

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001a. schedule	re: Schedule of the President for Saturday, November 15, 1997 [partial] (6 pages)	11/15/1997	b(7)(E)
001b. schedule	re: Schedule of the President for Sunday, November 16, 1997 [partial] (2 pages)	11/16/1997	b(7)(E)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Staff Secretary
Trip Books
OA/Box Number: 14584

FOLDER TITLE:

November 1997-December 1997 [binder] [2]

2019-0990-S

rs3496

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
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- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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**THE TRIP
OF
THE PRESIDENT**

to

**SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA
and
MALIBU, CALIFORNIA**

November 15 - 16, 1997

Staff Copy

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Saturday, November 15, 1997

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Environmental Event

- Event Memo
- Remarks To Be Forwarded
- Background

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- Event Memo
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California Background

- Political Background (including Hot Issues)
- Economic One-Pager
- CEQ Hot Issues
- Cabinet Affairs Hot Issues (Sacramento and Los Angeles)
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Sunday, November 16, 1997

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Rock the Vote Fundraiser

- Event Memo
- Talking Points

Democratic National Committee Dinner

- Event Memo
- Talking Points

To Be Forwarded

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

FOR

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1997

'97 NOV 14 PM 12:15

DRAFT SCHEDULE

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4033

PRESS DESK:

ANNE EDWARDS

HOME: 301-565-3101

OFFICE: 202-456-2921

WHCA PAGER: 4208

**ADVANCE:
(SACRAMENTO)**

BILL COMBS

CELL PHONE: 202-757-9411

WHCA PAGER: 5351

**ADVANCE:
(LOS ANGELES)**

JOSH KING

CELL PHONE: 202-395-2102

WHCA PAGER: 4450

WEATHER:

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

Mostly sunny.

Low 41 to 46. High 58 to 63.

SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

Variably cloudy with a chance for rain.

Low 43 to 48. High 59 to 64.

LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

Mostly sunny.

Low 51 to 56. High 65 to 70.

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SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1997
DRAFT SCHEDULE

STAFF NOTE:	> STAFF WHO NEED TO REJOIN THE MOTORCADE FROM THE PRIVATE RESIDENCE SHOULD MEET IN ROOM 541 OF THE HILTON HOTEL AT 7:15 AM.
	> STAFF WHO NEED TO GO DIRECTLY TO THE AIRPORT SHOULD MEET IN ROOM 542 OF THE HILTON HOTEL AT 7:15 AM.

8:00 am **THE PRESIDENT** departs Private Residence via motorcade en route McCarran International Airport, Las Vegas, Nevada
[drive time: 15 minutes]



8:25 am **THE PRESIDENT** departs McCarran International Airport, Las Vegas, Nevada via Air Force One en route Sacramento, California
[flight time: 1 hour, 15 minutes]

9:40 am

THE PRESIDENT arrives McClellan Air Force Base, Sacramento, California

Greeters: Lieutenant Governor Gray Davis
Secretary of State Bill Jones
Senator Dianne Feinstein
Representative Vic Fazio
Representative Robert Matsui
John Garamendi, Deputy Undersecretary of the Interior
Major General Eugene Tatini
State Controller, Kathleen Connell
Speaker of the Assembly Cruz M. Bustamonte
Majority Leader Antonio Villaraigosa
Board of Supervisors, Sacramento City, Don Nottoli
Board of Supervisors, Sacramento City, Illa Collin
Board of Supervisors, Sacramento City, Roger Dickinson
Board of Supervisors, Sacramento City, Muriel P. Johnson
Joe Serna, Mayor, City of Sacramento

9:45 am

(T)

ARRIVAL STATEMENT

9:55 am

TARMAC

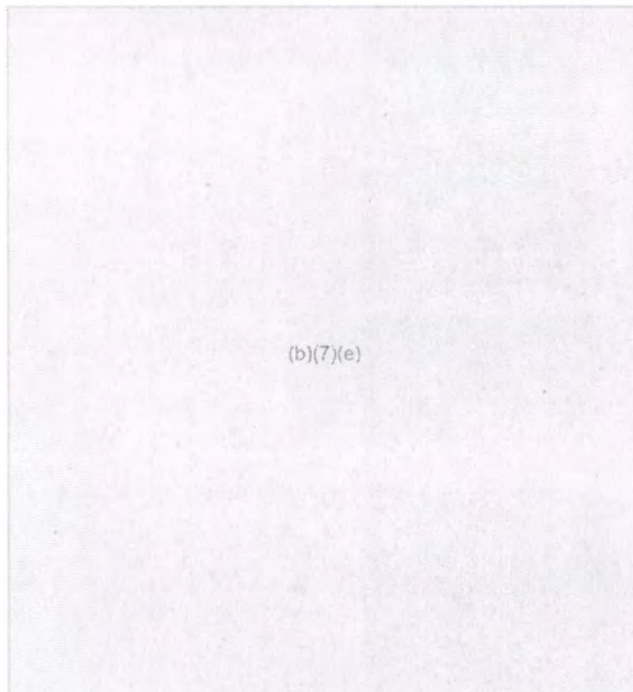
OPEN PRESS

-- **The President** proceeds to the podium, makes a statement and departs.

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA
SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1997

10:00 am

THE PRESIDENT departs McClellan Air Force Base, Sacramento, California via motorcade en route Yolo Basin Wildlife Area
[drive time: 35 minutes]



10:35 am

THE PRESIDENT arrives Yolo Basin Wildlife Area

Note: The following event is casual dress.

10:40 am-
10:50 am

VIEW WETLANDS
YOLO BASIN WILDLIFE AREA
Staff Contact: Katie McGinty
Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg
POOL PRESS

Participants: **The President**
Robin Kulakow, Environmentalist, Yolo Basin Foundation
Greg Schmid, Farmer, Yolo Basin Foundation

Note: Senator Feinstein, Representative Vic Fazio, Representative Matsui, and John Garamendi will join for a second photograph.

10:55 am

THE PRESIDENT departs site via motorcade en route Event site.
[drive time: 5 minutes]



Greeters: John Zirschky, Acting Assistant Secretary of the Army Civil
Works
Doug Wheeler, Secretary, State of California National
Resources Department
John Walker, Ducks Unlimited

11:00 am

THE PRESIDENT arrives Event site
[drive time: 5 minutes]

11:05 am-
12:00 am

ENVIRONMENTAL EVENT
YOLO BYPASS WILDLIFE AREA
Remarks: Lowell Weiss
Staff Contact: Katie McGinty
Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg
OPEN PRESS

- John Walker, Ducks Unlimited makes opening remarks and introduces Congressman Vic Fazio.
- Congressman Vic Fazio makes brief remarks and introduces student.
- Student makes brief remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes brief remarks, works a ropeline and departs.

12:05 am

THE PRESIDENT departs Yolo Basin Wildlife Area via motorcade en route Sacramento Capitol Club
[drive time: 20 minutes]



12:25 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Sacramento Capitol Club

12:30 pm **HOLD/ CHANGE CLOTHES**
12:40 pm **BOARD ROOM**
Sacramento Capitol Club

Greeters: Angelo Tsakopoulos
 Eleni Tsakopoulos

12:45 pm- **DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE PHOTO RECEIVING**
1:15 pm **LINE**
SACRAMENTO CAPITOL CLUB
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg
CLOSED PRESS

-- **The President does a 90 person photo receiving line.**

1:20 pm- **DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE LUNCH**
2:10 pm **SACRAMENTO CAPITOL CLUB**
Remarks: Laura Capps
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg
OPEN PRESS

-- **The President** proceeds to his seat for lunch.

-- Lunch is served (20 minutes).

-- Representative Matsui makes brief remarks and introduces Eleni Tsakapoulous.

-- Eleni Tsakapoulous makes brief remarks and introduces **the President.**

-- **The President** makes brief remarks and departs.

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA
SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1997

2:15 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Sacramento Capitol Club via motorcade en route McClellan Air Force Base
[drive time: 15]



2:30 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives McClellan Air Force Base

2:45 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs McClellan Air Force Base, Sacramento, California via Air Force One en route Los Angeles, California
[flight time: 1 hour, 15 minutes]

4:00 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Los Angeles International Airport, Los Angeles, California

4:10 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Los Angeles International Airport, Los Angeles, California via Marine one en route Alumni Field, Pepperdine University, Malibu, California
[flight time: 20 minutes]

4:30 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Alumni Field, Pepperdine University, Malibu, California

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA
SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1997

4:40 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Santa Monica Airport via motorcade en route
Private Residence
[drive time: 10 minutes]



DAY AND EVENING OFF

BC RON

PRIVATE RESIDENCE
MALIBU, CALIFORNIA

HRC RON

MALIY ISOK DACHA
YEKATERINBURG, RUSSIA

November 14, 1997 (12:11pm)

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

FOR

'97 NOV 14 PM 12:12

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1997

DRAFT SCHEDULE

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4033

EVENT COORDINATOR:

AVIVA STEINBERG

HOME: 202-362-1813

OFFICE: 202-456-2920

WHCA PAGER: 4022

**ADVANCE:
(LOS ANGELES)**

JOSH KING

CELL PHONE: 202-395-2102

WHCA PAGER: 4450

WEATHER:

LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

*Mostly cloudy, becoming partly cloudy and
warmer with isolated showers.*

Low 53 to 58. High 69 to 74

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**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1997
*DRAFT SCHEDULE***

STAFF NOTE	>	STAFF WHO NEED TO REJOIN THE MOTORCADE AT THE PRIVATE RESIDENCE, WILL DEPART FROM THE LOBBY OF THE WESTIN AT 4:30 PM.
	>	STAFF WHO WANT TO GO DIRECTLY TO SPAGO RESTAURANT WILL DEPART FROM THE LOBBY OF THE WESTIN AT 5:30 PM.

DAY OFF

5:30 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Private Residence via motorcade en route Spago Restaurant
[drive time: 30 minutes]

(b)(7)(e)

6:00 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Spago Restaurant

Greeters: Daniel Adler, Event Chairman
Donna Frisbee, Acting Executive-Director of *Rock the Vote*
Jeff Ayeroff, Board of Directors
Wolfgang Puck
Mrs. Puck

6:05 pm-
6:35 pm

ROCK THE VOTE FUNDRAISER

SPAGO RESTAURANT

Remarks: Laura Capps

Staff Contact: Craig Smith

Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg

POOL PRESS

- Off-stage announcement of **the President**, accompanied by Daniel Adler, Donna Frisbee, and Jeff Ayeroff.
- Jeff Ayeroff makes brief remarks and introduces Daniel Adler.
- Daniel Adler makes brief remarks and introduces Donna Frisbee.
- Donna Frisbee makes brief remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes brief remarks and proceeds stage left to the front of the stage for a photo receiving line.

6:35 pm-
7:00 pm

PHOTO RECEIVING LINE

SPAGO RESTAURANT

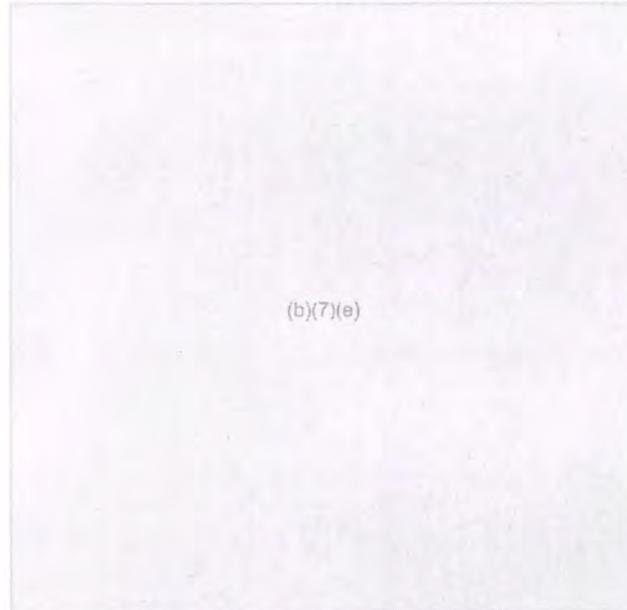
Staff Contact: Craig Smith

CLOSED PRESS

- **The President** greets guests for photographs.

7:05 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Spago Restaurant via motorcade en route
Private Residence
[drive time: 15 minutes]



7:20 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Private Residence

Greeters: Haim Saban
Cheryl Saban

7:25 pm-

MEET AND GREET

7:45 pm

OFFICE

Private Residence

CLOSED PRESS

-- **The President** will meet and greet 30 guests.

7:50 pm-

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE

8:20 pm

RECEIVING LINE

LIBRARY

Private Residence

Staff Contact: Craig Smith

Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg

CLOSED PRESS

-- **The President** will do a receiving line with 90 guests.

8:25 pm-
9:20 pm

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE DINNER
PRIVATE RESIDENCE

Remarks: Laura Capps

Staff Contact: Craig Smith

Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg

TIGHT POOL PRESS (REMARKS ONLY)

-- Haim Saban makes brief remarks and introduces **the President**.

-- **The President** makes brief remarks and departs.

9:25 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Private Residence via motorcade en route
Private Residence

BC RON

PRIVATE RESIDENCE
MALIBU, CALIFORNIA

HRC RON

DNISTER HOTEL
LVIV, UKRAINE



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

November 13, 1997

YOLO BASIN WETLANDS RESTORATION

DATE: November 15, 1997
LOCATION: Yolo Basin Wetlands
TIME: 10:30 - 12:00 P.M.

I. PURPOSE

To highlight the Administration's continued support of collaborative processes to address challenging, long-standing environmental issues, specifically, water issues in California. This wetlands restoration project being dedicated today is a model of the kind of public-private partnerships that can be used nationwide to address significant environmental challenges, including watershed protections such as habitat restoration, water quality improvements, and flood control.

This event provides an opportunity for you to recognize the historic collaborative effort that you helped engineer with the Bay Delta CAL-FED process and to encourage the partners to continue working together to protect California's most important resource -- water.

II. BACKGROUND

California's long-standing water conflicts center on the Sacramento-San Joaquin River Delta, a once-thriving wetlands area that is the state's largest water source. Water diverted from the delta provides drinking supplies for more than 20 million people - two of every three Californians - and irrigates more than 4 million acres of the Central Valley. These diversions, however, have taken a heavy toll on the environment, destroying much of the historic wetlands and decimating fish populations. While urban and agricultural interests have sought to increase diversions from the delta, environmentalists have sought to reduce them. The ensuing deadlock has persisted for decades.

In 1994, the Administration played a critical role in striking the Bay-Delta Accord. The agreement among state and federal agencies, water users and environmentalists represents a historic, though delicate, truce in California's water conflicts. It provided some interim environmental protections and set the stage for negotiation of a long-term solution. The long-term process is being led by Cal-Fed, a collaborative effort by state and federal agencies with input from stakeholders. Cal-Fed's "preferred alternative," which is likely to incorporate some mix of environmental protections and new water

facilities, is due to be announced in the next several months.

Simultaneously, the Administration is taking steps to implement the Central Valley Project Improvement Act, which sets new priorities for the federal Central Valley Project, the state's largest water delivery system. On October 31, the Interior Department issued a draft proposal on measures to restore fish populations. Although none of the stakeholders was fully satisfied by the proposal, Deputy Secretary John Garamendi is continuing to consult with them to narrow remaining differences. A final decision is due November 20. It is hoped that decision will keep the parties committed to consensus efforts and will be another step toward successful completion of the Cal-Fed process.

The Yolo Bypass Wildlife Area is a major step toward restoration of California's once plentiful waterfowl populations. The 3,700-acre area is located 10 miles southwest of Sacramento within the Yolo Bypass, a broad channel built to provide flood protection for Sacramento. The project - a collaborative effort by state and federal agencies and Ducks Unlimited, a private wildlife organization - will provide a major stop for waterfowl in the Pacific Flyway and a stepping stone in the creation of corridors linking the northern Sacramento Valley with the Sacramento/San Joaquin Delta.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Pre-brief participants

John Garamendi, Sally Ericsson (CEQ)

Event participants

Congressman Vic Fazio, Johnny Walker,

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open Press

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- YOU arrive and view the Yolo Basin Wildlife Area
- YOU depart viewing area via motorcade and arrive event site
- YOU are greeted by Dr. John Zhirsky - Corps of Engineers; Doug Wheeler - CA Natural Resources Secretary; and Corps of Engineers District Engineer, TBD
- YOU will proceed to event site and are seated
- Johnny Walker of Ducks Unlimited opens program
- Congressman Vic Fazio makes brief remarks
- Student TBD makes brief remarks and introduces YOU
- YOU give remarks
- YOU work ropeline to departure

VI. REMARKS

Provided by Speechwriting

VII. ATTACHMENTS

- CAL-FED Fact Sheet
- Yolo Basin Wetlands Restoration Project Fact Sheet

**ENVIRONMENTAL EVENT REMARKS
WILL BE FORWARDED**

CALFED BAY-DELTA PROGRAM

The CALFED Bay-Delta program is a collaborative effort by the federal and state governments to develop a long-term strategy to meet California's pressing water needs. Principal objectives are restoring the ecological health of San Francisco Bay and the Sacramento-San Joaquin River Delta -- which together form the Bay-Delta system, the West Coast's largest estuary -- and to assure reliable water supplies for agriculture, industry and California's growing population.

The Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta, at the confluence of the Sacramento and San Joaquin rivers, is the heart of California's intricate water system. Once a vast marshland, the delta was remade decades ago into a latticework of islands, levees and sloughs. It provides vital habitat for fish, waterfowl and other species, and serves as the state's largest water source.

- Millions of birds and more than 53 species of fish live in or migrate through the delta and San Francisco Bay. Water diversions have destroyed much of their habitat. Some species have disappeared and others are endangered.

- More than 22 million people -- two of every three Californians -- draw all or some of their drinking water from the Delta.

- Water pumped from the Delta irrigates more than 4 million acres of Central Valley farmland, some of the most productive in the world. California's \$18 billion-a-year agricultural industry produces 45 percent of the nation's fruits and vegetables.

The CALFED Bay-Delta program is an outgrowth of the historic Bay-Delta Accord signed in 1994 by the federal and state governments, urban and agricultural water users and environmental groups. It is a joint effort by state and federal agencies, working closely with all interested parties, to address the critical environmental and economic needs that converge in the Bay-Delta.

Cal-Fed is evaluating three alternative long-term strategies: maintaining the existing water conveyance system; improving the existing channels; or improving existing channels and constructing a new facility for convey all or part of the water designated for export. All three alternatives include measures to restore habitat; strengthen delta levees for flood protection; enhance water quality by controlling pollution; and improve water use efficiency through conservation, recycling and reclamation. The final plan, due in late 1998, would be implemented over 20 to 30 years.

At present, cost estimates for the long-term strategy range from \$4 billion to \$8 billion depending on the alternative selected. Proposition 204, passed by California voters in 1996, provided more than \$450 million for environmental restoration. At President Clinton's request, Congress has authorized an additional \$430 million over three years.

YOLO BASIN WETLANDS RESTORATION

The Yolo Bypass Wildlife Area being dedicated today is the largest wetlands restoration project in the West. It is a prime example of the environmental gains that can be achieved through the collaborative efforts of public and private partners.

The Project: The 3,700-acre wildlife area is located 10 miles southwest of Sacramento in the Yolo Bypass, a flood control channel along the Sacramento River. The product of nearly a decade of planning and construction, the project creates wetland, riparian and grassland habitat for a variety of species. It will be a major stop for migratory waterfowl in the Pacific Flyway and a stepping stone in the creation of wildlife corridors linking the northern Sacramento Valley with the Sacramento-San Joaquin River Delta.

The Partners: The principal federal and state partners are the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and the California Department of Fish and Game. Ducks Unlimited, a private wildlife organization, contributed volunteer labor and expertise and served as construction contractor. Other partners include the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, the Yolo Basin Foundation, the Conaway Conservancy, Yolo Audubon, Putah Creek Council, Yolo County Board of Supervisors and the city of Davis.

The History: Maps from the early 1900's show the Yolo Basin with almost 70,000 acres of freshwater wetlands and extensive riparian forest. As a result of increased agricultural production and flood control projects, only fragments of these critical habitats remain. The pattern is much the same throughout the 500-mile-long Central Valley. The valley once contained 4 million to 5 million acres of wetlands -- 94 percent has been lost.

In 1986, the United States and Canada signed the North American Waterfowl Management Plan to promote restoration of habitat for waterfowl along the Pacific Flyway. An interagency group formed two years later to help implement the treaty identified the Yolo Bypass as a priority area and set a goal of restoring 10,000 acres of wetland habitat.

Federal, state and local agencies have collaborated with grassroots groups to complete the Yolo Bypass Wildlife Area, which goes more than a third of the way toward meeting that goal. The federal government contributed \$12 million of the \$17 million cost, with the State of California contributing the balance.

**DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE
SACRAMENTO LUNCHEON
HONORING PRESIDENT CLINTON**

Date: November 15, 1997
Venue: Sacramento Capitol Club
Sacramento, California
Time: 12:30 p.m.
From: Fran Katz, Finance Director

1997 NOV 16 4:21 PM

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this luncheon is to raise funds for the Democratic National Committee (DNC).

II. BACKGROUND

This event is a lunch to engage major supporters of the DNC in the metropolitan Sacramento area. The guests represent business leaders in the Greek community.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Please see the attached guest list. Estimated attendance at the luncheon is 120 guests.

IV. PRESS PLAN

The event is open to the pool press for remarks.

SEQUENCE

12:30 p.m.

- YOU arrive and greet event chair Angelo Tsakopoulos and his daughter, Eleni
- YOU proceed to the photo receiving and greet guests
- YOU are seated at the head table for lunch
- PROGRAM BEGINS:
 - Congressman Matsui delivers welcome
 - Eleni Tsakopoulos delivers remarks and introduces YOU
 - YOU deliver remarks
- YOU depart following remarks

I. REMARKS

Your remarks will be provided by speechwriting.

Sacramento DNC 11/15/97

Acknowledge: Rep. Fazio; Rep. Matsui; Doris Matsui (Dept. Dir. of public Liason); Angelo, Sofia and Eleni Tsakapoulos; Phil Angelides (Cand. for Tres.); Dan Dutko.

• **4 yrs ago, goals: Am Dr, peace/freedom, One Amer. Keep values alive in new time.**

End of Cong: good year for America. 1st bal bud in gen; biggest investment higher ed 50 yrs, Chld hlth care since '65;

choices; NATO exp, CWC. We shld be proud, moment of hope, but more to do.

Economic plan Def. ↘ 92+%. 13.5M jobs; [1M + in CA] Unemp at 4.7% -- 24 yr. low; [in CA drop by a third] Crime and Welfare down. [Cal. Crime down 19%. 8,600 new CA cops. 78,000 fewer Califs on Welfare.] \$6.4 B in Fed. Emerg. Assist in CA since '93.

• **Hist. bal bud:** Up to 5 M insurd chldrn (24 B); secures Medicare until 2010; NIH ↗by \$900 m. Ryan White ↗by \$150m.

• **Exp. Opp. through Educ:** bggst increase since '65. \$1,500 HOPE. [760,000 CA Students] Pell: inc. to \$3000. Am Read: \$300m. Chartr Sch ↗57%. Now, standards

• **Expand Opp. for America's families:** 8 M Califs. protected by FMLA. Min Wage. [1.2m Californians got a raise] Kass/Kenn. Adopt. tax credit. Child support (CA collections ↗40% in CA since '92).

November 14, 1997

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Craig T. Smith, Karen Skelton and Angelique Pirozzi

RE: California Political Briefing

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION RESULTS

1992

Clinton/Gore	5,121,249	46%
Bush/Quayle	3,630,566	33%
Perot/Stockdale	2,296,004	16%

1996

Clinton/Gore	5,067,124	51%
Dole/Kemp	3,817,726	38%
Perot/Choate	697,727	7%

POLITICAL DATA

Governor:	Pete Wilson (R)	55% in 1994
Senate:	Diane Feinstein (D)	47% in 1994
	Barbara Boxer (D)	48% in 1992
U.S. House:	29D/23R	
State Senate:	23D/16R/1I	
State Assembly:	43D/37R	
Electoral Votes:	54	

CALIFORNIA AT A GLANCE...

- 1994 estimated population of California is 31,431,000, which is up 5.6% from 1990.
- More than 10% of California residents are 65 years of age or older.
- 57% of California citizens are white; 26% Hispanic; 10% Asian; 7% African-American.
- Only 53% of the voting age population participated in the 1996 elections.
- 7,387,041 registered voters in 1996 identified themselves as Democrats, while 5,704,536 identified themselves as Republicans.
- Current political line up: Governor Pete Wilson (R), Lieutenant Governor Gray Davis (D), Secretary of State Bill Jones (R), Attorney General Dan Lungren (R), Treasurer Matt Fong (R), and Controller Kathleen Connell (D).

RECENT PRINCIPAL TRAVEL

- **YOU** were last in California on September 20, 1997, to attend an education event in San Carlos, a DNC luncheon, and a fundraiser at the home of Hasley Minor in San Francisco.
- **The Vice President** was last in California for almost the entire week of October 14th where he gave a speech to the Hollywood Radio and TV Society, attended meetings in South Central Los Angeles on The Community Enterprise Zone program, and attended former Los Angeles County Supervisor Kenneth Hahn's funeral.

DISTRICTS YOU'LL BE IN DURING THIS TRIP

- McClellan Airforce Base and the Yolo Basin Wildlife Area are in Congressman Vic Fazio's (D-03) district.
- The DNC fundraiser is in Congressman Bob Matsui's (D-05) district.
- The residence where **YOU'LL** be staying is in Congressman Brad Sherman's (D-24) district.

CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION

Sen. Dianne Feinstein (D)
Representative Frank Riggs (R-01)
Representative Vic Fazio (D-03)
Representative Robert T. Matsui (D-05)
Representative George Miller (D-07)
Representative Ronald V. Dellums (D-09)
Representative Richard Pombo (R-11)
Representative Fortney "Pete" Stark (D-13)
Representative Tom Campbell (R-15)
Representative Sam Farr (D-17)
Representative George P. Radanovich (R-19)
Representative William M. Thomas (R-21)
Representative Elton Gallegly (R-23)
Representative Howard "Buck" McKeon (R-25)
Representative James E. Rogan (R-27)
Representative Henry A. Waxman (D-29)
Representative Matthew G. Martinez (D-31)
Representative Lucille Roybal-Allard (D-33)
Representative Maxine Waters (D-35)
Representative Juanita Millender-McDonald (D-37)
Representative Edward Royce (R-39)
Representative Jay Kim (R-41)
Representative Ken Calvert (R-43)
Representative Dana Rohrabacher (R-45)
Representative Christopher Cox (R-47)
Representative Brian Bilbray (R-49)
Representative Randy Cunningham (R-51)

Sen. Barbara Boxer (D)
Representative Wally Herger (R-02)
Representative John Doolittle (R-04)
Representative Lynn Woolsey (D-06)
Representative Nancy Pelosi (D-08)
Representative Ellen Taushner (D-10)
Representative Tom Lantos (D-12)
Representative Anna Eshoo (D-14)
Representative Zoe Lofgren (D-16)
Representative Gary Condit (D-18)
Representative Calvin Dooley (D-20)
UNFILLED/(D-22)
Representative Brad Sherman (D-24)
Representative Howard L. Berman (D-26)
Representative David Dreier (R-28)
Representative Xavier Becerra (D-30)
Representative Julian C. Dixon (D-32)
Representative Esteban Edward Torres (D-34)
Representative Jane Jarman (D-36)
Representative Steve Horn (R-38)
Representative Jerry Lewis (R-40)
Representative George E. Brown, Jr. (D-42)
Representative Sonny Bono (R-44)
Representative Loretta L. Sanchez (D-46)
Representative Ron Packard (R-48)
Representative Bob Filner (D-50)
Representative Duncan Hunter (R-52)

CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS AND LEGISLATIVE LEADERSHIP

Governor:	Pete Wilson (R)
Lt. Governor:	Gray Davis (D)
Secretary of State:	Bill Jones (R)
Attorney General:	Dan Lungren (R)
State Controller:	Kathleen Connell (D)
Treasurer:	Matt Fong (R)
Insurance Commissioner:	Charles Quackenbush (R)
State Superintendent:	Delaine Eastin (D)
Speaker of the Assembly:	Cruz M. Bustamante (D)
Speaker Pro Tempore:	Sheila James Kuehl (D)
Majority Leader of the Assembly:	Antonio Villaraigosa (D)

Minority Leader of the Assembly:	Curt Pringle (R)
Senate President Pro Tempore:	Bill Lockyer (D)
Senate Majority Leader:	Charles M. Calderon (D)
Senate Minority Leader:	Rob Hurtt (R)

GUBERNATORIAL RACE

The Democratic primary field is still undefined. Sen. Dianne Feinstein (D) is the big question, and she now may not decide until January. Recently Feinstein, in a rare interview regarding her political future, spoke glowingly of the chance to return home as Governor, calling it a "very, very attractive" possibility. Most insiders think Feinstein is now going to run and if she does run, she'll wait until the last moment to file.

There are two announced Democrats in this race: Lt. Governor Gray Davis and former Northwest Airlines Executive Al Checchi (pronounced "checki"). Davis is running but California Democratic leaders do not fully support him as "governor material." They want Feinstein to run because they are afraid that Davis could end up with the nomination by default. The dark horse in this race is Checchi. Although he has close to no name recognition, he is capable of buying it; his personal wealth is estimated at \$550 million, which provides him an escape hatch from the State's fundraising restrictions. On October 21st, state Senator John Vasconcellos (D), announced the formation of an exploratory committee for governor. Vasconcellos pledged to heal "racial differences." He was elected to the State Senate last year after serving in the Assembly for three decades.

The biggest problem the Democrats have right now, before any one Democrat emerges as the nominee, is that Lungren will run unopposed in the primary. He is likely to emerge from the primary untarnished, compared to what promises to be a divisive Democratic primary. However, Lungren is vulnerable: he is anti-choice, supports off-shore drilling, and opposes increases in education funding. Whether anyone can beat Lungren depends in part on how contentious the Democratic primary is and how much money Lungren raises. This race is likely to be very expensive. In 1992, Wilson and Brown spent a total of about \$55 million for the primary and general elections.

1998 SENATE RACE

Primary: June 2, 1998

Senator Barbara Boxer (D) was elected in 1992, and will face a tough re-election race in 1998. Ever since Boxer beat conservative radio commentator Bruce Herschensohn (R) by a 5-point margin in '92's "Year of the Woman," Republicans have been eyeing her as one of their top targets for the '98 cycle.

This race may cost as much as \$25 million. Boxer will benefit from what is expected to be a bruising 3-way Republican primary including state Treasurer Matt Fong, San Diego Mayor Susan Golding, and millionaire businessman Darrell Issa.

Of the Republicans in the race, Fong has the highest name recognition, perhaps due to the fact that his mother, March Fong Eu, was the Democratic Secretary of State for 19 years. But Fong could be hurt by charges of campaign finance improprieties: he was forced to return \$100,000

from Indonesian businessman Ted Sioeng, and the San Francisco Chronicle recently revealed he had used some of his state Treasurer funds to pay for political consultants while considering a Senate bid.

Golding is portraying herself as moderate - she is pro-choice - and has drawn support from political strategists allied with Governor Wilson (R). She might make the best general election candidate against Boxer, but her campaign has been criticized as lackluster.

Issa, the founder of a car alarm company, is something of a wildcard. He has already launched a \$2 million statewide radio campaign that dubs Boxer "the worst Senator in US history." This spot has earned him comparisons with former California Senate contender Michael Huffington (R), the biggest spending political loser of all time.

Issa was ahead in the money wars as of June 30, 1997, posting \$1.3 million in the bank, much of it his own money. He was followed by Fong, with \$548,000 in his war chest, and Golding with \$232,000. Boxer has \$2 million in her war chest.

Although she has compiled a liberal voting record, Boxer is seeking to moderate herself in the year before the campaign. Boxer voted for the balanced budget agreement forged between the White House and Congressional Republicans. She may be helped if Senator Dianne Feinstein (D) opts to run for Governor and sits atop the ticket next year in a state with 23 million eligible voters.

Senator Dianne Feinstein (D) is not up for re-election in 1998. She was elected in 1992, 54%-38% over John Seymour, with more votes than any other Senator in American history. In the primary, Feinstein was opposed by Controller Gray Davis, now Lieutenant Governor. Davis ran a spot comparing Feinstein to Leona Helmsley which focused on her apparent violations of campaign finance laws in 1990. Davis' tactic backfired and put Feinstein ahead among Democratic party loyalists, allowing her a solid win 58% - 33%. Davis and Feinstein may go head-to-head again in the '98 Democratic gubernatorial primary.

In 1994, Feinstein won a dog fight with the "carpet bagger" Republican candidate Michael Huffington, by a slim 2 percent, 47% - 45%. In the 1994 Senate election, Feinstein had hoped she would face weak competition and that her early and hard work raising money would enable her to win essentially unopposed. Enter Michael Huffington, with the determination and the cash to be the biggest spending Senate candidate of all time. (The 1994 California Senate race was the most expensive in history at what is estimated at over \$50 million). In the end, Feinstein won 47% - 45%, carrying the Bay Area 63% - 30% and Los Angeles County 52% - 40%.

The 1994 campaign was one of three statewide races Feinstein had run in four years. If Feinstein runs, she is likely to win the primary, clear out the Democratic field some, and face a tough Republican, Attorney General Dan Lungren, in the general. If she does not run, she is likely to leave a highly contested Democratic primary behind her.

CONGRESSIONAL RACES

Challenger Races/Toss Up

CD 1 - Riggs (R) - Democrats' hopes of winning one of their most sought-after House seats were buoyed when Michela Alioto, the party's 1996 nominee, announced she would forgo a rematch with Rep. Frank Riggs and run instead to be California Secretary of State. The decision gives Democratic state Senator Mike Thompson (D) a clear shot at challenging Riggs next year.

CD 41 - Kim (R) - Representative Jay Kim (R), pleaded guilty to three misdemeanors-accepting illegal campaign donations of \$50,000 from a Taiwanese national, \$12,000 from a New York corporation and \$83,000 in services from his own company, JayKim Engineers. Kim and his wife face up to six months in prison and fines when they are sentenced October 23. This seat is considered a solid Republican district regardless.

CDS49 - Bilbray (R) - San Diego City Council woman Christine Kehoe (D), an out of the closet lesbian who is expected to receive substantial amounts of money from Emily's List, has not decided to actually run for the seat yet.

Incumbents in Trouble

CD 22 - Capps (D) - SEE HOT ISSUES

CD 42 - Brown (D) - Assemblyman Joe Baca (D) has announced against Brown in the primary, but now that term limits have been thrown out it seems that Baca is keeping his options open. Baca believes that Representative George Brown (D) asked him to wait until '98, promising that '96 was his last campaign. Baca is ready to run and less than happy as it appears likely that Brown may run again.

CD 46 - Sanchez (D) - Loretta Sanchez won by 948 votes in '96 and has not been able to get into full campaign swing because of Dornan's incessant challenges to her election. Dornan has all but declared his intention to run for the seat he lost to Sanchez in 1996. She has roughly \$250,000 in the bank and is expected to raise another \$130,000 by the end of the year. Many believe she will need 2 million to do this race right, and it is believed her fundraising is not keeping up with that goal. At the beginning of this month, Orange County Superior Court Judge James P. Gray (R), began a leave of to campaign for Sanchez's seat. Gray is best known for supporting the decriminalization of drugs, and last year's Proposition 115, which allows medical marijuana use. Republicans Lisa Hughes, and Anaheim City Councilman Bob Zemel have also announced their candidacies.

CD 50 - Filner (D) - A progressive Democrat, is being challenged again in the primary by Latino city council member Juan Vargas (D) who is pro-life. Vargas is expected to receive a substantial amount of money from Right to Life groups. Vargas has run against Filner twice before. This seat is considered a safe Democratic seat.

HOT ISSUES

Bilingual Education

The "English for the Children" initiative, sponsored by Republican and former gubernatorial candidate Ronald Unz, is planned for the June 1998 ballot. The initiative would move California's 1.4 million non-English proficient students from "bilingual education" classes into an intensive program of "sheltered English immersion." Bilingual education would remain an option for parents who specifically request it through a waiver. Supporters and opponents both agree that the measure would essentially end bilingual education in California, and probably spark a move to do the same nationwide. The initiative is California's third potentially divisive "race" initiative in 4 years. In 1994, Proposition 187 barred public benefits for illegal immigrants. In 1996, Proposition 209 ended affirmative action.

Term Limits

Proposition 140 is awaiting an "en banc" hearing in the 9th District Court on November 20. A panel of judges has been selected to hear the case. All elected officials are hoping that there is some decision before they have to file papers for reelection. Filing deadline for the June 1998 primary is Feb 4, 1998.

Affirmative Action

The Supreme Court rejected a broad challenge to California's Proposition 209 on Monday of last week, clearing the way for full enforcement of the nation's first across the board repeal of affirmative action in state and local government. Without a dissenting vote, the justices turned aside an appeal from the American Civil Liberties Union claiming that government sometimes has "an affirmative duty... to employ race preferences" to make up for past or present discrimination against minorities.

Campaign Fundraising

Opposing lawyers in a lawsuit challenging Proposition 208, which limits campaign fund-raising, concluded their arguments before a federal judge on Wednesday of last week on whether shutting down the flow of political money limits free speech. U.S. District Judge Lawrence K. Karlton has said the court challenge raises many complex legal issues and that it could be months before he rules.

Representative Walter Capps' (D) District/Lean Republican

Brooks Firestone (R) announced Thursday that he will leave his Lieutenant Governor bid and run for the 22 Congressional District held by the late Walter Capps (D) who died on October 28. Due to Firestone's personal wealth and recognizable name he is most likely win this seat. Governor Wilson called a special election for January 13th. So far there are no Democrats announced but potential Democrats for this race include Congressman Capps' widow Lois Capps and state Senator Jack O'Connell. Some people believe that despite Capps' name recognition and Walter Capps' popularity, state Senator O'Connell will be the stronger candidate. Republicans announced are Former county Supervisor Mike Stoker, physician Rene Bravo and State Assembly member Tom Bordonaro. Santa Maria Mayor Abel Maldonado (R) is still considering.

The Unabomber Case

The trial of suspected Unabomber Theodore Kaczynski began in a US District courtroom Wednesday in Sacramento.

STATE LEGISLATURE

Democrats control the State Senate with 23 Democrats, 16 Republicans and 1 Independent. The Senate Pro Tempore is Bill Lockyer (D) of Hayward, the Majority Leader is Charles M. Calderon (D), and the Minority Leader is Rob Hurtt (R). Democrats also control the State Assembly by a 43-37 margin. The Speaker is Cruz Bustamante (D) of Fresno. The Majority Leader is Antonio Villaraigosa (D), and the Minority Leader is Kurt Pringle (R).

PARTIAL LIST OF ADMINISTRATION APPOINTEES FROM CALIFORNIA

White House

Craighead, Kelly	Deputy Director of Advance & Trip Director for the First Lady
Palmieri, Jennifer	Special Assistant to the President for Scheduling and Advance
Matsui, Doris	Deputy Assistant to the President, Public Liaison
Skelton, Karen	Deputy Assistant to the President, Political Affairs
Umberg, Tom	Deputy Director, Office of the Drug Czar

Departments/Agencies

Barram, David	Administrator, General Services Administration
Berg, Olena	Assistant Secretary, Pension & Welfare Benefit Admin, Dept/Labor
Bersin, Alan	US Attorney, Southern California
Cruz, Frank	Member/Board of Directors, Corp. of Public Broadcasting
Ehrlich, Thomas	Member/Board of Directors, National & Community Service Corp
Garamendi, John	Deputy Secretary, Department of the Interior
Huerta, Michael	Associate Deputy Secretary, Department of Transportation
Manella, Nora	US Attorney, Central California
McFadden, Nancy	General Counsel, Department of Transportation
Nathanson, Marc	Broadcasting Board of Governors
Nichols, Mary	Assistant Administrator, Air & Radiation, EPA
Ochi, Rose	Director of Community Relations, Department of Justice
Palast, Geri	Assistant Secretary, Department of Labor
Rominger, Richard	Deputy Secretary, Department of Agriculture
Yellen, Janet	Chair, Council of Economic Advisors

ECONOMIC PROGRESS IN CALIFORNIA UNDER PRESIDENT CLINTON

President Clinton's strategy to strengthen the economy is based on reducing the federal budget deficit, lowering trade barriers, and empowering workers, families, businesses and communities to succeed. Here are some of the results for California after 56 months of the Clinton Administration:

Improved Economic Conditions in California during the Clinton Administration:

- The unemployment rate has dropped from 9.7% to 6.3%.
- 1,111,600 new jobs, or 238,200 **per year**--compared to a LOSS of 13,075 **per year** during the previous administration.
- 1,039,500 new private-sector jobs, or 222,750 **per year**--compared to a LOSS of 40,450 **per year** during the previous administration.
- 52,500 new manufacturing jobs, or 11,250 **per year**--compared to a LOSS of 66,700 **per year** during the previous administration.
- 127,800 new construction jobs, or 27,386 **per year**--compared to a LOSS of 27,925 **per year** during the previous administration.
- New business incorporations have increased 4.5% **per year**--after falling 10.8% **per year** during the previous administration.
- Home sales have increased 4% **per year**--after decreasing 7% **per year** during the previous administration.
- Business lending has increased by 5% **per year**--after dropping by 8% **per year** during the previous 4 years.
- Consumer confidence has increased 106%.

What President Clinton's Accomplishments Have Achieved for the People of California:

15,000 OF REDUCED FEDERAL DEBT FOR EVERY FAMILY OF FOUR IN CALIFORNIA: The national debt will be **more than \$1 trillion** lower than was projected before the passage of the President's economic plan. That's about \$15,000 of reduced federal debt for each family of four in California.

10 TIMES MORE CALIFORNIA FAMILIES RECEIVE A TAX CUT THAN A TAX INCREASE: As a result of the expanded Earned Income Tax Credit, 2,146,915 working families in California will receive a tax cut. This compares to an increase in the income tax rate for only the 218,777 wealthiest taxpayers in California.

TAX CUT FOR 178,917 SMALL BUSINESSES IN CALIFORNIA: The President helped entrepreneurs, proprietors, and other small businessmen and women by expanding the annual expensing allowance from \$10,000 to \$17,500. About 178,917 small businesses in California are likely to benefit from the expansion of the expensing allowance this year alone *and many more will benefit over the coming years.*

4,959,000 CALIFORNIA WORKERS PROTECTED BY FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT: The Family and Medical Leave Act allows workers to take up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave for the birth of a child, to care for a sick family member, or if they become too sick to work. This law covers about 4,959,089 workers in California, and protects the jobs of 297,914 workers in California who are likely to use unpaid leave this year alone.

1.65 MILLION STUDENTS AND FORMER STUDENTS IN CALIFORNIA WILL BE ABLE TO BENEFIT FROM STUDENT LOAN REFORMS: Approximately 1.65 million California borrowers -- 1.16 million current borrowers and 490,000 new borrowers in the next few years -- can take advantage of the new direct student loan program by participating directly in the program or by consolidating guaranteed loans into direct loans. Some will benefit from lower interest rates, and all will benefit from more repayment options, including income contingent repayment.



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
WASHINGTON D.C. 20503

November 13, 1997

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: KATHLEEN A. MCGINTY *WW for KAM*

SUBJECT: CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

FLOOD CONTROL

Channel Clearing. The El Nino predicted this year may result in massive flooding in Southern California. Safety concerns have prompted local flood control agencies to apply for additional river dredging permits from the Corps of Engineers; the Corps has agreed to expedite these applications. EPA is working with the Corps to modify its standard approach to permit processing to address a number of environmental concerns, sparking public debate. The media has cast this debate as a public safety vs. environmental protection issue, pitting the mission of flood protection against the environmental community's interest in restoring the region's rivers and creeks to a more natural state.

If asked, you should state that EPA, in cooperation with the Corps, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and the State of California, has been assessing environmentally sensitive areas in the Los Angeles River in response to concerns that clearing the channels of vegetation may adversely affect the waterways, and that this interagency and intergovernmental cooperative effort will result in both environmental protection and flood protection.

Levee Repair. There have been concerns raised by the state and by agricultural interests over the speed of the Corps of Engineers' levee repair and over the amount of funding for eligible levees. Not all levees in the state are eligible for federal funding for repairs, based on the Corps' levee assessment criteria. For example, in Sutter County, because 19 of 20 levees do not meet the Corps' criteria, they will not receive federal funding and will not be repaired. However, there is language in the most recent Corps appropriations that changes the criteria used to assess levee eligibility.

If asked, you should say the Corps is working hard to repair all qualified levees and expects to complete the work before any flooding. In regard to ineligible levees, the Corps currently is assessing how many levees qualify under the new criteria and how long it will take to repair them. They will begin repair work as soon as possible on eligible levees.

WATER USE

California water users, particularly agricultural users, and environmentalists are very agitated about a pending November 20 decision at the Department of Interior regarding implementation of section b(2) of the Central Valley Project Improvement Act (CVPIA).

Section b(2) requires that the Central Valley Project dedicate 800,000 acre feet of water annually to the doubling of fish populations in the Central Valley. The historic Bay-Delta Accord, signed after the CVPIA in 1994 by representatives of the state and Federal agencies and agricultural, urban and environmental organizations, called for a Federal share of water to meet new Clean Water Act and Endangered Species Act standards to protect the Bay-Delta estuary from the impacts of water diversion. Water users argue that the Bay-Delta accord superseded the Act -- that a "deal is a deal." Environmentalists argue that the Act, with its more stringent standards, has never been implemented by Interior.

On October 31, Interior announced its proposal to meet both the requirements of CVPIA and the provisions of the Bay-Delta Accord by focusing on an assortment of water flow and habitat conservation measures that would double fish populations, rather than on a strict accounting of the 800,000 acre-feet. This proposal results from an open process undertaken by Interior that brought together urban, agricultural and environmental interests, as well as relevant state and federal agencies, in an effort to resolve these issues without litigation.

If asked, you should say that Interior's proposal promotes the restoration of fish populations while assuring reliable water supplies for both urban and agricultural sectors. None of the stakeholders are fully satisfied by the proposal. It is important to emphasize that we support Interior's process to keep all parties working toward a common solution.

HEADWATERS FOREST

You have just signed the Interior Appropriations bill, which provides \$250 million for acquisition of the Headwaters Forest. Issues remain, however, before we can complete the purchase.

The parties to the September 26, 1996 Headwaters Agreement are struggling to complete negotiations over the development of a Habitat Conservation Plan (HCP), the purpose of which is to protect threatened and endangered species on Pacific Lumber Company's (Palco) property while allowing Palco to make economically viable use of its property. In spite of much progress on the HCP, the federal/state biologists and Palco's biologists are far apart on the amount of old-growth forest that may be cut; both sides are firmly entrenched, although we hope to bridge this gap in the coming weeks. Although unfounded, environmentalists are extremely concerned that once we get the \$250 million earmarked for Headwaters in the Interior Appropriations bill, the Administration will cave in to Palco on the HCP and allow heavy cutting despite the science.

Further complicating the situation is a civil rights lawsuit filed at the end of October involving the use of pepper spray by Humboldt County (where Headwaters is located) and city of Eureka law enforcement officers against peaceful Headwaters protestors. The allegations, supported by video

footage widely aired on network television, provoked numerous editorials and newspaper stories assailing both the police officers and Congressman Frank Riggs for his defense of the officers' actions. The FBI has opened a criminal investigation into the matter.

If asked about the status of the HCP, you should say that state and federal biologists are continuing in their efforts to develop an HCP that is based on sound science and fully complies with the Endangered Species Act and other applicable laws. You may also be asked for your reaction to the pepper spray incidents. You should say that the Administration is monitoring the situation, but because the allegations are now before the court and are being investigated by the FBI, it would be inappropriate to comment further.

PROPOSED HIGHWAY 710

The City of South Pasadena and citizen and environmental groups are opposing a proposed freeway extension in Los Angeles County. The proposal, called Highway 710, would complete a 6.5-mile gap in the Long Beach Freeway, a north-south connector, which has been in its current state for more than 30 years. The groups oppose the extension because of disruption of community and impacts on historic structures.

The California Department of Transportation has worked to find mitigation measures, but the opponents still remain unsatisfied. Instead, opponents advocate a "Low-Build" alternative that shifts some of the congestion to public transportation. Proponents claim that the line can not relieve congestion and that Highway 710 is still required.

The Federal Highway Administration proposes a Record of Decision that would be subject to the following conditions:

- CalTrans would establish a community design advisory group.
- CalTrans would work with affected communities to establish a list of interim improvements and traffic management measures.
- Prior to 710 advancing beyond the design stage, Federal Highway Administration would determine that (1) there is a reevaluation of purpose and need for 710; (2) there is an acceptable financial plan to assure expeditious completion and minimize construction impacts; and (3) there is an acceptable relocation plan.

If asked, you should say that we would like to see the different levels of government in California come together on this issue. The White House will rely upon our experts in Federal Highway Administration and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation to provide sound, technical advice about whether the proposal should go forward with federal support.

WARD VALLEY

The State of California has asked the Department of Interior to transfer Federal land known as Ward Valley in the California desert near Needles, California for use as a low-level nuclear waste facility. The Interior Department is presently conducting a Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

November 13, 1997

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: THURGOOD MARSHALL, JR. *TM*
JON P. JENNINGS *JPJ*

SUBJECT: HOT ISSUES -- SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

Spent Fuel Shipments: Northern California elected officials, citizens, and activist groups continue to express concern regarding DOE's proposal to ship foreign research reactor spent nuclear fuel through the Concord Naval Weapons Station and the Feather River Canyon to Idaho. The California Attorney General has declined so far to block the shipments. This program is part of efforts to ensure the material will not be used to make nuclear weapons. (DOE)

Mather Air Force Base: DOC's Economic Development Administration invested \$9.75 million to support civilian re-use of the former Mather Air Force Base. The project will demolish the existing airport terminal building, replace it with a new general aviation terminal, and build roads and related infrastructure. The project is expected to bring 2,000 jobs to Sacramento. (DOC)

Nursing Home Deaths: On October 27, *Time* published a story alleging that nursing home residents in California are dying from poor quality care, including malnutrition and dehydration. HCFA is investigating whether the California state agency appropriately responded to complaints and will decide if there is a national problem with malnutrition and dehydration in nursing homes. (HHS)

Children's Health Insurance: On October 2, Governor Wilson signed legislation to implement the Children's Health Insurance Program for California. The new program, which will funnel government premiums through private health plans rather than expand the existing Medicaid program, will provide coverage to nearly 600,000 uninsured California children starting July 1, 1998. This is the largest expansion of government-sponsored health coverage since the creation of Medicare and Medicaid in 1965. (HHS)

Prenatal Care Termination: On November 12, the California Supreme Court refused to review the state Court of Appeal's decision to allow Governor Wilson to restrict prenatal care to undocumented immigrants. The restrictions are scheduled to begin on December 1 for new prenatal care applicants, and on January 1, 1998, for women already receiving prenatal care.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

November 13, 1997

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: THURGOOD MARSHALL, JR. **TM**
JON P. JENNINGS **JPS**

SUBJECT: HOT ISSUES -- LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

El Niño: Governor Wilson wrote a letter to you asking that the Army Corps of Engineers streamline the permit process so that the storm channels in California, particularly in Southern California, will be cleaned out before the rains come. The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers issued a permit on October 24 to Los Angeles County to maintain and clear the flood channels of the Los Angeles River. The permit was issued in less than 30 days so that the County could clear the necessary channels for flood control in an environmentally sensitive manner. (DoD and EPA)

March Air Force Base: The San Manuel Band of Mission Indians has requested that you and Secretary Cohen require the Air Force to provide 2,500 acres of the former March Air Force Base to them as ancestral lands under the Indian Self-Determination Act. This would encompass nearly all of the surplus land at March. The Air Force Base Conversion Agency is reviewing the request in consultation with the March Joint Powers Authority before recommending a course of action to the Air Force office dealing with installations. (DoD)

Bilingual Education: In late October, California's largest teachers' union announced its opposition to the "English for the Children" initiative that would prohibit bilingual education in CA schools, with few exceptions. A recent *Los Angeles Times* poll showed 80 percent support for the measure. (DoEd)

IRS Problem Solving Days: November 15 will be the first of a series of monthly Problem Solving Days at the IRS. In 33 district offices around the country, including Los Angeles, the IRS will open its doors to allow taxpayers to meet face-to-face with IRS employees in an attempt to resolve long-standing tax problems. Problem Solving Days is one of many Administration initiatives aimed at building a fair, efficient and accountable IRS. (Treasury)

NADBank: On November 21, the Presidential Advisory committee for the Community Adjustment and Investment Program will hold its 7th meeting in El Paso, Texas. The Committee will hear from residents of the trade-affected community. Representative Torres (who represents part of Los Angeles, CA) was a key figure in the establishment of the program. Torres recently indicated his concern that the program has not been fully and expeditiously developed. (Treasury)

LAX Noise Abatement: On November 14, FAA Administrator Jane Garvey will meet with citizens concerned with the level of noise around Los Angeles International Airport (LAX). FAA has provided grant assistance to implement the El Segundo abatement measures by issuing three Airport Improvement Program grants to the city. (DOT)

Airport Re-Naming: On November 12, the Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors agreed to recommend renaming LAX after actor Jimmy Stewart. The plan must be approved by the Los Angeles City Council, mayor and Airport Commission.

PRESIDENT CLINTON'S ACCOMPLISHMENTS:
California

EXPANDING ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL:

- **Unemployment Down to 6.2%:** The unemployment rate in California has declined from 9.7% to 6.2% since 1993.
- **Over 1 Million New Jobs:** Over 1 million new jobs have been created in California since 1993 -- an average of 231,709 jobs per year. In contrast, an average of 13,075 jobs were *lost* each year during the previous administration.
- **1.2 Million Have Received a Raise:** 999,000 California workers benefited from an increase in the minimum wage -- from \$4.25 to \$4.75 -- on October 1, 1996. They, along with 200,000 more, received an additional raise -- from \$4.75 to \$5.15 -- on September 1, 1997.
- **Nearly 8 Million Protected By Family & Medical Leave:** Approximately 7,891,500 California workers are covered by the Family & Medical Leave Law, which allows workers to take up to 12 weeks unpaid leave to care for a new baby or ailing relative [1995 data].
- **A \$500 Child Tax Credit to Help Families Raising Children:** To help make it easier for families to raise their children, the balanced budget includes a \$500 per-child tax credit for children under 17. **Thanks to President Clinton, the balanced budget delivers a child tax credit to 3,229,000 families in California.**

FIGHTING CRIME AND VIOLENCE:

- **Crime Falls 19% in California:** Since 1992, serious crime has fallen 26% in Long Beach, 31% in Los Angeles, 12% in Sacramento, 33% in San Diego, 26% in San Francisco, and 14% in San Jose **and serious crime has fallen 19% statewide.** [1996 data].
- **8,693 More Police:** The President's 1994 Crime Bill has funded 8,693 new police officers in communities across California [through 10/97].
- **Nearly \$13 Million to Combat Domestic Violence:** Through the Violence Against Women Act, California will use \$12.9 million in federal funds this year [FY97] to establish more women's shelters and bolster law enforcement, prosecution, and victims' services. California received \$11.5 million under VAWA in FY96.
- **\$57.4 Million to Keep Drugs & Violence Out of California's Schools:** California receives \$57.4 million in FY97 for the Safe & Drug Free Schools Program, which invests in school security and drug prevention programs.

MOVING CALIFORNIANS FROM WELFARE TO WORK:

- **78,883 Fewer on Welfare:** There are currently 78,883 fewer people on welfare than there were in the beginning of 1993-- a 3% decrease. [through 6/97].
- **Child Support Collections Up 38%:** Child support collections have increased by over \$249 million -- or 38% -- in California since FY92. [through FY96]

EXPANDING ACCESS TO EDUCATION:

- **\$393 Million in Head Start Funding:** In FY96, California received \$393 million in Head Start funding, benefitting over 72,600 students. This year, California receives \$446 million for Head Start, an increase of \$53 million over 1996.
- **\$3.7 Million for Early Head Start:** In FY96, California received \$3.7 million for Early Head Start to provide basic early education, nutrition, and family development to low-income families with children under three. Early Head Start was established as a feature in the reauthorization of the Head

Start Act, signed by President Clinton in 1994.

\$54.7 Million in Goals 2000 Funding: This year [FY97], California receives \$54.7 million in Goals 2000 funding. This money is used to raise academic achievement by raising academic standards, increasing parental and community involvement in education, expanding the use of computers and technology in classrooms, and supporting high-quality teacher professional development.

- **\$20.6 Million for Technology Literacy:** This year [FY97], California receives \$20.6 million for the Technology Literacy Challenge Fund which helps communities and the private sector ensure that every student is equipped with the computer literacy skills needed for the 21st century.
- **\$924.7 Million for Students Most in Need:** California receives \$924.7 million in Title I grants providing extra help in the basics for students most in need, particularly communities and schools with high concentrations of children in low-income families [FY97].
- **\$307 Million for Students with Disabilities:** This year, California will receive \$307 million under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act to help ensure high quality educational opportunities for an estimated 584,000 disabled students in California.
- **\$156 Million for Vocational and Adult Education:** This year, \$156 million helps California's students and workers prepare for the 21st Century with technical and academic training. The funding also includes the School-to-Work program, bridging high school with vocational education [FY97].
- **\$677 Million in Pell Grants:** California receives \$677 million this year in Pell Grant funding, which helps California's low-income students go to college [FY97].
- **Nearly 8,000 Have Served in California through AmeriCorps:** This year, 102 AmeriCorps participants are serving their communities while earning money for college by working in California's schools, hospitals, neighborhoods and parks. Since the National Service program began in 1994, nearly 8,000 members have served California in 441 different programs [through FY97].
- **Tuition Tax Credits in Balanced Budget Open the Doors of College and Promote Lifelong Learning:** The balanced budget includes both President Clinton's \$1,500 HOPE Scholarship to help make the first two years of college as universal as a high school diploma and a Lifetime Learning Tax Credit for college juniors, seniors, graduate students and working Americans pursuing lifelong learning to upgrade their skills. This 20% tax credit will be applied to the first \$5,000 of tuition and fees through 2002 and to the first \$10,000 thereafter. **761,000 students in California will receive a HOPE Scholarship tax credit of up to \$1,500. 934,000 students in California will receive the Lifetime Learning Tax Credit.**

INVESTING IN CALIFORNIA'S HEALTH:

- **Health Care for Uninsured Children:** The balanced budget includes the largest single investment in health care for children since the passage of Medicaid in 1965 -- an unprecedented \$24 billion over five years to cover as many as five million children throughout the nation. This investment guarantees the full range of benefits -- from checkups to surgery -- that children need to grow up strong and healthy. It ensures that prescription drugs, vision, hearing, and mental health coverage now offered at the state level are extended to millions of uninsured children. **To expand health coverage to uninsured children in California the balanced budget provides \$855 million in 1998 and \$3.969 billion over five years.**
- **Helping California Women and Children with WIC:** The Clinton Administration is committed to full funding in the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC). Today, in California, 402,496 more women and children in need are receiving health and food assistance than in 1994.
- **More Toddlers Are Being Immunized:** As a result of the President's 1993 Childhood Immunization Initiative, childhood immunization rates have reached an historic high. According to the CDC,

90% or more of America's toddlers in 1996 received the most critical doses of each of the routinely recommended vaccines -- surpassing the President's 1993 goal. In California in 1996, 94% of two-year olds received the vaccines for diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis; 91% received the vaccine for polio; 90% received the vaccine for measles, and 90% received the vaccine for *Haemophilus influenzae* B, the bacteria causing a form of meningitis.

PROTECTING THE ENVIRONMENT:

- **11 Toxic Waste Sites Cleaned Up:** Since 1993, the EPA has completed 11 Superfund toxic waste cleanups in California, in Sunnyvale (3), Santa Clara, Porterville, Coalinga, Richmond, Oroville, Cloverdale, Fillmore, and Scotts Valley [through 6/97]. Only 14 sites were cleaned up in the previous 12 years combined.

SPEARHEADING URBAN RENEWAL EFFORTS:

- **\$128 Million to Los Angeles:** Los Angeles/ Huntington Park was designated an enterprise community in December, 1994 and was awarded \$3 million to create more jobs, housing, and economic opportunity for city residents. Later, it was designated a Supplemental Empowerment Zone and was awarded \$125 million for similar job creation efforts.
- **\$28 Million to Oakland:** Oakland was designated an Enterprise Community in December 1994, and was awarded \$3 million to create economic opportunity for area residents. Later, it was designated an enhanced enterprise community and was awarded an additional \$25 million.
- **\$12 Million to Other Communities Across California:** Additionally, Imperial County, San Diego, San Francisco, and Watsonville were all designated Enterprise Communities and were each awarded \$3 million for job creation efforts.

PROVIDING DISASTER RELIEF:

- **\$6.4 Billion in Federal Emergency Assistance:** Since 1993, California has received \$6.4 billion in disaster relief. This includes \$5.7 billion in assistance to recover from the Northridge Earthquake, which occurred in January of 1994.
- **56,343 More National Flood Insurance Policies:** Since the President took office, California has increased the number of National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) policies by 56,343. Since 1993, the number of homes and structures protected by NFIP policies has increased by 28%. As more individuals gain policies through the NFIP, the need for disaster assistance is lessened resulting in a reduced burden on America's taxpayers.

EXPANDING FUNDS FOR TRAVEL IMPROVEMENT:

- **\$3.2 Billion to Improve Mass Transit:** The FTA has provided approximately \$3.2 billion since 1993 to fund improvements in public transportation in California, including construction of the Los Angeles Red Line Subway, extension of BART service to Colma in San Francisco, extension of light rail service in San Jose/Santa Clara County, and other projects [through FY97].
- **\$9.6 Billion in Highway Funding:** California has received \$9.6 billion in Federal highway funding. These funds have helped generate over 400,000 jobs [through FY97].
- **\$503 Million in Airport Improvement Funds:** Since FY93, California has received more than \$503 million to fund improvements at Los Angeles International Airport and San Francisco International Airport [through 6/97].

**ROCK THE VOTE BENEFIT
HONORING PRESIDENT CLINTON**

'97 NOV 14 PM 1 50

DATE: Sunday, November 16, 1997
VENUE: Spago Restaurant; Beverly Hills, CA
TIME: 5:00 p.m. - 7:00 p.m.
FROM: Donna A. Frisby, Acting Executive Director
Rock the Vote

I. PURPOSE

The event will raise funds for Rock the Vote and to energize a new segment of the entertainment community to step up to the plate and provide their talents and resources to support Rock the Vote.

II. BACKGROUND

Rock the Vote education fund, a 501(c)3 non-partisan, non-profit organization is dedicated to protecting freedom of speech and motivating young people, through popular culture, to participate in the political process.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Please see the accompanying guest list.

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open to the pool for remarks only.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

6:00 p.m.

- YOU arrive
- YOU are greeted by the event hosts and sponsors:
Dan and Jenna Adler, Jeff Ayeroff, Hilary Rosen, Ricki Seidman, & Donna Frisby
- **PROGRAM**
Donna Frisby makes brief remarks and introduces Jeff Ayeroff.
Jeff Ayeroff makes brief remarks and introduces Dan Adler.
Dan Adler makes brief remarks and introduces YOU.
YOU make brief remarks.
- YOU work the ropeline.
- YOU take pictures with Rock the Vote staff.
- YOU depart.

VI. REMARKS

Your remarks will be provided by speechwriting.

Acknowledge: Magician David Blaine;
Rock the Vote's Acting Exec. Dir. Donna
Frisby; Event Chairs: Hilary Rosen, Ricki
Seidman, Dan and Jenna Adler, Founder of
Rock the Vote: Jeff Ayeroff [AIR-off].

I'm with you this evening --thanks to my
good friend Ricki -- and because **Rock the
Vote has encouraged thousands of young
people to believe that their voice can
make a diff.** Whether it's registering voters
at a rock concert, or petitioning a school
board on an issue, each and every step that a
young person takes is one that strengthens
and brings this country together.

• **New generation of leadership:** you here
have a unique opp. to capture the hearts and
minds of young America as their political
beliefs are being formed. You can bring the
talent and the tools that will insure the future
success of Rock theVote & our Dem. system.

• **4 yrs ago, goals:** Am Dr, peace/freedom,
One Amer. Keep values alive in new time.
End of Cong: good year for America. 1st
bal bud in gen; biggest investment higher
ed 50 yrs, Child health care since '65;
NATO expansion, CWC.

should be proud -- moment of hope,
and more to do.

Economic plan Def. ↘ 92+%. 13.5M jobs;
[1M + in CA] Unemp at 4.7% -- 24 yr. low;
[in CA ↘ by 1/3] Crime, welfare down. Crime
31% ↘ in LA. 78,000 fewer Califs on wel. In
LA: \$128m for enter. zone. Cleaned suprfnd
sites in CA 3 X's faster than previous Adm.

• **Hist. bal bud:** 5 M insrd chldrn (24 B);
secures Medcre for 12 yrs; NIH ↗ by \$900m.
Ryan Wht ↗ by \$150m. Diabetes.

• **Exp. Opp. through Educ:** bggst increase
since '65. \$1,500 HOPE. [760,000 CA
Students] Pell: ↗ to \$3000. Am Read:
\$300m. Charter Sch. ↗ 57%. 850,000 in
Head Start (goal 1 M) Now, standards full.

• **Expand Opp. for Am. families:** In CA:
8M protected by FMLA. MinWage. [1.2m
Califs got a raise] Adopt. tax credit. Childcre
support (collections ↗ 40% in CA since '92).

• **Community:** One America. **RACE**
Initiative = Youth Involvement. (First
Town Hall is Dec. 3rd in Akron.)

**DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE DINNER
BRIEFING PAPER
WILL BE FORWARDED**

Los Angeles DNC 11/16/97

Acknowledge: Haim and Cheryl Saban

• **4 yrs ago, goals:** Am Dr, peace/freedom,
One Amer. Keep values alive in new time.

End of Cong: good year for America. 1st
bal bud in gen; biggest investment higher
ed 50 yrs, Chld hlth care since '65; NATO
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Califs got a raise] Adopt. tax credit. Childcre
support (collections ↗ 40% in CA since '92).

• **Demand Resp: V-chip, TV Ratings.**

• Community: One America. Akron, Dec.3.

THE TRIP
of
THE PRESIDENT
to
DENVER, COLORADO
and
SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

November 22, 1997

Staff Copy

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Saturday, November 22, 1997

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WASHINGTON, D.C.
DENVER, COLORADO
SEATTLE, WASHINGTON
VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1997

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

FOR

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1997

FINAL SCHEDULE

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651
OFFICE: 202-456-2823

TRIP COORDINATOR:

(Colorado and Washington State)

AVIVA STEINBERG

HOME: 202-362-1813
OFFICE: 202-456-2920
WHCA PAGER: 4022

TRIP COORDINATOR:

(Vancouver, British Columbia)

LAURA GRAHAM

HOME: 703-212-7642
OFFICE: 202-456-2349
WHCA PAGER: 4809

PRESS DESK:

JEREMY GAINES

HOME: 202-362-5475
OFFICE: 202-456-5771
WHCA PAGER: 4194

ADVANCE LEAD:

(Denver, Colorado)

AL RUTHERFORD

STAFF OFFICE: 303-534-6719
CELL PHONE: 202-757-9331
WHCA PAGER: 5787

ADVANCE LEAD:

(Seattle, Washington)

ROB ROSEN

STAFF OFFICE: 206-374-9589
CELL PHONE: 202-757-9189
WHCA PAGER: 4540

ADVANCE LEAD:

(Vancouver, British Columbia)

DAVID NESLEN

STAFF OFFICE: 604-333-0297
CELL PHONE: 202-828-4106
WHCA PAGER: 5758

WASHINGTON, D.C.
DENVER, COLORADO
SEATTLE, WASHINGTON
VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1997

WEATHER

WASHINGTON, DC

Mostly cloudy with morning rain.
Wind northeast to northwest at 5 to 15 knots.
Low 41 to 46. High 49 to 54.

DENVER, COLORADO/ SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

Partly cloudy.
Wind west at 8 to 15 knots.
Low 21 to 26. High 50 to 55.

VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA

Cloudy and windy with rain.
Wind south at 15 to 35 knots.
Low 40 to 45. High 50 to 55.

WASHINGTON, D.C.
DENVER, COLORADO
SEATTLE, WASHINGTON
VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1997

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1997
FINAL SCHEDULE**

8:45	am-	BRIEFING
9:00	am	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Sandy Berger
9:00	am-	FOREIGN POLICY PHONE CALL
9:15	am	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Sandy Berger
9:20	am	THE PRESIDENT proceeds to the South Lawn
9:25	am	THE PRESIDENT departs the White House via Marine One en route Andrews Air Force Base [flight time: 10 minutes]
9:35	am	THE PRESIDENT arrives Andrews Air Force Base CLOSED PUBLIC OPEN PRESS
9:45	am	THE PRESIDENT departs Andrews Air Force Base via Air Force One en route Denver International Airport, Denver, Colorado [flight time: 3 hours, 20 minutes] [time change: -2]

WASHINGTON, D.C.
DENVER, COLORADO
SEATTLE, WASHINGTON
VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1997

11:05 am

THE PRESIDENT arrives Denver International Airport, Denver, Colorado
CLOSED PUBLIC
OPEN PRESS

Greeters: Mrs. Bea Romer
Lieutenant Governor Gail Schoetler
Deputy Mayor Fidel Montoya
Mrs. Montoya
Michael Feeley, Senate Minority Leader
Carol Snyder, House Minority Leader
Bill Thibaut, State Senator
Ken Gordon, State Representative
Ben Clark, State Representative
Gloria Tanner, State Senator
Wilma Webb
Michael Driver
Mary Alice Driver
Mike Stratton
Marjorie Sewell
Cathy Reynolds, City Council President
Mike Dino

11:20 am-

11:30 am

**STATEMENT ON THE ASIAN PACIFIC ECONOMIC
CONFERENCE (APEC)**

TARMAC

Denver International Airport

Remarks: Vinca LaFleur

Staff Contact: Sandy Berger, Mike McCurry

OPEN PRESS

-- **The President** proceeds to the podium.

-- **The President** makes a statement and departs.

11:35 am

THE PRESIDENT departs Denver International Airport via motorcade
en route Phipps Mansion
[drive time: 35 minutes]

WASHINGTON, D.C.
DENVER, COLORADO
SEATTLE, WASHINGTON
VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1997

12:10 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Phipps Mansion

Greeters: Dr. Tom Williams, Director and Curator, Phipps Mansion

12:15 pm-

12:40 pm

**DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE PHOTO RECEIVING
LINE**

DINING ROOM

Phipps Mansion

Staff Contact: Craig Smith

Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg

CLOSED PRESS

-- **The President** will receive 70 guests for photographs.

12:45 pm-

1:25 pm

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE LUNCH

LIVING ROOM

Phipps Mansion

Remarks: Laura Capps

Staff Contact: Craig Smith

Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg

POOL REPORTER ONLY

AUDIO FEED TO PRESS

-- Lunch is served (15 minutes).

-- Governor Roy Romer makes brief remarks and introduces **the President**.

-- **The President** makes brief remarks, and departs.

1:30 pm-

1:35 pm

POLICE AND DRIVER PHOTOGRAPHS

FOYER

Phipps Mansion

OFFICIAL PHOTO ONLY

WASHINGTON, D.C.
DENVER, COLORADO
SEATTLE, WASHINGTON
VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1997

1:40 pm **THE PRESIDENT** proceeds to the Phipps Tennis Pavilion

Greeters: Landry Taylor, Denver County Chair
 Ken Fucik, Boulder County Chair
 Dick Hodge, Adams County Chair
 Carolyn Boller, Arapahoe County Chair
 Tim Knaus, Jefferson County Chair

1:45 pm-
2:25 pm

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE RECEPTION
PHIPPS TENNIS PAVILION
Remarks: Laura Capps
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg
OPEN PRESS

Note: There will be a pre-program.

- Off-stage announcement of **the President** accompanied by Governor Roy Romer, Lieutenant Governor Schoetler, Congresswoman Diana DeGette, Congressman David Skaggs.
- Governor Roy Romer makes brief remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** speaks, works a ropeline, and departs.

2:30 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Phipps Mansion via motorcade en route Denver International Airport
[drive time: 35 minutes]

3:05 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Denver International Airport
CLOSED PUBLIC
OPEN PRESS

Greeters: Daisy Anderson
 Mary Cox
 Paul Sandoval
 Zee Farrafino

WASHINGTON, D.C.
DENVER, COLORADO
SEATTLE, WASHINGTON
VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1997

3:15 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Denver International Airport via Air Force
One en route Boeing Field, King County, Washington
[flight time: 2 hours, 25 minutes]
[time change: -1]

4:40 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Boeing Field, King County, Washington
CLOSED PUBLIC
OPEN PRESS

Greeters: Lieutenant Governor Brad Owens
Brian Baird, Candidate, Third Congressional District
Raymond Reyes and Friends
Mayor Norm Rice
Dr. Constance Rice
Mayor-Elect Paul Schell
Pam Schell
Margarita Prentice, State Senator
Eileen Cody, State Representative
Brian Baird, Third Congressional District
Michael Murphy, State Treasurer
Dr. Terry Bergeson, Superintendent of Public Schools
Deborah Senn, Insurance Commissioner
Greta Cammermyer, Candidate Second Congressional
District
Chuck Clare, Regional Administrator
Dave deCourey, Regional Administrator
Jay Inslee, Regional Administrator
Jay Pearson, Regional Administrator
Gretchen Sorensen, Regional Administrator

WASHINGTON, D.C.
DENVER, COLORADO
SEATTLE, WASHINGTON
VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1997

4:55 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Boeing Field, King County, Washington via motorcade en route site TBD
[drive time: 25 minutes]

5:00 pm-
6:00 pm **DOWN TIME**
SITE TBD

6:00 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs site TBD via motorcade en route Private Residence
[drive time: 15 minutes]

6:15 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Private Residence

Greeters: Senator Patty Murray
 Rob Murray
 Lori MacDonald Jonsson, Dinner Host
 Lars Jonsson, Spouse

6:20 pm-
6:50 pm **PHOTO RECEIVING LINE**
LIVING ROOM
Private Residence
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg
CLOSED PRESS

-- **The President** will receive 100 guests for photographs.

6:55 pm-
7:45 pm

**PATTY MURRAY DINNER
TENT**

Private Residence

Remarks: Laura Capps

Staff Contact: Craig Smith

Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg

POOL REPORTER ONLY

AUDIO FEED TO PRESS

- **The President** proceeds to his seat.
- Salad and soup courses are served.
- Lori MacDonald Jonsson introduces Patty Murray.
- Patty Murray makes brief remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes brief remarks and departs.

Note: Main courses will be served after the President departs.

7:50 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Private Residence via motorcade en route
Pavilion at the Seattle Center
[drive time: 20 minutes]

8:10 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Pavilion at the Seattle Center

8:15 pm-

8:35 pm

PHOTO RECEIVING LINE

ROOM B

Pavilion at the Seattle Center

- **The President** will greet 80 guests for photographs.

8:40 pm-
9:20 pm

REMARKS TO PATTY MURRAY RECEPTION

ROOM A

Pavilion at the Seattle Center

Remarks: Laura Capps

Staff Contact: Craig Smith

Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg

OPEN PRESS

Note: There is a pre-program.

- Off-stage announcement of **the President** accompanied by Patty Murray and Kenny Alhadeff.
- Kenny Alhadeff introduces Patty Murray.
- Patty Murray makes remarks.
- Kenny Alhadeff introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes remarks, works a ropeline, and departs.

9:25 pm-
9:30 pm

POLICE AND DRIVER PHOTOGRAPHS

ROOM B

Pavilion at the Seattle Center

OFFICIAL PHOTO ONLY

9:35 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Pavilion at the Seattle Center via motorcade en route Boeing Field, King County, Washington
[drive time: 15 minutes]

9:50 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Boeing Field, King County, Washington

Note: Ambassador Gordon Giffin will travel on Air Force One beginning in Seattle, Washington.

WASHINGTON, D.C.
DENVER, COLORADO
SEATTLE, WASHINGTON
VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1997

10:05 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Boeing Field, King County, Washington en route Vancouver, British Columbia
[flight time: 45 minutes]
[time change: no change]

10:50 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Vancouver International Airport, British Columbia
CLOSED PUBLIC
OPEN PRESS

Greeters: Consulate General Jay Bruns
 Mrs. Bruns
 Mary Ann Peters
 David Anderson, Minister of Fisheries
 Elaine Dudoit, Chief of Protocol
 British Columbia Premier Clark
 Mayor Philip Owens, The City of Vancouver

Note: The President will proceed past a military cordon.

11:05 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Vancouver International Airport via motorcade en route the Waterfront Centre Hotel
[drive time: 20 minutes]

11:25 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives at the Waterfront Centre Hotel

Greeters: General Manager, Waterfront Centre Hotel

11:30 pm **THE PRESIDENT** proceeds to the Presidential Suite

BC RON **THE WATERFRONT CENTRE HOTEL**
VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA

STAFF RON **THE WATERFRONT CENTRE HOTEL**
VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA

HRC RON **PRIVATE RESIDENCE**
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

For Insert at Beginning or End of Remarks:

This city has recently witnessed several vicious and violent hate crimes. The Justice Department has opened a civil rights investigation into at least one of those cases, and I cannot comment specifically on it. But I can say this: we must not -- and I know the people of Denver will not -- tolerate acts of violence fed by hate against people of another color. And we surely cannot tolerate violence and hatred targeted against police officers -- the very people who put their lives on the line every day to protect us from crime and its terrible consequences.

**THE STATEMENT
ON THE ASIAN PACIFIC ECONOMIC CONFERENCE
WILL BE FORWARDED**

**DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE
LUNCHEON HONORING THE PRESIDENT**

Date: Saturday, November 22, 1997
Location: Phipps Mansion
 Denver, Colorado
Time: 12:15
From: Fran Katz, DNC Finance Director

I. Purpose

This event is to raise money for the Democratic National Committee.

II. Background

This is a luncheon honoring the President.

III. Participants

Please see the attached guest list.

IV. Press Plan

The event is to open to one pool print reporter with an audio feed to the pool press.

V. Sequence

- **YOU** arrive and are greeted by Dr. Tom Williams, Director and Curator of the Phipps Conference Center.
- **YOU** proceed to the dining room for a photo receiving line (70 guests).
- **YOU** proceed to the living room and are seated for lunch.
- After the entree is served, the speaking program begins.
- Governor Roy Romer delivers remarks and introduces **YOU**.
- **YOU** deliver remarks.
- **YOU** proceed to the Pavillion.

VI. Remarks

Your remarks are provided by speechwriting.

DNC Denver Lunch 11/22/97

'97 NOV 21 PM5:08

**Acknowledge: Gov. Romer; Mayor Webb
and Wilma Webb; Rep. David Skaggs;
Rep. Diana DeGette (duh-GET); V-Chair
CO Dem Party Manny Rodriguez.**

- **Happy to return to site (and same chair)
of historic G-7 summit.**

- **4 yrs ago, goals: Am Dr, peace/freedom,
One Amer. Keep values alive in new time.**

**End of cong: good year for America. 1st
bal bud in gen; biggest investment higher
ed 50 yrs, Chld hlth care since '65;**

**REGO: FDA reform, Adoption;
NATO expansion, CWC.**

- **Economic plan Def. ↘ 92+%. 13.5M jobs;
unemp at 4.7% -- 24 yr. low; Crime, Wel ↘**

- **Hist. bal bud: Up to 5 M+ insured children
(24 B); secures Medicare for a decade; NIH
↗by \$900 m. Ryan White ↗by \$150m.
Diabetes. 3 B w to w jobs; legal immigrants.**

- **Exp. Opp. through Educ: bggst increase
since '65. \$1,500 HOPE. Pell Grants: inc. to
\$3000. AM Read: \$300m. Charter funding
up 57%. Near goal of 1m kids in Head Start
(850,000 now). Now, standards full fndng.**

- **Demand Responsibility: W-W Partnership
(2,500 companies). Healthcare Bill of
Rights; Tobacco; **Climate Change.****

- **Community: One America.**

**DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE
RECEPTION HONORING THE PRESIDENT**

Date: Saturday, November 22, 1997
Location: Phipps Mansion
Denver, Colorado
Time: 1:40 p.m.
From: Fran Katz, DNC Finance Director

I. Purpose

This event is to raise money for the Democratic National Committee.

II. Background

This is a reception honoring the President.

III. Participants

Guest are from the Denver Metropolitan area. Expected attendance is 300 guests.

IV. Press Plan

The event is open to the press.

V. Sequence

- **YOU** enter the Pavilion and are greeted by Denver Metro Democratic County Chairs (5).
- **YOU** are announced into the room by an off-stage announcement. You are accompanied by Governor Roy Romer, Lt. Governor Gail Schoettler, Representative David Skaggs, a and Representative Diana DeGette.
- **YOU** proceed to the stage.

PROGRAM

- Governor Romer delivers brief remarks and introduces **YOU**.
- **YOU** deliver remarks.
- Following your remarks, **YOU** exit stage right and work a ropeline right to left and depart

VI. Remarks

Your remarks are provided by speechwriting.

DNC Denver Reception 11/22/97

Acknowledge: Gov. Romer; Mayor Webb

and Wilma Webb; Rep. David Skaggs;

Rep. Diana DeGette (duh-GET); V-Chair

CO Dem Party Manny Rodriguez.

- Happy to return to site of historic G-7 summit.

- 4 yrs ago, goals: Am Dr, peace/freedom, One Amer. Keep values alive in new time.

End of cong: good year for America. 1st bal bud in gen; biggest investment higher ed 50 yrs, Chld hlth care since '65;

REGO: FDA reform, Adoption;

NATO expansion, CWC.

- **Economic plan** Def. ↘ 92+%. 13.5M jobs; unemp at 4.7% -- 24 yr. low; Crime, Wel ↘

- **Hist. bal bud:** Up to 5 M+ insured children (24 B); secures Medicare for a decade; NIH ↗by \$900 m. Ryan White ↗by \$150m.

Diabetes. 3 B w to w jobs; legal immigrants.

- **Exp. Opp. through Educ:** bggst increase since '65. \$1,500 HOPE. Pell Grants: inc. to \$3000. AM Read: \$300m. Charter funding up 57%. Near goal of 1m kids in Head Start (850,000 now). Now, standards full fndng.

- **Demand Responsibility:** W-W Partnership (2,500 companies). Healthcare Bill of Rights; Tobacco; **Climate Change.**

- **Community:** One America.

November 22, 1997

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Craig Smith and Angelique Pirozzi

SUBJECT: Colorado Political Briefing

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION RESULTS

1992			1996		
Clinton	629,681	40%	Dole	691,848	45.8%
Bush	562,850	36%	Clinton	671,152	44.4%
Perot	366,010	23%	Perot	99,629	6.6%
			Nader	25,070	1.7%

In 1996, Clinton/Gore lost narrowly in Colorado by 20,696 votes (1.4%). In 1992, when Clinton carried Colorado, Democratic party registration was higher than the GOP (12,000 more registered Dems). But in 1996, despite motor voter, the GOP gained an enormous advantage in party registration (156,000 new registered Republicans compared to 38,500 new Dems). The GOP now holds a lead in Colorado of 105,000 registered voters. As a consequence of this gain, the bar has been raised significantly for Democrats to win state-wide. Despite this advantage, it is remarkable that **YOU** nearly won the state.

Denver '92			Denver '96		
Clinton	135,016	55%	Clinton	120,312	61.7%
Bush	63,283	26%	Dole	58,529	30.0%
Perot	43,245	18%	Perot	8,777	4.5%
			Nader	3,423	1.7%

Governor:	Roy Romer (D)	55% in 1994
US Senate:	Ben Nighthorse Campbell (R)	52% in 1992
	Wayne Allard (R)	51% in 1996
US House:	2D/4R	
State Senate:	15D/20R	
State House:	24D/41R	
Electoral Votes:	8	

COLORADO AT A GLANCE...

- The current unemployment rate in Colorado is 4.2% compared to 6.1% in 1992
- The most recent estimate of Colorado's population is 3,823,000 making Colorado the 25th most populous state in the country.

- 80.7% of Colorado residents are white, 12.9% Hispanic, 3.9% Black, 1.7% Asian-American and 1% Native American.
- 10% Colorado residents are 65 years of age and over.
- Colorado is 18% rural.

PREVIOUS TRAVEL

- **YOU** were last in Colorado on June 18, 1997 for the Dever Summit of the Eight.
- **The Vice President** was in Colorado on November 3, 1996 where he made a campaign speech to the people of Boulder at Chautauqua Park Auditorium.
- **The First Lady** was in Colorado on May 21-22, 1996 to help raise funds for various children's organizations.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS YOU WILL VISIT DURING YOUR TRIP

- The DNC fundraiser will take place in the congressional district of Representative Diana DeGette (D)

POLITICAL LANDSCAPE

In the 1994 mid-term elections, Colorado largely avoided the GOP tidal wave that engulfed other states. Governor Roy Romer's (D) easy win along with Representative David Skaggs' (D) re-election victory with a surprisingly strong 57% of the vote helped Colorado Democrats emerge from the 1994 elections relatively unscathed. Romer cruised to a third term against the bumbling candidacy of millionaire businessman Bruce Benson (R). Considered vulnerable at one time, Romer won by sixteen percentage points (57% - 39%) after his opponent self-destructed amid a variety of unusual scandals. On the down side in 1994, despite Romer's resounding victory, no other statewide Democrat won (besides his Lt. Gov. running mate Gail Schoettler) and the GOP tightened their grip on the state legislature.

Tom Strickland's (D) 1996 campaign for Senate, was plagued early on by the label of "lawyer/lobbyist" by his primary and general election opponents. Strickland was on the defensive throughout most of September while his Republican opponent was hammering him. The campaign was particularly ugly and negative in the final weeks and unlike the Campbell-Considine race in '92, the Democratic Campaign didn't reinforce the Clinton vote regionally (we were weak in both southeastern and northern Colorado this time round). In 1992, we benefited from Campbell's, then a Democrat, name recognition and popularity in Western Colorado. In '96 Dole benefited from Wayne Allard's (R) appeal in northern Colorado. Generally speaking the Democratic senate campaign in '96 was a weakening influence on the Democratic ticket as a whole.

DENVER

The Mayor is not scheduled to be at this event. He is scheduled to speak at the National Black Educators Conference in Reno, NV, however, the Governor's office feels that the Mayor may show up anyway. Mayor Wellington E. Webb was inaugurated as the City of Denver's 41st Mayor. When Webb first announced his intentions to run for Mayor, polls showed him capturing only 7% of the vote, way behind the well-financed and organized campaigns of his challengers. Armed with an agenda of bringing city government back to the citizen, Webb

took to the streets and over 42 days walked over 300 miles, spending each night in the homes of Denver supporters. On June 18, 1991, Wellington Webb finished with 57% of the vote, and Webb became the City of Denver's first-ever African American Mayor. He has since been reelected in '95 and is up again in '99.

Denver increasingly is the liberal heart of Colorado, heavily Democratic in partisan elections, strongly liberation-minded on cultural issues, cautiously liberal on economic issues. Though it remains majority white Anglo, it has elected Hispanic and African American mayors since 1983 - Secretary Federico Pena and Mayor Wellington Webb.

City Council President:	Cathy Reynolds
City Council President Pro-tem:	Allegra "Happy" Haynes
City Council/District 1:	Dennis Gallagher
City Council/District 2:	T.J. "Ted" Hackworth
City Council/District 3:	Ramona Martinez
City Council/District 4:	Joyce Foster
City Council/District 5:	Polly Flobeck
City Council/District 6:	Susan Casey
City Council/District 7:	William "Bill" Himmelmann
City Council/District 8:	Hiawatha Davis, JR.
City Council/District 9:	Deborah L. "Debbie" Ortega
City Council/District 10:	Edward P. Thomas
Council member at Large:	Susan Barnes-Gelt

CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION

Senator Wayne Allard (R)	Senator Ben Nighthorse Campbell (R)
Representative Diana DeGette (D)	Representative David Skaggs (D)
Representative Scott McInnis (R)	Representative Bob Schaffer (R)
Representative Joel Hefley (R)	Representative Dan Schaefer (R)

STATE CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS AND LEGISLATIVE LEADERS

Governor:	Roy Romer (R)
Lt. Governor:	Gail Schoettler (D)
Attorney General:	Gale Norton (R)
Secretary of State:	Victoria Buckley (R)
Treasurer:	Bill Owens (R)
Speaker of the House:	Chuck Berry (R)
House Minority Leader:	Carol Snyder (D)
Senate President:	Tom Norton (R)
Senate Minority Leader:	Mike Feeley (D)

1998 SENATE RACE

Primary:

August 4

The incumbent, Ben Nighthorse Campbell (R), hinted that he might run for governor after serving one term in the Senate or retire. This had raised the hopes of Republicans, particularly Representative Scott McInnis (R), a longtime close friend who thought he had Campbell's word that he would not run and had begun preparing to enter the Senate race. Immediately following the 1996 election, Campbell began telling friends that he would seek re-election. McInnis felt betrayed and was contemplating a primary challenge but has since decided against it. Campbell is said to be vulnerable because some Republicans believe that his votes against the partial-birth abortion ban, right-to-work legislation and the exemption for small businesses for the minimum wage increase could cause him trouble. So far there is no announced Republican challenger pointing out how "un-Republican" Campbell is, although Bill Eggert (R), is expected to eventually. Eggert ran against former Congresswoman Pat Schroeder (CD-01) in the '94 general and lost, but did manage to take about 40%. Up until this time Schroeder had enjoyed over 70% margin victories.

Dottie Lamm (D), a staunch advocate of abortion rights and women's causes, this week won support from the only woman in Colorado's delegation in her bid to unseat Campbell. In her endorsement, freshman Representative Diana DeGette (D) chided Campbell as a career politician. "Dottie Lamm is what Colorado needs right now," DeGette said. "The People of this state deserve a common-sense Senator who shares their concerns about the future, not a Senator whose top priority is to stay in Washington at any cost." Mayor Wellington Webb has also endorsed Lamm. But Lamm has yet to receive the endorsement of the Boulder State's only other Congressional Democrat, Representative David Skaggs, who opted this summer to leave Congress instead of running for the Senate.

Lamm, the wife of former Governor Richard Lamm (D), will face state Representative Gil Romero, who announced his candidacy on November 20, for the Democratic nomination. The party, however, clearly favors Lamm. Romero may pick up some Latino support because of former Governor Lamm's strong anti-immigration stance while in office twelve years ago.

Chris Romer, the son of Governor Romer (D), serves as treasurer of Lamm's campaign committee, and Tom Strickland, the 1996 Democratic Senate nominee, is a member of the Lamm group. Lamm is given the overwhelming edge to capture the party's nod. But she faces an uphill fight to unseat Campbell, who won his Senate seat as a Democrat with 52 percent. Campbell defeated Lamm's husband, former Governor Richard Lamm, in the 1992 Democratic primary.

Campbell now is likely to have a clear shot at the GOP nomination. Conservative attorney Bill Eggert (R), an unsuccessful 1996 Senate candidate who lost the 1994 House race in the 1st district to then-Representative Pat Schroeder (D), is still planning to challenge Campbell. But Campbell is clearly the favorite, having already lined up support from the state's other Senator, Wayne Allard (R), as well as two of the four Republican Representatives; Joel Hefly and Dan Schaefer.

Lamm has never held elective office. But Democrats say she has strong popular appeal and have compared her folksy charm to that of former Texas Governor Ann Richards (D). One potential problem for Lamm could be her paper trail. As a columnist for the Denver Post, she wrote extensively on a range of controversial topics, many of which Campbell could force her to revisit in this campaign.

1998 GUBERNATORIAL RACE

Governor Romer is term-limited. Lt. Governor Gail Schoettler (D), who is backed by Governor Romer, is running for Governor in 1998. She has proven her clear fundraising advantage over primary challenger state Senate Minority Leader Mike Feeley (D).

The Lt. Governor could use more visibility and is disputing claims that she is cold and aloof, a stigma that has followed her as a politician. Being a woman should be a plus in this race. The Republicans are going to run against 24 years of Democratic governors and a theme of "time for a change." A woman candidate would represent "change" without having to change parties.

The leading Republican candidate, State Treasurer Bill Owens (R) is known to be a good campaigner. While he represents a rural area, he has been preparing for this race for some time. He is very conservative, but has successfully portrayed himself as a moderate. The race is currently considered a toss-up. There is always speculation that Energy Secretary Federico Pena, a former Denver mayor, may leave before the end of Clinton's second term and is "eyeing" the race.

CONGRESSIONAL RACE

CD-02-Skaggs (D)-State Representative Mark Udall (D), who Democrats say has remained coy for months about his political plans, is now expected to announce within weeks that he'll run for the 2nd district House seat being vacated by six-term Representative David Skaggs.

Udall, the son of former Representative Mo Udall (D) from Arizona, was first elected to the state House in 1996, but nonetheless enjoys strong name recognition especially among environmentalists.

The Democratic primary in Skaggs' Boulder-area district is crowded. Other potential Democratic candidates include Gene Nichol, former dean of the University of Colorado Law School and a 1996 Senate candidate, Boulder County Commissioner Homer Page, Jefferson County District Attorney David Thomas, and state House Minority Leader Carol Snyder. Former state Senator Paul Weissmann (D), who ran for the 1996 Senate nomination, recently told Democrats that he'll jump into the race early next year.

On the Republican side, Bob Greenlee, a wealthy radio station owner and a member of the overwhelmingly Democratic Boulder City Council, is expected to run. Other Republicans who may run are attorney Tim Tymkovich and Patty Johnson, a member of the state school board.

HOT ISSUES

48 Hours of Violence/Possible Hate Crimes

A series of violence in Denver began last week with the murder of police officer Bruce Vander Jagt, who was killed by known skinhead, Mattheaus Jaehnig. Jaehning, 25, then killed himself with the officer's service revolver. The violence continued Tuesday night with the murder of Oumar Dia, a West African immigrant. Dia was being taunted by two white men, later described as skinheads, at a downtown bus stop. A woman who came to Dia's aid was also shot and is now paralyzed from the waist down. Two men are under arrest for the murder of Dia. Suspect Nathan Thill, 19, has since made several racist comments to members of the press justifying the murders. Hours after the murder of Dia, there was an anonymous dumping of a dead pig with Vander Jagt's name scrawled on its side at a Denver police station. The incidents have prompted Denver police to go on heightened alert for white supremacists and skinheads committing hate crimes. Authorities are still unsure whether the violence is random, or part of an organized crime wave.

Thursday morning, a Denver police officer was shot at but not injured by two men during a bungled burglary. The two men, suspected skinheads, escaped the officer and as a result, nearby schools were locked down and streets sealed off while children tried to get to school. The massive manhunt escalated tensions between police and skinheads.

As you know, the March 17th President's Initiative on Race Board Meeting will be held in Denver.

State Democratic Party

Chair of the Colorado State Democratic Party Phil Perington (D) will not be at this event. In late October, Perington criticized DNC plans to hold a fundraiser in Colorado. He claimed that the state party did not want to be tainted with the DNC fundraising "scandals." Perington distributed a press release where he retracted some of the comments, but he still contends that the state party is against soft money. Despite background efforts by Governor Romer, Representative David Skaggs (D) and other mainstream Democratic activists, Perington, the state coordinator for Jerry Brown ('92), was narrowly elected state chair several months ago. Perington is widely regarded as a weak choice because of his bad relations with organized labor, and a volatile personal style.

October Blizzard

In late October, Colorado was hit with the worst winter blizzard it had seen since 1982. The blizzard left over two feet of snow in 24 hours along the front range and eastern plains of Colorado, closing most state and federal highways and the Denver International Airport. Nine people died as a result of the storm. Major snow storms have a way of destroying political careers in Denver, but many believe Mayor Wellington Webb (D) had a good emergency preparedness plan in place to deal with the storm and weathered it well.

Low Test Scores

Governor Romer and state and local educators revealed the results of fourth grade reading and writing standards tests earlier this month. A majority of Colorado fourth graders failed to meet

new standards for reading and writing. Of 52,600 fourth-graders tested last spring, fewer than a third met state standards in writing, and about half met the standards in reading. The test was the first in state history to measure student progress against academic standards set in 1995.

Animas-La Plata

Governor Romer and Lt. Governor Gail Schoettler attended the National Congress of American Indians in Santa Fe, New Mexico where negotiations with the Southern Ute and the Southern Mountain Ute tribes led to the Governor's endorsement of "Animas-La Plata (ALP) Lite" plan--a scaled down version of the original dam-and-irrigation project. Under terms of the 1988 Colorado Ute Indian Water Rights Settlement Agreement, Congress approved a project originally estimated to cost \$740 million. The plan, designed to settle long disputed claims by the tribes, was vilified by environmental groups.

Oklahoma City Bombing

Terry Nichols is currently being tried in Denver for his role in the Oklahoma City Bombing Case. Opening arguments started November 3rd.

Capital Punishment

Convicted murderer Gray Lee Davis, killed by lethal injection on October 13, was Colorado's first execution since 1967.

ECONOMIC PROGRESS IN COLORADO UNDER PRESIDENT CLINTON

President Clinton's strategy to strengthen the economy is based on reducing the federal budget deficit, lowering trade barriers, and empowering workers, families, businesses and communities to succeed. Here are some of the results for Colorado after the first 56 months of the Clinton Administration:

Improved Economic Conditions in Colorado during the Clinton Administration:

- The unemployment rate has dropped from 6.1% to 3.4%.
- Under the Clinton Administration, Colorado has added 314,200 total jobs, or 67,329 per year, compared to 43,700 per year during the previous administration.
- Under the Clinton Administration, Colorado has added 295,900 private sector jobs, or 63,407 per year, compared to 36,875 per year during the previous administration.
- Colorado has added 12,100 new manufacturing jobs added, or 2,593 per year, compared to a LOSS of 800 per year under the previous administration.
- Bank lending has increased by 10% **per year** -- after dropping by 4.7% **per year** during the previous administration.
- Home building has increased 13% **per year**, compared to 16% per year during the previous administration.
- Home sales have increased 3.4% **per year**.
- Consumer confidence has increased 78.3%.

What President Clinton's Accomplishments Have Achieved for the People of Colorado:

\$15,000 OF REDUCED FEDERAL DEBT FOR EVERY FAMILY OF FOUR IN COLORADO: The national debt will be **more than \$1 trillion** lower over 7 years than was projected before the passage of the President's economic plan. That's about \$15,000 of reduced federal debt for each family of four in Colorado.

10 TIMES MORE COLORADO FAMILIES RECEIVE A TAX CUT THAN A TAX INCREASE: As a result of the expanded Earned Income Tax Credit, 171,838 working families in Colorado will receive a tax cut. This compares to an increase in the income tax rate for only the 17,837 wealthiest taxpayers in Colorado.

TAX CUT FOR 23,578 SMALL BUSINESSES IN COLORADO: The President helped entrepreneurs, proprietors, and other small businessmen and women by expanding the annual expensing allowance from \$10,000 to \$17,500. About 23,578 small businesses in Colorado are likely to benefit from the expansion of the expensing allowance this year alone *and many more will benefit over the coming years.*

564,000 COLORADO WORKERS PROTECTED BY FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT: The Family and Medical Leave Act allows workers to take up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave for the birth of a child, to care for a sick family member, or if they become too sick to work. This law covers about 564,008 workers in Colorado, and protects the jobs of 33,882 workers in Colorado who are likely to use unpaid leave this year alone.

314,900 STUDENTS AND FORMER STUDENTS IN COLORADO WILL BE ABLE TO BENEFIT FROM STUDENT LOAN REFORMS: Approximately 314,900 Colorado borrowers -- 220,400 current borrowers and 94,500 new borrowers in the next few years -- can take advantage of the new direct student loan program by participating directly in the program or by consolidating guaranteed loans into direct loans. Some will benefit from lower interest rates, and all will benefit from more repayment options, including income contingent repayment.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

November 20, 1997

'97 NOV 20 PM1:55

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: THURGOOD MARSHALL, JR. TM
JON P. JENNINGS JPJ

SUBJECT: HOT ISSUES -- DENVER, COLORADO

Denver Public Schools: DOEd's Office for Civil Rights has recently found the Denver Public Schools to be in violation of federal law for not adequately addressing the needs of the school district's non and limited English speaking students. DOEd was not able to resolve the matter in an amicable fashion and has requested that DOJ intervene in a private lawsuit. DOJ is reviewing the referral and has a meeting scheduled with Denver school officials in early December. No formal action by DOJ will take place until after the December meeting. (DOJ and DOEd)

Water Issues: Governor Romer and Lieutenant Governor Schoettler have been seeking a consensus-based solution to a stalled water supply project for Colorado's Ute Tribes through a fact finding study referred to as the "Romer/Schoettler Process." The Bureau of Reclamation will initiate an appraisal-level study to assess the two major alternatives arising from the year-long "Process." (DOI)

Winter Storm Kills Livestock: Producers in several eastern Colorado counties lost 30,000 head of livestock due to blizzard conditions in October. Because the storm occurred after the statutory eligibility period in USDA's Livestock Indemnity Program (LIP), producers are not covered for losses under current legislative authority. Under the current LIP, a disaster must have led to a Secretarial or Presidential disaster declaration request on or before June 12, 1997. Congress passed legislation on Nov. 13 authorizing \$6 million to compensate producers with livestock losses between March 1 and the date of enactment. This bill has not been signed into law. (USDA)

Welfare Reform: On November 16, *The Denver Post* ran a story on the decline in the welfare caseload in Colorado and the problem of counties having more money than they will be able to spend. In Colorado, between 1996-97, the number of families on welfare has fallen by 25 percent. A number of counties are pushing the state Legislature to let them reduce county welfare spending by a total of \$11.6 million or 29 percent of what the counties are expected to spend in 1997-98. (HHS)

Federal Disaster Relief: The State of Colorado and the City of Ft. Collins submitted requests for allocations of supplemental disaster funds to the Secretary in August. Both are waiting to hear from the Department as to whether or not they will receive funds and the amount. (HUD)

Officer's Death: On November 12, Denver Police Officer Bruce VanderJagt was shot in the line of duty by a burglary suspect. A memorial service was held November 18. (DOT)

Assessment Results: About 57 percent of CO fourth-graders met or exceeded new statewide standards in reading, and only 31 percent did so in math, according to results released by Governor Romer and education officials on November 12. (DOEd)

Superfund Site: The City of Denver and numerous community groups have issued a notice of intent to sue EPA over the Agency's decision to treat and clean up radioactive soil at the Shattuck Chemical-Denver Radium Superfund Site, which is within the city limits. Opponents of the Agency's decision want the soil transported to a remote hazardous waste disposal facility. EPA and the State believe the current cleanup plan is fully protective of public health and are working with the City and the community to address their concerns. Mayor Webb has contacted you on this issue. (EPA)

PRESIDENT CLINTON'S ACCOMPLISHMENTS:
Colorado

EXPANDING ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL:

- **Unemployment Down to 3.2%:** The unemployment rate in Colorado has declined from 6.1% to 3.2% since 1993.
- **304,200 New Jobs:** 304,200 new jobs have been created in Colorado since 1993 -- an average of 66,371 jobs per year, compared to an average of just 43,700 jobs per year in the previous administration.
- **75,000 Have Received a Raise:** Approximately 37,000 Colorado workers benefited from an increase in the minimum wage -- from \$4.25 to \$4.75 -- on October 1, 1996. They, along with about 38,000 more, received an additional raise -- from \$4.75 to \$5.15 -- on September 1, 1997.
- **1.1 Million Protected By Family & Medical Leave:** Approximately 1.1 million Colorado residents are covered by the Family & Medical Leave Law, which allows workers to take up to 12 weeks unpaid leave to care for a new baby or ailing relative [1995 data].
- **A \$500 Child Tax Credit to Help Families Raising Children:** To help make it easier for families to raise their children, the balanced budget includes a \$500 per-child tax credit for children under 17. **Thanks to President Clinton the balanced budget delivers a child tax credit to 409,000 families in Colorado.**
- **Homebuilding Up 13.2%:** Home building has increased 13.2% per year since 1993.

FIGHTING CRIME AND VIOLENCE:

- **Crime Falls 5% in Colorado:** Since 1992, serious crime has fallen 15% in Denver and 5% statewide. [1996 data].
- **729 More Police:** The President's 1994 Crime Bill has funded 729 new police officers in communities across Colorado [through 7/97].
\$1.9 Million to Combat Domestic Violence: Through the Violence Against Women Act, Colorado will use more than \$1.9 million in federal funds this year [FY97] to establish more women's shelters and bolster law enforcement, prosecution, and victims' services. Colorado received \$1.7 million under VAWA in FY96.
- **\$625,635 in Grants for Battered Women and Children:** In 1998, Colorado will receive an estimated \$625,635 in HHS's Family Violence Prevention Program grants to assist women and children fleeing domestic abuse.
- **\$6 Million to Keep Drugs & Violence Out of Colorado's Schools:** Colorado has received \$6 million in FY97 for the Safe & Drug Free Schools Program, which invests in school security and drug prevention programs.

MOVING COLORADO RESIDENTS FROM WELFARE TO WORK:

- **44,098 Fewer People on Welfare:** There are 44,098 fewer people on welfare in Colorado now than there were at the beginning of 1993 -- a 36% decrease [through 6/97].
- **Child Support Collections Up 81%:** Child support collections have increased by nearly \$47 million -- or 81% -- in Colorado since FY92 [through FY96].

EXPANDING ACCESS TO EDUCATION:

- **Over \$36 Million in Head Start Funding:** In FY96, Colorado received \$36.4 million in Head Start funding, benefitting over 8,600 students. This year, Colorado receives \$40 million for Head Start, an increase of \$4 million over 1996.

- **Nearly \$400,000 for Early Head Start:** In FY96, Colorado received nearly \$400,000 in Early Head Start funding to provide basic early education, nutrition, and family development to low-income families with children under three. Early Head Start was established as a feature in the reauthorization of the Head Start Act, signed by the President in 1994.
- **\$6 Million in Goals 2000 Funding:** This year [FY97], Colorado receives \$6 million in Goals 2000 funding. This money is used to raise academic achievement by raising academic standards, increasing parental and community involvement in education, expanding the use of computers and technology in classrooms, and supporting high-quality teacher professional development.
- **\$2 Million for Technology Literacy:** This year [FY97], Colorado receives \$2 million for the Technology Literacy Challenge Fund which helps communities and the private sector ensure that every student is equipped with the computer literacy skills needed for the 21st century.
- **\$74 Million for Students Most in Need:** Colorado receives \$74 million in Title I grants providing extra help in the basics for students most in need, particularly communities and schools with high concentrations of children in low-income families [FY97].
- **\$38 Million for Students with Disabilities:** This year, Colorado will receive \$38 million under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act to help ensure high quality educational opportunities for an estimated 71,500 disabled students in Colorado.
- **\$17.8 Million for Vocational and Adult Education:** This year, \$17.8 million helps Colorado's students and workers prepare for the 21st Century with technical and academic training. The funding also includes the School-to-Work program, bridging high school with vocational education.
- **\$76 Million in Pell Grants:** Colorado receives \$76 million this year in Pell Grant funding, which helps Colorado's low-income students go to college.
- **1874 Have Served in California through AmeriCorps:** This year, 242 AmeriCorps participants are serving their communities while earning money for college by working in Colorado's schools, hospitals, neighborhoods and parks. Since the National Service program began in 1994, 1,874 members have served California in 100 different programs [through FY97].
- **Tuition Tax Credits in Balanced Budget Open the Doors of College and Promote Lifelong Learning:** The balanced budget includes both President Clinton's \$1,500 HOPE Scholarship to help make the first two years of college as universal as a high school diploma and a Lifetime Learning Tax Credit for college juniors, seniors, graduate students and working Americans pursuing lifelong learning to upgrade their skills. This 20% tax credit will be applied to the first \$5,000 of tuition and fees through 2002 and to the first \$10,000 thereafter. **101,000 students in Colorado will receive a HOPE Scholarship tax credit of up to \$1,500. 124,000 students in Colorado will receive the Lifetime Learning Tax Credit.**

INVESTING IN COLORADO'S HEALTH:

- **Health Care for Uninsured Children:** The balanced budget includes the largest single investment in health care for children since the passage of Medicaid in 1965 -- an unprecedented \$24 billion over five years to cover as many as five million children throughout the nation. This investment guarantees the full range of benefits -- from checkups to surgery -- that children need to grow up strong and healthy. It ensures that prescription drugs, vision, hearing, and mental health coverage now offered at the state level are extended to millions of uninsured children. **To expand health coverage to uninsured children in Colorado the balanced budget provides \$43 million in 1998 and \$206 million over five years.**
- **Helping Colorado Women and Children with WIC:** The Clinton Administration is committed to full funding in the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC). Today, in Colorado 6,488 more women and children in need are receiving health and food assistance than in 1994.

- **More Toddlers Are Being Immunized:** As a result of the President's 1993 Childhood Immunization Initiative, childhood immunization rates have reached an historic high. According to the CDC, 90% or more of America's toddlers in 1996 received the most critical doses of each of the routinely recommended vaccines -- surpassing the President's 1993 goal. In Colorado in 1996, 94% of two-year olds received the vaccines for diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis; 91% received the vaccine for polio; 89% received the vaccine for measles, and 91% received the vaccine for *Haemophilus influenzae* B, the bacteria causing a form of meningitis.

PROTECTING THE ENVIRONMENT:

- **4 Toxic Waste Sites Cleaned Up:** Since 1993, the EPA has completed 4 Superfund toxic waste cleanups in Colorado, in Denver, Boulder, Commerce City and Aspen [through 6/97]. There was only one site cleaned up in Colorado during the previous twelve years combined.
- **Brownfields Pilot in Englewood:** The EPA has awarded a regional Brownfields Demonstration Pilot in Englewood, which is intended to jump-start local clean-up efforts by providing funds over a two year period to return unproductive, abandoned, contaminated urban properties to productive use.

SPEARHEADING URBAN RENEWAL EFFORTS:

- **\$3 Million to Denver:** Denver was designated an Enterprise Community in December, 1994 and was awarded \$3 million to create more jobs, housing, and economic opportunity for city residents.

PROVIDING DISASTER RELIEF:

- **4,798 More National Flood Insurance Policies:** Since the President took office, Colorado has increased the number of National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) policies by 4,798. Since 1993, the number of homes and structures protected by NFIP policies has increased by 54%. As more individuals gain policies through the NFIP, the need for disaster assistance is lessened resulting in a reduced burden on America's taxpayers.

EXPANDING FUNDS FOR TRAVEL IMPROVEMENT:

- **Over \$126 Million to Improve Mass Transit:** The FTA has provided \$126.4 million since 1993 to improve public transportation in Colorado [through FY97].
- **Over \$1 Billion in Highway Funds:** The FHWA has provided over \$1 billion highway funds to Colorado since 1993. This money has helped generate approximately 46,000 jobs [through FY97].
- **Over \$271 Million in Airport Improvement Funds:** Colorado has received \$271 million to fund improvements at Denver International Airport and Colorado Springs Municipal Airport [through 6/97].

**DSCC, PEOPLE FOR PATTY MURRAY & WSDC
WITH HONORED GUEST
PRESIDENT BILL CLINTON**

DATE: November 22, 1997
VENUE: Home of Laurie & Lars Jonsson
TIME: 6:05 p.m. - 7:45 p.m.

I. PURPOSE

The DSCC/People for Patty Murray/WSDC joint fundraising event is a reception and dinner honoring United States Senator Patty Murray as she seeks reelection in 1998. The guests will consist of major supporters from the Seattle area.

II. PARTICIPANTS

Please see the accompanying guest list.

III. PRESS PLAN

One print reporter.

IV. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

6:05 p.m.

- YOU arrive
- YOU are greeted by Laurie & Lars Jonsson and Senator Patty Murray.
- YOU & Senator Murray have photo-op with all guests (50 photos).
- YOU enter tent and proceed to head table.
- PROGRAM
 - Laurie McDonald Johnson introduces Senator Murray.
 - Senator Murray delivers brief remarks and introduces YOU.
 - YOU deliver remarks.
- YOU depart.

V. REMARKS

Your remarks will be provided by speechwriting.

Acknowledge: Mayor of Seattle Norm Rice; Mayor-elect of Seattle Paul Schell; Rep. Norm Dicks; Rep. Jim McDermott; Rep. Adam Smith; hosts Lori MacDonald Jonsson and Lars Jonsson (Johnson); Congressional candidates Brian Baird and Greta Cammermeyer (KAM-mer-my-ur).

Almost five years ago Patty Murray and I first went to that other place called Washington together. People noticed me a bit more at first, but that's only because I'm slightly taller than she is. She got my attention right away, though, when she stood up and sponsored our deficit reduction plan back in 1993. She got my attention again when she fought to pass the crime bill in 1994. And she did it once more when she helped us restore &3.2b in education funding to the balanced budget. I have learned by now to stand up and listen when Patty Murray speaks out for America's families and children -- and I need your help to ensure that we continue to hear her passionate voice in the Senate for another six years.

• 4 yrs ago, goals: Am Dr, peace/freedom, One America. Keep values alive in new time. End of Congress: good year for America. 1st bal bud in gen; biggest investment higher ed 50 yrs, Chld hlth care since '65; REGO: FDA reform, Adoption; NATO exp, CWC. Dems shld be proud, moment of hope, but more to do.

• **Economic plan** Def. ↘ 92+%. 13.5M jobs; unemployment at 4.7% -- 24 yr. low; Crime and Welfare down: 250,000 in the most recent month. 1.7 m since bill, 3.6 m since 1993.

• **Hist. bal bud:** Up to 5 M+ insured children (24 B); secures Medicare for a decade; NIH ↗by \$900 m. Ryan White ↗by \$150m. Diabetes. \$3 B welfare to work jobs; legal immigrants.

• **Exp. Opp. through Educ:** bggst increase since '65. \$1,500 HOPE. Pell Grants: inc. to \$3000. AM Read: \$300m. Charter fundng up 57%. Near goal of 1m kids in Head Start (850,000 now). Now, standards full fundng (Murray supports standards).

• **Expand Opp. by advancing leadership.**

• **Demand Responsibility:** W-W Partnership (2,500 companies). Healthcare Bill of Rights; Tobacco; **Climate Ch.**

• **Community:** One America.

**PEOPLE FOR PATTY MURRAY
WITH HONORED GUEST
PRESIDENT BILL CLINTON**

DATE: November 22, 1997
VENUE: Seattle Center Pavilion
TIME: 8:05 p.m. - 9:20 p.m.

I. PURPOSE

The People for Patty Murray event is a reception and private reception honoring United States Senator Patty Murray. The guests are statewide supporters of Senator Murray.

II. PARTICIPANTS

Please see the accompanying guest list.

III. PRESS PLAN

Main reception is open to pool press.
The private reception is closed.

IV. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

8:05 p.m.

- YOU arrive
- YOU have photo-op with guests at private reception (40 photos).
- YOU enter main reception.
- PROGRAM
 - Ken Alhadeff makes brief remarks and introduces Senator Murray.
 - Senator Murray delivers brief remarks.
 - Ken Alhadeff introduces YOU.
 - YOU deliver remarks.
- YOU depart.

V. REMARKS

Your remarks will be provided by speechwriting.

Acknowledge: Mayor of Seattle Norm Rice; Mayor-elect of Seattle Paul Schell; Congressman Norm Dicks; Congressman Jim McDermott; Congressman Adam Smith; host Ken Alhadeff (al-HA-def); Congressional candidates Brian Baird and Greta Cammermeyer (KAM-mer-my-ur); Children's Museum and Pacific Science Center for exhibits.

Some Senators are like show horses, and some Senators are like work horses; we need more work horses like Patty Murray in the Senate, fighting for families and children in America. Murray accomplishments:

- pushed '93 deficit reduction plan, '94 Crime Bill, \$500 per child tax credit
- Helped restore \$3.2b in Ed. Funding to Balanced Budget, fought for teacher technology training, unpaid leave for parents to attend school activities.
- McCain-Feingold co-sponsor
- First Woman to serve on Senate Veterans Affairs Committee
- 4 yrs ago, goals: Am Dr, peace/freedom, One America. Keep values alive in new time. End of Congress: good year for America. 1st balanced budget in a generation; biggest investment higher ed 50 yrs, Children's health care since '65; REGO: FDA reform, Adoption; NATO exp, CWC. Dems should be proud, moment of hope, but more to do.
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- **Exp. Opp. through Educ:** bggst increase since '65. \$1,500 HOPE. Pell Grants: inc. to \$3000. AM Read: \$300m. Charter fundng up 57%. Near goal of 1m kids in Head Start (850,000 now). Now, standards full funding (Murray supports standards).
- **Expand Opp. by advancing leadership.**
- **Demand Responsibility:** W-W Partnership (2,500 companies). Healthcare Bill of Rights; Tobacco; **Climate Ch.**
- **Community:** One America.

November 22, 1997

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT**FROM:** Craig T. Smith and Mona Pasquil**RE:** Washington State Political Briefing**PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION RESULTS****1992**

Clinton/Gore	993,037	43%
Bush/Quayle	731,234	32%
Perot/Stockdale	541,780	24%

1996

Clinton/Gore	1,123,323	50%
Dole/Kemp	840,712	37%
Perot/Choate	201,003	9%
Nader/LaDuke	60,322	4%

YOU won King County in 1996, with the following results:

Clinton/Gore	417,846	56%
Dole/Kemp	232,811	31%
Perot/Choate	51,309	7%
Nader/LaDuke	29,365	4%

RECENT PRINCIPAL TRAVEL

YOU were in Seattle on September 18, 1996, to speak at a rally at Pike Place Market, and attend a DNC Dinner at the Columbia Tower Club, and a Saxophone Club Event at the Paramount Theater.

The Vice President was in Seattle on May 7-8, 1997, for the Microsoft Conference and a tour of Boeing.

The First Lady was in Washington for the Pacific Northwest Bus Tour on September 18-19, 1996.

Mrs. Gore was in Washington for the Pacific Northwest Bus Tour on September 18-19, 1996.

1997 ELECTIONS

Your friend Mayor Norm Rice's term expires at the end of the year. Paul Schell, Mayor-elect won the nonpartisan Seattle mayoral race against Seattle City Councilman Charlie Chong on November 4, 56%-44%. Paul was elected Seattle Port Commissioner in 1989. He is the Dean of Architecture and Planning at the University of Washington. During the 1970's, he was appointed Director of the Community Development Corporation, whose most famous project was the renovation of Pike's Place Market.

Ron Sims (D) was elected to his first full term as King County Executive, defeating Suzette Cooke (R) 67%-33%. He was appointed in January, 1997, to serve out the term after Gary Locke was elected Governor.

The Senate Democrats won all four special election senate seats this year. The seats were all defense, and were won with at least 57% of the vote.

1998 SENATE RACE

Patty Murray (D)

Primary: September 15

Senator Patty Murray (D), who defeated Rod Chandler (R) 54%-46% as the “mom in tennis shoes,” is anticipating one of the country’s toughest re-election races. No primary opposition is expected, but two Republicans have lined up to challenge Murray in the general election. Representative Linda Smith (R-3) and Pierce County Executive Doug Sutherland (R) have announced their candidacies. Smith is very conservative and has created a great deal of tension between herself and national Republicans by advocating a ban on PAC money, as well as distancing herself from Speaker Gingrich, who is very unpopular in her district. This tension has caused problems for her among Republican activists back home as well. Sutherland entered the race after Representative Jennifer Dunn (R-8) announced that she would not seek the GOP nomination in light of her new House leadership position. Sutherland is positioning himself as a moderate alternative to Smith. Many Republicans are disappointed in the field, fearing that Smith is too far to the right to win a statewide race, and that Sutherland is simply not capable of putting together an effective campaign. Senator Murray’s campaign, however, is taking nothing for granted. Murray has \$904,000 cash on hand and has set a goal of raising a total of \$5 million.

Representative Henry Hyde (R-6) from Illinois, was recently in Seattle raising money for Linda Smith. Hyde, Chairman of the House Judiciary Committee is the first major Republican from Capitol Hill to endorse Smith. Oliver North (R) recently sent a fundraising letter asking Washington Republicans to restore family values and promote freedom by electing Smith.

A Tarrance Group poll of 500 people conducted September 15-18, found Murray with a lead over her lesser known opponent.

Open Primary

P. Murray	44.5%
L. Smith	19.7%
G. Nethercutt	13.5%
D. Sutherland	3.1%
Undecided	19.2%

Head-to-head

Murray	47%
Smith	39%

Job Performance

	Favor	Unfav
Murray	53%	30%
Smith	29%	23%
Nethercutt	24%	26%

Reelect Murray

Reelect	39%
Someone else	38%
Not sure	23%

1998 OPEN CONGRESSIONAL SEAT

Brian Baird (D), a political newcomer in 1996, came within 887 votes of upsetting U.S. Representative Linda Smith (R) is running again. Baird was declared the victor on election night and lost after absentee ballots were counted. Baird, who announced his candidacy on May 17, is the Chairman of the Psychology Department at Pacific Lutheran University, and a clinical psychologist who specializes in counseling hospital staff and patients.

In 1996, Mr. Baird raised \$700,000 virtually all from low dollar contributors and organized a strong grassroots base of volunteers. He kicked off his 1998, campaign in May and already has the support of the Machinists, AFSCME, Teamsters, Firefighters, and the United Transportation Union and many women's organizations in the state. His decision to run in 1998 combined with Linda Smith's decision to leave the House has clearly put him in a strong position to win in 1998.

Historically, this district has been represented by Democrats. Before Linda Smith won in 1994, Democrats held the seat for three decades.

Two Republicans are seeking the GOP nomination, Paul Phillips (R), a chiropractor, and Dr. Rick Jackson (R), a family physician appears to be Linda Smith's choice. Both Republicans are running on scrapping the current tax code in favor of a flat tax.

Other potential Republican candidates include State Senator Don Benton; Pat Fiske, Linda Smith's chief of staff; State Senator John Pennington; and Paul Phillips, chiropractor and 1994 third congressional district GOP primary challenger.

1998 STATE LEGISLATIVE RACES

Washington Senate 23D/26R

The state Senate is only down 2 seats heading into the 1998 cycle. There are 15 Republican seats and 9 Democratic seats up for election in 1998. The 9 Democratic seats are all relatively safe which puts the Senate Democrats in a unique position of devoting virtually all of it's resources into challengers.

Washington House 42D/56R

The House Democrats gained 6 seats in 1996. The caucus is currently on course to pick up 8 seats in the 1998 elections.

HOT ISSUES

Welfare Reform

This week, HHS unveiled welfare reform rules which address Senator Murray's concerns about victims of domestic violence without threatening the integrity of the work rules. Under the regulation, a state will not be penalized for failing to meet work rates or time limits if its failure to do so is attributable to granting waivers to victims of domestic violence--provided that the waivers are temporary and that they are accompanied by services to help the individual prepare for work and self-sufficiency. Senator Murray may think that the regulation does not go far enough, but DPC and HHS think it represents the best accommodation of the full range of interests. The regulation was seemingly well received on Wednesday at a briefing of domestic violence advocates.

Salmon Negotiations

The United States and Canada continue to be engaged in a dispute over interpretation of the Pacific Salmon Treaty, but the prospects of resolution are hopeful. Last summer, Canada blockaded an Alaskan ferry and several Washington vessels, and Alaska canceled its ferry run to Prince Rupert, in response to the blockade.

In order to resolve this dispute, Bill Ruckelshaus (U.S.) and Dr. David Strangway (Canada) reported to their respective governments on the prospects of restoring meaningful negotiations between the countries to resolve Treaty disputes. They spent the summer and the early fall meeting with small groups to gather information for their report. They are expected to suggest resumption of a stakeholder process with well defined terms of reference. The Governors of Alaska, Oregon, and Washington met the Canadian Fisheries Minister on November 14, 1997, and also endorsed the resumption of negotiations between stakeholders. The stakeholders made considerable progress in resolving this dispute last spring and summer. Successful resolution will be challenging, but the Treaty remains a critical tool for managing interjurisdictional salmon.

Hanford Reach

Preservation of the Hanford Reach has become a significant issue lately. Senator Murray has been fighting for years to pass legislation to designate this last free-flowing, 51-mile stretch of the Columbia River a Federal Wild and Scenic River. Republicans have been backing plans to give control over the river and lands to local authorities, which almost certainly means development. A recent poll by Moore Information of 450 people, conducted in early November, demonstrated that the public wants to save Hanford Reach but is not sure about how.

The poll showed that 57% of those surveyed favored federal action giving special designation to the region. However, only 15% of those surveyed want the federal government to have sole responsibility for protecting the Hanford Reach. A total of 40% favored shared federal, state and local management, and 33% opted for state and local control.

Civil Rights

State Representative Scott Smith (R) is heading an effort to gather signatures for an anti-affirmative action initiative (I-200). Ward Connelly of California's Proposition 209 fame is involved in this effort, and Washington Republican Party endorsed the initiative. In order for the initiative to be considered, 179,248 signatures must be obtained, and organizers have until the end of the year to gather signatures to qualify. If I-200 receives the required signatures the legislature has three options, it can pass the initiative into law, make changes and send it to the fall ballot, or simply send it to the fall ballot without changes. A "Decline to Sign" campaign supported by over 50 constituency groups and unions, has been launched to prevent the initiative from getting enough signatures.

K-20 Educational Telecommunications Network

Under the leadership of Governor Locke the K-20 network represents a collaboration between higher education, state government, and the private sector. The first of its kind in the nation, it will give Washington schools an unprecedented opportunity to connect students and educators at every grade level-from kindergarten through graduate school-with the world's vast on-line information resources. It will allow students and educators in every community to use the Internet, videoconferencing, and satellite-delivered video programs to share information, conduct research, and communicate with one another.

New Capacity Highway Improvements

Due largely to the failure of the State Legislature to pass a gas tax increase during the past two sessions, the State's ability to finance new highway capacity improvements has withered to near zero. Governor Locke campaigned for office promising to raise the gas tax for transportation improvements. He continues to resist calls from the Republican majority in the Legislature to pay for transportation improvements solely through shifts within the existing tax base. Lack of State financing is forcing King County and other municipalities to seek about \$20 million direct federal funding for the new I-90 Sunset Interchange to match over \$50 million of local and developer financing.

Sea-Tac Airport Third Runway

This regional infrastructure project is critical to the region's global economy. The project costs total of \$587 million with construction and mitigation costs. The Port of Seattle is seeking approximately \$200 million in funding from the Federal Aviation Administration.

POLITICAL DATA

Governor:	Gary Locke (D)	58% in 1996	1st Term
U.S. Senate:	Slade Gordon (R)	55% in 1994	3rd Term
	Patty Murray (D)	55% in 1992	1st Term
U.S. House:	3D/6R		
State Senate:	23D/26R		
State House:	42D/56R		
Electoral Votes:	11		

CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION

Rick White (R-01)	52% in 1996	2nd Term
Jack Metcalf (R-02)	49% in 1996	2nd Term
Linda Smith (R-03)	50% in 1996	2nd Term
Doc Hastings (R-04)	52% in 1996	2nd Term
George R. Nethercutt (R-05)	57% in 1996	2nd Term
Norman D. Dicks (D-06)	68% in 1996	11th Term
Jim McDermott (D-07)	82% in 1996	5th Term
Jennifer Dunn (R-08)	65% in 1996	3rd Term
Adam Smith (D-09)	51% in 1996	1st Term

CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS AND LEGISLATIVE LEADERSHIP

Governor:	Gary Locke (D)	1st Term
Lt. Governor:	Brad Owen (D)	1st Term
Secretary of State:	Ralph Munro (R)	5th Term
Attorney General:	Christine Gregoire (D)	2nd Term
State Auditor:	Brian Sonntag (D)	2nd Term
Commissioner of Public Lands:	J. Belcher (D)	2nd Term
Insurance Commissioner:	Deborah Senn (D)	2nd Term
Speaker of the House:	Clyde Ballard (R)	7th Term
House Majority Leader:	Barb Lisk (R)	4th Term
House Minority Leader:	Marlin Appelwick (D)	7th Term
Senate Majority Leader:	Dan McDonald (R)	4th Term
Senate Minority Leader:	Sid Snyder (D)	3rd Term

WASHINGTON AT A GLANCE...

- 1996 estimated population was 5,533,000, up 13.7% from 1990.
- 86% of Washingtonians are White; 5% are Hispanic; 5% are Asian or Pacific Islander; 3% are African American and 2% are American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.
- 12% of Washingtonians are age 65 or older.
- 55% of Washington households are married couples, and 26% are married with children.
- The median income is \$31,183.
- 56% of Washingtonians have a college education.
- In 1992, 2,266,051 Washingtonians voted of a Voting Age Population (VAP) of 3,703,000 (61%). In 1996, 2,253,837 Washingtonians voted of a VAP of 4,115,000 (55%).

SEATTLE AT A GLANCE

- 1994 estimated population was 1,557,537.
- 1,278,532 Seattle residents are White; 76,289 are African American; 118,784 are Asian; 44,337 are Hispanic; 17,305 are Native American.
- 6.5% of Seattle residents are 65-74 and 4.6% are 75 or older.
- The median income is \$36,179.

CRIME (COPS)

<u>Program</u>	<u>Number of Officers</u>	<u>Estimated Funds</u>
AHEAD	37.0	\$2,775,000
CCP	0.0	\$999,000
DEMO		\$399,997
DV		\$2,013,669
FAST	119.0	\$8,679,464
MORE	186.1	\$3,427,928
MORE 96	222.2	\$5,437,619
MRENEWAL	0.0	\$121,830
PHASE 1	84.0	\$6,429,201
PHS	35.0	\$2,673,865
PSP		\$1,429,346
TROOPS	0.0	\$65,000
UHP	412.5	\$31,159,301
YFVI	0.0	\$981,380
WA/TOTAL	1,095.8	\$66,592,600

ECONOMIC PROGRESS IN WASHINGTON UNDER PRESIDENT CLINTON

President Clinton's strategy to strengthen the economy is based on reducing the federal budget deficit, lowering trade barriers, and empowering workers, families, businesses and communities to succeed. Here are some of the results for Washington after the first 56 months of the Clinton Administration:

Improved Economic Conditions in Washington under the Clinton Administration:

- The unemployment rate has dropped from 8.3% to 5.2%.
- Washington has added 289,800 total jobs or 62,100 **per year** -- compared to 58,650 **per year** during the previous administration.
- Washington has added 259,600 private-sector jobs or 55,629 **per year** -- compared to 45,325 **per year** during the previous administration.
- Washington has added 29,700 manufacturing jobs or 6,364 **per year** -- after losing 1,575 **per year** during the previous administration.
- New business incorporations have increased 1.2% **per year**.
- Consumer confidence has increased 106%.
- The Help Wanted Index has increased 29%.
- Home sales have increased 4% **per year**.

What President Clinton's Accomplishments Have Achieved for the People of Washington:

\$15,000 OF REDUCED FEDERAL DEBT FOR EVERY FAMILY OF FOUR IN WASHINGTON: The national debt will be **more than \$1 trillion** lower over 7 years than was projected before the passage of the President's economic plan. That's about \$15,000 of reduced federal debt for each family of four in Washington.

8 TIMES MORE WASHINGTON FAMILIES RECEIVE A TAX CUT THAN A TAX INCREASE: As a result of the expanded Earned Income Tax Credit, 210,040 working families in Washington will receive a tax cut. This compares to an increase in the income tax rate for only the 27,491 wealthiest taxpayers in Washington.

TAX CUT FOR 28,617 SMALL BUSINESSES IN WASHINGTON: The President helped entrepreneurs, proprietors, and other small businessmen and women by expanding the annual expensing allowance from \$10,000 to \$17,500. About 28,617 small businesses in Washington are likely to benefit from the expansion of the expensing allowance this year alone *and many more will benefit over the coming years.*

768,000 WASHINGTON WORKERS PROTECTED BY FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT: The Family and Medical Leave Act allows workers to take up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave for the birth of a child, to care for a sick family member, or if they become too sick to work. This law covers about 767,575 workers in Washington, and protects the jobs of 46,112 workers in Washington who are likely to use unpaid leave this year alone.

239,000 STUDENTS AND FORMER STUDENTS IN WASHINGTON WILL BE ABLE TO BENEFIT FROM STUDENT LOAN REFORMS: Approximately 239,000 Washington borrowers -- 167,300 current borrowers and 71,700 new borrowers in the next few years -- can take advantage of the new direct student loan program by participating directly in the program or by consolidating guaranteed loans into direct loans. Some will benefit from lower interest rates, and all will benefit from more repayment options, including income contingent repayment.



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

November 20, 1997

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: KATHLEEN A. McGINTY *KAM*
SUBJECT: WASHINGTON ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

Hanford Reach

The former Hanford Nuclear Reservation in eastern Washington is drawing increasing attention, including a front page story in today's *Washington Post*. The site has been closed to the public since 1943, thus preserving the last free-flowing section of the Columbia River, known as the Hanford Reach. Now that the Cold War is over, the land is being made available for a number of uses, mainly recreation. Senator Patty Murray has introduced legislation to designate the 51-mile Reach as a wild and scenic river. Doc Hastings, the local Congressman, is proposing a local control alternative. There have been recent press reports in Washington State that the Administration is prepared to issue an executive order to protect the Reach. At this time, the Administration is supporting Senator Murray's efforts to reach a legislative solution.

If asked, you should say that you support Senator Murray's efforts to develop a legislative solution for the preservation of the Hanford Reach and that you understand its importance as a wild and scenic river and in the restoration of salmon stocks in the Columbia River.

Columbia River salmon and power issues

The Administration is engaged in discussions with the states of Washington, Idaho, Oregon, and Montana to develop a salmon restoration plan for the Columbia River. The plan seeks consensus among Federal regional officials, state and local officials, environmentalists, tribal leaders and utilities, including Bonneville Power Administration (BPA). The region faces imminent decisions on how to include the costs of fish and wildlife mitigation in BPA power contracts without prejudging the outcome of a 1999 decision on how to operate the Columbia River dams.

If asked, you should express your support for regional solutions to these difficult issues and your commitment to restoring salmon in the Columbia River basin while ensuring that the power needs of the Northwest are met.

Elwha Dams

Supporters of the proposal to restore the Elwha River by acquiring and removing two dams are hopeful that funding will be provided as an expenditure from the newly rejuvenated Land and

Water Conservation Fund (LWCF). The Interior Appropriations bill that you signed last week provides \$699 million in LWCF funds. Interior, OMB and CEQ are currently preparing the list of LWCF acquisitions.

If asked, you should say that you support the removal of the dams; that you understand that environmentalists, the community, the local tribe, dam owners and the business community support actions to restore the Elwha River; and that Elwha continues to be an Administration priority.

Bonneville Power Administrator

Longtime Bonneville Power Administrator Randy Hardy has resigned, prompting speculation about his replacement. If asked, you should say that we are actively looking for a replacement and that you are hopeful that officials in the region will recommend a good consensus candidate.

“Long Draw” Timber Sale

Recently, the Okanogan National Forest offered for sale 8.7 million board feet of lodgepole pines in the “Long Draw” sale. The sale would require construction or reconstruction of more than 20 miles of timber roads. It is highly controversial with both environmentalists and Governor Locke because of the adverse effects of roadbuilding on wildlife, water quality, and forest health. The sale has been withdrawn pending completion of an administrative appeals process, which will address the concerns expressed by the Governor and others. In a larger sense, this conflict mirrors the broader controversy over continued building of timber roads in the national forests. Unfortunately, Congress this year rejected your proposal to end the subsidy of timber roads in the national forests. If asked, you should say that you are determined to pursue the proposal again next year along with development of a policy to protect roadless areas in national forests.

Puget Sound

On April 28, 1996, you issued an action plan to the Department of Transportation (DOT) to address vessel and environmental safety in Puget Sound-area waters. These actions were taken to gain support for your decision to approve the export of Alaskan North Slope oil. Senator Patty Murray and Representative Norm Dicks have been active on this issue. The plan has three elements: 1) a Coast Guard Report to Congress on a private sector International Tug of Opportunity System (completed January 1997); 2) a DOT assessment of overall marine safety in Puget Sound-area waters (completed in October 1997); and 3) a proposal of additional safety measures, if necessary.

By the end of the year, the Coast Guard will issue a report assessing the industry’s progress towards implementation of the International Tug of Opportunity System (ITOS) and revisions of marine safety standards. ITOS would establish a formal tracking and communication system to facilitate quick dispatch of available tugs to assist a vessel in distress.

Progress has been made with industry officials, environmental groups and the tribes on developing ITOS. DOT has held several public meetings with all interested parties over the last year. Environmental groups and tribes continue to express concerns that ITOS will not go far enough to protect the Puget Sound region from oil spills. They are seeking an extension of tug escort requirements and/or pre-positioned tugs. The Secretary of Transportation will decide early next year, after additional stakeholder consultations, which specific additional measures will be announced.

If asked, you should say that protection of our environment and marine safety are priorities for your Administration. The Department of Transportation is planning to host a public hearing soon to discuss possible additional measures and review of the safety studies.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

'97 NOV 20 PM1:54

November 20, 1997

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: THURGOOD MARSHALL, JR. **TM**
JON P. JENNINGS **JPJ**

SUBJECT: HOT ISSUES -- SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

School Busing: On November 20, the Seattle School Board eliminated mandatory busing as a tool to promote integration of the city's schools. Parents and students will be able to choose their schools, and transportation will be provided to a cluster of schools near students' homes. The local NAACP and other civil rights and civil liberties groups have protested the change, saying it will lead to resegregation of the city's schools. (DOEd)

University of Washington Lawsuit: Several individuals have filed a lawsuit against the University of Washington's law school. The white plaintiffs challenge the law school's affirmative action program and allege that they have been denied admission because of race. An answer to the complaint has been filed. DOJ has followed the case to determine whether they should participate in order to defend the appropriate use of race in admissions decisions by colleges and universities that are seeking diversity. (DOJ)

Elwha and Glines Canyon Dams: Since the early 1900's, when two hydroelectric dams were built on the Elwha, the river's salmon stock has been nearly eliminated. A June 1995 Environmental Impact Statement on Elwha River Ecosystem Restoration determined that removal of the dams is necessary for successful restoration of the river. The recently signed Interior appropriations bill included \$3 million for acquisition of the Elwha/Glines projects, in addition to \$8 million already appropriated. Senator Gorton has indicated that he conditionally supports designating \$18.5 million from the Land and Water Conservation Fund (LWCF) to fully fund acquisition of the dams. He would not oppose the designation of more LWCF funds by the Administration to remove Elwha Dam, but would resist removal of other dams on the Snake River without Congressional approval. Under Senator Gorton's proposal, the fate of Glines Canyon Dam would be decided after 12 years of study of the impacts to fish populations from the removal of Elwha Dam. Senator Murray and Representative Dicks have also publicly supported Federal acquisition of the dams and restoration of the various salmon and trout fisheries. (DOI)

Gray Wolf Controversy: The recently signed Interior appropriations bill includes \$300,000 for a Fish and Wildlife Service study on the reintroduction of the Gray Wolf to the Olympic Peninsula. Earlier this year, Representative Dicks held a "wolf summit," which attracted a great deal of attention to this issue. On the peninsula, there is both significant local opposition and local support for such a plan. There is more positive support in the Seattle area. (DOI)

Hanford Reach Region: Senator Murray introduced legislation to designate the 51 mile Hanford Reach as a "recreational" river under the National Wild and Scenic Rivers Act. Senator Wyden, Governor Locke, Governor Kitzhaber and Governor Knowles support protection of the Hanford Reach. Representative Hastings has introduced competing legislation to transfer management of the Hanford Reach and adjacent federal lands to several surrounding counties. Senator Murray is currently negotiating with Representative Hastings and Senator Gorton in an effort to reach a compromise agreement. If the negotiators cannot reach agreement, Senator Murray has publicly suggested unilateral action on the part of the Administration to protect the Hanford Reach. In response, Senator Gorton recently wrote you requesting that any unilateral administrative action be deferred while the Washington State delegation works on a possible compromise. (DOI)

Apple Export Concern: On September 1, Mexico imposed a preliminary anti-dumping duty of 101.1 percent on red and golden delicious apple imports from the United States, eliminating a \$40 million market. Since that time, no U.S. apples have been shipped from Washington state to Mexico. Washington state exports to Mexico comprised about 75 percent of total U.S. apple exports to Mexico in 1996. Discussions between USDA and Mexico officials are ongoing to attempt to resolve this issue. (USDA)

Section 8 Contracts: As existing site-based Section 8 housing contracts come up for renewal, many landlords are deciding to opt-out of the program. Although HUD provides Section 8 vouchers or certificates to tenants whose landlords decide to opt-out, the tenants are often either forced to pay more of their income in rent or find new housing. The recent announcement that Security Housing in downtown Seattle will opt-out of Section 8 led to public reaction from tenants, significant news coverage and a congressional inquiry. (HUD)

Sand Point Naval Base: Senator Gorton and Representative White have recently written to the Departments of Navy and Education asking them to stop the process of conveying the Sand Point Naval Base property to the City of Seattle. Mayor Rice and Mayor-Elect Schell wrote letters encouraging the Departments to act immediately. The HUD approved base reuse plan, which endorses up to 200 units of housing for the homeless, has been opposed in the past by neighborhood groups. (HUD)

PRESIDENT CLINTON'S ACCOMPLISHMENTS:

Washington

EXPANDING ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL:

- **Unemployment Down to 5%:** The unemployment rate in Washington has declined from 8.3% to 5% since 1993.
- **281,200 New Jobs:** 281,200 new jobs have been created in Washington since 1993.
- **28,800 New Manufacturing Jobs:** 28,800 new manufacturing jobs have been created in Washington since 1993 -- an average of 6,284 jobs per year. In contrast, an average of 1,575 jobs were *lost* each year during the previous administration.
- **61,000 to Receive a Raise:** 61,000 Washington workers benefited from an increase in the minimum wage -- from \$4.75 to \$5.15 -- on September 1, 1997.
- **1.4 Million Protected By Family & Medical Leave:** Approximately 1.4 million Washington residents are covered by the Family & Medical Leave Law, which allows workers to take up to 12 weeks unpaid leave to care for a new baby or ailing relative [1995 data].
- **A \$500 Child Tax Credit to Help Families Raising Children:** To help make it easier for families to raise their children, the balanced budget includes a \$500 per-child tax credit for children under 17. **Thanks to President Clinton, the Balanced Budget delivers a child tax credit to 586,000 families in Washington.**

FIGHTING CRIME AND VIOLENCE:

- **Crime Falls in Seattle:** Since 1992, serious crime has fallen 15% in Seattle [1996 data].
- **1,187 More Police:** The President's 1994 Crime Bill has funded 1,187 new police officers to date in communities across Washington [since 10/97].
- **\$2.6 Million to Combat Domestic Violence:** Through the Violence Against Women Act, Washington will be able to use \$2.6 million in federal funds this year [FY97] to establish more women's shelters and bolster law enforcement, prosecution, and victims' services. Washington received approximately \$2.4 million under VAWA in FY96.
- **\$914,323 in Grants for Battered Women and Children:** In 1998, Washington will receive an estimated \$914,323 in HHS's Family Violence Prevention Program grants to assist women and children fleeing domestic abuse.
- **\$8.9 Million to Keep Drugs & Violence Out of Washington's Schools:** Washington received \$8.9 million in FY97 for the Safe & Drug Free Schools Program, which invests in school security and drug prevention programs.

MOVING WASHINGTON FROM WELFARE TO WORK:

- **37,428 Fewer People on Welfare:** There are 37,428 fewer people on welfare in Washington now than there were at the beginning of 1993 -- a 13% decrease [through 6/97].
- **Child Support Collections Up 53%:** Child support collections have increased by \$143 million -- or 53% -- in Washington since FY92 [through FY96].

EXPANDING ACCESS TO EDUCATION:

- **\$52.3 Million in Head Start Funding:** In FY96, Washington received \$52.3 million in Head Start funding, benefitting nearly 9,000 students. This year, Washington receives \$58.7 million, an increase of \$6.4 million over 1996.

- **\$8.5 Million in Goals 2000 Funding:** This year [FY97], Washington receives \$8.5 million in Goals 2000 funding. This money is used to raise academic achievement by raising academic standards, increasing parental and community involvement in education, expanding the use of computers and technology in classrooms, and supporting high-quality teacher professional development.
- **\$2.8 Million for Technology Literacy:** This year [FY97], Washington receives \$2.8 million for the Technology Literacy Challenge Fund which helps communities and the private sector ensure that every student is equipped with the computer literacy skills needed for the 21st century.
- **\$123.4 Million for Students Most in Need:** Washington receives \$123.4 million in Title I grants providing extra help in the basics for students most in need, particularly communities and schools with high concentrations of children in low-income families [FY97].
- **\$56.2 Million for Students with Disabilities:** This year, Washington will receive \$56.2 million under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act to help ensure high quality educational opportunities for an estimated 107,032 disabled students in Washington.
- **\$25.8 Million for Vocational and Adult Education:** This year [FY97], \$25.8 million helps Washington's students and workers prepare for the 21st Century with technical and academic training. The funding also includes the School-to-Work program, bridging high school with vocational education.
- **\$103 Million in Pell Grants:** Washington receives \$103 million this year in Pell Grant funding, which helps Washington's low-income students go to college [FY97].
- **Nearly 3000 Have Served in Washington through AmeriCorps:** This year, 154 AmeriCorps participants are serving their communities while earning money for college by working in Washington's schools, hospitals, neighborhoods or parks. Since the National Service program began in 1994, nearly 3000 members have served Washington in 231 different programs [through FY97].
- **Tuition Tax Credits in Balanced Budget Open the Doors of College and Promote Lifelong Learning:** The balanced budget includes both President Clinton's \$1,500 HOPE Scholarship to help make the first two years of college as universal as a high school diploma and a Lifetime Learning Tax Credit for college juniors, seniors, graduate students and working Americans pursuing lifelong learning to upgrade their skills. This 20% tax credit will be applied to the first \$5,000 of tuition and fees through 2002 and to the first \$10,000 thereafter. **117,000 students in Washington will receive a HOPE Scholarship tax credit of up to \$1,500. 144,000 students in Washington will receive the Lifetime Learning Tax Credit.**

INVESTING IN WASHINGTON'S HEALTH

- **Health Care for Uninsured Children:** The balanced budget includes the largest single investment in health care for children since the passage of Medicaid in 1965 -- an unprecedented \$24 billion over five years to cover as many as five million children throughout the nation. This investment guarantees the full range of benefits -- from checkups to surgery -- that children need to grow up strong and healthy. It ensures that prescription drugs, vision, hearing, and mental health coverage now offered at the state level are extended to millions of uninsured children. **To expand health coverage to uninsured children in Washington the Balanced Budget provides \$47 million in 1998 and \$231 million over five years.**
- **Helping Washington Women and Children with WIC:** The Clinton Administration is committed to full funding in the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC). Today, in Washington, 47,630 more women and children in need are receiving health and

food assistance than in 1994.

- **More Toddlers Are Being Immunized:** As a result of the President's 1993 Childhood Immunization Initiative, childhood immunization rates have reached an historic high. According to the CDC, 90% or more of America's toddlers in 1996 received the most critical doses of each of the routinely recommended vaccines -- surpassing the President's 1993 goal. In Washington in 1996, 95% of two-year olds received the vaccines for diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis; 92% received the vaccine for polio; 91% received the vaccine for measles, and 94% received the vaccine for *Haemophilus influenzae* B, the bacteria causing a form of meningitis.

PROTECTING THE ENVIRONMENT:

- **Fifteen Superfund Sites Cleaned Up:** Since the President took office in 1993, the EPA completed toxic waste site clean-up in Yakima, Spokane, Fort Lewis, North Bonneville, Oak Harbor, Kent, Richland, Renton, Chehalis, two in Vancouver, two in Everson and two in Tacoma, Washington [through 6/97]. Only 6 sites were cleaned up in the previous 12 years combined.
- **4 Brownfields Pilots in Washington:** Since 1993, the EPA has awarded 4 Brownfields Demonstration Pilots in Washington -- regional pilots in Bellingham, and Puyallup Tribe of Tacoma, Duwamish Coalition, and a national pilot in Tacoma. These projects are intended to jump-start local clean-up efforts by providing funds over a two year period to return unproductive, abandoned, contaminated urban properties to productive use.

SPEARHEADING URBAN AND RURAL RENEWAL EFFORTS:

- **\$9 Million to Communities Across Washington:** Lower Yakima, Tacoma and Seattle were all designated Enterprise Communities in December, 1994 and were awarded \$3 million each to create more jobs, housing, and economic opportunity for area residents.

PROVIDING DISASTER RELIEF:

- **\$209 Million in Federal Emergency Assistance:** Since 1993, Washington has received \$209 million in disaster relief. This includes \$107 million in assistance to recover from severe floods that occurred in January of 1996, and \$30 million in assistance to recover from severe floods that occurred in 1997.
- **9,518 More National Flood Insurance Policies:** Since the President took office, Washington has increased the number of National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) policies by 9,518. Since 1993, the number of homes and structures protected by NFIP policies has increased by 67%. As more individuals gain policies through the NFIP, the need for disaster assistance is lessened resulting in a reduced burden on America's taxpayers.

EXPANDING FUNDS FOR TRAVEL IMPROVEMENT:

- **Nearly \$328 Million to Improve Mass Transit:** The FTA has provided nearly \$328 million since 1993 to improve public transportation in Washington [through FY97].
- **\$2 Billion in Highway Funding:** Since 1993, Washington has received \$2 billion in federal highway aid. These funds have helped generate approximately 86,231 jobs [through FY97].
- **\$128.5 Million in Airport Improvement Funds:** Since 1993, Washington has received \$128.5 million to fund airport improvements [through 6/97].