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DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001. schedule	re: Schedule of the President for Monday, September 14, 1998 [partial] (6 pages)	09/14/1998	b(7)(E)

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FOLDER TITLE:

September 9, 1998-September 17, 1998

2019-0990-S

rs3520

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

THE TRIP
of
THE PRESIDENT
to
ORLANDO, FLORIDA
and
MIAMI, FLORIDA

September 9, 1998

Staff Copy

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Wednesday, September 9, 1998

ORLANDO, FLORIDA

School Safety Event

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| - Remarks | Tab B
To Be Forwarded |

Florida Democratic Party Luncheon

- | | |
|--------------|--------------------------|
| - Event Memo | Tab C |
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To Be Forwarded |

Foreign Policy Phone Call

Distributed
Separately

MIAMI, FLORIDA

Florida Democratic Party Dinner

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Florida Democratic Party Mix and Mingle

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Wednesday, September 9, 1998

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1998

Final Schedule

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4824

PRESS DESK:

DORI SALCIDO

HOME: 703-548-6466

OFFICE: 202-456-5771

WHCA PAGER: 4844

EVENT COORDINATOR:

CECILY WILLIAMS

HOME: 202-726-0009

OFFICE: 202-456-5039

WHCA PAGER: 4063

ADVANCE LEAD:
(ORLANDO)

ROB ROSEN

STAFF OFFICE: 44-220

CELL PHONE: 202-395-1839

WHCA PAGER: 4540

ADVANCE LEAD:
(MIAMI)

MICHELE KREISS

STAFF OFFICE: 29-220

CELL PHONE: 202-757-9517

WHCA PAGER: 5175

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, DC

Partly cloudy. Winds northwest at 10 to 15 knots.

Low 54 to 59. High 73 to 78.

ORLANDO, FLORIDA

Mostly cloudy with a chance of showers and thunderstorms. High around 90. Wind becoming North 5 to 10 mph. Chance of rain 40 percent.

MIAMI, FLORIDA

Partly cloudy with a chance of showers or thunderstorms. High around 90. Wind South 10 mph. Chance of rain 30 percent.

Wednesday, September 9, 1998

**Schedule of the President
for
Wednesday, September 9, 1998
*Final Schedule***

7:30	am-	BRIEFING
8:00	am	PRESIDENTIAL STUDY Staff Contact: Larry Stein
8:00	am-	CONGRESSIONAL MEETING
9:00	am	YELLOW OVAL ROOM Staff Contact: Larry Stein, Capricia Marshall CLOSED PRESS
9:20	am	THE PRESIDENT departs The White House via motorcade en route the Reflecting Pool [drive time: 5 minutes]
9:25	am	THE PRESIDENT arrives the Reflecting Pool
9:35	am	THE PRESIDENT departs the Reflecting Pool via Marine One en route Andrews Air Force Base [flight time: 10 minutes]
9:45	am	THE PRESIDENT arrives Andrews Air Force Base
10:00	am	THE PRESIDENT departs Andrews Air Force Base via Air Force One en route Orlando International Airport, Florida [flight time: 1 hours, 55 minutes]
11:55	am	THE PRESIDENT arrives Orlando International Airport

Greeters:

- Mona Hughes
- Bill Warden
- Lisa Scarboro
- Debra Nickelson
- Patti Sheehan
- Evelyn Keys
- Nancy Koepke
- Billie Tate
- John G. Nolan
- Jim Hottaway
- Chris Marlin
- Ralph Armstead

September 8, 1998 (9:03pm)

Wednesday, September 9, 1998

12:10 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Orlando International Airport via motorcade
en route Hillcrest Elementary School
[drive time: 30 minutes]

12:40 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Hillcrest Elementary School

Greeters: Aliette Scharr, Principal, Hillcrest Elementary School
Dennis Smith, Superintendent, Orange County Public School
System
Governor Pedro Rossello

12:50 pm

EDUCATION EVENT

1:45 pm

CAFETERIA

Remarks: Lowell Weiss
Hillcrest Elementary School
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Cecily Williams
OPEN PRESS

- Off-stage announcement of **the President**, accompanied by Lieutenant Governor Buddy MacKay, Aliette Scharr, Claire Hoey, and Susan Waldrip to "Hail to the Chief" and "Ruffles and Flourishes."
- Aliette Scharr, Principal, Hillcrest Elementary School, makes brief welcoming remarks and introduces Claire Hoey.
- Claire Hoey makes brief remarks and introduces Lieutenant Governor Buddy MacKay.
- Lieutenant Governor Buddy MacKay makes brief remarks and introduces Susan Waldrip.
- Susan Waldrip makes brief remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes remarks, works a ropeline and departs.

1:50 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Hillcrest Elementary School via motorcade en
route Marriott Hotel
[drive time: 10 minutes]

2:00 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Marriott Hotel

Greeters: Herbert Baird, General Manager, Marriott Hotel
Jim Hayes, Event Coordinator, Marriott Hotel
Mark Moravec, Director of Catering, Marriott Hotel

September 8, 1998 (9:03pm)

Wednesday, September 9, 1998

2:05 pm-
3:00 pm

FLORIDA DEMOCRATIC PARTY LUNCHEON
LAKE IVANHOE ROOM
Marriott Hotel
Remarks: Michael Waldman
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Cecily Williams
OPEN PRESS (REMARKS ONLY)

Note: There will be approximately 400 guests in attendance.

- Off-stage announcement of the **President**, accompanied by Jim Pugh, Governor Pedro Rossello, and Lieutenant Governor Buddy MacKay to "Hail to the Chief" and "Ruffles and Flourishes."
- The **President** proceeds to his seat and lunch is served.
- Jim Pugh, Campaign Chairman, makes brief welcoming remarks and introduces Governor Pedro Rossello.
- Governor Pedro Rossello makes brief remarks and introduces Lieutenant Governor Buddy MacKay.
- Lieutenant Governor Buddy MacKay makes brief remarks and introduces the **President**.
- The **President** makes remarks, works a ropeline and departs.

3:05 pm-
3:30 pm

PHOTO RECEIVING LINE
EXHIBIT ROOM 400
Marriott Hotel
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
CLOSED PRESS

Note: There will be 50 guests in attendance (50 photos).

3:45 pm-
4:15 pm

BRIEFING AND FOREIGN POLICY PHONE CALL
EXHIBIT ROOM 400
Staff Contact: Samuel Berger

4:15 pm-
4:17 pm

DRIVER PHOTOGRAPHS
HALLWAY
Marriott Hotel

4:17 pm-
4:18 pm

POLICE PHOTOGRAPHS
HALLWAY
Marriott Hotel

September 8, 1998 (9:03pm)

Wednesday, September 9, 1998

4:20 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Marriott Hotel via motorcade en route
Orlando International Airport, Florida
[drive time: 30 minutes]

4:50 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Orlando International Airport

5:05 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Orlando International Airport via Air Force
One en route Miami International Airport
[flight time: 50 minutes]

5:55 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Miami International Airport

Greeters: Alex Penales, Mayor, Miami-Dade County
Robert Ingram, Mayor, Opa-Locka
Otis Wallis, Mayor, Florida City
Annie Betancourt, State Representative
Larcenia Bullard, State Representative
James Bush, State Representative
John Cosgrove, State Representative
Steven Effman, State Representative
Mrs. Barbara Effman
Joe Eggeliction, State Representative
Ken Gottlieb, State Representative
Addie Greene, State Representative
Sally Heyman, State Representative
John Rayson, State Representative
Stacy Ritter, State Representative
Debbie Schultz-Wasserman, State Representative
Steve Geller, State Senator
Daryl Jones, State Senator
Carlton Moore, Fort Lauderdale City Commissioner
Dorrin Rolle, Dade County Commissioner
Joe Geller, Chair, Dade County Democratic Party

6:10 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Miami International Airport via motorcade en
route The Biltmore Hotel
[drive time: 15 minutes]

6:25 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives The Biltmore Hotel

Greeters: Maria Rodham
Gene Prescott, Owner, The Biltmore Hotel
Jim Pellitier, Controller, The Biltmore Hotel
Eileen Gwynn, Northeast Regional Sales Manager, The Biltmore
Hotel
Denielle Castro-Quijada, Director of Protocol, The Biltmore Hotel

September 8, 1998 (9:03pm)

Wednesday, September 9, 1998

6:30 pm-
7:30 pm **DOWN**

7:30 pm-
7:32 pm **DRIVER PHOTOGRAPHS**
HALLWAY
The Biltmore Hotel

7:32 pm-
7:33 pm **POLICE PHOTOGRAPHS**
HALLWAY
The Biltmore Hotel

7:40 pm **THE PRESIDENT** proceeds to Majorca Room

Greeters: Lieutenant Governor Buddy MacKay
 Mrs. Anne MacKay

7:45 pm-
8:15 pm **FLORIDA DEMOCRATIC PARTY MIX AND MINGLE**
MAJORCA ROOM
The Biltmore Hotel
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
CLOSED PRESS

**Note: Candid photographs will be taken with approximately 40 guests
in attendance.**

September 8, 1998 (9:03pm)

Wednesday, September 9, 1998

8:20 pm-
9:00 pm

FLORIDA DEMOCRATIC PARTY DINNER
GRANADA BALLROOM
The Biltmore Hotel
Remarks: Laura Capps
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Cecily Williams
POOL PRESS (REMARKS ONLY)

Note: There will be approximately 150 guests in attendance.

- **The President**, accompanied by Lieutenant Governor Buddy MacKay and State Senator Daryl Jones, enters the room and proceeds to head table.
- Dinner is served.
- State Senator Daryl Jones makes brief welcoming remarks and introduces Lieutenant Governor Buddy MacKay.
- Lieutenant Governor Buddy MacKay makes brief remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes remarks, works a ropeline, and departs.

9:10 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs The Biltmore Hotel via motorcade en route Private Residence
[drive time: 5 minutes]

9:15 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Private Residence

Greeter: Ira Leesfield
Cynthia Leesfield
Jennifer Leesfield

9:20 pm-
9:50 pm

FLORIDA DEMOCRATIC PARTY MIX AND MINGLE
FIRST FLOOR, PRIVATE RESIDENCE
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Cecily Williams
CLOSED PRESS

Note: Candid photos will be taken with 24 guests in attendance.

September 8, 1998 (9:03pm)

Wednesday, September 9, 1998

10:00 pm	THE PRESIDENT departs Private Residence via motorcade en route Miami International Airport [drive time: 15 minutes]
10:15 pm	THE PRESIDENT arrives Miami International Airport
10:30 pm	THE PRESIDENT departs Miami International Airport via Air Force One en route Andrews Air Force Base [flight time: 2 hours, 5 minutes]
12:35 am	THE PRESIDENT arrives Andrews Air Force Base
12:50 am	THE PRESIDENT departs Andrews Air Force Base via Marine One en route the Reflecting Pool [flight time: 10 minutes]
1:00 am	THE PRESIDENT arrives the Reflecting Pool
1:10 am	THE PRESIDENT departs the Reflecting Pool via motorcade en route The White House [drive time: 5 minutes]
1:15 am	THE PRESIDENT arrives The White House
BC/HRC RON	THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON, D.C.

September 8, 1998 (9:03pm)

A

September 9, 1998

**SCHOOL SAFETY EVENT
ORLANDO, FLORIDA
SPONSORED BY THE FLORIDA DEMOCRATIC PARTY WITH
PRESIDENT WILLIAM JEFFERSON CLINTON**

DATE: Wednesday, September 9, 1998

LOCATION: Hillcrest Elementary School
Orlando, Florida

TIME: 12:45 p.m. - 1:45 p.m.

FROM: Craig T. Smith and Craig Hughes

I. PURPOSE

YOU will be speaking about your education agenda in an event paid for by the Florida Democratic Party in conjunction with Lt. Governor Buddy MacKay.

II. BACKGROUND

You will be making remarks to students, parents, and teachers at Hillcrest Elementary School in Orlando, Florida. This is an opportunity for you to call on Congress to act immediately to pass your education initiatives and to fully fund programs to help strengthen public education. At this event, you will announce the release of a Department of Education report on reading and math achievement scores of 4th graders in high-poverty schools, and the release of \$16 million in federal school safety grants to enable schools to partner with law enforcement to improve safety and discipline.

4TH GRADE MATH AND READING ACHIEVEMENT. You will announce that the U.S. Department of Education today released a report on how students in high-poverty schools perform on the 4th grade math and reading National Assessment of Education Progress (NAEP) tests. The report documents a continuing gap in both reading and math performance between students in high-poverty schools and students in low-poverty schools; the report, however, also shows that the gap in math performance is declining.

- Math scores show significant achievement gains among 4th grade students in high-poverty schools between 1992 and 1996. The percentage of 4th graders in high-poverty schools that scored at least at the basic level increased from 26 percent in 1992 to 42 percent in 1996. A total of 27 states showed significant gains in math for 4th grade students in high-poverty schools.
- Achievement gap in math is significant but narrowing. In 1996, students in high-poverty schools scored an average of 22 points below their peers in low-poverty schools. In 1992, this gap stood at 28 points and in 1994, it was 24 points.

- Reading scores among 4th grade students in high-poverty schools remained relatively flat between 1992 and 1994. Only five states demonstrated significant gains in reading for 4th grade students in high-poverty schools.
- Achievement gap in reading is higher than in math. The average difference in reading achievement between students in high-poverty schools and students in low-poverty schools was 38 points in 1996. Even this gap, however, has declined somewhat from a total of 40 points in 1992 and 1994.

LEADING AN EFFORT TO KEEP OUR SCHOOLS SAFE.

You will announce \$16.4 million in DOJ COPS grants to 155 law enforcement under the new School-Based Partnerships grant program. The School-Based Partnerships grants will be used by policing agencies to work with schools and community-based organizations to address crime at and around schools. The grants will help to strengthen partnerships between local law enforcement and schools and to apply the principles of community policing to school crime and disorder problems such as drug dealing, assaults, threats, and vandalism.

GIVING SCHOOLS THE TOOLS TO HELP EVERY CHILD MEET HIGH

STANDARDS. You will urge Congress to pass proposals you have made that will reduce the achievement gap, such as: voluntary national standards and tests; education opportunity zones, including the end of social promotions; class size reduction; school modernization; charter school expansion; teacher preparation and recruitment; America Reads; and Title I expansion.

III. PARTICIPANTS

There will approximately 250 guests, which include 55 fifth graders, parents, teachers, and supporters of Lt. Governor Buddy MacKay.

IV. PRESS PLAN

This event is open to the press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- **YOU** will be announced onto the stage accompanied by Aliette Scharr, Principal, Hillcrest Elementary School, Claire Hoey, Teacher, Hillcrest Elementary School, Susan Waldrip, PTA President, and Lt. Governor MacKay.
- Aliette Scharr makes welcoming remarks, and introduces Claire Hoey.
- Claire Hoey makes brief remarks and introduces Lt. Governor MacKay.
- Lt. Governor Buddy MacKay makes brief remarks and introduces Susan Waldrip, Parent.
- Susan Waldrip, Parent, makes brief remarks and introduces **YOU**.
- **YOU** will make remarks.
- **YOU** work a ropeline and then depart.

VI. REMARKS

To be provided by speechwriting.

B

THE REMARKS
FOR THE SCHOOL SAFETY EVENT
WILL BE FORWARDED

C

September 9, 1998

**FLORIDA DEMOCRATIC PARTY
ORLANDO, FLORIDA EVENT WITH
WILLIAM JEFFERSON CLINTON**

EVENT: Florida Democratic Party Lunch

DATE: September 9, 1998

LOCATION: Marriott Downtown

400 West Livingston Street

Orlando, Florida

TIME: 2:00 p.m. - 3:45 p.m.

FROM: Craig T. Smith and Craig Hughes

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this event is to raise money for the Florida Democratic Party and the Buddy MacKay for Governor campaign.

II. BACKGROUND

YOU are attending a lunch to raise funds in the Orlando area for the Florida Democratic Party. Attendees will mainly come from the moderate business community of Orlando, and include long term supporters of the Florida Democratic Party and Lt. Governor Buddy MacKay.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Approximately 400 guests are expected.

IV. PRESS PLAN

The remarks portion of the lunch will be open to pool press only.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- **YOU** arrive at 2:00 p.m. and proceed to the Head Table. Upon completion of lunch, the program begins.
- Event Host Jim Pew makes brief remarks and introduces Puerto Rico Governor Pedro Rosello.
- Gov. Rosello makes remarks and introduces Lt. Governor MacKay.
- Lt. Governor MacKay makes remarks and introduces **YOU**
- **YOU** deliver remarks and proceed to work the rope line.
- After working the rope line, **YOU** proceed to the photo receiving line.
- **YOU** participate in the photo line (50 guests).

- **YOU** depart.

VI. REMARKS

To be provided by speechwriting.

VII. ATTACHMENTS

- A list of guests for the lunch.
- Descriptions of the participants in the photo line.
- Head table diagram.

D

THE REMARKS
FOR THE FLORIDA DEMOCRATIC PARTY LUNCHEON
WILL BE FORWARDED

E

September 9, 1998

**FLORIDA DEMOCRATIC PARTY
MIAMI, FLORIDA EVENT WITH
PRESIDENT WILLIAM JEFFERSON CLINTON**

EVENT: Florida Democratic Party Dinner

DATE: Wednesday, September 9, 1998

LOCATION: Biltmore Hotel

1200 Anastasia Avenue

Coral Gables, FL 33134

TIME: 7:45 p.m. - 9:15 p.m.

FROM: Craig T. Smith and Craig Hughes

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this event is to raise funds for the Florida Democratic Party.

II. BACKGROUND

This is a dinner to raise funds in the Miami area for the Florida Democratic Party. Guests include long term supporters of the Democratic Party and Lt. Governor Buddy MacKay.

III. PARTICIPANTS

There will be approximately 135 guests at the dinner. Please see the attached guest list.

IV. PRESS PLAN

The remarks portion of the dinner will be open to pool press only.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- **YOU** arrive at the Majorca Room at 7:45 p.m. and are greeted by Lt. Governor MacKay.
- **YOU** proceed to a mix and mingle with the event co-chairs.
- At 8:15 p.m. **YOU** proceed to the Hotel Ballroom for dinner and are seated at the Head Table.
- Upon completion of dinner, the program begins.
- State Senator Daryl Jones makes remarks and introduces Lt. Governor MacKay.
- Lt. Governor MacKay makes remarks and introduces **YOU**.
- **YOU** make remarks.
- **YOU** work a rope line and depart.

VI. REMARKS

To be provided by speechwriting.

VII. ATTACHMENTS

- A list of guests.
- Descriptions of participants in the mix and mingle.
- A Head Table diagram.

F

Ack: Rep. Deutsch; Rep. Wexler; AG Bob Butterworth; State Sen. Daryl Jones; State Rep. Kendrick Meek, State Rep. Tony Hill; State Rep. John Cosgrove; Fl AFL-CIO Pres. Marilyn Lenard; Dem. Nominee for State Comptroller, Newall Doughtrey [DAW-tree].

• **5 ½ yrs ago: New Dir, old values:**
opp/resp/comm. Ec, Env, Edu, Welf, Cr, For.
New debate: Gov't, sol. or problem; tools.

• **Results:** 25-Cr; 28-unempl; 29-Welf; 29-BB; 32-Infl; record homeownership. smallest govt. since Kennedy. 365,000 jobs created last month. College opp: Hope \$1,500, Pell, work-study. Child health: 5M, highest immunization Env: fewer toxic dumps; preserve land. Service: 100K, Amcorp; AmReads. FMLA: helped millions past 5 yrs

• **Times are good, but prosperity faces risks --** International economic turbulence. (30% of growth comes from expanded trade)
Must keep economic strategy going:

1. Fiscal responsibility/ save SS
2. Lead world economy/ IMF
3. Invest in our people/ Ed.

Health: 160 M in managed care plans

Envir: 40% of rivers and lakes still polluted

Campaign Finance Reform

98 SEP 8 PM 9:57

G

September 9, 1998

**FLORIDA DEMOCRATIC PARTY
MIAMI, FLORIDA EVENT WITH
PRESIDENT WILLIAM JEFFERSON CLINTON**

EVENT: Florida Democratic Party Dessert

DATE: September 9, 1998

LOCATION: Home of Ira Leesfield

144 N. Prospect Drive

Coral Gables, FL 33133

TIME: 9:20 p.m. - 10:00 p.m.

FROM: Craig T. Smith and Craig Hughes

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this event is to raise money for the Florida Democratic Party.

II. BACKGROUND

YOU are attending a small, high level dessert to raise funds in the Miami area for the Florida Democratic Party.

III. PARTICIPANTS

There will be approximately 12 couples at the Leesfield home.

IV. PRESS PLAN

The event is closed to the press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- **YOU** arrive at 9:20 p.m. and are greeted by Ira Leesfield, his wife Cynthia, and their daughter Jennifer.
- **YOU** mix and mingle with the guests and take candid photos.
- **YOU** have the option of making brief, informal remarks.
- At 10:00 p.m. **YOU** depart.

VI. REMARKS

None.

VII. ATTACHMENTS

- A list of dessert guests.

H

September 9, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Craig T. Smith and Craig Hughes

SUBJECT: Florida Politics

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION RESULTS

1992			1996		
Bush/Quayle	2,171,781	41%	Clinton/Gore	2,545,968	48%
Clinton/Gore	2,071,651	39%	Dole/Kemp	2,243,324	42%
Perot/Stockdale	1,052,481	20%	Perot/Choate	483,776	9%

MOST RECENT PRINCIPAL TRAVEL

The Vice President was in Ft. Lauderdale on August 7, 1998, for events to help the Florida Democratic Party, including a unity meeting and a fundraiser.

YOU were in Florida on July 9, 1998. **YOU** spoke to firefighters in Daytona Beach and went to Miami for a DCCC event at the home of Sylvester Stallone.

The Vice President was in Volusia County on June 29, 1998, to view fire damage. **He** spoke to firefighters in Daytona Beach and announced the opening of an emergency recovery center.

YOU were in Homestead on February 25, 1998, to view tornado damage.

The Vice President was in Miami on February 14-15, 1998, for fundraisers with the DNC and the Florida Democratic Party.

The Vice President was in Miami on December 11, 1997, for a fundraiser for Lt. Governor Buddy MacKay (D).

UPCOMING PRINCIPAL TRAVEL

YOU and the **Vice President** will be in Miami and Palm Beach for Unity fundraisers on October 12-13, 1998.

1998 GUBERNATORIAL RACE

Governor Lawton Chiles (D) is term-limited. Lt. Governor Buddy MacKay (D) is the Democratic nominee, and state Senator Rick Dantzler (D) is his running mate. Dantzler had been challenging MacKay for the Democratic nomination, but decided it would be best to join the ticket, and on June 30, MacKay and Dantzler announced that Dantzler will run as MacKay's Lt. Governor nominee.

The Dantzler nomination provided a necessary boost to MacKay's campaign, which had been struggling. In April, several Democrats, including Attorney General Bob Butterworth (D) and Insurance Commissioner Bill Nelson (D), tried to enlist *Miami Herald* publisher David Lawrence, Jr. for the gubernatorial race, but Lawrence said that he lacked the fire to run. Lawrence also stated that he didn't want to compromise the integrity of his paper in any way by running for governor.

Businessman Jeb Bush (R), with his fundraising machine and high name recognition, is considered the favorite in the general election. Bush seems to have learned from his mistakes in the 1994 race, and is campaigning as a moderate this time around. He is also trying to expand the traditional Republican base, campaigning heavily in Jewish, Latino, and African American neighborhoods. Bush has also been helped by the split in the Democratic Party caused by the removal of House Speaker-Designate Willie Logan (D).

Although he cruised through much of the fall and summer, Bush is now receiving a fair amount of bad press, mainly involving questions about his prior business practices. One such question involves his role on the board of the Ideon Group, Inc., a failed credit services company. Ideon's collapse resulted in a stock-fraud suit, in which Bush was a defendant.

MacKay has been stridently attacking Bush's *Foundation for Florida's Future*, a conservative public policy institute, for accepting large contributions and refusing to disclose the identity of the donors. Bush established the institute following his loss in 1994, claiming it was a non-partisan think tank. Bush has refused to release the names of large donors to the Foundation and has repeatedly denied that it was a front for a four-year campaign for Governor and a way to avoid public finance laws. MacKay has recently stepped up that attack on Bush for "hiding" these donations, speculating that the largest donors were tobacco and gambling corporations who wanted to hide their identities.

Bush is also under attack for payments totaling \$648,000 he received from Bush-El, a firm set up to receive commissions from the sale of water pumps around the world. Bush may have profited from a \$74,000,000 sale to Nigeria that was funded by the Export-Import Bank.

When Bush officially announced his candidacy last November, he also announced that Secretary of State Sandra Mortham (R) would be his running mate. However, Mortham was caught up in a scandal over money she accepted from Phillip Morris and improperly used for office parties and mementos instead of Florida History projects and museum exhibits. Mortham was also accused of improper travel expenses, and was in the middle of the controversy over public election financing. Bowing to political and public pressure, Mortham withdrew from the ticket in January. On July 6, Bush announced that Florida Education Commissioner Frank Brogan (R) has joined his ticket. Both Bush and Brogan are pro-life, and several analysts say that the pick adds hands-on political experience to the Bush campaign, and, above all else, gives Bush someone who is guaranteed not to embarrass him.

As of August 27, MacKay had raised \$3.7 million compared to Bush's \$6.8 million. In addition, the state Republican Party has raised \$17.4 million, while the Democratic Party had raised only \$7 million. Florida campaign finance laws allow the state party to pay for direct campaign activities, including polling, staff, and overhead, so Bush will be able to use the GOP's strong fundraising edge to his direct advantage. In fact, he has completely stopped raising money into his own account, and is now focused solely on filling the coffers of the state GOP.

Recent polls show that Bush has a double digit lead in the general election matchup with MacKay.

General Election Matchup

	<u>8/98</u>	<u>7/98</u>	<u>7/98</u>	<u>5/98</u>	<u>4/98</u>	<u>3/98</u>	<u>1/98</u>	<u>11/97</u>	<u>9/97</u>
Bush	51%	54%	50%	51%	53%	50%	47%	48%	46%
MacKay	36%	34%	38%	38%	35%	39%	42%	41%	40%
Undecided	13%	12%	12%	11%	12%	11%	11%	11%	14%

On August 7, Vice President Gore visited Ft. Lauderdale in an attempt to unify the State Party. At the request of Rep. Alcee Hastings (D), Gore held a unity meeting which included many of the state Representatives who voted Willie Logan out of office, Lt. Governor MacKay, Gov. Chiles, Rep. Deutsch, and the NAACP. At the end of the meeting, Rep. Hastings enthusiastically endorsed MacKay, as did the local and state NAACP representatives.

On September 2, 1998 -- the day after the primary election -- Agriculture Commissioner Bob Crawford (D) and African American state Rep. Rudy Bradley (D) endorsed Jeb Bush. In addition, a group of African American legislators, including state Senator Jim Hargrett (D), state Rep. Beryl Roberts-Burke (D), and state Rep. Willie Logan (D) are all rumored to be on the verge of endorsing Bush.

Bush has focused substantial campaign resources on reaching out to the African American community, and is also being helped by the perception that MacKay can't win. Since the GOP controls the state House and state Senate already, legislators are eager to curry favor with Bush.

1998 SENATE RACE

Senator Bob Graham (D) is seeking election to a third term in 1998. **YOU** attended a fundraiser for Graham and the DSCC in Miami in March, 1997. As of June 30, 1998, Graham had receipts of \$4.1 million and \$3,110,842 on hand. Graham is very popular, and after eight years as governor and twelve years in the Senate, he is extremely well known.

The Republican nominee is state Senator Charlie Crist (R). Crist has been very active in the state Senate and has attracted a great deal of media attention. His sponsorship of the bill that brought chain gangs back to Florida earned him the name "Chain-gang Charlie." However, Crist has not been able to raise a large amount of money for this campaign. He has raised more than \$1 million, and has \$620,575 on hand. The *Florida Voter* poll showed him with only 28% name

recognition. The financial cost of raising his name recognition in Florida's television market will be very high.

Considering Senator Graham's popularity and fundraising advantages, as well as Crist's low name recognition, it is almost certain that Graham will win reelection in 1998. This assessment is confirmed by Mason-Dixon and *Florida Voter* polls taken in 1997 and 1998.

General Election Matchup

	<u>8/98</u>	<u>5/98</u>	<u>4/98</u>	<u>3/98</u>	<u>1/98</u>	<u>11/97</u>	<u>9/97</u>	<u>7/97</u>	<u>3/97</u>
Graham	65%	63%	59%	63%	60%	63%	61%	58%	57%
Crist	22%	24%	27%	24%	28%	23%	24%	25%	26%
Undecided	13%	13%	14%	14%	12%	14%	15%	17%	--

1998 CONTESTED CONGRESSIONAL RACES

This year's Congressional races in Florida are marked by a lack of competition. There are no open seats in the state, and only a few incumbents are even faced with challengers. All of the incumbents have large leads in fundraising and cash-on-hand figures, and the national party organizations have chosen not to focus on any of the Florida races. The Third District race is notable only because Rep. Corrine Brown (D) is faced with ethics charges.

Third Congressional District

In recent weeks, Rep. Corrine Brown has been under ethics attacks for three questionable incidents. Brown has denied that African millionaire Foutanga Sissoko bought a \$50,000 Lexus for Brown's daughter in return for lobbying Brown did to keep Sissoko out of prison. Brown met with Attorney General Reno, lobbied colleagues in Congress and met with foreign diplomats on behalf of Sissoko, who, according to Sissoko's attorney Tom Spencer, ordered his aides to buy the car for Brown as a token of friendship. On July 3, Rep. Brown's daughter, Shantrel, said that the Congresswoman had nothing to do with the gift of the Lexus. She sold the car, and donated the money to the African Methodist Episcopal Church for scholarships.

Brown is also under attack for letters she wrote to diplomats to complain that the Itera International Energy Corporation was being cut out of a natural gas deal between Ukraine and Turkmenistan just five months after the group spent \$27,861 on a trip by Brown and two aides to the former Soviet Union. In addition, *The Hill* newspaper is charging that Brown has illegally received \$50,000 in payments from her campaign over the last five years. Lastly, Brown was accused of misusing \$10,000 that Rev. Henry Lyons gave her for a political rally. There had been questions of Brown's use of the funds, but she released copies of checks supporting her past statements that she used the funds for the appropriate reasons.

HOT ISSUES

Miami Mayoral Election

The election held on November 4, 1997, resulted in neither incumbent Mayor Joe Carollo nor former mayor Xavier Suarez receiving the required 50% of votes cast. Before the absentee

ballots were counted, Carollo was ahead of Suarez 51% to 45%. But among the absentee ballots, Suarez trounced Carollo 61% to 35%, which forced a runoff by a margin of 155 votes. In the runoff, Suarez beat Carollo 55% to 45%, in part because African-Americans turned out in much smaller numbers, and Carollo also lost the Hispanic vote by 6%. Again, Suarez trounced Carollo in the absentee ballots. Suarez was sworn in as Mayor on November 14, 1997.

On February 2, a criminal grand jury concluded that absentee-ballot fraud tainted last November's voting in Miami and Miami Beach, although there were no indictments of individuals. The grand jury reported, "We have found actions indicating a concerted effort to influence absentee ballot votes, particularly those of elderly voters with little understanding of the absentee ballot process." The 18-member panel said new laws to encourage absentee balloting in recent years went too far, making the process open to fraud. It urged the Legislature to re-enact voter eligibility rules stricken from the law books in January 1997. Mayor Suarez called the grand jury's suggestions "good ideas."

Carollo had also brought a civil suit claiming that there was major voter fraud in the November election. The non-jury trial began on February 9, and on March 11, Circuit Judge Thomas Wilson threw out the absentee ballots and ruled Carollo the winner. Since the election, many people had come forward saying that they did not request the absentee ballots which arrived at their house, and public investigators hired by Carollo have said they have found many cases of fraudulent and forged ballots. The Miami-Dade County Supervisor of Elections, David Leahy, testified that the number of absentee ballots cast in the election was high enough to cause suspicion.

Carollo was sworn in on March 12. The voters created a strong Mayor in September, meaning that he will craft the annual budget, give the State of the City speech and preside over the city commission or appoint its presiding officer. These changes will enable Carollo to take a firm grip on the city's future.

POLITICAL DATA

Governor:	Lawton Chiles (D) 50.8% in 1994
Senate:	Bob Graham (D) 65.4% in 1992 Connie Mack (R) 70.5% in 1994
U.S. House:	48D/15R
State House:	55D/65R
State Senate:	17D/23R
Electoral Votes:	25

1996 STATE ELECTION RESULTS

Florida was a major victory for Clinton/Gore in 1996. It was the first time Florida voted for a Democratic presidential candidate since 1976. Governor Lawton Chiles (D) and Lt. Governor Buddy MacKay (D) were instrumental in the victory by pushing the Clinton/Gore campaign to target Florida, assisting with fundraising efforts, and traveling a combined 40 days for the

campaign.

All of the incumbent Democratic congressional candidates won reelection, and Democrats were able to retain the three open Democratic seats. In what was expected to be the closest race, Jim Davis (D) defeated Mark Sharpe (R) 58% to 42% to hold Sam Gibbon's (D) seat in Tampa.

CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION

The members of the delegation are:

Senator Bob Graham (D)	Senator Connie Mack (R)
Rep. Joe Scarborough (R-01)	Rep. Allen Boyd (D-02)
Rep. Corrine Brown (D-03)	Rep. Tillie Fowler (R-04)
Rep. Karen Thurman (D-05)	Rep. Clifford Stearns (R-06)
Rep. John Mica (R-07)	Rep. Bill McCollum (R-08)
Rep. Michael Bilirakis (R-09)	Rep. Bill Young (R-10)
Rep. Jim Davis (D-11)	Rep. Charles Canady (R-12)
Rep. Dan Miller (R-13)	Rep. Porter Goss (R-14)
Rep. Dave Weldon (R-15)	Rep. Mark Foley (R-16)
Rep. Carrie Meek (D-17)	Rep. Ileana Ros-Lehtinen (R-18)
Rep. Robert Wexler (D-19)	Rep. Peter Deutsch (D-20)
Rep. Lincoln Diaz-Balart (R-21)	Rep. E. Clay Shaw (R-22)
Rep. Alcee Hastings (D-23)	

STATE CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS AND LEGISLATIVE LEADERS

Governor:	Lawton Chiles (D)
Lt. Governor:	Kenneth "Buddy" MacKay (D)
Attorney General:	Bob Butterworth (D)
Secretary of State:	Sandy Mortham (R)
Treasurer:	Bill Nelson (D)
Education Commissioner:	Frank Brogan (R)
Agriculture Commissioner:	Bob Crawford (D)
Speaker of the House:	Dan Webster (R)
House Democratic Leader:	Buzz Ritchie (D)
Senate President:	Toni Jennings (R)
Senate Democratic Leader:	Ken Jenne (D)

FLORIDA AT A GLANCE

- The current unemployment rate in Florida is 5.7%, compared to 7.3% in 1992.
- The most recent estimate of Florida's population is 14 million, making Florida the 4th most populous state in the nation.
- 74.6% of Florida residents are White, 12.5% are African American, and 11.4% are Hispanic.
- 18.6% of Florida residents are 65 or older.
- 54% of Florida residents are married couples. 39% are married couples with children.

- Median household income is estimated at \$29,745.
- 74% of Florida residents have a high school degree while 18.3% have a bachelor's degree or more.
- Turnout in the 1996 presidential election was 48% of the Voting Age Population (VAP) compared to 52% of the VAP in 1992. Turnout in the 1994 election was 42%.

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EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

September 8, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: KATHLEEN A. McGINTY *WPN for KAM*
SUBJECT: FLORIDA ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

Homestead Air Force Base

We are continuing to work with Mayor Penelas' staff to expedite the Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (SEIS) for the proposed transfer of Homestead Air Force Base to Dade County. The Air Force is currently evaluating Dade County's plan for a limited commercial airport, which has received state approval. Environmental groups strongly oppose the airport because of concerns about possible effects on nearby Biscayne and Everglades National Parks.

If asked, you should say that the Administration remains committed to working with Dade County to accomplish this transfer as expeditiously as possible while protecting the national parks.

Everglades

Difficult negotiations are continuing on the 50,000 acre Talisman land acquisition announced by the Vice President last December. The Administration is seeking to trade parcels of Talisman land for other parcels (owned by sugar companies and other agricultural interests) that are less valuable for sugar production but more valuable for the storage of water necessary for Everglades restoration. The Nature Conservancy will hold the land while negotiations continue on specific land trades.

On the Hill, Everglades restoration funds are in serious jeopardy. Despite being included in last year's Bipartisan Budget Agreement, Congress is proposing deep cuts in FY 1999 funding for Everglades restoration, both in land acquisition and planning.

If asked about the Talisman issue, you should say that the Talisman land transfer is a critical step in restoring the Everglades, and that the Administration is committed to negotiating a land swap that is beneficial to Everglades restoration at a fair price to taxpayers. If asked about the budget cuts, you should say that protecting the Everglades is a national priority, and that Congress should fully fund the restoration effort.

St. Johns River

On July 30, you designated the St. Johns River an American Heritage River. Jacksonville Mayor John Delaney nominated the St. Johns and Governor Chiles, Senator Graham, Representative Corrine Brown and hundreds of citizens, local governments and community groups supported the designation. Representatives Cliff Stearns and Dave Weldon opposed the designation of the river through their districts, as did Representative Tillie Fowler, who voiced her opposition after the cut-off date for congressional comments. The focus of the designation will be on water quality.

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 8, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: THURGOOD MARSHALL, JR. **TM**
JON P. JENNINGS **JPJ**

SUBJECT: HOT ISSUES--ORLANDO, FLORIDA

Fire Recovery Efforts: Since Memorial Day, over 2,000 wildfires have burned more than 500,000 acres of land in 34 FL counties. The entire State was declared a disaster area. Over 5,000 miles of firebreaks were cut, some of them nearly 60 feet wide. FL's forestry industry was severely impacted as large tracts of forested land were burned. FL needs 320 million seedlings alone, just to replace trees in fire damaged areas of the State. Most rural counties have been impacted. Seedling production could be an important alternative crop for some of FL's limited resource farmers.

- In response to fire damage and drought, USDA has requested \$3.5 million each year for the next three years under the Forestry Incentives Program to fund reforestation.
- FL's Statewide Resource Conservation & Development Council is partnering with FL Department of Community Affairs to develop technology to accelerate the growth of slash pine seedlings for reforestation.
- Under the Emergency Watershed program, USDA has requested \$4 million to help clean up waterways damaged by fires and firebreaks in 4 counties. (USDA)

Naval Training Center: The center will close on April 30, 1999, as a result of a 1993 Base Realignment and Closure decision. There will be a "disestablishment" ceremony on December 10. Related to the overall closure is the move of the Naval Nuclear Power Training Command (NNPTC) to Charleston, SC. The NNPTC will graduate its last Orlando class in December. The City of Orlando has developed an extensive re-use plan. (DoD)

Animal Deaths: USDA officials have been investigating the deaths of over 30 animals in one year at Walt Disney World's Animal Kingdom in Orlando, a facility regulated under the Animal Welfare Act. Members of the public have expressed concerns that the Disney facility is not providing its animals with appropriate care, and the matter has received extensive media attention. (USDA)

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 8, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: THURGOOD MARSHALL, JR. **TM**
JON P. JENNINGS **JPS**

SUBJECT: HOT ISSUES--MIAMI, FLORIDA

Citrus Canker: FL is suffering infestations of Citrus Canker in three counties: Dade/Broward, Manatee, and Immokalee. This infestation sits within five miles of over 10,000 acres of commercial groves. Noting that the full extent of the infestation has yet to be quantified, the current estimate for FY99 is that at least \$40 million will be required for the eradication program. To achieve total eradication, continuing funding will be required for the next 5 to 7 years. USDA has consulted with FL citrus industry representatives, who presented an industry proposal for eradication costing \$30 million per year over 4-5 years. This proposal is still under review. In FY97, the USDA contribution to the eradication program included 25 percent of total program costs, while in 1998 the USDA proportion dropped to 5 percent. At this point, FL has nearly exhausted its remaining program funding, which should run out sometime in September. USDA has no line item for this program in the FY99 budget, and would need to contribute any funding from contingency funds or other yet-to-be-identified sources. (USDA)

SR-836/Miami: The Final Environmental Impact Statement (FEIS) was submitted to Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) for approval, and the legal sufficiency finding was granted. Currently, the Federal Transit Administration, being a cooperating agency, is reviewing the document in order to ensure that its comments have been incorporated in the FEIS. The FEIS was approved by FHWA on August 19, and a Notice of Availability will be included in the *Federal Register*. In keeping with the National Performance Review Initiative, the advance coordination of permits is underway. (DOT)

Religion in Schools: On August 26, the Miami-Dade School Board voted 6-3 against a proposal outlining students' rights to religious expression in school. Opponents of the measure argued the proposed statement failed to note legal restrictions on educators' advocacy of religious positions and activities. They said that it thus represented incomplete guidance to teachers and administrators regarding appropriate educator attitudes and action on religious expression in school. Instead of distributing the board member's statement, the board elected to distribute to schools copies of the revised guidance on the matter that you issued in May. (DOEd)

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PRESIDENT CLINTON AND VICE PRESIDENT GORE'S ACCOMPLISHMENTS: *FLORIDA*

EXPANDING ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL

- **Unemployment Down to 4.3%:** The unemployment rate in Florida has declined from 7.3% to 4.3% since 1993.
- **1,235,600 New Jobs:** 1,235,600 new jobs have been created in Florida since 1993 -- an average of 224,655 jobs per year, compared to an average of just 70,750 jobs per year in the previous administration.
- **1,143,600 New Private Sector Jobs:** Since 1993, 1,143,600 new private sector jobs have been created in Florida -- an average of 207,927 jobs per year, compared to an average of just 48,775 private sector jobs per year in the previous administration.
- **7,200 New Manufacturing Jobs:** 7,200 manufacturing jobs have been created in Florida since 1993 -- an average of 1,309 jobs per year. In contrast, an average of 13,750 manufacturing jobs were *lost* each year during the previous administration.
- **67,500 New Construction Jobs:** 67,500 construction jobs have been created in Florida since 1993 -- an average of 12,273 jobs per year. In contrast, an average of 15,650 construction jobs were *lost* each year during the previous administration.
- **556,000 Have Received a Raise:** Approximately 214,000 Florida workers benefited from an increase in the minimum wage -- from \$4.25 to \$4.75 -- on October 1, 1996. They, along with about 342,000 more, received an additional raise -- from \$4.75 to \$5.15 -- on September 1, 1997.
- **The Poverty Rate Has Fallen:** Nationally, the poverty rate has fallen from 15.1% in 1993 to 13.7% in 1996. Since the President signed his 1993 Economic Plan into law, the nation has seen the largest three year drop in poverty in a decade. In Florida, the poverty rate has fallen 3.6% since 1993. [1996 data]
- **A \$500 Child Tax Credit to Help Families Raising Children:** To help make it easier for families to raise their children, the balanced budget includes a \$500 per-child tax credit for children under 17. **Thanks to President Clinton, the balanced budget delivers a child tax credit to 1,333,000 families in Florida.**
- **Business Failures Down 14.4%:** Business failures in Florida have dropped 14.4% per year since 1993, after increasing 27.8% per year during the previous 12 years.
- **New Business Incorporations Up 4.6%:** New business incorporations in Florida have increased at an average rate of 4.6% per year since 1993. In contrast, new business incorporations increased at an average rate of just 3.5% per year during the previous administration.
- **Home Ownership Has Increased in Florida:** Home ownership in Florida has increased from 65.1% to 67.2% since the first quarter of 1993.
- **Home Building Up 5.1% Per Year:** New home building in Florida has increased 5.1% per year since 1993, after falling over 12.1% during the previous administration.
- **Personal Income Has Risen 3.6% Annually:** Personal income in Florida has risen at an annual rate of 3.6% since 1993 compared to an average growth of just 2.4% per year during the previous administration.
- **Over \$25,000 of Reduced Federal Debt for Every Family of Four:** The national debt will \$1.7 trillion lower in fiscal year 1999 than projected in 1993 -- that's \$25,000 less debt for each family of four in Idaho next year.

EXPANDING ACCESS TO EDUCATION

- **Over \$159 Million in Head Start Funding:** In FY97, Florida received over \$144 million in Head Start funding benefitting 29,500 children. This year [FY98], Florida receives over \$159 million, an increase of nearly \$15 million over 1997. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal will increase Head Start funding for Florida's children by an additional \$12 million.
- **\$21.6 Million in Goals 2000 Funding:** This year [FY98], Florida receives \$21.6 million in Goals 2000 funding. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposes to increase Goals 2000 funding by an additional \$270,000. This money is used to raise academic achievement by raising academic standards, increasing parental and community involvement in education, expanding the use of computers and technology in classrooms, and supporting high-quality teacher professional development.

- **Over \$18 Million for Technology Literacy:** This year [FY98], Florida receives over \$18 million -- doubling its funding over FY97 -- for the Technology Literacy Challenge Fund which helps communities and the private sector ensure that every student is equipped with the computer literacy skills needed for the 21st century. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal will raise funding for technology literacy by \$2 million over FY98.
- **\$334.4 Million for Students Most in Need:** Florida receives \$334.4 million in Title I Grants (to Local Educational Agencies) providing extra help in the basics for students most in need, particularly communities and schools with high concentrations of children in low-income families [FY98]. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposes to increase funding for Title I Grants by nearly \$35 million to aid Florida's students.
- **\$358.8 Million in Pell Grants:** This year [FY98], Florida will receive \$358.8 million in Pell Grants for low-income students going to college, an additional \$69.6 million over last year. With this increase, a total of 191,800 Florida students will benefit, 11,100 more than the previous year. And President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal increases Pell Grant funding to \$371 million.
- **Over 3,100 Have Served in Florida through AmeriCorps:** Since the National Service program began in 1993, over 3,100 AmeriCorps participants, working in 253 different programs, have earned money for college while working in Florida's schools, hospitals, neighborhoods or parks. [through 3/98]
- **Tuition Tax Credits in Balanced Budget Open the Doors of College and Promote Lifelong Learning:** The balanced budget includes both President Clinton's \$1,500 HOPE Scholarship to help make the first two years of college as universal as a high school diploma and a Lifetime Learning Tax Credit for college juniors, seniors, graduate students and working Americans pursuing lifelong learning to upgrade their skills. This 20% tax credit will be applied to the first \$5,000 of tuition and fees through 2002 and to the first \$10,000 thereafter. **255,000 students in Florida will receive a HOPE Scholarship tax credit of up to \$1,500. 311,000 students in Florida will receive the Lifetime Learning Tax Credit.**

FIGHTING CRIME AND VIOLENCE

- **Crime Falls 4% in Florida:** Since 1992, serious crime has fallen 4% statewide. In Florida's cities, between 1992 and 1997, serious crime has declined 17% in Jacksonville, 23% in Miami, 17% in Fort Lauderdale, and 20% in Tampa. [1996 and preliminary 1997 Uniform Crime Report data, FBI]
- **4,230 More Police:** The President's 1994 Crime Bill has funded 4,230 new police officers to date in communities across Florida. [through 8/98]
- **Miami and Fort Pierce Will Receive Targeted Funding to Hire More Community Police:** Miami and Fort Pierce were recently selected as pilot cities for the President's new effort to target high crime neighborhoods. The pilot program will provide full funding for new officers by waiving the usual matching requirements. Miami and Fort Pierce will deploy new officers to help meet the unique needs of their communities, such as combating gangs or targeting drug "hot spots."
- **Reducing Crime with Drug Courts:** Working to reduce drug-related crime in Florida, the Clinton Administration has recently awarded Drug Court grants to the communities of Ocala, Orlando, Sarasota, DeLand, Miami, Tampa, and Ft. Lauderdale. The Administration had previously awarded grants to a number of Florida communities including: Jacksonville, Key West, Marathon, Moorehaven, Gainesville, Pensacola, and Plantation Key. Drug courts use the coercive power of the criminal justice system to combine drug testing, sanctions, supervision and treatment to push nonviolent, drug-abusing offenders to stop using drugs and committing crimes.
- **Nearly \$6.5 Million to Combat Domestic Violence:** Through the Violence Against Women Act, Florida receives \$6,468,490 in federal funds this year [FY98] to establish more women's shelters and bolster law enforcement, prosecution, and victims' services.
- **Nearly \$3.1 Million in Grants for Battered Women and Children:** This year [FY98], Florida will receive \$3,076,601 in HHS's Family Violence Prevention Program grants to assist women and children fleeing domestic abuse, an additional \$567,000 increase over last year. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal increases HHS's Family Violence Prevention Program grants to \$3.2 million.
- **\$23.9 Million to Keep Drugs & Violence Out of Florida's Schools:** Florida has received \$23.9 million in FY98 for the Safe & Drug Free Schools Program, which invests in school security and drug prevention programs.

MOVING FLORIDIANS FROM WELFARE TO WORK

- **447,800 Fewer People on Welfare:** There are 447,800 fewer people on welfare in Florida now than there were at the beginning of 1993 -- a 64% decrease. [through 6/98]
- **Child Support Collections Up 61%:** Child support collections have increased by \$154 million -- or 61% -- in Florida since FY92. [through FY96]
- **Florida Receives \$50.8 Million in Welfare-to-Work Grants:** In FY98, Florida is eligible to receive \$50.8 million in welfare-to-work state formula grants, helping Florida prepare welfare recipients for work and to place them in jobs. Part of the President's comprehensive efforts to move recipients from welfare to work, this funding is included in the \$3 billion Welfare-to-Work Jobs Challenge Fund signed into law in the 1997 balanced budget.

INVESTING IN FLORIDA'S HEALTH

- **Health Care for Uninsured Children:** The balanced budget includes the largest single investment in health care for children since the passage of Medicaid in 1965 -- an unprecedented \$24 billion over five years to cover as many as five million children throughout the nation. This investment guarantees the full range of benefits -- from checkups to surgery -- that children need to grow up strong and healthy. It ensures that prescription drugs, vision, hearing, and mental health coverage now offered at the state level are extended to millions of uninsured children. **To expand health coverage to more uninsured children in Florida the balanced budget provides more than \$270 million in 1998.** This compares to the 1995 Republican plan vetoed by President Clinton that would have denied health care coverage to 272,000 children in Florida.
- **Helping Florida Women and Children with WIC:** The Clinton Administration is committed to full funding in the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC). Last year in Florida, 64,306 more women and children in need received health and food assistance than in 1994.
- **More Toddlers Are Being Immunized:** As a result of the President's 1993 Childhood Immunization Initiative, childhood immunization rates have reached an historic high. According to the CDC, 90% or more of America's toddlers in 1996 received the most critical doses of each of the routinely recommended vaccines -- surpassing the President's 1993 goal. In Florida in 1996, 96% of two-year olds received the vaccines for diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis; 92% received the vaccine for polio; 90% received the vaccine for measles, and 92% received the vaccine for *Haemophilus influenzae* B, the bacteria causing a form of meningitis.
- **Increased Funding for HIV/AIDS Programs by 186%:** In FY97, Florida communities received \$96.3 million in Ryan White formula and other HIV/AIDS program funds, a 186% increase over FY93 levels. This funding provides people living with HIV and AIDS medical and support services, including the AIDS Drug Assistance Program which helps those without insurance obtain much needed prescription drugs. [HHS, Health Resources and Services Administration, 4/98]
- **President's Tobacco Plan Will Cut Smoking and Premature Deaths by 43% in Florida:** If the Clinton Administration's tobacco proposal on youth smoking is enacted, by 2003, Florida will see a 43% cut in youth smoking and resulting premature deaths. Over the next five years, 168,000 youth of Florida will be kept from smoking and 56,000 will be spared a premature tobacco-related death. [Treasury Dept., 3/23/98]
- **5,470,000 Americans in Florida Cannot Be Assured They Have Patient Protections:** Even if Florida enacted all the protections in the Patients' Bill of Rights, 5,470,000 people in Florida cannot be assured they have the comprehensive patient protections recommended by the President's Advisory Commission. This is because the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) may preempt state-enacted protections. That is why the President has called on Congress to pass a federally enforceable patients' bill of rights so that everyone enrolled in managed care may have a basic set of protections. Notably, 2,710,000 Florida women are in ERISA health plans and are therefore not necessarily protected. Women are particularly vulnerable without these protections because they are greater users of health care services, they make three-quarters of the health care decisions for their families, and they have specific health care needs addressed by a patients' bill of rights.

PROTECTING THE ENVIRONMENT

- ***22 Toxic Waste Sites Cleaned Up:*** Since 1993, the EPA has completed 22 Superfund toxic waste cleanups in Florida. These sites are in Miami (3), Hialeah (2), Pensacola, Lake Park, Pompano Beach, Orlando (2), North Miami, Palm Bay, Davie, Cantonment, Jacksonville, Fort Lauderdale, Medley, Tampa, Baldwin, Deland, Indiantown and Madison [through 8/98]. There were only 9 sites cleaned up in the previous 12 years combined.
- ***Revitalizing Brownfields in Florida:*** As part of the Clinton-Gore Administration's efforts to clean up Brownfields, the EPA has awarded grants to communities in Florida -- Clearwater, Gainesville, Miami, St. Petersburg, Jacksonville, and Tallahassee -- for environmental clean-up and economic revitalization. Dade County, Escambia County, Seminole Tribe and Southeast Florida will also receive Brownfields grants. These projects are intended to jump-start local clean-up efforts by providing funds to return unproductive, abandoned, contaminated urban properties to productive use.

SPEARHEADING URBAN AND RURAL RENEWAL EFFORTS

- ***\$9 Million to Communities Across Florida:*** Tampa, Jackson County and Miami were all designated Enterprise Communities in December, 1994 and were awarded \$3 million each to create more jobs, housing, and economic opportunity for area residents.
- ***Expanding the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Will Help Develop 6,500 To 7,800 New Affordable Housing Units in Florida Over the Next 5 years:*** In January, the Vice-President announced the Clinton-Gore Administration's proposed 40-percent expansion of the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit. If enacted, it will mean an additional 6,500 - 7,800 quality rental housing units for low-income American families in Florida during the next five years.

EXPANDING FUNDS FOR TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT

- ***Nearly \$4 Billion in Federal Highway Aid:*** Since 1993, Florida has received \$3.96 billion in federal highway aid. These funds have helped generate over 167,000 jobs. [through FY97]
- ***Over \$611.6 Million in Aviation Funds:*** From FY93-FY97 Florida received \$611,600,000 in AIP funds to help build and renovate airports, and, when necessary, to provide funds for noise abatement to improve the quality of life for residents who live near airports.
- ***Nearly \$767 Million in Transit Funds:*** Florida has received a total of \$766,940,000 in FTA funds from 1993-1997.

THE TRIP
of
THE PRESIDENT
to
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

September 14, 1998
Staff Copy

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Monday, September 14, 1998

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1998

Final Schedule

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AVIVA STEINBERG

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OFFICE: 202-456-2920

WHCA PAGER: 4022

ADVANCE LEAD:

NICK FRIENDLY

STAFF OFFICE: 42-220

CELL PHONE: 202-757-9344

WHCA PAGER: 5635

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, DC

Mostly sunny. Low 62 to 67. High 82 to 87.

NEW YORK, NY

Partly cloudy. Low 61 to 66. High 76 to 81.

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001. schedule	re: Schedule of the President for Monday, September 14, 1998 [partial] (6 pages)	09/14/1998	b(7)(E)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Staff Secretary
Trip Books
OA/Box Number: 21410

FOLDER TITLE:

September 9, 1998-September 17, 1998

2019-0990-S
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RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

Monday, September 14, 1998

Schedule of the President
for
Monday, September 14, 1998
Final Schedule

9:25 am	THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady depart The White House via Marine One en route Andrews Air Force Base [drive time: 10 minutes]
9:35 am	THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady arrive Andrews Air Force Base
9:50 am	THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady depart Andrews Air Force Base via Air Force One en route John F. Kennedy International Airport, New York [flight time: 55 minutes]
10:45 am	THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady arrive John F. Kennedy International Airport .
11:00 am	THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady depart John F. Kennedy International Airport via motorcade en route Council on Foreign Relations Building [drive time: 45 minutes]

(b)(7)(e)

Monday, September 14, 1998

11:45 am

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady arrive Council on Foreign Relations Building

Greeters: Secretary Robert Rubin
Peter Peterson, Chairman of the Board, Council of Foreign Relations
Joan Ganz-Cooney
Leslie H. Gelb, President, Council on Foreign Relations
Mrs. Judy Gelb
Anne Luzzatto, Vice President, Programs and Media Projects, Council on Foreign Relations

11:50 am-
12:35 pm

REMARKS ON AMERICA'S STAKE IN THE GLOBAL ECONOMY
DAVID ROCKEFELLER ROOM
Council on Foreign Relations Building
Remarks: Michael Waldman
Staff Contact: Gene Sperling
Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg
EXPANDED POOL

-- On-stage announcement of **the President** and the First Lady, accompanied by Secretary Robert Rubin.

Note: The First Lady and Secretary Rubin will proceed to their seats in the front row.

-- Peter Peterson, Chairman of the Board, Council of Foreign Relations, makes brief welcoming remarks and introduces **the President**.

-- **The President** makes remarks, works a ropeline, and departs.

12:40 pm-
12:45 pm

GREET COUNCIL ON FOREIGN RELATIONS STAFF
HALLWAY
Council of Foreign Relations Building
Staff Contact: Gene Sperling
- Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg
CLOSED PRESS

-- **The President** will greet approximately 15 members of the staff.

Monday, September 14, 1998

12:50 pm

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady depart Council on Foreign Relations via motorcade en route Private Residence
[drive time: 10 minutes]



1:00 pm

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady arrive Private Residence

Greeters: The Vice President
 Tipper Gore
 Denise Rich



1:05 pm

THE PRESIDENT, the First Lady, the Vice President and Mrs. Gore proceed to Penthouse Dining Room

Monday, September 14, 1998

1:10 pm-
1:40 pm

MEET AND GREET
PRIVATE RESIDENCE
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg
CLOSED PRESS

Note: The President, the First Lady, the Vice President, and Mrs. Gore move from table to table to greet approximately 90 seated guests.

1:45 pm-
2:40 pm

UNITY LUNCH
PRIVATE RESIDENCE
Remarks: Laura Capps
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg
PRINT REPORTER (REMARKS ONLY)

- **The President and the First Lady proceed to their seats and lunch is served.**
- **Denise Rich makes brief welcoming remarks and introduces Steve Grossman.**
- **Steve Grossman, Chairman, Democratic National Committee, makes brief remarks and introduces Representative Dick Gephardt.**
- **Representative Dick Gephardt makes brief remarks and introduces Senator Tom Daschle.**
- **Senator Tom Daschle makes brief remarks and introduces the Vice President.**
- **The Vice President makes brief remarks and introduces the President.**
- **The President makes remarks and departs.**

Monday, September 14, 1998

2:45 pm

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady depart Private Residence via motorcade en route Waldorf Astoria Hotel
[drive time: 10 minutes]



2:55 pm-

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady arrive Waldorf Astoria Hotel

3:00 pm-

DOWN

4:40 pm

4:45 pm-

DRIVER PHOTOGRAPHS

4:50 pm

HALLWAY

Monday, September 14, 1998

4:50 pm-
5:15 pm

MEDAL OF FREEDOM CEREMONY
SUITE 37-A
Waldorf Astoria Hotel
Staff Contact: Phil Caplan
CLOSED PRESS/OFFICIAL PHOTO ONLY

- **The President** and the First Lady greet Fisher family for a photograph.
- **The President** and the First Lady, accompanied by Secretary William Cohen and Zack Fisher, proceed into the room.
- Secretary William Cohen makes brief welcoming remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes brief remarks.
- Lieutenant Commander Wes Huey, Military Aide, reads the citation.
- **The President** presents Zack Fisher with the Medal of Freedom.
- **The President** and the First Lady depart.

Note: Approximately 45 guests will be in attendance.

5:20 pm-
5:22 pm

POLICE PHOTOGRAPHS
GARAGE
Waldorf-Astoria Hotel

Monday, September 14, 1998

5:25 pm

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady depart Waldorf Astoria Hotel via motorcade en route The Supper Club
[drive time: approximately 10 minutes]



5:35 pm

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady arrive The Supper Club

5:40 pm-

MIX AND MINGLE

6:05 pm

BLUE ROOM

The Supper Club

Staff Contact: Craig Smith

Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg

Note: There will be 60 guests in attendance.

Monday, September 14, 1998

6:10 pm-
6:50 pm

UNITY DINNER
DINNER ROOM
The Supper Club
Remarks: Laura Capps
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg
POOL PRESS (REMARKS ONLY)

Note: There will be 350 guests in attendance.

Note: Guests will have already eaten dinner.

- Off-stage announcement of **the President**, the First Lady, the Vice President, and Mrs. Gore into the reception room as they proceed to the stage.
- Representative Nancy Pelosi makes brief welcoming remarks and introduces Senator Robert Torricelli.
- Senator Robert Torricelli brief remarks and introduces Mrs. Gore.
- Mrs. Gore makes brief remarks and introduces the First Lady.
- The First Lady makes brief remarks and introduces the Vice President.
- The Vice President makes brief remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes remarks.
- **The President**, the First Lady, the Vice President, and Mrs. Gore work a ropeline and proceed to the Blue Room.

6:50 pm-
7:20 pm

PRIVATE DINNER IN HOLD
BLUE ROOM
The Supper Club

Note: In attendance will be the President, the First Lady, the Vice President, and Mrs. Gore.

Note: Theater doors open at 6:45 pm.

Monday, September 14, 1998

7:25 pm

THE PRESIDENT, the First Lady, the Vice President and Mrs. Gore depart The Supper Club via motorcade en route New Amsterdam Theater [drive time: 10 minutes]



7:35 pm

THE PRESIDENT, the First Lady, the Vice President and Mrs. Gore arrive The New Amsterdam Theater

7:40 pm

THE PRESIDENT, the First Lady, the Vice President and Mrs. Gore are announced into the theater and proceed to their seats

7:45 pm-
10:30 pm

THE LION KING PERFORMANCE
The New Amsterdam Theater
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg
CLOSED PRESS

Note: There will be 1,800 guests in attendance.

Note: The performance will last 2 hours and 45 minutes with an 8 minute intermission.

10:30 pm

THE PRESIDENT, the First Lady, the Vice President and Mrs. Gore proceed backstage

Monday, September 14, 1998

10:35 pm-
10:55 pm

LION KING UNITY PROGRAM

The New Amsterdam Theater

Remarks: Laura Capps

Staff Contact: Craig Smith

Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg

POOL PRESS (REMARKS ONLY)

- **The President**, the First Lady, the Vice President, and Mrs. Gore proceed onto stage.
- Peter Schneider, President, Walt Disney Feature Animation and Walt Disney Theatrical Productions and Tim Schumacher, Executive Vice President, Walt Disney Feature Animation and Walt Disney Theatrical Productions make brief welcoming remarks and introduces the Vice President.
- The Vice President makes brief remarks and introduces the **President**.
- **The President** makes remarks.
- **The President**, the First Lady, the Vice President, and Mrs. Gore depart.

10:55 pm-
11:05 pm

CAST AND CREW PHOTOGRAPHS

BACKSTAGE

The New Amsterdam Theater

Staff Contact: Craig Smith

CLOSED PRESS

Monday, September 14, 1998

11:10 pm

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady depart The New Amsterdam Theater via motorcade en route John F. Kennedy International Airport [drive time: 35 minutes]



11:45 pm

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady arrive John F. Kennedy International Airport

12:00 am

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady depart John F. Kennedy International Airport via Air Force One en route Andrews Air Force Base [flight time: 1 hour]

1:00 am

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady arrive Andrews Air Force Base

1:15 am

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady depart Andrews Air Force Base via Marine One en route The White House [flight time: 10 minutes]

1:25 am

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady arrive The White House

BC/HRC RON

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 13, 1998

REMARKS ON AMERICA'S STAKE IN THE GLOBAL ECONOMY

DATE: September 14, 1998
TIME: 11:50 a.m. - 12:35 p.m.
LOCATION: David Rockefeller Room
Council on Foreign Relations Building
FROM: Gene Sperling

I. PURPOSE

To assess America's stake in the global economy and outline your strategy for restoring stability to troubled financial markets and economies around the world.

II. BACKGROUND

At a time of marked turmoil in financial markets around the world, the speech to the Council on Foreign Relations offers you an opportunity to lay out your international economic strategy before a small but distinguished audience of thinkers, CEO's, bankers and media types. The speech summarizes the new rules of the global economy and three steps we can take to address the crisis: (1) concerted action by all nations of the world to spur global growth; (2) continue working to achieve the fastest possible economic recovery in Asia; and (3) making sure we are ready to respond immediately and with financial force if the currency crisis continues to spread.

The Council on Foreign Relations is headed up this year by Pete Peterson, Chairman of the Blackstone Group, who is a strong supporter of your bid for full funding for the International Monetary Fund. He will introduce you. Anne Luzzato, recently the NSC spokesperson, is now at the Council and has been instrumental in coordinating this event. You should know that aside from the usual academicians and businesspeople, many CFR members from the media have chosen to attend, including Tom Brokaw, Diane Sawyer, Barbara Walters, Walter Issacson, and Maynard Parker.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President
The First Lady
Secretary Rubin
Gene Sperling
Members of the Council on Foreign Relations (list of attendees attached)

IV. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- On-stage announcement of **the President** and the First Lady, accompanied by Secretary Rubin and Gene Sperling.

Note: **The First Lady, Secretary Rubin and Gene Sperling will proceed to their seats in the front row.**

- Pete Peterson, Chairman of the Board, Council on Foreign Relations, makes brief welcoming remarks and introduces **the President**.

- **The President** makes remarks, works a ropeline, and departs.

Note: **On his way out, the President will greet 15 members of the Council on Foreign Relations staff.**

V. PRESS COVERAGE

Expanded pool. Likely to be televised live.

VI. REMARKS

Provided by Speechwriting.

VII. ATTACHMENTS

List of confirmed attendees.

Fouad Ajami
Paul H. Nitze School of Advanced
International Studies

Arthur G. Altschul
Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Henry H. Arnhold
Co-Chairman
Arnhold and S. Bleichroeder, Inc.

Mario L. Baeza
Chairman & C.E.O.
TCW/Latin America Partners, L.L.C.

Richard L. Beattie
Chairman, Executive Committee
Simpson Thacher & Bartlett

Paul Beirne
Sanford C. Bernstein & Co., Inc.

Susan Vail Bettesford
President & C.E.O.
The Ford Foundation

Edward Bleier
Warner Brothers

Denis A. Bovin
Vice Chairman of Investment Banking
Bear, Stearns & Co. Inc.

John Brademas
President Emeritus
New York University

Tom Brokaw
NBC News

Robert Byrne
Vice President
A.T. Kearney, Inc.

Betsy H. Cohen
Chris-Craft Industries, Inc.

Joan Ganz Cooney
Chairman of the Executive Committee
Children's Television Workshop

Lee Cullum
Dallas Morning News

Jack David

Lois Pattison de Menil
The DM Foundation

Thomas R. Donahue
Senior Fellow
Work in America Institute

William Donaldson
Co-Founder & Senior Advisor
Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette

Timothy Fasel
Vice President
Standard Chartered Bank

Lynn Forester
First Mark Holdings, Inc.

Bart Friedman
Senior Partner
Cahill Gordon & Reindel

Judy Gelb

Leslie H. Gelb
President
Council on Foreign Relations

Joachim Gfoeller, Jr.
Managing Partner
G.M.S. Capital Partners, L.P.

Roy M. Goodman
New York State Senate

• Gil Kaplan
• Harrison Golden

Maurice R. Greenberg
Chairman & CEO
American International Group, Inc.

Henry A. Grunwald
Council on Foreign Relations

James W. Harpel
Harpel Partners, L.P.

John M. Hemmery
Credit Suisse First Boston Corporation

James F. Hoge, Jr.
Editor
Foreign Affairs

Richard C. Holbrooke
Credit Suisse First Boston Corporation

Karen Elliott House
President, International Group
Dow Jones & Company, Inc.

John B. Hurford
BEA Associates, Inc.

Walter S. Isaacson
Managing Editor
Time, Inc.

Mahnaz Z. Isphani
Deputy Director, Human Rts. & Int'l
Cooperation
The Ford Foundation

Morton L. Janklow
Senior Partner
Janklow & Nesbit Associates

Robert W. Johnson IV
Chairman/CEO
The Johnson Company, Inc.

David L. Jones
Military Fellow
Council on Foreign Relations

Gilbert E. Kaplan
Chairman
The Kaplan Foundation

Henry Kaufman
President
Henry Kaufman & Company, Inc.

Melanie M. Kirkpatrick
Assistant Editor, Editorial Page
The Wall Street Journal

James M. Klurfeld
Editor of the Editorial Pages
Newsday

Lawrence J. Korb
Director of Studies
Council on Foreign Relations

Michael Kramer
Content Magazine

Roger M. Kubarych
Managing Member & Chief Investment
Officer
Kaufman & Kubarych Advisors, LLC

Richard C. Leone
President
Twentieth Century Fund, Inc.

Kenneth Lipper
Chairman
Lipper & Company

John P. Lipsky
Chief Economist & Managing Director
The Chase Manhattan Corporation

Bette Bao Lord
Freedom House

Anne Luzzatto
Vice President, Programs & Media Projects
Council on Foreign Relations

Vincent A. Mai
Chairman and CEO
AEA Investors Inc.

Ann R. Markusen
Council on Foreign Relations

Donald B. Marron
Chairman & CEO
Paine Webber Incorporated

Kari L. Marton
Committee To Protect Journalists

Bruce McCrodden
Senior Vice President, External Affairs
BP America, Inc.

Lawrence C. McQuade
River Capital International LLC

Carl B. Menges
Vice Chairman
Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette

Judith Miller
The New York Times

Raymond D. Nasher
Chairman
The Nasher Company

Priscilla A. Newman
General Partner & Chief Administrative
Officer
Welsh, Carson, Anderson & Stowe

Matthew Nimetz
Partner
Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison

Bruce Nussbaum
Business Week

Carol O'Cleireacain
New York University

Peter L. Osnos
Publisher
Public Affairs

Susan Sherer Osnos
Associate Director
Human Rights Watch/Africa

Hannah C. Pakula

Maynard Parker
Editor
Newsweek

Louis Perlmutter
Executive Managing Director
Lazard Frères & Co. LLC

Michael P. Peters
Senior Vice President
Council on Foreign Relations

Holly Peterson
CIS Media Group

Lionel I. Pincus
Chairman & CEO
B.M. Warburg, Pincus & Co., LLC

Lester Pollack
General Partner
Lazard Frères & Co. LLC

Maxwell M. Rabb
Of Counsel
Kramer Levin Naftalis Nessim Kamin &
Frankel

Steven L. Rattner
Deputy Chief Executive
Lazard Frères & Co. LLC

Stephen Robert
Co-Chairman & CEO
CIBC Oppenheimer Corp.

David Rockefeller
Council on Foreign Relations

Frederick F. Roggero
Military Fellow
Council on Foreign Relations

Daniel Rose
President
Rose Associates, Inc.

Frederick P. Rose
Chairman
Rose Associates, Inc.

Arthur Ross
Vice Chairman
Central National-Gottesman Inc.

Diane Sawyer
Correspondent
ABC News

Stephen A. Schwarzman
President & Chief Executive Officer
The Blackstone Group

Ronald K. Shelp
Chairman
Kent Global Strategies, Inc.

Amity R. Shlaes
Editorial Board Member
The Wall Street Journal

Stanley S. Shuman
Executive V.P.
Allen & Company Incorporated

James B. Sitrick
Senior Partner
Coudert Brothers

Maurice Sonnenberg
International Investment Consultant

Theodore C. Sorensen
Senior Partner
Paul, Weiss, Rikkind, Wharton & Garrison

George Soros
Chairman
Soros Fund Management

Joan E. Spero
President
Doris Duke Charitable Foundation

Carl Spielvogel
Chairman & CEO
Carl Spielvogel Associates, Inc.

Francis X. Stankard
Vice Chairman
American Express Bank Ltd.

Bruce Stokes
Council on Foreign Relations

Karen M. Sughrue
CBS

Maurice Tempelsman
Senior Partner
Leon Tempelsman & Son

Garrick Utley
CNN

Linda J. Wachner
Chairman, President & CEO
Warnaco Inc.

Robert C. Waggoner
Burrelle's Information Services

Barbara Walters
ABC News

John H. Watts
Chairman
Fischer Francis Trees & Watts

Elizabeth G. Weymouth
Columnist
The Washington Post

Maureen White

W. M. Winfield
Military Fellow
Council on Foreign Relations

Mark S. Wojciechowski
Partner
Mayer, Brown & Platt

Alice Young
Chair, Asia Pacific Practice (U.S.)
Kaye, Scholer, Fierman, Hays & Handler

Nancy Young
Partner & Chair, International Practice
Group
Richards & O'Neil

Mortimer B. Zuckerman
Chairman and Editor-in-Chief
Boston Properties

THE REMARKS
FOR THE AMERICA'S STAKE IN THE GLOBAL ECONOMY EVENT
WILL BE FORWARDED

September 12, 1998 1:02 PM

**Unity '98
New York Unity '98 Lunch**

Date: Monday, September 14, 1998
Location: Home of Denise Rich
785 Fifth Avenue (between 59th and 60th)
New York, NY
Time: 1:30 PM POTUS Arrival Time
From: Don Erbach, Unity '98

I. Purpose

The purpose of this event is to raise funds for the Unity '98 project.

II. Background

The guests at this event have written a minimum of \$50,000 to attend this event.

III. Participants

First Lady
Vice President Al Gore
Mrs. Gore

Members of the Senate

Senator Tom Daschle
Senator Bob Torricelli – Unity '98 Chair

Members of the House

Congressman Dick Gephardt
Congressman Martin Frost
Congressman Edward Markey
Congressman Charles Rangel
Congresswoman Nancy Pelosi – Unity '98 Chair
Congresswoman Carolyn Kilpatrick

Other VIPs

Democratic National Chairman Steve Grossman – Unity '98 Chair
Honorable Edward Rendell, Mayor of Philadelphia

122 guests are expected to attend the lunch. Please see the attached guest list.

IV. Press Plan

This event is open to one print reporter from the White House pool for remarks only.

V. Sequence of Events

- **YOU** arrive at 1:30 PM
- **YOU** are greeted by the Vice President, Denise Rich, Chairman Grossman, Congresswoman Pelosi and Senator Torricelli.
- **YOU** proceed to the lunch.
- **YOU** will move from table to table to greet seated guests.
- **YOU** proceed to your table. **YOU** will remain seated until you are introduced to speak.
- Program
 - Denise Rich gives brief welcoming remarks.
 - Chairman Grossman gives brief remarks and introduces Congressman Gephardt.
 - Congressman Gephardt gives brief remarks and introduces Senator Daschle.
 - Senator Daschle gives brief remarks and introduces the Vice President
 - Vice President gives remarks and introduces **YOU**.
 - **YOU** give brief remarks and depart.

VI. Remarks

Remarks to be provided by speechwriting.

VII. Attachments

- Guest List
- Table List
- Table Diagram

- **5 ½ yrs ago: New Dir, old values:** opp/resp/comm. Ec, Env, Edu, Welf, Cr, For. New debate: Gov't, sol. or problem; tools.
- **Results:** 25-Cr; 28-unempl; 29-Welf; 29-BB; 32-Infl; record homeownership. smallest govt. since Kennedy. 365,000 jobs created last month. College opp: Hope \$1,500, Pell, work-study. Child health: 5M, highest immunization Env: fewer toxic dumps; preserve land. Service: 100K, Amcorp; AmReads. FMLA: helped millions past 5 yrs

- **Times are good, but prosperity faces risks** -- International economic turbulence. (30% of growth comes from expanded trade)

Must keep economic strategy going:

1. Fiscal responsibility/ save SS
2. Lead world economy/ IMF
3. Invest in our people/ Ed.

Health: 160 M in managed care plans

Envir: 40% of rivers and lakes still polluted

CFR: McCain-Feingold

[illegible]

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 13, 1998

MEDAL OF FREEDOM CEREMONY FOR ZACHARY FISHER

DATE: September 14, 1998
LOCATION: Suite 37A - Waldorf Astoria
New York, NY
TIME: 4:50 PM
From: Phil Caplan 

I. PURPOSE

To award a Medal of Freedom to Zachary Fisher.

II. BACKGROUND

As you know, you awarded Mr. Fisher the Citizens Medal in 1995 for his philanthropic support to military officers and their families. He continues to be a great friend of the military through the Fisher Houses, which provides affordable accommodations to families of soldiers undergoing treatment for serious illness or injury, the Fisher Armed Services Foundation, which provides death benefits to families of those killed during service, the INTREPID Museum, and other efforts. He has also been at the forefront of promoting and funding day care facilities on military bases -- the first Fisher-funded day care center opened at Camp LeJune in December. He also recently established a facility at Lackland AFB for the care of severely handicapped military dependents, in honor of Admiral Boorda, whose son suffers from a severe disability.

Secretary Dalton announced last spring during Fleet Week that you would be awarding the Medal to Mr. Fisher.

III. PARTICIPANTS

- The First Lady
- Zachary and Elizabeth Fisher
- Fisher Family and guests (roughly 40 people)
- Secretary Cohen and Mrs. Cohen
- Secretary Albright (tentative)
- General Shalikashvili (retired)
- Mayor Giuliani (tentative)
- General Ralston, Deputy, Joint Staff
- Admiral Johnson, Chief of Naval Operations
- Jerry Hulton, Under Secretary of the Navy
- General Krulak, Commandant of the Marine Corps

- General Reimer, Chief of Staff, U.S. Army
- Whitten Peters, Acting Secretary of the Air Force
- State Senator Roy Goodman
- Alan Hevesi, Comptroller, NYC
- Peter Vallone, Speaker, NYC Council (candidate for Governor)
- Walter Cronkite

IV. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- **YOU**, the First Lady, Zachary and Elizabeth Fisher and their immediate family will meet briefly in your suite
- **YOU**, the First Lady, Secretary Cohen and Mr. Fisher will enter the event room together.
- Secretary Cohen will make very brief remarks and introduce **YOU**.
- **YOU** will make very brief remarks, ask the Military Aide (Col. Pittard) to read the citation and then will drape the Medal around Mr. Fisher's neck.
- (Mr. Fisher has the option of making very brief remarks.)
- **YOU** and the First Lady depart.

VI. REMARKS

Talking points provided by Tony Blinken.

VII. ATTACHMENTS

Medal of Freedom Citation for Zachary Fisher
Guest List



The President of the United States of America

Awards this

Presidential Medal of Freedom

to

Zachary Fisher

A true American patriot, Zachary Fisher has shown extraordinary devotion to our men and women in uniform. With selfless compassion, he has enhanced the lives of service members, veterans, and their families through a wide array of philanthropic activities. From the magnificent preservation of the INTREPID to the highly regarded Fisher Houses, the Armed Services Scholarship Foundation, and the model Child Care Development Center at Camp Pendleton, Zachary Fisher's generosity towards our military families is unsurpassed in our Nation's history. Through his efforts, Zachary Fisher has helped repay the debt all Americans owe to our Armed Forces and has honored the service that preserves our Nation's treasured freedoms.

*The White House
Washington, D. C.
September 14, 1998*

William J. Clinton

Zachary Fisher Medal of Freedom Presentation Guest List

Denis A. Bovin, Vice Chairman, Bear, Stearns & Co., Inc.
Walter Cronkite
William Crovello, son of Mrs. Elizabeth Fisher
Charles de Gunzburg, Vice Chairman, First Spring Corporation
David DeLuca, Chairman, Caithness Corporation
Chuck Dubroff, Chairman, Sullivan & Worcester LLP
Arnold Fisher, Partner, Fisher Brothers
Candia Fisher
Kenneth Fisher, Partner, Fisher Brothers
Larry Fisher, Partner, Fisher Brothers
M. Anthony Fisher, Partner, Fisher Brothers
Richard L. Fisher, Partner, Fisher Brothers
Steven Fisher, Partner, Fisher Brothers
Zachary Fisher, Partner, Fisher Brothers
Karen Fisher Massisco
ADM William J. Flanagan, Jr., USN (Ret.), Senior Managing Director, Cantor Fitzgerald L.P.
MajGen Donald R. Gardner, USMC (Ret.), President & CEO, Intrepid Sea Air Space Museum
The Honorable Roy Goodman, Senator, New York State Senate
The Honorable Alan G. Hevesi, The Comptroller, The City of New York
James K. Kallstrom, Senior Executive Vice President, MBNA America
Dr. Sunnie Kenowsky and Joseph Irving, niece of Zachary Fisher and guest
Emily Fisher Landau
Howard W. Lutnick, President & CEO, Cantor Fitzgerald L.P.
Tex McCrary, Chairman, Texcom
William McGowan, Executive Vice President, Discovery Communications, Inc.
Denis J. Picard, Chairman and CEO, Raytheon Company
Ginny Ross, sister of Zachary Fisher
General Shalikashvili (retired)
Mathis Shinnick, Managing Director, Chase Bank
The Honorable Sheldon Silver, The Speaker, New York State Assembly
Barry R. Sloane, Vice Chairman, Citibank Private Bank
Michael Stern, Chief Operating Officer, Fisher Center for Alzheimer's
The Honorable Peter Vallone, The Speaker, New York City Council
Dennison Young, Counsel to the Mayor, City of New York

Pentagon

Secretary and Mrs. Cohen
Secretary Albright (tentative)
General Ralston, Joint Chiefs
Paul Hoeper, Asst Secretary of the Army
General Dennis Reimer, Chief of Staff, US Army
Lt Gen John Dubia, Director of the Army Staff
Admiral Jay Johnson, CNO
Jerry Hultin, Under Secretary of the Navy
General Ralph Eberhart, Vice Chief of Staff, USAF
Whitten Peters, Acting Secretary of the Air Force
General Krulak, Commandant of the Marine Corps

9/11/98 2:30 p.m.
Blinken

**PRESIDENT WILLIAM JEFFERSON CLINTON
TALKING POINTS FOR
MEDAL OF FREEDOM AWARD TO ZACHARY FISHER
NEW YORK CITY
SEPTEMBER 14, 1998**

- Zachary and Elizabeth Fisher; their family and friends; Secretary Cohen; General Ralston [T]; representatives from all our service branches; Alan Hevesi [NY Comptroller]; Peter Vallone [NYC Council Speaker].
- Zachary Fisher, I can think of no one more deserving of the Medal of Freedom because freedom has never had a finer friend.
- This is the highest civilian award an American can receive. So we take more than a little care in researching the careers and contributions of its recipients. I think it is safe to say that, in the entire history of our nation, no citizen has given more philanthropic support to the men and women of the United States Armed Forces and their families than Zachary Fisher.
- As all of you know, Zachary and Elizabeth have what must be the largest extended family in the world -- the 2.3 million men and women of our military. Now, I imagine that can get a little complicated on Thanksgiving day -- but all of us give thanks every day for their unparalleled service to our nation.
- I've had the pleasure of speaking to some of Zach's contributions in the past -- in awarding him the Presidential Citizens Medal and in receiving from him the 1996 Intrepid Freedom Award. And since I only have two and half years left in my term of office and a lot of the nation's business to attend to, I may not have time to catalogue all his achievements again.
- But let me just say that, from the Fisher House Program that provides a home away from home to the families of hospitalized military personnel... to the Fisher Armed Services Foundation that has helped hundreds of servicemen and women and their dependents attend college... to your remarkable work in child care which has meant so much to the First Lady... to your extraordinary generosity to the families of those who lost their lives defending our democracy and security, few Americans have touched so many of their fellow citizens in so many ways, or made such a profound difference to America's armed forces.
- Adlai Stevenson once said that "patriotism is not a short frenzied outburst of emotion, but the tranquil and steady dedication of a lifetime." Zachary Fisher, by that measure and so many more, you are a great American patriot. And it is my privilege to award you our nation's Medal of Freedom.
- Colonel Pittard, please read the citation:

**Unity '98
New York City Unity Dinner**

Date: Monday, September 14, 1998
Location: Supper Club
240 West 47th Street
New York, NY
Time: 5:25 p.m.
From: Don Erbach, Unity '98

I. Purpose

The purpose of this event is to raise funds for the Unity '98 project, a joint venture between the DNC, DSCC, and DCCC.

II. Background

The guests at this event have donated a minimum of \$10,000 to attend this event.

III. Participants

Vice President Al Gore
First Lady Hillary Rodham Clinton
Mrs. Gore

Members of the Senate

Senator Bob Torricelli -- Unity '98 Chair
Senator Joe Biden
Senator Bob Kerrey
Senator Frank Lautenberg
Senator Richard Durbin

Members of the House

Congressman Dick Gephardt
Congressman Charles Rangel
Congresswoman Nancy Pelosi -- Unity '98 Chair
Congressman Chuck Schumer
Congressman Edward Markey
Congressman Patrick Kennedy
Congressman Gregory Meeks

Note: There is a strong possibility of votes in the House and Senate on Monday evening.

Other VIP's

Democratic National Committee Chair Steve Grossman
Honorable Ed Rendell, Mayor of Philadelphia

Approximately 350 guests are expected to attend the reception.

IV. Press Plan

This event is open to the White House pool for remarks only.

V. Sequence of Events

- **YOU** arrive at 5:25 p.m.
- **YOU** are greeted by Chairman Grossman, Congresswoman Pelosi and Senator Torricelli.
- **YOU** proceed to hold, where you are met by **the Vice President and Mrs. Gore.**
- **YOU** mix and mingle with 65 guests.
- **YOU** proceed to the reception with 350 guests.
- **YOU** proceed directly to the stage.
- Program:
 - Congresswoman Pelosi gives brief remarks and introduces **the First Lady.**
 - The First Lady** gives remarks and introduces Senator Torricelli.
 - Senator Torricelli gives brief remarks and introduces the **Vice President.**
 - The Vice President** gives remarks and introduces **YOU.**
- **YOU** deliver remarks.
- **YOU, the First Lady, the Vice President and Mrs. Gore** return to hold for a private dinner.
- **YOU** depart.

VI. Remarks

To be provided by speechwriting.

VII. Attachments

- Participant list for mix and mingle.

Ack: Sens. Torricelli, Biden, Kerrey, Durbin,
Lautenberg, Reps. Gephardt, Rangel, Pelosi,
Schumer, Markey, Kennedy; Mayor Rendell;
Grossman; Judith Hope; Kevin Spacey.

Unity '98 = Progress over Partisanship

• **5 ½ yrs ago: New Dir, old values:**

opp/resp/comm. Ec, Env, Edu, Welf, Cr, For.

New debate: Gov't, sol. or problem; tools.

• **Results:** 25-Cr; 28-unempl; 29-Welf; 29-BB; 32-Infl; record homeownership. smallest govt. since Kennedy. 365,000 jobs created last month. College opp: Hope \$1,500, Pell, work-study. Child health: 5M, highest immunization Env: fewer toxic dumps; preserve land. Service: 100K, Amcorp; AmReads. FMLA: helped millions past 5 yrs

• **Times are good, but prosperity faces**

risks -- International economic turbulence.
(30% of growth comes from expanded trade)

Must keep economic strategy going:

1. Fiscal responsibility/ save SS
2. Lead world economy/ IMF
3. Invest in our people/ Ed.

Health: 160 M in managed care plans

Envir: 40% of rivers and lakes still polluted

CFR: McCain-Feingold

September 12, 1998 1:00PM

'98 SEP 13 PM3:02

Unity '98
Special Performance of Disney's *The Lion King*
New York

Date: Monday, September 14, 1998
Location: New Amsterdam Theatre
214 West 42nd Street
New York, NY
Time: 7:35 PM POTUS Arrival Time
From: Don Erbach, Unity '98

I. Purpose

The purpose of this event is to raise funds for the Unity '98 project.

II. Background

The guests at this event have written a minimum of \$350 - \$1000 to attend this event.

III. Participants

First Lady
Vice President Al Gore
Mrs. Gore

Members of the Senate

Senator Bob Torricelli – Unity '98 Chair
Senator Joe Biden
Senator Bob Kerrey
Senator Frank Lautenberg
Senator Dick Durbin

Members of the House

Congressman Dick Gephardt
Congressman Charles Rangel
Congresswoman Nancy Pelosi – Unity '98 Chair
Congressman Edward Markey
Congressman Gary Ackerman
Congressman Eliot Engel
Congressman Patrick Kennedy
Congresswoman Kilpatrick

Note: There is a strong possibility for votes in the Senate on Monday evening.

Other VIPs

Steve Grossman, Democratic National Committee, National Chair
Honorable Edward Rendell, Mayor of Philadelphia

Approximately 1,700 guests are expected to attend the lunch. Please see the attached guest list.

IV. Press Plan

This event is open to the White House pool.

V. Sequence of Events

- **YOU** arrive with the First Lady, the Vice President and Mrs. Gore at theatre at 7:35 PM.
- **YOU** proceed to your seat. **YOU** will remain seated for the performance of *The Lion King*.
- At the conclusion of the play, **YOU** proceed to backstage area.
- Program
 - Theatre/Lion King representative introduce the Vice President.
 - Vice President delivers remarks and introduces **YOU**.
- **YOU** deliver remarks and curtain closes.
- **YOU** take photos backstage with cast and crew.
- **YOU** depart.

VI. Remarks

Remarks to be provided by speechwriting.

VII. Attachments

- Seating Diagram

UNITY '98 NEW YORK NATIONAL CO-CHAIRS

Dr. & Mrs. Emanuel Alvarez
Maria Alvarez & Dennis Rivera
John Catsimicidis
Diane & John F. Cooke
Lynn Forester
Sandy & Zev Funt
John W. Henry

D. Jeffrey Hirschberg
Arthur Luxenberg
Richard Medley
Susan & Alan Patricof
Denise Rich

Phyllis & Jack Rosen
Nicole & Allen Salmasi
Bernard Schwartz
Barbaralee Diamondstein & Carl Spielvogel
Sylvia & David Steiner
Melvin I. Weiss, Esq.
Perry Weitz

UNITY '98 NEW YORK EVENT CO-CHAIRS

Hilary Ballon & Orin Kramer
Don Barden
Bernard D. Bergreen
Carol & Frank Biondi
John Bowers, Sr.
Janet & J.J. Cafaro
Dr. Anthony Fisher

Mike Goodwin
Ray Halbritter
Karen & Roland Harris
Richard Hayward
Pamela Anagnos Liapakis
Fred Mack
Jay Mazur
Robert Rose

Michael Sherman
Harold Snyder
Jack Stafford
David Stern
S. Donald Sussman
Maurice Tempelman
Agnes Varis

UNITY '98 NATIONAL CO-CHAIRS

Peter Angelos
F. Kenneth Bailey
Mitchell Berger
Meyer Berman
Thomas Hale Boggs, Jr.
Eli Broad
Ron Burkle
Peter Buttenwieser
Gerald S.J. Cassidy
Ian Cumming

Lucy & Stephen Draper
Fred Eychaner
Skeets & Monte Friedkin
Ernest Gallo
The Honorable Carl Gutierrez
Chris Korge
Jini Levin
Murray Liebman
Lyle Howland & Jack Manning
John A. Merrigan
Lawrence F. O'Brien, III

The Honorable Alex Penelas
Cheryl & Haim Saban
Elaine & Gerald Schuster
William Singer
Alan & Susan Lewis Solomon
Laurie Sullivan
Bill Titleman
Mr. Angelo Tsakopoulos
Miss Eleni Tsakopoulos
Mr. & Mrs. Lou Weisbach

** Unity '98 sincerely regrets any omissions that might occur due to our printing deadline.
Special thanks to the Walt Disney Company and the Staff of Disney Theatrical for their kind assistance.

UNITY '98 CHAIRS

Steve Grossman ■ Senator Robert G. Torricelli ■ Congresswoman Nancy Pelosi
DNC National Chair

HONORARY CHAIRS

Thomas A. Daschle ■ Richard A. Gephardt
Senate Democratic Leader House Democratic Leader

Governor Roy Romer ■ Senator J. Robert Kerry ■ Congressman Martin Frost
DNC General Chair Chairman, DSCC Chairman, DCCC

Senator Daniel Patrick Moynihan ■ Senator Frank R. Lautenberg ■ Congressman Charles Rangel

And the New York and New Jersey Democratic Congressional Delegations

Welcome you to a special performance of Disney's Tony Award-winning musical

"The Lion King"



Sequence of Events
Curtain Opens
Performance
(15 minute intermission)
Speaking Program
Evening Concludes



The Unity '98 Chairs, Honorary Chairs and Host Committee would like to express their sincere gratitude to all those who by participating in this event and others like it around the country have supported this important effort to help elect Democratic candidates this Fall. Your commitment to this cause and your friendship are appreciated.

Acknowledge:

- Peter Schneider, President, and Tim Schumacher, Exec. Vice president, of Walt Disney Feature Animation and Walt Disney Theatrical Productions.
- The 115 members of the cast and crew for their award winning musical (6 Tony Awards, including Best Musical.) Your hard work (37,000 hours to build the puppets and masks), skill, creativity, innovation, and shining performances have surpassed every expectation.
- Elton John, Tim Rice, and the 22 musicians in the orchestra (7 members who are native South Africans) for the beautiful and inspiring music, which encompasses the sounds and rhythms of African culture.
- Director Julie Taymor for conceptualizing and bringing to life what has been called a "theatrical achievement unrivaled in its beauty, brains, and ingenuity." Taymor has made history with The Lion King.
- Members of the audience for sharing this evening together and supporting Unity '98. With your help, we will achieve progress over partisanship. Thank you.

SEP 18 1998

September 11, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT, VICE PRESIDENT, FIRST LADY, AND MRS. GORE

FROM: Craig T. Smith and Craig Hughes

RE: New York Politics

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION RESULTS

1992			1996		
Clinton/Gore	3,444,450	50%	Clinton/Gore	3,756,177	58%
Bush/Quayle	2,346,649	34%	Dole/Kemp	1,933,492	30%
Perot/Stockdale	1,090,721	16%	Perot/Choate	503,458	8%

New York gave **The Clinton/Gore** ticket the largest margin of victory in the country (a plurality of 1.8 million votes). **The President and Vice President** won 52 of 62 counties statewide.

MOST RECENT PRINCIPAL TRAVEL

The President and First Lady were in the Hamptons July 31-August 1, 1998 for DNC events.

Mrs. Gore was in New York City on July 22, 1998 to launch the U.S. Olympic FitKids program.

The Vice President was in Harlem on July 18, 1998, for a Goodwill Games event.

The First Lady traveled to Newburgh, Albany, Troy, Victor, Waterloo, and Seneca Falls as part of her "Save America's Treasures" Tour from July 15-16. She also attended an event for Rep. Maurice Hinchey in Ithaca on Thursday, July 16.

The Vice President was in New York City for a Leadership '98 event on July 14.

UPCOMING PRINCIPAL TRAVEL

The First Lady will be in New York City on September 23 for a lunch event on behalf of the DSCC and the Senate nominee.

The Vice President will be in New York City on October 7 for the Empire State Pride Dinner.

The President will be in New York City on October 12 for events on behalf of the DSCC and the Senate nominee.

1998 GUBERNATORIAL RACE

Governor George Pataki (R) is seeking reelection in 1998. Pataki has collected about \$17 million and has \$12.2 million in the bank, much of it funneled from committees controlled by Senator D'Amato (R).

Although Gov. Pataki is popular, he is coming under increasing fire for his Administration's

treatment of its campaign donors. In January, the Pataki campaign hit a road bump when *The New York Times* reported that federal prosecutors began an inquiry into Pataki's 1994 gubernatorial campaign's fundraising efforts. The U.S. Attorney's office is investigating whether potential donors were promised favors from the state government in return for campaign contributions, such as favorable parole board rulings. Allegedly, armed robber John Kim faced the Parole Board supported by an aide to Governor Pataki (R) and one of his campaign fundraisers. The board ruled in Kim's favor by releasing him early. In another fundraising probe, prosecutors at the U. S. Attorney's office began a full-scale investigation of Pataki's decision to award a \$100 million construction contract to the Silverite Corporation. The decision was made within days of large donations from the firm to Pataki's reelection campaign and the State Republican Party.

Pataki selected Mary Donohue (R), a former Supreme Court judge from upstate, as his running mate. Since he booted Lt. Governor Betsy McCaughey Ross (D) from the ticket a year ago, Governor Pataki (R) was determined to replace her with another woman. Donohue's current stand on the use of Medicaid funds for abortions is at odds with Pataki, who supports it. She had previously supported the use of government money for abortions, however, she now opposes it.

The Democratic race originally was supposed to be a bitter war between Lt. Governor Ross (D) and Peter F. Vallone (D), Speaker of the New York City Council. However, in a bizarre twist, Lt. Governor Ross held a formal meeting with her husband, Wilber, who had been funding the majority of her campaign. After the meeting, Lt. Governor Ross announced that Wilber Ross was taking back \$2.2 million that he had loaned the campaign. As a result, Vallone has had the airwaves to himself, and has pulled well ahead of Ross, who had been leading in the polls since March. Brooklyn District Attorney Charles Hynes and former New York Transportation Commissioner James LaRocca trail badly in the polls, and do not have the financial resources to buy New York City television.

Actor Al Lewis, who played Grandpa Munster on the television sitcom *The Munsters*, was nominated as the Green Party candidate for governor. Green Party officials hope that Lewis' fame will help secure the 50,000 votes the party needs to gain a permanent spot on the New York ballot.

1998 U.S. SENATE RACE

Senator Al D'Amato (R) is running for reelection to a fourth term in 1998. D'Amato damaged his popularity by acting as a partisan attack dog for three years of Whitewater hearings. D'Amato has also suffered from criticism for his opposition to rent control and speculation that years ago he interceded with the SEC on behalf of the Stratton Oakmont, Inc. brokerage firm, making a remarkable \$37,000 one-day profit on the stock market. Throughout his career, D'Amato has also demonstrated a willingness to reverse his positions for political gain. However, with his fundraising abilities, D'Amato will be able to wage a fierce battle. D'Amato has raised \$19,290,369 and has \$12,063,424 on hand, as of June 30, 1998.

The Democratic candidates are New York City Public Advocate Mark Green, Rep. Chuck Schumer (D-09), and former Rep. Geraldine Ferraro. Mark Green -- who was soundly defeated by D'Amato in 1986 (57%-41%) -- is haunted by assertions that he is not strong enough or

moderate enough to beat D'Amato.

Among the Democratic candidates, Schumer holds a sizeable fundraising advantage over Ferraro and Green. Through June 30, 1998, Schumer had raised a total of \$12,078,234 and had \$7,209,001 on hand. Ferraro and Green had \$1,118,121 and \$1,054,429 cash on hand, respectively. Schumer had the entire New York City media market to himself until last week, when Ferraro and Green finally purchased television time. In addition, Schumer has been on the air in upstate New York for over a month.

Schumer's television barrage has begun to pay off, as two recent polls show him either very close to, or ahead of, Ferraro and Green among likely voters.

Democratic Primary Matchup

	<u>9/98 (Mason-Dixon)</u>	<u>9/98 (Zogby)</u>	<u>mid7/98</u>	<u>7/98</u>	<u>6/98</u>	<u>5/98</u>
Ferraro	35%	24%	33%	39%	39%	36%
Schumer	31%	40%	18%	28%	20%	15%
Green	16%	14%	17%	11%	14%	10%

General Election Matchups (as of a September 2-4, 1998 Mason-Dixon poll)

D'Amato	42%	D'Amato	45%	D'Amato	46%
Ferraro	39%	Schumer	33%	Green	30%

CONGRESSIONAL RACES -- New York City

9th Congressional District

A Zogby poll conducted September 7-8 showed the following results for the Democratic primary to replace Rep. Chuck Schumer (D), who is running for U.S. Senate.

Anthony Weiner	21%
Melinda Katz	16%
Anthony Feldman	15%
Noach Dear	14%

Dear has raised \$1.7 million for the race, and is the only candidate to have bought time in New York City's expensive media market. Rep. Schumer endorsed Weiner, a former aide in his office, while EMILY's List has made Melinda Katz a priority target.

10th Congressional District

Rep. Edolphus Towns (D) faces a primary challenge from attorney Barry Ford (D). Ford, although a long shot, is picking up support from Democrats who are angry with Towns for endorsing Rudolph Giuliani (R) over Ruth Messinger (D) in last year's Mayoral election. Brooklyn Democratic Chair Clarence Norman and former Mayor David Dinkins (D) have both endorsed Ford.

POLITICAL DATA

Governor:	George E. Pataki (R) 49% in 1994
U.S. Senate:	Alfonse D'Amato (R) 49% in 1992

	Daniel Patrick Moynihan (D) 55% in 1994
U.S. House:	18D/13R
State Senate:	26D/35R
State Assembly:	94D/56R
Electoral Votes:	33

CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION

Sen. Patrick Moynihan (D)
 Representative Michael P. Forbes (R-01)
 Representative Peter King (R-03)
 Representative Gary Ackerman (D-05)
 Representative Thomas Manton (D-07)
 Representative Charles Schumer (D-09)
 Representative Major Owens (D-11)
 Representative Vito Fossella (R-13)
 Representative Charles Rangel (D-15)
 Representative Eliot Engel (D-17)
 Representative Sue Kelly (R-19)
 Representative Michael McNulty (D-21)
 Representative Sherwood Boehlert (R-23)
 Representative James Walsh (R-25)
 Representative Bill Paxon (R-27)
 Representative John LaFalce (D-29)
 Representative Amory Houghton Jr. (R-31)

Sen. Alfonse D'Amato (R)
 Representative Rick Lazio (R-02)
 Representative Carolyn McCarthy (D-04)
 Representative Gregory W. Meeks (D-06)
 Representative Jerrold Nadler (D-08)
 Representative Edolphus Towns (D-10)
 Representative Nydia Velazquez (D-12)
 Representative Carolyn Maloney (D-14)
 Representative Jose Serrano (D-16)
 Representative Nita Lowey (D-18)
 Representative Benjamin Gilman (R-20)
 Representative Gerald Solomon (R-22)
 Representative John McHugh (R-24)
 Representative Maurice Hinchey (D-26)
 Representative Louise Slaughter (D-28)
 Representative Jack Quinn (R-30)

In the 1996 elections, New York's congressional delegation remained unchanged with the exception of the 4th District where Republican-turned-Democrat Carolyn McCarthy defeated freshman Republican Dan Frisa.

CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS AND LEGISLATIVE LEADERSHIP

Governor	George E. Pataki (R)
Lt. Governor	Betsy McCaughey Ross (D)
Secretary of State	Alexander Treadwell (R)
Attorney General	Dennis Vacco (R)
State Comptroller	H. Carl McCall (D)
Speaker of the Assembly	Sheldon Silver (D)
Majority Leader of the Assembly	Michael Bragman (D)
Minority Leader of the Assembly	Tom Reynolds (R)
Senate Majority Leader	Joe Bruno (R)
Senate Minority Leader	Martin Connor (D)

NEW YORK STATE AT A GLANCE

- 1994 estimated population was 18,169,000.
- 70.3% of New Yorkers are White; 16.8% are African American; and 12.2% are Hispanic American.

- 13.1% of New York residents are age 65 or older.
- 49.9% of New York households are married couples, and 23% are married with children.
- Median household income is \$32,965.
- 25% of New Yorkers have a college degree. 74.8% have a high school diploma.
- In 1992, 7,079,432 New Yorkers voted of a Voting Age Population (VAP) of 13,691,000 (52%); compared with 6,439,129 of a VAP of 13,579,000 in 1996 (47%).

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 11, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: THURGOOD MARSHALL, JR. *JPM for TM*
JON P. JENNINGS *JPJ*

SUBJECT: HOT ISSUES--NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Single Sex Education Case: Senior DOEd officials have been working with New York City education officials to resolve a complaint regarding the Young Women's Leadership School, a single-sex academy that the Board of Regents opened in 1996. An investigation of the school by DOEd's Office for Civil Rights, in response to a complaint filed in 1996 by the National Organization for Women, the NY Civil Liberties Union, and the NY Civil Rights Coalition, found some Title IX concerns with the school's single-sex approach. On September 10, the *New York Post* reported that the complainants in the case have expressed great dissatisfaction with DOEd's failure to resolve the case and close the school. (DOEd)

Brookhaven National Laboratory: In 1989, the Brookhaven National Laboratory (BNL) was listed on the Superfund National Priorities List. BNL is located on about 5,300 acres in the center of Suffolk County on Long Island. DOE is responsible for investigating and cleaning up the site, while EPA and the State of NY provide oversight under an interagency agreement. Plumes of contamination have affected groundwater off the site. Smaller plumes of radioactive tritium and strontium are found on-site. Several actions have been taken to begin cleanup and prevent further movement of the contaminants, and a final remedy for groundwater cleanup is expected to be proposed in Spring 1999. Metals from Brookhaven may have contaminated sediment in the Peconic River. A cleanup proposal for the metal contamination is expected in winter of 1998. DOE is currently investigating possible radioactive plutonium contamination in the Peconic River. (EPA and DOE)

HOPE VI: New York City recently received a \$21.4 million HOPE VI grant to revitalize the Prospect Plaza public housing development. The plan calls for the replacement of 102 units of public housing with 368 new units at several sites, including the rehabilitation of 240 public housing units. In addition, the grant will help 355 families currently living at Prospect Plaza and 115 other families to become self sufficient by providing them with job training, education, child care, transportation, and counseling services. (HUD)

PCBs Superfund Site: On July 23, EPA released the results of a study that found PCB contamination in the Hudson River was not being buried by the natural deposition of clean sediment. General Electric, which legally released the PCBs into the Hudson before 1977, has maintained that the PCBs have been buried and do not pose a threat to public health. Because of this finding, some areas may require remediation this fall. EPA is conducting a reassessment of its 1984 "No-Action Decision" for PCB-contaminated sediments in the upper Hudson River. General Electric opposes a cleanup plan for the site, preferring to rely on the natural degradation of the PCBs over time. EPA proposed a remediation plan that will be made in December 2000 and a final remediation determination will be made in 2001. (EPA)

PRESIDENT CLINTON AND VICE PRESIDENT GORE'S ACCOMPLISHMENTS: *NEW YORK*

ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL

- **Unemployment Down to 5.5%:** The unemployment rate in New York has declined from 8.3% to 5.5% since 1993.
- **407,400 New Jobs:** 407,400 new jobs have been created in New York since 1993 -- an average of 74,073 per year, compared to an average of 129,850 jobs *lost* per year during the previous administration.
- **468,000 New Private Sector Jobs:** Since 1993, 468,000 new private sector jobs have been created -- an average of 85,091 jobs per year, compared to an average *loss* of 124,600 private sector jobs per year in the previous administration.
- **36,000 New Construction Jobs:** 36,000 construction jobs have been created in New York since 1993 -- an average of 6,545 jobs per year. In contrast, an average of 23,300 construction jobs were *lost* each year during the previous administration.
- **553,000 Have Received a Raise:** Approximately 189,000 New York workers benefited from an increase in the minimum wage from \$4.25 to \$4.75 -- on October 1, 1996. They, along with about 364,000 more received an additional raise -- from \$4.75 to \$5.15 -- on September 1, 1997.
- **Home Building Up 2.8%:** Home building has increased by an average of 2.8% per year since 1993, after falling over 14.1% per year during the previous four years.
- **A \$500 Child Tax Credit to Help Families Raising Children:** To help make it easier for families to raise their children, the balanced budget includes a \$500 per-child tax credit for children under 17. **Thanks to President Clinton, the Balanced Budget delivers a child tax credit to 1,727,000 families in New York.**
- **Business Failures and Bankruptcy Filings Down:** Business failures have dropped 10.1% per year since 1993, after increasing 35.1% per year during the previous four years. Additionally, bankruptcy filings have declined 22.9% per year since 1993, after increasing 10.8% during the previous two administrations.
- **New Business Incorporations Up 1.8%:** New business incorporations in New York have increased 1.8% per year since 1993, after *decreasing* 3.4% per year during the previous administration.
- **Personal Income Has Risen 2.3% Annually:** Personal income in New York has risen at an annual rate of 2.3% since 1993 compared to an average growth of just 0.5% per year during the previous administration.
- **2.4% Growth in Total Bank Loans and Leases:** New York has seen a 2.4% average growth rate in total bank loans and leases per year since 1993, after falling over 3.9% per year during the previous administration.
- **2% Growth in Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases:** Since 1993, New York has experienced a 2% annual growth rate in commercial and industrial loans and leases. In contrast, commercial and industrial loans and leases fell over 5.5% per year during the previous administration.
- **Over \$25,000 of Reduced Federal Debt for Every Family of Four:** The national debt will \$1.7 trillion lower in fiscal year 1999 than projected in 1993 -- that's \$25,000 less debt for each family of four in New York next year.

EXPANDING ACCESS TO EDUCATION

- **Over \$286 Million in Head Start Funding:** In FY97, New York received \$261.5 million dollars in Head Start funding benefitting 43,700 children. This year, New York will receive \$286.7 million, an increase of over \$25 million over 1997. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal will increase Head Start funding for New York's children by an additional \$20.5 million.
- **\$35.2 Million in Goals 2000 Funding:** This year [FY98], New York receives \$35.2 million in Goals 2000 funding. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposes to increase Goals 2000 funding by an additional \$1.2 million. This money is used to raise academic achievement by raising academic standards, increasing parental and community involvement in education, expanding the use of computers and technology in classrooms, and supporting high-quality teacher professional development.
- **\$37.8 Million for Technology Literacy:** This year [FY98], New York receives \$37.8 million for the Technology Literacy Challenge Fund which helps communities and the private sector ensure that every student is equipped with the computer literacy skills needed for the 21st century. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal will raise funding for technology literacy by nearly \$4.3 million over FY98.

- **\$678.5 Million for Students Most in Need:** New York will receive \$678.5 million in Title I grants (to Local Educational Agencies) providing extra help in the basics for students most in need, particularly communities and schools with high concentrations of children in low-income families [FY98]. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposes to increase funding for Title I Grants by \$81.7 million to aid New York's students.
- **\$716.2 Million in Pell Grants:** This year [FY98], New York will receive \$716.2 million in Pell Grants for low-income students going to college, an additional \$139.1 million over last year. With this increase, a total of 358,700 New York students will benefit, 20,700 more than the previous year. And President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal increases Pell Grant funding to \$740.4 million.
- **Nearly 8,400 Have Served in New York through AmeriCorps:** Since the National Service program began in 1993, nearly 8,400 AmeriCorps participants, working in 452 different programs, have earned money for college while working in New York's schools, hospitals, neighborhoods or parks. [through 3/98]
- **Tuition Tax Credits in Balanced Budget Open the Doors of College and Promote Lifelong Learning:** The balanced budget includes both President Clinton's \$1,500 HOPE Scholarship to help make the first two years of college as universal as a high school diploma and a Lifetime Learning Tax Credit for college juniors, seniors, graduate students and working Americans pursuing lifelong learning to upgrade their skills. This 20% tax credit will be applied to the first \$5,000 of tuition and fees through 2002 and to the first \$10,000 thereafter. **414,000 students in New York will receive a HOPE Scholarship tax credit of up to \$1,500. 503,000 students in New York will receive the Lifetime Learning Tax Credit.**

FIGHTING CRIME AND VIOLENCE

- **Crime Falls 29% in New York:** Since 1992, serious crime has fallen 29% statewide. In New York City, between 1992 and 1997, serious crime has declined 43%, with a 61% drop in murder, and a 51% drop in robbery. In addition, serious crime has also declined 28% in Rochester and 11% in Syracuse between 1992 and 1997. [1996 and preliminary 1997 Uniform Crime Report data, FBI]
- **8,426 More Police:** The President's 1994 Crime Bill funded 8,426 new police officers in communities across New York. [through 8/98]
- **Buffalo Will Receive Targeted Funding to Hire More Community Police:** Buffalo was recently selected as a pilot city for the President's new effort to target high crime neighborhoods. The pilot program will provide full funding for new officers by waiving the usual matching requirements. Buffalo will deploy new officers to help meet the unique needs of its community, such as combating gangs or targeting drug "hot spots."
- **Reducing Crime with Drug Courts:** Working to reduce drug-related crime in New York, the Clinton Administration has recently awarded Drug Court grants to the communities of Amherst, Ithaca, Syracuse, Rensselaer County, Rockland County, and Suffolk County. The Administration had previously awarded grants to a number of New York communities including: Brooklyn, Buffalo, Rochester, the Bronx, Niagara Falls, Oswego, Queens, Albany, Fulton, Lackawanna, Mayville, Mount Vernon, New City, New York City, and Tonawanda. Drug courts use the coercive power of the criminal justice system to combine drug testing, sanctions, supervision and treatment to push nonviolent, drug-abusing offenders to stop using drugs and committing crimes.
- **\$7.8 Million to Combat Domestic Violence:** Through the Violence Against Women Act, New York receives \$7,817,000 in federal funds this year [FY98] to establish more women's shelters and bolster law enforcement, prosecution, and victims' services.
- **Nearly \$3.9 Million in Grants for Battered Women and Children:** This year [FY98], New York will receive \$3,885,277 in HHS's Family Violence Prevention Program grants to assist women and children fleeing domestic abuse, an additional \$672,000 increase over last year. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal increases HHS's Family Violence Prevention Program grants to nearly \$4 million.
- **\$39.6 Million to Keep Drugs & Violence Out of New York's Schools:** New York receives \$39.6 million in FY98 for the Safe & Drug Free Schools Program, which invests in school security and drug prevention programs.

MOVING NEW YORKERS FROM WELFARE TO WORK

- **290,797 Fewer People on Welfare:** There are 290,797 fewer people on welfare in New York now than there were at the beginning of 1993 -- an 25% decline. [through 3/98]
- **Child Support Collections Up 42%:** Child support collections have increased by \$203 million -- or 42% -- in New York since FY92. [through FY96]

- **Breaking the Cycle of Dependency -- Preventing Teen Pregnancy in New York:** Since 1993, President Clinton has supported innovative and promising teen pregnancy prevention strategies, with significant components of his strategy becoming law in the 1996 Personal Responsibility Act. The law requires unmarried minor parents to stay in school and live at home or in a supervised setting; encourages "second chance homes" to provide teen parents with the skills and support they need; and provides \$50 million a year in new funding for state abstinence education activities. Efforts are making a difference, adolescent pregnancy rates for teens aged 15-19 decreased between 1992 and 1995 and fewer teenagers gave birth from 1991 to 1996. Teen abortion rates are also declining. **Notably, between 1992 and 1995, teen pregnancy rates declined 7.1 percent in New York.**
- **New York Receives \$96.9 Million in Welfare-to-Work Grants:** In FY98, New York is eligible to receive \$96.9 million in welfare-to-work state formula grants, helping New York prepare welfare recipients for work and to place them in jobs. Part of the President's comprehensive efforts to move recipients from welfare to work, this funding is included in the \$3 billion Welfare-to-Work Jobs Challenge Fund signed into law in the 1997 balanced budget.

INVESTING IN NEW YORK'S HEALTH

- **Health Care for Uninsured Children:** The balanced budget includes the largest single investment in health care for children since the passage of Medicaid in 1965 -- an unprecedented \$24 billion over five years to cover as many as five million children throughout the nation. This investment guarantees the full range of benefits -- from checkups to surgery -- that children need to grow up strong and healthy. It ensures that prescription drugs, vision, hearing, and mental health coverage now offered at the state level are extended to millions of uninsured children. **To expand health coverage to more uninsured children in New York the balanced budget provides \$255.7 million in 1998.** This compares to the 1995 Republican plan vetoed by President Clinton that would have denied health care coverage to 454,600 children in New York.
- **Helping New York Women and Children with WIC:** The Clinton Administration is committed to full funding in the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC). Last year, in New York, 32,179 more women and children in need received health and food assistance than in 1994.
- **More Toddlers Are Being Immunized:** As a result of the President's 1993 Childhood Immunization Initiative, childhood immunization rates have reached an historic high. According to the CDC, 90% or more of America's toddlers in 1996 received the most critical doses of each of the routinely recommended vaccines -- surpassing the President's 1993 goal. In New York in 1996, 98% of two-year olds received the vaccines for diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis; 93% received the vaccine for polio; 94% received the vaccine for measles, and 93% received the vaccine for *Haemophilus influenzae* B, the bacteria causing a form of meningitis
- **Increased Funding for HIV/AIDS Programs by 126%:** In FY97, New York communities received \$186.6 million in Ryan White formula and other HIV/AIDS program funds, a 126% increase over FY93 levels. This funding provides people living with HIV and AIDS medical and support services, including the AIDS Drug Assistance Program which helps those without insurance obtain much needed prescription drugs. [HHS, Health Resources and Services Administration, 4/98]
- **President's Tobacco Plan Will Cut Smoking and Premature Deaths by 37% in New York:** If the Clinton Administration's tobacco proposal on youth smoking is enacted, by 2003, New York will see a 37% cut in youth smoking and resulting premature deaths. Over the next five years, 188,000 youth of New York will be kept from smoking and 63,000 will be spared a premature tobacco-related death. [Treasury Dept., 3/23/98]
- **7,570,000 Americans in New York Cannot Be Assured They Have Patient Protections.** Even if New York enacted all the protections in the Patients' Bill of Rights, 7,570,000 people in New York cannot be assured they have the comprehensive patient protections recommended by the President's Advisory Commission. This is because the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) may preempt state-enacted protections. That is why the President has called on Congress to pass a federally enforceable patients' bill of rights so that everyone enrolled in managed care may have a basic set of protections. Notably, 3,800,000 New York women are in ERISA health plans and are therefore not necessarily protected. Women are particularly vulnerable without these protections because they are greater users of health care services, they make three-quarters of the health care decisions for their families, and they have specific health care needs addressed by a patients' bill of rights.

PROTECTING THE ENVIRONMENT

- **22 Toxic Waste Sites Cleaned Up:** Since 1993, the EPA has completed 22 Superfund toxic waste cleanups in New York. The sites are located in Hauppauge, Glenwood Landing, Endicott, Shelby, Hyde Park, Johnstown, Oswego, Ramapo, Hamilton, Granby, Conklin, Farmingdale (3), Cold Spring, North Sea, Oyster Bay, Brewster, Deer Park, Hicksville, South Glen Falls, and Woodside, Queens [through 8/98]. This is more than three times the number of sites cleaned up in New York during the previous twelve years combined (6).
- **Revitalizing Brownfields Projects in New York:** As part of the Clinton-Gore Administration's efforts to clean up Brownfields, the EPA has awarded grants to communities in New York -- Buffalo, Ogdensburg, Utica, Yonkers, Elmira, New York City, Niagara Falls, Rochester, Glen Cove, and Rome --as well as Niagara and Ulster Counties, for environmental clean-up and economic revitalization. These projects are intended to jumpstart local clean-up efforts by providing funds to return unproductive, abandoned, contaminated urban properties to productive use.

SPEARHEADING URBAN RENEWAL EFFORTS

- **\$100 Million to Harlem and the South Bronx:** Harlem and the South Bronx were designated as Urban Empowerment Zones in 1994 and were awarded \$100 million to create more jobs, housing, and economic opportunity. Already, Rite Aid, Blockbuster Video, the Gap and the Disney Company have either opened Harlem stores or announced plans to do so. An estimated \$1 billion will be invested in Harlem over the next 10 years as a result of this Empowerment Zone designation.
- **\$12 Million to Other New York Communities:** In addition, Albany, Buffalo, Rochester, and Newburgh were designated Enterprise Communities, and were awarded \$3 million each to pursue similar efforts.
- **Expanding the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Will Help Develop 9,200 To 11,000 New Affordable Housing Units in New York Over the Next 5 years:** In January, the Vice-President announced the Clinton-Gore Administration's proposed 40-percent expansion of the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit. If enacted, it will mean an additional 9,200 - 11,000 quality rental housing units for low-income American families in New York during the next five years.

EXPANDING FUNDS FOR TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT

- **Over \$5 Billion in Federal Highway Aid:** Since 1993, New York has received \$5.04 billion in federal highway aid. These funds have helped generate nearly 212,500 jobs. [through FY97]
- **Over \$597 Million in Aviation Funds:** From FY93-FY97 New York received \$597,490,000 in AIP funds to help build and renovate airports, and, when necessary, to provide funds for noise abatement to improve the quality of life for residents who live near airports.
- **Over \$4 Billion in Transit Funds:** New York has received a total of \$4.3 billion in FTA funds from 1993-1997.

THE TRIP
of
THE PRESIDENT
to
CINCINNATI, OHIO
and
BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

September 17, 1998

Staff Copy

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Thursday, September 17, 1998

CINCINNATI, OHIO

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Thursday, September 17, 1998

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Massachusetts Background

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Thursday, September 17, 1998

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1998

Final Schedule

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4824

PRESS DESK:

DORI SALCIDO

HOME: 703-548-6466

OFFICE: 202-456-5771

WHCA PAGER: 4844

TRIP COORDINATOR:

AVIVA STEINBERG

HOME: 202-362-1813

OFFICE: 202-456-2920

WHCA PAGER: 4022

ADVANCE LEAD:
(CINCINNATI)

DAVID NESLEN

STAFF OFFICE: 44-220

CELL PHONE: 202-457-9217

WHCA PAGER: 4101

ADVANCE LEAD:
(BOSTON)

CHERI STOCKHAM

STAFF OFFICE: 44-220

CELL PHONE: 202-395-2101

WHCA PAGER: 4143

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, DC

Variably cloudy and cooler with a chance of afternoon and evening showers. Winds west to northwest at 6 to 12 knots. Low 67 to 72. High 81 to 86.

CINCINNATI, OHIO

Mostly cloudy and cooler with a chance for showers and thunderstorms. Winds northeast at 5 to 10 knots. Low 55 to 60. High 75 to 80.

BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

Partly cloudy and cooler. Winds northeast at 6 to 12 knots. Low 50 to 55. High 68 to 73.

Thursday, September 17, 1998

**Schedule of the President
for
Thursday, September 17, 1998
*Final Schedule***

9:00 am-
9:20 am

BRIEFING
OVAL OFFICE
 Staff Contact: Bruce Reed, Karen Tramontano

9:25 am

THE PRESIDENT departs The White House via motorcade en route
Hyatt Regency Hotel
[drive time: 10 minutes]

9:35 am

THE PRESIDENT arrives Hyatt Regency Hotel

Greeters: Jack Barry, International President, International Brotherhood of
Electrical Workers
Ed Hill, Secretary-Treasurer, International Brotherhood of
Electrical Workers
Rick Diegel, Legislative Director, International Brotherhood of
Electrical Workers

9:40 am-
10:40 am

REMARKS TO THE INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF
ELECTRICAL WORKERS LEGISLATIVE CONVENTION
REGENCY BALLROOM
Hyatt Regency Hotel
Remarks: Paul Glastris
Staff Contact: Bruce Reed, Karen Tramontano
Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg
OPEN PRESS

Note: There will be a pre-program.

Note: There will be 400 people in the audience.

- Off-stage announcement the President, accompanied by John Sweeney, Carol Hooper, and Jack Berry.
- Jack Berry, International President, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, makes brief welcoming remarks and introduces John Sweeney.
- John Sweeney, President, AFL-CIO, makes brief remarks and introduces Carol Hooper.
- Carol Hooper makes brief remarks and introduces the President.
- The President makes brief remarks, works a ropeline, and departs.

September 16, 1996 (8:07pm)

Thursday, September 17, 1998

10:45 am THE PRESIDENT departs Hyatt Regency Hotel via motorcade en route
The White House
[drive time: 10 minutes]

10:55 am THE PRESIDENT arrives The White House, West Executive Avenue

Note: The President will proceed directly to the South Lawn for departure.

11:00 am THE PRESIDENT departs The White House via Marine One en route Andrews Air Force Base
[flight time: 10 minutes]

11:10 am THE PRESIDENT arrives Andrews Air Force Base

11:25 am **THE PRESIDENT** departs Andrews Air Force Base via Air Force One en route Greater Cincinnati/Northern Kentucky Regional International Airport
[flight time: 1 hour, 15 minutes]

12:40 pm PT **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Greater Cincinnati/Northern Kentucky Regional International Airport

Greeters:

Steven Henry, Lieutenant Governor, Kentucky
Roxanne Qualls, Mayor, City of Cincinnati
Charles Sanders, Mayor, Waynesville, Ohio
Minette Cooper, Vice Mayor, City of Cincinnati
Tyrone Yates, Cincinnati City Council
Dwight Tillery, Cincinnati City Council
Todd Portune, Cincinnati City Council
Daniel Radford, Executive Secretary, AFL-CIO Labor Council
Theodore M. Berry, former Mayor of Cincinnati
David J. Leland, Chairman, Ohio Democratic Party
Timothy M. Burke, Chairman, Hamilton County Democratic
Party
Robert Richardson, President, AFL-CIO Labor Council
Representative Mark Mallory
Representative Sam Britton
Akiva Freeman, President, Hamilton County Young Democrats
Don Daiker, Butler County Democratic Chair
Priscilla O'Donnell, Clermont County Democratic Chair
Chris Gorman, Congressional Candidate, Louisville, Kentucky

September 16, 1996 (3:07 pm)

Thursday, September 17, 1998

12:55 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Greater Cincinnati/Northern Kentucky
Regional International Airport via motorcade en route Private Residence
[drive time: 30 minutes]

1:25 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Private Residence

Greeter: Stan Chesley
 Dick Lawrence

1:30 pm- **MIX AND MINGLE**
1:50 pm **FOYER**
Private Residence
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg
CLOSED PRESS

Note: Candid photos will be taken with 50 guests in attendance.

1:55 pm **THE PRESIDENT** proceeds to Living Room

1:55 pm- **DCCC LUNCH**
2:45 pm **LIVING ROOM**
Private Residence
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg
PRINT REPORTER (REMARKS ONLY)

Note: There will be 50 guests in attendance.

-- The President proceeds to his seat and lunch is served.

-- Stan Chesley makes brief welcoming remarks and introduces the
President.

-- The President makes remarks and departs.

2:45 pm- **POLICE/DRIVER PHOTOGRAPHS**
2:50 pm **DRIVEWAY**

2:55 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Private Residence via motorcade en route site
TBD
[drive time: 20 minutes]

3:15 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Site TBD

3:15 pm- **DOWN**
4:00 pm

September 16, 1998 (8:07 pm)

Thursday, September 17, 1998

4:05 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Site TBD via motorcade en route Greater Cincinnati/Northern Kentucky Regional International Airport
[drive time: 25 minutes]

4:30 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Greater Cincinnati/Northern Kentucky Regional International Airport

4:45 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Greater Cincinnati/Northern Kentucky Regional International Airport via Air Force One en route Logan International Airport, Boston, Massachusetts
[flight time: 1 hour, 45 minutes]

6:30 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Logan International Airport, Boston

Greeters: Attorney General Scott Harshbarger
 State Senator Warren Tolman
 Auditor Joseph DeNucci
 Barbara DeNucci
 Mayor Mike Cupuano
 Michael Whouley
 Charlie Baker
 Joan Menard
 Mayor Thomas Menino

6:45 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Logan International Airport via motorcade en route Private Residence
[drive time: 15 minutes]

7:00 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Private Residence

Greeters: Jack Manning
 Lyle Manning

7:05 pm- **UNITY MIX AND MINGLE**
7:40 pm **LIVING ROOM**
 Private Residence
 Staff Contact: Craig Smith
 Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg
 CLOSED PRESS

Note: Candid photos will be taken with 60 guests in attendance.

7:45 pm **THE PRESIDENT** and the Vice President depart Private Residence via joint motorcade en route Park Plaza Hotel
[drive time: 5 minutes]

September 16, 1998 (3:37 pm)

Thursday, September 17, 1998

7:50 pm THE PRESIDENT and the Vice President arrive Park Plaza Hotel

Greeters: Donald Saunders, Owner, Park Plaza Hotel
Bill Feathers, General Manager, Park Plaza Hotel

7:55 pm PHOTO RECEIVING LINE
8:30 pm STANBRO ROOM

Park Plaza Hotel
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg

Note: There will be 100 guests in attendance (50 photos).

8:30 pm POLICE/DRIVER PHOTOGRAPHS
8:35 pm PLAZA BALLROOM
Park Plaza Hotel

8:35 pm UNITY DINNER
9:35 pm IMPERIAL BALLROOM
Park Plaza Hotel
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg
OPEN PRESS (REMARKS ONLY)

Note: There will be 500 guests in attendance.

- The President and the Vice President are on-stage announced by Alan Solomont into dinner room and proceed to seats at separate head tables.
- Dinner is served.
- Steve Grossman, Chairman, Democratic National Committee, makes brief welcoming remarks and introduces Representative Richard Gephardt.
- Representative Richard Gephardt makes brief remarks and introduces Senator Ted Kennedy.
- Senator Ted Kennedy makes brief remarks and introduces Senator Thomas Daschle.
- Senator Thomas Daschle makes brief remarks and introduces the Vice President.
- The Vice President makes brief remarks and introduces the President.
- The President makes remarks, works a ropeline and departs.

Thursday, September 17, 1998

9:40	pm	THE PRESIDENT departs Park Plaza Hotel via motorcade en route Logan International Airport, Boston, Massachusetts [drive time: 15 minutes]
9:55	pm	THE PRESIDENT arrives Logan International Airport
10:15	pm	THE PRESIDENT departs Logan International Airport via Air Force One en route Andrews Air Force Base [flight time: 1 hour, 15 minutes]
11:30	pm	THE PRESIDENT arrives Andrews Air Force Base
11:45	pm	THE PRESIDENT departs Andrews Air Force Base via Marine One en route the Reflecting Pool [flight time: 10 minutes]
11:55	pm	THE PRESIDENT arrives the Reflecting Pool
12:05	am	THE PRESIDENT departs the Reflecting Pool via motorcade en route The White House [drive time: 5 minutes]
12:10	am	THE PRESIDENT arrives The White House
BC/HRC RON		THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON, D.C.

September 16, 1998 (8:07 pm)

A

1998 SEP 17 14:42

**Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee (DCCC)
Speakers' Trust Luncheon
Honoring President Bill Clinton**

Date: September 17, 1998
Venue: Home of Stan Chesley
2930 Belkay Lane, Cincinnati, OH
Time: 1:25 pm - 2:45 pm

I. Purpose

The purpose of this DCCC Speaker's Trust Event is to raise funds for the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee (DCCC). The funds will be used to support Democratic candidates for Congress in Cincinnati, northern Kentucky, and south-eastern Indiana for the 1998 elections.

II. Background

The DCCC Speakers' Trust was established to raise funds nationally to support Democratic candidates for Congress. The event hosts, Stan Chesley and Dick Lawrence, have been active supporters of the Administration, the Democratic Party, and various Democratic causes for a number of years. The guests have contributed \$10,000 per couple to the DCCC to support Democratic candidates for Congress.

III. Participants

Please see attached guest list.

IV. Press Plan

2 print reporters (national & local) will be in the room during remarks. Additionally, your remarks will be fed to the WH Press Pool.

V. Sequence

1:25pm

- * You arrive
- * You are greeted by Stan Chesley and Dick Lawrence.
- * You proceed to a mix and mingle reception with approximately 35-40 guests.
- * You proceed to the head table for lunch.
- * Program: Stan Chesley (host)
Your remarks
- * You depart

VI. Remarks

Your remarks will be provided by speechwriting.

B

DCCC

Ack: Mayor Roxanne Qualls, Congressional Candidate OH-01 (“one of the most popular Cincinnati politicians”); Chris Gorman, Congressional Candidate KY-03 (former state AG and County Commissioner.)

• **5 ½ yrs ago: New Dir, old values:**
opp/resp/comm. Ec, Env, Edu, Welf, Cr, For.
New debate: Gov’t, sol. or problem; tools.

• **Results:** 25-Cr; 28-unempl; 29-Welf; 29-BB; 32-Infl; record homeownership. smallest govt. since Kennedy. 365,000 jobs created last month. College opp: Hope \$1,500, Pell, work-study. Child health: 5M, highest immunization Env: fewer toxic dumps; preserve land. Service: 100K, Amcorp; AmReads. FMLA: helped millions past 5 yrs

• **Times are good, but prosperity faces risks --** International economic turbulence. (30% of growth comes from expanded trade)
Must keep economic strategy going:

1. Fiscal responsibility/ save SS
2. Lead world economy/ IMF
3. Invest in our people/ Ed.

Patients Bill: extended to 75 M medicaid
Envir: 40% of rivers and lakes still polluted
CFR: McCain-Feingold

C

September 17, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Craig Smith and Orson C. Porter, Political Affairs

SUBJECT: Ohio Political Briefing

RECENT AND UPCOMING PRINCIPAL TRAVEL

YOU are attending an event for the DCCC to benefit Ohio Valley Congressional candidates at the home of Stan Chesley in Cincinnati. **YOU** attended a similar event at Mr. Chesley's home on March 10, 1998. **YOU** were last in Ohio on June 3, 1998 to address the national convention of the volunteer group City Year and to attend fundraising events for gubernatorial candidate Lee Fisher (D) in Cleveland. On August 31, 1998 the **Vice President** visited Dayton, Ohio for a lunch reception for Senate candidate Mary Boyle. On July 27, 1998, the **First Lady** attended events for Cincinnati Mayor and congressional candidate Roxanne Qualls (D-1) and Rep. Ted Strickland (D-6) in Cincinnati. That same day, the **First Lady** attended an event for Senate candidate Mary Boyle (D) in Cleveland.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION RESULTS

1992			1996		
Clinton	1,984,942	40%	Clinton	2,099,395	47%
Bush	1,894,310	38%	Dole	1,821,750	41%
Perot	1,036,426	21%	Perot	470,461	11%

POLITICAL DATA

Governor: George V. Voinovich (R) 72% in 1994 (term-limited)
Senate: John Glenn (D) 55% in 1992 (retiring)
Mike DeWine (R) 53% in 1994
U. S. House: 11R/8D
State House: 60R/39D
State Senate: 21R/12D
Electoral Votes: 21

OHIO AT A GLANCE

- ▶ 1996 estimated population was 11,173,000, making Ohio the seventh most populous state in the nation.
- ▶ 87.1% of Ohioans are white, 10.6% are African American, 1% Asian and slightly over 1% are Hispanic American.
- ▶ 13% of Ohio residents are age 65 or older.
- ▶ 56% of households are married couples. 27% are married couples with children.

- ▶ 83% of Ohioans have a high school education or more, while 39% have a college degree.
- ▶ 54% of the voting age population voted in 1996, compared to 67% in 1992.

1996 ELECTION RESULTS

Ted Strickland (D-6) took back the seat he lost in 1994, beating freshman Rep. Frank Cremeans (R) 51%-49%. Third-term Rep. Martin Hoke (R), another Democratic target, was narrowly defeated by state Senator and former Cleveland Mayor Dennis Kucinich (D), 49%-46%, for the 10th District seat. In the only other hotly contested race, Bob Ney (R) survived a challenge from former state Senator Robert Burch (D), 50%-46%. All other incumbents were safely re-elected. In the State House, Republicans picked up four more seats, increasing the majority they first won in 1994 to 60-39. Republicans also picked up two seats in the Senate and now hold a 21-12 lead over Democrats.

CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION

Sen. John Glenn (D), 4th term/55%
 Rep. Steve Chabot (R-1), 2nd term/54%
 Rep. Tony Hall (D-3), 10th term/63%
 Rep. Paul Gillmor (R-5), 5th term/61%
 Rep. David Hobson (R-7), 4th term/69%
 Rep. Marcy Kaptur (D-9), 8th term/77%
 Rep. Louis Stokes (D-11), 15th term/81%
 Rep. Sherrod Brown (D-13), 3rd term/60%
 Rep. Deborah Pryce (R-15), 3rd term/71%
 Rep. James Traficant (D-17), 7th term/91%
 Rep. Steve LaTourette (R-19), 2nd term/55%

Sen. Mike DeWine (R), 1st term/53%
 Rep. Bob Portman (R-2), 3rd term/72%
 Rep. Michael Oxley (R-4), 8th term/65%
 Rep. Ted Strickland (D-6), 2nd term/51%
 Rep. John Boehner (R-8), 4th term/70%
 Rep. Dennis Kucinich (D-10), 1st term/49%
 Rep. John Kasich (R-12), 8th term/67%
 Rep. Tom Sawyer (D-14), 6th term/54%
 Rep. Ralph Regula (R-16), 13th term/69%
 Rep. Bob Ney (R-18), 2nd term/50%

Sen. Glenn (D) sits on the Armed Services, Governmental Affairs, Select Intelligence, and Special Aging Committees. Glenn was first elected to the Senate in 1974. He is retiring at the end of his current term. This fall, he will take part in a NASA space mission.

Sen. DeWine (R) sits on the Judiciary, Labor & Human Resources, and Select Intelligence Committees. He was first elected to the Senate in 1994. Prior to the Senate, he served as Ohio's Lt. Governor from 1990-1994, and as a member of Congress from 1982-1990.

The Ohio Republicans have one of the more prominent delegations in Congress. John Kasich, the Budget Committee Chair, is among those being watched for the presidential race. John Boehner, who is House GOP Conference Chair, is declining to squelch rumors that he is eyeing the Speakership in 2002. Deborah Pryce is the House GOP Conference Secretary.

STATEWIDE ELECTED OFFICIALS

Governor George Voinovich (R)
Lieutenant Governor Nancy Hollister (R)
Secretary of State Bob Taft (R)
Attorney General Betty Montgomery (R)
Commerce Director Donna Owens (R)

State Treasurer J. Kenneth Blackwell (R)
Auditor of State Jim Petro (R)
Comm. of Insurance Harold Duryee (R)
Tax Comm. Roger Tracy (R)

STATE LEGISLATURE

Senate: 21R/12D

President Richard H. Finan (R)
Pres. Pro Tempore Robert R. Cup (R)
Majority Whip Nancy Chiles Dix (R)
Minority Leader Ben Espy (D)
Minority Whip Jeffrey Johnson (D)
Minority Whip Charleta Tavares (D)

House: 60R/39D

Speaker Jo Ann Davidson (R)
Speaker Pro Tempore William G. Batchelder (R)
Majority Floor Leader Randall Gardner (R)
Majority Whip James Buchy (R)
Minority Leader Ross Boggs (D)

State Rep. Charleta Taveres (D), who is the first African American female from Franklin County to serve in the legislature, is running for Secretary of State. Her position of Minority Whip makes Taveres the first African American female to ever hold a leadership position in the Ohio General Assembly.

1998 TARGETED OHIO VALLEY CONGRESSIONAL RACES

CD/06-TED STRICKLAND (D)

Moderate Lt. Governor Nancy Hollister (R) defeated two conservatives, former Rep. Frank Cremeans (R) and Michael Azinger (R), to win the Republican nomination. Strickland (D), who lost his seat in '94 and came back to win in it in '96, is in for another tough battle. This race is considered by many across the nation as a complete toss-up. The **First Lady** attended a DCCC reception that helped Rep. Strickland and Mayor Qualls (D) raise over \$110,000 during a recent trip to Cincinnati on July 27th. Rep. Strickland has a cash-on-hand balance of \$369,000 while Hollister reported \$115,021.

CD/01-STEVE CHABOT (R)

Cincinnati Mayor Roxanne Qualls (D) easily won the Democratic primary in the 1st Congressional District with 82% and promises to be a formidable opponent against Rep. Chabot (R). The second quarter FEC filings show that Rep. Steve Chabot (R) has a cash-on-hand balance of \$509,191, while Qualls has \$397,399. This race is considered a toss-up by many across the country.

CD/11-LOUIS STOKES (D)

Cuyahoga County prosecutor Stephanie Tubbs Jones (D) won 51% in the five-way Democratic primary. She is expected to easily win the general election for the 11th District seat to succeed Rep. Louis Stokes (D) in the next Congress.

All other Ohio congressional incumbents are likely to win reelection.

KENTUCKY**C/D/03 ANNE NORTHRUP (R)**

The latest poll conducted by Anzalone Research Group 6/27-7/3/98 showed former Kentucky Attorney General Chris Gorman (D) trailing Rep. Anne Northrup (R) 40% to 51%. Rep. Northrup has one of the largest war chests of any House Member in the country with \$958,467 cash-on-hand, while Gorman has \$185,000.

C/D/04 JIM BUNNING (R)

This open seat is being vacated by Rep. Jim Bunning (R). Conservative state Senator Gex "Jay" Williams will face former Boone County Executive Ken Lucas. Lucas has out raised Williams by a margin of 3-1. Williams recently received a badly-needed commitment of \$70,000 from the National Republican Congressional Committee. The cash-on-hand totals are \$253,000 for Lucas and Williams at \$86,000. Lucas, recently received several key endorsements from business, law enforcement and union groups.

C/D/06 SCOTTY BAESLER (D)

Rep. Scotty Baesler is seeking Senator Ford's seat. State Rep. Ernie Fletcher (R) will face state Senator Ernesto Scorsone (D) in the general election. A poll conducted by Scorsone's campaign last month had him up by 20% over Fletcher in this race. Fletcher leads Scorsone in the cash-on-hand race by a margin of 2-1.

1998 SENATE RACES

A poll conducted June 8-13 shows 50% of voters approve of Governor George Voinovich's (R) performance and 44% disapprove. Governor Voinovich leads Mary Boyle (D) by a margin of 46%-34%, with 20% undecided. Boyle has significantly closed the gap in this race.

Mary Boyle has made improving public education her core campaign issue. She holds on to the belief that the education system can be reformed by hiring more teachers, reducing classroom sizes, and raising academic performance standards. Boyle also wants to make a college education more accessible and affordable.

On managed health care, she wants organizations to be accountable for their actions and doctors, not "insurance company bureaucrats," to make treatment decisions. She believes the federal budget surplus should be primarily used to protect Social Security.

On August 25, the Boyle Campaign kicked off a two-week statewide tour aboard a yellow school bus to demonstrate her commitment to improving Ohio's schools. The Boyle campaign issued a press release stating that under the leadership of Gov. George Voinovich, Ohio's schools are crumbling and dropout rates have soared.

On August 31, The **Vice President** held a town hall meeting with Boyle in Dayton, Ohio on improving elementary education, and then attended a fundrasier at the Akron Convention Center for the candidate. On July 27, The **First Lady** helped Boyle raise over \$125,000 during her trip to Cleveland for the DSCC.

GUBERNATORIAL RACE

Former attorney general Lee Fisher's (D) only Democratic opponent for governor, Toledo businessman Bruce Douglas, withdrew from the race prior to the primary date. Fisher's general election opponent, Secretary of State Bob Taft (R), was unopposed for his party's nomination as well. A Mellman Group poll conducted June 8-13 shows Fisher trailing Taft by a narrow margin of 38% to 39%. Polls conducted by the Fisher camp in early July show him trailing Taft by six points. But there is speculation that Taft's lead may be in the double digits by now.

Lee Fisher received more than \$1.8 million from 1,700 contributors, according to campaign finance reports of statewide candidates. On July 28, the Ohio Democratic party gave \$515,000 to his campaign. Fisher has out raised his opponent lately, between June 10 and August 4 Fisher raised \$1.8 million while Taft raised \$787,523.

Fisher recently outlined new initiatives to expand his Patients' Bill of Rights. Under Fisher's plan, managed care companies must make patients, not profits, a top priority. The initiatives include proposals to lower health care costs, improve quality of care and improve choice for patients. The initiatives will help in cracking down on health care fraud and expanding the Children's Health Insurance Program.

Lee Fisher's running mate, Michael Coleman, has been a member of the Columbus City Council since 1992 and was overwhelmingly elected Council President in January 1997. Fisher praises Coleman for being a problem solver and a consensus builder. As chair of the Finance Committee, Coleman cut the budget of the City of Columbus by \$1 million dollars, even though funding was still used for additional public safety programs. In addition, Coleman is responsible for the creation of the Columbus Urban Growth Corporation, to spark economic development opportunities and job creation.

OHIO DEMOCRATIC PARTY

David Leland was unanimously reelected chair of the Ohio Democratic Party on May 30, 1998. Leland has done an outstanding job speaking to the press and keeping party officials on message.

On July 25, almost 700 Ohio Democrats came together to attend the **Victory '98 Rally**. Tremendous support was given to the Party's Team '98 statewide candidates. U.S. House of Representatives Democratic Leader Richard Gephardt was scheduled to headline the event, but remained in Washington after the murders that took place at the Capitol. However, Gephardt did express support for the candidates by sending a message via phone.

The Ohio Democratic Party held its State Convention on August 29 in Cleveland. The Keynote speaker was Reverend Jesse Jackson, who's theme was "Leave No American Behind." The highlight of the convention was the Party's tribute to retiring U.S. Representative Louis Stokes. **YOU** and the Vice President sent a letter honoring his service and dedication to his nation. The Party sent **YOU** a letter dated August 19 offering **YOU** to also speak and attend the convention.

HOT ISSUES

Anti-Drug Address

Rep. Rob Portman (R-02) refused an invitation to attend **YOUR** September 12, 1998 radio address on anti-drug issues and blasted the administration for its lack of leadership on drug matters. Rep. Portman received a invitation because of his development of the Drug Free Communities Act that Congress passed in 1997. The program was designed to redirect up to \$10 million in federal drug monies to help community organizations nationwide in their anti-drug efforts. On September 13, the *Cincinnati Enquirer* quoted Rep. Portman as saying "the \$10 million in direct assistance to community and anti-drug organizations has been held up due to foot dragging by the White House."

Trafficant Surprise

On August 28, U.S. Rep. James Traficant (D-17) caught Democratic Party leaders by surprise when he endorsed Mayor Qualls opponent Republican Steve Chabot on a radio talk show. "I've got nothing against this woman. I don't know this woman. I guess she's OK. But Steve is a great congressman, and I'm glad he's my friend," said Rep. Traficant.

Prison Issue

Senate candidate Gov. George Voinovich (R) wanted the Northeast Ohio Correctional Center in Youngstown to be shut down after the recent escape of six prisoners, but has been advised that the state has no clear cut legal path to shut down the facility. His opponent Mary Boyle (D) wants all dangerous felons removed and the facility downsized. Gubernatorial candidate Lee Fisher (D) was the first to ask that the facility be shut down. His opponent, gubernatorial candidate and a private prison supporter Bob Taft, says it is too early to decide whether or not the prison should be closed. Since opening 14 months ago, two inmates have been murdered and 14 stabbed at the controversial prison.

D



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

September 15, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: KATHLEEN A. MCGINTY

WPM for KAM

SUBJECT: OHIO ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

Clean Air

Next week EPA will issue a final rule to reduce Nitrogen Oxide (NOx) emissions in the Eastern and Midwestern U.S. The rulemaking would implement the recommendations of the 37-state Ozone Transport Assessment Group (OTAG) and require 22 states to design plans to reduce their NOx emissions. Midwestern states face tougher standards because air pollution transported from the Midwest prevents Northeastern states from meeting their clean air requirements. The rulemaking was open to public comment, and EPA has conducted a thorough and fair review of all comments as part of the process of determining the final rule.

If asked, you should not comment on the specifics of the proposal since this is a pending rulemaking, but you should say that this rule that was proposed by the states with significant public input, and that the Administration intends to implement the final rule in the most flexible, cost-effective way.

Cuyahoga River

On July 30, you designated the Cuyahoga River as an American Heritage River. As you recall, the river was not recommended by the Advisory Committee, but you chose to designate it because of its unique role in the history of the environmental movement. The Cleveland Remedial Action team nominated the Cuyahoga and Governor Voinovich, Mayor White, Senators Glenn and DeWine, and Representatives Brown, Kucinich, LaTourette, and Stokes supported the nomination. The focus of the designation will be on revitalizing Cleveland's urban waterfront.

E

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 14, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: THURGOOD MARSHALL, JR. *JPM for TM*
JON P. JENNINGS *JPJ*

SUBJECT: HOT ISSUES--CINCINNATI, OHIO

Air Quality: EPA has identified OH, among many states, as causing significant air pollution problems in downwind states. EPA proposed a rule on October 10 requiring states that contribute significantly to ozone problems in other states to reduce their air pollution emissions. Under the proposed rule, OH will have to implement air pollution controls on major sources such as power plants beginning in 2002, to achieve a 40 percent reduction in ozone-forming emissions. Governor Voinovich and five other Midwestern and Southern governors strongly oppose EPA's proposal. On June 25, in a letter to you, the six governors submitted their own proposal that would phase in smaller reductions in ozone-forming emissions than mandated under EPA's proposal. EPA expects to issue the final rule on September 21. (EPA)

Voucher Program Challenged: The OH Supreme Court will consider the constitutionality of Cleveland's private and religious school voucher program in late September. The State Court of Appeals ruled in 1997 that the program violates both the Establishment Clause of the U.S. Constitution and separation of church and state provisions in the OH constitution. (DOEd)

School Funding Case: A state judge held hearings in late August to determine the adequacy of the OH legislature's efforts to comply with a state Supreme Court ruling that OH's school-funding system failed to provide a "thorough and efficient" education, as required by the State constitution. On May 5, OH voters overwhelmingly rejected a proposed sales tax increase that was a major element in the state's effort to comply with the court's ruling. On August 28, the OH Superintendent of Public Instruction testified that the legislature's plan would not provide adequate assistance to poor school districts. (DOEd)

Cincinnati Air Quality: In February 1997, EPA proposed to disapprove OH's request to designate the Cincinnati area as meeting the old air quality standard for ozone (smog) because a violation occurred in 1995. The proposed disapproval has not been finalized and, in preparation for implementing the new, more stringent standard, EPA plans to revoke the old standard by spring 1999. By doing so, EPA would allow Cincinnati to focus on achieving the updated, and more stringent, air quality standard for ozone. EPA's decision to revoke the old standard is contingent upon Cincinnati continuing to achieve clean air (no violations have been recorded since the one in 1995). (EPA)

F

PRESIDENT CLINTON AND VICE PRESIDENT GORE'S ACCOMPLISHMENTS: *OHIO*

EXPANDING ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL

- **Unemployment Down to 4.6%:** The unemployment rate in Ohio has declined from 7.0% to 4.6% since 1993.
- **544,100 New Jobs:** 544,100 new jobs have been created in Ohio since 1993 -- an average of 98,927 per year, compared to an average of 27,025 jobs per year during the previous administration.
- **507,100 New Private Sector Jobs:** Since 1993, 507,100 new private sector jobs have been created -- an average of 92,200 jobs per year, compared to an average of just 18,175 private sector jobs per year in the previous administration.
- **35,600 New Manufacturing Jobs (As of 6/93):** 35,600 manufacturing jobs have been created in Ohio since 1993 -- an average of 6,572 jobs per year. In contrast, an average of 19,425 manufacturing jobs were *lost* each year during the previous administration.
- **49,200 New Construction Jobs:** 49,200 construction jobs have been created in Ohio since 1993 -- an average of 8,945 jobs per year. In contrast, an average of 1,750 construction jobs were *lost* each year during the previous administration.
- **441,000 Have Received a Raise:** Approximately 192,000 Ohio workers benefited from an increase in the minimum wage -- from \$4.25 to \$4.75 -- on October 1, 1996. They, along with about 249,000 more received an additional raise -- from \$4.75 to \$5.15 -- on September 1, 1997.
- **Business Failures Down to 1.4% Per Year:** Business failures have dropped an to average of 1.4% per year since 1993, after increasing 16.5% per year during the previous 12 years.
- **New Business Incorporations Up 0.9%:** New business incorporations in Ohio have increased 0.9% per year since 1993, after *decreasing* 0.3% per year during the previous administration.
- **A \$500 Child Tax Credit to Help Families Raising Children:** To help make it easier for families to raise their children, the balanced budget includes a \$500 per-child tax credit for children under 17. **Thanks to President Clinton, the Balanced Budget delivers a child tax credit to 1,148,000 families in Ohio.**
- **Highest Home Ownership Ever for Ohio:** Home ownership in Ohio has increased from 68.3% to 70.9% since the first quarter of 1993 and is now the highest on record.
- **Home Building Up 2.0%:** Home building has increased by an average of 2.0% per year since 1993, after falling over 1.4% per year during the previous four years.
- **2.8% Growth in Personal Income:** Personal income in Ohio has risen at an annual rate of 2.8% since 1993, compared to an average growth of just 0.9% per year during the previous administration.
- **11.7% Growth in Total Bank Loans and Leases:** Ohio has seen a 11.7% average growth in total bank loans and leases per year since 1993, after increasing only 1.3% per year during the previous administration.
- **10.9% Growth in Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases:** Since 1993, Ohio has experienced a 10.9% annual growth rate in commercial and industrial loans and leases. In contrast, commercial and industrial loans and leases fell over 5.4% per year during the previous administration.
- **Over \$25,000 of Reduced Federal Debt for Every Family of Four:** The national debt will \$1.7 trillion lower in fiscal year 1999 than projected in 1993 -- that's \$25,000 less debt for each family of four in Ohio next year.

EXPANDING ACCESS TO EDUCATION

- **Over \$170 Million in Head Start Funding:** In FY97, Ohio received \$155.4 million in Head Start funding benefitting nearly 35,000 children. This year, Ohio will receive over \$170 million, an increase of \$14.7 million over 1997. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal will increase Head Start funding for Ohio's children by an additional \$12 million.
- **\$18.5 Million in Goals 2000 Funding:** This year [FY98], Ohio receives \$18.5 million in Goals 2000 funding. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposes to increase Goals 2000 funding by an additional \$500,000. This money is used to raise academic achievement by raising academic standards, increasing parental and community involvement in education, expanding the use of computers and technology in classrooms, and supporting high-quality teacher professional development.

- **\$16.7 Million for Technology Literacy:** This year [FY98], Ohio receives \$16.7 million for the Technology Literacy Challenge Fund which helps communities and the private sector ensure that every student is equipped with the computer literacy skills needed for the 21st century. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal will raise funding for technology literacy by nearly \$2 million over FY98.
- **\$299.3 Million for Students Most in Need:** Ohio will receive \$299.3 million in Title I grants providing extra help in the basics for students most in need, particularly communities and schools with high concentrations of children in low-income families [FY98]. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposes to increase funding for Title I Grants by \$5.8 million to aid Ohio's students.
- **\$256.4 Million in Pell Grants:** This year [FY98], Ohio will receive \$256.4 million in Pell Grants for low-income students going to college, an additional \$49.8 million over last year. With this increase, a total of 144,000 Ohio students will benefit, 8,300 more than the previous year. And President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal increases Pell Grant funding to \$265 million.
- **Nearly 3,000 Have Served in Ohio through AmeriCorps:** Since the National Service program began in 1993, nearly 3,000 AmeriCorps participants, working in 189 different programs, have earned money for college while working in Ohio's schools, hospitals, neighborhoods or parks. [through 3/98]
- **Tuition Tax Credits in Balanced Budget Open the Doors of College and Promote Lifelong Learning:** The balanced budget includes both President Clinton's \$1,500 HOPE Scholarship to help make the first two years of college as universal as a high school diploma and a Lifetime Learning Tax Credit for college juniors, seniors, graduate students and working Americans pursuing lifelong learning to upgrade their skills. This 20% tax credit will be applied to the first \$5,000 of tuition and fees through 2002 and to the first \$10,000 thereafter. **222,000 students in Ohio will receive a HOPE Scholarship tax credit of up to \$1,500. 271,000 students in Ohio will receive the Lifetime Learning Tax Credit.**

FIGHTING CRIME AND VIOLENCE

- **Crime Falls 3% in Ohio:** Since 1992, serious crime has fallen 3% statewide. In Ohio's cities, between 1992 and 1997, serious crime has declined 13% in Cleveland, 16% in Dayton and 6% in Toledo. Notably, murder has declined 51% in Cleveland, 40% in Dayton and 42% in Toledo. [1996 and preliminary 1997 Uniform Crime Report data, FBI]
- **2,519 More Police:** The President's 1994 Crime Bill has funded 2,519 new police officers to date in communities across Ohio. [through 8/98]
- **Cleveland Will Receive Targeted Funding to Hire More Community Police:** Cleveland was recently selected as a pilot city for the President's new effort to target high crime neighborhoods. The pilot program will provide full funding for new officers by waiving the usual matching requirements. Cleveland will deploy new officers to help meet the unique needs of its community, such as combating gangs or targeting drug "hot spots."
- **Reducing Crime with Drug Courts:** Working to reduce drug-related crime in Ohio, the Clinton Administration has recently awarded Drug Court grants to the communities of Cleveland, Dayton, Lancaster, Mansfield, Toledo and Youngstown. The Administration had previously awarded grants to a number of Ohio communities including: Akron, Chillicothe, St. Clairsville, Unrichville, Batavia, Canton, Columbus, Hamilton, Sandusky and Warren. Drug courts use the coercive power of the criminal justice system to combine drug testing, sanctions, supervision and treatment to push nonviolent, drug-abusing offenders to stop using drugs and committing crimes.
- **Nearly \$5 Million to Combat Domestic Violence:** Through the Violence Against Women Act, Ohio receives \$4,996,000 in federal funds this year [FY98] to establish more women's shelters and bolster law enforcement, prosecution, and victims' services.
- **\$2,387,143 in Grants for Battered Women and Children:** This year [FY98], Ohio will receive \$2,387,143 in HHS's Family Violence Prevention Program grants to assist women and children fleeing domestic abuse, an additional \$412,000 increase over last year. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal increases HHS's Family Violence Prevention Program grants to over \$2.4 million.
- **\$20.8 Million to Keep Drugs & Violence Out of Ohio's Schools:** Ohio receives \$20.8 million in FY98 for the Safe & Drug Free Schools Program, which invests in school security and drug prevention programs.

MOVING OHIOANS FROM WELFARE TO WORK

- **378,637 Fewer People on Welfare:** There are 378,637 fewer people on welfare in Ohio now than there were at the beginning of 1993 -- a decrease of 53 percent. [through 6/98]
- **Child Support Collections Up 46%:** Child support collections have increased by \$306 million -- or 46% -- in Ohio since FY92. [through FY96]
- **Breaking the Cycle of Dependency -- Preventing Teen Pregnancy in Ohio:** Since 1993, President Clinton has supported innovative and promising teen pregnancy prevention strategies, with significant components of his strategy becoming law in the 1996 Personal Responsibility Act. The law requires unmarried minor parents to stay in school and live at home or in a supervised setting; encourages "second chance homes" to provide teen parents with the skills and support they need; and provides \$50 million a year in new funding for state abstinence education activities. Efforts are making a difference, adolescent pregnancy rates for teens aged 15-19 decreased between 1992 and 1995 and fewer teenagers gave birth from 1991 to 1996. Teen abortion rates are also declining. **Notably, between 1992 and 1995, teen pregnancy rates declined 5.4 percent in Ohio.**
- **Ohio Receives \$44.6 Million in Welfare-to-Work Grants:** In FY98, Ohio is eligible to receive \$44.6 million in welfare-to-work state formula grants, helping Ohio prepare welfare recipients for work and to place them in jobs. Part of the President's comprehensive efforts to move recipients from welfare to work, this funding is included in the \$3 billion Welfare-to-Work Jobs Challenge Fund signed into law in the 1997 balanced budget.

INVESTING IN OHIO'S HEALTH

- **Health Care for Uninsured Children:** The balanced budget includes the largest single investment in health care for children since the passage of Medicaid in 1965 -- an unprecedented \$24 billion over five years to cover as many as five million children throughout the nation. This investment guarantees the full range of benefits -- from checkups to surgery -- that children need to grow up strong and healthy. It ensures that prescription drugs, vision, hearing, and mental health coverage now offered at the state level are extended to millions of uninsured children. **To expand health coverage to more uninsured children in Ohio the balanced budget provides \$115.7 million in 1998.** This compares to the 1995 Republican plan vetoed by President Clinton that would have denied health care coverage to 147,300 children in Ohio.
- **Helping Ohio Women and Children with WIC:** The Clinton Administration is committed to full funding in the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC). Last year, in Ohio, 6,729 more women and children in need received health and food assistance than in 1994.
- **More Toddlers Are Being Immunized:** As a result of the President's 1993 Childhood Immunization Initiative, childhood immunization rates have reached an historic high. According to the CDC, 90% or more of America's toddlers in 1996 received the most critical doses of each of the routinely recommended vaccines -- surpassing the President's 1993 goal. In Ohio in 1996, 96% of two-year olds received the vaccines for diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis; 91% received the vaccine for polio; 93% received the vaccine for measles, and 93% received the vaccine for *Haemophilus influenzae* B, the bacteria causing a form of meningitis.
- **Increased Funding for HIV/AIDS Programs by 222%:** In FY97, Ohio communities received \$10.4 million in Ryan White formula and other HIV/AIDS program funds, a 222% increase over FY93 levels. This funding provides people living with HIV and AIDS medical and support services, including the AIDS Drug Assistance Program which helps those without insurance obtain much needed prescription drugs. [HHS, Health Resources and Services Administration, 4/98]
- **President's Tobacco Plan Will Cut Smoking and Premature Deaths by 46% in Ohio:** If the Clinton Administration's tobacco proposal on youth smoking is enacted, by 2003, Ohio will see a 46% cut in youth smoking and resulting premature deaths. Over the next five years, 172,000 youth of Ohio will be kept from smoking and 57,000 will be spared a premature tobacco-related death. [Treasury Dept., 3/23/98]
- **5,960,000 Americans in Ohio Cannot Be Assured They Have Patient Protections.** Even if Ohio enacted all the protections in the Patients' Bill of Rights, 5,960,000 people in Ohio cannot be assured they have the comprehensive patient protections recommended by the President's Advisory Commission. This is because the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) may preempt state-enacted protections. That is why the President has called on Congress to pass a federally enforceable patients' bill of rights so that everyone enrolled

in managed care may have a basic set of protections. Notably, 2,940,000 Ohio women are in ERISA health plans and are therefore not necessarily protected. Women are particularly vulnerable without these protections because they are greater users of health care services, they make three-quarters of the health care decisions for their families, and they have specific health care needs addressed by a patients' bill of rights.

PROTECTING THE ENVIRONMENT

- ***10 Toxic Waste Sites Cleaned Up:*** Since 1993, the EPA has completed 10 Superfund toxic waste clean-ups in Ohio. The sites are located in Hannibal, Gnadenhutten, Kingsville, Coshocton, Ironton, Jefferson, Deerfield, Minerva, Zanesville, and Troy [through 8/98]. Only 6 sites were cleaned up during the previous twelve years combined.
- ***Revitalizing Brownfields Projects in Ohio:*** As part of the Clinton-Gore Administration's efforts to clean up Brownfields, the EPA has awarded grants to communities in Ohio -- Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, Dayton, Hamilton, Springfield, Toledo, Lima, Southern Ohio Port Authority, Cuyahoga County (Cleveland), and Youngstown, Campbell and Struthers -- for economic revitalization. These projects are intended to jump-start local clean-up efforts by providing funds to return unproductive, abandoned, contaminated urban properties to productive use.

SPEARHEADING URBAN RENEWAL EFFORTS

- ***\$180 Million to Cleveland:*** Cleveland was designated an Enterprise Community in December, 1994, and was awarded \$3 million to create more jobs, housing, and economic opportunity for city residents. It was later declared a Supplemental Empowerment Zone, and was awarded \$177 million for similar efforts.
- ***\$9 Million to Other Communities Across Ohio:*** Additionally, Akron, Columbus, and Greater Portsmouth were all designated Enterprise Communities, and were awarded \$3 million to create economic opportunity for area residents.
- ***Expanding the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Will Help Develop 6,400 To 7,700 New Affordable Housing Units in Ohio Over the Next 5 years:*** In January, the Vice-President announced the Clinton-Gore Administration's proposed 40-percent expansion of the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit. If enacted, it will mean an additional 6,400 - 7,700 quality rental housing units for low-income American families in Ohio during the next five years.

EXPANDING FUNDS FOR TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT

- ***Nearly \$3.2 Billion in Federal Highway Aid:*** Since 1993, Ohio has received \$3.19 billion in federal highway aid. These funds have helped generate nearly 134,500 jobs. [through FY97]
- ***Over \$4.6 Million in Aviation Funds:*** From FY93-FY97 Ohio received \$4,624,000 in AIP funds to help build and renovate airports, and, when necessary, to provide funds for noise abatement to improve the quality of life for residents who live near airports.
- ***\$589 Million in Transit Funds:*** Ohio has received a total of \$589 million in FTA funds since 1993.

G

Unity '98
Boston Unity '98 Reception

Date:	Thursday, September 17, 1998
Location:	Home of Jack Manning 81 Beacon Street Boston, MA
Time:	7:00 PM POTUS Arrival Time
From:	Don Erbach, Unity '98

I. Purpose

The purpose of this event is to raise funds for the Unity '98 project.

II. Background

The guests at this event have written a minimum of \$25,000 per couple to attend this event.

III. Participants

List of participants to be provided.

60 guests are expected to attend the reception. Please see the attached guest list.

IV. Press Plan

This event is closed press.

V. Sequence of Events

- **YOU** arrive at 7:00 PM
- **YOU** are greeted by the Vice President, Jack Manning and Lyle Howland.
- **YOU** proceed to reception.
- **YOU** will meet and greet with 60 guests.
 - **YOU** depart en route to next event.

VI. Remarks

You do not deliver formal remarks at this event.

VII. Attachments

- Guest List
- VIP Participants

H

Unity '98
Boston Unity '98 Dinner

Date: Thursday, September 17, 1998
Location: Boston Park Plaza Hotel
64 Arlington Street
Boston, MA
Time: 7:55 PM POTUS Arrival Time
From: Don Erbach, Unity '98

I. Purpose

The purpose of this event is to raise funds for the Unity '98 project.

II. Background

The guests at this event have written/raised a minimum of \$1,000 to attend this event.

III. Participants

List of participants to be provided.

Approximately 500 guests are expected to attend the dinner.

IV. Press Plan

This event is open to the White House pool for remarks only.

V. Sequence of Events

- **YOU** arrive at 7:55 PM.
- **YOU** are greeted TBD.
- **YOU** proceed photo receiving line with 100 guests (60 photos).
- **YOU** proceed to dinner with 500 guests.
- **YOU** are announced into the room.
- **YOU** proceed directly to your table. You will remain seated until you are introduced to speak.
- **Program**
 - Chairman Grossman gives brief remarks and introduces Congressman Gephardt
 - Congressman Gephardt gives brief remarks and introduces Senator Kennedy
 - Senator Kennedy gives brief remarks and introduces Senator Daschle.

- Senator Daschle gives brief remarks and introduces the Vice President.
- The Vice President gives remarks and introduces **YOU**
- **YOU** give remarks.
- **YOU** work ropeline and depart.

VI. Remarks

Remarks to be provided by speechwriting.

VII. Attachments

- Guest List for Photo Receiving Line
- Table Diagram
- Table Guest List
- VIP Participants

Ack: tk

• **5 ½ yrs ago: New Dir, old values:**
opp/resp/comm. Ec, Env, Edu, Welf, Cr, For.
New debate: Gov't, sol. or problem; tools.

• **Results:** 16.7 M new jobs; 25-Cr; 28-unempl; 29-Welf; 29-BB; 32-Infl; record homeownership. smallest govt. since Kennedy. 365,000 jobs created last month.
College opp: Hope \$1,500, Pell, work-study.
Child health: 5M, highest immunization Env: fewer toxic dumps; preserve land.
Service: 100K, Amcorp; AmReads. FMLA: helped millions past 5 years.

• **Times are good, but prosperity faces risks --** International economic turbulence. (30% of growth comes from expanded trade)
Must keep economic strategy going:

1. Fiscal responsibility/ save SS
2. Lead world economy/ IMF
3. Invest in our people/ Ed.

Health: 160 M in managed care plans
Today extended **patients bill to 75 M** Medicaid recipients.

Envir: 40% of rivers and lakes still polluted
CFR: McCain-Feingold

J

September 17, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT

FROM: Craig Smith and Chris Lavery

RE: Massachusetts Political Briefing

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION RESULTS

1992

Clinton/Gore	1,318,639	48%
Bush/Quayle	805,039	29%
Perot/Stockdale	630,731	22%

1996

Clinton/Gore	1,567,223	62%
Dole/Kemp	717,622	28%
Perot/Choate	225,594	9%

MOST RECENT PRINCIPAL TRAVEL

YOU were in Worcester, Massachusetts for a COPS event on August 28.

YOU were the keynote speaker for the commencement ceremony at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology on June 5, 1998.

YOU attended a DNC dinner in Boston on May 9, 1998.

The First Lady attended a fundraiser for Rep. John Tierney (D), a public event for Rep. Jim McGovern (D), and the Harvard Medical School commencement on June 4, 1998.

The First Lady attended a fundraiser for Rep. Marty Meehan (D) on May 1, 1998, in Boston.

Political Data

Governor:	Paul Cellucci (R)
U.S. Senate:	Edward Kennedy (D) (58% in 1994)
	John Kerry (D) (52% in 1996)
U.S. House:	10 Democrats
State House:	134D/25R/1I
State Senate:	36 D/6 R
Electoral Votes:	12

State Constitutional Officers and Legislative Leaders

Governor:	Paul Cellucci (R)
Lt. Governor:	(Vacant until '98)
Attorney General:	Scott Harshbarger (D)
Secretary of State:	William Francis Galvin (D)
State Treasurer:	Joe Malone (R)
State Auditor:	A. Joseph DeNucci (D)
Speaker of the House:	Thomas Finneran (D)
President of the Senate:	Thomas Birmingham (D)

Congressional Delegation

Senator Edward Kennedy (D)
Rep. John Olver (D-01)
Rep. Jim McGovern (D-03)
Rep. Marty Meehan (D-05)
Rep. Ed Markey (D-07)
Rep. Joe Moakley (D-09)

Senator John Kerry (D)
Rep. Richard Neal (D-02)
Rep. Barney Frank (D-04)
Rep. John Tierney (D-06)
Rep. Joseph Kennedy II (D-08)
Rep. William Delahunt (D-10)

Massachusetts At A Glance

- In 1994, the estimated population of the state of Massachusetts was 6.04 million.
- 82.2% of Massachusetts residents are White; 14.5% are African-American; 3.3% are Asian.
- The median age in Massachusetts is 33.6 years, 13.5% of the population is 65 or older.
- The per capita income of Massachusetts is \$17,224 and the median income is \$36,952.
- 79.9% of Massachusetts residents have a high school degree or above and 42.9% have a college degree.
- 56% of the Voting Age Population (VAP) in Massachusetts voted in the 1996 elections, compared to 61% of the VAP in 1992.
- The unemployment rate in Massachusetts has declined from 7.5% to 3.3% since 1993.
- 367,900 new jobs have been created in Massachusetts since 1993--an average of 72,374 jobs per year.
- Approximately 91,000 Massachusetts workers benefited from an increase in the minimum wage--from \$4.25 to \$4.75--on October 1, 1996.
- Since 1992, serious crime has fallen 21% in Boston and 22% statewide.
- **YOUR** Crime Bill has funded 2,409 new police officers to date in communities across Massachusetts.
- There are 137,643 fewer people on welfare in Massachusetts now than there were at the beginning of 1993--a 41% decrease through September 1997.
- Since 1993, Massachusetts has received \$4.18 billion in federal highway aid. These funds have helped generate over 176,000 jobs through Fiscal Year 1997.

1998 GUBERNATORIAL RACE

Early in 1997, it appeared the Massachusetts governor's race would be a "clash of the titans" between Governor William Weld (R) and Rep. Joseph Kennedy, II (D-08). However, the soap opera-like events have radically changed the makeup of this race.

The much-publicized melee surrounding Governor Weld's ambassadorial appointment to Mexico ultimately resulted in his departure from the Massachusetts Governor's mansion. In his departure, Weld left his longtime political ally, Lt. Governor Paul Cellucci (R) to complete the remainder of his term. This was a major coup for Cellucci, who is running as a fairly popular incumbent.

Cellucci, who won the party's endorsement at the state convention with nearly 71% of the delegate support, easily won the GOP gubernatorial primary against Treasurer Joe Malone (58%

to 42% respectively) on September 15. As expected, Attorney General Scott Harshbarger (D) glided to a strong victory over opponent former state senator Patricia McGovern and former US Representative Brian J. Donnelly (D) in the Democratic gubernatorial primary. McGovern and Donnelly have both vowed to aid and support the Harshbarger campaign for the general election. Hence, the Democrats are unified in this election and determined to end the eight-year hold the Republicans have had on the governor's office.

With his state of the state speech and his budget presentation, Cellucci has been in the spotlight as he outlined his priorities and tried to put a clearer stamp on his own identity. During the annual address, his first statewide telecast, Cellucci called for initiatives in education reform and tied the state's economic future to better public schools. Specifically, he proposed the hiring of 4,000 new teachers this year, a "90-10" rule, mandating that 90 percent of new school funding go directly into the classroom to guarantee that education reforms are not wasted on administration, and a \$1.2 billion cut in the state income tax.

In March, in an attempt to shore up his conservative base, Cellucci said that he "opposes so-called partial birth abortion except to save the life of the mother" maintaining that while he has always considered abortion a "private decision that government should stay out of to the greatest extent possible" he feels that "this particular procedure goes too far." Cellucci had long been considered one of the GOP's leading champions of abortion rights and it remains to be seen how this will effect a general election race.

Despite his ascension to the governorship, Cellucci has faced some political and personal difficulties over the past year which may hinder his election. Last year, Cellucci was forced to sell his equity in his family business to pay \$70,000 in high-interest credit card debt and admitted to having loans totaling nearly \$700,000. Cellucci contends these loans stem from a mortgage on his home, but there have been rumors that he has amassed gambling debts. Cellucci also does not possess Weld's unique ability to persuade moderate independents and Democrats to vote for him.

Fortunately for Cellucci, the state's economy is strong and its coffers are flush with cash. With the exception of the death penalty, divisive social and criminal justice issues have been either settled or placed on the back burner. Cellucci has not taken sharp detours from the path set out by former Governor Weld including the emphasis both placed on overly ambitious tax cuts. The *Boston Globe* believes that Cellucci has demonstrated a belief that targeted investments can help the state prosper and he has taken prudent steps to lessen the effects of the next downward economic cycle.

Harshbarger has received recent media attention by accusing gun manufacturers of placing children's lives at risk by suing to stop handgun regulations from taking effect. He also sparred publicly with Governor Cellucci for failing to keep track of the state's \$9 billion investment in education since the Education Reform Act was passed in 1993. Nevertheless, he has alienated many in the party. Specifically, he was blasted by some for a campaign letter where he called himself the "best choice for fans" of former Governor William Weld (R). Harshbarger has also received criticism for abruptly walking out of national tobacco settlement talks on August 28 in

an apparent effort to influence his constituents or for ulterior motives. Analysts say Harshbarger's decision to abandon negotiations could have an equally serious impact nationwide, potentially unraveling multistate tobacco talks that have been going on for months.

Privately, one Congressman has advised Harshbarger that he was "the most hated guy in Democratic politics" and lawmakers agreed that they were looking for someone other than Harshbarger to support for the Democratic nomination for governor. The *Globe* states that Harshbarger "could be expected, as governor, to extend health care and quality education as well as consumer protections to all levels of society."

The focus of the general election will be on education, and the candidates have already started to engage one another on this topic. Cellucci has begun this with the proposed education reform stated above. Cellucci also calls for all teachers to be able to pass a teaching exam after it was reported that 59% of prospective teachers failed such an exam. Harshbarger opposes such an exam. In his attempt to produce still more qualified teachers, Cellucci has proposed paying new teachers a signing bonus to attract more qualified candidates. Other issues in the race will be tax cuts and the death penalty. Cellucci signed into law a \$700 million tax cut in July, but Harshbarger argues that the Governor cannot take credit for it since what was passed by the legislature does not resemble anything he proposed. Democrats also believe that Cellucci will find himself defending Weld's record as Governor.

An Opinion Dynamics poll conducted August 5-6, 1998, surveyed 800 likely voters, showed Attorney General Scott Harshbarger (D) with a slim lead over incumbent Governor Paul Cellucci (R) in the general election.

General Election Matchup

Harshbarger (D)	37%
Cellucci (R)	35%
Undecided	28%

Massachusetts voters have shown a willingness to elect Republicans, but it remains a strong Democratic state. Though Cellucci has not cemented his lead in the general election, he leads the fundraising battle with \$3,223,811 on hand compared to Harshbarger's \$1,172,686. Despite his fundraising advantage and his incumbent status, Cellucci is proving to be a weak candidate. This election promises to be very competitive.

CONGRESSIONAL RACES

Third Congressional District

Republican State Senator Matt Amorello is considered to be a "Weld Republican." Amorello is now testing the standard NRCC themes that McGovern is too liberal for the district. The Massachusetts Republican Party will begin to run ads criticizing McGovern for not bringing enough money back to the state. However, McGovern has found an unlikely ally defending him, House Transportation Chair Rep. Bud Shuster (R-PA). McGovern has \$397,847 cash on hand, while Amorello has \$118,727 cash on hand.

Sixth Congressional District

In 1994 Peter G. Torkildsen (R) narrowly defeated John F. Tierney (D). In 1996, Tierney defeated then incumbent Representative Torkildsen by just 372 votes (48.3% to 48.1%). The two men will have yet another rematch in November as Torkildsen coasted to a victory in the Republican primary September 15 against Paul McCarthy (R) despite limited finances and Tierney easily defeated his opponent in the Democratic primary the same day. Tierney has raised much more campaign funds than Torkildsen and enjoys the strong support of labor workers. In this third battle between the two men, it is Tierney who will be defending his record against expected attacks from his Republican rival.

Eighth Congressional District

Somerville Mayor Michael Capuano (D) claimed victory in the Democratic primary on September 15, defeating nine other candidates and crediting hometown strength for a convincing win. Capuano finds strength by relating to regular working people, espousing moderate views, emphasizing his working-man roots, and pointing out the strides he has made improving Somerville schools. Capuano's approach cast him as a younger, abortion-rights supporting, alternative to former Boston mayor and closest opponent Raymond L. Flynn (D). Capuano will face Phil Hyde (R) and Anthony Schinella (I) in November, but he is virtually assured victory in November as this is a safe Democratic seat.

Hot Issues

Poll shows Massachusetts Voters support the President

Support for President Clinton remains strong according to a September 14 USA Today poll taken after special prosecutor Kenneth Starr's report to Congress was released. Of those polled, 68% do not favor impeachment while 21% believe Congress should try him. Similarly, 65% were opposed to Clinton's resignation and 27% favored his taking that step. Voters by more than a 2-to-1 margin said they forgave Clinton for his actions, and 53% of voters had positive opinions of the President. However, Massachusetts voters do not believe Clinton will be able to function at the same level as he could before the allegations occurred. The First Lady is also supported by 61% of those polled while only 19% had favorable opinions of Starr. Approximately 61% felt Starr was motivated by a desire to hurt Clinton.

Central Artery (The Big Dig)

The Central Artery is an elevated, north-south freeway (I-93) through the heart of downtown Boston and is being replaced by tunnels under the existing facility. The overall project entails building or reconstructing about 7.5 miles of Interstate in the City of Boston, routing I-93 traffic through tunnels under Boston, replacing the I-93 bridge over the Charles River, and extending I-90 under the Boston Harbor through the new Ted Williams Tunnel to Boston Logan Airport. Construction began in 1991 and is scheduled to be completed in 2004. The project has been controversial, due largely to concerns over the cost, project scheduling, State financing ability, and project oversight.

At a cost of over \$1 billion per mile, it is the nation's largest and most expensive highway project. Approximately \$9.6 billion of federal and state funds have been authorized for the

project. Once Congress completes ISTEA authorization, Massachusetts will decide the mix of federal and state funding for the remaining \$1.2 billion. There are registered concerns about potential future cost increases, management consultant staffing levels, and the viability of future insurance program refunds. The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the State believe aggressive goals are needed to contain costs. There is no special funding in any of the ISTEA reauthorization bills for the Central Artery, so Massachusetts needs to decide how much of its regularly apportioned federal aid highway funds it wants to commit to the project.

Among the Massachusetts congressional delegation, members with close ties to Boston, such as Senator Ted Kennedy (D), are strong supporters. Members from western Massachusetts at times express concern that the Central Artery diverts funds from other important transportation needs, though they tend "to understand the need" for the Central Artery.

Central Artery Lawsuit

Airport Impact Relief Inc. has filed suit against the FHWA in Federal court, and against Massachusetts State transportation agencies in both Federal and State courts. AIR Inc. alleges that, in recently approving changes to a portion of the Central Artery-Tunnel project, FHWA and the state did not follow the right process and/or make the right decision as called for by the National Environmental Policy Act and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act.

Flooding

On August 24, the Department of Public Works unveiled a \$6.5 million plan intended to combat flooding in the Green Island and Quinsigamond Village areas. The plan is being done in conjunction with the \$240 million state-funded Route 146 construction project. Public works officials contend that Route 146 will not function as an effective entrance into the city if Quinsigamond Avenue and other intersecting streets are prone to major flooding. About 8,000 acres of Worcester drains into that area.

Education

At an education summit held on August 24, Governor Paul Cellucci, Board of Education chairman John R. Silber, and Board of Higher Education chairman James F. Carlin pushed ahead with proposals to raise college admissions standards and shut down failing teacher education programs. Representatives of the state's teacher education programs fought back against the recent public assault on their profession, insisting that they are not to blame for stunning failure rates on recent teacher certification tests. With educators arguing for higher salaries as a way to lure better teachers and policy makers insisting on higher standards, the meeting quickly divided into two polarities: those who bashed teachers and those who bashed the teacher test. In April, 59% of aspiring teachers failed the state's first certification test while 47% failed the second test in July. The Board of Higher Education plans to submit its proposals to Governor Cellucci by the end of September. Some proposals will require legislation, but those setting standards for shutting down teacher education programs require only the board's approval.

Guard Commander suspended over fundraising

On May 7, Governor Paul Cellucci (R) suspended the state National Guard's top commander for 30 days without pay after a campaign finance probe found guard members violated election laws

by soliciting colleagues for political donations to the governor. Cellucci said that Adjutant General Raymond Vezina must take responsibility for the violations, although the Office of Campaign and Political Finance inquiry concluded the general himself made no solicitations, and collected none of the \$18,000 contributed. The agency also found that it had no evidence Cellucci knew of the solicitations, which took place between 1995 and 1997.

Police reportedly called in sick, but worked details

Boston police officers have been calling in sick or injured on days when they work details for private companies for \$26 an hour. In the last two years, officers have said they were sick on 1,326 days on which detail assignment records showed they were working for private companies. Officers who work details on days when they call in sick are being paid for both jobs, and in other cases, officers have worked for details at the same time they are scheduled to work for the Police Department. Critics attest that requiring uniformed police officers at construction sites increases the cost of doing business in Massachusetts. While detailing is not illegal for officers, officers have been avoiding their department jobs in favor of detailing because they desire to earn more money. Dozens of officers are now earning more than \$100,000 a year because they work detail part-time, and those in law enforcement in Massachusetts support detailing because it increases the presence of police in communities while allowing officers to earn more money.

Meehan praises Cellucci

On May 1, 1998, the First Lady attended a public event for Rep. Marty Meehan (D) in Lowell, Massachusetts. At the event, Meehan introduced Governor Paul Cellucci (R) to a packed auditorium at a University of Massachusetts forum on women's issues. Meehan called Cellucci "a friend" and praised the governor for his leadership in a plan to widen Route 3, which Meehan said was a necessity for bringing more businesses to the area. Meehan's introduction caused a stir in political circles, with Democrats wondering why a Democrat would publicly embrace a Republican candidate for governor.

1996 State Election Results

Even in a state known for its powerful Democrats, 1996 was an exceptionally good year for the party. Clinton/Gore easily carried this state with 62% of the vote. The state's highest profile race was the U.S. Senatorial contest between incumbent Senator John Kerry (D) and Governor Bill Weld (R). This often-bitter race was fought tooth and nail and remained a dead heat throughout most of 1996. When the dust settled, Kerry emerged the victor with over 52% of the vote. In aggregate, more money was spent in the Kerry-Weld bout than in any other '96 Senate race.

At the Congressional level, Massachusetts Democrats swept all 10 U.S. house seats, unseating the state's only two incumbent Republicans and retaining the seat vacated by retiring Rep. Gerry Studds (D-10). Jim McGovern's (D) defeat of Rep. Peter Blute (R) 53% to 46%, in the 3rd Congressional District, a region that includes Worcester and falls River, provided the biggest upset of the House races. John Tierney (D) defeated Rep. Peter Torkildsen (R) by a much closer margin in the North Shore 6th Congressional District, winning 48.3% to 48.1%. Democrat William Delahunt carried the open 10th Congressional District (55% to 42%), which includes Cape Cod and the South Shore.

Democrats increased their significant majorities in both chambers of the State Legislature, gaining three in the State House and two in the State Senate.

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EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

September 15, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM : KATHLEEN A. MCGINTY

WPW for KAM

SUBJECT: MASSACHUSETTS ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

American Heritage Rivers

On July 30 you designated the Blackstone-Woonasquatucket as an American Heritage River. As you recall, the river was not recommended by the Advisory Committee, but you chose to designate it because of the tremendous accomplishments of its river community, which will serve as a model for others. Senator Chafee and a local community development organization spearheaded the nomination and Governor Cellucci, Senators Kennedy and Kerry, and Representatives McGovern and Neil all supported its designation. The focus of the designation will be on improving water quality, restoring historic districts, and revitalizing local economies.

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 14, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: THURGOOD MARSHALL, JR. *JPS for TM*
JON P. JENNINGS *JPS*

SUBJECT: HOT ISSUES--BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

Central Artery Lawsuit: Airport Impact Relief Inc. (AIR Inc.) has filed suit against the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) in Federal court, and against MA State transportation agencies in both Federal and State courts. AIR Inc. alleges that, in recently approving changes to a portion of the Central Artery-Tunnel project, FHWA and the State did not follow the right process and/or make the right decision as called for by the National Environmental Policy Act and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act. FHWA had considered AIR Inc.'s issues before the approval of the change, and currently even though the litigation process has started. FHWA met with an AIR Inc. representative on September 2 and the State met with another AIR Inc. representative on September 9. FHWA's position on Title XI and Environmental Justice is that there are no significant adverse effects, and the public had ample opportunity to comment through the State's change process and FHWA addressed such input. (DOT)

Central Artery: The Office of Inspector General (OIG) recently completed a report on the costs and funding for the CA/T Project. The OIG acknowledged the State's and FHWA's acceptance of the total cost figure of \$10.8 billion, but registered concerns about potential future cost increases, management consultant staffing levels, and the viability of future insurance program refunds. FHWA and the State believe aggressive goals are needed to contain costs. (DOT)

TEA-21 Funding: MA will receive an average of \$529 million per year. This yearly average includes a total of \$221 million authorized by the Surface Transportation Extension Act (STEa). MA is the only State to receive less funds under TEA-21 than under ISTEA. The State Republican Party is running ads against two freshmen Democrats (McGovern and Tierney) blaming them for the State's low funding in TEA-21, including lack of funding for the artery. (DOT)

Charles River Cleanup: The MA Water Resources Agency, the Boston Water and Sewer Commission, EPA, and the Charles River Watershed Association have agreed to have the U.S. Geological Survey study how much pollution enters the Charles River from storm runoff, compared to combined sewage overflows. Officials have agreed to commit \$833,000 for a two-year study of the Charles River Basin. Through reduction of contamination by sewage, industry, and road runoff, EPA hopes to reach its clean-up goal by Spring of 2006. (DOI)

Informant Case: The Federal District Court in Boston continues to hold hearings in an important organized crime prosecution related to defendant Stephen Flemmi's claim of immunity from prosecution due to his prior status as a government informant. These hearing have received extensive media coverage. During the hearings, allegations have arisen concerning misconduct on the part of certain agents of the FBI related to their relationship and handling of Flemmi and other informants. (DOJ)

PCB Contamination: PCB contamination originating from the General Electric (GE) facility in Pittsfield, MA, is extensive, involving nearly 100 residential properties in the town. Under EPA's oversight, GE has cleaned up numerous residential properties, Pittsfield High School, and Allendale School. GE has committed to clean up 60 more homes this year. However, GE differs with EPA and its Federal partners in how to clean up and redevelop the GE facility, the Housatonic River, and the River's floodplains. On June 3, EPA issued an enforcement order to GE, requiring the company to take specific actions to begin addressing PCB problems in the top half-mile of the Housatonic and at the 250-acre GE property in Pittsfield. Implementation of the enforcement order was delayed so that GE, EPA, and other negotiating parties could try one last time to negotiate a comprehensive cleanup agreement. (EPA)

Water Lawsuit: On February 12, DOJ filed suit to force MA to build a filtration plant for Greater Boston's drinking water system. This followed months of negotiations between EPA and the State of MA to require the MA Water Resources Authority (MWRA) to construct a drinking water filtration plant and continue watershed protection efforts. MWRA opposes construction of the plant because it will cost \$200 million. MWRA supplies water to two million Greater Boston residents and the current treatment kills only as little as 8 percent of the common disease-causing parasite *Giardia* rather than the required 99.9 percent. The court plans to hold a hearing in January 1999 to decide whether or not to require filtration. (EPA)

Right Whales: Representative Delahunt is a leading proponent of legislation that would require ships entering Cape Cod Bay and other areas to announce their presence so that monitors could warn them of right whale pods along their path. Environmentalists and NOAA support the measure as a way to protect the whales. Navy officials believe that if the presence of a vessel is suspected, and it does not report, it will be clear it is a U.S. military vessel, posing the same problem as reporting. (DoD)

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PRESIDENT CLINTON AND VICE PRESIDENT GORE'S ACCOMPLISHMENTS: *MASSACHUSETTS*

EXPANDING ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL

- **Unemployment Down to 3.1%:** The unemployment rate in Massachusetts has declined from 7.5% to 3.1% since 1993.
- **393,400 New Jobs:** 393,400 new jobs have been created in Massachusetts since 1993 -- an average of 71,527 jobs per year. In contrast, an average of 81,775 jobs were *lost* each year during the previous administration.
- **368,500 New Private Sector Jobs:** Since 1993, 368,500 new private sector jobs have been created -- an average of 67,000 jobs per year, compared to an average *loss* of 74,200 private sector jobs per year in the previous administration.
- **31,800 New Construction Jobs:** 31,800 construction jobs have been created in Massachusetts since 1993 -- an average of 5,782 jobs per year. In contrast, an average of 14,175 construction jobs were *lost* each year during the previous administration.
- **91,000 Have Received a Raise:** Approximately 91,000 Massachusetts workers benefited from an increase in the minimum wage -- from \$4.25 to \$4.75 -- on October 1, 1996.
- **A \$500 Child Tax Credit to Help Families Raising Children:** To help make it easier for families to raise their children, the balanced budget Includes a \$500 per-child tax credit for children under 17. **Thanks to President Clinton, the Balanced Budget delivers a child tax credit to 580,000 families in Massachusetts.**
- **Business Failures Down 13.9%:** Business failures have dropped 13.9% per year since 1993, after increasing nearly 53% per year during the previous four years.
- **New Business Incorporations Up 0.5%:** New business incorporations in Massachusetts have increased at an average rate of 0.5% per year since 1993. In contrast, new business incorporations fell an average of 7.2% per year during the previous administration.
- **Home Sales Up 10.9%:** Existing home sales in Massachusetts have increased by 10.9% per year since 1993, after decreasing by 4.6% each year during the previous four years.
- **Home Building Up 1.6%:** Home building has increased by an average of 1.6% per year since 1993, after falling over 14.3% per year during the previous administration.
- **3.3% Growth in Personal Income:** Personal income in Massachusetts has risen at an annual rate of 3.3% since 1993, compared to an average *decrease* of 1.1% per year during the previous administration.
- **8% Growth in Total Bank Loans and Leases:** Massachusetts has seen an 8% average growth rate in total bank loans and leases per year since 1993, after falling over 11.5% per year during the previous administration.
- **10.5% Growth in Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases:** Each year since 1993, Massachusetts has experienced a 10.5% growth in commercial and industrial loans and leases. In contrast, commercial and industrial loans and leases fell over 10.4% per year during the previous administration.
- **Over \$25,000 of Reduced Federal Debt for Every Family of Four:** The national debt will \$1.7 trillion lower in fiscal year 1999 than projected in 1993 -- that's \$25,000 less debt for each family of four in Illinois next year.

EXPANDING ACCESS TO EDUCATION

- **\$74.4 Million in Head Start Funding:** In FY97, Massachusetts received \$68.9 million in Head Start funding benefitting 11,500 children. This year, Massachusetts will receive \$74.4 million, an increase of \$5.5 million over 1997. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal will increase Head Start funding for Massachusetts's children by an additional \$4.5 million.
- **\$9.1 Million in Goals 2000 Funding:** This year [FY98], Massachusetts receives \$9.1 million in Goals 2000 funding. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposes to increase Goals 2000 funding by an additional \$270,000. This money is used to raise academic achievement by raising academic standards, increasing parental and community involvement in education, expanding the use of computers and technology in classrooms, and supporting high-quality teacher professional development.

- **\$8.1 Million for Technology Literacy:** This year [FY98], Massachusetts receives \$8.1 million for the Technology Literacy Challenge Fund which helps communities and the private sector ensure that every student is equipped with the computer literacy skills needed for the 21st century. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal will raise funding for technology literacy by nearly \$1 million over FY98.
- **\$145.8 Million for Students Most in Need:** Massachusetts receives \$145.8 million in Title I Grants (to Local Education Agencies) providing extra help in the basics for students most in need, particularly communities and schools with high concentrations of children in low-income families [FY98]. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposes to increase funding for Title I Grants by nearly \$16 million to aid Massachusetts's students.
- **\$145.4 Million in Pell Grants:** This year [FY98], Massachusetts will receive \$145.4 million in Pell Grants for low-income students going to college, an additional \$28.3 million over last year. With this increase, a total of 78,900 Massachusetts students will benefit, 4,500 more than the previous year. And President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal increases Pell Grant funding to \$150.3 million.
- **Nearly 3,800 Have Served in Massachusetts through AmeriCorps:** Since the National Service program began in 1993, nearly 3,800 AmeriCorps participants, working in 297 different programs, have earned money for college while working in Massachusetts's schools, hospitals, neighborhoods or parks. [through 3/98]
- **Tuition Tax Credits in Balanced Budget Open the Doors of College and Promote Lifelong Learning:** The balanced budget includes both President Clinton's \$1,500 HOPE Scholarship to help make the first two years of college as universal as a high school diploma and a Lifetime Learning Tax Credit for college juniors, seniors, graduate students and working Americans pursuing lifelong learning to upgrade their skills. This 20% tax credit will be applied to the first \$5,000 of tuition and fees through 2002 and to the first \$10,000 thereafter. **176,000 students in Massachusetts will receive a HOPE Scholarship tax credit of up to \$1,500. 217,000 students in Massachusetts will receive the Lifetime Learning Tax Credit.**

FIGHTING CRIME AND VIOLENCE

- **Crime Falls 22% in Mass.:** Since 1992, serious crime has fallen 22% statewide. Between 1992 and 1997, serious crime has declined 33% in Boston. [1996 and preliminary 1997 Uniform Crime Report data, FBI]
- **2,493 More Police:** The President's 1994 Crime Bill has funded 2,493 new police officers to date in communities across Massachusetts. [through 8/98]
- **Reducing Crime with Drug Courts:** Working to reduce drug-related crime in Massachusetts, the Clinton Administration has recently awarded Drug Court grants to the communities of Framingham, Haverhill and Franklin County. The Administration had previously awarded grants to a number of Massachusetts communities including: Worcester, Lawrence, Lynn, Salem, Boston and Farmington. Drug courts use the coercive power of the criminal justice system to combine drug testing, sanctions, supervision and treatment to push nonviolent, drug-abusing offenders to stop using drugs and committing crimes.
- **Nearly \$3 Million to Combat Domestic Violence:** Through the Violence Against Women Act, Massachusetts receives \$2,951,000 in federal funds this year [FY98] to establish more women's shelters and bolster law enforcement, prosecution, and victims' services.
- **Over \$1.3 Million in Grants for Battered Women and Children:** This year [FY98], Massachusetts will receive \$1,301,573 million in HHS's Family Violence Prevention Program grants to assist women and children fleeing domestic abuse, an additional \$225,500 increase over last year. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal increases HHS's Family Violence Prevention Program grants to \$1,332,000.
- **\$10.2 Million to Keep Drugs & Violence Out of Massachusetts' Schools:** Massachusetts receives approximately \$10.2 million in FY98 for the Safe & Drug Free Schools Program, which invests in school security and drug prevention programs.

MOVING MASSACHUSETTS RESIDENTS FROM WELFARE TO WORK

- **166,982 Fewer People on Welfare:** There are 166,982 fewer people on welfare in Massachusetts now than there were at the beginning of 1993 -- a 50% decrease. [through 6/98]
- **Child Support Collections Up 35%:** Child support collections have increased by \$64 million -- or 35% -- in Massachusetts since FY92. [through FY96]

- **Breaking the Cycle of Dependency -- Preventing Teen Pregnancy in Massachusetts:** Since 1993, President Clinton has supported innovative and promising teen pregnancy prevention strategies, with significant components of his strategy becoming law in the 1996 Personal Responsibility Act. The law requires unmarried minor parents to stay in school and live at home or in a supervised setting; encourages "second chance homes" to provide teen parents with the skills and support they need; and provides \$50 million a year in new funding for state abstinence education activities. Efforts are making a difference, adolescent pregnancy rates for teens aged 15-19 decreased between 1992 and 1995 and fewer teenagers gave birth from 1991 to 1996. Teen abortion rates are also declining. **Notably, between 1992 and 1995, teen pregnancy rates declined 12.5 percent in Massachusetts.**
- **Massachusetts Receives \$20.7 Million in Welfare-to-Work Grants:** In FY98, Massachusetts is eligible to receive \$20.7 million in welfare-to-work state formula grants, helping Massachusetts prepare welfare recipients for work and to place them in jobs. Part of the President's comprehensive efforts to move recipients from welfare to work, this funding is included in the \$3 billion Welfare-to-Work Jobs Challenge Fund signed into law in the 1997 balanced budget.

INVESTING IN MASSACHUSETTS' HEALTH

- **Health Care for Uninsured Children:** The balanced budget includes the largest single investment in health care for children since the passage of Medicaid in 1965 -- an unprecedented \$24 billion over five years to cover as many as five million children throughout the nation. This investment guarantees the full range of benefits -- from checkups to surgery -- that children need to grow up strong and healthy. It ensures that prescription drugs, vision, hearing, and mental health coverage now offered at the state level are extended to millions of uninsured children. To expand health coverage to more uninsured children in Massachusetts the Balanced Budget provides \$43 million in 1998. This compares to the 1995 Republican plan vetoed by President Clinton that would have denied health coverage to 104,700 children in Massachusetts.
- **Helping Massachusetts Women and Children with WIC:** The Clinton Administration is committed to full funding in the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC). Last year in Massachusetts, 15,018 more women and children in need received health and food assistance than in 1994.
- **More Toddlers Are Being Immunized:** As a result of the President's 1993 Childhood Immunization Initiative, childhood immunization rates have reached an historic high. According to the CDC, 90% or more of America's toddlers in 1996 received the most critical doses of each of the routinely recommended vaccines -- surpassing the President's 1993 goal. In Massachusetts in 1996, 98% of two-year olds received the vaccines for diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis; 94% received the vaccine for polio; 96% received the vaccine for measles, and 96% received the vaccine for *Haemophilus influenzae* B, the bacteria causing a form of meningitis.
- **Increased Funding for HIV/AIDS Programs by 120%:** In FY97, Massachusetts communities received \$22.4 million in Ryan White formula and other HIV/AIDS program funds, a 120% increase over FY93 levels. This funding provides people living with HIV and AIDS medical and support services, including the AIDS Drug Assistance Program which helps those without insurance obtain much needed prescription drugs. [HHS, Health Resources and Services Administration, 4/98]
- **President's Tobacco Plan Will Cut Smoking and Premature Deaths by 35% in Massachusetts:** If the Clinton Administration's tobacco proposal on youth smoking is enacted, by 2003, Massachusetts will see a 35% cut in youth smoking and resulting premature deaths. Over the next five years, 49,000 youth of Massachusetts will be kept from smoking and 16,000 will be spared a premature tobacco-related death. [Treasury Dept., 3/23/98]
- **3,300,000 Americans in Massachusetts Cannot Be Assured They Have Patient Protections.** Even if Massachusetts enacted all the protections in the Patients' Bill of Rights, 3,300,000 people in Massachusetts cannot be assured they have the comprehensive patient protections recommended by the President's Advisory Commission. This is because the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) may preempt state-enacted protections. That is why the President has called on Congress to pass a federally enforceable patients' bill of rights so that everyone enrolled in managed care may have a basic set of protections. Notably, 1,600,000 Massachusetts women are in ERISA health plans and are therefore not necessarily protected. Women are particularly vulnerable without these protections because they are greater users of health care services, they make three-quarters of the health care decisions for their families, and they have specific health care needs addressed by a patients' bill of rights.

PROTECTING THE ENVIRONMENT

- ***Superfund Site Cleaned Up in Lanesboro:*** The Superfund toxic waste site in Lanesboro, MA was cleaned up by the EPA in September of 1994.
- ***Revitalizing Brownfields in Massachusetts:*** As part of the Clinton-Gore Administration's efforts to clean up Brownfields, the EPA has awarded grants to communities in Massachusetts -- Chicopee, Greenfield, Lawrence, Lowell, Worcester, Boston, Westfield, Somerville, New Bedford, Brockton, Chelsea, Colrain, Mansfield, Methuen, Pioneer Valley, Springfield, Lynn, and Malden, Medford, and Everett -- for environmental clean-up and economic revitalization. In addition, the Montachusett Regional Planning Commission, encompassing 22 communities in north-central Massachusetts, and the State of Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection will also receive Brownfields grants. These projects are intended to jump-start local clean-up efforts by providing funds to return unproductive, abandoned, contaminated urban properties to productive use.

SPEARHEADING URBAN RENEWAL EFFORTS

- ***\$28 Million to Boston:*** In December 1994, Boston was designated an Enterprise Community, and was awarded \$3 million to create jobs, housing, and economic opportunity for its residents. It was later declared an Enhanced Enterprise Community, and was awarded an additional \$25 million. ***\$6 Million to Other Massachusetts Cities:*** Lowell and Springfield were designated Enterprise Communities and were awarded \$3 million each for similar efforts.
- ***Expanding the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Will Help Develop 4,900 To 5,800 New Affordable Housing Units in Massachusetts Over the Next 5 years:*** In January, the Vice-President announced the Clinton-Gore Administration's proposed 40-percent expansion of the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit. If enacted, it will mean an additional 4,900 - 5,800 quality rental housing units for low-income American families in Massachusetts during the next five years.

EXPANDING FUNDS FOR TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT

- ***Over \$4 Billion in Federal Highway Aid:*** Since 1993, Massachusetts has received \$4.18 billion in federal highway aid. These funds have helped generate over 176,000 jobs. [through FY97]
- ***Nearly \$140 Million in Aviation Funds:*** From FY93-FY97 Massachusetts received \$139,780,000 in AIP funds to help build and renovate airports, and, when necessary, to provide funds for noise abatement to improve the quality of life for residents who live near airports.
- ***Over \$945 Million in Transit Funds:*** Massachusetts has received a total of \$945.4 million in FTA funds since 1993.