-221.2	-3.9
1991	-269.4	-4.6
1992	-290.4	-4.7
1993	-255.0	-3.9
1994	-203.1	-3.0
1995	-163.9	-2.3
1996	-107.5	-1.4
1997	-21.9	-0.3
1998	About 70*	Nearly one percent*

* Estimate Based on Preliminary Information

MOVING FROM AN ERA OF DEFICITS TO AN ERA OF SURPLUSES: FISCAL SITUATION HAS IMPROVED DRAMATICALLY SINCE 1993

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	1993-1998	1993-2003
Projected Deficits in January 1993[†]	-290	-310	-291	-284	-287	-319	-357	-404	-455	-513	-579	-653	1,848	4,452
Actual and Projected Deficits	-290	-255	-203	-164	-107	-22	About 70*	54**	61**	83**	148**	150**	681	185
Difference	0	55	88	120	180	297	427	458	516	596	727	803	1,167	4,267

[†] From January 1993 Congressional Budget Office *Economic and Budget Outlook*.

* From Office of Management and Budget, September 30, 1998, based on preliminary information.

** From Office of Management and Budget, Mid-Session Review, May 1998.

**THEN AND NOW:
A LOOK BACK AT WHEN AMERICA
HAD ITS LAST BUDGET SURPLUS**

	WHEN WE HAD LAST BUDGET SURPLUS (1969)	TODAY (1998)
Dow Jones Industrial Average	876 (July 1)	8081 (September 29)
Price of a Can of Coca-Cola	15 cents	65 cents
Home Run Leader	Harmon Killebrew hits 49 home runs	Mark McGwire hits 70 home runs
Most Popular TV Show	Rowan & Martin's "Laugh In" (in July)	Seinfeld (past season)
Median Family Income	\$9,433	\$44,568
Size of U.S. Economy	\$982 billion	\$8.441 trillion
NBA Champions	Boston Celtics	Chicago Bulls
Anchors of Network News	David Brinkley (NBC), Walter Cronkite (CBS), and Howard Smith and Frank Reynolds (ABC).	Tom Brokaw (NBC), Dan Rather (CBS), and Peter Jennings (ABC).
World Series Champions	New York Mets	?
Best Picture	Midnight Cowboy	Titanic
Leader of Russia	Leonid Brezhnev	Boris Yeltsin
Speaker of the House	John McCormack	Newt Gingrich
Super Bowl Champions	New York Jets	Denver Broncos

**PRESIDENT CLINTON:
CLOSING THE BOOK ON AN ERA OF DEFICITS --
THE FIRST BUDGET SURPLUS IN A GENERATION**

September 30, 1998

President Clinton Closes The Book On A Generation of Deficits. In 1993, President Clinton put in place a three-part economic strategy to cut the deficit to help reduce interest rates and spur business investment; to invest in education, health care, and technology so that America was prepared to meet the challenges of the 21st century; and to open markets abroad so that American workers would have a fair chance to compete and win across the globe. Today, America's fiscal house is in order. After three decades of budget deficits, today marks the final day of fiscal year 1998 -- the first year the United States government will record a budget surplus since 1969.

- **Instead of \$357 Billion Deficit, About \$70 Billion Surplus This Year.** When President Clinton took office, the Congressional Budget Office (CBO) projected the deficit to be \$357 billion this year; using preliminary information, the Administration expects the surplus to be about \$70 billion this year. (The final numbers will be available at the end of October.)
- **About \$70 Billion Surplus -- The First in A Generation.** In 1992, the deficit was \$290 billion -- the biggest dollar deficit in American history. This year, the Administration expects the surplus to be about \$70 billion -- the first in a generation (1969) and the biggest dollar surplus in American history. As a share of GDP, the budget surplus would be almost one percent this year -- the largest since the 1950s.
- **Six Years in A Row of Fiscal Improvement -- The First Time in U.S. History.** Reaching a surplus in 1998 marks the sixth consecutive year of improved fiscal balance -- the longest period in all of American history.
- **Surplus Estimated To Reach \$150 Billion By 2002.** President Clinton promised to balance the budget by 2002. The budget is not only balanced this year -- four years ahead of schedule -- but is in surplus, which will grow to \$148 billion by 2002, as projected in the Administration's mid-session review. Instead of the \$579 billion deficit projected by CBO for 2002, the Administration projected in May 1998 a surplus of \$148 billion for 2002 -- a \$727 billion swing.
- **While Cutting Federal Spending To Its Lowest in a Quarter Century, President Clinton Has Expanded Critical Investments in the Future, Such As Education and Training.** President Clinton's 1993 Economic Plan included \$255 billion in spending cuts over five years -- more than half of the total deficit reduction package. As a result, federal spending as a share of the economy has declined for each of the past 6 years and is now the lowest in 24 years. However, as spending has been cut in lower priority areas, President Clinton has dramatically increased funding in critical areas, such as education and training, children, the environment, health care, and research and development.
- **While Eliminating The Budget Deficit, President Clinton Has Provided Tax Relief for Middle-Income Families.** Because of the tax cuts for working families signed into law by President Clinton, the typical American family of four will face the lowest federal tax burden in over two decades (since 1976). President Clinton proposes to build upon this record to provide additional targeted, paid-for tax relief for child care, education, pensions, affordable housing, and the environment.

We Cannot Turn Back: We Have Fixed The Fiscal Deficit, Now We Need To Fix The Generational Deficit. In the State of the Union, President Clinton said that any projected budget surpluses should be reserved until Social Security is reformed. Today's achievement of the first balanced budget in three decades makes President Clinton's call even more timely. President Clinton will oppose any spending or tax proposal that fails to set aside surpluses until we have strengthened Social Security for the 21st century.

For America's Working Families, The Improved Fiscal Situation Means Lower Mortgage Rates And A Brighter Economic Future. Here's what the improved fiscal situation means to typical families:

- **Lower Deficits Mean a Lower National Debt -- \$17,000 Less Debt for a Family of Four.** The national debt is \$1.2 trillion lower now than projected by CBO in 1993 -- that's over \$17,000 less debt for each family of four in America.
- **Lower Deficits Mean Lower Interest and Mortgage Rates -- Saving Families Thousands.** The government's share of total borrowing in U.S. credit markets has been eliminated, from nearly 60 percent just six years ago -- which, according to the *Wall Street Journal* (5/7), has played a "major role" in keeping down interest and mortgage rates. According to the *New York Times* and *Money* magazine, lower mortgage rates have saved the 10 million families who refinanced their home mortgages \$1,000-\$2,000 per year, on average. [Source: *New York Times*, 8/3/96; *Money*, 8/96]
- **Lower Mortgage Rates Mean Higher Homeownership.** Lower mortgage rates -- along with higher family incomes, faster job growth, and the President's National Homeownership Strategy -- have helped raise the national homeownership rate to its highest level in American history (66.0 percent). [Source: Bureau of the Census.]
- **Lower Interest Rates Mean Faster Business Investment Growth.** Under President Clinton, real business productive investment growth has averaged 12.8 percent -- the fastest since John F. Kennedy was President. [Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis, Department of Commerce.]
- **Lower Interest Rates Mean More New Small Businesses.** With lower interest rates, more people are investing in starting small businesses. As a result, in each of the last five years, we have had a record number of new small businesses. [Source: Dun & Bradstreet]
- **Faster Business Investment Growth Means Faster Economic Growth and More Jobs.** Faster business investment growth helps expand capacity and has led to faster economic growth and more jobs under President Clinton. Since President Clinton took office, the private sector of the economy has grown 3.9 percent per year -- far stronger than under President Reagan (3.0 percent per year), the economy has added 16.7 million new jobs, and unemployment has fallen to 4.5 percent -- the lowest in 28 years. [Source: Based on data from the Bureau of Economic Analysis, Department of Commerce, and Bureau of Labor Statistics.]

Experts Agree That President Clinton's 1993 Economic Plan Helped Cut the Deficit, Lower Interest Rates, Spur Business Investment, and Strengthen the Economy. The economy and the budget are now working in a virtuous circle -- lower deficits have led to lower interest rates which have led to faster business investment which led to faster growth which led to even lower deficits. Experts agree that President Clinton's 1993 Economic Plan helped create this virtuous circle.

- **Alan Greenspan, Federal Reserve Chairman, 2/20/96:** The deficit reduction in the President's 1993 Economic Plan was "an unquestioned factor in contributing to the improvement in economic activity that occurred thereafter."
- ***Business Week*, 5/19/97:** "Clinton's 1993 budget cuts, which reduced projected red ink by more than \$400 billion over five years, sparked a major drop in interest rates that helped boost investment in all the equipment and systems that brought forth the New Age economy of technological innovation and rising productivity."
- ***U.S. News & World Report*, 6/17/96:** "President Clinton's budget deficit program begun in 1993... [led] to lower interest rates, which begat greater investment growth (by double digits since 1993, the highest rate since the Kennedy administration), which begat three-plus years of solid economic growth averaging 2.6 percent annually, 50 percent higher than during the Bush presidency."
- **Paul Volcker, former Federal Reserve Chairman, *Audacity*, Fall 1994:** "The deficit has come down, and I give the Clinton Administration and President Clinton himself a lot of credit for that... and I think we're seeing some benefits."
- ***Fortune*, 10/3/94:** "[The President's] economic plan helped bring interest rates down, spurring the recovery."

Clinton Presidential Records Digital Records Marker

This is not a presidential record. This is used as an administrative marker by the William J. Clinton Presidential Library Staff.

This marker identifies the place of a tabbed divider. Given our digitization capabilities, we are sometimes unable to adequately scan such dividers. The title from the original document is indicated below.

OCTOBER 1998

Divider Title: _____

Thursday, October 1, 1998

12:30 PM	Meeting with Robert Schiffer	Tab A
1:00 PM	Lunch with the Vice President	No Paper
2:30 PM	Education Event	Tab B
	- Remarks	Tab C
3:50 PM	Meeting	No Paper
6:30 PM	HOLD ONE HOUR	No Paper
8:10 PM	Mix-and-Mingle and Unity Dinner	Tab D
	- Talking Points	Tab E To Be Forwarded

Thursday, October 1, 1998

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
THURSDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1998

Final Schedule

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4824

PRESS DESK:

ANNE EDWARDS

HOME: 301-565-3101

OFFICE: 202-456-2921

WHCA PAGER: 4208

EVENT COORDINATOR:

LAURA GRAHAM

HOME: 703-212-7642

OFFICE: 202-456-2349

WHCA PAGER: 4809

EVENT COORDINATOR:

LAURA SCHWARTZ

HOME: 202-331-4339

OFFICE: 202-456-5655

WHCA PAGER: 4293

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, DC

Mostly cloudy to cloudy with rain showers and scattered thunderstorms. Winds south to southwest at 10 to 15 knots. Low 57 to 62. High 72 to 77.

Thursday, October 1, 1998

**Schedule of the President
for
Thursday, October 1, 1998
*Final Schedule***

9:00	am-	PHONE AND OFFICE TIME
12:00	pm	OVAL OFFICE
12:00	pm-	MEETING
12:15	pm	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles
12:15	pm-	BRIEFING
12:30	pm	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
12:30	pm-	MEETING
12:40	pm	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
12:45	pm-	MEETING
12:50	pm	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett
1:00	pm-	LUNCH WITH THE VICE PRESIDENT
2:00	pm	OVAL OFFICE
2:00	pm	THE PRESIDENT proceeds to the Red Room
2:05	pm-	BRIEFING
2:30	pm	MAP ROOM Staff Contact: Bruce Reed
2:30	pm-	MEET AND GREET
2:45	pm	STATE DINING ROOM Staff contact: Bruce Reed, Capricia Marshall CLOSED PRESS

September 30, 1998 (6:46pm)

Thursday, October 1, 1998

2:45 pm-
3:40 pm

EDUCATION EVENT

EAST ROOM

Remarks: Paul Glastris

Staff Contact: Bruce Reed, Capricia Marshall

Event Coordinator: Laura Schwartz

OPEN PRESS

- **The President**, accompanied by the Vice President and Members of Congress, is announced into the East Room.
- Secretary Richard Riley makes brief remarks and introduces Representative David Bonior.
- Representative David Bonior makes brief remarks and introduces Senator Thomas Daschle.
- Senator Thomas Daschle makes remarks and introduces Kathryn Scruggs.
- Kathryn Scruggs, Reading Teacher, Arlington Ashlawn Elementary School, makes brief remarks and introduces the Vice President.
- The Vice President makes brief remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes remarks and has the option to greet schoolchildren.
- **The President** departs.

3:50 pm-
4:00 pm

MEETING

OVAL OFFICE

Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett

4:00 pm-
6:30 pm

PHONE AND OFFICE TIME

OVAL OFFICE

6:30 pm-
7:30 pm

HOLD ONE HOUR

8:00 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs The White House via motorcade en route Sheraton Luxury Collection
[drive time: 5 minutes]

8:05 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Sheraton Luxury Collection

Greeters: The Vice President
 Rich Casale, General Manager, Sheraton Luxury Collection

September 30, 1998 (6:46pm)

Thursday, October 1, 1998

8:10 pm-
8:40 pm
MIX AND MINGLE
ANTE ROOM
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
CLOSED PRESS

Note: Candid photos will be taken with 60 guests in attendance.

8:45 pm-
9:45 pm
UNITY DINNER
BALLROOM
Remarks: Josh Gottheimer
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
POOL PRESS (REMARKS ONLY)

Note: There will be 60 guests in attendance.

- **The President** and the Vice President are seated at separate head tables.
- Dinner is served.
- Steve Grossman, Chairman, Democratic National Committee, makes brief welcoming remarks and introduces Representative Nancy Pelosi.
- Representative Nancy Pelosi makes brief remarks and introduces Senator Robert Torricelli.
- Senator Robert Torricelli makes brief remarks and introduces Representative Richard Gephardt.
- Representative Richard Gephardt makes brief remarks and introduces the Vice President.
- The Vice President makes brief remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes remarks and departs.

9:50 pm
THE PRESIDENT departs Luxury Collection Hotel via motorcade en route The White House
[drive time: 5 minutes]

9:55 pm
THE PRESIDENT arrives The White House

BC RON
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

September 30, 1998 (6:46pm)

A

'98 SEP 30 PM 6:39

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

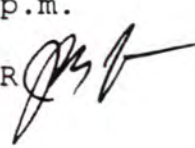
September 30, 1998

MEETING WITH
ROBERT SCHIFFER

DATE: October 1, 1998

LOCATION: Oval Office

TIME: 12:30-12:40 p.m.

FROM: SAMUEL BERGER I. PURPOSE

Meet with Bob Schiffer before he goes to Vietnam.

II. BACKGROUND

Joe Duffey has asked Bob to go to Vietnam to work for a year for Ambassador Pete Peterson as Senior Advisor on a USIA-OPIC joint project. Schiffer, who is currently senior Vice President at OPIC, has effectively marshaled private resources for our national and foreign policy objectives in South Africa and Russia and will be looking to do similar work in Vietnam. Among his goals will be to encourage American unions to work with the Vietnamese to improve working conditions and to attract young Vietnamese entrepreneurs to visit and learn from the United States.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President
Bob Schiffer

IV. PRESS PLAN

Official photographer.

V. SEQUENCE

This meeting is essentially a photo opportunity. After the photographs are taken, Schiffer may briefly describe his mission.

B

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

'98 SEP 30 PM5:17

September 30, 1998

EDUCATION EVENT

DATE: October 1, 1998
LOCATION: The East Room
BRIEFING TIME: 2:05 pm - 2:30 pm
EVENT TIME: 2:30 pm - 2:45 pm (Meet and Greet)
2:45 pm - 3:30 pm (Event)
FROM: Bruce Reed

I. PURPOSE

To unite Democrats behind challenge to the Republican Leadership to stop playing politics and pass your remaining education proposals.

II. BACKGROUND

So far, the current Congress has done almost nothing to improve public schools. This is an opportunity to call on the Republican leadership to set aside one of the few remaining days this year to vote on and pass your education agenda to reduce class size, modernize schools, and make the needed investments in after-school programs, technology, and other tools to bring our schools into the 21st century.

At this event you will be joined by more than 60 Congressional Democrats, 150 educators and education leaders, and a 6th grade class from a local elementary school who will be wearing t-shirts displaying the "One Day, One Vote" challenge to Congress.

We have worked with Daschle, Gebhardt, and other leading Democrats on a unified, three-part agenda that a willing Congress could pass in a single day:

- **Smaller Classes With Well-Prepared Teachers.** You will urge Congress to pass your Class Size Reduction and Teacher Quality Act, to provide \$12 billion over 7 years to help local communities hire 100,000 teachers and reduce class size to a national average of 18 in grades 1-3.
- **Modern Schools for the 21st Century.** You will urge Congress to pass your School Modernization initiative, which will provide local communities with \$22 billion in interest-free bonds to help renovate, modernize and build over 5,000 schools nationwide to reduce overcrowding, fix leaky roofs, and make schools safer.

- **Critical Investments in After-School Programs, Education Technology and Basic Education.** You will urge Congress to fully fund your FY 1999 budget request to strengthen public schools by raising standards, increasing accountability, expanding public school choice, strengthening teaching and learning and keeping our schools safe and drug-free. Overall, the House Labor/HHS appropriations bill is \$2 billion below the funding you requested for your education priorities, and fails to make critical investments needed to raise academic standards, help young children learn to read and all students master the basics, keep our schools drug-free, and give disadvantaged students and their families pathways to college. While the Senate bill rejects the extreme cuts made by the House, it falls \$1 billion short in funding your education priorities, and shortchanges programs that help young children learn to read, help children become proficient in English and learn academic subjects, establish innovative charter schools, and keep middle schools safe and drug-free.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The Vice President

Secretary Riley

Representative David Bonior (*Note: Rep. Gephardt will be in flight to D.C. at this time)

Senator Tom Daschle

Kathryn Scruggs, Reading Teacher, Ashlawn Elementary School, Arlington, Va.

Seated on stage: 60 Members of Congress.

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open Press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- **YOU** will be announced out of the State Dining room accompanied by all stage participants and Members of Congress and proceed to the stage in the East Room.
- Secretary Riley will make welcoming remarks and introduce Rep. Bonior.
- Rep. Bonior will make remarks and introduce Senator Daschle.
- Senator Daschle will make remarks and introduce Kathryn Scruggs.
- Kathryn Scruggs will make remarks and introduce the Vice President.
- The Vice President will make remarks and introduce **YOU**.
- **YOU** will make remarks.
- **YOU** will work a ropeline and then depart.

VI. REMARKS

Provided by Speechwriting.

C

Revised final 9/30/98 8:30 pm
Paul Glastris

PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON
REMARKS ON EDUCATION
EAST ROOM, WHITE HOUSE
October 1, 1998

Acknowledgements: Sec. Riley; Sen. Daschle; Rep. Bonior; VP Gore; Sen. Kennedy; reading teacher Kathryn Scruggs.

We are here today to issue a profound challenge to the majority in Congress: stop playing partisan politics for just one day and devote that day to strengthening America's public schools. Take one day to debate and vote on a plan to provide America's public schools with the tools they need: 100,000 well-qualified new teachers to reduce class size....after school and summer school programs to help students meet higher academic standards...and modernized schools for the 21st century.

I know that we are only about five weeks away from an election. But education must never be a partisan issue. Politics must stop at the schoolhouse door.

I know that renewing our public schools is a major challenge. But six years ago, our nation faced other daunting challenges: high crime, poverty, and welfare dependency; stagnant wages for working Americans; and budget deficits of nearly \$300 billion. We came together across party lines to pass historic crime, welfare, and budget measures that gave the citizens of this country the tools they needed to face these problems.

The results speak for themselves: Rising wages and the lowest unemployment rate in 28 years...the lowest crime rate in 25 years...the smallest percentage of people on welfare in 29 years...the lowest African American poverty rate since statistics have been kept; the lowest inflation in 32 years...the highest home-ownership in history. And yesterday, we watched as the red ink turned to black and the federal budget officially turned from deficit to surplus.

The lesson is clear: This nation can triumph over mighty challenges if we in Washington choose progress over partisanship.

Congress can choose progress, as it has in recent days by passing a higher education bill that includes my initiatives on higher education, initiatives which will help millions of Americans receive the college education they need to compete in the global economy.

This country is blessed with the finest system of higher education in the world and I applaud Congress for making it even better. But this country also needs and deserves the finest K-through-12 educational system in the world. Nothing we can do will more profoundly expand the circle of opportunity than strengthening our public schools.

Nothing we can do will more directly enhance our economic competitiveness than strengthening our public schools. Nothing we can do will more assuredly bridge the divisions among our people and bind this nation together than strengthening our public schools. Yet no issue has suffered more from the congressional majority's misplaced priorities and partisan pursuits than our public schools.

Eight months ago I sent Congress an education agenda that I believe can dramatically improve public schools in America. It is an agenda that demands accountability from everyone involved in public schools--students, parents, teachers, administrators.

It is an agenda that says to students, we expect you to meet high standards of discipline and academic achievement, but we will give you the help you need to meet those standards. It is an agenda that is, or should be, bipartisan in its appeal. And yet in the last eight months, the Republican majority in Congress has all but ignored that agenda.

But it is not too late. There is still time before the end of the legislative session for Congress to spend one day and cast one vote on a plan that would transform public education by doing three things.

First, the plan would help school districts hire 100,000 new teachers to reduce class sizes in the early grades--goals Sen. Patty Murray and Cong. Bill Clay have been fighting for.

Small classes are one of the first things parents look for in a school, and the latest research shows that they are wise to do so. Children who receive the individual attention they need in the early grades show permanent academic gains.

Every child in America deserves a chance to make those gains, and Congress can vote to make that happen. So far, the congressional majority has said no.

Second, the plan would help build or modernize 5000 schools around the country--goals Sen. Carol Moseley-Braun and Cong. Charlie Rangel have been fighting for. The need is great. In fast-growing school districts kids are taught in trailers euphemistically known as "learning cottages." In older districts, children sit in magnificent old schools where chunks of plaster fall on their desks.

That's wrong. We cannot ask students to show self-respect when their schools don't show self-respect.

Our plan will also help connect every school to the Internet by the year 2000 and train teachers to use the Internet. We cannot expect students to compete in the information age if we do not give them the tools of the information age.

Every child in America deserves a school as modern as the world we live in, and Congress can vote to make that happen. So far, the congressional majority has said no.

Third, the plan would help students meet higher standards with after school and summer school programs and other targeted investments--investments Sen. Barbara Boxer and Congwmn. Nita Lowey have been fighting for.

I have seen the benefits of such investments with my own eyes. Last week I visited a school in Chicago where students no longer advance to the next grade unless they can pass tests to demonstrate that they have learned what they were supposed to learn.

Students who have trouble passing those tests are offered academically-enriched summer school and after school programs, with three hot meals a day for students who need it. The result: test scores in Chicago are up three years in a row.

Every school district in America can do what Chicago has done, and Congress can vote to make that happen. So far, the congressional majority has said no.

Congress has not even found time to send me an appropriations bill that invests in education. They must not go home until they do, and I know Sen. Tom Harkin and Cong. David Obey will insist they do.

Let me be clear: The Democratic men and women with me here today are ready to vote now to strengthen our public schools. All they need is the opportunity. And if the majority in Congress will not give them that opportunity, maybe it is time for a new majority in Congress.

There is no excuse for inaction. The leadership in Congress has an obligation to devote at least one day to the future of public education in America.

One day to affirm the bedrock American value that every child, regardless of race, ethnicity, or income, deserves the chance share the bounty of this country's prosperity by gaining a first-class education. One day to put aside partisan games and do the work that the American people elected them to do.

Thank you and God bless you.

D

Unity '98
National Vice Chair Reception and Dinner

Date: Thursday, October 1, 1998
Location: The Luxury Collection Hotel
2100 Massachusetts Avenue
Washington, DC
Time: 8:00 PM POTUS Arrival Time
From: Don Erbach, Unity '98

I. Purpose

The purpose of this event is to raise funds for the Unity '98 Program.

II. Background

The guests at this event have written/raised a minimum of \$50,000 per couple to attend the event.

III. Participants

YOU will be greeted by Rich Casale, General Manager of the Luxury Collection Hotel. Please acknowledge the following officials during your remarks: Vice President Al Gore, Senator Tom Daschle, Congressman Dick Gephardt, Senator Bob Torricelli, Senator John Breaux, Congressman Martin Frost, Congresswoman Nancy Pelosi, and Democratic National Chairman Steve Grossman.

Approximately 50 guests are expected to attend the meet and greet and dinner. Please see the attached guest list.

IV. Press Plan

This event is open to the White House press pool for remarks only.

V. Sequence of Events

- **YOU** arrive at 8:00 PM.
- **YOU** are greeted by the Vice President and Rich Casale, General Manager of the Luxury Collection Hotel.
- **YOU** proceed to meet and greet approximately 50 guests at an informal reception.
- **YOU** proceed to your table. **YOU** will remain seated until you are introduced to speak.

- **PROGRAM**
 - Steve Grossman gives brief remarks and introduces Congresswoman Pelosi
 - Congresswoman Pelosi gives brief remarks and introduces Senator Torricelli
 - Senator Torricelli gives brief remarks and introduces Congressman Gephardt
 - Congressman Gephardt gives brief remarks and introduces the Vice President
 - Vice President gives remarks and introduces **YOU**.
 - **YOU** give brief remarks and depart.

VI. Remarks

Remarks to be provided by speechwriting.

E

**THE TALKING POINTS
FOR UNITY DINNER
WILL BE FORWARDED**

Monday, October 5, 1998

1:05 PM	Unity Luncheon	Tab A
	- Talking Points	Tab B
5:20 PM	Remarks to G-22 Ministers and Governors Meeting	Tab C
	- Remarks	Tab D
	- Background	Distributed Separately
6:45 PM	Mix-and-Mingle	Tab E
7:55 PM	Photo Receiving Line and Unity Gala	Tab F
	- Talking Points	Tab G

Monday, October 5, 1998

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
MONDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1998

Revised Final Schedule

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4824

PRESS DESK:

ANNE EDWARDS

HOME: 301-565-3101

OFFICE: 202-456-2921

WHCA PAGER: 4208

EVENT COORDINATOR:

LAURA GRAHAM

HOME: 703-212-7642

OFFICE: 202-456-2349

WHCA PAGER: 4809

EVENT COORDINATOR:

LAURA SCHWARTZ

HOME: 202-331-4339

OFFICE: 202-456-5655

WHCA PAGER: 4293

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Partly to mostly cloudy and warmer with isolated rain showers. Winds south to southeast at 5 to 10 knots. Low 53 to 58. High 68 to 73.

Monday, October 5, 1998

**Schedule of the President
for
Monday, October 5, 1998
*Revised Final Schedule***

10:45 am-	MEETING
11:15 am	OVAL OFFICE
	Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett
11:15 am-	MEETING
11:30 am	OVAL OFFICE
	Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles
11:30 am-	BRIEFING
11:45 am	OVAL OFFICE
	Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
11:45 am-	BRIEFING
12:00 pm	OVAL OFFICE
	Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
12:05 pm-	MEETING
12:10 pm	OVAL OFFICE
	Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett
12:10 pm-	PHONE AND OFFICE TIME
12:45 pm	OVAL OFFICE
12:50 pm	THE PRESIDENT departs The White House via motorcade en route Private Residence [drive time: 10 minutes]
1:00 pm	THE PRESIDENT arrives Private Residence
	 Greeter: Senator Thomas Daschle Representative Richard Gephardt Robert and Arlene Kogod

October 4, 1998 (5:04pm)

Monday, October 5, 1998

1:05 pm-
2:25 pm

UNITY LUNCHEON
LIVING ROOM
Private Residence
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
PRINT REPORTER (REMARKS ONLY)

Note: 20 guests in attendance.

Note: There will be no microphone or lectern present.

- **The President**, accompanied by Senator Thomas Daschle and Representative Richard Gephardt, proceeds to Living Room.
- Representative Richard Gephardt makes brief informal remarks and introduces Senator Thomas Daschle.
- Senator Thomas Daschle makes brief informal remarks and introduces the President.
- **The President** makes brief informal remarks.
- **The President** greets guests and all are seated for lunch and dessert.
- **The President** departs.

2:30 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Private Residence via motorcade en route The White House
[drive time: 10 minutes]

2:40 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives The White House

2:45 pm-
4:15 pm

PHONE AND OFFICE TIME
OVAL OFFICE

4:15 pm-
5:00 pm

BRIEFING/MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Gene Sperling

5:10 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs The White House via motorcade en route Sheraton Luxury Collection
[drive time: 10 minutes]

October 4, 1998 (5:04pm)

Monday, October 5, 1998

5:20 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Sheraton Luxury Collection

Greeters: Secretary Robert Rubin
Alan Greenspan, Chairman, Federal Reserve Board
Tiffany Folty, Sheraton Luxury Collection Hotel

5:20 pm-
6:30 pm

**REMRAKS TO SPECIAL MEETING OF FINANCE MINISTERS
AND CENTRAL BANK GOVERNORS
BALLROOM**

Sheraton Luxury Collection

Remarks: Michael Waldman

Staff Contact: Gene Sperling

Event Coordinator: Laura Graham

Translation: Simultaneous (meeting only)

EXPANDED POOL PRESS (REMARKS ONLY)

Note: Approximately 60 guests in attendance.

- **The President**, accompanied by Secretary Robert Rubin and Alan Greenspan, enters the room and proceeds to the podium.
- Secretary Robert Rubin makes brief remarks and introduces the **President**.
- **The President** makes remarks.

Note: Pool Press departs at this point.

- Upon conclusion of remarks, the **President** takes his seat and participates in meeting.
- Secretary Rubin concludes meeting.
- **The President** greets participants and departs.

6:35 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Sheraton Luxury Collection via motorcade en route Morton's of Chicago
[drive time: 5 minutes]

6:40 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Morton's of Chicago

Greeter: Senator Thomas Daschle
Representative Richard Gephardt
Daniel Fitzpatrick, General Manager, Morton's of Chicago

October 4, 1998 (5:04pm)

Monday, October 5, 1998

6:45 pm-
7:35 pm
MIX AND MINGLE
DINING ROOM
Morton's of Chicago
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
CLOSED PRESS

Note: There will be 60 guests in attendance.

-- The President mixes and mingles with guests.

-- Upon conclusion of mix and mingle, the President departs.

7:40 pm
THE PRESIDENT departs Morton's of Chicago via motorcade en route
National Building Museum
[drive time: 10 minutes]

7:50 pm
THE PRESIDENT arrives National Building Museum

Greeters: Senator Thomas Daschle
Representative Richard Gephardt
Steven Grossman, Chairman, Democratic National Committee

7:55 pm-
8:25 pm
PHOTO RECEIVING LINE
PRIVATE RECEPTION ROOM
National Building Museum
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
CLOSED PRESS

Note: Approximately 125 guests in attendance (60 photos).

October 4, 1998 (5:04pm)

Monday, October 5, 1998

8:30 pm-
9:30 pm

UNITY GALA
MAIN HALL
National Building Museum
Remarks: Josh Gottheimer
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
OPEN PRESS

Note: Approximately 700 guests in attendance.

- Off-stage announcement of the **President**, accompanied by Senator Thomas Daschle, Representative Richard Gephardt, Senator Robert Torricelli, Representative Nancy Pelosi, and Steve Grossman.
- Brian McNight performs one song.
- Steve Grossman, Chariman, Democratic National Committee, makes brief remarks and introduces Representative Nancy Pelosi.
- Representative Nancy Pelosi makes brief remarks and introduces Senator Robert Torricelli.
- Senator Robert Torricelli makes remarks and introduces Representative Richard Gephardt.
- Representative Richard Gephardt makes brief remarks and introduces Senator Thomas Daschle.
- Senator Thomas Daschle makes brief remarks and introduces the **President**.
- The **President** makes remarks, works a ropeline and departs.

9:35 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs National Building Museum via motorcade en route The White House
[drive time: 10 minutes]

9:45 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives The White House

BC/HRC RON

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, DC

October 4, 1998 (5:04pm)

A

Unity '98 Washington Lunch

Date: Monday, October 5, 1998
Location: Residence of Arlene and Robert Kogod
2929 Massachusetts Avenue, NW
Washington, DC
Time: 1:00 PM POTUS Arrival Time
From: Don Erbach, Unity '98

I. Purpose

The purpose of this event is to raise funds for the Unity '98 project.

II. Background

The guests at this event have written a minimum of \$50,000 to attend this event.

III. Participants

Senator Tom Daschle and approximately 14 guests are expected to attend the lunch. Please see the attached guest list.

IV. Press Plan

This event is open to one print reporter from the White House pool.

V. Sequence of Events

- **YOU** arrive at 1:00 PM
- **YOU** are greeted by Arlene and Robert Kogod
- **YOU** proceed into living room.
- **YOU** greet guests.
- Senator Daschle makes informal remarks and introduces you.
- **YOU** make brief remarks
- **YOU** proceed to dining room and are seated for lunch.
- **YOU** depart.

VI. Remarks

Remarks to be provided by speechwriting.

VII. Attachments

- Guest List for Lunch
- Seating Diagram

B

98 OCT 4 PM 5:57

Unity luncheon 10/5

Acknowledge: Sens. Daschle. Hosts: Robert & Arlene Kogod.

- **5 ½ yrs ago: New Dir, old values:**
opp/resp/comm. Ec, Env, Edu, Welf, Cr, For.
 - **Results:** BB-Oct.1; 25-Cr; 28-unempl; 29-Welf; 29-BB; 32-Infl; record homeownership. Income gains: typical family income up over \$3,500 since '93. Poverty: Af-Am poverty rate lowest level on record. College opp: Hope \$1,500, Pell, work-study. Child health: 5M, highest immunization Env: fewer toxic dumps; Service: 100K, Amcorp; AmReads. FMLA: helped millions past 5 yrs
 - **Times are good, but prosperity faces risks --** International economic turbulence. (30% of growth comes from expanded trade)
Must keep economic strategy going:
 1. Fiscal responsibility/ save SS
 2. Lead world economy/ IMF
 3. Invest in our people/ Ed.-
1 Day, 1 Vote
- Health: 160 M in managed care plans
Envir: 40% of rivers and lakes still polluted
CFR: McCain-Feingold

C

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 4, 1998

MEETING WITH
FINANCE MINISTERS AND CENTRAL BANK HEADS

DATE: October 5, 1998
LOCATION: Sheraton Hotel
TIME: 4:15 - 6:00 p.m.
FROM: Gene Sperling
Lael Brainard

I. PURPOSE

To engage the financial authorities from leading industrial, transition and emerging economies in a discussion of the important task of strengthening the international financial architecture to meet the challenges of global financial markets in the 21st century.

We will use some of the time in the pre-brief to discuss your upcoming speech to the IMF/World Bank Annual Conference on Tuesday, October 5. As we have discussed, the speech will focus on the broad theme of harvesting the benefits associated with free and open capital markets while at the same time mitigating their potential excesses and associated social costs.

II. BACKGROUND

The Finance Ministers and Central Bank heads (list attached) are meeting to discuss proposals for strengthening the international financial architecture. This meeting is a continuation of a process initiated at your suggestion in April 1998 and responds to the call in your Council on Foreign Relations speech for this group to develop recommendations for Heads of State by the end of the year. This meeting will review the recommendations of three working groups commissioned in April (described below) and define additional topics for exploration in the final report.

III. WORKING GROUP REPORTS

At their first meeting in April 1998, the G-22 Finance Ministers and Central Bank Governors identified three key areas where they felt action was needed and created working groups to develop concrete proposals with respect to them. The working group reports are due to be released to the public on Monday. At the G-22 meeting, each working group will make a brief presentation, and participants will identify what steps need to be taken to implement their recommendations and explore these areas further. In summary, the groups will report:

Transparency and Accountability: Principal recommendations include enhancing information disclosed by the private sector, with priority given to compliance with and enforcement of high-quality accounting standards; improved coverage, frequency and timeliness of sovereign publications on foreign exchange reserves, external debt and financial sector soundness, as well as data on international exposures of investment banks, hedge funds and other institutional investors. They also include increased transparency on the part of the IFIs, including the publication by the IMF of a Transparency Report summarizing the extent to which an economy meets internationally recognized disclosure standards.

Strengthening Financial Systems: Principal recommendations identify several areas - such as corporate governance, risk management (including liquidity management) and safety net arrangements - where standards for sound practices need to be developed. The report concludes that such practices are best fostered through market-based incentives backed by official sector actions, and it lays out concrete actions to promote them. The report recommends increased cooperation and coordination among national supervisors and regulators and international organizations, and sets out several options for doing so, including, for example, the establishment of a Financial Sector Policy Forum that would meet periodically to discuss financial sector issues

Managing International Financial Crises: The report examines policies to prevent international financial crises and facilitate orderly and cooperative resolution of crises that may occur in the future, including burden sharing by the private sector. The report stresses better management of risk by the public and private sectors; recommends that governments limit the scope and clarify the design of any financial guarantees; outlines key principles for effective bankruptcy regimes; and sets out a framework that could help reconcile the collective interests of debtors and creditors and facilitate cooperative and orderly debt workouts should a country be forced to temporarily suspend payments.

IV. OVERVIEW OF MEETING

The meeting will run from approximately 5:15 p.m. to 10:00 p.m. Secretary Rubin will lead the discussion, calling on different participants to lead off on particular topics. The discussion will be organized around three broad topics:

1. Analysis of the current crisis and implications for the worldwide financial system.
2. Progress to date on reshaping the international financial architecture, including a report from the three working groups.
3. "Broadening the Agenda" -- session intended to raise some of the broader architecture issues you raised in your CFR speech .

V. YOUR PARTICIPATION

You will participate in the opening portion of the meeting. You will be introduced by Secretary Rubin and make your opening remarks to the delegates and the press. The press will leave at the conclusion of your remarks, and you will then lead and participate in an informal discussion.

Your Proposed Opening Question

A good way to open would be by presenting what you believe to be the central question for reform and by calling on the following three people:

- Guillermo Ortiz, Governor of the Central Bank of Mexico, or Angel Gurria, Minister of Finance, Mexico. Ortiz was Finance Minister during the Mexican crisis and could comment effectively on the importance of increased transparency in preventing crisis. Gurria is a lively and experienced Finance Minister (and former foreign minister).
- Tarrin Nimmanahaeminda, Finance Minister of Thailand. Tarrin has helped his country navigate its financial crisis. He has contributed importantly to recent progress toward domestic financial restructuring and could comment on the policies needed for effective financial/ corporate restructuring
- Gordon Brown, Chancellor, UK. Brown has been in the forefront of efforts to increase transparency and has played a lead role in the G-7 in helping move forward efforts to strengthen the international financial architecture.

Treasury has already informed them that you may call on them.

The central question you should ask is how we maintain the unquestioned benefits of a market-based global economic system -- one based on the relatively free flow of goods, services and capital -- while mitigating the vast and systemic disruptions, and extreme volatility -- that we have witnessed in the last year.

Follow On:

You may want to involve the following individuals, among others, in the follow-on discussion:

- Roque Fernandez, Finance Minister of Argentina.
- Donald Tsang, Finance Minister, Hong Kong.
- Leszek Balcerowicz, Finance Minister of Poland.
- Hans Tietmeyer, President of the Bundesbank.
- Trevor Manuel, Finance Minister of South Africa.

Your participation will be relatively brief (about 30 minutes)

VI. PARTICIPANTS

Pre-Brief/International Economic Team Meeting

Vice President
Erskine Bowles
John Podesta
Gene Sperling
Secretary Rubin
Larry Summers
Lael Brainard
Leon Fuerth
David Lipton
Tim Geithner
Sandy Berger
Jim Steinberg
Janet Yellen
Michael Waldman

Meeting

See Attached List

VII. PRESS PLAN

Open to expanded pool for opening remarks by you and Secretary Rubin. Discussion will be closed to press.

VIII. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

4:15 - 5:00 p.m.	Pre-Brief/International Team Meeting at Oval Office
5:00 - 5:15 p.m.	Motorcade to Sheraton Hotel
5:15 - 5:20 p.m.	Secretary Rubin and Chairman Greenspan greet <u>YOU</u> and accompany <u>YOU</u> to the meeting room.
5:20 - 5:25 p.m.	Secretary Rubin introduces <u>YOU</u> .
5:25 - 5:30 p.m.	<u>YOU</u> make brief remarks.
5:30 - 6:00 p.m.	Secretary Rubin invites officials from Thailand, Mexico and UK to make some remarks and discussion continues.
6:00 p.m.	<u>YOU</u> depart.

Attachments

TAB Remarks
TAB Participants
TAB Responses to Potential Proposals

D

DRAFT

'98 OCT 4 PM6:30

Draft 10/4/98 6 pm
Shih

**PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON
REMARKS TO G-22 MINISTERS
WASHINGTON, DC
OCTOBER 5, 1998**

Three weeks ago, at the Council on Foreign Relations, I asked Secretary Rubin and Federal Reserve Board Chairman Alan Greenspan to call their worldwide counterparts together to find ways of building a new, market-based international financial architecture for the 21st Century. I am pleased that they could bring this group together on such short notice.

We began these important discussions at the G-7 meeting in Naples, advanced them at Halifax and again in Birmingham. As I said at those meetings, this is not just a task for the G-7 alone. It is crucial that the world's leading economies and the world's emerging economies work together on this effort. Today, every nation has an important stake in our global economy. The expansion of international markets and the growth of the global economy over the past half century have helped lift millions of people out of poverty and raised living standards for millions more. All around the world, countries are recognizing that bringing higher standards of living to a people cannot be accomplished single-handedly -- it must be a shared endeavor for all countries. That is why each nation's concerns must be heard and taken into account as we build a new and stronger international financial system.

This weekend, you have held a variety of meetings to address our most immediate and critical priority: Ending the current financial crisis. But tonight's meeting is an opportunity for us to look to the long term. It has been clear for some time that our existing financial system -- now fifty years old -- is ill-suited to meet the challenges of our time. We must have a new financial system that will allow all countries to reap the benefits of free-flowing capital in a way that is safe and sustainable, that will minimize the frequency, severity and human costs of financial crises, that will put in place social safety nets to protect the most defenseless and does not penalize those nations who follow strong economic policies in times of crisis.

You are doing important work. The recommendations you forward to the world's heads of state at the end of this year will help determine the course of our children's future. Let us commit ourselves to doing what it takes to build them a future of stable and sustained progress, and unlimited opportunity.

E

October 2, 1998 11:31AM

Unity '98 Washington Dinner Reception

Date: Monday, October 5, 1998
Location: Morton's of Chicago
1050 Connecticut Avenue, NW
Washington, DC
Time: 6:40 PM POTUS Arrival Time
From: Don Erbach, Unity '98

I. Purpose

The purpose of this event is to raise funds for the Unity '98 project.

II. Background

The guests at this event have written a minimum of \$25,000 to attend this event.

III. Participants

Members of the Senate

Senator Bob Torricelli – Unity '98 Chair
Senator Tom Daschle

Members of the House

Congressman Dick Gephardt
Congresswoman Nancy Pelosi – Unity '98 Chair

Other VIPs

Democratic National Chair Steve Grossman

Approximately 60 guests are expected to attend the reception. Please see the attached guest list.

IV. Press Plan

This event is closed press.

V. Sequence of Events

- YOU arrive at 6:40 PM
- YOU are greeted by Daniel Fitzgerald, Morton's General Manager
- YOU proceed to meet and greet with 60 guests.
- YOU depart en route for next event.

VI. Remarks

You will not deliver remarks at this event.

VII. Attachments

Guest List for Meet and Greet

F

Unity '98
"An American Celebration"

Date: Monday, October 5, 1998
Location: National Building Celebration
401 F Street, NW
Washington, DC
Time: 7:50 PM POTUS Arrival Time
From: Don Erbach, Unity '98

I. Purpose

The purpose of this event is to raise funds for the Unity '98 Program.

II. Background

The guests at this event have written/raised a minimum of \$1,500 to attend the event.

III. Participants

Senator Tom Daschle
Senator Bob Torricelli
Congressman Dick Gephardt,
Congresswoman Nancy Pelosi
Steve Grossman, Democratic National Chairman

All the Democratic members of the U.S. House and U.S. Senate have been invited to attend this event.

Approximately 750 guests are expected to attend the dinner.

IV. Press Plan

This event is open to the White House press pool for remarks only.

V. Sequence of Events

- **YOU** arrive at 7:50 PM.
- **YOU** proceed to photo receiving line approximately 45 guests.
- **YOU** proceed to main reception.
- **YOU** are introduced onto stage.

- **PROGRAM**
 - Singer Brian McKnight performs one song.
 - Steve Grossman gives brief remarks and introduces Congresswoman Pelosi
 - Congresswoman Pelosi gives brief remarks and introduces Senator Torricelli
 - Senator Torricelli gives brief remarks and introduces Congressman Gephardt
 - Congressman Gephardt gives brief remarks and introduces Senator Daschle
 - Senator Daschle gives brief remarks and introduces **YOU**.
 - **YOU** give brief remarks.
 - **YOU** work ropeline.
 - **YOU** depart.

VI. Remarks

Remarks to be provided by speechwriting.

VII. Attachments

- Guest List for Photo Line

G

Acknowledge: Sens. Daschle, Toricelli;
Reps. Gephardt, Pelosi; Chairman Grossman.
Thank you to the Unity '98 National Co-
Chairs for helping us push our agenda
forward.

• **5 ½ yrs ago: New Dir, old values:**

opp/resp/comm. Ec, Env, Edu, Welf, Cr, For.

• **Results:** BB-Oct.1; 25-Cr; 28-unempl; 29-
Welf; 29-BB; 32-Infl; record

homeownership. Income gains: typical
family income up over \$3,500 since '93.

Poverty: Af-Am poverty rate lowest level on

record. College opp: Hope \$1,500, Pell,

work-study. Child health: 5M, highest

immunization Env: fewer toxic dumps;

Service: 100K, Amcorp; AmReads. FMLA:

helped millions past 5 yrs

• **Times are good, but prosperity faces**

risks -- International economic turbulence.

(30% of growth comes from expanded trade)

Must keep economic strategy going:

1. Lead world economy/ IMF

2. Fiscal responsibility/ save SS

3. Invest in our people/ Ed.-

1 Day, 1 Vote

Health: 160 M in managed care plans

Envir: 40% of rivers and lakes still polluted

CFR: McCain-Feingold

Tuesday, October 6, 1998

10:30 AM	Address Opening Ceremony of the 1998 World Bank/ International Monetary Fund Annual Meetings	Tab A
	- Remarks	Tab B To Be Forwarded
11:25 AM	Pull-Aside Meeting with President Carlos S. Menem of Argentina	Distributed Separately
12:00 PM (T)	Hold for Possible Foreign Policy Phone Call	Distributed Separately
3:30 PM	Meeting [Lew]	No Paper
4:30 PM	S. 1695 Bill Signing: Sand Creek Massacre National Historic Site Preservation Act of 1998	Tab C
5:00 PM	Video Tapings	Tab D
	- Scripts	Tab E To Be Forwarded
OPTION: 12:40 PM-	Drop-By First Lady's	
12:45 PM	Photo Opportunity with Teresa Miltonberger and Family	Tab F

30 115-492157
Tuesday, October 6, 1998

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
TUESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1998

Final Schedule

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4824

PRESS DESK:

ANNE EDWARDS

HOME: 301-565-3101

OFFICE: 202-456-2921

WHCA PAGER: 4208

EVENT COORDINATOR:

CLYDE WILLIAMS

HOME: 202-722-6581

OFFICE: 202-456-5330

WHCA PAGER: 4367

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Cloudy with continued occasional drizzle and light rain. Winds northeast at 5 to 10 knots. Low 52 to 57. High 66 to 71.

Tuesday, October 6, 1998

**Schedule of the President
for
Tuesday, October 6, 1998
*Final Schedule***

9:00	am-	MEETING
9:15	am	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles
9:15	am-	BRIEFING
9:30	am	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
9:30	am-	BRIEFING
9:45	am	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
9:45	am-	BRIEFING
10:10	am	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Thurgood Marshall, Jr. , Gene Sperling
10:15	am	THE PRESIDENT departs The White House via motorcade en route Washington Marriott Wardman Park Hotel [drive time: 10 minutes]
10:25	am	THE PRESIDENT arrives Washington Marriott Wardman Park Hotel
	Greeters:	President Carlos Menem, Argentina Roque Fernandez, Minister of Economy and Public Services Dr. Wolfgang Rutenstorfer, Chairman of the Board of Governors and Secretary of State Federal Ministry of Finance Michael Camdessus, Managing Director, International Monetary Fund James D. Wolfensohn, President, World Bank Group Reinhard Munzberg, Secretary, International Monetary Fund Zhang Shengman, Managing Director and Corporate Secretary, World Bank Group Edward Rudzinski, General Manager, Washington Marriott Wardman Park Hotel

October 5, 1998 (8:48pm)

Tuesday, October 6, 1998

10:30 am-
11:20 am

**ADDRESS OPENING CEREMONY OF THE 1998 WORLD
BANK/INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND ANNUAL MEETINGS
BALLROOM**

Washington Marriott Wardman Park Hotel

Remarks: Michael Waldman

Staff Contact: Thurgood Marshall, Jr., Gene Sperling

Event Coordinator: Clyde Williams

OPEN PRESS

- Off-stage announcement of **the President** accompanied by President Carlos S. Menem of Argentina, Secretary Robert Rubin, Rogue Fernandez, Minister of Economy of Argentina.
- Dr. Wolfgang Ruttensstorfer, Chairman of the Board of Governors and Secretary of State Federal Ministry of Finance, introduces Secretary Robert Rubin.
- Secretary Robert Rubin makes brief remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes remarks and returns to his seat.
- Dr. Wolfgang Ruttensstorfer introduces Rogue Fernandez.
- Rogue Fernandez, Minister of Economy of Argentina, introduces President Carlos S. Menem of Argentina.
- President Carlos S. Menem of Argentina makes remarks.
- **The President** and President Carlos S. Menem, accompanied by Secretary Robert Rubin and Rogue Fernandez depart.

October 5, 1998 (8:48pm)

Tuesday, October 6, 1998

11:25 am-
11:40 am

PULL-ASIDE MEETING WITH PRESIDENT CARLOS S. MENEM OF ARGENTINA
VIRGINIA ROOM
Washington Marriott Wardman Park Hotel
Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
Event Coordinator: Clyde Williams
Translation: Whisper
OFFICIAL PHOTO ONLY

United States	Argentina
The President Secretary Robert Rubin Samuel Berger Gene Sperling Jim Dobbins, notetake Patricia Arizu, interpreter Others TBD	President Carlos Saul Menem Jorge Albert Rodriguez, Cabinet President Guido Di Tella, Minister of Foreign Affairs Ambassador Diego Ramiro Guelar Roque Benjamin Fernandez, Minister of Economy and Public Services Alberto Kohan, General Secretary Ana Braun, Interpreter

11:45 am

THE PRESIDENT departs Washington Marriott Wardman Park Hotel via motorcade en route The White House
[drive time: 10 minutes]

11:55 am

THE PRESIDENT arrives The White House

12:00 pm (T)
12:30 pm

HOLD FOR POSSIBLE BRIEFING AND FOREIGN POLICY PHONE CALL
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Samuel Berger

12:30 pm-
3:30 pm

PHONE AND OFFICE TIME
OVAL OFFICE

OPTION:

12:40 pm-
12:45 pm

DROP-BY FIRST LADY'S PHOTO OPPORTUNITY WITH TERESA MILTONBERGER AND FAMILY
DIPLOMATIC RECEPTION ROOM
Staff Contact: Larry Stein
WHITE HOUSE PHOTO ONLY

3:30 pm-
4:00 pm

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Jack Lew

October 5, 1998 (8:48pm)

Tuesday, October 6, 1998

4:00	pm-	MEETING
4:05	pm	OVAl OFFICE
		Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett
4:15	pm-	BRIEFING
4:30	pm	OVAl OFFICE
		Staff Contact: Larry Stein
4:30	pm-	BILL SIGNING CEREMONY FOR S. 1695, SAND CREEK MASSACRE
4:45	pm	NATIONAL HISTORIC SITE PRESERVATION ACT OF 1998
		OVAl OFFICE
		Staff Contact: Larry Stein
		Event Coordinator: Karin Kullman
		OFFICIAL PHOTO ONLY
4:50	pm-	BRIEFING FOR VIDEO TAPINGS
5:00	pm	CABINET ROOM
		Staff Contact: Joe Lockhart, Brenda Anders
5:00	pm-	VIDEO TAPINGS
5:30	pm	CABINET ROOM
		Remarks: Jordan Tamagni
		Staff Contact: Joe Lockhart, Brenda Anders

Note: The first three videos will be taped with the First Lady.

- Video Honoring Carol Rasco as the University of Central Arkansas' Distinguished Alumnus of 1998
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
- Message for Americans for Peace Now Annual Shimon Peres Peace Award Dinner
Staff Contact: Minyon Moore
- Video for Naming Ceremony of the "Wasserman Campus" of the Motion Picture & Television Fund
Staff Contact: Craig Smith

Note: The following video will be taped with Erskine Bowles, Chief of Staff.

- Message for 100th Anniversary of North Carolina Mutual Life Insurance Company
Staff Contact: Minyon Moore

October 5, 1998 (8:48pm)

Tuesday, October 6, 1998

Note: The remaining videos will be taped by the President alone.

- Message for United Union of Roofers 25th Convention
Staff Contact: Karen Tramontano
- Message for Professor and Ambassador John Kenneth Galbraith's
Birthday Celebration
Staff Contact: Ann Lewis
- Message for Conference of Great City Schools
Staff Contact: Bruce Reed
- Message for *Treasures from Mount Vernon: George Washington Revealed*
Staff Contact: Ellen Lovell
- Message for *Nickelodeon's Big Help-a-thon 5*
Staff Contact: Minyon Moore

EVENING OFF

BC/HRC RON

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, DC

October 5, 1998 (8:48pm)

A

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 5, 1998

DATE: October 6, 1998
LOCATION: Washington Marriott Wardman Park Hotel
TIME: 9:45-10:10am-- Pre-brief
10:30-11:20am -- Speaking

FROM: Gene Sperling
Lael Brainard
Thurgood Marshall, Jr.

I. PURPOSE

To underscore to an influential group of finance ministers and financial authorities from around the world the urgency of moving quickly to address the global financial crisis. To reiterate challenges you laid out in the Council on Foreign Relations: the short-term challenge of strengthening our response to the financial crisis and the long-term challenge of building a stronger global financial architecture to better prevent financial instability.

II. BACKGROUND

This is the 53rd year of the World Bank/IMF Annual Meetings. These meetings take place two out of every three years in Washington, DC and once every three years overseas to address major policy issues. In Hong Kong last year, much of the focus of the annual meetings was on the Asia Financial crisis.

The Short Term Challenge: As you explained at the Council on Foreign Relations, the short-term challenge of strengthening our response to the crisis requires all nations to meet their respective responsibilities. For the major industrial countries, that means pursuing policies that support growth. This will allow them to help lift those parts of the world that are beset by, or vulnerable to, financial instability. Among industrial countries, the United States must continue on a path of fiscal discipline and approve full funding for the IMF. For its part, Japan must take effective action to stabilize its financial system and spur strong, sustained domestic demand-led growth. And given the adverse external environment we now face, emerging markets and developing economies, must help strengthen their commitment to the macroeconomic policies and related reforms that are critical to growth and financial stability.

The international financial institutions will continue to be at the center of our efforts to deal with the crisis, giving nations affected by the crisis breathing room to implement reforms. To improve their effectiveness, you have urged them to develop innovative ways to deal with an unprecedented set of events and proposed two specific initiatives last Friday. The first is a strengthened IMF financing mechanism to increase our ability to respond to difficult global financial conditions which are affecting even emerging market and developing countries which are pursuing sound policies. That strengthened capacity could take the form of a contingency line of credit for countries that are pursuing reform but, nevertheless, face the threat of destabilization, given the turbulence in today's global markets. The second proposal is for the World Bank and other MDBs to develop a new emergency capacity with particular focus on support for the most vulnerable groups in society and financial sector restructuring. This would involve using loan guarantees to leverage private sector involvement to help emerging market and developing countries attain better access to international capital markets, and to expand their own lending for sound operations within their guidelines to countries now affected by the crisis.

The Long-Term Challenge: The longer-term challenge you have identified is reforming the global financial architecture to better prevent financial instability, and to allow the system to manage such instability when it occurs with a minimum of damage and pain to all those affected. Beginning in 1994 at the Naples Leaders' Meeting, the international community embarked on this long-term effort. These are enormously complex issues, requiring great rigor and seriousness. While a great deal remains to be done, considerable progress has been made in diagnosing the problems, and a broad consensus is emerging on the basic elements of appropriate remedies. In the view of the United States, there is a need for action now in four, mutually reinforcing areas: (1) increased transparency and openness in the international financial system; (2) strengthened national financial systems, particularly in emerging market economies; (3) promotion in industrial nations of more soundly based capital flows; and (4) developing new ways to respond to crises, including greater participation by the private sector.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Pre-brief

POTUS

Secretary Rubin

Larry Summers

Erskine Bowles

John Podesta

Gene Sperling

Lael Brainard

Janet Yellen

Sandy Berger

Leon Fuerth

The Event

All IMF and World Bank Governors, Finance Ministers, and delegations
Audience of 5,000 seated by nation

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open Press

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- YOU will be accompanied by President Carlos Menem of Argentina; Rogue Fernandez, Minister of Economy of Argentina; and Secretary Rubin.
- Secretary Rubin makes brief remarks and introduces YOU
- YOU make remarks from the podium and then return to your seat
- Following YOUR remarks, Rogue Fernandez introduces President Menem
- President Menem makes remarks
- All four of you then depart

VI. REMARKS

To be provided by speech writers.

B

THE REMARKS
FOR THE WORLD BANK/IMF ANNUAL MEETINGS
WILL BE FORWARDED

C

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 5, 1998

Sand Creek Massacre National Historic Site Study Act of 1998 Bill Signing Ceremony

DATE: October 6, 1998
LOCATION: Oval Office
TIME: 4:30pm - 4:45pm
FROM: Larry Stein
 Tracey E. Thornton

I. PURPOSE

To sign into law S.1695, the Sand Creek Massacre National Historic Site Study Act of 1998. The measure was sponsored by Senator Ben Nighthorse Campbell (R-CO), who is one of 44 Chiefs of the Northern Cheyenne Tribe.

II. BACKGROUND

On November 29, 1864, Colonel John M. Chivington led a group of 700 armed soldiers to a peaceful Cheyenne village of more than 100 lodges on the Big Sandy, also known as Sand Creek, located within the Territory of Colorado. In a running fight that ranged several miles upstream along the Big Sandy, several hundred Indians in Chief Black Kettle's village were killed, the majority of whom were women and children. The incident was quickly recognized as a national disgrace and investigated by two Congressional committees and a military commission. Although the United States admitted guilt and reparations were provided for in Article VI of the Treaty of Little Arkansas of October 14, 1865, between the United States and the Cheyenne and Arapaho Tribes of Indians, those treaty obligations remained unfulfilled. The site is of great significance to the Cheyenne and Arapaho Indian descendants of those who lost their lives at the incident at Sand Creek and to their tribes.

S. 1695, the Sand Creek Massacre National Historic Site Study Act of 1998, requires the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Director of the National Park Service, to submit to specified Congressional committees a resource study of the Sand Creek Massacre Site, Colorado, that: (1) identifies the location and extent of the Massacre Area and the suitability and feasibility of designating the Site as a National Park System unit; and (2) includes cost estimates for any necessary acquisition, development, operation and maintenance, and identification of alternatives for the management, administration, and protection of the area.

The measure passed the Senate by unanimous consent on July 17, 1998, and passed the House by voice vote on September 19, 1998.

II. PARTICIPANTS

Pre-Brief

President
Erskine Bowles
John Podesta
Larry Stein
Janet Murguia
Tracey E. Thornton
Lynn Cutler

Event

President
Senator Ben Nighthorse Campbell (R-CO)
Senator Daniel Inouye (D-HI)
Sec. Babbitt (invited but not confirmed)
Kevin Gover, Dept. of Interior Asst. Secretary of Indian Affairs
Edward Starr, Jr., Chairman, Cheyenne-Arapaho Tribe
William Walks Along, Chairman, Northern Cheyenne Tribe
Steve Brady, Member, Northern Cheyenne Tribe
Lee Lonebear, Member Northern Cheyenne Tribe
David Halaas, Colorado Historical Society
Laird Cometsvah, Representative of the Cheyenne-Arapaho Tribe
Joanne Chase, Executive Director, National Congress of American Indians
Jack Jackson, Jr., Director of Government Affairs, National Congress of Amer. Indians

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House Photo Only

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- Participants enter Oval Office and proceed behind desk
- **YOU** sign bill
- **YOU** greet guests
- Guests depart

VI. REMARKS

None

D

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

VIDEO TAPINGS

October 5, 1998

DATE: October 6, 1998

LOCATION: Cabinet Room

TIME: 4:50 p.m. - 5:30 p.m.

FROM: Brenda Anders

I. PURPOSE

You will tape nine video messages.

II. BACKGROUND

The first video is for the Americans for Peace Now annual Shimon Peres Peace Award Dinner. Stanley Sheinbaum will receive this award for his work on peace between the Israelis and Palestinians. The video will be shown at the October 22 dinner in New York. Mrs. Clinton will also participate in the video.

The second video is a message for the University of Central Arkansas. The university is honoring Carol Rasco by naming her the UCA Distinguished Alumnus of 1998. Over 300 alumnae will attend the Homecoming event on October 17. Mrs. Clinton will also participate in the video.

The third video is for the Motion Picture and Television Fund. The MPTF is naming its 40-acre "Country House and Hospital" the "Wasserman Campus," after Lew and Edie Wasserman. The video will be shown to 300 fund supporters and studio executives on October 31. Mrs. Clinton will also participate in the video.

The fourth video is for North Carolina Mutual Life Insurance Company's 100th Anniversary Founder's Day Program. North Carolina Mutual is the oldest and largest African-American owned and managed insurance institution in the country. The video will be shown to 1,000 people on October 10 in Durham, North Carolina. Mr. Bowles will also participate in the videotaping.

The fifth video is for the United Union of Roofers 25th Convention. The Roofers support your health-care initiatives and the Administration as a whole. The video will be shown to 350 delegates at the convention opening in Las Vegas, Nevada on October 19.

The sixth video is for the Conference of Great City Schools and the National Association of Partners in Education's National Symposium. The Conference of Great City Schools will be held in San Francisco, California on October 15. The NAPE video will be shown to 800 people in Los Angeles, California on October 21.

The seventh video is for the *Treasures of Mount Vernon: George Washington Revealed*. The traveling exhibition about George Washington will travel to New York, Los Angeles, Richmond, Virginia, Atlanta, and Chicago.

The eighth video is a message for Nickelodeon's Big Help-a-thon. The phone-a-thon will encourage children to make their towns eligible for a "Big Help" visit. Nickelodeon will build or refurbish parks in 10 randomly-selected cities. Your message will air on Nickelodeon on October 17.

The ninth video is for former Ambassador John Kenneth Galbraith's birthday celebration. The Kennedy School is honoring Galbraith with a video tribute to his 90th birthday and his 50th anniversary of tenure. The video, which will also include a message from the Vice President, will be shown to 300 people at the Kennedy School on October 15.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Pre-brief participants:

The President

Mrs. Clinton
Erskine Bowles
Brenda Anders

Event participants:

The President

Mrs. Clinton
Erskine Bowles
Brenda Anders
Technical Personnel (5)

IV. PRESS PLAN

Each video message will be played at open press events.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Make-up/Briefing
Videotape Messages

VI. REMARKS

A teleprompter will be provided.

E

**THE SCRIPTS
FOR THE VIDEO TAPINGS
WILL BE FORWARDED**

F

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

October 5, 1998

PHOTO-OPPORTUNITY WITH TERESA MILTONBERGER
AND HER FAMILY

DATE: Tuesday, October 6, 1998
LOCATION: The Diplomatic Reception Room
TIME: 12:40 p.m.-12:45 p.m.
FROM: Larry Stein *js*

I. PURPOSE

To offer your support and encouragement as Teresa Miltonberger continues to recover from her injuries sustained during the shooting at Thurston High School in Springfield, Oregon on May 29, 1998.

II. BACKGROUND

Teresa Miltonberger, who was just finishing her sophomore year in high school, was shot in the head and the right thigh by Kiplan Kinkel at Thurston High School in Springfield, Oregon on May 29, 1998.

During your trip to Springfield on June 13, you spoke to Teresa on the telephone while she was still in the hospital. At that time, Teresa was considered to be in serious condition. Since then, Teresa has continued to improve and recently returned to school, although she still has not fully recovered from her injuries. Teresa and her family are visiting Washington, D.C. this week to sightsee, courtesy of the Maury Povich Show.

Rep. Peter DeFazio (D-OR), Teresa's Congressman, asked that you stop by to meet Teresa and her family.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President (T)
The First Lady
Teresa Miltonberger, shooting victim
William and Loretta Miltonberger, Parents
George Miltonberger, brother (7 years old)
Audrea Woodring, Teresa's health teacher (helped Teresa recover)

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House Photo only

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- You and the First Lady arrive in the Diplomatic Reception Room
- A group photo is taken
- You and the First Lady depart

VI. REMARKS

None

VII. ATTACHMENTS

None

Wednesday, October 7, 1998

9:30 AM	Meeting with Prime Minister Viktor Orban of Hungary	Distributed Separately
11:00 AM	Bill Signing Ceremony for the Higher Education Amendments Act of 1998	Tab A
	- Remarks	Tab B
12:30 PM	Foreign Policy Phone Call	Distributed Separately
1:00 PM	Foreign Policy Meeting	Distributed Separately
2:10 PM	Meeting	No Paper
7:30 PM	Remarks to the League of Conservation Voters	Tab C
	- Remarks	Tab D To Be Forwarded
8:30 PM	Mix-and-Mingle and Democratic National Committee Dinner	Tab E
	- Talking Points	Tab F

Wednesday, October 7, 1998

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1998

Final Schedule

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT
HOME: 202-332-5651
OFFICE: 202-456-2823
WHCA PAGER: 4824

PRESS DESK:

ANNE EDWARDS
HOME: 301-565-3101
OFFICE: 202-456-2921
WHCA PAGER: 4208

EVENT COORDINATOR:

LAURA GRAHAM
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OFFICE: 202-456-2349
WHCA PAGER: 4809

EVENT COORDINATOR:

LAURA SCHWARTZ
HOME: 202-331-4339
OFFICE: 202-456-5655
WHCA PAGER: 4293

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.
Partly cloudy. Winds east to southeast at 5 to 10 knots. Low 48 to 53. High 67 to 72.

Wednesday, October 7, 1998

**Schedule of the President
for
Wednesday, October 7, 1998
*Final Schedule***

8:45	am-	MEETING
9:00	am	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles
9:00	am-	BRIEFING
9:30	am	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
9:30	am-	MEETING WITH PRIME MINISTER VIKTOR ORBAN OF
10:15	am	HUNGARY OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Samuel Berger POOL SPRAY (AT THE TOP)
10:30	am	THE PRESIDENT proceeds to the Map Room
10:35	am-	BRIEFING
11:00	am	MAP ROOM Staff Contact: Larry Stein, Gene Sperling
11:00	am-	MEET AND GREET
11:10	am	BLUE ROOM Staff Contact: Larry Stein, Gene Sperling, Capricia Marshall CLOSED PRESS

October 6, 1998 (7:57pm)

Wednesday, October 7, 1998

11:10 am-
12:10 pm

**BILL SIGNING CEREMONY FOR THE HIGHER EDUCATION
AMENDMENTS ACT OF 1998**

EAST ROOM

Remarks: Paul Glastris

Staff Contact: Larry Stein, Gene Sperling, Capricia Marshall

Event Coordinator: Laura Schwartz

OPEN PRESS

- **The President**, accompanied by Secretary Richard Riley, Senator James Jeffords, Senator Edward Kennedy, Representative William Goodling, Representative William Clay, and Harold Shields, is announced into the East Room.
- Secretary Richard Riley makes brief welcoming remarks and introduces Representative William Clay.
- Representative William Clay makes brief remarks and introduces Representative William Goodling.
- Representative William Goodling makes brief remarks and introduces Senator Edward Kennedy.
- Senator Edward Kennedy makes brief remarks and introduces Senator James Jeffords.
- Senator James Jeffords makes brief remarks and introduces Harold Shields.
- Harold Shields, Mentor Program Graduate, makes brief remarks and introduces the President.
- **The President** makes remarks and invites Members of Congress to join him on stage for the signing of the Higher Education Amendments Act of 1998.
- **The President** signs the bill and departs.

12:20 pm-
12:25 pm

MEETING

OVAL OFFICE

Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett

12:30 pm-
1:00 pm

BRIEFING AND FOREIGN POLICY PHONE CALL

OVAL OFFICE

Staff Contact: Samuel Berger

October 6, 1998 (7:57pm)

Wednesday, October 7, 1998

1:00	pm-	FOREIGN POLICY MEETING
2:00	pm	OVAl OFFICE Staff Contact: Samuel Berger CLOSED PRESS
2:10	pm-	MEETING
2:25	pm	OVAl OFFICE Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles
2:30	pm-	PHONE AND OFFICE TIME
7:00	pm	OVAl OFFICE
7:00	pm-	BRIEFING
7:15	pm	OVAl OFFICE Staff Contact: Craig Smith, Katie McGinty
7:20	pm	THE PRESIDENT departs The White House via motorcade en route Mayflower Hotel [drive time: 5 minutes]
7:25	pm	THE PRESIDENT arrives Mayflower Hotel

Greeters: Russell Train, Co-Chairman, League of Conservation Dinner
 Marie Ridder, Co-Chairman, League of Conservation Dinner
 Wendy Sommer, Vice President of Development, League of
 Conservation Voters

— **The President** proceeds backstage and is greeted by Deb Callahan,
 President, League of Conservation Voters and Board Members TBD,
 League of Conservation Voters.

October 6, 1998 (7:57pm)

Wednesday, October 7, 1998

7:30 pm-
8:10 pm

REMARKS TO THE LEAGUE OF CONSERVATION VOTERS
ANNUAL DINNER
GRAND BALLROOM
Mayflower Hotel
Remarks: Lowell Weiss
Staff Contact: Craig Smith, Katie McGinty
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
OPEN PRESS

Note: Business attire.

Note: Approximately 250 guests in attendance.

-- Off-stage announcement of the President, accompanied by Deb Callahan.

-- Deb Callahan, President, League of Conservation Voters, makes brief remarks and introduces the President.

-- The President makes remarks, works a ropeline and departs.

Note: Prior to departure, the President will greet 5 representatives from Environmental Organizations.

8:15 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Mayflower Hotel via motorcade en route Private Residence
[drive time: 10 minutes]

8:25 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Private Residence

Greeters: Roy Romer, Chairman, Democratic National Committee
Steven Grossman, Chairman, Democratic National Committee
Len Barrack, Finance Chairman, Democratic National Committee
Ron Dozoretz

8:30 pm-
9:00 pm

MIX AND MINGLE
LIVING ROOM
Private Residence
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
CLOSED PRESS

Note: There will be 70-80 guests in attendance.

October 6, 1998 (7:57pm)

Wednesday, October 7, 1998

9:05 pm-
9:55 pm

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE DINNER
DINING ROOM
Private Residence
Remarks: Josh Gottheimer
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
PRINT REPORTER (REMARKS ONLY)

Note: 70-80 guests in attendance.

- **The President** is seated at the head table.
- Dinner is served.
- Roy Romer makes brief remarks and introduces Steve Grossman.
- Steve Grossman, Chairman, Democratic National Committee makes brief remarks and introduces Ron Dozoretz.
- Ron Dozoretz makes brief remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes remarks and departs.

10:00 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Private Residence via motorcade en route The White House
[drive time: 10 minutes]

10:10 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives The White House

BC/HRC RON

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, DC

October 6, 1998 (7:57pm)

A

CONFIDENTIAL

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

October 6, 1998

HIGHER EDUCATION BILL SIGNING CEREMONY

DATE: Wednesday, October 7, 1998
LOCATION: The East Room
TIME: 11:15 am -12:10pm
FROM: Larry Stein / Broderick Johnson, BS
Gene Sperling GR

I. PURPOSE

To sign into law H.R. 6, the Higher Education Reauthorization Act.

II. BACKGROUND

This bill passed both Houses of Congress with overwhelming bipartisan support. The House passed the bill (414 to 4) on May 6, 1998 and the Senate approved the measure (96 to 4) on July 9, 1998. The Conference Report accompanying H.R. 6 was approved by the House by voice vote and the Senate by unanimous consent on September 28 and September 29, respectively.

Reauthorization of the Higher Education Act has been a largely bipartisan process over the past two years. The Administration sent up a number of high priority proposals, many of which have been incorporated into the compromise legislation, including reduced interest rates on student loans and a significant version of your "High Hopes" proposal. Highlights of the bill include:

- \$11 billion in savings to students by slashing the student loan interest rate from 8.25 percent to 7.46 percent;
- a new national effort to help disadvantaged students prepare for college by providing competitive grants to states and to local partnerships (based on your High Hopes initiative);
- improved teacher quality, preparation and recruitment through grants to partnerships;
- high-quality distance learning opportunities by expanding student aid eligibility;
- the Federal government's first ever Performance Based Organization that will modernize student aid delivery.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Pre-Brief

President
Secretary Riley
Erskine Bowles
John Podesta
Larry Stein
Gene Sperling
Jack Lew
Bruce Reed
Barbara Chow
Robert Shireman
Broderick Johnson

Event

President
Secretary Riley
Senator Ted Kennedy (D-MA)
Senator James Jeffords (R-VT)
Representative Bill Clay (D-MO)
Representative Bill Goodling (R-PA)
Harold Shields

(a recent graduate of the University of Pennsylvania who was able to attend college because of the mentoring and financial support of a Philadelphia program called "Say Yes to Education.")

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open Press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- Secretary Riley makes remarks and introduces Rep. William Clay.
- Rep. Clay makes remarks and introduces Rep. Bill Goodling.
- Rep. Goodling makes remarks and introduces Sen. Ted Kennedy.
- Sen. Kennedy makes remarks and introduces Sen. Jeffords.
- Sen. Jeffords makes remarks and introduces Harold Shields.

-Harold Shields makes remarks and introduces you.

-You make remarks and invite Members onto stage for bill signing.

-Following remarks, you proceed to table to sign the bill.

VI. REMARKS

To be provided by speechwriting.

VII. ATTACHMENTS

I. Members of Congress confirmed to attend.

ATTACHMENT I

Members of Congress Confirmed to Attend (36):

Sen. Jim Jeffords (R-VT)
Sen. Edward Kennedy (D-MA)
Sen. Chris Dodd (D-CT)
Sen. Paul Wellstone (D-MN)
Sen. Patty Murray (D-WA)
Sen. Jack Reed (D-RI)
Sen. Mike DeWine (R-OH)
Sen. Susan Collins (R-ME)

Rep. William Clay (D-MO)
Rep. William Goodling (R-PA)
Rep. George Miller (D-CA)
Rep. Dale Kildee (D-MI)
Rep. Matthew Martinez (D-CA)
Rep. Major Owens (D-NY)
Rep. Donald Payne (D-NJ)
Rep. Patsy Mink (D-HI)
Rep. Robert Andrews (D-NJ)
Rep. Tim Roemer (D-IN)
Rep. Lynn Woolsey (D-CA)
Rep. Carlos Romero-Barcelo (D-PR)
Rep. Chaka Fattah (D-PA)
Rep. Ruben Hinojosa (D-TX)
Rep. Carolyn McCarthy (D-NY)
Rep. Ron Kind (D-WI)
Rep. Loretta Sanchez (D-CA)
Rep. Harold Ford, Jr. (D-TN)
Rep. Ron Klink (D-PA)
Rep. Thomas Petri (R-WI)
Rep. Murguia Roukema (R-NJ)
Rep. Harris Fawell (R-IL)
Rep. Peter Hoekstra (R-MI)
Rep. Buck McKeon (R-CA)
Rep. Lindsey Graham (R-SC)
Rep. Mark Souder (R-IN)
Rep. John Peterson (R-PA)
Rep. Fred Upton (R-MI)

Members of Congress Pending (8):

Sen. Arlen Specter (R-PA)

Rep. Robert Scott (D-VA)

Rep. John Tierney (D-MA)

Rep. Dennis Kucinich (D-OH)

Rep. Robert Underwood (D-GU)

Rep. Ron Paul (R-TX)

Rep. Bob Schaffer (R-CO)

Rep. Van Hilleary (R-TN)

B

Final 10/6/98 9:30 pm
Paul Glastris

WILLIAM J. CLINTON
REMARKS ON SIGNING THE
HIGHER EDUCATION REAUTHORIZATION ACT
October 8, 1998

Acknowledgments: Sec. Riley; Senators Kennedy and Jeffords; Congressmen Clay, Goodling, Kildee and McKeon; grad student Harold Shields.

Also thank: Senators Murray, Dodd, and Wellstone; Congressmen Miller and Hinojosa

In a few moments, I will put my name to a piece of legislation that will open wide the doors of college to millions of Americans in the 21st Century. It will enhance our nation's economic competitiveness, strengthen our families and our communities, and widen the circle of educational opportunity. With this new law, we are investing in the future of America as surely as a parent who pays for his child's college education is investing in the future of that child.

When I became president six years ago, my goal was to revamp American education for the 21st century. Here, at the end of the 20th Century, it is clear that a college education is not what it once was--a luxury for the well-to-do. In a world where what you earn depends on what you learn, access to college is an economic necessity for every American. That is why I have worked hard for six years to make college affordable for every American, regardless of income. We have created \$1500 HOPE Scholarships; more Pell grant scholarships to students in need; education IRAs; education grants for serving in Americorps; student loans payable as a percentage of future income; and the interest on student loans that is tax-deductible. Today we can say what we could not say six years ago: That every high school graduate in America, regardless of income, can afford to go to college.

I believe we must strive to make college as universal in the 21st Century as high school is today. It was with this goal in mind that I asked Congress for four things.

I asked Congress to slash the interest rate on student loans, and this bill does that. This interest rate reduction is the equivalent of a \$700 tax cut to the average student borrowing for a four-year degree.

I asked Congress to use technology to help all Americans, even those in the workforce, to upgrade their skills, anytime, anywhere. This bill does that.

I asked Congress to recruit more and better trained teachers, to improve teacher training,

and to direct our best teachers to schools with the greatest need. This bill does that.

Finally, I asked Congress to create a nationwide mentoring program to inspire and guide young students from hard-pressed families toward college. This bill does that. For years to come, millions of intelligent young men and women who otherwise never would have made it to college, will have their aspirations lifted and their lives transformed by mentors who took the time to care. These students will not know who to thank for sending the mentors. But we know who to thank: Gene Sperling, Con. Chaka Fattah, and Sen. James Jeffords.

As Secretary Riley mentioned, this bill does many other worthy things. I will relate only one of them. We have a serious problem on our college campuses of drug and alcohol abuse, a problem that cost the lives of five students last fall in Virginia alone. We cannot bring those young lives back, or relieve their parents' unimaginable grief. But the bill I am signing today will help prevent such senseless tragedies by allowing campuses to notify parents when students younger than 21 commit drug and alcohol violations. It is the right thing to do.

I am proud of the bill I will sign today, not just for what it will achieve, but for how it was achieved. It was achieved because members of Congress put aside partisanship on a matter crucial to the future of our nation. When we choose progress over partisanship, there is no challenge we cannot face. High unemployment, stagnant wages, crushing deficits, rising crime--in the last six years, we have triumphed over all of these, and more, by working together, Republicans and Democrats, Congress and the president.

We are truly living in an American renaissance. But if we are to keep that renaissance alive, we must continue to act together. That is why, eight months ago, I sent Congress an education plan to dramatically improve public schools in America. It is a plan that demands responsibility and high standards, and offers choice and opportunity. It is a plan that calls for voluntary national standards, and end to social promotion, and a crackdown on the ill-discipline, drugs, and crime that make learning impossible in many schools. Yet it is a plan that offers students the help they need to master the basics, including academically enriched summer school programs, 100,000 more well-trained teachers to get class sizes down in the early grades, and modernization for 5000 crumbling and overcrowded schools. It is a plan that is, or should be, bipartisan in its appeal.

Today, in this room, we have put partisanship aside to pass a historic higher education law. We can do no less for our public schools. That is why it is crucial for Congress, before it adjourns, to make the critical investments that will give our children the education they deserve. Politics must stop at the school house door.

In this room, many presidents before me have signed many momentous pieces of legislation into law. Yet I can think of no more worthy aim for a piece of legislation than to bring the riches of higher learning to the next generation of Americans. I know the lawmakers assembled here share the pride and awe I feel as I make this noble legislation the law of the land.

C



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

October 6, 1998

LEAGUE OF CONSERVATION VOTERS DINNER

DATE: October 7, 1998
LOCATION: Mayflower Hotel
TIME: 7:30pm - 8:10pm
FROM: Kathleen A. McGinty

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty", with a long, sweeping flourish extending to the right.

I. PURPOSE

You are delivering remarks to the League of Conservation Voters annual Washington fundraising dinner before an audience of 200+ leaders in the environmental community, including several Members of Congress. Your message for this event will be twofold. First, you will announce a major change in the permitting program for wetlands fill to enhance protection of water quality and protection of communities against flooding. Second, and most importantly, you will call on Congress to fund fully your environmental priorities and to drop unacceptable "riders" that harm the environment and threaten public health.

II. BACKGROUND

The League of Conservation Voters (LCV) is a bipartisan organization that works to elect members of Congress who work to protect the environment. For each Congress, LCV produces a "scorecard" of Members' voting records on key environmental initiatives. In addition, each election year LCV names a "dirty dozen" list of up to twelve candidates for Congress who consistently vote against the environment, and works to ensure the public is aware of their poor environmental records.

You will announce a new proposal to impose significant limitations on the "Nationwide Permit System" -- the expedited permitting process that allows developers to drain wetlands areas. This new protection is part of the Administration's ongoing effort to protect and restore our nation's diminishing wetlands, which act as natural water filters and help prevent flooding. While the Clean Water Action Plan that you announced in February includes a goal of restoring 100,000 acres of wetlands a year by 2005, mainly through incentive based approaches, this announcement will focus on the regulatory permitting system for wetlands.

Specifically, the announcement builds on the Administration's commitment to eliminate a major source of wetland loss -- Nationwide Permit 26. "Nationwide" permits provide expedited approvals for wetlands fill in certain cases, and have resulted in the loss of tens of

thousands of wetlands acres in past years. You are announcing three major new limits on the proposed replacements to Nationwide 26, including:

- Elimination of expedited permits for development fill in FEMA's 100-year Floodplain;
- Elimination of a proposed expedited permit that would have allowed up to 10 acres of fill for major developments; and
- Elimination of expedited permits for wetlands development fill in impaired waters as well as waters that have been designated for special protection.

In each of these areas, permits would still be allowed but permit applications would be subject to individualized environmental and flood impact review, leaving room for reasonable development. The changes included in this proposal were initially proposed and strongly advocated by FEMA director James Lee Witt.

This announcement should be very well-received by the audience and the environmental community in general. We expect opposition from the development community, but FEMA Administrator Witt is convening a meeting with these groups to emphasize the importance of the changes in flood policy.

You also will call on Congress to stop its efforts that threaten the environment. The 105th Congress, like its predecessor, is turning out to be one of the most anti-environmental Congresses ever. Funding levels fall far short on many of your priorities, including funding for the Land and Water Conservation Fund, Superfund cleanup, the Climate Change Technology Initiative, and the Clean Water Action Plan. Congress has attempted to attach many anti-environmental riders to unrelated bills that would cripple wildlife protection, force over-cutting of our national forests, deny taxpayers a fair return on oil leasing, and thwart common sense efforts to address global warming. Last week 154 Democrats -- enough to sustain a veto -- signed a letter urging you to veto bills containing objectionable riders. You will call on Congress to fund your environmental priorities and reiterate your threat to veto legislation that contains these unacceptable riders. Your message will be firm and clear: you will not tolerate tactics that do unacceptable harm to the environment.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Pre-brief participants:

Katie McGinty, Brad Campbell, Beth Viola

Event participants:

Deb Callahan

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open Press

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- Offstage announcement of YOU and Deb Callahan, President, League of Conservation Voters;
- Deb Callahan delivers brief remarks and introduces YOU;
- You deliver remarks;
- You work a ropeline and depart.

VI. REMARKS

To be provided by speechwriting

VII. ATTACHMENTS

- Background on environmental budget issues and riders
- 1998 LCV "Dirty Dozen" list

President Clinton and Vice President Gore: Defending Our Environment Against the Republican Assault

While President Clinton proposes significant new investments to protect our environment and public health, the Republican Congress works behind closed doors to roll back protections already in place. The last Congress tried a direct assault on the environment. But the President -- and the American people -- wouldn't stand for it. So this Congress is trying a different tactic: the sneak attack. While refusing to fully fund the President's priorities, Republicans are loading up budget bills with special-interest "riders."

Congress Shortchanges Environmental Priorities....

- ***Clean, Safe Water for America.*** House and Senate budget bills fall \$350 million short of the funding requested by the President for his Clean Water Action Plan, a five-year initiative to help communities and farmers clean up the almost 40 percent of America's surveyed waterways still too polluted for fishing and swimming.
- ***Protecting our Natural Treasures.*** Congress is not only withholding \$171 million appropriated last year to acquire fragile lands, but denying the full increases sought by the President to protect other natural gems, preserve endangered species, and maintain overburdened national parks and public lands.
- ***Leading the Fight Against Climate Change.*** Congress refuses to fully fund research investments and tax incentives proposed by the President that would reduce greenhouse gases, save energy and save consumers money through improved energy efficiency and new clean energy technologies.
- ***Doubling the Pace of Toxic Cleanups.*** Once again holding communities hostage to polluters' demands, Congress is attaching strings to the President's request for an additional \$650 million for Superfund cleanups. Without the funds, cleanup could be delayed at up to 171 sites nationwide.

....And Launches a Special-Interest Sneak Attack

- ***Overcutting America's Forests.*** Substituting politics for science in the management of national forests, Republican riders would force overcutting of timber, accelerate logging of Alaskan rain forest, and block the Forest Service from updating forest plans as new science becomes available.
- ***Despoiling Parks and Wilderness.*** One rider would carve a \$30 million road through an Alaskan refuge -- the first road ever in designated wilderness. Others would allow intrusive helicopter landings in Alaska wilderness and sanction an unnecessary airstrip within Denali National Park.
- ***Crippling Wildlife Protections.*** Riders would hinder salmon restoration in the Pacific Northwest, allow continued commercial fishing in wilderness waters of Glacier Bay National Park, and block reintroduction of endangered grizzly bears in remote areas of Idaho and Montana.
- ***Ripping Off Taxpayers.*** One rider would cost the U.S. Treasury an estimated \$64 million a year by blocking rules requiring oil companies to pay fair-market royalties for oil from federal lands. Another would block rules that would improve environmental standards for hardrock mining on federal lands, thereby avoiding the need for costly taxpayer-paid cleanups.

LEAGUE OF CONSERVATION VOTERS
1998 "DIRTY DOZEN"*

Senator Lauch Faircloth (R-NC)
Representative Linda Smith (R-WA)
Representative Tom Bordonaro (R-CA)
Representative Bud Cramer (D-AL)
Representative John Ensign (R-NV)
Representative Helen Chenoweth (R-ID)
Representative John Hostettler (R-IN)
Representative Mark Neumann (R-WI)
Representative Bill Redmond (R-NM)
Representative Charlie Stenholm (D-TX)
Former Representative Bob Dornan (R-CA)

* Officially, there are only eleven "Dirty Dozen" this year. However, the LCV will most likely add one more Member to the list.

D

THE REMARKS
FOR THE LEAGUE OF CONSERVATION VOTERS DINNER
WILL BE FORWARDED

E

**DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE
WASHINGTON, DC DINNER
HONORING PRESIDENT CLINTON**

Date: Wednesday, October 7, 1998
Venue: Home of Beth and Ron Dozoretz
Time: 8:25 pm
From: Fran Katz, National Finance Director

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of the event is to raise funds for the Democratic National Committee (DNC).

II. BACKGROUND

The event is a dinner to engage new and renewing members of the Major Supporters Program at the DNC. The guests represent the leaders in business, industry and the health care industry from the Washington, DC metropolitan area. The dinner is hosted by Beth and Ron Dozoretz, long-time supporters of the DNC and the Administration. Special guests include Glenn Close, Marisa Tomei and Lana Marks. Estimated attendance at the dinner is approximately 40 guests.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Please see the attached guest list.

IV. SEQUENCE

8:25 pm

- YOU arrive and are greeted by Event Host Ron Dozoretz, DNC National Chairman Steve Grossman and DNC General Chair Governor Roy Romer.
- YOU participate in informal mix and mingle with guests.
- YOU are seated at the head table for dinner.
- PROGRAM:
 - Steve Grossman delivers brief remarks and introduces Ron Dozoretz.
 - Ron Dozoretz delivers brief remarks and introduces YOU.
 - YOU deliver remarks.
- YOU depart.

VI. PRESS

The event is open to one print reporter and the press pool via audio feed.

F

DNC 10/7

Acknowledge: Gov. Romer; Fmr. Rep. Downey; Fmr. Amb. Bagley; Chairman Grossman. Sandy Feldman (president of AFT); Glen Close, Marisa Tomei; Hosts: Beth and Ron Dozoretz. I'm sorry that Beth couldn't be here with us tonight.

• **5 ½ yrs ago: New Dir, old values:**
opp/resp/comm. Ec, Env, Edu, Welf, Cr, For.
• **Results:** BB-Oct.1; 25-Cr; 28-unempl; 29-Welf; 29-BB; 32-Infl; record homeownership. Income gains: typical family income up over \$3,500 since '93. Poverty: Af-Am poverty rate lowest level on record. College opp: Hope \$1,500, Pell, work-study. Child health: 5M, highest immunization Env: fewer toxic dumps; Service: 100K, Amcorp; AmReads. FMLA: helped millions past 5 yrs

• **Times are good, but prosperity faces risks --** International economic turbulence. (30% of growth comes from expanded trade)

Must keep economic strategy going:

1. Fiscal responsibility/ save SS
2. Lead world economy/ IMF
3. Invest in our people/ Ed.

Health: 160 M in managed care plans

Envir: 40% of rivers and lakes still polluted

CFR: McCain-Feingold

Thursday, October 8, 1998

11:15 AM	Health Care Statement	Tab A
	- Remarks	Tab B
11:50 AM (T)	Foreign Policy Phone Calls	Distributed Separately
1:15 PM	Signing of S. 1379, the Nazi War Crimes Disclosure Act	Tab C
	- Attendee List	Tab D
1:30 PM	Lunch with the Vice President	No Paper

Thursday, October 8, 1998

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
THURSDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1998

Final Schedule

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4824

PRESS DESK:

ANNE EDWARDS

HOME: 301-565-3101

OFFICE: 202-456-2921

WHCA PAGER: 4208

EVENT COORDINATOR:

KARIN KULLMAN

HOME: 202-483-7366

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4060

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Mostly cloudy with a chance of showers in the evening. Winds southeast at 8 to 12 knots. Low 54 to 59. High 70 to 75.

Thursday, October 8, 1998

**Schedule of the President
for
Thursday, October 8, 1998
*Final Schedule***

10:30 am-		MEETING
10:45 am		OVAl OFFICE
		Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles
10:45 am-		BRIEFING
11:15 am		OVAl OFFICE
		Staff Contact: Bruce Reed
11:15 am-		HEALTH CARE STATEMENT
11:45 am		ROOSEVELT ROOM
		Remarks: June Shih
		Staff Contact: Bruce Reed
		Event Coordinator: Karin Kullman
		POOL PRESS
		-- The President , accompanied by Secretary Donna Shalala and Administrator Nancy-Ann Min-DeParle, enters the Roosevelt Room.
		-- The President makes remarks and departs.
11:50 am-	(T)	BRIEFING AND FOREIGN POLICY PHONE CALLS
12:50 pm		OVAl OFFICE
		Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
12:55 pm-		MEETING
1:00 pm		OVAl OFFICE
		Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett
1:05 pm-		BRIEFING
1:10 pm		OVAl OFFICE
		Staff Contact: Larry Stein

October 7, 1998 (7:38pm)

Thursday, October 8, 1998

1:15	pm-	SIGNING OF S. 1379, THE NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Larry Stein Event Coordinator: Karin Kullman OFFICIAL PHOTO ONLY
1:30	pm	
1:30	pm-	LUNCH WITH THE VICE PRESIDENT OVAL OFFICE
2:30	pm	
2:30	pm-	PHONE AND OFFICE TIME OVAL OFFICE
6:00	pm	
6:00	pm-	HOLD ONE HOUR
7:00	pm	

EVENING OFF

BC RON	THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON, DC
HRC RON	LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS

October 7, 1998 (7:38pm)

A

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 7, 1998

'98 OCT 7 PM 7:07

MEDICARE STATEMENT

DATE: October 8, 1998
LOCATION: Oval Office
BRIEFING TIME: 10:45 am - 11:15 am
EVENT TIME: 11:15 am - 11:45 am
FROM: Bruce Reed/Chris Jennings

I. PURPOSE

To respond to HMOs' decisions to withdraw from the Medicare program by assisting affected beneficiaries and preventing such withdrawals from occurring in the future.

II. BACKGROUND

This is an opportunity to respond to decisions by some HMOs to drop out of selected markets in the Medicare program. HHS estimates that, because of these withdrawals, a relatively small number of Medicare beneficiaries currently in HMOs -- 50,000 enrollees, or less than one percent of the 6.5 million beneficiaries in managed care plans -- will have no managed care alternative in their area. You will address these withdrawals by:

- **Criticizing health plans for demanding the ability to raise costs and reduce benefits as a precondition for staying in the Medicare program.** You should underscore that Medicare should not -- and will not -- be held hostage to threats by HMOs to leave the program unless they can increase and reduce benefits to Medicare beneficiaries.
- **Announcing a new policy to expedite the approval of health plans applying to enter markets without HMOs.** HHS will expedite its review and approval of HMOs seeking to enter markets that have been left without a managed care option. HHS will give these applications first priority for review and will expedite their entrance into the market so long as they meet the solvency, quality, and other standards necessary to protect beneficiaries.
- **Initiating a new campaign to help Medicare beneficiaries understand their rights and options.** To inform Medicare beneficiaries affected by HMO withdrawals that they are automatically eligible for traditional fee-for-service Medicare and that they have guaranteed access to Medigap policies that help fill coverage gaps, HHS will enlist public and private partners representing tens of

millions of older Americans to provide their members with needed information through newsletters, conferences, and targeted information campaigns. These partners include the AFL-CIO, American Association of Health Plans, American Association of Retired Persons, Leadership Council of Aging Organizations, National Council of Senior Citizens, and National Rural Health Association, as well as the Social Security Administration, HCFA Regional Offices, and State Health Insurance Assistance Programs. In addition, HHS will post new information about plan withdrawals on the Medicare Internet site, so that beneficiaries in every local area have the most up-to-date information on available coverage options.

- **Directing Secretary Shalala to develop new legislation to protect Medicare beneficiaries from HMO withdrawals.** You will state your determination to work with Congress to ensure an adequate range of health plan options for beneficiaries and reduce the likelihood that beneficiaries will face this kind of turmoil in the future. To that end, you will ask the Secretary to recommend specific legislation, to be included in your next budget, to enhance HMO participation in the Medicare program and protect beneficiaries from precipitous plan withdrawals and beneficiary protections.
- **Highlighting the need for Congress to reauthorize the Older Americans Act.** One of the most important ways for older Americans to get critical information and counseling about health-care options is through the programs provided by the Older Americans Act. You will announce that you have sent a letter to Senator Lott and Speaker Gingrich urging them to reauthorize the Older Americans Act before Congress adjourns. You should emphasize that failure to do so would call into question our nation's commitment to the vital services this Act provides to millions of older Americans.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The Vice President
Secretary Shalala
HCFA Administrator Nancy Ann Min DeParle
Members of Congress
Representatives of senior citizen advocacy organizations

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open Press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- **YOU** will be announced into the Oval Office accompanied by the Vice President, Secretary Shalala, and Nancy Ann Min DeParle.

- **YOU** will make remarks.
- **YOU** will greet Members of Congress and senior citizens present, and then depart.

VI. REMARKS

Provided by Speechwriting.

B

Draft 10/7/98 6:30 pm
Shih

**PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON
HMO ANNOUNCEMENT
THE WHITE HOUSE
OCTOBER 8, 1998**

For a generation, Medicare has been more than just a program; it is the way we as a nation have honored our parents and grandparents -- and protected our families. Strengthening Medicare has been one of my administration's top priorities. Last year, we took historic, bipartisan action to improve benefits and extend the life of the Medicare Trust Fund for a decade. We also expanded the number and types of health plans available to Medicare beneficiaries so that older Americans -- just like other Americans -- could have a choice in their medical care.

Today, 6.5 million Medicare beneficiaries rely on HMOs for medical care. But in recent weeks, the HMO industry announced that unless all Medicare HMOs could raise premiums and reduce benefits, some health plans would drop their Medicare patients by the end of the year. We told them no deal. We were not going to allow Medicare to be held hostage to these unreasonable demands. Several HMOs decided drop their patients.

These HMOs' decisions to abandon their Medicare patients have brought uncertainty, fear and disruption into the lives of tens of thousands of older Americans across our country.

While the overwhelming majority of seniors affected will be able to join other Medicare HMOs in their areas, 50,000 Americans will be left without a single Medicare managed care alternative.

These HMOs say they are just looking after their bottom line. Well, I believe the health of our parents must be America's bottom line. I am determined to do everything in my power to protect older Americans dropped by their HMOs and to make sure this doesn't happen again. Today, we are taking three steps:

First, we will do everything we can to encourage HMOs to enter those markets abandoned by managed care. Beginning immediately, the Health Care Financing Administration will give first priority in its review and approval process to all new HMOs applying to serve seniors in deserted areas.

Second, I am asking Secretary Shalala to work with Congress, aging advocates and health plans to develop new strategies to prevent another disruption in coverage like the one we are seeing this fall. I am asking the Secretary to consider all possible legislative solutions that can be included in the next budget I send to Congress.

Finally, I am launching a comprehensive public information campaign to make sure all affected seniors understand the health coverage plans that are already available to them. We will bring together a broad public and private coalition -- from AARP to the Older Women's League

to the Social Security Administration to local offices on aging -- to educate seniors about all their rights and options. We must say to all affected seniors: "Losing HMO coverage does not mean losing Medicare coverage. You are still protected by Medicare. You are still eligible for the traditional fee-for-service program and Medigap policies."

Strengthening health care protections and preventing the worst abuses of managed care are some of the most important things we can do to strengthen our nation for the 21st Century. That is why I also call on this Congress to pass the important health care legislation already before it. We have already extended patient protections in Medicare and Medicaid. Now, in these last days before it adjourns, Congress must put progress before partisanship, and act decisively to protect all Americans by passing the Patients' Bill of Rights.

Congress can also put progress before partisanship by reauthorizing the Older Americans Act. For years, this law has improved the lives of millions of senior citizens -- providing everything from meals on wheels to counseling to legal services. Every day that goes by without passing the bipartisan legislation to reauthorize the Older Americans Act sends a troubling message to our seniors that their needs are not a priority.

More than thirty years ago, Congress was able to put progress before partisanship, and create Medicare. The result: Millions of older Americans have been able to live healthier and happier lives. It is one of the signal achievements of this century. Let us again put progress before partisanship so that we can strengthen Medicare and keep America moving forward into the 21st Century.

C

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

October 7, 1998

Nazi War Crimes Disclosure Act Bill Signing Ceremony

DATE: October 8, 1998
LOCATION: Oval Office
TIME: 1:15PM-1:30PM
FROM: Larry Stein ^{LS}
Peter Jacoby ^{PJ}

I. PURPOSE

To sign into law the Nazi War Crimes Disclosure Act, and highlight a new procedure for declassifying Nazi war crime materials.

II. BACKGROUND

On June 19th, the Senate passed S. 1379, the Nazi War Crimes Disclosure Act by unanimous consent. On August 6th, the House passed an identical version by voice vote, clearing it for your signature on September 28th. The measure was sponsored by Senator Patrick Leahy (D-VT) and Senator Mike DeWine (R-OH), while Representative Carolyn Maloney (D-NY) sponsored the identical House bill.

The Nazi War Crimes Disclosure Act establishes the Nazi War Criminal Records Interagency Working Group which will locate, identify, inventory, recommend for declassification, and make available to the public at the National Archives and Records Administration, all classified Nazi war criminal records of the United States. The Act requires the working group to include the Director of the Holocaust Museum, the Historian of the Department of State, and the Archivist of the United States. The group must also submit a report to Congress describing all such records, and their disposition.

The Nazi War Crimes Disclosure Act requires such records to be released in their entirety, except that an agency head may exempt from release specific information that would compromise privacy, national security, or U.S. foreign policy. Any exemption must be consistent with the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) and must be reported to Congress. The bill provides an additional exception from disclosure for records by the Office of Special Investigations of the Department of Justice.

Enactment of the Nazi War Crimes Disclosure Act will encourage other countries to follow America's lead in providing long overdue public access to the records of that era and to bring together the diverse coalitions which have strong interests in this legislation including the World Jewish Congress and the Anti-Defamation league. Members from these organizations are expected to be present at the ceremony.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Pre-Brief

President
Erskine Bowles
John Podesta
Larry Stein
Lynn Cutler
Peter Jacoby

Event

President
Sen. Chris Dodd (D-CT)
Sen. Mike DeWine (R-OH)
Sen. Herb Kohl (D-WI)
Sen. Patrick Leahy (D-VT)
Sen. Pat Moynihan (D-NY)
Rep. John Conyers (D-MI)
Rep. Steve Horn (R-CA)
Rep. Steny Hoyer (D-MD)
Rep. Carolyn Maloney (D-NY)
Rep. Henry Waxman (D-CA)
Eli Rosenbaum, Department of Justice
Susan Siegal, Department of Justice

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House Photo Only.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- Participants enter Oval Office and proceed behind desk.
- You make brief remarks.
- You sign bill.

VI. REMARKS

None.

D

LIST OF ATTENDEES
(Non-Members of Congress)

Dorothy Bennett
National Officer
American Jewish Committee

'98 OCT 7 PM 7:07

Richard Ben Veniste
National Officer
Anti-Defamation League

Douglas Bloomfield
Washington Director
World Jewish Congress

Rabbi Abraham Cooper
Associate Dean
Simon Weisenthal Center

Professor Robert Herzstein
University of South Carolina

Elizabeth Holtzman
Former Member of Congress- NY

Benjamin Meed
Chair
American Gathering of Jewish Holocaust Survivors

Michael Miller
Executive Vice President
New York Jewish Community Relations Council

Eli Rosenbaum
Office of Special Investigations
Department of Justice

Susan Siegal
Office of Special Investigations
Department of Justice

Friday, October 9, 1998

9:35 AM	Photo Opportunity for Hispanic Heritage Month	Tab A
10:30 AM	NAPO Top Cops Award Ceremony	Tab B
	- Remarks	Tab C
	- Background on Awardees	Tab D
12:00 PM	Photo Opportunity and Working Lunch with Chancellor-Elect Gerhard Schroeder of Germany	Distributed Separately
2:30 PM	Congressional Meeting	No Paper
3:00 PM	Hold for Possible Briefing and Statement	No Paper
4:00 PM	Meeting with President Mahuad of Ecuador and President Fujimori of Peru	Distributed Separately

Friday, October 9, 1998

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
FRIDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1998

Final Schedule

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4824

PRESS DESK:

ANNE EDWARDS

HOME: 301-565-3101

OFFICE: 202-456-2921

WHCA PAGER: 4208

EVENT COORDINATOR:

LAURA SCHWARTZ

HOME: 202-331-4339

OFFICE: 202-456-5655

WHCA PAGER: 4293

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Cloudy with rain ending early in the morning.

Winds northwest to north at 8 to 12 knots. Low 56 to 61. High 68 to 73.

Friday, October 9, 1998

**Schedule of the President
for
Friday, October 9, 1998
*Final Schedule***

9:00	am-	MEETING
9:15	am	OVAl OFFICE Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles
9:15	am-	BRIEFING
9:30	am	OVAl OFFICE Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
9:30	am	THE PRESIDENT proceeds to the North Portico
9:35	am-	PHOTO OPPORTUNITY FOR HISPANIC HERITAGE MONTH
9:45	am	NORTH PORTICO Staff Contact: Minyon Moore Event Coordinator: Laura Schwartz WHITE HOUSE PHOTO ONLY
9:45	am	THE PRESIDENT proceeds to the Oval Office
10:00	am-	BRIEFING
10:30	am	OVAl OFFICE Staff Contact: Bruce Reed
10:30	am-	MEET AND GREET
10:45	am	OVAl OFFICE Staff Contact: Bruce Reed, Capricia Marshall Event Coordinator: Laura Schwartz CLOSED PRESS

October 8, 1998 (8:58pm)

Friday, October 9, 1998

10:45 am-
11:30 am

NAPO TOP COPS EVENT

ROSE GARDEN

Remarks: Jordan Tamagni

Staff Contact: Bruce Reed, Capricia Marshall

Event Coordinator: Laura Schwartz

OPEN PRESS

Note: The Rain Site for the NAPO Top Cops Event is Old Executive Office Building Room 450.

- **The President**, accompanied by Attorney General Janet Reno and Tom Scotto, is announced into the Rose Garden.
- Attorney General Janet Reno makes brief welcoming remarks and introduces Tom Scotto.
- Tom Scotto, President, National Association of Police Organizations, makes brief remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes remarks and departs.

11:45 am-
12:00 pm

BRIEFING

OVAL OFFICE

Staff Contact: Samuel Berger

12:00 pm-
12:15 pm

PHOTO OPPORTUNITY WITH CHANCELLOR-ELECT GERHARD SCHROEDER OF GERMANY

OVAL OFFICE

Staff Contact: Samuel Berger

OFFICIAL PHOTO ONLY

12:15 pm

THE PRESIDENT, accompanied by Chancellor-Elect Gerhard Schroeder, proceeds down the colonnade to the State Floor
POOL PRESS (ROSE GARDEN)

October 8, 1998 (8:58pm)

Friday, October 9, 1998

12:20 pm-
1:20 pm

**WORKING LUNCH WITH CHANCELLOR-ELECT GERHARD
SCHROEDER OF GERMANY**
OLD FAMILY DINING ROOM
Staff Contact: Samuel Berger, Capricia Marshall
Event Coordinator: Laura Schwartz
CLOSED PRESS

- **The President** escorts guests to the Old Family Dining Room and invites them to be seated for lunch.
- Upon conclusion of lunch, **the President** escorts Chancellor-Elect Gerhard Schroeder to the West Lobby.
- **The President** bids Chancellor-Elect Gerhard Schroeder farewell and departs.

1:30 pm-
1:40 pm

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett

1:40 pm-
2:10 pm

PHONE AND OFFICE TIME
OVAL OFFICE

2:10 pm-
2:30 pm

BRIEFING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Larry Stein

2:30 pm-
3:00 pm

CONGRESSIONAL MEETING
CABINET ROOM
Staff Contact: Larry Stein
CLOSED PRESS

3:00 pm-
3:30 pm

HOLD FOR POSSIBLE BRIEFING AND STATEMENT
SITE TBD

3:45 pm-
4:00 pm

BRIEFING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Samuel Berger

October 8, 1998 (8:58pm)

Friday, October 9, 1998

4:00 pm- MEETING WITH PRESIDENT JAMIL MAHUAD OF ECUADOR
4:30 pm AND PRESIDENT ALBERTO FUJIMORI OF PERU
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
STILLS ONLY (AT THE TOP)

4:30 pm- PHONE AND OFFICE TIME
6:30 pm OVAL OFFICE

EVENING OFF

BC/HRC RON

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, DC

October 8, 1998 (8:58pm)

A

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 8, 1998

**Photo with The President and White House Hispanic Appointees in
Honor of Hispanic Heritage Month
Friday, October 9, 1998**

LOCATION: North Portico**TIME: 9:45 am**

**FROM: Maria Echaveste
Minyon Moore
Mickey Ibarra
Joseph Lockhart**

I. PURPOSE

To take a photograph with White House Latino appointees during Hispanic Heritage Month to be distributed to Latino press and Latino organizations. The distribution of this photograph will help us highlight your commitment to creating an Administration that looks like America.

II. BACKGROUND

Every year, you issue a Hispanic Heritage Month Proclamation to honor the month that runs September 15 - October 15. This year, we proposed that you take this photograph with White House Latino appointees so that we can further highlight the contributions you have made on behalf of the Latino community.

You have appointed more Latinos to senior level positions than any other President in American history. Eight percent of your appointments, including boards and commissions, are held by Latinos.

A camera crew and freelance photographer will be present at the photo shoot to capture the event for a documentary and book project that Edward James Olmos is overseeing for Time-Life and the Smithsonian Institution. The project will highlight the contributions of Latinos to this country and this photograph will be included to show that Latinos are contributing in government service.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Maria Echaveste, Assistant to the President and Deputy Chief of Staff
Capricia Marshall, Deputy Assistant to the President and Social Secretary

Janet Murguia, Deputy Assistant to the President and Deputy Director of Legislative Affairs

Patricia Solis-Doyle, Deputy Assistant to the President and Director of Scheduling for the First Lady

Melinda Bates, Special Assistant to the President and Director of the Visitors Office

Claudia Abendroth, Program Examiner, Office of Management and Budget

Bruce Andersen, Policy Associate, President's Initiative on Race

Brian Barreto, Deputy Chief of Staff, National Economic Council

Anthony Bernal, Vice Presidential Scheduling

Miguel M. Bustos, Staff Assistant, Office of Mrs. Gore

Alejandro Cabrera, Assistant Press Secretary, Office of the Vice President

Alejandra Castillo, Executive Assistant to the Deputy Director, Office of National Drug Control Policy

Jose Cerda III, Special Assistant to the President and Associate Director for Domestic Policy

Carmen B. Fowler, Director of Presidential Messages

Dario Gomez, Legislative Assistant, Legislative Affairs

Cynthia Jasso-Rotunno, Chief of Staff, Political Affairs

Eli Joseph, Legislative Assistant, Office of Legislative Affairs

Ana Lopez, Policy Associate, President's Initiative on Race

Tania Lopez, Special Assistant to the Director, Women's Office, Office of Public Liaison

Lisa Mallory, Chief of Staff and Deputy Director to National Partnership Reinventing Government, Office of the Vice President

Susanna McGuire, News Analysis Coordinator, Office of the Press Secretary

Estela B. Mendoza, Assistant Press Secretary for Specialty Press

Suzanne Moreno, Paralegal, Office of Counsel to the President

Irwin Raij, Assistant Counsel to the Vice President

Maritza Rivera, Associate Director, Office of Public Liaison

Roger Salazar, Assistant for the Western Region, Office of the Press Secretary

Maria Soto, Special Assistant, Office of Intergovernmental Affairs

Sandra Tijerina, Press Office Manager, Office of the First Lady

Sarah Urquidez, Confidential Secretary to the Deputy Director, Office of National Drug Control Policy

Franklin Urteaga, Confidential Assistant, Office of Science and Technology Policy

Dagoberto Vega, Office Manager, Office of the Press Secretary

Moe Vela, Finance Manager, Office of the Vice President

Ilia Velez, Office Manager/Youth Outreach Coordinator, Office of Public Liaison

Nicholas Athas, Producer, Olmos Productions

Susan Pogue Todd, Video Photographer, Olmos Productions

Abraham Martinez, Technical Assistant, Olmos Productions

Andrew Lincoln Young, Video Photographer, Olmos Productions

Hector Emanuel, Still Photographer, Olmos Productions

IV. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Latino appointees assemble at the North Portico.
You arrive at the North Portico.
The photograph is taken.
You depart.

V. PRESS PLAN

This photograph will be distributed during Hispanic Heritage Month to approximately 150 Latino publications along with the list of Administration Accomplishments on Behalf of the Hispanic Community.

VII. REMARKS

None.

B

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 8, 1998

CEREMONY HONORING NAPO TOP COPS

DATE: October 8, 1998
LOCATION: Room 450 OEOB
BRIEFING TIME: 10:00 am - 10:30 am
MEET/GREET: 10:30 am - 10:45 (Oval Office)
EVENT: 10:55 am - 11:30 am (Room 450)
FROM: Bruce Reed

I. PURPOSE

To honor the National Association of Police Organizations (NAPO) Annual Top Cops and demonstrate your ongoing support of law enforcement.

II. BACKGROUND

You have honored the NAPO Top Cops every year for their exceptional acts of heroism. This year, 34 police officers from ten jurisdictions from around the country will have received their Top Cops award the night before this event at the NAPO annual dinner.

In your remarks you will announce grants of approximately \$70 million for communities to hire more police and for states to improve their criminal history records. You also may be able to sign significant legislation providing for more school safety officers, improved law enforcement technology, and easier sharing of criminal history records.

- COPS grants. You will announce that the COPS Office will award \$27.4 million in grants for 151 policing agencies across the country to hire 428 officers. This announcement will bring the total number of officers funded under your COPS Program to over 88,500 -- keeping the initiative ahead of schedule and under budget.
- Improving System of Brady Background Checks. You will announce more than \$41 million in Justice Department grants for states to improve their criminal history records, which will enhance the effectiveness of the Brady Law's National Instant Criminal Background Check System. The grants, provided through the National Criminal History Improvement Program (NCHIP), are funded through the 1994 Crime Bill. Total grants under this program exceed \$200 million.

At this event, you also may be able to sign the following bills (which Congress is scheduled to vote on tonight):

- Law Enforcement for Our Schools. Legislation introduced by Rep. James Maloney and Senator Campbell ensures that school safety officers can be funded through the Justice Department COPS Program. You challenged Congress in June to pass this legislation and provide more safety officers for our nation's schools.
- Improving Criminal History Records and Access. Legislation introduced by Senators DeWine and Leahy provides \$1.25 billion in federal assistance to states over five years for upgrading communications technologies and criminal justice identification systems. The bill also includes an Administration-proposed national compact on the electronic exchange of criminal history records for non-criminal justice purposes, such as employment checks on day care and elder care workers.

III. PARTICIPANTS

- The President
- Attorney General Reno
- Tom Scotto, President of NAPO
- 34 TOP COPS to be standing on stage. (*Background material attached.)

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open Press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- **YOU** will be announced onto the stage accompanied by Attorney General Reno and Tom Scotto.
- Attorney General Reno will make welcoming remarks and introduce Tom Scotto.
- Tom Scotto will make remarks and introduce **YOU**.
- **YOU** will make remarks.
- **YOU** will work a ropeline and then depart.

VI. REMARKS

Provided by Speechwriting.

C

Draft 10/8/98 9:00pm

**PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON
REMARKS FOR TOP COP EVENT
THE WHITE HOUSE
October 9, 1998**

Thank you, Tom and Bob [Tom Scotto, NAPO President; Bob Scully, NAPO Executive Director], Attorney General Reno, Vice President Gore, and honored Top Cops. I am delighted to welcome all of you here today.

This July, I stood just a mile from here, in the Great Rotunda of the Capitol, humbled by the courage and the sacrifice of the two men we had come to honor -- Officer J.J. Chestnut and Detective John Gibson -- two law enforcement officers who literally threw themselves between an assailant's bullets and innocent bystanders ... and gave their lives to defend freedom's house.

The men and women we are honoring here this morning put on their badges every day, prepared to make the same sacrifice in their own communities. They are true American heroes. From crossing the line of fire to rescue wounded fellow officers... to confronting criminals armed with assault weapons and body armor ... to nursing a seriously injured neighbor back to health ... the heroics -- and the basic humanity -- of these officers are an inspiration to us all. I congratulate 1998's Top Cops and I thank them on behalf of a grateful nation.

America owes an enormous debt of gratitude to all of our nation's police officers, who put their lives on the line to protect ours. But six years ago, law enforcement was not getting the tools it needed to reverse the trend of rising crime and fear in our communities. I took office determined to change that.

Together with NAPO, we have worked to take back our streets from crime and violence. We put in place a comprehensive plan based on what law enforcement officers were already trying to do in communities all across America -- to put tough new penalties on our books ... to help steer young people away from crime and gangs and guns ... to keep guns out of the hands of criminals ... and most important of all, to put 100,000 new police officers on the streets.

Six years ago, some said crime was a problem we just couldn't fix. Today, because of our efforts, crime has dropped across the board to its lowest level in a generation, and respect for the law is on the rise. Our nation's law enforcement officers are at the center of that extraordinary success. They are cracking down on gun traffickers and working to keep guns out of the hands of criminals. They are working with local school authorities to promote school safety. And they are walking the beat and working with residents to prevent crime from happening in the first place.

But you know better than I do that when it comes to fighting crime, we cannot afford to rest. Keeping our communities and our families safe requires eternal vigilance. So today, we are taking new steps to help our nation's police officers stand ready in our fight against crime.

First, we know what a difference more police have made in our communities. I am pleased to

announce that we are awarding up to \$30 million in new grant money to help communities hire more police -- bringing the total number of police officers funded by our COPS initiative to more than 88,000 -- closer than ever to our goal of 100,000.

Second, we know what a difference Brady background checks have made to keep illegal guns off our streets. I am pleased to announce that we will give states over \$40 million to help them computerize the criminal history records they use to do those background checks -- a simple procedure that has already stopped a quarter million fugitives and felons from purchasing guns.

These steps will give law enforcement the tools they need to keep making a difference. That is why I am so pleased that last night, the Congress passed two bills that will build on our progress in both these areas. I will be proud to sign both these bills into law.

The first bill will help school systems to hire safety officers, and use the same community policing methods that have worked so well in neighborhoods all over the country. These school resource officers, as they are called, work with principals, parents, teachers and students to stop school violence before it happens.

I want to add that next week, on October 15th, we will hold the first-ever White House Conference on School Safety, and I am looking forward to hearing from many groups -- especially law enforcement -- about how we can work together to meet this challenge.

The second bill will provide states with more than \$1 billion over the next five years to modernize not only their criminal records system, but also to upgrade their communications and criminal identification systems, as well. And it will also help us build a new electronic information sharing partnership with state and local law enforcement to keep our child care and elder care systems safe.

[I am pleased that Congress has put our families' security and our police officers' safety ahead of politics and sent me these bills. Now, we have to put progress ahead of partisanship, and pass a budget that's good for the American people. A budget that will set aside the surplus until we save Social Security for the future ... that will strengthen our economy at home by meeting our obligation to help the IMF stabilize the economies of our customers abroad ... a budget that will expand educational opportunity for our children and improve health care for our families ... that will protect our environment ... and a budget that will give law enforcement the tools it needs to keep our communities safe. These are the priorities that will strengthen America for the 21st century.]

Before we finish, I would like to thank our Top Cops again for their remarkable achievements. I would also like to thank their families, because in so many ways, you have made those achievements possible. When we honor their bravery, we honor your own special brand of courage as well. When we honor their sacrifice, we remember the many things you give up to support their work. When we honor their strength, we pay tribute to the spirit in all of you that sustains it. I thank you for all that you have done, and will continue to do. And may God bless you all.

[And now, I will sign these bills.]

D

1998 NAPO Top Cops

Arkansas State Police - Trooper First Class Ted Grigson

His neighbor fell and broke his neck. Trooper Grigson found him and stabilized him when the accident occurred. He then helped the family for six months while he recuperated -- canceling his vacation and exhausting all his leave time so that he could still perform all of his usual duties as a trooper. He cared for his neighbor by leading a team of volunteers to care for his dairy farm and helping the family raise funds to renovate his home to accommodate his wheelchair.

Los Angeles Police Department - Officer Don Anderson, Detective Vincent Bancroft, Jr. Officer Edward Brentlinger, Officer John Caprarelli, Sergeant Steven Gomez, Detective Kevin A. Harley, Officer Richard Massa, Officer Dean Schram, Officer Conrado Torrez and Officer Richard Zielinski

In February 1997, a series of bank robberies culminated in a shoot-out during the robbing of the Bank of America in North Hollywood. Two heavily armed men wearing body armor were seen entering the bank by L.A. Police Officers and began firing shots inside the bank. As they left, the robbers became aware that police had surrounded them and they began shooting at random. As bullets bounced off the suspects it became evident to police that the two men were wearing body armor. The suspects fired more than 1,100 rounds from their semiautomatic assault rifles injuring a total of seven civilians and eleven LA Police Officers. Eventually, one suspect committed suicide and members of the LAPD SWAT team shot and killed the other.

*The Vice President recently announced that the Administration proposed new legislation to increase penalties for federal crimes committed while wearing body armor.

Kissimmee Police Department, Florida - K-9 Officer Malcom Thompson

In June 1997, Officer Thompson responded to a suspicious person call. He recognized the man getting into a cab at a 7-Eleven parking lot and asked him to get out. He did not know that the suspect had several warrants out for his arrest including armed robberies from that same night and car-jacking. The suspect shot the officer four times in his head, neck, and chest and then put a gun to the cab drivers head to force him to drive him away. Officer Thompson managed to follow the cab and shoot and kill the suspect through the back window of the cab.

Indianapolis Police Department, Indiana - Sergeant Dawn Higgins

Sergeant Higgins and her partner, Patrolwoman Karen Dague, were on a routine patrol when they saw a suspicious vehicle in an alley. As the officers approached the car, the three occupants attempted to flee and Sgt. Higgins began to chase them. She heard a gun shot and returned to her patrol car to find her partner shot and lying in a pool of blood. Sgt. Higgins gave her first aid efforts until emergency personnel arrived while giving descriptions of the suspects, which lead to their capture.

New Hampshire State Police - Trooper First Class Charles M. West

In February 1997, Trooper Phillips was on his way to get a haircut when he spotted Carl Drega, a man known to police for his angry ways, and stopped to speak with him about his vehicle. Drega opened fire, killing Trooper Phillips and his partner who had come to assist him. Drega went on to

kill a judge and the editor of the local newspaper before fleeing the scene in Trooper Phillip's car. Hours later, Drega wounded two more officers, and Trooper West ran into the line of fire to rescue them. Trooper West, without regard for his own safety, put himself at great risk in order to save the lives of the officers. Trooper West exchanged gunfire with Drega and killed him.

*Vermont State Police Captain Mark Metayer, who was the commander for the Vermont State Police during the Drega incident, spoke at the President's Bullet Proof Vest Bill Signing on June 16, 1998 about how he and his colleagues are not provided bullet proof vests. The bill gives localities that do not provide for vests additional funds to do so.

New York City Police Department - Officer Joseph Dolan, Sergeant John A. English, Jr., Officer Michael F. Keenan, Officer David Martinez, Lieutenant Owen C. McCaffrey, Deputy Inspector Raymond McDermott, Captain Ralph Pascullo, Officer Mario Zorovic
In July 1997, an informant told officers that tow men had built four bombs and planned to blow up a subway later that morning. Lt. McCaffrey, Sgt. English, and Cpt. Pascullo formulated a tactical plan and decided on an entry team for the apartment where the bombs had been built by alleged foreign terrorists. The team entered the apartment and advanced to the room where the two suspects and explosives were located. One suspect grabbed an officer's gun, while the second threw himself on the switcher which partially activated the bomb. Both suspects were disabled and a later search of the apartment led to the discovery of four pipe bombs.

Salt Lake County Sheriff's Office, Utah - Sergeant Jim Potter

On Sept 22, 1997, Sgt. Potter was leaving the gym and heard a radio transmission that Johnny Lavato had barricaded himself in his home and was firing on officers. Three officers had been pinned down behind a patrol car by a barrage of shots coming from the house, and one had been injured. Sgt. Potter arrived at the scene and crawled toward the wounded officer. An outdoor light activated by a motion detector exposed all of the officers in the immediate area. Putting himself at great risk, Sgt. Potter ran to the light and broke it with a lawn chair, drawing rifle fire from Lavato. Sgt. Potter rescued the officers and carried the wounded officer on his back to safety. Lavot was found dead of a self-inflicted gunshot wound.

Washington, D.C./Maryland/Virginia - DEA Group Task Force - Assistant Special Agent in Charge Frank J. Chellino, Detective Sergeant Thomas P. Coppinger, Group Supervisor Timothy L. Estep, Detective Gary Gibson, Corporal Michael Grant, Detective Joseph Marchi, Corporal Jason Merson, Special Agent Timothy K. Scott and Detective Thomas J. Wise

Maryland State Trooper David Hughes arrested Gregory McCorkle on drug trafficking charges in December 1995. To prevent the trooper from testifying against him in court, McCorkle plotted to murder Trooper Hughes and recruited a hit man and several conspirators to ambush Trooper Hughes outside of his home. On August 20, 1996, the assailant missed his mark and instead shot Trooper Hughes brother, injuring his left arm. Because the two brothers had arrested many criminals in their career, the Maryland State Police launched a multi-jurisdictional task force, with the assistance of the DEA. In March 1997, Detective Marchi of the Arlington P.D. learned that a man name Greg had been buying guns and a bomb. The next month, Detective Gibson learned that a man named Greg had offered to pay for the murder of a police officer. The team assembled

by the DEA ultimately learned that Greg was, in fact, McKorkle and they arrested him and others on federal drug charges and learned that he was responsible for the drug-related conspiracy surrounding the attempted murder of Trooper Hughes.

West Virginia State Police - Sergeant Michael E. Spradlin

In 1995, Sgt. Spradlin heard of the accidents of two Davis siblings that had occurred in 1982 and began investigating. After 2 ½ years of reviewing medical records and interviewing more than 100 witnesses, Sgt. Spradlin came to the conclusion that the children's mother suffered from Munchausen syndrome, a condition in which parents harm their children to gain attention. Ten-month-old Seth had suffered permanent brain damage from insulin injections, and three-year-old Tegan died in May 1982 of a caffeine overdose. The mother was convicted after only three hours of jury deliberation because of the strength of Sgt. Spradlin's evidence.

Madison Police Department, Wisconsin - Officer Timothy G. Hahn

In an attempt to serve an arrest warrant for a nonviolent offense at the home of their suspect, Officer Hahn and Garcia found him resisting arrest and hiding in the bathroom. Suddenly he emerged from the bathroom with a gun and shot Officer Garcia in the thigh and the side. Hearing the shots, Officer Hahn came to Officer Garcia's aid. The suspect began approaching and Officer Hahn returned fire, hitting and stopping the suspect from killing him and his partner.

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