



Office of the Governor
Raleigh, N.C. 27603-8801

JAN 18 1991

MARCIA

(copy to
Marcia
Hale
1/21/91)

Jul

Wend

Dear Mack,

You may recall that I
called you personally asking that
your Pattern be deposited to
the National Information Highway

Commission.

You got it done & this
note is to thank you!

You are sewing our nation
very, very well and North
Carolina is grateful - and I am
especially. Warm regards. D. . .





from

Gov.

JIM

(HIS
WIFE)

HUNT

OF

NORTH CAROLINA

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

January 19, 1994

BULLETIN FOR
WHITE HOUSE OFFICE AND
EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT STAFF
Wednesday, 5:00 p.m.

FROM: MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

At the request of PEPCO, OPM has determined that, with the exception of essential personnel, local federal agencies will be closed for the remainder of today and all of tomorrow to conserve power.

GSA will be turning off all aesthetic lighting outside the White House Complex and half of the hall lighting in the OEOB. While in office spaces, personnel should limit the use of electricity wherever possible. Upon departing for the day please ensure all lighting and appliances are turned off.

For this evening and tomorrow all personnel should check with their supervisors about the level of essential services required within their department. Personnel who are deemed essential and will be working tomorrow are advised to dress warmly.

White House gates will be operating on a weekend schedule. For the OEOB, the United States Secret Service will only be staffing the 17th and G Street entrance. All access to the OEOB will be through that entrance.

Trude Lader
THE TRINITY FORUM
9587 BRONTE DRIVE
BLRKE, VA 22015

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN 1/21/94

FOR THE PRESIDENT

Personal

By Hand

FIRST CLASS

1-21
no
encl.

rw

Ardis Lader

THE TRINITY FORUM

9587 BRONTE DRIVE

BURKE, VA 22015

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN 1/21/94

FOR THE PRESIDENT

Personal

By Hand

FIRST CLASS

1-21
no
encl.

zw

Magazine
copied

Arkansas Parks, Recreation and Travel Commission
Ed E. Falwell
Commissioner
151 Adams
Camden, Arkansas 71701
(501) 836-9358

Text

Mr. Larry Braden
Medical & Surgical Clinic
Phone - 836-5013

Health Care TP

This guy wants
to give up on
Health Care / tort
reform - PG ~~and~~
has someone call
him — TB

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN
THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN
1-31-94

PHOTOCOPY
WJC HANDWRITING

~~Pres~~ To Clinton
Residence

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

1-3-94



WGTG VIDEO PRO, INC
P.O. BOX 1694
PINE BLUFF, AR 71613
501-535-5906

BRAZZEL-OAKCREST FUNERAL
HOME RIBBON CUTTING AND
DEDICATION OF PRESIDENT BILL
CLINTON'S BIRTH SPOT.
NOV. 9, 1993 HOPE, AR.



WGTG VIDEO PRO, INC. BRAZZEL OAKCREST FUNERAL HOME
P.O. BOX 1694 RIBBON CUTTING & DEDICATION
PINE BLUFF, AR 71613 OF PRESIDENT BILL CLINTON'S
501-535-5906 BIRTH SPOT. 11/9/93



WGTG VIDEO PRO, INC
P.O. BOX 1694
PINE BLUFF, AR 71613
501-535-5906

**BRAZZEL-OAKCREST FUNERAL
HOME RIBBON CUTTING AND
DEDICATION OF PRESIDENT BILL
CLINTON'S BIRTH SPOT.
NOV. 9, 1993 HOPE, AR.**



THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN 11/3/94
WGTG VIDEO PRO, INC.
Professional Video Production

Home Inventory • Wills • Weddings
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*GEORGE
KRAZIE*
P.O. Box 1694
Pine Bluff, AR 71613 (501) 535-5906

**TONY HALL
BRENDA HALL**



WGTG VIDEO PRO, INC.
P.O. BOX 1694
PINE BLUFF, AR 71613
501-535-5906

FRAZZEL-OAKCREST FUNERAL HOME
RIBBON CUTTING AND DEDICATION
OF PRESIDENT BILL CLINTON'S
BIRTH SPOT. 11/9/93

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

1-21-94

WJC



White House Gift Record

Presented: 01/14/94
Arrival : 01/18/94
Entered : 01/18/94

Gift ID: 353101/jjr

Donor Information

U.S. Mission Geneva
American Government Employees Association
Department of State
Washington, DC 20521

sent pink
copy to
Flynn
Sewaghe

Acknowledged By: Pending Bill Clinton draft letter

Comments:

Presented to the First Family during visit to Geneva.

Gift Information

Intended: Family

Disposition: President and First Lady (or
First Family) to Retain

Description:

Three t-shirts in green, blue and white
with "Clinton - Assad, Geneva,
January 15 - 16, 1994" logo.

Location of Gift:

Sent to the Residence - 1/18/94.

Total Gift Value: \$45

MR. PRES.

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN 1/31/94

ADAMS ISSUING PRESS RELEASE SAYING:

Handwritten: "I unreservedly condemn the incident in San Diego as I do all attacks on innocent civilians anywhere. It is absurd to even associate Irish Republicans with these incidents. It appears to be the work of elements who seek to sabotage efforts to rally support in the U.S. for the peace process in Ireland."
(over)

Tony or I am available
to discuss this evening or
tomorrow.

I have given this
wording to Chris

Stacy

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

1-11-94

PN

The President greeted
Mr. Leopantos
Along with the President
of Beckardt Industries,
which has a subsidiary
in Arkansas at the
American Chamber breakfast
1-11-94.

JLP

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

11/6/94
Mr. President

Have a great time on your World Trip !!!

- ♦ Tell Carolyn Hello.
- ♦ Tell my cousin, Agis Leopoulos hello. (more information below)

THANKS

I would like to thank you and your family for the great time in Hot Springs. There is no way I can express how special that six hours with you was. It seemed like the old days. We need to do that again at least twice a year. Maybe we could go hiking, play touch football, maybe a little monopoly. We do need to get up a good game of touch in your back yard someday soon.

I have been catching a lot of grief from Cecil, Jamison and others about beating you in bowling. I think these guys like you. I called Burt Botter and let him know we tried to come there - he appreciated it very much.

Thanks for the help in Hearts. I have been letting people know how that game came out.

You are doing a GREAT JOB.

Keep the good work up.

Your Friend,

David Leopoulos

LEOPOULOS in BRUSSELS

On my trip to Greece this summer I met my cousin **Agis Leopoulos** his father who was a Greek Diplomat for years, he is dead now. His family has been best friends with Mitsotakis and the Cyprus President for years. Anyway Agis works for John Krasas who you will be meeting with Tuesday, Jan. 11th at 7:00 a.m.. Agis will be outside the door when you leave that breakfast that morning, I hope. He is a very smart guy and does research economics for Mr. Krasas.

FLASH

I am suppose to be on CSPAN soon.



"Okay, Williams, we'll vote . . . how many here say the heart has four

**PHOTOCOPY
WJC HANDWRITING**

*cc: Kelly
John P.
for briefing
already
Andrew*

*met
w/
school*

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

1/28

THE WHITE HOUSE

Friday

Dear Mr. President,

Thank you so much
for your allowing me to
stay here. It was most
memorable.

I hope you are feeling
better and look forward to
seeing you this afternoon.

You are always in my
thoughts and prayers and
have been especially so since
your mother's death.

You are a great President.
I knew you would be.
Your devoted friend,
Joe Riley

THE WHITE HOUSE

The Pres: sent



THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

1-3-94
Hyatt Regency Hilton Head
Oceanfront at Palmetto Dunes
P.O. Box 6167
Hilton Head Island, SC 29938-6167 USA

Telephone: 803.785.1234
FAX: 803.842.4695

Chasco

Why did we do
this - seem like
a tiny sum for large
pool -

Dear President Clinton,

Thank you for taking the time to listen.

The World Bank, in its 1993 Development Report,
identified the treatment and prevention of Tuberculosis
as an affordable target with enormous potential impact.

Reducing the toll of T.B. is within our grasp.
It is low-cost. And it has the potential to touch
the lives of millions of people in developing countries.
Warmest wishes to you and your family.

Sincerely,

Beth Ebel
450 Memorial Dr, A-221
Cambridge, MA 02139

PHOTOCOPY
WJC HANDWRITING

Copy Tony Lake
+ Carol

1



THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

DATE: 01/03/94

CAROL RASCO / ACTION
TONY LAKE / INFORMATION

NOTE FOR:

The President has reviewed the attached, and it is forwarded to you
for your:

Information ☐

Action ☐

Thank you.

JOHN D. PODESTA
Assistant to the President
and Staff Secretary
(x2702)

cc:

U.S. Denies Request for \$3 Million to Fight TB

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25 (AP) — The United States cannot provide new funds requested by the World Health Organization to fight tuberculosis, says an official with the United States Agency for International Development.

The organization, which is part of the United Nations, had asked Washington to finance a third of a \$9 million program to fight the deadly lung disease in developing countries and to thwart the mutation of the TB bacterium into drug-resistant strains.

"In the budget environment that we're looking at, it is a lot of money," the official, Dr. Ann Van Dusen, the United States agency's global health chief, said on Thursday. "It's funding we just don't have."

Urging that the United States agency approve \$3 million for the United Nations program, Senator Frank Lautenberg, Democrat of New Jersey, warned in a letter last week that "apathy courts a public health disaster."

But Dr. Van Dusen said her agency's health funds had already been committed to AIDS, child health and family planning programs. Moreover, the United States agency has cut other programs, including tropical disease and malaria vaccine research.

The United Nations organization contends that spending to fight tuberculosis, which kills three million people a year, more than all other infectious diseases combined, should be a high priority. The organization says \$13 is enough to cure a tuberculosis patient in many countries.

"It is a logical, simple, cheap thing for America to do to bring a halt to what otherwise will be an incurable plague in the 21st century," said Rich-

ard Bumgarner, deputy director of the organization's tuberculosis program.

About one-third of the world's population is infected with tuberculosis, and eight million people get sick every year. Doctors hoped to eradicate TB in the United States by 2010, but cases instead have jumped 20 percent since 1985. And drug-resistant strains are rising rapidly.

The World Health Organization asserted last month that the United States and other countries were failing to fight TB. The world gave \$16 million

in tuberculosis aid to developing countries in 1990, when the disease killed 1.9 million people, but found \$77 million for leprosy, which killed 2,000.

Mr. Bumgarner said the organization's project would provide developing countries with new drugs and training in TB treatments that work in half the time of the old yearlong therapy. Shorter therapy means patients have less time to spread TB.

Without American aid, "there's really no hope to do what we need to do," he Mr. Bumgarner said. He said he would reapply.

17TH STORY of Level 1 printed in FULL format.

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The New York Times

November 16, 1993, Tuesday, Late Edition - Final

SECTION: Section C; Page 8; Column 5; Science Desk

Section C; Page 8; Column 5; Science Desk

LENGTH: 313 words

HEADLINE: Agency Cites Urgent Need To Fight Increase in TB

BYLINE: Reuters

Reuters

DATELINE: GENEVA, Nov. 15

BODY:

Tuberculosis will claim 30 million lives over the next 10 years unless more money is found to prevent its spread, the World Health Organization said today.

Twelve million of the deaths could be avoided if aid agencies increased spending on treatment programs to \$100 million a year, from about \$15 million now, the United Nations agency said in a report released here.

The agency warned that tuberculosis could become incurable if efforts to control it were not stepped up, because strains of TB resistant to several drugs will continue to multiply if TB programs in poor countries remained underfinanced.

"Tuberculosis is the world's most neglected health crisis," said Dr. Arata Kotchi, head of the agency's tuberculosis program. "How can we ignore a germ that already infects one in every three people on the planet?"

The health agency declared tuberculosis a global emergency in April, noting that it killed more adults each year than all other infectious diseases combined. The agency estimates tuberculosis deaths at three million a year.

Most of the people infected with tuberculosis are in the developing world, but the disease is spreading in industrialized countries. In the United States, 15 million people are infected.

The report said few health treatments were as cost-effective as those for tuberculosis.

"In some parts of the world, the cost of curing TB is as little as 90 cents for every year added to the patient's life," the report said. But less than one-tenth of 1 percent of all external aid is devoted to controlling tuberculosis. In developing countries, where TB is a leading cause of death, tuberculosis control accounts for less than one-fifth of 1 percent of all health expenditures.

The New York Times, November 16, 1993

Poor control programs, in which the treatment is not properly completed, can become breeding grounds for dangerous new strains of the disease.

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

OAD-DATE-MDC: November 16, 1993

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

1. 21. 24

76 H22

PHOTOCOPY
WJC HANDWRITING

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN
1.21.94

LE KIOSQUE

L'ancien kiosque des Tranchées, situé dans un espace vert entre le MUSEUM d'histoire naturelle et l'Eglise russe, a trouvé une nouvelle fonction. Offert par la ville de Genève à "Terre des enfants-Terre des femmes-Stop à l'inceste", ce lieu est devenu LE KIOSQUE. Il sert de centre d'information et d'endroit où l'on peut dire ce qui est impossible ailleurs.

"LE KIOSQUE"

Terre des enfants RESPECTÉS

35, Tranchées - CH-1206 GENÈVE

Tel. (41-22) 789 13 13 - Fax 789 13 15

FAX ENVOYÉ PAR:

DESTINE A:

16.1.94

11:50 a.m.

NOMBRE DE PAGES:

(Y COMPRIS CELLE-CI:)

Geneviève Piret, founder of

Terre des femmes -
Terre des enfants

Hillary Clinton

Hôtel Hilton
Suite présidentielle
fax 738 64 32

Dear Hillary Clinton,

Today, you are in my town and I wish you a very good time here.

Yesterday evening, you might have seen our "Wellcome, Hillary, and long life to your work in favour of the right of the children to be respected." I wrote it and put it, with candles, at the bottom of the young-girl-statue "Clémentine" at the place du Bourg-de-Four, in the old town (see following articles).

Since I went to Atlanta in 1981, when the black children were murdered one after the other, I have a project of

"Children's fountains"

to honour the dead children and to have a place where people fighting for children's rights could join and reinforce each other.

- 2 -

The first pair of children's fountain
could be

- 1) the fountain in the Woodruff Park,
and in Atlanta
- 2) the Geneva fountain

Please, consider your visit in Geneva
as a very favourable time to launch
this idea.

You can fax me or call me at your
best opportunity.

Sincerely yours,
Geneviève Pinet

Addenda:

- My friend's letter to you
on 1/27/93
- Article in "La Suisse" 1/11/94 p. 11
and its translation + letter from Ginny Klein
1/10/94
- Article in "femmes suisses"
Nov. 1993, for the picture
of "Clémentine".
- Article on another great
woman who has same ideas,
Rita Levi Montalcini



JEUDI 13 JANVIER 1994

ACTUEL

Nous irons à Rome en mai

23

16/01/94 13:23
Femmes suisses Novembre 1993

04122 738 6432

HILTON GVA

003/008

RITA LEVI MONTALCINI CRÉE UN RÉSEAU DE SOLIDARITÉ FÉMININ

LES FEMMES DÉCIDENT AUTREMENT



Rita Levi Montalcini, Prix Nobel de médecine en 1986, est un volcan qui bouillonne d'idées. (H. Salgado)

«Si la possibilité leur en est donnée, les femmes décident de façon beaucoup plus pratique et efficace. Il faut donc créer un réseau de solidarité féminin, qui engagerait les scientifiques, et toutes celles qui ont un pouvoir de décision dans la prévention contre la criminalité, l'exploitation et la drogue.»

Rita Levi Montalcini, Prix Nobel de médecine en 1986 était récemment à Genève pour la présentation du rapport de l'UNICEF sur la situation des enfants dans le monde en 1994. Elle explique à «La Suisse» l'initiative qu'elle est venue lancer.

«Rita Levi Montalcini? C'est un volcan qui nous submerge d'idées», dit d'elle Guido Bertolaso, l'un des directeurs de l'UNICEF, qui a accepté de parrainer un projet dont le but est à la fois simple et ambitieux: «Celui de réunir toutes les femmes d'action vivant dans des pays qui peuvent exercer une influence, qu'elles soient issues du monde scientifique, politique, intellectuel ou venue de n'importe quel autre horizon. Le but est que toutes, nous nous engagions sans plus attendre pour porter secours à d'autres femmes et surtout pour barrer la route à la criminalité infantile, à l'exploitation et au fléau de la drogue. Car une fois que ces enfants et ces adolescents entrent dans la

spirale de la violence, ils peuvent très difficilement en sortir», affirme cette petite grande dame de la science, qui ajoute avec un sourire: «Bien entendu, les messieurs de bonne volonté sont également les bienvenus.» La première réunion de ce réseau de solidarité au féminin devrait avoir lieu à Rome, en mai prochain.

Haines raciales

Et Rita Montalcini d'évoquer également le drame des femmes violées en ex-Yougoslavie et plus particulièrement en Bosnie-Herzégovine, «où se sont déroulées des haines raciales absurdes. J'ai ramené la lettre d'une fillette, qui préface mon dernier livre et qui dit: «Pardonnez-moi, compatriotes, si je ne réussis pas à vous haïr!»

Etiquette des scientifiques

Lorsque nous lui demandons ce qu'elle pense de ces médecins, psychiatres et autres scientifiques qui ont trahi l'étiquette, elle répond avec la même sérénité: «Les scientifiques ne diffèrent pas des autres êtres humains. Il y a ceux qui ont une éthique et ceux qui n'en ont pas, par ambition ou parce qu'ils sont payés pour adhérer à certaines idées.» Rita Levi Montalcini a rédigé plusieurs ouvrages

scientifiques. Elle a aussi écrit une autobiographie au titre évocateur: «Eloge de l'imperfection», et vient de terminer «Il tuo futuro» («Ton futur»).

Optimiste par principe

A 84 ans, elle reste une optimiste irréductible. «Parce que le pessimisme ne paie pas et que le catastrophisme rend vain tout effort. Il faut être optimiste par principe, se l'imposer, au besoin.»

Mme Levi Montalcini a connu la guerre, les lois raciales qui sévissaient également en Italie et qui l'ont obligée à se cacher pour pouvoir continuer ses recherches. Guerre qui ravage de nouveau une partie du continent européen. «Oui, mais si l'on compare la situation présente à celle d'il y a cent, mille, ou dix mille ans, elle est forcément meilleure, car alors les injustices étaient considérées sacrées. Les holocaustes continuaient, certes. Aujourd'hui, atroces, mais au moins nous avons qu'ils vont contre toute éthique et loi. A l'époque, au contraire, ils étaient acceptés. Je dis qu'il vaut décidément mieux être né à la veille du troisième millénaire qu'il y a deux mille ans.»

Luisa BALLIN

16.1.94

Attention: Hillary Clinton

12L45

Femmes

ACTUELLES



Geneviève Piret
(Photo Laurence Bonvin)

La croisade de Geneviève Piret

*Elle a créé Terre de femmes puis Terre des enfants.
Depuis bientôt vingt ans, Geneviève Piret
livre bataille contre l'inceste.*

Geneviève Piret est une femme dont on ne se débarrasse pas facilement: opiniâtre, tenace, têtue, elle bataille jusqu'à ce que quelque chose bouge. Et parfois, elle réussit. Ce fut le cas, par exemple, lors de l'arrestation, en septembre dernier, d'un pédophile qui avait abusé, en Argovie et à Manille, d'un jeune Philippin, Edwin, affaire qui défraya la chronique en son temps. Mais pour une arrestation, que de travail en coulisses, de démarches, de sollicitations, voire parfois de harcèlement des autorités. Et pour un pédophile en prison, combien sont-ils qui, en toute impunité, sabotent à vie l'existence de leurs jeunes victimes?

J'ai connu Geneviève Piret à Genève en 1976, peu avant qu'elle fonde le mouvement Terre des femmes. Elle avait lu dans le journal un fait divers relatant l'histoire d'une Française, femme de ménage, qui avait été mise en prison pour avoir attaqué une banque avec sa fille de 11 ans. Ne pouvant supporter cette injustice face à la détresse matérielle d'une femme sans ressources, Geneviève s'était mise en peine de la faire libérer et avait aussitôt pris le train pour Saint-Etienne. Ce fut le début de Terre des femmes. Et puis il y eut Terre des enfants, avec des actions en faveur des enfants de la guerre, notamment au Liban. Et depuis 1986, la priorité de Terre des femmes s'énonce sous le slogan: Stop à l'inceste. C'est que Geneviève est elle-même une victime de l'inceste paternel, et elle ne s'en cache pas. Au contraire, la volonté d'éviter aux autres, filles ou garçons, ce qu'elle a elle-même subi, lui fait déplacer des montagnes. Avec trois ou quatre bénévoles, elle organise des conférences internationales sur l'inceste, en trouve le financement, fait un travail d'accompagnement, d'écoute, d'information autour des problèmes de l'inceste et des autres abus d'enfants.

En janvier 1992, les autorités municipales genevoises ont mis à la disposition de Terre des femmes un petit local: Le Kiosque, situé dans un mouchoir de verdure au cœur d'un grand carrefour. Le local est minuscule, et les froids imprudents de ce début octobre nous obligèrent à recourir au chauffage électrique.

Qu'importe des conditions matérielles pas vraiment luxueuses. Geneviève Piret est là tous les jours, pour informer, conseiller, écouter, sensibiliser. Autre véhicule d'information de la bouillante fondatrice de Terre



Sur le Bourg-de-Four, Clémentine transmet les batailles perdues ou gagnées contre l'inceste.

des femmes: Clémentine. Clémentine est une statue, frêle jeune fille de bronze sur le Bourg-de-Four, au cœur de la vieille ville genevoise, due au sculpteur Heinz Schwarz. Les habitants du quartier s'y sont habitués et les touristes adorent photographier ce qui rappelle les dazibao des années septante, brave Clémentine entourée de bougies, une branche de gui dans les bras, et à ses pieds

rouges espèces de coupures de presse relatant les batailles gagnées et perdues de la lutte contre l'inceste. Il faut bien tout ça, et la volonté d'une femme comme Geneviève, pour avancer dans cette difficile croisade.

Martine Chaponnière

*Boulevard des Franchises 35, 1206 Genève, tél. (022) 789 13 13, fax 789 13 15.

01/27/93 15:38

8 988 722 9665

HABE

P. 04

VIRGINIA KLEIN, Ph.D., ACSW BCD
Psychotherapist
18 South Cadillac Drive
Somerville, N. J. 08876
Phone: 908-722-2933 Fax: 908-722-9665

Diplomate Status

NASW Register of Clinical Social Workers ABCCSW NO. 009227
American Institute for Counseling and Psychotherapy
Board Certified Diplomate in NASW Register of Clinical Social Workers #021609
Blue Shield/Medicare Provider No. KL640884

Hillary Clinton, Esq.
The White House
Washington, D. C. 20500

1/27/93

Dear Hillary,

I am so very glad that you are in the White House. Your lifetime concerns, values and behaviors on behalf of children speak well for you and for the hope of this nation, and children around the world.

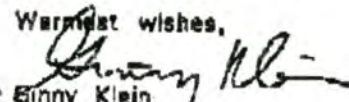
I've enclosed a paper I made up in response to a call I received from a concerned young lady in Paris, two weeks ago. She asked for help as she was planning a demonstration at the Bastille to bring attention to the deliberate and consistent rape and sexual abuse of women in the Ex-Yugoslavia. She had asked that I help spread the word. Through the network of pioneers I know in the incest field, the word was passed along to the press, and a special report did air the other day.

Of major help in this effort was Genevieve Piret of Geneva, with whom I founded and chaired The International Conference vs. Incest and Related Problems six years ago. She is constantly supporting kids, and speaking out for their protection and their rights. She also plans a demonstration 1/28 in Geneva at the Statue Clementine, not far from the Kiosk from which she runs a drop-in center for those concerned with child abuse and incest. She suggested I write to you, to see how you might be able to help. Could you -

- 1) Make a statement and/or appeal to leaders in Ex-Yugoslavia and/or to the UN to stop the rape and abuse. I have faxed the UN about it.
- 2) Make a general statement/note of encouragement to all supporters who fight for awareness and correction of these atrocities, and the abuse of children in the U. S. and in the world. A general letter to that effect could be passed along and shared.

Thank you for the wonderful heart and head you have, and for doing whatever you can. Best wishes to you and your husband. I'm glad two kids from the 60's made it to lead this country to sanity and to decency.

Warmest wishes,


Ginny Klein

actions, overcharged with work, overwhelmed with ideas to realize,
and also help from volunteers! It is the plea to launch for
that seventeenth anniversary.

HAPPY ANNIVERSARY TO TERRE DES FEMMES
AND CONGRATULATIONS, GRATITUDE AND LOVE
TO

ITS MOST WONDERFUL FOUNDER,

GENEVIEVE PIRET

AND THE WORK OF ALL THE SUPPORTERS AND VOLUNTEERS

THIS JANUARY 10TH IS THE ANNIVERSARY OF A COMMITMENT TO THE CHILDREN OF THE WORLD, A COMMITMENT TO SPEAK OUT AGAINST THEIR ABUSE, AND TO ACT IN THEIR BEHALF.

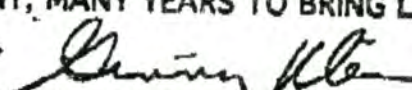
GENEVIEVE PIRET, FOUNDER AND LEADER OF TERRE DES FEMMES, ALONG WITH HER SUPPORTERS AND VOLUNTEERS HAVE DONE JUST THAT.

WITH PASSION FOR TRUTH AND JUSTICE AND COMPASSION FOR THE INJURED CHILDREN GENEVIEVE HAS BROUGHT FORTH TO THE WORLD, IN MANY WAYS, THE NEWS OF CHILD ABUSE IN ALL ITS TERRIBLE FORMS. WE THANK HER.

HER SUPPORTERS AND VOLUNTEERS HAVE CONTRIBUTED THEIR TIME AND RESOURCES TO PURPOSES OF TERRE DES FEMMES AND FOR THAT WE HONOR THEM ALL.

GENEVIEVE PIRET, FOUNDER AND LEADER OF TERRE DES FEMMES IS A NOBLE SPIRIT WHOSE INDIVIDUALITY AND GENUINE UNSELFISH CONCERN FOR CHILDREN, AND FOR TRUTH AND JUSTICE HAS INSPIRED US ALL. HER SUPPORTERS AND VOLUNTEERS HAVE CARRIED FORTH THESE IMPORTANT GOALS, AND FOR THAT WE THANK THEM VERY MUCH.

WITH ALL MY LOVE AND DEEP RESPECT, I WISH YOU HAPPY ANNIVERSARY AND MAY TERRE DES FEMMES CONTINUE FOR MANY, MANY YEARS TO BRING LIGHT WHERE THERE HAS BEEN DARKNESS IN THIS WORLD.


Ginny Klein, Ph.D., ACSW BCD

Co-Chairperson and Founder of:

The International Network vs. Incest and Child Sexual Abuse
The International Conference vs. Incest and Related Problems

January 10, 19 94

THE INDIGNATION OF GENEVIÈVE PIRET

Founder, seventeen years ago, of Terre des femmes then of Terre des enfants, Geneviève Piret continues to be indignant and to fight against indifference.

page 11

SEVENTEEN YEARS OF TERRE DES FEMMES ET TERRE DES ENFANTS

The indignation of Geneviève Piret

(By Simone Guye)

"It is only our active indignation which will make the sexual abuse of ~~children~~, ~~major~~ ~~anxiety~~ of our times, decrease!" Seventeen years after having created Terre des femmes, soon followed by Terre des enfants, Geneviève Piret fights, more than ever, against indifference.

Since seventeen years, Geneviève Piret tries to lift up mountains of indifference. And if she did not lose any bit of her courage, it is because often, when nobody believed it, she in fact succeeded to make barriers fall down, to save situations which appeared desperate, or to break walls of silence.

The Sexual Abuse must be denounced

Her actions can no more be counted: in favor of battered women or in distress, of children from the war (notably in Lebanon and now in Dubrovnik); in favour of victims of incest and, more recently, of sexually abused children.

She has for example very actively contributed, this last year, to save the young Edwin from the hands of the pedophile who was abusing him. And, through the example of Edwin, she properly intends to make us remember that in Geneva too, the sexual abuse more common than we believe can and must be denounced and prevented.

We have to refuse the idea, very generalized, that we can do nothing. The good question is: "What can I do myself, and with whom can I do it?"

The energy of revolt

Terre des femmes and Terre des enfants are movements of direct help, based on the solidarity between persons who know each other or not. They are informal movements, with sometimes local, sometimes international impact and to which anyone can participate when one feels oneself motivated to act. No fee is requested, but of course, the gifts are always appreciated.

How do effective chains of solidarity start, from case to case?

Each of us, quotes Geneviève, has a special sensibility in front of injustices we have felt ourselves. It is this personal implication which makes us say, with strength, with an indignation which comes out of the bottom of the heart, that we refuse that such injustices be reproduced. The old energies of revolt which sleep inside ourselves, we can discover that it is a joy to use them positively and to observe that they are useful for others.

The city of Geneva has granted a kiosk to Terre des femmes and Terre des enfants ("Le Kiosque", 35, boulevard des Tranchées, CH-1206 GENEVA, Switzerland, Phone +4122-789 13 13,

Fax +4122-789 13 15); it is the place where anyone can come to ask questions, counsels or have simple informal conversations.

Please for volunteers

Geneviève, often alone to organize numerous helping or preventive

16.1.94 Attention: Hillary Clinton

LES
GENS
D'ICI

MARDI 11 JANVIER 1994

GENÈVE

"La Suisse"

mardi 11 janvier 1994,

page 11.

Simona Guye (S.G.)

L'INDIGNATION DE GENEVIÈVE PIRET

Fondatrice, il y a dix-sept ans, de Terre des femmes, puis de Terre des enfants, Geneviève Piret se bat, plus que jamais, contre l'indifférence.

DIX-SEPT ANS DE TERRE DES FEMMES ET TERRE DES ENFANTS

L'indignation de Geneviève Piret

(S.G.) — « Ce n'est que notre indignation active qui fera décroître l'abus sexuel des enfants, indignité majeure de notre époque. Dix-sept ans après avoir créé Terre des femmes, bientôt suivie de Terre des enfants, Geneviève Piret se bat, plus que jamais, contre l'indifférence. »

Il y a dix-sept ans que Geneviève Piret tente de soulever des montagnes d'indifférence. Et si elle n'a rien perdu de son courage, c'est que souvent, alors que personne n'y croyait, elle a bel et bien réussi à faire tomber des barrières, à sauver des situations qui paraissaient désespérées, ou à briser des murs de silence.

L'abus sexuel doit être dénoncé

Ses actions ne se comptent plus: en faveur des femmes battues ou en détresse, des enfants de la guerre (notamment au Liban et maintenant à Dubrovnik); en faveur des victimes d'inceste et, plus récemment, des enfants dont on abuse sexuellement.

Elle a par exemple très activement contribué, cette année, à sauver le jeune Edwin, adolescent philippin, des griffes du pédophile qui abusait de lui. Et à travers l'exemple d'Edwin, elle entend bien nous rappeler qu'à Genève aussi, l'abus sexuel, beaucoup plus répandu qu'on ne croit, peut et doit être dénoncé et prévenu.

« Il faut refuser l'idée, très généralisée, qu'on ne peut rien faire. La bonne question est: « Que puis-je faire, moi, et avec qui puis-je le faire? »

L'énergie de révolte

Terre des femmes et Terre des enfants sont des mouvements d'entraide directe, basés sur la solidarité entre des personnes qui se connaissent ou non. Ce sont des mouvements informels, de portée tantôt locale, tantôt internatio-



Geneviève Piret, ou « l'énergie de révolte ». (APPS)

nale, et auxquels chacun peut participer lorsqu'il se sent motivé pour agir. Aucune cotisation n'est réclamée, mais il va de soi que les dons sont toujours bienvenus.

Comment naissent, de cas en cas, des chaînes efficaces de solidarité?

« Nous avons chacun, note Geneviève, une sensibilité spéciale face aux injustices que nous avons nous-mêmes ressenties. C'est cette implication personnelle qui nous permet de dire avec force, et avec une indignation qui vient du fond, que de telles injustices se reproduisent. Les vieilles énergies de révolte qui dorment en nous, on peut découvrir que c'est une joie de les utiliser positivement, et de consta-

ter qu'elles sont utiles à d'autres personnes. »

La ville de Genève a mis un kiosque à disposition de Terre des femmes et Terre des enfants (« Le Kiosque », 35, boulevard des Tranchées, tél. 789 13 13): c'est le lieu où tout le monde peut s'adresser pour des questions, des conseils ou de simples conversations informelles.

Appel aux bénévoles

Geneviève, souvent seule à organiser des ateliers de secours ou de prévention, débordant de travail et débordant d'idées à réaliser, a elle aussi besoin de l'aide de bénévoles: c'est l'appel à lancer pour ce dix-septième anniversaire.

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“Voices like hers
come along maybe
once in a generation.”

— Bob Harrington, New York Post

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REGO

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MEMORANDUM

TO: Distribution

FROM: Phil Lader *PL*

RE: The National Performance Review's Accompanying Reports

DATE: January 11, 1994

Summary: Your review of the accompanying memos is requested before the Vice President's Office publishes the National Performance Review's detailed reports.

As you may recall, the Vice President's Reinventing Government volume, issued September 7, made reference to 38 Accompanying Reports. The first group of these, now ready for publication pending final White House review, consists of more detailed versions of the Vice President's original recommendations. Elaine Kamarck assures me that these "monographs" include no new issues; but since many of the issues were described only briefly in the September 7th report's appendices, there is more detail on each issue in the current reports.

Elaine advises me that each monograph has been read by the relevant department or agency, by an OMB reader, and by a White House reader with some policy responsibility in that area. The Vice President has requested that those persons with overall political, communications or Congressional responsibility be made aware of the political implications likely to flow from publication of these reports. Thus, the attached memos, prepared by the National Performance Review staff, are not intended to be summaries of each monograph. They highlight the known political controversies and identify new potential problems that could arise from publication of the detailed accompanying reports.

Please review the attached memos as soon as possible and let Alice Rivlin (X54742) know if there is anything that should be discussed prior to publication. Copies of the actual monographs can be obtained from Elaine Kamarck's office (X2816) or from John Kamensky at the National Performance Review offices (632-0150).

Thanks for your attention to this.

cc: Elaine Kamarck
Alice Rivlin

MEMORANDUM

DATE: December 23, 1994

FROM: Elaine Kamarck

SUBJECT: NPR Accompanying Report - *Improving Customer Service*

Reviews

Nearly all the customer service recommendations of this monograph were in the September report. The monograph's only additional recommendations are on details of the OIRA clearance process for customer surveys.

The monograph was circulated in OMB for review in mid-October. The only comments were from Sally Katzen (OIRA). We have modified the monograph to reflect our agreement with her, which includes a dramatic reduction in the time OIRA takes to approve customer surveys. We did not introduce any conflicts with the September report.

I'm the designated reader for this report. My changes are in.

Known Political Sensitivities.

Neither our summary report, nor the executive order on customer service has drawn any serious fire.

Improving customer service is a big deal, central to reinvention. Failure to show improvement will no doubt give us political problems. That is why the NPR implementation team is spending a great deal of time on this aspect of the NPR as will be the Vice President in the year to come.

Potential New Political Problems of a General Nature.

Agencies will be getting a great deal more direct input from their customers. This should provide an important balance to congressional views on the needs of their constituents.

Interagency and Lobbying Problems

We negotiated the specific customer service standards for the SSA, IRS, and Postal Service before the release of our September 7, 1993, report. Each of these agencies has begun implementation.

Most departments and major agencies have asked for advice and technical help with the tasks of the executive order. We responded with two executive level training conferences, and will continue to provide assistance. The agencies are very happy about our work with OIRA to speed the clearance.

Next Steps

If you would like to see a copy of this report please call Elaine Kamarck's office ext. 2816 or John Kamensky's office at the National Performance Review 632-0150 and one will be delivered immediately.

Please deliver any comments or concerns about the effect of publishing this paper on other Administration initiatives to my office.

MEMORANDUM

DATE: December 22, 1993

FROM: Elaine Kamarck

SUBJECT: NPR Accompanying Report -- *Strengthening the Partnership in Intergovernmental Service Delivery*

Reviews

The accompanying report, Strengthening Intergovernmental Service Delivery, has been reviewed by Donna Rivelli at OMB on October 9th. She supported the report, as written. It was also sent to Marcia Hale for review on November 23rd. She has not responded, but in reviewing an earlier draft, she agreed with all of our recommendations and believed they would not create any political problems.

Known Political Sensitivities

This report has been reviewed and commented on by representatives of the governors, cities, state legislatures, and other stakeholders and has been well received. The recommendations are known and agreed upon in general by the intergovernmental community at large.

Many of the major activities discussed in this report are well underway. For instance the report calls for a revival of the ACIR (Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations) which the Clinton Administration has done with the appointment of Governor Winter as its chair. In addition, the President has signed the executive order on Intergovernmental Partnership called for in the report (Oct. 26). Finally, the President has set up the Community Empowerment Board called for in the report.

Potentially New Political Problems of a General Nature

Political problems will come however, when legislation for bottom up grant consolidation and for waivers is brought to the Hill. DPC and NEC have been working on draft legislation through the Community Empowerment Board. Nevertheless, the Hill response may not be as difficult as it would have been even a year ago. The political winds seem to have shifted in response to Unfunded Mandates Day and the introduction of several pieces of legislation including the Local Flexibility Act by Congressmen Conyers and Clinger. Passage of the recommendations in this report is now made more likely than was the case even 6 months ago.

The report also contains a recommendation for a federalism summit. But this is up to us to control and design.

Next Steps

If you would like to see a copy of this report please call Elaine Kamarck's office ext. 2816 or John Kamensky's office at the National Performance Review 632-0150 and one will be delivered immediately.

Please deliver any comments or concerns about the effect of publishing this paper on other Administration initiatives to my office before January 10, 1994 which is our target date for publication of this paper.

MEMORANDUM

DATE: December 23, 1993

FROM: Elaine Kamarck

SUBJECT: NPR Accompanying Report - *Improving Regulatory Systems*

Reviews

The accompanying report, Improving Regulatory Systems, has been read and approved by OIRA (Sally Katzen's office) and has been reviewed by Kumiki Gibson, whose comments are incorporated. Comments were also received and incorporated from EPA's Office of Policy Planning and Evaluation.

Known Political Sensitivities

REG07.01: Rank the seriousness of environmental, health or safety risks. Because of sensitivities concerning risk assessment issues, this section specifies that it is left up to individual agencies to decide how best to accomplish risk prioritizing.

REG09.01: Establish technical drafting services for congressional committees and subcommittees. In response to OMB concerns about undue decentralization, this section specifies that agency drafting assistance be coordinated through a senior agency official, be in writing, and include appropriate disclaimers about Administration support for the bill.

Potential New Political Problems/ Interagency and Lobbying Problems

A great deal of what is included in this report has been included in the President's Executive Order on regulatory reform signed this past fall. Given that it is unlikely to generate anything new with the following possibility.

REG10.02: Move training programs for agency regulatory lawyers back to Washington, D.C., and expand to cover other career staff. A 1991 Department of Justice appropriations bill ordered the move of the Department's Legal Education Institute (along with the larger Attorney General's Advocacy Institute) from Washington to Columbia, South Carolina. Estimated annual cost savings in returning LEI to Washington are \$1.6 million, but South Carolina's Congressional delegation can be expected to oppose this step, even if the larger AGAI stays.

Next Steps

If you would like to see a copy of this report please call Elaine Kamarck's office ext. 2816 or John Kamensky's office at the National Performance Review 632-0150 and one will be delivered immediately.

Please deliver any comments or concerns about the effect of publishing this paper on other Administration initiatives to my office before January 10, 1994 which is our target date for publication of this paper.

MEMORANDUM

DATE: December 23, 1993
FROM: Elaine Kamarck
SUBJECT: NPR Accompanying Report -- *Rethinking Program Design*

Reviews

The National Performance Review's accompanying report *Rethinking Program Design* has been reviewed by Phil Lader at OMB on October 22. He had no comments. It was also sent to Bo Cutter for review on October 27th. He has not responded, but in reviewing an earlier draft, he thought it was a very good piece.

Known Political Sensitivities

This report is largely theoretical in that it lays out a framework for assessing the feasibility of federal programs. It will be the first time a piece on this issue has any authoritative stamp on it and will be well received by the evaluation community. There have been no objections raised to its contents by agency reviewers or people in the evaluation community. It is not envisioned that any political constituency will raise problems with its contents.

Potentially New Political Problems of a General Nature

The report is peppered with examples of government programs that have suffered from design flaws such as the SSI and food stamps interaction, the student loan program, the FAA, the Savings and Loan crisis, the Federal Catfish Research program and the helium program. Even though these programs have come under attack from others -- supporters and defenders of the status quo in these programs could object. The paper is critical of the Executive Branch and of Congress for the haphazard way in which federal programs often are put together.

While these two aspects of the paper could cause some grumbling few will argue with the overall recommendation that government programs ought to be more carefully designed. The paper articulates 10 principles of program design which we recommend be applied to all government programs especially new ones.

One final potential problem is that some could apply these principles to new Administration initiatives and use them as a basis for criticism. However, given the general nature of the principles and given that the Administration's first new program -- the national service corporation -- was designed with the advice and participation of the authors of this paper -- I do not think this is a large potential problem.

Next Steps

If you would like to see a copy of this report please call Elaine Kamarck's office ext. 2816 or John Kamensky's office at the National Performance Review 632-0150 and one will be delivered immediately.

Please deliver any comments or concerns about the effect of publishing this paper on other Administration initiatives to my office before January 10, 1994 which is our target date for publication of this paper.

MEMORANDUM

DATE: December 22, 1993

FROM: Elaine Kamarck

SUBJECT: NPR Accompanying Report - NASA

Reviews

The NASA accompanying report has been reviewed by Jack Fellows at OMB in late October and by Laurie Broedling at NASA on October 23. Their minor editorial changes have been incorporated. The report was reviewed by Greg Simon in late October at which time he provided oral comments which have all been incorporated.

Known Political Sensitivities

NASA01: Improve NASA Contracting Practices. NASA contractors may resist the effort to exact penalties for poor performance, and Greg Simon has recommended that the NPR recommendation to "increase contractor liability for correction of defects" be modified to "*consider increasing ...* ." This and related text modifications have been fully incorporated into the present draft and may help to diffuse resistance..

NASA02: Increase NASA Technology Transfer Efforts and Eliminate Barriers to Technology Development.

NASA03: Increase NASA Coordination of Programs with the U.S. Civil Aviation Industry. This recommendation reflects the Administration's commitment to increase government-business cooperation. However, it may invoke private-sector concern about the Federal Government's establishing an industrial policy that could show favoritism among competing technologies and vendors.

NASA04: Strengthen and Restructure NASA Management. Some NASA centers may invoke State/local and Congressional resistance to reductions or consolidations.

Potentially New Political Problems of a General Nature

None.

Interagency and Lobbying Problems.

NASA02.2: State Department should amend the International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR) to shorten review of technology exports. NPR included this

among the recommendations to remove barriers to technology development, and the NASA Administrator considered it useful to promoting international aerospace commerce. The office of the Undersecretary of State for Politico-Military Affairs provided specific language that was used in the original NPR recommendation. Since then, a newly created Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for Export Control has raised concerns and forwarded revised language through Assistant Secretary Gallucci. The new State Department language is being incorporated.

NASA04.2: NASA should implement the management principles developed for the redesigned space station program across all ... areas of program and institutional management. December 3, 1993, GAO review of the NPR NASA report supports this recommendation but believes that NPR did not adequately address NASA's serious financial management weaknesses.

Next Steps

If you would like to see a copy of this report please call Elaine Kamarck's office at ext. 2816 or John Kamensky's office at the National Performance review 632-1050 and one will be delivered immediately.

Please deliver any comments or concerns about the effect of publishing this paper on other Administration initiatives to my office.

MEMORANDUM

FROM: Elaine Kamarck

SUBJECT: NPR Accompanying Report - NSF/OSTP

DATE: December 23, 1993

Reviews

The NSF/OSTP accompanying report has been reviewed by Kathy Peroff at OMB on October 22 and by Dr. Sonja Sperling at NSF on October 24. Their minor editorial changes have been incorporated.

Dr. Gibbons, OSTP, reviewed the report and his comments have been incorporated. His primary concern was that we emphasize that the National Science and Technology Council (NSTC) make recommendations to OMB regarding research and development budgets. This revision made the NPR report consistent with the recently issued Executive Order.

Known Political Sensitivities

NSF01: Strengthen Coordination of Science Policy. Chairman George Brown of the House Science, Space, and Technology Committee is sponsoring a bill to create a cabinet department of science, space and technology. This committee and others will be sensitive as to whether the NSTC can serve as an effective substitute.

Potentially New Political Problems of a General Nature
None.

Other Interagency Issues

NSF01: Strengthen Coordination of Science Policy. There could be some agency or Congressional resistance on particular matters when the NSTC begins to establish priorities. Departments with large science and technology budgets may generally oppose relinquishing authority in those areas where they have traditionally exercised dominance.

Next Steps

If you would like to see a copy of this report please call Elaine Kamarck's office ext. 2816 or John Kamensky's office at the National Performance Review 632-0150 and one will be delivered immediately.

Please deliver any comments or concerns about the effect of publishing this paper on other Administration initiatives to my office before January 10, 1994 which is our target date for publication of this paper.

MEMORANDUM

DATE: December 22, 1993
FROM: Elaine Kamarck
SUBJECT: NPR Accompanying Report - *Department of Interior*

Reviews

The accompanying report, Department of Interior, has been reviewed by Bruce Beard at OMB on November 8, and by Jody Kusek at DOI (NPR Team Leader) on November 4. DOI and OMB made a number of minor comments that have been incorporated. OMB comments on DOI 01 Hard Rock Mining and DOI 02 Office of Surface Mining would significantly change the original recommendations made by the NPR DOI team. NPR did not agree with the OMB comments on these two issues and neither did the Department of Interior.

The report was sent to Katie McGinty on November 17 and reviewed by William Stelle of the Office of Environmental Policy in the White House. He was in agreement with NPR recommendations DOI 01 and 02. Thus OMB's comments on those two issues were not incorporated.

Known Political Sensitivities

DOI01: Establish a Hard Rock Mine Reclamation Fund to Restore the Environment. Establishing a reclamation fund could contribute to the rhetoric that the department is attempting to remove mining and other uses from public lands. A reclamation fund could also cause conflicts over priorities for the distribution of funds.

DOI02: Redefine Federal Oversight of Coal Mine Regulation. The recommendation to revise the Abandoned Mine Land (AML) grant distribution formula will most likely be strongly fought by Western states. Currently money goes to states on the basis of the amount of coal mined instead of on the basis of reclamation need. This is an issue that divides environmentalists and western states.

DOI04: Promote Entrepreneurial Management of the National Park Service. An increase in park fees is included in the proposed 1995 budget. This report advocates however, a more entrepreneurial stance on the part of the parks than we believe is advocated in the budget.

The report states: "Seniors would no longer be entitled to have free access to all parks for life, but would be charged 50 percent of the park fee. Thus a family visiting Yellowstone Park could spend a week at the park for approximately \$16.00." Taken in context his statement was not a source of comment after two White House and OMB reviews but we include it for political comment anyway.

Sensitivity to increased park fees is somewhat mitigated by their very low current rates and by the fact that Department of Interior customer surveys show support for increased entrance fees.

DOI05 Obtain a Fair Return for Federal Resources. This section of the report deals with increases in grazing fees. It is a controversy with which the Administration is well aware. While controversial, the issue paper offers nothing particularly new.

DOI 13 Improve the Federal Helium Program. Language for this recommendation was worked out this fall with Congressman Sarpulius (who has the federal helium facility in his district) and is strongly supported by Secretary Babbitt. Sarpulius is most anxious to have the debt forgiven, which is part of this recommendation. A helium provision was also incorporated into H.R. 3400 this fall which alters the NPR recommendation somewhat in that it calls for Secretary Babbitt to develop a long term strategy for cancelling the debt.

Potential New Political Problems/ Interagency and Lobbying Problems

None.

Next Steps

If you would like to see a copy of this report please call Elaine Kamarck's office ext. 2816 or John Kamensky's office at the National Performance Review 632-0150 and one will be delivered immediately.

Please deliver any comments or concerns about the effect of publishing this paper on other Administration initiatives to my office.

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN 2/1

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SAMUEL A. PERSAUD

FILE NO.

REPLY TO:

MEMORANDUM

TO: DAVID WILHELM --- DNC

FROM: MARIA VICTORIA ARIAS RODHAM

DATE: January 29, 1994

RE: SIMON FERRO

I thought you should see the attached newspaper article pertaining to Simon Ferro. The Vice Chair for the State Democratic Party was quoted in the paper as stating that the "Cuban American vote" is too small to significantly affect statewide races.

I need not have to describe to you how difficult it is going to be for me to answer questions pertaining to this issue when I appear on the Cuban/Hispanic radio shows and television. As a matter of fact, I have one this week with one of the toughest interviewers.

Although there may be a technical violation of the "party rule", this February 5th party trial has far reaching implications. How dare Mr. Ausman insult the Cuban American vote by saying that it is "insignificant". THIS IS TOTALLY CONTRARY TO WHAT THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES HAS REPEATEDLY STATED ABOUT THE CUBAN AMERICAN VOTE.

Also, you will note that no one from Dade County filed the complaint.

Please David, if anything can be done.... do it!!!

PHOTOCOPY
WJC HANDWRITING



KRT Photo Service

removing the body of Church. Vincent Acey, 42, and John J. Redmond, 41, died while trying to control the blaze. At least eight people were injured.

to rein in market abuses

marketeers have pounced on reforms to under the guise of legitimate peddlers.

policy, called for "a black-market trade have tried to blend in "independent" work-

Rebelde journalist on the sale of black-

market hamburgers and buns in the eastern city of Santiago even suggested that "a raid should be carried out block by block, where everyone knows who is who" to punish those who have stolen goods from state shops and ware-

houses.

But President Fidel Castro himself has acknowledged that self-employment is almost impossible to control through increased police efforts alone because of the sheer numbers of people involved.

The reform is beginning to pose a dilemma for Cuban authorities. On one hand, they

PLEASE SEE CUBA, 2A

derers or long-suffering victims of abuse within their family's gated estate.

Superior Court Judge Stanley Weisberg declared a mistrial in the case of Lyle Menendez, 26, officially ending the six-month trial. A separate jury for brother Erik, 23, was declared deadlocked two weeks ago in the Aug. 20, 1989, shotgun slayings of their wealthy parents.

Prosecutors immediately promised to try the Beverly Hills, Calif., brothers again.

The trial, broadcast live to a nationwide television audience, was dominated by a bold defense, which insisted that the brothers killed in fear after years of being raped and molested by their father, Jose Menendez.

That defense transformed the jury deliberations, dividing both panels into rival camps — believers and skeptics. Jurors said their weeks of debate took on a nearly religious fervor at times.

Records unsealed Friday showed the juries were split almost precisely in half on most counts, with those skeptical of the brothers' stories pushing for murder convictions, while the believers held out for lesser manslaughter convictions.

"There was basically a war,"

PLEASE SEE MENENDEZ, 32A

street Causeway



PETER ANDREW BOOTH / Miami Herald Staff

WELCOME: Bird hospital volunteer Wendy Fox picks three brown pelicans sent from Virginia to Miami.

Democrat could lose posts over party loyalty oath

By TOM FIEDLER
Herald Political Editor

When Coral Gables lawyer Simon Ferro stepped aside as chairman of the Florida Democratic Party in 1992, he got a banquet in his honor, pats on the back and a sheaf of customary accolades.

Now, if some of his fellow Democrats have their way, he may get the boot.

Ferro, one of the most prominent Cuban-American Democrats in Florida and the nation, is accused of being the partisan equivalent of a traitor for supporting Miriam Alonso in the Miami mayoral race.

At a party trial scheduled Feb. 5 in Orlando, he could be stripped of his seats on the Democratic National Committee and the state Democratic Executive Committee, the party's two policy-making arms.

"He gave his word; he broke it, apparently," said Jon Ausman of Tallahassee, the party's vice chairman and Ferro's chief accuser.

The charges are rooted in the Democratic Party's loyalty oath, which prohibits a party officer from supporting "any non-Democrat against a Democrat" in any election other than the judiciary. The oath was adopted years ago to punish those Democrats who in the 1960s had publicly endorsed Republican presidential candidates Barry Goldwater

PLEASE SEE FERRO, 33A



Democrat faces possible discipline over party loyalty

FERRO, FROM 1A

and Richard Nixon.

The Republican Party also has a loyalty oath, but it applies only in "general elections" for partisan offices. It doesn't address nonpartisan races.

In recent years, the Democrats' oath has been used to discipline leaders who backed Republicans in state legislative races.

But the oath also applies to nonpartisan city elections — the obscure point where Ferro ran into trouble.

In last fall's Miami mayoral race, Ferro supported and contributed heavily to the campaign of former Commissioner Alonso, a registered Republican, against the eventual winner, Steve Clark, a registered Democrat.

Ferro declined to comment publicly about the charges, saying he thought it improper to try the case in the news media. But in interviews during the campaign, he said he had endorsed Alonso, a longtime family friend, before Clark entered the race.

At that point, there was no conflict with the oath. Once Clark got in, however, Ferro said he was put in the position of choosing between breaking his commitment to a friend or abiding by a partisan oath that had no bearing in the campaign and seemed irrelevant to the race.

Indeed, neither Alonso nor Clark have been more than peripherally involved in party activities during their careers. In 1989 Clark, then mayor of Dade County, publicly endorsed Republican Ilana Ros-Lehtinen in her congressional campaign against Democrat Gerald Richmond, saying "political parties don't have any influence in my mind."

It is irrelevant, said Ausman, that neither candidate's party affiliation appeared on the ballot or was even a factor in the race. Nor does it matter that no Democrat has ever been charged under that provision before.

What matters, he said in an interview, is that Ferro knew the rules and he didn't follow them.

"There is tremendous potential harm if somebody prominent violates the oath," said Ausman, chairman of the Leon County Democratic Party in Tallahassee. "There can be no high or low justice, as there was in medieval days; there should be no favoritism because of who he is."

On Nov. 18, after nobody in Dade County was willing to act,

'There is tremendous potential harm if somebody prominent violates the oath.'

JON AUSMAN,

Ferro's chief accuser

Ausman sent a letter to other party leaders informing them of Ferro's backing for Alonso and citing the loyalty oath's provisions.

"Regardless of how we may feel about Mr. Ferro, and regardless of past service, a violation of a sworn oath of loyalty is a serious issue," he wrote.

State committeewoman Nancy M. Dick of Wauchula, also a DNC member, notified party Chairwoman Terrie Brady in late December that she was going to pursue the charge at the party's Jan. 22 meeting. She called for Ferro to be kicked off the DNC and suspended from the state executive committee — a virtual banishment from the circles of power.

Brady, whom sources have described as reluctantly moving ahead, referred the complaint to the party's Judicial Council, which set the trial date. She said she felt she had little choice.

"Simon is a very notable, very respected leader in his community and among a lot of voters," she said in an interview this week. "But he also signed a loy-



INTERNAL BATTLE: Corbi Gables lawyer Simon Ferro.

alty oath and that can't be ignored."

Some party strategists fear that prosecuting Ferro as a party traitor could come back to haunt the Democratic ticket in future elections.

President Clinton went out of his way in the 1992 campaign to woo Cuban voters, winning more than 20 percent of their votes — nearly three times that of the Democrat in 1988, Michael Dukakis.

"If Simon is humiliated by the party, that'll kill everything and I wouldn't be surprised to see the White House write off Florida for 1996," the consultant said.

Ausman disagreed, arguing that the Cuban-American vote is too small to significantly affect statewide races. And at least one voice within the community appeared to back the inquiry.

"I will defend the [party] for any action it takes," said Raulolph Espinet, president of the Cuban American Democratic Council, which backed Clark. "A violation of an oath is a very serious matter in any community."

How

By ROBIN New York

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"I'm Richard the He think t



DON BAILEY

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DANIEL DAVIS, P.E.
JAMES F. HARRINGTON
ELISABETH D. KOZLOW
H. HUGH MCCONNELL
SAMUEL A. PERKINS

FILE NO.

REPLY TO:

FAX TRANSMITTAL SHEET

TO: PRESIDENT BILL CLINTON -- NANCY HERRNREICH
FAX #: 1-202-456-6703
PHONE #: 1-202-456-6610

FROM: MARIA VICTORIA ARIAS RODHAM *Maria*
FAX #: (305) 443-3292
PHONE #: (305) 442-3334
FILE #:

RE: SEE ATTACHED

DATE: January 29, 1994
TIME: 10:19 am
NUMBER OF PAGES TO FOLLOW: 3

MESSAGE: My memo to David Wilhelm together with the
attached newspaper article are self-explanatory.

I really thought you should see this.

The information contained in this transmission is attorney privileged and confidential. It is intended only for the use of the individual or entity named above. If the reader of this message is not the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that any dissemination, distribution or copy of this communication is strictly prohibited.

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

1-21-94

gm
Jm

2
Mike

White House Gift Record

Presented:

Gift ID: 353100/jjr

Arrival : 01/18/94

Entered : 01/18/94

Donor Information

Miss Caroline Unknown
MACASA
Stephanie Square
Chaussww De Charleroi, 2
B-1060 Brussels,

Acknowledged By: Pending Bill Clinton draft letter

Summary

Comments:

Presented to President on the occasion of his visit to Brussels.

Gift Information

Intended: President

Disposition: President to Retain

Description:

A silk Chrsitian Dior brand necktie.

Location of Gift:

Sent to Residence - 1/18/94.

Total Gift Value: \$25

PHOTOCOPY
WJC HANDWRITING

White House Gift Record

Presented:

Gift ID: 353100/jjr

Arrival : 01/18/94

Entered : 01/18/94

Donor Information

Miss Caroline Unknown
MACASA
Stephanie Square
Chaussée De Charleroi, 2
B-1060 Brussels,

Sent pink
copy to
Flynn
Sewagna

Acknowledged By: Pending Bill Clinton draft letter

Comments:

Presented to President on the occasion of his visit to Brussels.

Gift Information

Intended: President

Disposition: President to Retain

Description:

A silk Christian Dior brand necktie.

Location of Gift:

Sent to Residence - 1/18/94.

Total Gift Value: \$25

Mark *GS/Gugen/Gearan - I wish he were*
Libes/RH *here all the time!*

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 RICHARD J. STOCKER
 MARK T. FRYAUF**

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119 SOUTH SECOND STREET
 ROGERS, ARKANSAS 72756-4525

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THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN ^{1/28}

TELECOPIER
 (501) 636-8150

January 20, 1994

VIA - TELECOPIER - 212-522-0601

Editor
 Time Magazine Letters
 Time & Life Building
 Rockefeller Center
 New York, New York 10020-1393

Dear Editor:

In the words of Ronald Reagan, "There you go again". In April, 1992, I wrote my first letter to the editor because of your coverage of Bill Clinton's Arkansas record. Your story, "The Tangled Web" in the January 24, 1994 issue compels another response. Your reporter indicates in the first paragraph that Time has somehow uncovered "evidence" in which the same land was sold and resold at rapidly escalating prices for "reasons that cannot quickly be pinned down".

I am forced to ask whether your reporter or any other member of the editorial board of Time has ever purchased land. Anyone with experience in land acquisition would tell you that the price per acre of land increases as the number of acres purchased decreases. Obviously, a smaller portion of a large tract of land when separated from the whole tract, will sell for more money. That is particularly true when the smaller tract sold is the more desirable property. Why is that so hard for you to figure out? As we say here in Arkansas, "We may be country, but we ain't stupid".

Despite the media's uneven treatment of the "character" questions during the campaign, Bill Clinton was elected by the people of this country. It is interesting to note that now, one year into his presidency, the post-Watergate era journalists who thrive on scandal are forced to dig into ancient history because of the good job this administration is doing in moving the country forward.

PHOTOCOPY
 WJC HANDWRITING

Times Magazine Editor
January 20, 1994
Page 2

For over half a century, your magazine has reported on the news and news makers. There have been many instances when your efforts on important subjects have helped frame the national debate. I have been a regular reader of Time magazine since my high schools days over twenty-five years ago. It is disappointing to see you fall victim to the journalistic preoccupation with "scandal" whether perceived or real.

I have known Bill and Hillary Clinton for over twenty years. They are good and decent people who for their entire adult lives have placed their emphasis on making the world a better place. It would have been easy for them to have accumulated great wealth, given their educations and obvious skills. Even the President and First Lady's worst critics acknowledge that there is no evidence of any wrongdoing on their part.

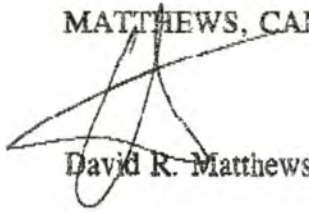
The mere fact that they were business partners with a man who experienced financial difficulty does not make them guilty of poor judgment or of being bad persons. I remember when Time magazine ran a cover story picture of prostitution in Europe. It turns out the story and picture were doctored. You would not have liked it if people had assumed that the persons in charge of your organization were guilty of wrongdoing and knowingly perpetuating a fraud on the American people. Sometimes folks we do business with do things we don't like or condone. That does not make us guilty merely by association. Of all the news organizations, I would think you would know and appreciate that given last year's prostitution story debacle.

There are so many important issues facing this country. You have had and can continue to have a very positive impact on our country's future. May I suggest that you go back to the fundamentals on which you were founded. Time magazine is better than the pack journalism you have displayed in recent issues.

In my 1992 letter I suggested that if you wanted to know the real Bill Clinton, you have Messrs. Church, Barrett, Riley and Ms. Carlson interview some other knowledgeable Arkansans rather than the President's few enemies. That suggestion still holds. If your reporters were willing to listen with an open mind, they would find that the clear majority of Arkansans like, respect, and honor President Clinton. I, for one, am very proud to call him my friend.

Sincerely yours,

MATTHEWS, CAMPBELL & RHOADS, P.A.



David R. Matthews

DRM:sah

PHOTOCOPY
WJC HANDWRITING

Mack *GS/Gugen/Gearan* - *I wish he were*
likes/Bt *here all the time!*

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(501) 636-0675

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN ^{1/23}

MACK/bs/Gugen/Gearan/Fcky/Bt

TELECOPIER
 (501) 636-8150

I wish he were here all the time!

January 20, 1994

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 New York, New York 10020-1393

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PHOTOCOPY
 WJC HANDWRITING

Kelly - 1/29/94
Mack would like
this to go back to the
President w/ this note.
Thanks, Patty

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Sincerely yours,

MATTHEWS, CAMPBELL & RHOADS, P.A.



David R. Matthews

DRM:sah

PHOTOCOPY
WJC HANDWRITING

TOTAL P.03

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE
SIR LEON BRITTAN, QC
VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE COMMISSION
OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

RUE DE LA LOI, 200
1049 BRUSSELS - TEL. 235 25 14
235 26 10

Min plen reply

6 January 1994

Dear President Clinton,

I was much saddened to hear today of the death of your mother, and just wanted to drop a brief line to extend my sincerest condolences. Having lost both my own parents many years ago, I still vividly recall the anguish that the passing of a loved one causes, and wanted to express my sympathy.

Yours sincerely
Leon Brittan

NSC for
REPLY

1-12-94
FW

PHOTOCOPY
WJC HANDWRITING

THE RIGHT HONOURABLE
SIR LEON BRITTAN, QC
VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE COMMISSION
OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES
RUE DE LA LOI, 200
1049 BRUSSELS

President W. Clinton

THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20350

The President
The White House
Washington, DC 20500



THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY

WASHINGTON

January 4, 1994

*Potus has
seen*

The President
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

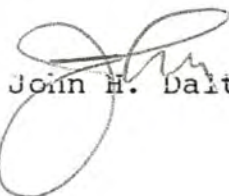
Dear Mr. President,

Thank you very much for including Margaret, Chris and me in Christmas festivities at the White House. We appreciate being with you and Hillary on those special occasions. I am also so very grateful to you for sending me the Presidential cuff links and the beautiful large Christmas card. Those are things we will treasure.

I have had great feedback from General Shalikashvili, Admiral Frank Kelso and General Carl Mundy from your meeting with the Joint Chiefs this week. They were each enthusiastic about their meeting with you and appreciate having you articulate your support from the results of the Bottom-Up Review. They were very impressed with your description of the issues, and were most complimentary of you.

I am sure that 1994 will have many wonderful accomplishments for you, your family, our Administration, and the country. I am proud to be a part of your Administration. Happy New Year!

Very respectfully,


John H. Dalton

PHOTOCOPY
WJC HANDWRITING

1-21-94



OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90041-3392

PUBLIC POLICY CENTER
DIRECTOR, DEREK SHEARER
(213) 259-2539
FAX (213) 259-2734

Jan. 21, 1994

To: President Clinton
From: Derek Shearer

Dear Bill,

(1) The attached op-ed column from today's LA Times might suggest a few sentences for the State of the Union message--something along the lines of: "As a nation, we should not have to wait for great disasters, either manmade or natural, to compel us to act in rebuilding the economic foundations--the very sinews of our national strength....."

(2) Local coverage of your LA visit was overwhelmingly positive. It was an important visit, although you did look a bit tired.

(3) Our house survived relatively unscathed. We were lucky. As our Mayor Judy Abdo told you in Burbank, Santa Monica was very hard hit. Downtown is a mess. Yesterday, they evacuated an entire damaged hospital. Thousands have lost their apartments. Almost all of the banks and department stores lost windows. Most of the brick buildings in the downtown will have to be demolished.

(4) As requested, I gave Nancy my suggestions for your WH Mystery writers dinner. It's good to have a few light events to look forward to, along with all of the serious stuff that you have to do.

I'll be in town for a few days at the end of next week, staying at Brooke and Strobe's.

Good luck on the State of the Union.

Regards,

Derek
Derek

I hope that the town thaws out over the weekend.

PHOTOCOPY
WJC HANDWRITING

LOS ANGELES TIMES

Fgt - Derek

**COLUMN LEFT/
PETER DREIER
RICHARD ROTHSTEIN**

Man-Made Disasters' Double Punch

■ Why is it sound public policy to assist quake victims but not those hurt by defense cutbacks?

Last April, Congress killed President Clinton's "stimulus" program to create a million public-works jobs restoring highways, bridges, sewer systems, schools and parks. Opponents shouted "pork barrel" politics, "tax-and-spend liberalism" and "budget buster." Unable to overcome a filibuster, Clinton withdrew his proposal.

Within hours of the Northridge earthquake, Clinton pledged \$1 billion to rebuild and provide emergency assistance, along with low-interest loan guarantees for homeowners and small businesses. He promised to ask Congress for more as damage estimates increased. Los Angeles will receive more federal tax dollars for investment in infrastructure than we would have obtained from our share of the stimulus package.

After Hurricane Andrew, Midwest floods or California earthquakes, officials recognize government's responsibility. Congress will exempt these appropriations from requirements for offsetting budget cuts without a peep of protest from Sen. Bob Dole or fellow filibusters.

Why does it take natural disaster to justify public works? We aid the homeless or jobless in natural disasters but hear endless objections to expenditures when many more suffer man-made disasters of cyclical downturns or changing priorities.

Why isn't 6.5% unemployment—9 million jobless, 8 million more too discouraged for active job-hunting or forced to work part time—considered a sufficient emergency to warrant federal action? Why is it sound policy to assist earthquake victims but not families devastated by defense cutbacks? Aren't 150,000 California aerospace layoffs ample reason to invest in civilian projects to employ idle engineers, technicians and production workers? Why do we expect Washington to help people made homeless by a flood but not those

DRAWINGBOARD / LUCKOVICH

Mike Luckovich ATLANTA CONSTITUTION '94



"Honey, I went to the sperm bank for a
implanted in a 60-

PERSPECTIVE ON THE NORTHRIDGE

Shaking Up 1



Innovation, compass
employee empowerment
will help businesses
survive an emotional
fraught disaster.

By BARRY J. GIBBONS

I have a bit of fraternal advice to share with all the business owners and managers, big or small, who were devastated by the earthquake. I was chief executive for Burger King Corp. when Hurricane Andrew followed a 17-foot flood tide and ripped apart our world headquarters in south Florida in August, 1992. It then proceeded to devastate several zip codes, leaving half of our employees homeless and every-

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made homeless by a flood but not those

'Aren't 150,000 California aerospace layoffs reason to invest in civilian projects?'

made homeless when employers relocate to Third World countries?

Despite lagging productivity, America now spends less than half of what we spent 30 years ago on public infrastructure. By 2005, road deterioration will cost 3.9 billion hours of vehicle delay annually, even without earthquakes. Why can we rebuild bridges collapsed in earthquakes, but not invest in transportation so people can get to work in normal times? Santa Monica Freeway reinforcement had been delayed from lack of funds. If Congress had enacted Clinton's stimulus package, Caltrans might have completed the project before Monday's calamity.

For 1.5 million unemployed Californians, it's a bitter irony that only natural disaster provokes government-sponsored stimulus. Jobs created by earthquake relief will be in private firms. Reemployed construction workers will purchase food, clothing, haircuts and furniture, putting others back to work. Ripple effects of \$1 billion in federal spending could create at least 65,000 new jobs and generate new tax revenues to offset costs of emergency aid—as a stimulus program could have done months ago.

Peter Dreier is professor of public policy at Occidental College. Richard Rothstein is a research associate of the Economic Policy

Extended Page
of our employees homeless and every body facing a period of personal, community and business trauma that still isn't behind us 18 months later.

We had to virtually start over, and so will many of you.

Although we had prepared crisis plans, the extent of the disaster meant that we had to invent most of our solutions as we went along.

I haven't written this stuff down before because the scar tissue is still pink and sensitive for a lot of us, but it occurred to me that it may help you avoid having to reinvent everything we had to. I'll keep it short; here are just 10 things to think about:

You're facing a million decisions—including some real chunky ones. If you can make those big ones fast—today—it's a real help. A lot of your people will have had some of their fundamental support structures shattered, and if you can say that you are going to stay and rebuild, and that they will have jobs, say it fast. And say it loud. At about the same decibel level as in a Guns 'N Roses concert.

Make professional counseling available for your affected employees. Fast. Tell the macho guys who say they don't need it that it's not for them, it's for their families. We had an astonishing take-up and an astonishing level of people who did not then need sustained counseling, compared with other disasters of this magnitude.

You will have to give concessions and help your people, and some people will seem to take too much, just as others take too little. It's like a breakfast buffet in a restaurant—some people heap their

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

3-1094

National
Council of
State
Housing
Agencies



John McElroy
is solid administrator
Mere

January 13, 1994

*Copy to
Mr. Retsinas
1/13/94*

The Honorable Nicolas P. Retsinas
Assistant Secretary for Housing/FHA Commissioner
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
Room 9100
451 Seventh Street, SW.
Washington, DC 20410

Dear Nic:

I am writing in response to your request for thoughts as to how HUD might implement the National Homeownership Trust as a set-aside within the HOME program appropriation. As you know, NCSHA has always opposed set-asides within the HOME appropriation, because they compromise the basic principle Congress had in creating the HOME program: the delegation of housing assistance decisions to the state and local level. We believe that HOME should be funded at a rate in no case less than the average \$1.3 billion which has prevailed since its enactment and that any appropriation for the Trust, which is a separate program, should be separately funded.

The Trust was designed to provide downpayment, closing cost, and interest subsidies for home mortgages for lower income people. Such assistance is also fully authorized under the HOME program. Although the Trust was created in the same statute as HOME in 1990, it was never considered to be related to it. The HOME program was included in the Senate version of the bill, which did not include the Trust. The House version contained the Trust, but not the HOME program. Both were included in the Conference version, without any integration.

In fact, although all of the activities authorized under the Trust are also eligible under HOME, and most jurisdictions are using some HOME funds for homeownership assistance, the Trust has its own administrative mechanism, which is redundant to that of HOME. Congress, apparently believing that the Trust's goal of increasing homeownership can be achieved through HOME and does not require separately funding the Trust, has provided nearly \$4 billion in funding for HOME, but none for the Trust.

PHOTOCOPY
WJC HANDWRITING

Moreover, because most jurisdictions are already using HOME to assist low income homebuyers, setting aside HOME funding for the Trust may make little difference in the amount of homeownership assistance available, since the remaining HOME funds will be diverted to make up any difference in the shortfall that would otherwise occur in other important HOME purposes, such as provision of low rent apartments for those hundreds of thousands of lower income families who cannot afford homeownership at any mortgage rate. Such a set-aside does attack, however, the most basic principle of HOME: the flexibility of states and localities to determine the response appropriate to their own lower income housing needs.

If the Administration insists, against this legislative history, on funding the Trust as a set-aside under the HOME program, the amount of HOME funds designated for Trust activities should be limited to \$100 million (which we understand is the amount under consideration) or 10 percent of HOME funds, whichever is less. The Administration must recognize as well that the total amount of HOME funding left after this set-aside would be less than a President has ever requested or Congress had ever appropriated for HOME under either a Democratic or Republican administration and will call the Administration's ultimate support for the HOME program into serious question.

Should the Administration insist on separately funding Trust purposes through a HOME set-aside, it should do so through the simplest possible structure, by proposing that the set-aside, while being devoted to Trust purposes, be administered through the normal processes of the HOME program, not through the Board and centralized administration structure required by the Trust authorization. This would ensure a fair share allocation while eliminating the cost and delays implicit in a separate bureaucratic structure. The Administration has been vocal in its criticism of the start-up time required for the now three-year old HOME program. This is no time to start over with a new program.

HUD should also ensure that Trust funds are targeted to those families who need the help the most. Currently, the Trust may serve people with incomes up to 95 percent of the area median generally and 115 percent in high cost areas. Yet the Mortgage Revenue Bond (MRB) program is already available to assist families in this income range, and, on average, even MRB homebuyers' incomes are less than 80 percent of the national median. Any new federal homeownership assistance should be targeted to families with income no higher than 80 percent of median and be used in combination with MRB funds wherever practical to provide deeper assistance than is available with MRBs or Trust purpose expenditures alone.

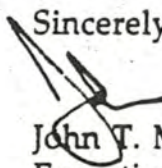
HUD should also recommend increasing flexibility among the options for which Trust funds may be used. For example, one option the

Trust contemplates entails writing down the homebuyer's mortgage interest rate to no more than six percent. When the Trust was designed, interest rates were high and reducing them to six percent would have constituted a significant subsidy. Today, that same interest rate would provide much less subsidy relative to the market. Funds could be better used to subsidize an even lower interest rate, thus reaching even lower income families. On the other hand, if interest rates were to rise significantly, an interest rate above six percent might still provide homeownership opportunities to low income families who would remain renters without it. These are options already available under the HOME program. They ought not be diminished by the Administration's insistence on a set-aside.

NCSHA has always been supportive of the lower income homeownership purposes contemplated in the Trust authorization and has supported their implementation as part of state and local governments' administration of the broader and more flexible HOME program. Though we oppose the assault on the integrity of the HOME program represented by any proposal to earmark HOME funding further than Congress had already chosen to do, if the Administration wants to make certain that a specified portion of the HOME program is earmarked for Trust purposes, but administered through the HOME structure, that course would be preferable to cutting an already short-funded HOME program in order to fund a redundant and less flexible authorization.

I hope these comments are useful. Please call me if we can be of further help.

Sincerely,



John T. McEvoy
Executive Director

Bill
This program is working for
us all there
ARKANSAS DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY
HOME PROGRAM

REGULATORY BARRIERS TO HOME ADMINISTRATION

- 1-A. Regulation/Barrier: Regulation 92.502 and 92.503 of 24CFR Part 92 requires the HOME Participating Jurisdiction (PJ) to disburse program income, repayments, interest, etc. before drawing down or requesting HOME funds.
- B. Why a Barrier: PJ's reserve and budget for projects one (1) year in advance. It is fiscally bad management and an extreme accounting burden to be shifting funds to and from grantees and other accounts. PJ's could be building a revolving loan fund to stretch HOME dollars for more deserving qualified specific projects.
- C. Recommendation: Amend regulations to allow PJs to retain program income for a minimum of 6 months. PJs could subsidize new projects, emergencies (such as disasters, burn outs,) and project cost over runs with the program income. Also, PJs could establish a continuing revolving loan fund, rather than all funds be in the form of a grant.
2. Level the HOME match to 25 percent for all activities, including new construction which currently has a 30 percent match.
3. Allow states to delegate responsibility for environmental reviews to localities receiving HOME funds from the state as is allowed under the CDBG and Rental Rehabilitation programs. This would reduce the burden states but is not currently permitted under HOME.
4. Allow HOME funds recaptured from Homeownership units to be used for any eligible HOME activity. Currently, such funds must remain in a homeownership program.
5. Remove the requirement that HOME funds used for homeownership assist first-time homebuyers. Any low income homebuyer could then qualify for assistance.
6. Allow CDBG funds to be used to pay for HOME administrative costs, subject to the 20 percent cap on the use of CDBG for administrative costs generally.

7. Remove project delivery costs (soft costs related to construction/reconstruction) under CDBG from 20 percent administrative cap. This would make it easier for jurisdictions to contribute CDBG funds to HOME project delivery costs.
8. Eliminate a duplication in current law which requires that HUD conduct two separate annual audits of HOME. Only one such audit would then be required.
9. Authorize HUD to waive some requirements for HOME funds expended in disaster areas. This would apply to HOME funds received through the annual allocation process.

ADFA urges the Arkansas Congressional Delegation to support FY 1995 HOME funding of no less than the FY 1994 appropriation of \$1,275 billion.

The attached report shows that the HOME funds are effectively reaching very low and low income families.

ADFA received applications for \$18,194,444 of 1993 HOME funds. With ADFAs authorization of \$6,392,000 for projects in the 1993 HOME program, we are able to supply only one-third (1/3) of our current requests for housing projects.

**ARKANSAS DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY
HOME PROGRAM
JUNE, 1993 THROUGH JANUARY, 1994**

		<u>Percent of Area Median Income</u>			
	<u>0-30</u>	<u>31-50</u>	<u>51-60</u>	<u>61-80</u>	<u>Total 0-80</u>
<u>Rental Activity</u>					
Funds Expended	\$265,296	\$114,893	\$43,644	-0-	\$423,833
TBRA Families*	147	16	16		179
Lower Income Benefit %	54.8%	23.7%	9.0%		87.6%**
<u>Homeworker Activity</u>					
Funds Expended	\$227,371	\$370,273	\$127,276	\$242,077	\$966,997
Lower Income Benefit %	23.5%	38.3%	13.2%	25.0%	100%
<u>Total Expenditures</u>					
Funds Expended	\$492,667	\$485,166	\$170,920	\$242,077	\$1,390,830
TBRA Families*	147	16	16	-0-	179
Lower Income Benefit %	36.7%	33.4%	11.8%	14.0%	95.9%

*TBRA Families = Tenant Based Rental Assistance Families

**12.4% of Rental Activity Represents Vacant Units

**ARKANSAS DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY
HOME PROGRAM
JUNE, 1993 THROUGH JANUARY, 1994**

	<u>FISCAL YEAR 1992</u>			<u>FISCAL YEAR 1993</u>
	<u>PROJECTS</u>		<u>ADMINISTRATION/ OPERATING FUNDS</u>	<u>RESERVATIONS</u>
Congressional District 1	Reserved: \$2,955,571.00 Committed: \$2,173,487.49		\$65,116	\$2,424,470
Congressional District 2	Reserved: \$2,329,730.00 Committed: \$1,020,410.10		\$41,250	\$1,199,282
Congressional District 3	Reserved: \$3,501,861.00 Committed: \$2,895,720.34		\$81,076	\$1,934,523
Congressional District 4	Reserved: \$1,034,638.00 Committed: \$ 616,008.87		\$21,618	\$ 833,725
Total Statewide	Reserved: \$9,821,800.00 Committed: \$6,705,626.80			Reserved: \$6,392,000

Reserved: Dollar Amount Approved for Projects
Committed: Projects under construction, tenants under a lease, or closed first-time homebuyers

ADFA BACKGROUND

The Arkansas Development Finance Authority (ADFA) was created by Act 1062 of 1985, the Arkansas Development Finance Authority Act. This act abolished the former Arkansas Housing Development Agency, whose purpose was to develop safe, decent, sanitary and affordable housing for low and moderate income Arkansans, and transferred all records, funds, property, obligations, debts, functions, powers and duties to ADFA. This newly created Authority was empowered to issue tax-exempt bonds and other debt instruments for: housing development, industrial manufacturing facilities, agricultural business enterprises, educational facilities, health care facilities, municipalities and infrastructure projects.

The Authority is governed by a Board of Directors which is composed of the State Treasurer, Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, and 10 public members appointed by the Governor. The president of the Authority is an ex-officio non-voting member of the Board. ADFA employs a permanent full-time staff of professionals and support staff.

Bonds and other debt instruments issued by the Authority and its predecessor are special obligations of the Authority, payable solely from and secured by a first lien on the proceeds, moneys, revenues, rights, interest and collections pledged under the resolutions authorizing the particular issues. The State of Arkansas is not obligated to pay the bonds and other debt instruments, and neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State of Arkansas is pledged to the payment of the principal or redemption price of or interest on the bonds and other debt instruments.

The Arkansas Development Finance Authority Bond Guaranty Act of 1985 authorized a grant of \$6,000,000 from the State Treasurer to establish a Bond Guaranty Fund Reserve Account for the purpose of enhancing and supporting the credit of bonds and other debt instruments to be issued by the Authority. As of March 31, 1993, the Bond Guaranty Fund totaled \$14,195,205. If defaults of guaranteed bonds exhaust the Reserve Account, the Authority is authorized to issue its bonds to retire the debt and draw funds from the State Treasurer for debt service on the bonds. The funds shall be drawn from the State Board of Finance Trust Fund Account which is comprised of interest accrued upon the State General Fund.

ADFA has a nation-wide reputation for leading the way in innovative and results-oriented economic development and housing programs.

FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT ADFA AND ITS PROGRAMS CALL DERRICK ROSE, COMMUNICATIONS OFFICER AT (501) 682-5904.

ADFA

HOME INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIPS PROGRAM

Overview & Uses of HOME Funds

Home funds may be used for a variety of activities to develop and support affordable housing for low income Arkansans. Through a HUD Federal Grant, Arkansas was allocated \$11.164 million for fiscal year 1992 and \$7.520 million for fiscal year 1993. Eligible activities include:

- **Tenant-Based Rental Assistance (TBRA):** TBRA Contracts must have a minimum lease of one year and cannot exceed two years, however, they can be renewed.
- **Rental Rehabilitation:** HOME funds may be used for the rehabilitation of multi-family and single family rental housing for moderate to substantial rehabilitation of a project.
- **New Construction:** New Construction includes: newly built projects; existing projects which involve the addition of new units outside existing walls of the structure and property which received its first certificate of occupancy within 1 year of receiving HOME assistance.
- **Assistance to Homebuyers and Homeowners:** HOME funds may be used to assist eligible first time homebuyers to finance the purchase of a home, and to both first-time homebuyers and existing low-income homeowners, to rehabilitate their homes.

ELIGIBLE APPLICANTS

- *Any unit of local government (City / County)
- *Public Agency (i.e. Public Housing Authority)
- *Non Profit Organizations
- *Private developers
- *Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDO's): A CHDO is a nonprofit agency that has among its purposes a commitment to provide decent and affordable housing to low-income residents and history of serving low income community residents.

Types of Rehabilitation

The dollar limits below include all costs, not just HOME funds.

Moderate Rehab: \$25,000 or less per unit

Substantial Rehab: \$25,000 plus per unit

Conversion: Can not extend units beyond the walls of existing building except to meet codes and can not be converted to commercial use.

Serving Low-Income Families

All HOME funds used for rental housing and tenant based assistance must be for families whose incomes are 60 percent of the area median income or less. Twenty percent of the units must be reserved for families making 50 percent of the area median income or less. The rents in HOME assisted units must be affordable to low-income families and remain affordable for a designated amount of time.

Homeowners assisted with HOME funds must have incomes at or below 80% of the area median income. The home must be the owner's principal residence and must be valued at or below 95% of the median area purchase price. Resale provisions apply to first-time homebuyers to assure continued affordability.

Matching Requirements

For FY 93, the match requirement will be one dollar for every four HOME dollars expended for all activities except new construction where the match will be one dollar for every three HOME dollars.

FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT THE HOME INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIP PROGRAM CONTACT RUTH GLOVER AT (501) 682-5993.

ADFA

MULTI-FAMILY HOUSING

LOW-INCOME HOUSING TAX CREDIT PROGRAM

Fiscal year 1986-87 was a year of transition for ADFA's multi-family housing program because the 1986 Tax Reform Act effectively put an end to the use of tax-exempt bond financing for multi-family rental housing. On the other hand, the 1986 Tax Reform Act instituted the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program for owners and developers of low-income rental housing to provide an incentive for non-profit and profit motivated organizations to provide and develop housing for low-income persons and families.

ADFA was authorized to administer the Tax Credit program in 1987 and has issued Tax Credits to 128 projects located in 116 cities or communities across Arkansas. A majority of the units were new construction, providing 5,218 available units for Arkansans whose income does not exceed 60% of the area median income.

Arkansas receives approximately \$3 million in Low-Income Housing Tax Credits per year.

PROGRAM GUIDELINES

- Tax Credits may be provided to owners of residential rental projects providing low-income housing units. The credits are taken annually for a term of ten years, beginning with the tax year in which the project is placed in service or the following year.
- The maximum allowable annual credits are computed so that the annual credits equals approximately 9% of the total project development costs minus the land cost. Projects must be *conventionally financed* and reserved for low-income residents of newly constructed or substantially rehabilitated projects
- Tax Credits equal to approximately 4% of the total project cost minus land cost is available for new construction or substantial rehabilitation projects financed with *federal funds*.
- Acquisition of an existing project is also eligible for tax credits equal to approximately 4% of the total project costs minus land cost if the rehabilitation of each unit exceeds \$3,000. Acquisition of an existing project is only eligible if it has not changed ownership in the past 10-years.
- All projects must comply with income and rent limitations for a minimum of 15 years.

FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT THE LOW-INCOME HOUSING TAX CREDIT PROGRAM
CALL BERNIE HENRY, MULTI FAMILY HOUSING OFFICER AT 682-5900

ADFA SINGLE FAMILY HOUSING PROGRAM

The purpose of ADFA's Single Family Housing Division is to supplement the private sector with the ability to provide safe, sound, and sanitary housing to as many low and moderate income households in Arkansas as possible. The Authority does this through the sale of tax-exempt mortgage revenue bonds thus lowering the interest rate that participating lending institutions are able to offer qualified homebuyers. Over 137 banks, mortgage companies and savings and loan institutions participate in the program.

To be eligible for loans, an applicant must be a first-time homebuyer (must not have owned his/her principal residence for three years prior to closing the bond loan). Homebuyers purchasing a residence in the following targeted areas need not meet the first-time homebuyer regulation: Bradley, Calhoun, Chicot, Clark, Cleburne, Columbia, Conway, Crawford, Crittenden, Cross, Dallas, Desha, Drew, Jefferson, Lafayette, Lee, Lincoln, Madison, Mississippi, Monroe, Nevada, Ouachita, Perry, Phillips, Prairie, St. Francis, Scott, Searcy, White, Woodruff and Yell.

Borrower's income cannot exceed specified limits. These limits vary by county depending on the number in the family and where the property is located. Incomes fall between \$29,200 to \$49,420. Also purchase price cannot exceed \$98,000 for new construction or \$77,000 for existing housing (previously occupied).

The following types of loans are eligible in the program: FHA, V.A., Conventional and FmHA Guaranteed Rural Housing Loans.

Since 1978, 25,000 low-to-moderate income individuals and families in Arkansas have taken advantage of ADFA's Mortgage Revenue Bonds Program.

*FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT ADFA'S SINGLE FAMILY HOUSING PROGRAM CALL
URSULA BLACKARD, SINGLE FAMILY HOUSING OFFICER AT (501) 682-5900*

ADFA

BOND GUARANTY PROGRAM

Why use the Bond Guaranty Program?

Because many companies who qualify for taxable and/or tax-exempt financing do not have the financial strength to access national capital markets, ADFA acts as a guarantor of the bond issue to make the bonds marketable to bond buyers nationwide. The guarantee provides the necessary credit enhancement for the bondholder and takes the place of a Line of Credit or Bond Insurance.

What is the financial strength behind the ADFA guarantee?

The ADFA guarantee is backed by the Bond Guaranty Reserve Fund which presently has a balance of over \$14 million. This reserve is the first source of repayment if the borrower is unable to fulfill his obligations under the contract. Unrestricted cash reserves of ADFA may also be used to pay bondholders should the Reserve Fund become depleted. Liquidation proceeds of the failed project's assets will be offset against the outstanding balance of the bond issue. ADFA has the right to issue its own guaranty bonds to replenish the Reserve which can be repaid with the daily interest earnings on the State Treasury deposits. This is the final source of financial support for the outstanding guarantees.

Who checks up on ADFA to make sure that the Bond Guaranty Program is strong?

The Program has been reviewed and rated A+ by Standard and Poor's. This rating is updated periodically to make sure that the quality of the guarantee is maintained. Standard and Poor's is one of the most respected financial rating agencies in the country. This A+ rating renders the bonds investment grade quality which makes access to the national capital markets a possibility.

Is there a cost associated with the ADFA guarantee?

There is a one time guarantee fee of 5% of the principal amount of the bond issue. Other one time costs associated with tax-exempt bonds are estimated at 2% of the bond issue amount for composite bond issues. These additional costs include underwriter's discount, bond counsel fees, printing costs, Trustee fees and the bond rating fee.

How does the pooling concept of the ADFA Bond Guaranty Program work?

Some costs associated with issuing bonds are approximately the same regardless of size. In order to minimize the effect of these costs, ADFA utilizes a pooling concept by combining several separate projects in one composite bond issue. Each borrower then pays its proportionate share of the single issue cost instead of each paying the full costs separately.

FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT THE ADFA BOND GUARANTY PROGRAM, OR ANY ADFA PROGRAM, PLEASE CALL 1-800-582-6637.

ADFA TAXABLE INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BONDS (IDB's)

What is a taxable IDB?

Taxable IDB's are debt obligations of qualified companies, which are issued and sometimes guaranteed by ADFA and are sold usually as a private placement with investors. The interest income earned by Arkansas bondholders is exempt from State income taxes but is taxable on the Federal level.

What is the benefit of an ADFA guarantee?

The ADFA Bond Guaranty Program has been reviewed and rated A+ by Standard and Poor's. Generally, the private placement of the taxable bond issue is with a pension fund which has legal obligations regarding the safety of its investment portfolio. The addition of the ADFA guarantee gives the pension fund the level of comfort necessary to purchase the bonds. Taxable bonds can also be sold in the national capital markets by investment bankers.

What is the rate of interest on the ADFA guaranteed, taxable, IDB?

The rate of interest on the bonds is affected by the total interest rate environment at the time the bonds are sold. Usually these taxable bonds will carry an interest rate approximately 1.5 percent higher than a comparable tax-exempt bond issue. Early in the application process an estimate of the net effective interest rate can be given by the ADFA staff so the borrower can estimate what effect the debt service requirements of the IDB will have on their financial performance. One major benefit to the borrower is the ability to fix the rate of interest for the entire term of the bond issue.

Why would a borrower choose a taxable issue bond instead of a tax-exempt bond issue?

The up-front costs of a taxable IDB are usually much less than a tax-exempt IDB. This is very attractive to high growth companies which have good cash flows but may not be highly liquid. Taxable IDB's also are more easily incorporated with other financing vehicles such as the SBA 504 loan program. Participating with other financing sources is very useful when the risk of the project is higher than normal. The requirements for qualification (based upon the nature of the business) are much less stringent with a taxable IDB because Federal Tax law restrictions do not apply.

What are the major restrictions of a taxable IDB?

The bonds cannot be used to refinance existing debt nor can they be used to provide working capital financing. State law will not allow bonds to be issued for recreational, entertainment, liquor sales or retail purposes. Elections must be held before bonds can be issued for office buildings, hotels, motels, or tourist attraction facilities.

**FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT TAXABLE BONDS, OR ANY ADFA PROGRAM,
PLEASE CALL 1-800-582-6637.**

ADFA

SPECULATIVE BUILDING LOAN PROGRAM

The Speculative Building Loan Program was proposed in late 1988 and initiated in 1989 with the mission of giving Arkansas communities a competitive advantage over communities in other states by providing a source of financing for the construction of a speculative industrial buildings. After careful research, it was determined that certain shapes, sizes, lot sizes and site access worked best in attracting new industry to communities. With this research in mind, the speculative building program was developed.

Program Guidelines

Local Industrial Development Corporations, interested in constructing a speculative industrial building in their communities can receive a four percent loan from ADFA to cover 50 percent of the cost of the building. The balance of the financing must be raised or committed through local lenders, area businesses or other sources. The loan amount cannot exceed \$250,000 and the principal is due when the building is sold or at the end of five years, whichever comes first.

Building Criteria and Specifications

ADFA requires the building be no larger than 60,000 square feet and no smaller than 40,000. The building must be on a lot of ten acres or more and be located in an industrial park served by utilities. The site must be served by hard a surfaced road suitable for over-the-road trucks. The building can be either pre-engineered steel or concrete tilt-up and must be certified by an Arkansas licensed engineer or architect. The building can be built without a floor but must have a two-inch gravel base and be designed for up to six-inches of reinforced concrete. The eaves should be constructed to a minimum "clear height of 25 feet. Building contractors are subject to the approval of the borrower and ADFA.

Program Results

Several communities have used this program and the results have been mixed.

- Clark County has used this program twice. Their first speculative building was constructed and sold in a very short period of time. Petit Jean Poultry bought the building and created approximately 200 jobs at a time when the unemployment rate in Clark County was 14%. They are expecting the sale of their second speculative building soon.
- Monroe Auto Equipment recently bought a speculative building in Green County that created 100 jobs.
- Three other communities have not had as much success in marketing their buildings but the buildings have served as an added attraction for companies looking for new plant sites.

*FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT THE SPECULATIVE BUILDING LOAN PROGRAM
CALL 1-800-582-6637.*

ADFA INSURED EXPORT LOAN PROGRAM

The ADFA Insured Export Program was designed to assist small service companies, manufacturers, and agri-businesses in obtaining Export Credit Insurance to cover unsecured sales to approved foreign buyers. By protecting foreign receivables from commercial and political risks, Arkansas Exporters are able to offer attractive credit terms to foreign buyers, and meet or beat foreign and domestic competition to international sales.

To participate in the program, an Arkansas company must have a service or product with at least 25 percent of its value added in Arkansas and at least 50 percent of its value added in the United States. After approving a company as a program participant, ADFA, through the Export-Import Bank of the United States (Eximbank), can offer coverage through the Eximbank Umbrella Policy. This policy provides 95% coverage against commercial risks and 100 percent political risk coverage from losses caused by the failure of foreign buyers to pay their credit obligations. Fees vary for each sale according to the length of repayment term and the type of buyer.

ADFA can also assist in securing bank financing for foreign receivables insured under the Eximbank Umbrella Policy. Insurance coverage is assignable to local lenders and may be used as collateral to finance the insured receivables.

FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT THE INSURED EXPORT LOAN PROGRAM CALL 1-800-582-6637.

200
perfectly
Crawford
1/20/94

Dear Friend,

The memorial mass for Robert Kennedy was an occasion not only to remember his life but to rededicate ourselves to his legacy.

We are inspired by his hopeful vision, which included and honored every American. We are challenged by his call to "do better." And we celebrate his memory by continuing his work.

In that spirit, I enclose these remarks.

Best wishes.

We can do the
letter as you
can write a note
on each speech -

Good night
Emile's
Joe's

it's a big big
but not

We can do the speech
like this or by
just printing it regularly
My signature is ugly
and not mine - it looks
Crawford

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REMARKS BY THE PRESIDENT AT MEMORIAL MASS FOR ROBERT F. KENNEDY

JUNE 6, 1993

ARLINGTON NATIONAL CEMETERY • ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA

Father Creedon, Mrs. Kennedy, the children of Robert Kennedy and the Kennedy family, to all the distinguished Americans here present, and most of all, to all of you who bear the noble title, citizen of this country.

Twenty-five years ago today, on the eve of my college graduation, I cheered the victory of Robert Kennedy in the California primary, and felt again that our country might face its problems openly, meet its challenges bravely, and go forward together.

He dared us all. He dared the grieving not to retreat into despair. He dared the comfortable not to be complacent. He dared the doubting to keep going.

As I looked around this crowd today and saw us all graced not only by the laughter of children, but by the tears of those of us old enough to remember, it struck me again that the memory of Robert Kennedy is so powerful, that in a profound way we are all in two places today. We are here and now; and we are there, then.

For in Robert Kennedy we all invested our hopes and our dreams that somehow we might redeem the promise of the America we then feared we were losing. Somehow we might call back the promise of President Kennedy and Martin Luther King, and heal the divisions of Vietnam and the violence and pain in our own country.

But I believe if Robert Kennedy were here today he would dare us not to mourn his passing, but to fulfill his promise and to be the people that he so badly wanted us all to be. He would dare us to leave yesterday and embrace tomorrow.

We remember him, almost captured in freeze-frame, standing on the hood of a car, grasping at out-reached hands, black and brown and white. His promise was that the hands which reached out to him might someday actually reach out to each other. And together, those hands could make America everything that it ought to be—a nation reunited with itself and rededicated to its best ideals.

When his funeral train passed through the gritty cities of the Northeast, people from both sides of the tracks stood silent. He had earned their respect because he went to places most leaders never visit, and listened to people most leaders never hear, and spoke simple truth most leaders never speak.

He spoke out against neglect, but he challenged the neglected to seize their own destiny. He wanted so badly for government to act, but he did not trust bureaucracy. And he believed that government had to do things with people, not for them.

He knew we had to do things together or not at all. He spoke to the sons and daughters of immigrants and the sons and daughters of sharecroppers, and told them all, as long as you stay apart from each other, you will never be what you ought to be.

He saw the world not in terms of right and left, but right and wrong. And he taught us lessons that cannot be labeled except as powerful truths. Robert Kennedy reminded us that on any day, in any place, at any time, racism is wrong; exploitation is wrong; violence is wrong; anything that denies the simple humanity and potential of any man or woman is wrong.

He touched children whose stomachs were swollen with hunger, but whose eyes still sparkled with life. He marched with workers who strained their backs for poverty wages while harvesting our food. He walked down city streets with people who ached, not from work, but from the lack of it. Then as now, his piercing eyes and urgent voice speak of the things we all like to think that we believe.

When he was alive, some said he was ruthless. Some said he wasn't a real liberal, and others claimed he was a real radical. If he were here today, I think he would laugh and say they were both right. But now as we see him more clearly, we understand he was a man who was very gentle to those who were most vulnerable; very tough in the standards he kept for himself; very old-fashioned in the virtues in which he believed. And he was a relentless searcher for change, for growth, for the potential of heart and mind that he demanded in himself and he sought for others.

Robert Kennedy understood that the real purpose of leadership is to bring out the best in others. He believed the destiny of our nation is the sum total of all the decisions that each of us make. He often said that one person can make a difference, and each of us must try.

Some still believe we lost what is best about America when President Kennedy and Martin Luther King and Robert Kennedy were killed. But I ask you to remember, my fellow Americans, that Robert Kennedy did not lose his faith when his own brother was killed. And when Martin Luther King was killed, he gave from his heart what was perhaps his finest speech. He lifted himself from despair time after time and went back to work.

If you listen now, you can hear with me his voice telling me and telling you and telling everyone here, "We can do better." Today's troubles call us to do better. The legacy of Robert Kennedy is a stern rebuke to the cynicism, to the trivialization, that grips so much of our public life today.

What use is it in the face of the aching problems gripping millions of Americans—the American without a job, the American without health care, the American without a safe street to live on or a good school to send a child to? What use is it in the face of all the divisions that keep our country down and rob our children of their rightful future?

Let us learn here the simple, powerful, beautiful lesson, the simple faith of Robert Kennedy: We can do better.

Let us leave here no longer in two places, but once again in one only: in the here and now, with a commitment to tomorrow, the only part of our time that we can control. Let us embrace the memory of Robert Kennedy by living as he would have us live. For the sake of his memory, of ourselves and of all of our children and all those to come, let us believe again: we can do better.

Rin Clinton

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REMARKS BY THE PRESIDENT AT MEMORIAL MASS FOR ROBERT F. KENNEDY

JUNE 6, 1993

ARLINGTON NATIONAL CEMETERY • ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA

Father Creedon, Mrs. Kennedy, the children of Robert Kennedy and the Kennedy family, to all the distinguished Americans here present, and most of all, to all of you who bear the noble title, citizen of this country.

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For in Robert Kennedy we all invested our hopes and our dreams that somehow we might redeem the promise of the America we then feared we were losing. Somehow we might call back the promise of President Kennedy and Martin Luther King, and heal the divisions of Vietnam and the violence and pain in our own country.

But I believe if Robert Kennedy were here today he would dare us not to mourn his passing, but to fulfill his promise and to be the people that he so badly wanted us all to be. He would dare us to leave yesterday and embrace tomorrow.

We remember him, almost captured in freeze-frame, standing on the hood of a car, grasping at out-reached hands, black and brown and white. His promise was that the hands which reached out to him might someday actually reach out to each other. And together, those hands could make America everything that it ought to be—a nation reunited with itself and rededicated to its best ideals.

When his funeral train passed through the gritty cities of the Northeast, people from both sides of the tracks stood silent. He had earned their respect because he went to places most leaders never visit, and listened to people most leaders never hear, and spoke simple truth most leaders never speak.

He spoke out against neglect, but he challenged the neglected to seize their own destiny. He wanted so badly for government to act, but he did not trust bureaucracy. And he believed that government had to do things with people, not for them.

He knew we had to do things together or not at all. He spoke to the sons and daughters of immigrants and the sons and daughters of sharecroppers, and told them all, as long as you stay apart from each other, you will never be what you ought to be.

He saw the world not in terms of right and left, but right and wrong. And he taught us lessons that cannot be labeled except as powerful truths. Robert Kennedy reminded us that on any day, in any place, at any time, racism is wrong; exploitation is wrong; violence is wrong; anything that denies the simple humanity and potential of any man or woman is wrong.

He touched children whose stomachs were swollen with hunger, but whose eyes still sparkled with life. He marched with workers who strained their backs for poverty wages while harvesting our food. He walked down city streets with people who ached, not from work, but from the lack of it. Then as now, his piercing eyes and urgent voice speak of the things we all like to think that we believe.

When he was alive, some said he was ruthless. Some said he wasn't a real liberal, and others claimed he was a real radical. If he were here today, I think he would laugh and say they were both right. But now as we see him more clearly, we understand he was a man who was very gentle to those who were most vulnerable; very tough in the standards he kept for himself; very old-fashioned in the virtues in which he believed. And he was a relentless searcher for change, for growth, for the potential of heart and mind that he demanded in himself and he sought for others.

Robert Kennedy understood that the real purpose of leadership is to bring out the best in others. He believed the destiny of our nation is the sum total of all the decisions that each of us make. He often said that one person can make a difference, and each of us must try.

Some still believe we lost what is best about America when President Kennedy and Martin Luther King and Robert Kennedy were killed. But I ask you to remember, my fellow Americans, that Robert Kennedy did not lose his faith when his own brother was killed. And when Martin Luther King was killed, he gave from his heart what was perhaps his finest speech. He lifted himself from despair time after time and went back to work.

If you listen now, you can hear with me his voice telling me and telling you and telling everyone here, "We can do better." Today's troubles call us to do better. The legacy of Robert Kennedy is a stern rebuke to the cynicism, to the trivialization, that grips so much of our public life today.

What use is it in the face of the aching problems gripping millions of Americans—the American without a job, the American without health care, the American without a safe street to live on or a good school to send a child to? What use is it in the face of all the divisions that keep our country down and rob our children of their rightful future?

Let us learn here the simple, powerful, beautiful lesson, the simple faith of Robert Kennedy: We can do better.

Let us leave here no longer in two places, but once again in one only: in the here and now, with a commitment to tomorrow, the only part of our time that we can control. Let us embrace the memory of Robert Kennedy by living as he would have us live. For the sake of his memory, of ourselves and of all of our children and all those to come, let us believe again: we can do better.

Bill Clinton

From the desk of -
LYNDA DIXON

Nancy ✓

Please give this to

BC.

Thanks

Probably
won't
consider

PHOTOCOPY
WJC HANDWRITING



LYNDA DIXON
PRESIDENTIAL AND WHITE HOUSE LIAISON

CLINTON-ARKANSAS OFFICE

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE

1 CENTER, SUITE 1500 • LITTLE ROCK, AR 72201
501-372-5500 • FAX 501-375-0512



BILL CLINTON

TO: Stephanie Streett cc: President Clinton
FROM: Lynda Dixon
SUBJECT: Dedication of the William Jefferson Clinton school
DATE: January 19, 1994

Enclosed you will find a letter from Bobby Lester, Superintendent of the Pulaski County Special School District.

Stephanie, I will be pushing hard for the President to come to the dedication of this school. As far as I know, it is the first school in the United States to be named for him.

Most importantly, Virginia Kelley broke the ground for this school. She was so proud to be involved and looked forward to the day when it could be dedicated in the name of her son. She told me that of all the events she had done in Arkansas, this was her favorite.

I try not to ask for too much, but this one is very important to me.

Thanks for your help.

Returning to you for your files, memo

I have a copy w/ your 2.15.94 pending
letter from Rich

111 Center, Suite 1500 • Little Rock, AR 72201

501-372-5500 • Fax 501-375-0512

[Paid for by the Democratic National Committee]



PULASKI COUNTY SPECIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

1500 Dixon Road/P.O. Box 8601
Little Rock, Arkansas 72216
(501) 490-2000

January 4, 1994

Ms. Stephanie Streett
White House
1600 Pennsylvania Ave.
Washington DC

Dear Ms. Streett:

On behalf of the Pulaski County Special School District, I wish to invite President Clinton to participate in the official dedication ceremonies for William Jefferson Clinton Elementary School. We are extremely excited about Clinton Elementary, which to our knowledge is the first school in the nation to be named for President Clinton.

Dedication ceremonies are being planned for Friday, October 7, 1994. This date is flexible, and we would be more than happy to reschedule the festivities to fit more conveniently within the President's hectic schedule.

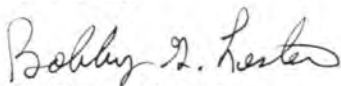
In working with Lynda Dixon, of the Clinton Arkansas office, current plans would involve the President's presence from 10 a.m. to 2 p.m. A timeline and description of proposed events is enclosed. Clinton Arkansas is the school's "Partner in Education" and will be involved as we continue to plan for dedication festivities. (Groundbreaking ceremonies for Clinton Elementary were conducted on October 4, 1993. Mrs. Virginia Kelley, the President's mother, was on hand and made the event an exciting prologue to the upcoming dedication ceremonies.)

Pulaski County Special School District is the second largest school district in Arkansas, serving a 729 square mile area. We have schools in Little Rock, North Little Rock, Sherwood, Jacksonville and Maumelle.

Clinton Elementary is an interdistrict school with an educational theme of speech and technology. The school is in Sherwood, Arkansas, and will open for instruction for the 1994-1995 school year. The District has petitioned the Court to declare magnet status for the school.

We look forward to receiving confirmation of the President's appearance, and are available to answer any questions or concerns you may have regarding the ceremony.

Sincerely,


Bobby G. Lester,
Superintendent of Schools

c Lynda Dixon

William Jefferson Clinton Elementary School Dedication Ceremonies

**Friday,
October 7, 1994**

(PCSSD representatives assigned to accompany the President in all activities will be the Superintendent of Schools, Administrator for Information/Special Services and the Information Services Specialist)

- | | |
|------------|---|
| 10 a.m. | President Clinton arrives at the school. The President will meet with the principal, the assistant principal, the Superintendent of Schools, the Administrator for Information/Special Services and the Information Services Specialist for a briefing on the day's events. |
| 10:30 a.m. | President Clinton will tour the school, visiting classrooms and interacting with the students of Clinton Elementary. |
| 11:30 a.m. | President Clinton will have lunch in the cafeteria with the school principal, the Board of Education and the students. |
| 12:15 p.m. | A reception honoring President Clinton for faculty/staff, volunteers and invited guests will be held. |
| 1:30 p.m. | Dedication ceremony will begin. Among those speaking will be the Superintendent of Schools, the president of the Board of Education, and President Clinton. One highlight of the ceremony will include the unveiling of a portrait of President Clinton painted by a PCSSD teacher, Beth Poole. |

BILL CLINTON

Oct 7, 1994
Lucky
1/28
m8

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Thanks for your help.



PULASKI COUNTY SPECIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

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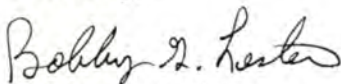
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Sincerely,


Bobby G. Lester,
Superintendent of Schools

c Lynda Dixon



PULASKI COUNTY SPECIAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

1500 Dixon Road/P.O. Box 8601
Little Rock, Arkansas 72216
(501) 490-2000

January 4, 1994

Ms. Patti Solis
White House
1600 Pennsylvania Ave.
Washington DC

Dear Ms. Solis:

On behalf of the Pulaski County Special School District, I wish to invite the First Lady to participate in the official dedication ceremonies for William Jefferson Clinton Elementary School. We are extremely excited about Clinton Elementary, which to our knowledge is the first school in the nation to be named for President Clinton.

Dedication ceremonies are being planned for Friday, October 7, 1994. President Clinton has, of course, been invited to participate also.

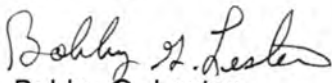
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Important log

→ To: Ricki cc: Mack, Phil, Bruce
Fr: Emory
Dt: 12/16
Re: 1994: Sports

F.y.i., a couple of 1994 sports related scheduling items:

- June 94*
file
Aug. 94
1. The World Cup: Opening in Chicago, June.
Finals in Pasadena, August.

This will be huge, both internationally and with urban ethnics in this country. Alan Rothenberg, my friend and former law partner who is President of the World Cup, will insure that all our needs are met.

- NOV*
94
2. Army/Navy Game, either last Sat. in Nov. or first in Dec.

Several of our appointees at the Army and the Navy mentioned that the President ought to attend next year. Apparently it is traditional for him to ride one way in the Army car and the other with the Navy on the train that is chartered from DC for the event.

great ideas -
has'nt discussed schedule
issues f 94! Phil - Phil

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

5/2

PODNEY

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USA TODAY

January 14, 1994, Friday, FINAL EDITION

SECTION: NEWS; Pg. 4A

LENGTH: 677 words

HEADLINE: Salesman details Hillary's role / Says some of her actions were his idea

BYLINE: Judy Keen; Dennis Cauchon

DATELINE: FLIPPIN, Ark.

BODY:

The man who sold Whitewater lots says he, not Hillary Rodham Clinton, was responsible for her role in two of several areas likely to be part of a special counsel's probe of the deal.

Chris Wade, who handled all sales at the Whitewater Development Co. Inc. property, says he initiated her active involvement, which critics have used to undermine the claim of President Clinton and Hillary Clinton that their participation in the investment was minimal.

Most of the 42 lots have been sold in the 230-acre development along the White River. Only a handful of homes have been built.

Interviewed at his realty office here, Wade says, to his knowledge, the Clintons never visited the property.

"They were really passive investors," he says. That changed when he urged Hillary Clinton to become more actively involved:

-- He suggested that Hillary Clinton seek power of attorney over Whitewater in November 1988. That would have effectively given her control.

Wade says the Clintons' partner in the deal, James McDougal, was too busy with his failing Madison Guaranty Savings and Loan to make routine business decisions.

"That was my idea," Wade says of the letter in which Hillary Clinton requested power of attorney. "I couldn't get ahold of Jim because of the Madison problems. Hillary and I were talking on the phone and I told her she should get power of attorney so we could deal with some decisions on Whitewater. I don't know that she ever did get it."

PHOTOCOPY
WJC HANDWRITING

Bruce Lindsey, a senior Clinton adviser at the White House, says Hillary Clinton never acquired power of attorney.

-- Wade suggested that Hillary Clinton pay for a model home on the property in 1981 to try to spur sales. To build the three-bedroom, ranch-style modular home on the 2.66-acre lot, Hillary Clinton borrowed \$ 30,000 from the Bank of Kingston, Ark., in which McDougal had an interest.

In 1988, Wade says, it was also his idea that she buy back the home from the estate of an owner who went bankrupt before dying. "Here we had a loan on the house, nobody making payments," says Wade. "We had a problem. . . . (Her repurchase of the house) was the only way."

She bought it in September 1988 for \$ 8,000 and sold it two months later for \$ 28,000.

Hillary Clinton's involvement in Whitewater's management, as described by Wade, runs counter to the Clintons' efforts to downplay their role.

Still, says Wade, "Hillary Clinton didn't do anything wrong - nothing. Absolutely, and that's not a guess. That's a fact. I know it."

Wade has turned over documents relating to Whitewater to the FBI and says she expects to be subpoenaed by the special counsel who will investigate Whitewater.

Meanwhile, Beverly Bassett Schaffer, then the state supervisor of savings and loans, says a letter she received from Hillary Clinton's law firm requesting permission for Madison Guaranty to raise money from investors was routine and did not imply pressure from then-governor Clinton.

On April 30, 1985, the Rose Law Firm wrote to Schaffer's agency seeking the go-ahead to sell preferred stock to shore up Madison's net worth. The letter asked state regulators to contact Hillary Clinton or her colleague at Rose, Richard Massey, if they had questions.

Two weeks later, Schaffer wrote a "Dear Hillary" letter saying the plan "is not inconsistent with Arkansas law." The appropriateness of Hillary Clinton's representation of Madison in the request - made to an official appointed by her husband - also has been questioned.

Madison was owned by McDougal, the Clintons' partner in the Whitewater investment. The thrift failed in 1989 and cost taxpayers \$ 47 million to \$ 60 million.

"Nobody in my office would have any problem saying 'no' (to the Rose Law Firm request) just because her name was on it,"

PHOTOCOPY
WJC HANDWRITING

Schaffer says. "Nobody was going to get fired over that. Bill Clinton was my boss, not Hillary Clinton."

Wade says McDougal handled all of Whitewater's finances while Wade handled the marketing of the vacation-home lots, surveying of the property and the construction of access roads.

GRAPHIC: GRAPHIC, b/w, Gary Visgaitis, USA TODAY (Map); PHOTO, b/w, Laurie Tedford, AP

9/10/94
APPROPRIATE
Marshall Kline Buying Service

213-689-1269
FAX 213-689-9170

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN 3/14

31st January 1994

President Bill Clinton
THE WHITE HOUSE
Washington D.C. 20500

Dear /Presidnet Clinton:

Our Los Angeles Times carried stories about people waiting in line 18 hours just to get an appointment to apply for a FEMA loan. Then they had to come back and wait 6 hours to fill out the paperwork.

I called the FEMA Hot line 800-462-9029. The phone rang twice, and a lovely voiced lady came on the line and accomplished my application in about 90 seconds.

I am getting sick and tired reading about newspapers bad-mouthing the government and bureaucracy. The system works and your efforts in behalf of we in Southern California are to be commended.

Thank you and thanks to The FEMA Staff who are demonstrating that the system works.

Sincerely,

Marshall Kline
Marshall Kline

Scanned

PHOTOCOPY
WJC HANDWRITING

Marshall Kline Buying Service

110 E. 9th Street B-489 • Los Angeles, CA 90079



President Bill Clinton

THE WHITE HOUSE

Washington D.C.

20500





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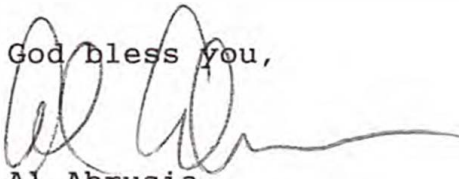
THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN ³/₁₄

January 8, 1994

✓
Dear Mr. President,

I am writing you to personally thank you for all the help you provided in my time of need. As a resident of Northridge, California and one who has suffered both financially and emotionally as a result of the earthquake, your compassion is deeply appreciated.

God bless you,


Al Abrusia

→
**PHOTOCOPY
WJC HANDWRITING**



ABRUSIA & ASSOCIATES
Professional Placement Services Since 1980



The White House
1900 Pennsylvania Ave
Washington D.C.
President Bill Clinton

1900 S. Sepulveda Blvd., Suite 207
Los Angeles, CA 90025

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

RM

January 12, 1994

94 JAN 12 P4:34

MEMORANDUM FOR TODD STERN

From: Joe Velasquez
Subject: NAFTA Commissions

The AFL-CIO is very interested in participating in any and all NAFTA projects, including the trade, labor and environmental commissions. They would like to recommend people for these positions.

The unions see NAFTA as a done deal and know they must work with us on its implementation.

Their input on these commissions will save us political damage down the road.

Please advise.

Thanks.

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN ^{2/10}

94 FEB 9 P4:22

Send

POTUS - JNF
MSSIE - JNF
HAROLD - JNF

~~Handwritten signature~~

Cooler JNF

MEMORANDUM

TO: MACK MCLARTY
DAVID GERGEN

FROM: MARK GEARAN *web*

RE: JAPAN SUMMIT PLAN

DATE: 8 FEBRUARY 1994

In advance of the President's meeting with Prime Minister Hosakawa, the NEC and Communications staffs have been meeting to prepare the press for the Summit. Most important, we narrowed the voices of the Administration on this topic to Mickey Kantor and Bo Cutter, and have devised an ambitious plan in advance of Friday's meeting.

For your review, I attach Michael Waldman's memo to the NEC Deputies which reviews the plan for the week.

attachment

TO: NEC DEPUTIES

FROM: MICHAEL WALDMAN, WHITE HOUSE
AGENCY PRESS/COMMUNICATIONS OFFICES

SUBJECT: PRESS/COMMUNICATIONS STRATEGY FOR JAPAN SUMMIT

Here is our cut at a press timetable for the next two days, honed at a meeting of communications personnel from the various agencies, with some initial tasks/assignments. To the extent possible, we have sought to limit the number of voices speaking for the government here (primarily to Cutter and Kantor). (On other issues relating to the summit -- e.g., foreign policy generally, macroeconomic stimulus, etc., agencies will clearly be talking to the press. But we strongly encourage you to defer to Mickey and Bo on the framework talks themselves.)

Trade press -- The key trade press who regularly cover the negotiations will be called Monday afternoon (today) by Kantor and Cutter. Several of these reporters (from the NYT, WP, WSJ and AP) should be called every day.

Talking points: The NEC substantive talking points should be used.

Political press -- The White House and political reporters who have not followed the issue, but who will be critical players in the portrayal of the summit, need to be spoken to Tuesday (tomorrow). Kantor, Cutter and Altman will reach out to them jointly and severally. They will meet with a) the newsmagazines (as a block); b) newspapers/wires (NYT, WP, WSJ, AP, LAT etc.); and c) networks (each gets a separate call)

Talking points: New "political" talking points will be produced by tomorrow AM by Michael Waldman and WH communications.

Daily communications meetings -- The next meeting is tomorrow morning (Tuesday) at 10:15AM in Bob Kyle's office at the OEOB.

Future activities

- McNeill-Lehrer -- M-N is interested, naturally, in previewing the summit. We should offer them Mickey Kantor for Wednesday.
- White House background briefing -- It will make sense to do a briefing room briefing, but it is not clear when that is wisest. We will revisit that Tues.
- Japan strategy -- USIA/State should coordinate a Japan media strategy. Suggestion: bypass print press by putting VP on Japanese TV.
- WH columnists briefing -- As at other summits, we should plan to bring in the columnists the day before for a background session with key principals.

ASSIGNMENTS OF REPORTERS/OFFICIALS

1. Trade & foreign policy press -- TO CALL TODAY

WSJ	Bob Davis*	BC
NYT	Tom Friedman*	MK
WP	Peter Behr*	MK
AP	Marty Kruisinger*	? *=call every day
LAT	James Gerstenzang	MK
USA Tod.	Mark Memmoff	BC
Fin. Times	Nancy Dunne	BC
J of C	John Maggs	MK
Reuters	Lyndsay Griffiths	BC
AP-Dow	Bill Murray	MK
Ch.Trb.	Michael Arndt	MK
Bloomberg		
Business	Steve Dryden	BC

2. Political/White House press -- to be called in for private interviews (Tues.)

Networks

ABC	Mark Halperin/Brit Hume	Bo Cutter
NBC	Andrea Mitchell	Roger Altman
CBS	Rita Braver	Mickey Kantor
CNN	Wolf Blitzer	MK

Newsmagazines -- to be brought in as a "tong" on Tues. AM to meet with Kantor, Cutter, and Altman. Each publication should be asked to send one person.

Time	Mike Duffy
Newsweek	Eleanor Clift/Bob Cohn
US News	Ken Walsh/Matt Cooper

Major papers/wires -- These are people who do not regularly cover trade talks, but who will parachute into the summit story at the last minute. The earlier we talk to them, the more inoculation. They will be brought in as a "tong" Tuesday afternoon to see Kantor, Cutter, Altman.

WP	Ann Devroy
NYT	Gwen Ifill
WSJ	Mike Frisby
LAT	David Lauter
AP	Ron Fournier
USA Tod.	Adam Nagourney

THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

February 5, 1994

STATEMENT BY THE PRESIDENT

I am outraged by this deliberate attack on the people of Sarajevo. There can be no possible military justification for an attack against a marketplace where women, men and children of the city were pursuing their everyday lives.

The United Nations should urgently investigate this incident and clearly identify those who are guilty.

I have directed that Secretary Christopher engage our allies in Europe and the United Nations on the situation and on appropriate next steps. As he and Secretary of Defense Perry have stated, we rule nothing out.

I have also directed the Department of Defense to offer its assistance in evacuating, hospitalizing and treating those injured in this savage attack.

I know I speak for all Americans in expressing our revulsion and anger at this cowardly act.

CLASS: UNCLASSIFIED NWSID: A0683198

SOURCE: AP

v38611nt--

r i AP-Bosnia:Perry 02-06 0169

AP-Bosnia: **Perry**

! GENERAL NEWS !

Perry Tones Down Bosnia Rhetoric

(**Munich**, Germany) -- Defense Secretary William **Perry** denounced the latest bloodshed in Bosnia today but took a milder tone than in comments yesterday when he raised the specter of air strikes.

Perry is returning to Washington from Germany today for consultations with President Clinton on what action the U-S might take.

Perry says yesterday's attack, which killed 66 people in Sarajevo's main marketplace, is an "unforgivable incident." He says there's no possible justification for an attack on men, women and children buying food.

But **Perry** today called for a negotiated settlement, and didn't mention air strikes.

APTV-02-06-94 0824EST

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CLASS: UNCLASSIFIED NWSID: R0683182

SOURCE: REUTER

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^BC-YUGOSLAVIA-PERRY-STRIKES -2 MUNICH@

Perry was speaking before flying back to Washington to consult with President Bill Clinton after a mortar attack in Sarajevo on Saturday killed 68 people and injured about 200.

"I can tell you unequivocally at this stage that we will not take any military action without considering seriously what the effect would be on the situation in Bosnia," **Perry** said.

"And we will not invoke air strikes unilaterally, not with 28,000 troops of our allies on the ground in Bosnia."

Perry said he shared the frustration of many over the killing of thousands of civilians in Bosnia, but insisted that the United States and NATO had also saved thousands of lives with humanitarian relief to the country and maintaining a no-fly zone over the country.

"We can make grand statements, we can cry out about the morality of the situation," **Perry** said, but he also insisted that there was no support in the United States or among Western allies for putting thousands of fighting troops into Bosnia to impose a peace that warring Moslems, Serbs, and Croats had not yet accepted.

REUTER

Reut08:10 02-06

DIST:

CLASS: UNCLASSIFIED NWSID: R0683171

SOURCE: REUTER

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u i BC-YUGOSLAVIA-**PERRY**-STRI 02-06 0077

^BC-YUGOSLAVIA-**PERRY**-STRIKES@

^U.S. CAUTIOUS ON BOSNIA AIR STRIKES@

MUNICH, Feb 6 (Reuter) - America will not launch air strikes in Bosnia without close consultation with Western allies who have 28,000 troops there, U.S. Defence Secretary William **Perry** said on Sunday.

``The question is what will the political effect be, not can we bomb some facilities and destroy some facilities and kill some people," he told a conference on European security.

``There is no doubt about our capability of doing that (air strikes)."

MORE

Reut07:52 02-06

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^BC-YUGOSLAVIA-PERRY (SCHEDULED)@

^U.S. DEFENCE CHIEF WARNS SERBS ON SARAJEVO SHELLING@
By Charles Aldinger

MUNICH, Feb 5 (Reuter) - New U.S. Defence Secretary William **Perry** warned Serbian gunners around Sarajevo on Saturday that western airstrikes might be launched against them if the killing of civilians continues in the besieged Bosnian capital.

"That will be certainly be considered," **Perry** told reporters following the deaths of 51 civilians when a shell hit Sarajevo's main open air market earlier on Saturday.

"President (Bill) Clinton has already stated that we would not permit the strangulation of Sarajevo," he said in response to questions during a two-day European security conference in **Munich**.

"If the action which is being described today would be seen to be strangulation and we cannot prevent that, we would definately consider stronger action, including airstrikes."

But the vague threat did not seem to advance the prospect of any United Nations decision to order NATO airstrikes against Bosnian Serbs.

British Defence Minister Malcolm Rifkind, also attending the conference, questioned the value of military intervention to end the conflict between Bosnian Serbs, Moslems and Croats.

"The rest of the world cannot send in armies into what is a cruel and vicious civil war," Rifkind said.

"Clearly for civilians to be massacred in this way, whether it's by Serbs, whether it's Croats, whether Moslems, does not advance any military objective."

"It is simply useless carnage."

Asked if the carnage increased pressure on the UN and NATO to do something, Rifkind replied:

"If by that question are you meaning, can the rest of the world impose an external military solution, I don't think anyone seriously argues that that is possible."

Perry said earlier that the United States had led the faltering NATO alliance out of a dangerous post-Cold War drift by pushing the "Partnership for Peace" plan for ties with Russia and other budding east European democracies.

But he said the West must press ahead rapidly to develop the programme, which offers eastern states defence cooperation but stops short of alliance membership or security gaurantees.

``It's one thing to agree in principle and another thing to do it," **Perry** said of last month's NATO summit agreement on the plan.

He spoke to reporters en route from Washington a day after being sworn in to replace former defence secretary Les Aspin.

Perry, in a 30-minute interview aboard his plane flying to **Munich**, told reporters he was trying to avoid some of the mistakes that dogged his friend Aspin as Pentagon chief.

Aspin was often attacked for his ill-fitting poplin suit of light colour and was criticised by some Europeans last year when he went to the **Munich** conference but held a day-long series of bilateral meetings with defence ministers instead of attending conference sessions.

Perry opened the interview by telling reporters that the first thing he did on Friday after being sworn in on Thursday night was to go to Nordstrom department store near the Pentagon and buy a dark blue suit for his formal swearing-in ceremony in two weeks.

``So that's a crucial bit of information. I bought a new suit right off the bat," he smiled. ``Dark blue. I learned my lesson well."

Perry also set bilateral meetings with only two other defence ministers in **Munich**, Britain's Rifkind and Germany's Volker Ruehe.

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE
Office of the Spokesman

For Immediate Release

February 5, 1994

STATEMENT BY SECRETARY OF STATE WARREN CHRISTOPHER

The U.S. shares the outrage of the rest of the world at the shelling of the marketplace in Sarajevo, which has resulted in the largest single death toll from shelling since the conflict began. It is obvious that there were no military targets in the area. Whoever carried out the attack would have known that large numbers of civilians would be at the Saturday market in downtown Sarajevo shopping for food and the other necessities of life. This was clearly a deliberate ~~criminal~~ attack designed to kill large numbers of innocent civilians.

We will press for immediate action by the UN to determine responsibility for this attack. We do not rule out the use of NATO air strikes once responsibility has been fixed. I have already discussed it with British Foreign Secretary Douglas Hurd, and we will be consulting with our allies over the weekend. This unforgiveable incident clearly demonstrates the need to find a negotiated settlement to the conflict in the former Yugoslavia.

BOSNIA

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

February 24, 1994

94 MAR 3 AIO : 38

MEMORANDUM FOR PHIL LADER

FROM: MACK McLARTY

SUBJECT: WILLIAM COLEMAN APPOINTMENT

After visiting with Bruce Lindsey, I think we should be able to move forward with the appointment of William Coleman in the near term. According to Bruce, the DOD people are less than positive about Bill's appointment, but the President is committed to it. Thus, we need to push forward. The only outstanding matter is a tax dispute between Bill's firm and the State of California; and you raised the question of whether or not he had properly disclosed that tax lien during his vetting. I hope that this dispute and his non-disclosure will not be determinative in our going ahead with his appointment.

Bottom line -- we need to get this appointment done as soon as possible.

Mack

28 Feb 94

Mack -
This has now
been shaken loose. I'll
report back to you when it's
certain and "announce-able."
Phil

Mr. President -
Mack is
the right direction.
Finalized soon.
Mack

EMPLOYER VERSUS INDIVIDUAL MANDATE

THE CHAFEE AND NICKLES BILLS BOTH INCLUDE AN INDIVIDUAL MANDATE, WHICH HAS THE FOLLOWING PROBLEMS:

1) LARGE COSTS FOR INDIVIDUALS AND GOVERNMENT

- Families cannot afford to pay 15–20 percent of their income for health insurance. Our bill caps payments at 3.9 percent of gross income unless people have significant unearned income.
- Without employer contributions, federal subsidies must be large to make insurance affordable to a majority of Americans. Chafee and Nickles do not estimate how costly their plan would be.

2) PROMOTES WORKER INSECURITY

- Once subsidies are in place, employers have an incentive to drop contributions toward health insurance for their workers -- particularly low-wage workers who will be eligible for subsidies.
- A worker has no guarantee that money his employer formerly contributed for coverage will come back to him in the form of higher wages in a timely fashion, if ever.
 - The Chafee bill optimistically assumes that all employers will continue to voluntarily cover their employees.
 - The Nickles bill requires employers to transfer all health payments to wages on a one-time basis in 1996. This still leaves the burden on families as health costs rise faster than wages in the future, or if a job is lost or changed.

3) REQUIRES HUGE BUREAUCRACY AND IS UNPOPULAR

- Enforcing an individual mandate is extremely difficult without an enormous expansion of IRS powers, the creation of a new bureaucracy, or without requiring employers to withhold payments from paychecks (which begins to look like an employer mandate).
- The individual mandate is a radical departure from our current system and is politically unpopular.

WHY THE EMPLOYER MANDATE IS THE BETTER ALTERNATIVE

1) BUILDS ON THE CURRENT SYSTEM

- The Clinton plan builds on the current system of private insurance in which nine out of ten privately insured Americans get their insurance through their employer. The smallest firms, who today often have difficulty paying for insurance, will receive generous discounts under the Clinton plan.

2) PROVIDES SECURITY OF AFFORDABLE HEALTH CARE

- Workers are assured that the amount they pay out of pocket for health care will be affordable.

3) PROTECTS WORKERS WITH GOOD COVERAGE TODAY

- An employer mandate enables workers whose employers provide good coverage and benefits today to keep them under reform. An individual mandate creates incentives for employers to drop coverage for their employees.

4) CBO SAYS OUR EMPLOYER MANDATE HAS MINIMAL JOB IMPACT

- The recent CBO report found that "...[the proposal] would alter the employment rate little." [CBO 2/9/94]

CHAFEE

1) UNIVERSAL COVERAGE NOT AFFORDABLE AND NOT ACHIEVED THIS CENTURY

- The Chafee plan promises universal coverage in the year 2005 -- but only if projected savings materialize and the individual mandate is not too costly.
- Chafee caps federal spending for low-income subsidies, providing for automatic reductions in eligibility for subsidies if cost increases exceed these caps. Chafee also reduces benefits if caps on federal spending are reached.

2) DOES NOT GUARANTEE COMPREHENSIVE BENEFITS

- The benefit package is not spelled out in the bill. Instead, a commission will decide which benefits are affordable and which aren't. And if costs go up faster than expected, these benefits will be scaled back.
- Without clearly defined benefits or cost sharing, it is impossible to estimate the cost of coverage to employers, to individuals, and to the government.
- Chafee also allows a catastrophic policy to fulfill the insurance requirement, which does not end cost shifting nor provide real security.

3) SHIFTS COSTS TO BUSINESSES AND INDIVIDUALS

- The only guaranteed savings in the Chafee plan are in the public sector --- a 7 percent cap on Medicare and Medicaid increases.
- To compensate for lower Medicare and Medicaid payment rates, doctors and hospitals will continue to pass on costs in the form of higher prices to businesses and individuals.
- Ending Medicare DSH payments before universal coverage is achieved will result in uncompensated care costs shifted to businesses and individuals.

4) LEAVES INSURANCE DISCRIMINATION IN PLACE

- Insurance companies can continue to "cherry pick" and avoid insuring high risk groups.
- Any group that can get a better deal outside the alliance will stay outside, leaving small businesses, the poor, and the sick inside the alliances with higher premiums.

5) TAXES BENEFITS

- The Chafee proposal taxes employers and individuals for benefits purchased at higher than the average cost plan.
- A tax cap provides no guarantee that health care costs will be contained. CBO is skeptical about the effectiveness of a tax cap.
- The tax cap means that employers and employees are at risk for cost increases, not providers and insurers. While there are many who oppose premium caps, at least as many oppose tax caps.

6) PROVIDES NO BENEFITS TO SENIORS

- Chafee cuts Medicare and Medicaid by over \$200 billion but provides no prescription drug benefits, no long-term care, and no retiree benefit.
- Without a cap on private sector premiums, the difference in the rate for seeing a Medicare patient and a private-paying patient will grow. As this occurs, access to high quality care for Medicare beneficiaries will become increasingly difficult.

NICKLES

1) UNIVERSAL ACCESS BUT COVERAGE NOT AFFORDABLE

- Provides inadequate subsidies for low-income people and many middle class people.

2) ONLY PROVIDES COVERAGE FOR CATASTROPHIC ILLNESSES

- The Nickles plan guarantees only a "bare bones" benefits package with high deductibles and services limited to acute medical care. Health plans can be offered with deductibles as high as \$1000 for an individual and \$2000 for a family. Out of pocket expenses are capped at \$5000.
- Does not provide coverage for mental health, alcohol and drug abuse, or dental benefits.
- Benefit packages still include lifetime limits.
- A catastrophic policy does not end cost shifting nor provide real security.

3) LEAVES INSURANCE DISCRIMINATION IN PLACE

- Insurance carriers may continue to price differently based on age, sex and geography.
- Insurance carriers may deny or limit pre-existing condition coverage for up to a year.
- Insurance companies can continue to "cherry pick" groups.

4) PENALIZES EMPLOYERS THAT CURRENTLY INSURE

- Penalizes employers who currently offer health insurance by requiring them to pay in wages what they currently spend on health insurance. Businesses that do not provide insurance today have no financial obligation to their employees.

5) DOESN'T ELIMINATE COST SHIFTING

- Catastrophic policies do not eliminate the estimated \$25 to \$35 billion in costs from uncompensated care paid by those with insurance for those without. [CBO]

6) NO BENEFITS TO SENIORS

- Like Chafee, Nickles makes huge cuts in Medicare and Medicaid but doesn't include any benefits for long-term care, prescription drugs, or early retirees.

January 20, 1994 - 3:55 p.m.

Mack:

Christine Varney called with the following message which she would like you to relay to the President:

We are doing two things regarding the California earthquake:

- (1) The original disaster declaration had a 72 hour period where the federal government was providing disaster assistance (no need for state financial match). We are extending that 72 hour period for an additional 5 days, bringing the window to Monday (1 week from quake).
- (2) James Lee is going to release immediately one hundred million dollars of FEMA disaster money. He has the authority to do this; it has been cleared with OMB.

Both will be done in the President's name; a press release will be issued.

If you have any questions, Christine can be reached at home: 363-7854.

Patty

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN 1/6/94

GS Full B

MARY McGRORY

January 5, 1994

Dear Mr President and Hillary -

Happy New Year.

I am writing to thank you for your holiday hospitality, which was so generous and extensive. I thank you for the lunch at Blair House. I want to thank you most particularly for the message you sent by George - "I thank her for her grace." I want it engraved on my

PHOTOCOPY
WJC HANDWRITING

Tombstone

I thank you for the Christmas party and the dazzling decorations and the kindness and the warmth.

You were also my hosts in absentia. While you were down South, thanks to Paul Carey, Marge Asherman and Officer Price, we took a party from St. Ann's Infant Home, fifteen children from three to eight. They adored the tree and meeting Santa. Willie, 3, asked me at the outset if it was McDonald's, but others knew where they were and were glad to be there. Thank you for all,
Mary McGrory

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

DATE: 01/06/94

NOTE FOR: MARK GEARAN

The President has reviewed the attached, and it is forwarded to you
for your:

Information ☒ X X X

Action ☐

Thank you.

JOHN D. PODESTA
Assistant to the President
and Staff Secretary
(x2702)

cc:

2/10/94

TEXAS' NEEDS

Super Collider:

- Make Texas whole financially.
- Keep on-going physics work at Waxahachie.

NAFTA and border issues:

- Approve the pending application for the new Laredo Bridge #3.
- Consolidate border environmental agencies in El Paso:
 - 1. ~~Locate the BECC (Border Environment Cooperation Commission) in El Paso.~~
 - 2. Locate the new EPA border office in El Paso.
 - 3. Keep IBWC in El Paso/Juarez.
 - 4. Fund a new joint EPA/CDC laboratory for study of the effect of the environment on public health.
 - 5. Create a new border international air quality district for the El Paso/Jaurez area.
- Appoint Texans to the BECC and other NAFTA commissions.
- Approve an empowerment zone for Hidalgo/Cameron/Willacy/Starr counties.
- Select Harlingen for a Job Training Center under U.S. Department of Labor's Job Corp Center program.

Mickey Kantor.

manufacturing assistance center:

- Award a Technology Reinvestment Project grant to the Texas Manufacturing Assistance Center program.

public works:

- Speed up schedule for the construction of the seawall at Sargent Beach.

defense:

- Fund the B-2 bomber in FY95 at \$150 million, enough to sustain the industrial base, in anticipation of long-term production of 2 per year.
- Fully fund research and development for the V-22 Osprey and announce a production schedule in summer or fall.
- Fund the C-17 at \$2.7 billion in FY95 for the purchase of 6 new aircraft and the advance procurement for 6 more.
- Fund the Joint Primary Aircraft Training System at \$145 million to keep the contract award process on schedule.
- Keep research and development for the F-22 funded and on schedule.
- Fund the Mobile Offshore Bases program.

health and human services:

- Reimburse states or take possession of undocumented criminals.
- Reimburse the costs for health care and education of undocumented immigrants.
- Fully fund the Edward Byrne Memorial block grants (funds multi-jurisdictional drug task forces in Texas).
- Provide flexibility in using community policing funds.
- Fully fund drug treatment programs in state prisons.
- Fully fund juvenile justice programs in the crime bill.
- Allow for flexible enforcement of estate recovery in new federal regulations.
- To finance welfare reform, do not cut benefits to non-citizens.
- Fully fund the Frail Elderly program.
- Fully fund the disproportionate share program in Medicaid.

telecommunications:

- Allow states to continue regulating telecommunications businesses practices and level of universal service when the National Information Infrastructure is in place.

banking:

- Preserve the dual banking system in any consolidation of the federal banking agencies.

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

2 23/94

FIRST STEP SCHOOL DONATIONS
FEBRUARY 18, 1994

J. Malcolm Moore, M.D.
500 South University
Doctors Building, Suite 512
Little Rock, AR 72205



407 Carson Street — P.O. Box 2440 — Hot Springs, Arkansas 71914-2341
Phone: (501) 624-6468

Donors in Memory of Virginia Kelley

Ernie & Neva Witt
P.O. Box 286
Ozark, AR 72949-0286

Al Lane
250 Central
Hot Springs, AR 71901

Tavia Weidmann
100 Discovery Bay #16
Hot Springs, AR 71913

Sonny & Marilou Burnett
1500 S. Frisco Apt. 7B
Tulsa, OK 74119
(These people will make a
monthly donation in memory
of Virginia)

Tim Parker Chrysler & employees.
4722 Central
Hot Springs, AR 71913-7406

Eddy County Disabled American
Veterans Auxiliary #30
Darlene Provancha
1015 Pinon Lane
Carlsbad, New Mexico 88220

Mrs. Iris Grisham
120 Alpine
Hot Springs, AR 71913

Winifred O'Neal
P.O. Box 1062
Ft. Smith, AR 72902

National Education Association
of the United States 202 833-4000
1201 Sixteenth St. N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20036

Mr. and Mrs. John Tull, Jr. Mary
The Plaza Unit 901
800 25th St. N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20037

James & Jane Moore
784 Norman Place
Westfield, New Jersey 07090

Hot Springs Development
Foundation, Inc.
P.O. Box 1500
Hot Springs, AR 71901
501-

Jim Randall

Linda at First Step

2/4
THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

① Notus
③ Desk
② In
February 2, 1994

MEMORANDUM TO MACK McLARTY

FROM: BILL BURTON

SUBJECT: Superconducting Super Collider

④ Bruce L
94 FEB 3 P12:55

I spoke with Sylvia de Leon, Texas's lawyer for the SSC termination project, regarding the Ann Richards-Hazel O'Leary meeting yesterday. Sylvia said the meeting was not productive, in the governor's view, and that Hazel's chief objective seemed to be to convince Texas that the federal government would NOT be able to repay Texas its money.

What met~
Sylvia warned that Gov. Richards and Jane Hickey are anxious to NOT have the White House berate Hazel over the meeting, since they must continue to work with Energy. Ann, however, "couldn't wait to get out" of the hour-long meeting. Sylvia contrasted the meeting with Hazel with Ann's meeting with the President over the SSC. Ann related to Sylvia that the President "knew every nuance of this effort" and made a real commitment to help. Ann came away from her visit with the President very encouraged.

Ann and Jane had hoped the meeting with Hazel would be principals only, thus didn't bring Sylvia, for example. Energy, on the other hand, had a roomful of people who were there to reinforce the message that Energy wouldn't be able to pay Texas all the money it wanted, Sylvia said. Be advised that Rich Rosenzweig, Hazel's chief of staff, had a very different read on the meeting. He said the meeting went well, that Hazel stressed how critical it was to get Texas its money back, etc.

2 min
I am meeting with Dr. Jack Gibbons this afternoon to enlist his help in coming up with ongoing science projects at the Waxahachie site. Sylvia is excited about this, and has asked me to help her set up a meeting with Gibbons, which I will do.

Attached is a Dallas Morning News article from this morning about Ann's comments on the SSC after yesterday's meetings.

PHOTOCOPY
WJC HANDWRITING

Richards lobbies in DC for crime, collider cash

By Wayne Slater

Austin Bureau of The Dallas Morning News

WASHINGTON — Texas Gov. Ann Richards lobbied Tuesday on Capitol Hill in search of federal money to fight crime and to recoup the state's investment in the Superconducting Super Collider.

Ms. Richards, joined by several Texas police chiefs, told Sen. Joseph Biden they support a proposal to add 100,000 police officers — but not at the expense of existing anti-crime programs. Mr. Biden, D-Del., is chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee.

"While they are up here pounding on their chests about how tough on crime they are, I don't want them to actually do something that could jeopardize the fund for law enforcement in Texas," she told reporters at a news conference outside Mr. Biden's office.

The governor said one proposal pending in Congress would pay for additional police officers with money now used for drug-interdiction programs.

Arlington Police Chief David Kunkle, who accompanied the governor, applauded the idea of putting more police on the streets, but he warned that one proposal being considered requires that the money go to hire and train new officers. Chief Kunkle said he favored giving local authorities the option of using some of the money to pay overtime for existing officers.

"It would allow us to put officers on the streets immediately," he said. "We wouldn't have to do the additional training, equipment and everything else."

For her part, Ms. Richards said federally funded drug-interdiction efforts in Texas have been responsible for apprehending 68,000 people and confiscating \$2 billion worth of drugs in Texas since 1987.

Joining the governor were

Doyle Bailey, director of the governor's criminal justice division, police Sgt. Jim Spivey from Dallas and police chiefs from Austin, El Paso, Midland and Richardson.

Later, Ms. Richards met with Energy Secretary Hazel O'Leary to discuss how Texas can be reimbursed its investment of approximately \$400 million in state funds for the collider, which was killed by Congress.

The governor expressed frustration over the slow progress of negotiations with the federal government.

"Getting this place to move up here is just like carrying a whale over a mountain," said Ms. Richards. "Once you get one person approved, it turns out there is some other stipulation that some other agency has to talk about and then another agency and so on."

The state's position is that the federal government should reimburse Texas for the full amount it put into the project and should maintain funding for a coterie of scientists to put the site to some scientific use.

"We know there are other uses for it," she said of the site near Waxahachie. "And we think if they keep some of those scientists on board, those scientists will help them with that determination."

Ms. Richards, who stayed overnight in the Lincoln Bedroom at the White House on Monday at the request of the president and first lady, said she discussed collider funding with Mr. Clinton at breakfast Tuesday morning.

According to Richards aides, the president indicated he would intervene to encourage the energy agency and federal lawyers to speed up their consideration of Texas' request.

Staff Writer Anne Marie Kilday in Washington contributed to this report.

White House

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

2/5/93

MEMORANDUM

TO: Capricia Marshall

FROM: Paul Toback 

RE: Political Meeting

DATE: February 5, 1994

Mack wanted me to make sure Mrs. Clinton knows about the political meeting in the Cabinet Room at 10:45 this morning.

The following people are scheduled to attend:

President Clinton
Mrs. Clinton
Vice President Clinton
Mack McLarty
Harold Ickes
Phil Lader
Bruce Lindsey
David Gergen
George Stephanopoulos
Maggie Williams
Pat Griffin
Jack Quinn
Ricki Seidman
Joan Baggett
David Dreyer
Mark Gearan
Rahm Emmanuel
David Wilhelm
Mandy Grunwald
Stan Greenberg

MEMORANDUM

TO: MACK MCLARTY
FROM: MARK GEARAN *me*
RE: BLS CHANGE
DATE: 3 FEBRUARY 1994

POTUS
Hrc

A quick update on our efforts to inoculate the press on the Friday BLS statistical change for unemployment.

I attach our division of labor with Labor for the outreach to members of the press. I am hopeful this will set the appropriate context for the coverage.

attachment

POTUS tele

REICH

Peter Jennings, ABC DONE
Dan Rather, CBS
Tom Brokaw, NBC
Lou Dobbs, CNN

GEARAN

Brit Hume, ABC
Rita Braver, CBS
Andrea Mitchell, NBC
Wolf Blitzer, CNN
Bob Cohn, Newsweek
Jay Carney, Time
Michael Duffy, Time
Matt Cooper, U.S. News
Ken Walsh, U.S. News

MYERS

Ann Compton, ABC
Mark Halperin, ABC
Bill Plante, CBS
Mark Knoller, CBS
Jim Miklawsewski, NBC
Jill Dougherty, CNN

SPERLING

Ann Devroy, Washington Post
Ruth Marcus, Washington Post
Gwen Ifill, NYT
Doug Jehl, NYT
Jeff Birnbaum, WSJ
Mike Frisby, WSJ
Adam Nagourney, USA Today
Frank Murray, Washington Times
Paul Richter, Washington Times
John Broder, LA Times
Susan Garland, LA Times

LEWIS/BLS

Bart Rowen, Washington Post
John Berry, Washington Post
Robert Hershey, NYT
Sylvia Nasar, NYT
Cindi Harper, WSJ
Mark Memmott, USA Today
Ann Viegle, Washington Times
Bob Rosenblatt, LA Times
David Lauter, LA Times
Charlie Gibson, ABC
Jim Angle, ABC
Harry Smith, CBS
Bryant Gumbel, NBC
McNeil Lehrer, PBS
Evan Thomas, Newsweek
Dan Goodgame, Time
Mort Zuckerman, U.S. News
Lee Walczak, Business Week
Mike McNamee, Business Week
Jennifer Thomas, CQ
Kirk Victor, National Journal
Jeanne Anne Blanke, Daily Labor Report
John McClain, AP
Bob Naylor, AP
Stella Dawson, Reuters
Jeff Bates, UPI
Mary Agnes Carey, Dow Jones
Denny Giulino, Market News Service
Vince DelGiuglice, Bloomberg

WIRES

AP Terry Hunt
Tom Raum
Nancy Benac
Ron Fournier

Reu Larry McQuillan
Gene Gibbons
Steve Holland

UPI Helen Thomas
Ken Bazinet

Mr. President:

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

February 23, 1994

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

3494
COPY

94 MAR 4 A9:05

I'm ready to discuss your comments

MEMORANDUM TO MACK MCLARTY

FROM: ALEXIS HERMAN

RE: White House Dinner—February 23

The Office of Public Liaison's participation in this dinner was limited to submitting a small list of recommended invitees. The process for compiling the list for tonight's dinner is outlined below.

- o On February 4, the Social Office contacted OPL regarding a small dinner of 40 to 60 people in honor of Black History Month tentatively scheduled for February 17. It was mentioned that they are putting together an eclectic list of names of individuals active civil rights. Our office was asked to submit a short list of names.
- o We responded by calling Richard Mays, Ernie Green and Lottie Shackelford for suggestions. On February 8, we submitted a list of eight names, five of which were recommended by Richard Mays. Since Ernie and Lottie were both traveling, their names were not received by the deadline to submit for the expected February 17 date of the dinner.
- o The list was sent to the Social Secretary's Office on February 8.
- o A request from the Social Secretary's Office for additional names was made to OPL. We were also asked to submit a list African American sub-cabinet personnel that the Social Secretary's Office would use for possible additional invitees.
- o The additional names submitted included individuals who were unable to attend the January 17 Martin Luther King Day reception due to inclement weather.
- o Because the date of the dinner was changed to February 23, we submitted Lottie Shackelford's names. At that time we were informed that there was a need for fewer African American names because, according to the Social Secretary's Office, Mrs. Clinton changed focus of the dinner. It was no longer considered a Black History Month dinner.

PHOTOCOPY
WJC HANDWRITING

- o After submitting the above described lists, we had no further knowledge of the final invitation list nor were we involved in inviting attendees. My understanding is that those decisions and invitations were made by the First Lady's Office and the Social Secretary's Office.
- o Because of critical calls I received the day before the dinner, I requested a meeting with Ann Stock. It was at that time that I received a copy of the invitation list. During that meeting, I asked for more involvement in developing invitation lists from a political point of view and we agreed on a process to be used in the future.

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN 2/10

① Potus / p.k

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

② LADe Me
Desk

94 FEB 9 P4:22

February 7, 1994

MEMORANDUM FOR MACK MCLARTY and PHIL LADER

FROM: BERNIE NUSSBAUM and RON KLAIN

SUBJECT: JUDICIAL SELECTION

The attached page compares President Clinton's record on judicial selection with President Bush's, Reagan's, and Carter's. In brief, the facts are these:

- President Clinton has nominated many more judges than any of his recent predecessors had at this stage in their administrations. Clinton's total of 63 almost doubles Bush's total of 35 at this point in his term.
- They are incredibly more diverse. Clinton has nominated 24 women to the bench; at this stage in his Presidency, Bush had nominated just four women -- and Carter just one. Similar statistics apply to black and Hispanic nominees.)
- Record speed and diversity have been achieved without sacrificing quality. The ABA has rated 63% of our judges "well qualified;" only about half of Bush and Reagan's judges got this mark.

As for why we have not been faster still, keep in mind that judicial selection is dependent on two forces out of our control:

- (At the front end of the process, for the District Court, we rely on Senators to send us names. For about 15 positions, this still remains undone;
- And at the back end of the process, we rely upon the American Bar Association to clear names -- and there are 30 judge candidates that they are still reviewing.

These two hitches account for all but 15 of the judicial positions that remain to be filled.

The fact is, we have not just set the record for speed of nominations, we are on pace to smash it: while no President has ever nominated 100 judges in his first two years in office, our current pace has us breaking that mark by April!

Attached is the statistical comparison; you can call Ron at x6-2675 if you have further questions.

PHOTOCOPY
WJC HANDWRITING

COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF JUDICIAL NOMINATIONS

	<u>CARTER</u>	<u>REAGAN</u>	<u>BUSH</u>	<u>CLINTON</u>
<u>Speed</u>				
# of Nominations by Feb. 8th	35	49	35	63
<u>Gender</u>				
Male	34	46	31	39
Female	1	3	4	24
<u>Race</u>				
White	29	48	33	42
Black	6	1	1	16
Hisp/Oth	0	0	1	5
<u>Diversity</u>				
Number of Women & Minority Noms	7	4	6	41
% of Nominees are "white males"	80%	92%	83%	35%
% "Diverse"	20%	8%	17%	65%
<u>Excellence</u>				
% Rated by ABA Well Qualified ¹	57%	53%	52%	63%

¹These percentages are for all of President Carter's, Reagan's, and Bush's appointees, and not just the early nominees.