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**NOVEMBER 1996**

Divider Title: \_\_\_\_\_

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**DECEMBER 1996**

Divider Title: \_\_\_\_\_

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**THE TRIP OF  
THE PRESIDENT  
TO  
PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA**

**December 7, 1996**

**Staff Copy**

## Table of Contents

Saturday, December 7, 1996

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### PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

#### Meet and Greet Community Leaders

#### Army/Navy College Football Game and Presentation of the Commander-in-Chief's Trophy

- Event Memo

- Background

- Remarks

#### CBS Sports Interview

#### Pennsylvania Background

- Political Memo

- Pennsylvania Accomplishments

- Economic 1 Pager

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT**

**FOR**

**SATURDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1996**

**FINAL**

**SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:**

**ANNE HAWLEY**

**HOME: 703-553-8940**

**OFFICE: 202-456-2823**

**WHCA PAGER: 4039**

**SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:**

**STEPHANIE STREETT**

**HOME: 202-332-5651**

**OFFICE: 202-456-2823**

**WHCA PAGER: 4033**

**TRIP COORDINATOR;**

**NICOLE ELKON**

**HOME: 202-332-2350**

**OFFICE: 202-456-6481**

**WHCA PAGER:**

**PRESS COORDINATOR:**

**JEREMY GAINES**

**HOME: 202-362-5475**

**OFFICE: 202-456-5771**

**WHCA PAGER: 4194**

**ADVANCE LEAD:**

**KIRK HANLIN**

**SKY PAGE: 216-8087**

**CELL PHONE: 202-757-9297**

**WEATHER:**

**Washington, DC**

Mostly cloudy with rain. Wind southeast to north at 12 to 22 knots. Low 33 to 38. High 43 to 48.

**Philadelphia, Pennsylvania**

Mostly cloudy with rain and snow towards evening. Wind southeast at 12 to 22 knots. Low 31 to 36. High 41 to 46.



**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT  
FOR  
SATURDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1996  
FINAL**

|              |                                                                                                                                |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>NOTE:</b> | <b>THE UNIVERSITY OF ARKANSAS VS. THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI COLLEGE BASKETBALL GAME WILL BE SHOWN AT 9:05 PM EST ON ESPN.</b> |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

|              |                                        |
|--------------|----------------------------------------|
| <b>NOTE:</b> | <b>All events are business attire.</b> |
|--------------|----------------------------------------|

|              |                                                                |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>NOTE:</b> | <b>Staff vans depart at 9:00 am from West Executive Drive.</b> |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|

|              |                                                                                                                |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>NOTE:</b> | <b>Credentials to Veterans Stadium will be distributed upon arrival at Philadelphia International Airport.</b> |
|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

tba

**MORNING RUN**

9:40 am

**THE PRESIDENT** proceeds to the South Lawn

**Note:** This departure is closed to staff and guests.

9:45 am

**THE PRESIDENT** departs the White House via Marine One en route Andrews Air Force Base  
[flight time: 10 minutes]

9:55 am

**THE PRESIDENT** arrives Andrews Air Force Base

10:05 am

**THE PRESIDENT** departs Andrews Air Force Base via Air Force One en route Philadelphia International Airport, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania  
[flight time: 40 minutes]

10:45 am

**THE PRESIDENT** arrives Philadelphia International Airport, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

**OPEN PRESS**

**CLOSED PUBLIC**

**Greeters:** Representative Tom Foglietta  
Theodora Foglietta-Silverstein  
Representative Chaka Fattah  
Chaka (Chip) Fattah, Jr.  
Representative Bob Borski  
Mayor Ed Rendell

11:00 am                   **THE PRESIDENT** departs Philadelphia International Airport via motorcade en route Veterans Stadium  
[drive time: 15 minutes]

11:15 am                   **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Veterans Stadium

Greeters:               Secretary Togo West, United States Army  
                            Secretary John Dalton, United States Navy  
                            General Dennis J. Reimer, Chief of Staff, United States Army  
                            Admiral Jay Johnson, Chief of Naval Operations, United States Navy  
                            LTG. Daniel Christman, Superintendent, United States Military Academy  
                            Admiral Charles Larson, Superintendent, United States Naval Academy  
                            Zachery Fisher

11:20 am-  
11:50 am                   **MEET AND GREET WITH COMMUNITY LEADERS**  
**REFEREES LOCKER ROOM**  
Veterans Stadium  
Staff Contact: Marcia Hale  
Event Coordinator: Nicole Elkon  
**CLOSED PRESS**

12:00 pm-  
3:30 pm                   **ARMY/NAVY FOOTBALL CLASSIC**  
**VETERANS STADIUM**  
Staff Contact: Tony Lake  
Event Coordinator: Nicole Elkon  
**OPEN PRESS**

- Off-stage announcement of **the President**, accompanied by Deputy Secretary John White, Department of Defense and General John Shalikashvili, Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff, "Ruffles and Flourishes" and "Hail to the Chief", performed by the United States Navy Band.
- **The President** proceeds to his seat on the Navy side of the field..
- The Invocation is given.
- *The National Anthem of the United States* is played.
- Secretary John Dalton, United States Navy and Secretary Togo West, United States Army, present the Zachery and Elizabeth Fisher Distinguished Civilian Humanitarian Award to Zachery

- A parachute demonstration is given by the United States Army Golden Knights and United States Navy Leap Frogs jump teams.
- The United States Army and Navy cordons form.
- The United States Military Academy football team is introduced.
- The United States Naval Academy football team is introduced.
- The referee does the coin toss.
- Kick-off begins the first half.

|              |                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>NOTE:</b> | <b>During the second quarter, the President will do a live, three minute interview with Sean McDonough and Terry Donahue of CBS Sports in the CBS booth.</b> |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

- Upon conclusion of the first half, **the President** watches the half time performance by the United States Army Band, United States Navy Drum and Bugle Corps and United States Naval Academy Silent Drill Team.
- The United States Army and Navy cordons form.
- **The President**, accompanied by Secretary John Dalton and Commander John Richardson, proceeds to midfield and is met by Secretary Togo West and LTC Michael Mudd.
- Secretary Togo West and LTC Michael Mudd escorts **the President** to his seat on the Army side of the field.
- Kick-off begins the second half of the game.



3:35 pm-  
3:50 pm

**PRESENTATION OF THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF'S  
TROPHY**

**FIELD**

Veterans Stadium

Remarks: Tony Blinken

Staff Contact: Tony Lake

Event Coordinator: Nicole Elkon

**OPEN PRESS**

- Upon conclusion of the game, **the President**, accompanied by Deputy Secretary John White, Department of Defense and General John Shalikashvili, Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff, to the field, accompanied by Secretary Togo West and LTC Michael Mudd.
- **The President** stands beside the losing team, as they sing their alma mater.
- **The President** is escorted by the appropriate military aide to the winning team.
- **The President** stands beside the winning team, as they sing their alma mater.
- **The President** makes brief congratulatory statement.
- **The President** presents the Commander-In-Chief's Trophy to the coach and the captain of the winning team.
- A representative from the winning team thanks **the President**.
- **The President**, accompanied by Deputy Secretary John White and General John Shalikashvili.

4:00 pm

**THE PRESIDENT** departs Veterans Stadium via motorcade en route Philadelphia International Airport  
[drive time: 15 minutes]

4:15 pm

**THE PRESIDENT** arrives Philadelphia International Airport

4:30 pm

**THE PRESIDENT** departs Philadelphia International Airport, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania via Air Force One en route Andrews Air Force Base

[flight time: 40 minutes]

**OPEN PRESS**

**CLOSED PUBLIC**

5:10 pm

**THE PRESIDENT** arrives Andrews Air Force Base

5:25 pm

**THE PRESIDENT** departs Andrews Air Force Base via Marine One en route the White House

[flight time: 10 minutes]

5:35 pm

**THE PRESIDENT** arrives the White House

5:40 pm

**DOWN FOR THE DAY AND EVENING**

**BC AND HRC RON**

**THE WHITE HOUSE**

THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

DECEMBER 7, 1996

MEET AND GREET WITH COMMUNITY LEADERS

|           |                                                               |
|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| DATE:     | DECEMBER 7, 1996                                              |
| TIME:     | 11:10 AM - 11:40 AM                                           |
| LOCATION: | REFEREES LOCKER ROOM<br>VETERANS STADIUM,<br>PHILADELPHIA, PA |
| FROM:     | MARCIA HALE                                                   |

**I. PURPOSE**

To briefly greet Philadelphia community leaders including, Mayor Ed Rendell, and other local elected officials, business, and clergy leaders.

**II. BACKGROUND**

This is a good opportunity to spend time with key community leaders from Philadelphia. There will be approximately 20 individuals in attendance at this brief greeting.

**III. PARTICIPANTS**

The President

**IV. PRESS PLAN**

Closed press

**V. REMARKS**

N/A



## **VI. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS**

- \* The President enters the room and briefly greets Philadelphia Community leaders.

## THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

December 6, 1996

Attendance at  
Army-Navy Football Game  
DATE: December 7, 1996  
LOCATION: Veterans Stadium, Philadelphia, Pa.  
TIME: 12:15 p.m.

FROM: ANTHONY LAKE I. PURPOSE

To attend the Army-Navy football game and present the Commander-in-Chief's trophy to the winning team.

II. BACKGROUND

You will be the first President since Gerald Ford in 1974 to attend the football classic between the U.S. Military Academy and the U.S. Naval Academy. Other Presidents who have attended include: President Kennedy, Harry S. Truman, Calvin Coolidge, Woodrow Wilson and Theodore Roosevelt. This is the 97th meeting of the two teams in a series that began in 1890. Seventy-six of the past 96 games have been played in Philadelphia, which is considered "neutral turf" between the two schools. The Navy is the "host" for this year's game.

Since you took office, the Air Force Academy has won or retained the Commanders-in-Chief's Trophy every year. This year, both Army and Navy beat Air Force, and the winner of Saturday's game will win the trophy.

Just prior to the game, Zachary Fisher -- to whom you awarded the Presidential Citizens Medal -- will be presented the "Zachary and Elizabeth Fisher Distinguished Civilian Humanitarian Award" at mid-field by Secretaries Dalton and West. The Fishers are the first recipients of this annual award, which was recently created by the three Service Secretaries to recognize those individuals who demonstrate exceptional humanitarian concern for members of the Armed Forces and their families.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Secretary Henry (and wife Mary Alice) Cisneros

Secretary Donna Shalala  
 Deputy Secretary John (and wife Betty) White  
 General and Mrs. (Joan) Shalikashvili  
 Secretary John (and wife Margaret) Dalton  
 Secretary Togo (and wife Gail) West  
 Admiral Jay (and wife Garland) Johnson  
 General Dennis (and wife Mary Jo) Reimer  
 Admiral Zumwalt  
 Bruce Lindsey  
 General and Mrs. (Jill) McCaffrey  
 Senator Biden  
 Senator Specter  
 Senator-elect Jack Reed (U.S. Military Academy graduate)  
 Representative McHale  
 Representative Murtha  
 Representative Foglietta  
 Representative Fattah  
 Representative Borski  
 Representative Holden  
 Representative Goodling  
 Representative McKeon  
 General George Joulwan  
 Admiral Chuck Larson, Superintendent, U.S. Naval Academy  
 Lieutenant General Dan Christman, Superintendent, U.S.  
     Military Academy  
 William Coleman, III  
 Mayor Rendell  
 Zachary Fisher  
 Mrs. Bettie Boorda (guest of Zachary Fisher)  
 Robert Bell, NSC

#### IV. PRESS PLAN

Open press

### ADDITIONAL ARMY-NAVY BACKGROUND

- This series has been called "the nation's rivalry" because on Army-Navy Saturday, everyone in the country has a choice. Famous graduates who were members of their football teams include Eisenhower, Halsey, Bradley, Stansfield Turner, Staubach, Dawkins, Schwarzkopf and Allen Shepard.
- Army holds a 46-43-7 lead in the series, and the point differential over the 96 games is only 65 points.
- In 1926, Knute Rockne foresaked his coaching duties when Notre Dame played Carnegie Tech and instead attended the Army-Navy game. It was not a good move because the Irish lost 19-0, costing them a perfect season.
- This season marks the first time since 1963 that both teams have sported winning records in advance of the game (Army: 9-1; Navy: 8-2). It will match two of the nation's premier rushing offenses with Army's wishbone attack, ranked first in the nation in rushing offense (347.2 yards per game), pitted opposite Navy's spread ("double-slot") alignment, listed third nationally in rushing (309.9 ypg). In national defensive rankings, the Army stands sixth (82.6 ypg) and the Navy 37th (135.8).
- Army is ranked 23rd nationally by both the Associated Press and USA Today/CNN Coaches' polls; Navy is ranked 30th and 26th, respectively, by both polls. The winner of the game will receive a bid to play Auburn in the Independence Bowl, which is played on December 31 in Shreveport, Louisiana.
- Both teams defeated the Air Force Academy. The winner of this game will therefore receive the Commander-in-Chief's Trophy, which Air Force has either won, or retained, each of the last seven years (if no Service Academy beats both of the other two, then the Academy already possessing the Trophy retains it).
- The last four Army-Navy matchups were all won by Army by a total of only six points. In 1992, the Army kicker's career-best 40-yard field goal with 12 seconds remaining won the game 25-24 (after the kicker had to repeat a successful 44-yard attempt moments before because of a called delay of game). In 1993, trailing 16-0 in the fourth quarter, Navy closed to 16-14. With six seconds left and the ball on the Army one yard line, Navy's kicker missed the field goal attempt. In 1994,



Army won by two points on the longest field goal of this classic series (52 yards). The book, Civil War, has been written about the **1995 game**. Leading 13-7, Navy eschewed a potential game-clinching field goal with the ball on the Army one yard line, electing to go for a touchdown with a pass. After the pass fell incomplete, Army capped a remarkable 19-play, 99-yard drive with a short touchdown run and only 1:03 remaining.

#### ARMY FOOTBALL FACTS

- The mule first appeared as the Army's mascot in the game of 1900, wearing a blanket which said "No Ships for Me."
- Army has had three Heisman Trophy winners: fullback "Doc" Blanchard in 1945; halfback Glenn Davis in 1946; and halfback Pete Dawkins in 1958.
- Coach Bob Sutton, Army's head coach, has been selected as one of six finalists for the 1996 Paul "Bear" Bryant Coach of the Year Award. Voted on by the Football Writers Association, the winner is to be announced on December 12. This year, his team has already equaled the school's single-season record for victories.
- There are presently 12 cadets from Arkansas at the Military Academy; none on the football team.

#### NAVY FOOTBALL FACTS

- Stories vary on how the "Bill the Goat" became the Navy mascot. One is that it was a ship's mascot which had anchored off Annapolis before one of the first games and the Brigade of midshipmen "appropriated" him as their mascot. The current mascot is Bill XVIII.
- Navy has had two Heisman Trophy winners: halfback Joe Bellino in 1960 (he will be at the game); and quarterback Roger Staubach in 1963.
- Navy has clinched its first winning season since 1982 under second year coach, Charlie Weatherbie.

- The ringing of the Enterprise Bell at the Naval Academy signals a Navy victory over Army. It is rung from the end of the game until the team returns home.
- There are presently 23 midshipmen from Arkansas at the USNA; none on the football team.



# In 1963, It Was More Than a Game

## The Army-Navy Matchup Had a Nation Watching

By Gene Wang and Mark Maske

Washington Post Staff Writers

This year, the annual Army-Navy football game will be about more than pride, bragging rights and pageantry. When the Cadets (9-1) and the Midshipmen (8-2) square off Saturday at Veterans Stadium in Philadelphia, they'll be playing for an invitation to the Independence Bowl Dec. 31 in Shreveport, La. The 23rd-ranked Cadets are attempting to secure their first 10-victory season in school history. The Midshipmen are trying to earn their first bowl appearance since 1981.

All in all, it may be the most significant Army-Navy game since 1963, when the second-ranked Midshipmen—with their Heisman Trophy-winning junior quarterback, Roger Staubach—secured a Cotton Bowl appearance against No. 1 Texas by holding on for a heart-stopping 21-15 victory. These days, the harsh realities of big-time college sports, the academies' rigid academic standards and the academies' active-duty service commitments have made the possibility of Army or Navy

See ARMY-NAVY, C3, Col. 5

competing for football national championships extremely unlikely. So this year's game may be the closest Army and Navy can get to recapturing the magnitude of the '63 contest, which was the last time each team entered the game with at least seven victories.

"In recent years, it's been, 'Can Navy salvage its season against Army?'" Pat Donnelly, who ran for three touchdowns for Navy in the 1963 game, said this week. "It used to be just Army and Navy people used to watch it. With the bowl, it's exciting to know that there will be many others watching" this year.

The football landscape looked quite a bit different for Army and Navy in 1963. The Midshipmen began the season ranked ninth in the nation. They beat West Virginia, Michigan, Pittsburgh, Notre Dame and Maryland, and took an 8-1 record (with the only loss a surprising one, to Southern Methodist) into the Army game.

Their rallying cry for the season was "Drive for Five," as they looked to beat Army for a fifth consecutive year. The Midshipmen wore that slogan on the backs of their jerseys for the game against the Cadets, who were 7-2. Cotton Bowl officials already had announced that a victory by Navy would lead to a national championship matchup between the Midshipmen and the unbeaten Longhorns.

But as 1963 Navy player Nick Markoff, now football coach and athletic director at the Maret School in Northwest Washington, recalled: "We weren't thinking about a bowl game. Army was our bowl game."

The game almost didn't happen. President John F. Kennedy was assassinated Nov. 22, eight days before the game was scheduled to be played. There was public speculation that the Army-Navy game would be canceled, but the Pentagon announced Nov. 26 that the contest would be played Dec. 7, a one-week postponement.

Kennedy's death left the entire country in shock. The football locker rooms in Annapolis and West Point certainly were no exceptions.

"We were just flattened that it happened," Markoff said. "Suddenly, our world became bigger than our own campus. . . . But our coaches didn't really let that [cancellation talk] filter down to us as players. Our routine stayed the same. Our focus was to play the game."

According to Tom Lynch, the captain of the '63 Navy team, Kennedy had sent the Midshipmen a telegram, declaring his impartiality, as commander in chief, for the Army game—but leaving Navy's players with the distinct impression that Kennedy secretly was rooting for them, Lynch said. "President Kennedy was a Navy man," Lynch said.

News accounts of the 1963 game stressed that the usual spectacles of an Army-Navy contest were absent that year—before, and during, the game. A crowd of approximately 100,000 at Philadelphia's Municipal Stadium (later renamed John F. Kennedy Stadium) participated in a pre-game moment of silence and listened as the game was dedicated to Kennedy's memory before the West Point

it was the most electrifying Army-Navy game," Staubach said in a telephone interview Tuesday from Dallas where he now runs his own real estate company. " . . . It had all the drama of a classic Army-Navy game, and also had the reality of life. It was non-event in light of the tragedy, you had this patriotic feeling that we were playing for the president. I bonded with your teammates because of it. Emotionally, it was draining."

The game was a thrilling one indeed. A 10-yard touchdown run by quarterback Carl "Rollie" Stichweh gave the Cadets an early 7-0 lead. Donnelly scored the first of his touchdowns, and the game was tied at 7-7 at halftime. "At halftime, I felt frustrated we weren't doing better," said Donnelly, a former Navy assistant coach now living in San Diego.

Said Lynch: "We were 100 percent confident we were going to win in the second half. Ninety-nine point nine percent of that was because we knew we had Roger."

Two more touchdowns by Donnelly gave Navy a seemingly comfortable 21-7 advantage with 11½ minutes left. But another touchdown run by a two-point conversion scamper by Stichweh got the Cadets to 21-15 with just over six minutes left. Army recovered an onside kick and, without any timeouts remaining, drove to the shadow of the Navy goal line.

On a third-and-goal play from the Navy 4, Stichweh took the snap with about 30 seconds to go and handed the ball to running back Ken Waldron, who was buried under the left side of Navy's line at the 2. Because of crowd noise, Stichweh pleaded with officials to stop the clock. They refused, Army never got off a fourth-down play and Navy went on to play Texas for the national title.

"That was one of the biggest disappointmentments you could experience," said Gwynn Vaughan, Army's nose tackle and offensive right guard in '63. "The crowd was yelling and every time Rollie Stichweh would go up to the line, he'd put his hands up and the referees would give him a timeout. But they wouldn't do it that last time and we didn't get a play off. We just felt like we'd been cheated."

In the Cotton Bowl, the Midshipmen were "outclassed," as Markoff put it, by the Longhorns, losing by 28-6. But they had plenty to savor from their 1963 season.

Markoff said that, in those days, a Navy player would bet an Army counterpart his academy bathrobe on the outcome of the game. Markoff played three games against Army, and said proudly: "I had many gray bathrobes. It was a cheap Christmas present for my friends."

But he still has his badge of honor from the 1963 game. He found his daughter wearing it one day recently. "I said, 'Do you know what that is?'" Markoff said. "She said, 'That's your Navy bathrobe, isn't it?' I said, 'No, that's my West Point bathrobe.'"



FINAL

**PRESIDENT WILLIAM JEFFERSON CLINTON  
REMARKS AT CONCLUSION OF ARMY-NAVY GAME  
VETERANS' STADIUM, PHILADELPHIA  
DECEMBER 7, 1996**

- Acknowledgments. [IF NAVY] Admiral Larson, Coach Weatherbie, the brigade of midshipmen and its great football team... [IF ARMY] General Christman, Coach Sutton, the corps of cadets and its great football team...distinguished guests, all our men and women in uniform and their families, and everyone here at Veteran's Stadium.
- It was a great pleasure to have been here for the 97th chapter in one of America's most famous athletic rivalries. Today's game was played fiercely and fairly by some of the best young men our country has to offer. You'll be happy to know that the Air Force graciously agreed to fly me to see the Army-Navy game, even though it meant they had to give up the Commander-in-Chief trophy. They even agreed to fly me back, but only after I assured the "zoomies" they'd have another chance next year.
- As Commander-in-Chief, I am pleased to present this year's trophy to:
- [IF NAVY:] Coach Weatherbie. Coach, your players, backed by "the 12th man" -- the entire Brigade of midshipmen -- are magnificent. Your efforts have paid off in your best season since 1963 -- and your first trip to a Bowl game since 1981. I know this has been a big year for Navy in more ways than one. You've rewritten the record books for rushing and proved that the Navy can excel at ground warfare. I also know that off the field, you've maintained



the high standard of academic excellence set by the Academy, with four Academic All-Americans from this team.

- [IF ARMY:] Coach Sutton. Coach, your players, backed by the “12th man” -- the entire Corps of cadets -- are magnificent. This has been a great year for the Black Knights -- the first 10-victory season in the Academy’s history, and your first appearance in a post-season Bowl game since 1988. I am not surprised that an Army team would lead the nation in rushing offense -- and hope that you will continue to set the standard for ground warfare. I am also not surprised that Coach Sutton has been selected as one of the finalists for this year’s “Bear” Bryant coach of the year award. And I know that off the field, this team has held up the high standard of academic excellence set by the Academy, with four Academic All-Americans.
- For the senior cadets and midshipmen on these teams, today marks the last Army-Navy game that you will play before going on to serve your country in a variety of capacities. As General MacArthur, the Commander of Joint Forces in the Pacific during World War II, once said, “upon the fields of friendly strife are sown the seeds that, upon other fields, on other days will bear the fruits of victory.” I know that all Americans can count on you to bring not just strength, but the spirit of leadership and teamwork as you serve in the armed forces. That is what enabled you to win today. And that is what will enable America to win tomorrow, whether in war or in peace. My congratulations on your great victory and my best wishes as you play Auburn in the Independence Bowl.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

December 6, 1996

INTERVIEW WITH CBS SPORTS

DATE: December 7, 1996  
LOCATION: Veterans Stadium, Philadelphia  
TIME: Circa 1 PM  
FROM: Mike McCurry, Stuart Schear

I. PURPOSE

This three-minute live television interview with Sean McDonough and Terry Donahue of CBS SPORTS will provide you with the opportunity to discuss the 97th Annual Army-Navy Football Game. McDonough is an announcer for CBS SPORTS and Donahue is a former football coach for UCLA. He serves as a sports analyst for CBS SPORTS.

II. BACKGROUND

The 97th Annual Army-Navy Football Game will take place tomorrow at Veterans Stadium in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. For nearly a century, the Army-Navy Game has been an annual highlight for football fans. The game has been skipped on rare occasions, during times of war.

The Army and Navy teams are both performing very well this year. The Navy's 8-2 record is virtually as good as the Army's 9-1 standing. The winner of today's game will go on to play in the Independence Bowl on December 31.

The Army-Navy's television audience may reach up to 7 million homes.

On a historical note, the last President to attend an Army-Navy Game was Gerald Ford. He was the first President to attend since John Kennedy.

By joining the other spectators at Veterans Stadium, you are giving new life to a tradition of respect among Commanders-in-Chief for the competitive sporting abilities of the Armed Services academies. Moreover, you are paying homage to the team spirit which animates the Armed Forces on the playing field as well as on the battlefield. These young athletes are among the most vital members of their generation.

### III. QUESTIONS

CBS plans to ask the following questions:

- 1) How are you enjoying the game?
- 2) Are you pleased with the outstanding record of the service academy teams this year?
- 3) Why do you feel it is important for the President to attend the Army-Navy Game?
- 4) Which college football team do you think will rank #1 this year?

### IV. PARTICIPANTS

- 1) The President
- 2) Stuart Scheer
- 3) Sean McDonough, CBS Sports Announcer
- 4) Terry Donahue, CBS Sports Analyst
- 5) Bob Mansbach, CBS Sports Producer

### V. PRESS PLAN

This three-minute live television interview will air over CBS, and it may reach up to 7 million homes. CBS SPORTS will make 30 second portions of the interview available to other news organizations. CBS SPORTS will submit a complete transcript and an Associated Press photo to the wires. CBS SPORTS will make a full transcript available to the White House Press Office.

### VI. ATTACHMENTS

None



December 6, 1996

## MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

**FROM:** Doug Sosnik, Eric Eve and Amanda Crumley  
**SUBJECT:** Pennsylvania Political Briefing

---

### 1996 ELECTION OVERVIEW

Although statewide polls throughout the summer had shown Clinton-Gore leading Dole-Kemp by anywhere from 12 to 18 points in Pennsylvania, the race tightened in the final weeks as some undecided voters broke for Dole, and the final results were relatively consistent with polls released in the final days of the campaign:

| <u>Penn &amp; Schoen 11/2</u> |     | <u>Mason-Dixon 10/27</u> |     | <u>1996 Results</u> |     |
|-------------------------------|-----|--------------------------|-----|---------------------|-----|
| Clinton                       | 49% | Clinton                  | 49% | Clinton             | 49% |
| Dole                          | 33% | Dole                     | 39% | Dole                | 40% |
| Perot                         | 10% | Perot                    | 9%  | Perot               | 10% |

Although Clinton-Gore garnered a larger percentage of the vote in 1996 than in 1992, the margin of victory was 9% in both cases. Perot's vote, as in most states, dropped 8 points in Pennsylvania from 1992 to 1996.

| <u>1996</u> |     |             | <u>1992</u> |     |             |
|-------------|-----|-------------|-------------|-----|-------------|
| Clinton     | 49% | (2,206,241) | Clinton     | 45% | (2,239,164) |
| Dole        | 40% | (1,793,568) | Bush        | 36% | (1,791,841) |
| Perot       | 10% | ( 430,082)  | Perot       | 18% | ( 902,667)  |

(Note: The 1996 numbers are not yet official. Our source for all 1996 numbers mentioned is PoliticsNow.)

The gender gap in Pennsylvania this year virtually mirrored the gender gap nationally:

|         | <u>Pennsylvania</u> |              | <u>National</u> |              |
|---------|---------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|
|         | <u>Men</u>          | <u>Women</u> | <u>Men</u>      | <u>Women</u> |
| Clinton | 47%                 | 53%          | 44%             | 54%          |
| Dole    | 42%                 | 37%          | 45%             | 38%          |
| Perot   | 10%                 | 8%           | 9%              | 7%           |



The President led Dole among all age groups in Pennsylvania, with the slimmest margin coming from the 60+ age group. Most age groups were consistent with national numbers with the exception of 45-59 year olds. Among this age group, Clinton-Gore led Dole-Kemp by 17 points compared to only 4 points nationally.

|         | <u>18-29</u> | <u>30-44</u> | <u>45-59</u> | <u>60+</u> |
|---------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|
| Clinton | 56%          | 48%          | 53%          | 47%        |
| Dole    | 35%          | 40%          | 36%          | 45%        |
| Perot   | 8%           | 11%          | 9%           | 7%         |

The President led Dole among most income brackets as well, with the exception of those making between \$50-\$75,000 and those making more than \$100,000.

|         | <u>&lt;15K</u> | <u>15-30K</u> | <u>30-50K</u> | <u>50-75K</u> | <u>75-100K</u> | <u>&gt;100K</u> |
|---------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Clinton | 62%            | 50%           | 49%           | 46%           | 50%            | 48%             |
| Dole    | 24%            | 39%           | 39%           | 47%           | 38%            | 49%             |
| Perot   | 13%            | 10%           | 12%           | 6%            | 9%             | 2%              |

Other Demographics:

|         | <u>White</u> | <u>African-American</u> | <u>Protestant</u> | <u>Catholic</u> |
|---------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Clinton | 46%          | 88%                     | 43%               | 53%             |
| Dole    | 43%          | 9%                      | 49%               | 36%             |
| Perot   | 10%          | 1%                      | 7%                | 10%             |

### **MOST RECENT PRINCIPAL TRAVEL**

**October 27 -- The First Lady** was in **Philadelphia** where she attended a part of a Philadelphia Eagles game with Mayor Ed Rendell.

**October 11 -- Mrs. Gore** was in **New Kensington** (Beaver County) where she attended a message event at a learning center with Congressman Ron Klink (D-04) and participated in a meet and greet with Clinton-Gore supporters. Mrs. Gore then traveled to **Pittsburgh** for a WLF fundraiser.

**October 10 -- The First Lady** visited **Wilkes-Barre** in Eastern Pennsylvania and **Erie** in Western Pennsylvania. In Wilkes-Barre, the First Lady participated in a discussion with seniors at a local senior center and then met with local Clinton-Gore supporters. In Erie, the First Lady addressed a crowd of 1,500 supporters at East High School with Ron DiNicola, the 21st CD candidate. She then participated in a brief meet and greet with DiNicola and Clinton-Gore supporters.

**October 4 -- Mrs. Gore** visited **Allentown** and **State College**. While in Allentown, Mrs. Gore toured the picture frame company MCS Industries with Congressman Paul McHale (D-15). Mrs. Gore and Congressman McHale greeted the factory workers, toured the warehouse, and assisted

employees on the assembly line. Afterwards, she and Congressman McHale participated in a roundtable discussion with factory workers. Before departing for State College, Mrs. Gore had a brief meet and greet with local labor leaders. In State College, Mrs. Gore and 5th CD candidate Ruth Rudy met with children and parents involved in the YMCA Youth Discovers Program, and had a brief meet and greet with supporters of Ruth Rudy.

**October 3 -- The First Lady** visited **Cheltenham** and **Abington** (Philadelphia suburbs) with 13th CD Democratic candidate Joe Hoeffel. The First Lady addressed roughly 250 students and community members at Cheltenham High School, and afterwards attended a public rally with roughly 2,000 supporters at the Penn State Abington/Ogontz campus. Before departing, the First Lady participated in a brief meet and greet with Hoeffel supporters.

**September 25 -- President Clinton** visited **Pittsburgh** and **Philadelphia**. In the Pittsburgh area, President Clinton was joined by Treasury Secretary Robert Rubin and Congressman Frank Mascara (D-20) where he visited Robert Morris College to introduce a new inflation-protection savings bond. Following his speech before about 5,000 people, President Clinton met with ethnic leaders and local elected officials, and with supporters of freshman Representative Frank Mascara (D-20). The President then traveled to Philadelphia for two DNC fundraisers. Prior to the fundraisers, the President joined Mayor Ed Rendell, City Council Chairman Bob Brady and 13th Congressional District candidate Joe Hoeffel for cheese steaks and a photo-op at Pat's King of Steaks.

**September 10 -- Vice President Gore** visited **Philadelphia** and **Scranton**. In Philadelphia the Vice President toured a North Philadelphia empowerment zone with Mayor Ed Rendell, met with the board of a Community Development Bank, addressed the West Poplar Nehemiah Housing Development community, and met with 69 ward leaders and Democratic elected officials. Although local floods led the news, the Vice President received great print and television coverage. In Scranton the Vice President visited Lackawanna Junior College, where he toured a "Distance Learning Center" and then addressed approximately 2,000 students and community members at a rally on campus.

### **1996 STATEWIDE RACES**

In addition to the Presidential election, the three statewide Constitutional offices of Auditor General, Attorney General and State Treasurer were up. Prior to the election, the offices of Auditor General and Attorney General were held by Republicans while the office of State Treasurer was held Democrat Cathy Baker Knoll. Although it had appeared that Democrats were well positioned to take all three statewide, we lost the state Treasurer and Attorney General seats, but picked up the Auditor General seat. The results were not promising for Democrats in a state with a Republican controlled state House and Senate, two Republican Senators and a Republican Governor.

**Auditor General:** Democrat Bob Casey, Jr. (son of the former Governor) defeated Republican Bob Nyce.



**State Treasurer:** Democrat Mina Baker Knoll (daughter of current Treasurer Cathy Baker Knoll) lost to Republican Barbara Hafer. Although Mina had been the early favorite, she did not wage an aggressive campaign, and many Democrats criticized her for wanting to win on name recognition alone.

**Attorney General:** Democrat Joe Kohn lost to Republican D. Michael Fisher in a race which had long been considered a toss-up.

### 1996 CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW

**5th CD.** State Senator John Peterson (R) defeated state Senator Ruth Rudy (D) for the open 5th CD seat keeping this conservative district in the Republican column. The seat had been held by Republican Congressman Bill Clinger who retired after serving nine terms.

Peterson (R) 60%  
Rudy (D) 40%

**10th CD.** Seventeen-term Congressman Joe McDade (R) defeated Democrat Joe Cullen. Some pundits believed that McDade's longstanding legal problems would make him vulnerable this year, but his legal problems were apparently offset by the amount of "pork" he has been able to bring into the district over the years.

McDade (R) 59%  
Cullen (D) 37%

**13th CD.** Montgomery County Minority Commissioner Joseph Hoeffel (D) lost by less than 900 votes to freshman Republican Jon Fox, who narrowly defeated former Representative Marjorie Margolies-Mezvinsky in 1994. The 13th CD is a classic swing district -- a traditionally Republican-leaning Philadelphia suburb which the President won in 1992 and 1996.

Fox (R) 49%  
Hoeffel (D) 49%

**15th CD.** Congressman Paul McHale (D) was elected to a third term after defeating Republican Bob Kilbank by 14 points. This race was closely watched primarily because McHale had defeated Kilbank by only 500 votes in 1994.

McHale (D) 55%  
Kilbank (R) 41%

**21st CD.** Freshman Republican Phil English, who had been considered one of the most vulnerable Republican incumbents in the country, defeated Democrat Ronald DiNicola by less than 3,000 votes. English was able to win in large part due to his support of the minimum wage increase and other progressive positions that allowed him to paint himself as an independent.

English (R) 51%



DiNicola (D) 49%

**PENNSYLVANIA DATA**

Population: 12,052,000 (5th largest)  
15.4% are over 65 years of age (2nd highest % behind Florida)  
9.2% African American  
2% Hispanic  
70.6% owner occupied housing

Employment: 157,900 new private sector jobs  
Unemployment down from 7.4% to 5.1%

Electoral Votes: 23

Governor: Tom Ridge (R)

U.S. Senate: Arlen Specter (R)  
Rick Santorum (R)

U.S. House: 11D - 10R

State Senate: 50 (29R - 21D)

State House: 203 (104R - 99D)

## PRESIDENT CLINTON'S ACCOMPLISHMENTS:

### *Pennsylvania*

#### **EXPANDING ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL:**

- **Unemployment Down to 5%:** The unemployment rate in Pennsylvania declined from 7.4% to 5.0% in the first 45 months of the Clinton Administration.
- **169,400 New Private Sector Jobs:** 169,400 new private-sector jobs have been created in Pennsylvania since 1993, compared to the 10,400 jobs that were lost during the previous four years.
- **510,127 Receive Tax Cut:** Last year, 510,127 Pennsylvanians received a tax break through the Earned Income Tax Credit, which helps working families make ends meet.
- **430,000 Will Get a Raise:** 430,000 workers will benefit from the increase in the minimum wage by \$.90 over two years.
- **Over 2 Million Protected By Family & Medical Leave:** Approximately 2,129,000 Pennsylvanians are now covered by the Family & Medical Leave Law, which allows workers to take up to 12 weeks unpaid leave to care for a new baby or ailing relative.
- **Business Failures Down 10% Per Year:** Business failures have dropped 10% per year since 1993, after increasing 12% per year during the previous four years. Additionally, new business incorporations have increased 4% per year -- after decreasing 7% per year during the previous 4 years.

#### **FIGHTING CRIME AND VIOLENCE:**

- **1,941 More Police:** The President's 1994 Crime Bill has funded 1,941 new police officers to date in communities across Pennsylvania. Philadelphia has received funding for 553 additional police officers.
- **\$5.25 Million to Combat Domestic Violence Next Year:** Through the Violence Against Women Act, Pennsylvania will be able to utilize \$5,252,000 million in federal funds in FY97 to establish more women's shelters and bolster law enforcement, prosecution, and victims' services. Pennsylvania received \$4.7 million under VAWA in FY96.
- **\$18.4 Million to Keep Drugs & Violence Out of Pennsylvania's Schools:** Pennsylvania received \$18.4 million in FY96 for the Safe & Drug Free Schools Program, which invests in school security and drug prevention programs.

#### **MOVING PENNSYLVANIANS FROM WELFARE TO WORK:**

- **Almost 96,000 Fewer People on Welfare:** There are 95,940 fewer people on welfare in Pennsylvania now than there were at the beginning of 1993 -- a 16% decrease.
- **Child Support Collections Up 25%:** Child support collections have been increased by nearly \$196 million -- or 25% -- in Pennsylvania since FY92.

#### **EXPANDING ACCESS TO EDUCATION:**

- **\$126 Million in Head Start Funding:** In FY95, Pennsylvania received \$126.3 million in Head Start funding, benefitting over 26,000 students.
- **1.7 Million Get Access to More Affordable Student Loans:** Approximately 1.7 million Pennsylvania students -- 1.2 million current borrowers and 500,000 new borrowers in the next few years -- will be able to take advantage of the new direct lending loan program and will benefit from lower interest rates and increased repayment options.
- **Over \$34 Million in Goals 2000 Funding:** Since 1993, Pennsylvania has received \$34.4 million in Goals 2000 funding. These funds are used to raise academic achievement by strengthening academic standards, increasing parental and community involvement in education, expanding classroom use of computers and technology, and supporting teacher professional development. Additionally, the Department of Education estimates Pennsylvania will be eligible for over \$20 million in Goals 2000 funding for FY97.



### ***PROTECTING THE ENVIRONMENT:***

- ***18 Toxic Waste Sites Cleaned Up:*** Since 1993, the EPA has completed 18 Superfund toxic waste cleanups in Pennsylvania, in Clarks Summit, Ambler, Glen Rock, South Montrose, Longswamp Township, Parker, Upper Macungie Township, Hellertown, Buffalo Township, Hatboro, Sharpsville, and Hopewell Township. This is more than double the number of sites cleaned up in Pennsylvania during the previous twelve years combined.

### ***SPEARHEADING URBAN RENEWAL EFFORTS:***

- ***\$79 Million to Philadelphia:*** Philadelphia was designated an Urban Empowerment Zone in 1994 and was awarded \$79 million to create more jobs, housing, and economic opportunity for city residents. As part of this designation, Sea Change Environmental Services, a north Philadelphia asbestos and lead removal company, was given a \$100,000 loan in July, 1996 which it will use to buy equipment and hire workers to remove lead and asbestos at city owned homes, Independence Mall and the Philadelphia Naval Base.

### ***PROTECTING ACCESS TO HEALTH CARE:***

- ***Access to Health Insurance Protected for Nearly 766,000:*** As many as 766,000 Pennsylvanians in families with a worker who changes, loses, or leaves a job with health insurance will be guaranteed continued access to their health insurance under the Kennedy-Kassebaum bill the President signed into law on August 21, 1996.

### ***PROVIDING DISASTER ASSISTANCE:***

- ***\$300 Million in Disaster Assistance:*** Pennsylvania has received over \$300 million in federal emergency assistance since 1993. This has helped the state deal with such crises as the severe winter storms of 1993, 1994 and 1996, and the flooding in the summer of 1996.

### ***EXPANDING FUNDS FOR TRAVEL IMPROVEMENT:***

- ***\$1.2 Billion to Improve Mass Transit:*** The FTA has provided approximately \$1.2 billion since 1993 to fund improvements in mass transportation in Pennsylvania, including rehabilitating the commuter rail system and Frankford Elevated line in Philadelphia, purchasing 222 railcars for the Market Frankford Line in Philadelphia, and making transit systems to the physically challenged.

### ***ENCOURAGING INNOVATIVE APPLICATIONS OF TECHNOLOGY:***

- ***Nearly \$150,000 in Technology Grants Awarded In September:*** On September 19, 1996, the California University of Pennsylvania received a Telecommunications and Information Infrastructure Assistance Program (TIIAP) grant totalling \$147,441. This grant will be used to provide the first Internet access to schools in Fayette County, Pennsylvania.



## ECONOMIC PROGRESS IN PENNSYLVANIA UNDER PRESIDENT CLINTON

President Clinton's strategy to strengthen the economy is based on reducing the federal budget deficit, lowering trade barriers, and empowering workers, families, businesses and communities to succeed. Here are some of the results for Pennsylvania after the first 45 months of the Clinton Administration:

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### *Improved Economic Conditions in Pennsylvania:*

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- The unemployment rate has dropped from 7.4% to 5.0%.
- 188,900 new jobs added in 45 months -- after 3,200 lost during the previous 4 years combined.
- 169,400 new private-sector jobs added in 45 months -- after 10,400 lost during the previous 4 years combined.
- 20,200 manufacturing jobs **LOST** in 45 months -- after 114,300 lost during the previous 4 years combined.
- New business incorporations have increased 4% **per year** -- after declining by 7% **per year** during the previous 4 years.
- Since 1993, real median household income has increased by \$1,834 and poverty has declined from 13.2% to 12.2%.
- Business failures have dropped 10% **per year** -- after increasing 31% **per year** during the previous 4 years.
- Bankruptcy filings have dropped 16% **per year** -- after increasing 12% **per year** during the previous 4 years.
- Home sales are up 2% **per year** -- after declining 3% **per year** during the previous 4 years.

### *What President Clinton's Accomplishments Have Achieved for the People of Pennsylvania:*

**\$15,000 OF REDUCED FEDERAL DEBT FOR EVERY FAMILY OF FOUR IN PENNSYLVANIA:** The national debt will be **more than \$1 trillion** lower over 7 years than was projected before the passage of the President's economic plan. That's about \$15,000 of reduced federal debt for each family of four in Pennsylvania.

**8 TIMES MORE PENNSYLVANIA FAMILIES RECEIVE A TAX CUT THAN A TAX INCREASE:** As a result of the expanded Earned Income Tax Credit, 510,127 working families in Pennsylvania will receive a tax cut. This compares to an increase in the income tax rate for only the 60,308 wealthiest taxpayers in Pennsylvania.

**TAX CUT FOR 53,262 SMALL BUSINESSES IN PENNSYLVANIA:** The President helped entrepreneurs, proprietors, and other small businessmen and women by expanding the annual expensing allowance from \$10,000 to \$17,500. About 53,262 small businesses in Pennsylvania are likely to benefit from the expansion of the expensing allowance this year alone *and many more will benefit over the coming years.*

**2,129,000 PENNSYLVANIA WORKERS PROTECTED BY FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT:** The Family and Medical Leave Act allows workers to take up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave for the birth of a child, to care for a sick family member, or if they become too sick to work. This law covers about 2,129,215 workers in Pennsylvania, and protects the jobs of 127,911 workers in Pennsylvania who are likely to use unpaid leave this year alone.

**1.7 MILLION STUDENTS AND FORMER STUDENTS IN PENNSYLVANIA WILL BE ABLE TO BENEFIT FROM STUDENT LOAN REFORMS:** Approximately 1.7 million Pennsylvania borrowers -- 1.2 million current borrowers and 500,000 new borrowers in the next few years -- can take advantage of the new direct student loan program by participating directly in the program or by consolidating guaranteed loans into direct loans. Some will benefit from lower interest rates, and all will benefit from more repayment options, including income contingent repayment.

**THE TRIP OF  
THE PRESIDENT  
TO  
CAMP LEJEUNE, NORTH CAROLINA**

**December 23, 1996**

## Table of Contents

Monday, December 23, 1996

---

### ABOARD AF1

Phone Call Interview with Michael Frisby  
of The Wall Street Journal

### CAMP LEJEUNE, NORTH CAROLINA

Holiday Visit with Marines, Sailors & Families

Visit with Key Volunteers

Briefing from Colonel Richard Natonski,  
Commanding Officer, 24th Marine Expeditionary Unit

Lunch with Marines on Air Alert

Remarks to Troops and Families

### North Carolina Background

- North Carolina Accomplishments
- Economic 1-pager
- Local Issues / Jacksonville
- Cabinet Affairs Issues / Jacksonville



THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

INTERVIEW WITH MICHAEL K. FRISBY OF THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

DATE: December 23, 1996  
LOCATION: Telephone interview aboard AF1  
TIME: 10:00am  
FROM: Michael McCurry  
Mary Ellen Glynn

I. PURPOSE

Mike Frisby plans to write a front page, center column story about mystery writer Walter Mosley. This is not a hard news interview.

II. BACKGROUND

Mike Frisby is friendly with Walter Mosley and plans to write a profile of him and some of the work that he has done for the African American community since he has become famous. Part of the column centers around you; since you began talking about his books to the media, Mosley has become more renowned than he might have been without your endorsement.

Frisby will tout some of the programs that Mosley has espoused since his financial success. For example, Mosley started the "Open Book Committee," a subsidiary of PEN, which attempts to teach minorities about the publishing industry -- historically an overwhelmingly white field. The group encourages African American students and adults to participate in writing programs, concentrating particularly on fiction. Mosley is also working on a series of lectures called "Black Genius," which will bring noted African American artists, writers and thinkers to college campuses and other fora for discussion. The series will eventually be compiled and published under the same name.

Frisby will ask you what you like about Mosley's novels and why. Are you pleased that your relationship with Mosley has propelled his career, which has in turn led Mosley to do such good work in the African American community?

III. PARTICIPANTS

Mike Frisby  
David Johnson

IV. REMARKS

None

## THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

December 21, 1996

HOLIDAY VISIT WITH MARINES,SAILORS AND FAMILIES

DATE: December 23, 1996

LOCATION: Camp Lejeune, North Carolina

TIME: 11:30 a.m. - 3:55 p.m.

FROM: ANTHONY LAKE ✓

I. PURPOSE

To visit Marines, sailors and families at Camp Lejeune.

II. BACKGROUND

The Second Marine Expeditionary Force (II MEF), commanded by **Lieutenant General Charles Wilhelm**, is headquartered at Camp Lejeune. Approximately 42,000 Marines and sailors are stationed at Camp Lejeune and the adjoining New River Air Station. About 3,400 are currently deployed overseas to the Mediterranean, Okinawa, Panama, and Haiti.

The base takes great pride in its Key Volunteer Center. The center provides support to families of deployed sailors and Marines. [Tab A] **Valerie Wilhelm**, General Wilhelm's wife, and **Barbara Gardner**, the wife of a currently-deployed MEU Commander, will escort you through the center, where you will meet with about 30 "Key Volunteers" and their children.

You will receive a brief on the activities of the 24th Marine Expeditionary Unit (MEU), which returned on December 19 after a six-month deployment to the Mediterranean. [Tab B] You called the MEU Commander, **Colonel Richard Natonski**, last May after two helicopters collided over Camp Lejeune during pre-deployment training. Sixteen service members died in the accident.

Following the MEU briefing, you will eat lunch with 470 Marines assigned to the Air Contingency Force over the holidays. Marines from the 8th Marine Regiment, commanded by **Colonel Tony Corwin**, are lead elements of a force prepared to respond on very short notice to crises around the world. [Tab C]

You will address approximately 4,000 Marines, sailors, family members, and local residents in the Goettge Field House. The bulk of the audience is made up of members of the 24th MEU and their families, and family members of Marines and sailors currently deployed overseas. Toy donations from the White House staff to the Marine Corps Reserve's "Toys for Tots" program will be delivered prior to your remarks.

Hurricanes Bertha and Fran struck North Carolina while thousands of service members were overseas. Winds of 115 miles per hour toppled trees, damaged homes and automobiles, and left much of the community without electrical power for as long as four days. (Barbara Natonski, the 24th MEU Commander's wife, was trapped in her house by fallen trees and could not contact other families until emergency crews with chain saws freed her.) The Camp Lejeune and New River community suffered an estimated \$49 million in damage, and the bases are still recovering from the storm's effects. (The Key Volunteer network was instrumental in assisting families and providing a communications link between deployed Marines and their families in North Carolina.)

Representative Paul McHale (D-PA), a Marine Corps Reserve Lieutenant Colonel, will accompany you on the trip. During the Gulf War, Congressman McHale served with a unit from Camp Lejeune that deployed to the Gulf.

### III. PARTICIPANTS

Lieutenant General Charles Wilhelm, Commanding General  
Marine Forces Atlantic/II Marine Expeditionary Force  
Major General Lawrence Livingston, Commanding General, 2d  
Marine Division  
Colonel Richard Natonski, Commanding Officer, 24th Marine  
Expeditionary Unit  
Colonel Tony Corwin, Commanding Officer, 8th Marine Regiment  
Valerie Wilhelm, Key Volunteer  
Barbara Gardner, Key Volunteer (wife of 26th MEU Commanding  
Officer)

Jesse Brown, Secretary of Veterans Affairs  
General John Shalikashvili, Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff  
John Dalton, Secretary of the Navy  
General Charles Krulak, Commandant, Marine Corps  
Robert Bell, Special Assistant to the President and NSC  
Senior Director for Defense Policy and Arms Control  
Sergeant Major Lewis Lee, Sergeant Major of the Marine Corps

Representative Paul McHale (D-PA)



Representative Walter Jones (R-NC)  
Representative Eva Clayton (D-NC)  
Representative David Price (D-NC)  
Representative-elect Mike McIntyre (D-NC)  
Governor Jim Hunt

IV. PRESS PLAN

|                       |             |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Key Volunteer Center: | Still Photo |
| 24 MEU Briefing:      | Pool Press  |
| Lunch:                | Pool Press  |
| Address:              | Open Press  |

V. SEQUENCE

Provided by Scheduling

### Key Volunteer Program

Marines have long had a saying that "the Corps takes care of its own." The "Key Volunteer Program" manifests that attitude. Volunteers, most often wives of deployed Marines and sailors, provide a family assistance network to support families of deployed service members. Assistance ranges from emotional support to advice on how to handle a variety of crises that emerge over the course of a deployment (i.e., car accidents, sick children, hurricane damage to the house, etc.).

You will tour the Key Volunteer Center which opened this past June. The Center was designed for meetings and other activities as well as to provide a comfortable, secure, home-like atmosphere for families to visit when in need of assistance. The Center also has e-mail connections to deployed units, so families can keep in contact via e-mail with their sailors or Marines.

## 24th Marine Expeditionary Unit (MEU)

The 24th Marine Expeditionary Unit (MEU) returned from a six month deployment to the Mediterranean Sea on December 19, 1996. A MEU typically consists of about 2,100 Marines and sailors and comprises a reinforced infantry battalion, a helicopter squadron consisting of various types of aircraft, a service support component that provides logistics and maintenance services, and a command element. Deployed MEUs conduct frequent port visits and training exercises with foreign military units and provide a rapid response capability in crisis situations. The 24th MEU is commanded by **Colonel Richard Natonski**.

Two helicopters from the 24th MEU collided over Camp Lejeune in the early morning hours of May 10, 1996, killing 14 Marines, one Navy corpsman, and an Army soldier. In a telephone call to Colonel Natonski later that day, you expressed your condolences to members of the 24th MEU and their families. Two pilots survived the collision: **Captain Walt Kulakoski** recovered from a broken leg and other injuries and deployed in late June with his unit, and **Major Chuck Johnson** recovered from a severe head injury and returned to duty at New River Air Station.

Seventy new babies were born to 24th MEU families while their fathers were on the six-month deployment.

The 26th MEU, commanded by **Colonel Emerson Gardner**, departed November 26 to replace the 24th MEU in the Mediterranean. You will meet with 26th MEU families at the Camp Lejeune Key Volunteer Center and at Goettge Memorial Field House.

### Proposed Briefing Questions

- We ask much from families while Marines are deployed. What else can be done to ensure they are cared for in your absence?
- Am strong supporter of V-22 tilt-rotor aircraft which comes on line soon: How will the V-22 affect MEU operations and capabilities?
- After training and visiting with members of Eastern and Central European armed forces, what is your impression of their attitudes about Russia and NATO expansion?
- What kind of joint service operations were conducted during the deployment? Goldwater-Nichols stressed "jointness:" how has this affected MEU operations, since a MEU is billed as a self-contained, self-sustaining force with its own air and ground capabilities?



### Air Contingency Force (ACF)

You will eat with Marines from the Eighth Marine Regiment (8th Marines) who are members of the Air Contingency Force (ACF). Camp Lejeune maintains a force on air alert prepared to respond on very short notice to crises around the world. Lead elements of this force are available for instant recall and are prepared to embark within 16 hours of notification from the Cherry Point Marine Corps Air Station. When early warning is received of a budding emergency, this time is reduced to as little as four hours. To meet these rapid response times, members of the ACF lead elements are on an alert status which prevents them from leaving the immediate Camp Lejeune area.

The air alert assignment rotates between units. Over the Christmas and New Years period, 3d Battalion, 8th Marines (3/8), from the 2nd Marine Division, serves as the core of the Air Contingency Force. From June 12 to August 23, 1996, 3/8 deployed aboard ship to respond to crises in Liberia and the Central African Republic. Marines went ashore in both countries to provide security for U.S. Embassies in Monrovia and Bangui. In October the battalion deployed a security force to Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, to safeguard and repatriate 109 Chinese migrants, and a platoon from the battalion deployed to Haiti for one week in early December.

Marines from 3/8 were the ground forces who rescued USAF **Captain Scott O'Grady** from Bosnia in June 1995.

**Colonel Tony Corwin** commands the 8th Marines. Colonel Corwin also commanded the unit that deployed to Liberia this past summer. **Lieutenant Colonel Paul Lefebvre** commands 3/8.

12/21/96 2:30 p.m.

**PRESIDENT WILLIAM JEFFERSON CLINTON  
REMARKS TO TROOPS AND THEIR FAMILIES  
GOETTGE FIELD HOUSE  
CAMP LEJEUNE, NORTH CAROLINA  
DECEMBER 23, 1996**

Acknowledgments: Gov. Hunt, Rep. McHale, Rep-elect McIntyre, Rep. Clayton, Secretary Brown, General Shalikashvili, Secretary Dalton, General Krulak, Lt. General Wilhelm, Sergeant-Major Wilson, Members of the Camp Lejeune and Jacksonville Community, Marines

Thank you General Wilhelm for your introduction and your many years of service. After the welcome you all have given me, I can only think of one thing to say: Hoo-Rah!

I'm delighted to be at Camp Lejeune today -- to join you in this holiday season...to welcome back the 24th Marine Expeditionary Unit and 3d Battalion, 2nd Marines from their long deployments...and to make some Christmas deliveries. This year, Hillary and I asked that instead of the traditional Christmas gifts, the White House staff donate a toy to "Toys for Tots." The Marine Corps Reserve founded this program almost 50 years ago. With the support of communities across the country, it has become part of America's Christmas -- and brought holiday happiness to millions of needy children. Here in the Camp Lejeune/Jacksonville community you have set an outstanding example by collecting thousands of toys this year. And I am glad we could bring some sacks filled with toys from the White House staff. They're eager to do what they could to add to your efforts.

Above all, I wanted to bring to Camp Lejeune a heartfelt thank you. To our men and women in uniform, who put themselves on the line every day...to those who keep bases like Lejeune running...and to the military families that provide the most vital of all support for our troops. You have the gratitude of all Americans. Together, you are helping us fulfill a sacred pledge: to keep the United States the greatest force for peace and freedom...security and prosperity...in the world.

America knows the kind of job you are doing. We know that at Camp Lejeune, America has "forces in readiness." We know our nation's security is in the best hands.

Like the 3rd battalion, 8th Marines who I just met at the mess hall -- and who must stay on alert over Christmas so that rest of us can celebrate this holiday of peace, in peace. In the last 18 months, 3/8 [Three Eight] has provided vital security for our embassies in Africa...supported the mission of giving democracy a new start in Haiti...and performed the spectacular rescue of Capt. Scott O'Grady in Bosnia. That's quite a record. I am deeply proud of you all.

After the battle of Iwo Jima, Admiral Nimitz said that among the Marines there "uncommon valor was a common virtue." Now, more than 50 years later, you are still demonstrating that unusual bravery is the usual standard. We see that in the dedication of units like the 24th MEU [MEW], which suffered a real tragedy when two helicopters collided last May, claiming 16 lives.



That reminded us all of the dangers our armed forces face every day, in peacetime as in war. Today, the families of the victims are still in our thoughts and prayers. And I salute Capt. Walt Kulakowski and Maj. Chuck Johnson, who survived the crash...are both fully recovered...and are here with us now.

I know from my conversation with Col. Natonski at the time how deeply those losses affected the 24th MEU [MEW] and the extended family at Camp Lejeune. Yet despite the tragedy, you never lost a stride. You fulfilled your mission in the Mediterranean with the skill and discipline that is the hallmark of the Marines -- and your replacements, the 26th MEU [MEW] and Battalion Landing Team 1/8 [ONE EIGHT] are showing the same excellence as we speak. Because of these units' devotion to duty, our forces on the ground in Bosnia can go forward with their important mission. They know that if trouble strikes, the Marines will be there. And as Commander-in-Chief, I know: there is no better insurance policy than that.

Throughout this year, Camp Lejeune's Marines and sailors -- and all of America's armed forces -- have advanced our nations interests and achieved a record of outstanding success. You have shown what is best about our country: the determination to stand up for freedom...to stand against oppression...the readiness to give a helping hand. Because of your example, people everywhere look to America for help and inspiration. In the Persian Gulf region, America's men and women in uniform tightened the straitjacket on a dangerous tyrant...and off the Taiwan Straits, they calmed a rising storm. And because of all you have accomplished, more people in this holiday season -- in places like Haiti and Bosnia and elsewhere around the globe -- can look forward to the blessings of a normal life. I thank you for the service that has made that progress possible.

Today, America has the best-trained, best-equipped, best-prepared fighting force on earth -- but one of the greatest reasons for our strength has nothing to do with exercises, weapons or planning. It is because we also have the strongest military families on earth.

The burden of America's leadership in the world weighs heavily on the families of our men and women in uniform -- as the families of Marines who just departed for the Mediterranean and Okinawa know so well. In this holiday season, as families come together all across America, I want to say a special word of thanks to the husbands and wives, the sons and daughters of our fighting forces. Our nation asks a lot of our military families. We ask you to travel far from home...and we separate you from your loved ones for long periods of time. We subject you to the uncertainty that goes with their difficult, dangerous work. But I have visited American forces from Bosnia to the Middle East...from Haiti to the Korean DMZ...and all across our nation -- and time and again I have seen the strong backing our troops get from their loved ones. That support helps them to get their jobs done -- and it enables families to stay together...children to be raised properly...and communities to grow strong.

In the best of times, providing that support takes hard work and sacrifice. This year in the Camp Lejeune and Jacksonville community, you have shown the strength to overcome real crises -- one after the other. In May, you pulled together as one after the helicopter crash; you got the seabags packed and got your sailors and marines off on their mission.



Then the mission on the home front became even tougher than the one in the Mediterranean. First Hurricane Bertha ripped up homes and trees, knocked out power and turned North Carolina into a disaster area. No sooner had you cleaned up from that storm -- and another one, Hurricane Fran, arrived packing stronger winds and causing more damage. But with the energy and resolve of the entire community...and with the special efforts of your Key Volunteers, you met this challenge as well...housed and fed those who couldn't go home...and put Lejeune back on its feet. You have performed remarkably -- and you have shown us all that toughness doesn't always wear a uniform.

This time of year, more than any other, is a time of family and a time to give thanks for the many blessings we enjoy. Among them, none is greater than peace and security. These blessings we owe to you, the men and women of America's armed forces and your families.

Because you are standing watch, our nation enjoys the greatest freedom in history. Because you are there, America can grow stronger and more prosperous...our citizens can live out their dreams...our children can sleep without fear and wake up to the kind of holidays that we have all come to cherish. Your sacrifice, day in and day out, makes all this possible. Our nation owes you a debt that cannot be repaid.

You have always been faithful to America, and America will always be faithful to you. Semper Fi. Happy Holidays. God bless you.

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## PRESIDENT CLINTON'S ACCOMPLISHMENTS:

### *North Carolina*

#### ***EXPANDING ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL:***

- **Unemployment Down to 4.2%:** The unemployment rate in North Carolina declined from 5.5% to 4.2% in the first 44 months of the Clinton Administration.
- **276,500 New Private Sector Jobs:** 276,500 new private-sector jobs have been created in North Carolina since 1993, compared to the 99,800 jobs that were added during the previous four years combined.
- **524,849 Receive Tax Cut:** Last year, 524,849 North Carolinians received a tax break through the Earned Income Tax Credit, which helps working families make ends meet.
- **265,000 Will Receive a Raise:** 265,000 North Carolina workers will benefit from the increase in the minimum wage by \$.90 over two years, which went into effect on October 1, 1996.
- **Over 1.25 Million Protected By Family & Medical Leave:** Approximately 1.25 million North Carolina residents are now covered by the Family & Medical Leave Law, which allows workers to take up to 12 weeks unpaid leave to care for a new baby or ailing relative.
- **Business Failures Down 9% per year:** Business failures have dropped 9% per year since 1993, after increasing 22% per year during the previous four years.

#### ***FIGHTING CRIME AND VIOLENCE:***

- **1,030 More Police:** The President's 1994 Crime Bill has funded 1,030 new police officers to date in communities across North Carolina.
- **\$3.3 Million to Combat Domestic Violence Next Year:** Through the Violence Against Women Act, North Carolina will be able to utilize over \$3.33 million in federal funds in FY97 to establish more women's shelters and bolster law enforcement, prosecution, and victims' services. North Carolina received \$2,964,000 under VAWA in FY96.
- **\$7.4 Million to Keep Drugs & Violence Out of North Carolina's Schools:** North Carolina received \$7.4 million in FY95 for the Safe & Drug Free Schools Program, which invests in school security and drug prevention programs.

#### ***MOVING NORTH CAROLINIANS FROM WELFARE TO WORK:***

- **Over 68,000 Fewer People on Welfare:** There are 68,463 fewer people on welfare in North Carolina now than there were at the beginning of 1993 -- a 21% decrease.
- **Child Support Collections Up 55%:** Child support collections have been increased by nearly \$92.4 million -- or 55% -- in North Carolina since FY92.

#### ***EXPANDING ACCESS TO EDUCATION:***

- **\$71.6 Million in Head Start Funding:** In FY95, North Carolina received \$71.6 million in Head Start funding, benefitting over 16,100 students.
- **155,100 Get Access to More Affordable Student Loans:** Approximately 155,100 North Carolina students -- 108,600 current borrowers and 46,500 new borrowers in the next few years -- will be able to take advantage of the new direct lending loan program and will benefit from lower interest rates and increased repayment options.
- **Over \$17 Million in Goals 2000 Funding:** Since 1993, North Carolina has received \$17.2 million in Goals 2000 funding. This money is being used to raise academic achievement by raising academic standards, increasing parental and community involvement in education, expanding the use of computers and technology in classrooms, and supporting high-quality teacher professional development. Additionally, the Department of Education estimates North Carolina will be eligible for over \$10.3 million in Goals 2000 funding for FY97.

#### ***PROTECTING THE ENVIRONMENT:***

- ***2 Toxic Waste Sites Cleaned Up:*** Since 1993, the EPA has completed 2 Superfund toxic waste cleanups in Shelby and Swannanoa North Carolina. Only one site had been cleaned up in the previous 12 years combined.

#### ***SPEARHEADING URBAN RENEWAL EFFORTS:***

- ***\$9 Million to North Carolina:*** The City of Charlotte (\$3 million) and Halifax, Edgecombe, Wilson (\$3 million) and Robeson (\$3 million) Counties were designated Enterprise Communities in December, 1994 and were awarded a total of \$9 million to create more jobs, housing, and economic opportunity for city residents.

#### ***PROTECTING ACCESS TO HEALTH CARE:***

- ***Access to Health Insurance Protected for Nearly 540,000:*** As many as 540,000 North Carolinians in families with a worker who changes, loses, or leaves a job with health insurance will be guaranteed continued access to their health insurance under the Kennedy-Kassebaum bill the President signed into law on August 21, 1996.

#### ***PROVIDING DISASTER ASSISTANCE:***

- ***Over \$373.6 Million in Disaster Assistance in FY96:*** North Carolina has received \$373.6 million in federal emergency assistance since 1993. This has helped the state recover from Hurricanes Fran and Bertha and last winter's storm.

#### ***EXPANDING FUNDS FOR TRAVEL IMPROVEMENT:***

- ***Over \$1.8 Billion in Highway Funding:*** Since 1993, North Carolina has received more than \$1.838 billion in federal highway aid. These funds have helped generate approximately 77,408 jobs, both "direct" (on- and off-site construction jobs), "indirect" (in supply industries like cement and steel) and "induced" (jobs created when the profits and wages received by workers in the highway construction and supply industries are invested or spent).
- ***Over \$151 Million in Airport Improvement Funds:*** North Carolina has received \$151,766,206 in airport improvement funds, which have gone to Charlotte-Douglas International and Piedmont Triad International Airports.

#### ***ENCOURAGING INNOVATIVE APPLICATIONS OF TECHNOLOGY:***

- ***Over \$1 Million in Technology Grants Awarded:*** On September 19, 1996, the City of Winston-Salem and the North Carolina Justice and Community Development Center received Telecommunications and Information Infrastructure Assistance Program (TIIAP) grants totalling \$1.043 million (\$499,988 and \$543,443 respectively). The City of Winston-Salem will use its grant to develop a system that will provide, using various technologies, fire department vehicles graphic information about emergency sites as they respond. The North Carolina Justice and Community Development Center plans to develop a local network of nonprofits, local governments and small businesses that will allow them to collaborate more effectively on economic development projects.



## ECONOMIC PROGRESS IN NORTH CAROLINA UNDER PRESIDENT CLINTON

President Clinton's strategy to strengthen the economy is based on reducing the federal budget deficit, lowering trade barriers, and empowering workers, families, businesses and communities to succeed. Here are some of the results for North Carolina after the first 44 months of the Clinton Administration:

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### ***Improved Economic Conditions in North Carolina:***

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- The unemployment rate has dropped from 5.5% to 4.2%.
- Over 2 times as many new jobs per year -- 89,809 vs. 38,300 average during the previous 4 years. In 44 months, North Carolina has added 329,300 total jobs, after adding 153,200 during the previous 4 years combined.
- Over 3 times as many new private-sector jobs per year -- 75,409 vs. 24,950 average during the previous 4 years. In 44 months, North Carolina has added 276,500 private-sector jobs, after adding 99,800 during the previous 4 years combined.
- Bankruptcy filings have dropped 25% per year -- after increasing 11% per year during the previous 4 years.
- Business failures have dropped 9% per year -- after increasing 22% per year during the previous 4 years.
- Home building has increased 9% per year.
- Housing sales have increased 9% per year.
- Consumer confidence has increased 57%.

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### ***What President Clinton's Accomplishments Have Achieved for the People of North Carolina:***

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**\$15,000 OF REDUCED FEDERAL DEBT FOR EVERY FAMILY OF FOUR IN NORTH CAROLINA:** The national debt will be more than \$1 trillion lower over 7 years than was projected before the passage of the President's economic plan. That's about \$15,000 of reduced federal debt for each family of four in North Carolina.

**21 TIMES MORE NORTH CAROLINA FAMILIES RECEIVE A TAX CUT THAN A TAX INCREASE:** As a result of the expanded Earned Income Tax Credit, 524,849 working families in North Carolina will receive a tax cut. This compares to an increase in the income tax rate for only the 25,112 wealthiest taxpayers in North Carolina.

**TAX CUT FOR 33,713 SMALL BUSINESSES IN NORTH CAROLINA:** The President helped entrepreneurs, proprietors, and other small businessmen and women by expanding the annual expensing allowance from \$10,000 to \$17,500. About 33,713 small businesses in North Carolina are likely to benefit from the expansion of the expensing allowance this year alone *and many more will benefit over the coming years.*

**1,250,000 NORTH CAROLINA WORKERS PROTECTED BY FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT:** The Family and Medical Leave Act allows workers to take up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave for the birth of a child, to care for a sick family member, or if they become too sick to work. This law covers about 1,250,426 workers in North Carolina, and protects the jobs of 75,119 workers in North Carolina who are likely to use unpaid leave this year alone.

**155,100 STUDENTS AND FORMER STUDENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA WILL BE ABLE TO BENEFIT FROM STUDENT LOAN REFORMS:** Approximately 155,100 North Carolina borrowers -- 108,600 current borrowers and 46,500 new borrowers in the next few years -- can take advantage of the new direct student loan program by participating directly in the program or by consolidating guaranteed loans into direct loans. Some will benefit from lower interest rates, and all will benefit from more repayment options, including income contingent repayment.

THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

December 20, 1996

**MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT**

**FROM: ANN WALKER**

**RE: Local Issues Briefing -- Jacksonville, NC**

**HURRICANE DAMAGE AND CLEAN-UP**

The City of Jacksonville sustained significant damage from Hurricanes Bertha and Fran this past summer. Many trees were blown into the approximately 80 miles of streams and ditches throughout Jacksonville. According to City officials, the task of clearing the debris left from the storms remains far beyond the City's financial and resource capability. The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and the Natural Resource Conservation Service both provided removal support, but City officials maintain that only the streets have been fully cleared and the vast majority of the streams, creeks and ditches remain cluttered with fallen trees. The City fears that these obstructions will result in flooding during the winter and a source of mosquitos in the spring and summer. Jacksonville is seeking additional State or Federal assistance.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

December 20, 1996

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MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM : KITTY HIGGINS 

SUBJECT: HOT ISSUES -- NORTH CAROLINA (JACKSONVILLE)

**Foreclosure Concern:** Rep. Clayton has expressed concerns about the pending foreclosure of a minority-owned Richmond County farm. On December 18, Secretary Glickman announced that USDA would review all farm loan cases with foreclosures immediately pending to ensure that proceedings are objective and fair. The Secretary also ordered a temporary halt of all foreclosures until each case is reviewed to ensure that all program regulations have been met and there is no evidence of discrimination or inequitable treatment. In addition to strong Congressional interest, the issue of alleged discrimination by USDA against minority farmers has received extensive press coverage recently, including *CNN Headline News* and articles in *The Washington Post*. (USDA)

**Pipeline Safety:** On October 1, Governor Hunt wrote Secretary Peña that he was extremely concerned about an underground gas pipeline operated by Colonial Pipeline. The Governor wanted assurance that DOT was providing adequate safety inspections, especially since he had been informed that the same pipeline running through VA and SC was receiving more safety inspections. On November 21, Secretary Peña responded that Colonial Pipeline had already undertaken remedial action in NC and that DOT would continue to monitor the situation. The Governor appears satisfied with this response. (DOT)

**Champion Permit, Pigeon River:** On December 12, NC issued a new wastewater discharge permit to the Champion Pulp Mill in Canton, NC. For years, residents downstream in Hartford, TN have complained of increased cancer rates and pointed to the Champion pulp mill as the cause, primarily due to dioxin (a suspected carcinogen) in the mill's wastewater. TN Governor Sundquist, environmentalists, and river trip operators on the Pigeon River have complained about the discoloration of the River caused by the mill's discharges. NC, in response to comments from EPA, issued a permit for Champion that is one of the most stringent ever for a pulp and paper mill of this type. Under the new permit, the mill's discharge of dioxin and chloroform will be virtually eliminated. Governor Sundquist and down-river residents remain skeptical. (EPA)