

White House Staff Secretary

Chron Files

Box 5

Staff Trip Books

October 12, 1998 through December 2, 1999

White House Staff Secretary

Chron Files

Box 1

Enclosures filed in
Oversize Attachments # 21406

December 12, 1999 through December 31, 1999

NARA 18590

January 1, 2000 through January 17, 2000

Box 2

Enclosures filed in
Oversize Attachments # 21407

June 13, 2000 through June 15, 2000

NARA 18591

July 29, 2000 through August 9, 2000

August 13, 2000 through August 18, 2000

November 7, 2000 through November 28, 2000

Box 3

Enclosures filed in
Oversize Attachments # 21408

August 13, 2000 through August 31, 2000

NARA 18592

May 14, 2000 through May 20, 2000

May 23, 2000 through June 5, 2000

July 1, 2000

August 19, 2000

Box 4 Enclosures filed in
Oversize Attachments # 21409
August 20, 2000 through September 30, 2000 NARA 18593

Box 5 Enclosures filed in
Oversize Attachments # 21410 NARA 18594
Staff Daily Briefing Books

Staff Trip Books Enclosures filed in
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Oversize Attachments # 21412
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March 13, 2000 through March 18, 2000

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Box 7 Enclosures filed in
Oversize Attachments # 21413
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Box 8 Enclosures filed in
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March 4, 2000 through March 12, 2000

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Box 10

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Box 11

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NARA 18601

**THE TRIP
OF THE PRESIDENT
TO NEW YORK, NEW YORK**

OCTOBER 12, 1998

STAFF COPY

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Monday, October 12, 1998

NEW YORK, NEW YORK

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Monday, October 12, 1998

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'98 OCT 11 PM 8:20

Schedule of the President
for
Monday, October 12, 1998

Final Schedule

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4824

PRESS DESK:

ANNE EDWARDS

HOME: 301-565-3101

OFFICE: 202-456-2921

WHCA PAGER: 4208

EVENT COORDINATOR:

LAURA GRAHAM

HOME: 703-212-7642

OFFICE: 202-456-2349

WHCA PAGER: 4809

ADVANCE LEAD:
(NEW YORK)

FLO MCAFEE

STAFF OFFICE: 44-220

CELL PHONE: 202-757-9533

WHCA PAGER: 5524

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Variably cloudy. Winds north to northeast at 5 to 10 knots. Low 48 to 53. High 68 to 73.

NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Partly cloudy. Winds northeast at 10 to 20 knots. Low 38 to 43. High 55 to 60.

**Schedule of the President
for
Monday, October 12, 1998
*Final Schedule***

DOWN UNTIL 11:00

11:00	am-		MEETING
11:15	am		OVAL OFFICE
			Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles
11:15	am-		BRIEFING
11:30	am		OVAL OFFICE
			Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
11:30	am-		BRIEFING
11:45	am		OVAL OFFICE
			Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
11:45	am-	(T)	HOLD FOR FOREIGN POLICY PHONE CALLS
12:45	pm		OVAL OFFICE
			Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
12:55	pm-		MEETING
1:00	pm		OVAL OFFICE
			Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett
1:00	pm-		PHONE AND OFFICE TIME
1:45	pm		OVAL OFFICE
1:45	pm-		BRIEFING FOR STATEMENT
2:30	pm		OVAL OFFICE
			Staff Contact: Samuel Berger, Joe Lockhart
2:30	pm-		STATEMENT
2:45	pm		PRESS BRIEFING ROOM (T)
			Remarks: Ted Widmer
			Staff Contact: Samuel Berger, Joe Lockhart
			OPEN PRESS

3:00	pm	THE PRESIDENT proceeds to Marine One
3:05	pm	THE PRESIDENT departs The White House via Marine One en route Andrews Air Force Base [flight time: 10 minutes]
3:15	pm	THE PRESIDENT arrives Andrews Air Force Base
3:30	pm	THE PRESIDENT departs Andrews Air Force Base via Air Force One en route John F. Kennedy International Airport, New York [flight time: 55 minutes]
4:25	pm	THE PRESIDENT arrives John F. Kennedy International Airport Greeter: Representative Charles Schumer (T)
4:40	pm	THE PRESIDENT departs John F. Kennedy International Airport via Marine One en route Wall Street Landing Zone [drive time: 15 minutes]
4:55	pm	THE PRESIDENT arrives Wall Street Landing Zone
5:05	pm	THE PRESIDENT departs Wall Street Landing Zone via motorcade en route Waldorf Astoria Hotel [drive time: 15 minutes]
5:20	pm	THE PRESIDENT arrives Waldorf Astoria Hotel Greeter: Peter Vallone
5:25	pm-	MIX AND MINGLE
5:55	pm	CONRAD SALON E Waldorf Astoria Hotel Staff Contact: Craig Smith Event Coordinator: Laura Graham CLOSED PRESS

Note: There will be 40 guests in attendance.

6:00 pm-
6:35 pm
RECEPTION FOR PETER VALLONE
CONRAD SALON E
Waldorf Astoria Hotel
Remarks: Josh Gottheimer
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
POOL PRESS

Note: There will be 40 guests in attendance.

- The President, accompanied by Peter Vallone, enters the room.
- Peter Vallone makes brief remarks and introduces the President.
- The President makes brief remarks and departs.

6:35 pm-
6:40 pm
POLICE/DRIVER PHOTOS
HALLWAY
Waldorf Astoria Hotel

6:45 pm
THE PRESIDENT departs Waldorf Astoria Hotel via motorcade en route
Hilton Hotel
[drive time: 5 minutes]

6:50 pm
THE PRESIDENT arrives Hilton Hotel

Greeters: Representative Charles Schumer (T)
Arthur Sarin, Senior VP/Hilton Eastern Region
Steve Optic, General Manager, Hilton Hotel
Carlo Kari, Executive Director of Catering, Hilton Hotel
Toni Grskovic, Director of Banquets, Hilton Hotel

6:55 pm-
7:25 pm
PHOTO RECEIVING LINE
MERCURY BALLROOM
Hilton Hotel
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
CLOSED PRESS

Note: There will be 100 guests in attendance (50 photos).

7:30 pm-
8:15 pm

DSCC/CHARLES SCHUMER RECEPTION
GRAND BALLROOM
Hilton Hotel
Remarks: Josh Gottheimer
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
OPEN PRESS

Note: There will be approximately 800 guests in attendance.

Note: If Representative Charles Schumer cannot attend, Mrs. Iris Schumer will speak on his behalf.

-- Off-stage announcement of the **President**, accompanied by Charles Schumer.

-- Representative Charles Schumer makes brief remarks and introduces the **President**.

-- **The President** makes remarks, works a ropeline and departs.

8:15 pm-
8:20 pm

CHARLES SCHUMER STAFF GROUP PHOTO
HALLWAY
Hilton Hotel

Note: 12 people in attendance.

8:25 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Hilton Hotel via motorcade en route Sheraton New York Hotel and Towers
[drive time: 5 minutes]

8:30 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Sheraton New York Hotel and Towers

Greeters: Denise Rich, President, G&P Charity Foundation for Cancer Research

Note: Denise Rich will present the President with a gift upon arrival.

8:35 pm-
9:20 pm

**REMARKS TO G&P CHARITY FOUNDATION FOR CANCER
RESEARCH DINNER**
IMPERIAL BALLROOM
Sheraton Hotel and Towers
Remarks: Paul Glastris
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
POOL PRESS

Note: The President will wear business attire at this black tie affair.
Note: There will be 1400 guests in attendance.

- Off-stage announcement of **the President**, accompanied by Bill Cosby and Denise Rich.
- Denise Rich, President, G&P Charity Foundation for Cancer Research, makes brief remarks and introduces Bill Cosby.
- Bill Cosby makes brief remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes remarks, works a ropeline and departs.

9:25 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Sheraton New York Hotel and Towers via motorcade en route Private Residence
[drive time: 10 minutes]

9:35 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Private Residence

Greeters: Representative Charles Schumer (T)
Steve Rattner
Maureen White

9:40 pm-
10:10 pm

MIX AND MINGLE
GRAND FOYER
Private Residence
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
CLOSED PRESS

Note: There will be 65 guests in attendance.

10:15 pm- DSCC/CHARLES SCHUMER DESSERT
11:05 pm LIVING ROOM
Private Residence
Remarks: Josh Gottheimer
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
PRINT REPORTER (REMARKS ONLY)

Note: 65 guests in attendance.

Note: Stand-up microphone only.

- The President proceeds to his seat at the head table and dessert is served.
- Steve Rattner makes brief remarks and introduces Representative Charles Schumer (T).
- Representative Charles Schumer (T) makes brief remarks and introduces the President.
- The President makes remarks and departs.

11:10 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Private Residence via motorcade en route Wall Street Landing Zone
[drive time: 20 minutes]

11:30 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Wall Street Landing Zone

11:40 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Wall Street Landing Zone via Marine One en route John F. Kennedy International Airport
[flight time: 15 minutes]

11:55 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives John F. Kennedy International Airport

12:10 am **THE PRESIDENT** departs John F. Kennedy International Airport via Air Force One en route Andrews Air Force Base
[flight time: 55 minutes]

1:05	am	THE PRESIDENT arrives Andrews Air Force Base
1:20	am	THE PRESIDENT departs Andrews Air Force Base via Marine One en route The White House [flight time: 10 minutes]
1:30	am	THE PRESIDENT arrives The White House
BC RON		THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON, DC
HRC RON		PRAGUE

October 12, 1998

**PETER F. VALLONE FOR GOVERNOR
RECEPTION FEATURING WILLIAM JEFFERSON CLINTON**

LOCATION: Waldorf Astoria Hotel
301 Park Avenue
New York City, New York
TIME: 5:15 p.m. - 6:30 p.m.
FROM: Craig T. Smith and Craig Hughes

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this reception is to raise funds for the Peter F. Vallone for Governor campaign in New York.

II. BACKGROUND

Peter F. Vallone, the Speaker of the New York City Council, is the Democratic nominee against incumbent Republican Governor George Pataki. Vallone has recently launched an advertising campaign attacking Republicans for trying to bring **YOU** down rather than focus on the important issues facing the country. Vallone trails Pataki badly in the polls (53%-26%) and needs both the money and momentum that **YOUR** visit will bring. This event is expected to raise at least \$250,000 for the Vallone campaign.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Please see the attached guest list.

IV. PRESS PLAN

The remarks portion of this event are open to pool press only.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- **YOU** arrive at the Waldorf Astoria at 5:15 pm.
- **YOU** are greeted by Speaker Peter F. Vallone.
- **YOU** mix and mingle with approximately 50 guests. Candid photos are taken with guests.
- Speaker Vallone delivers remarks and introduces **YOU**.
- **YOU** deliver remarks.
- **YOU** depart upon conclusion of **YOUR** remarks.

VI. REMARKS

- To be provided by speechwriting.

VII. ATTACHMENTS

- A list of guests at the meet and greet.
- A brief description of each guest expected to attend the meet and greet..

Acknowledge: Rep. Rangel; Bill Lynch
(Vice Chair DNC); Tena (Vallone's wife);
Paul, Peter & Perry (Vallone's sons).

Also in NYC to suppt. Rep. Chuck Schumer
for Senate (not present)

I'm happy to be here to support Peter
Vallone for Governor -- Speaker of NYC
Council.

- Peter Vallone fights for our values,
gets things done.

Vallone is committed to:

- Crime Prevention:

1. Passed "Safe City/Safe Streets"
program (6,000 new cops in
NYC in 6 yrs);
2. Passed "trigger-lock" legis.
(required child-safety device on
all handguns sold in NYC)

- Better Schools

1. Provided over \$6B to rebuild
city schools
2. Launched initiative to modernize
schools -- new computers,
security, books

- Fiscal Responsibility

1. Peter Vallone understands that fiscal responsibility is key to gov't -- locally and nationally

1. Paid down NYC long-term debt

• 5 ½ yrs ago: New Dir, old values:

opp/resp/comm. Ec, Env, Edu, Welf, Cr, For.

• **Results:** BB-Oct.1; 25-Cr; 28-unempl; 29-Welf; 29-BB; 32-Infl; record homeownership. Income gains: typical family income up over \$3,500 since '93. Poverty: Af-Am poverty rate lowest level on record. College opp: Hope \$1,500, Pell, work-study. Child health: 5M, highest immunization Env: fewer toxic dumps; Service: 100K, Amcorp; AmReads. FMLA: helped millions past 5 yrs

• **Times are good, but prosperity faces risks --** International economic turbulence.
Must keep economic strategy going:

1. Soc Sec 1st
2. Educ
3. Economy/ IMF
4. HMO B of R
5. Enviro rider

October 12, 1998

**THE DEMOCRATIC SENATORIAL CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE
AND SCHUMER '98
HONOR U.S. SENATE CANDIDATE CHUCK SCHUMER
WITH SPECIAL GUEST
PRESIDENT WILLIAM JEFFERSON CLINTON**

DATE: Monday, October 12
LOCATION: The New York Hilton & Towers
1335 Avenue of the Americas
New York City, New York
TIME: 6:50 p.m. - 8:20 p.m.
FROM: Craig T. Smith and Craig Hughes

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this reception is to raise funds for the Democratic Senatorial Campaign Committee (DSCC) and the Schumer for Senate campaign.

II. BACKGROUND

At \$1,000 per person, the dinner reception will host 600-800 persons and expects to raise \$500,000 for the Schumer for Senate campaign and the DSCC. The photo line is made up of guests who raised significant sums for the dinner reception.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Attendees will consist mainly of Democratic friends of Congressman Schumer, CEO's, philanthropists, and activists from throughout the Manhattan area.

IV. PRESS PLAN

The remarks portion of this event are open to the press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- **YOU** arrive at the Hilton Towers at 6:50 pm and are greeted by Rep. Chuck Schumer.
- **YOU** proceed to a photo receiving line of no more than 100 guests and 50 photos.
- **YOU** proceed to the stage, where Rep. Chuck Schumer delivers remarks and introduces **YOU**.
Note: If Rep. Schumer is forced to return to Washington, D.C. for votes, his wife, Iris Schumer, will make remarks on his behalf.
- **YOU** deliver remarks.
- **YOU** work a rope line and depart.

VI. REMARKS

- To be provided by speechwriting.

VII. ATTACHMENTS

- A list of guests for the photo receiving line.

Schumer Reception 10/12

Acknowledge: Anthony Weiner (NY State Assemblyman/ Democratic candidate for Congress -- Rep. Schumer's seat/ 9th dist.)

Also in NYC to suppt. Vallone (*not present*)

I'm happy to be here to support Rep. Chuck Schumer for Senate.

- No race is more important in country
- Schumer is one of the most accomplished legislators in Congress
- He'll do more in 1 yr. as a Senator than opponent has done in 18 yrs.

Just look at Schumer's record:

1. Schumer wrote Brady Law: 242K guns away from felons, etc. His *opponent voted no.*
2. Schumer wrote Crime Bill and put 100K police on street. His *opponent voted no.*
3. Schumer wrote Assault Weapons Ban. His *opponent voted no.*
4. Schumer wrote Violence Against Women Act. His *opponent voted no.*
5. Schumer fought to protect Medicare and Medicaide. His *opponent voted w/ Gingrich* to double premiums.

Don't listen to the opponents' 30-second ads.
Look at the record. Think of what Schumer's
done already and think about what he'll be
able to do for the people of NY as a Senator.

• **5 ½ yrs ago: New Dir, old values:**
opp/resp/comm. Ec, Env, Edu, Welf, Cr, For.

• **Results:** BB-Oct.1; 25-Cr; 28-unempl; 29-
Welf; 29-BB; 32-Infl; record
homeownership. Income gains: typical
family income up over \$3,500 since '93.
Poverty: Af-Am poverty rate lowest level on
record. College opp: Hope \$1,500, Pell,
work-study. Child health: 5M, highest
immunization Env: fewer toxic dumps;
Service: 100K, Amcorp; AmReads. FMLA:
helped millions past 5 yrs

• **Times are good, but prosperity faces
risks --** International economic turbulence.
Must keep economic strategy going:

1. Soc Sec 1st
2. Educ
3. Economy/ IMF
4. HMO B of R
5. Enviro rider

October 12, 1998

**THE G & P CHARITABLE FOUNDATION FOR CANCER RESEARCH
FIRST ANNUAL GALA BENEFIT
WITH SPECIAL GUEST
PRESIDENT WILLIAM JEFFERSON CLINTON**

DATE: Monday, October 12
LOCATION: Sheraton New York Hotel and Towers
52nd Street and 7th Avenue
New York City, New York
TIME: 8:35 p.m. - 9:20 p.m.
FROM: Craig T. Smith and Craig Hughes

I. PURPOSE

This is the first annual gala for the G & P Charitable Foundation, which is a non-profit organization dedicated to raising funds for cancer research.

II. BACKGROUND

Gabrielle Rich lost her battle with Leukemia in 1997. Songwriter Denise Rich, Gabrielle's mother, along with Philip Aoud, Gabrielle's husband, and her sisters Illona Rich-Schachter and Daniella Rich created the G & P Charitable Foundation in accordance with Gabrielle's last wishes.

They have made **YOU** the Honorary Chairman of the benefit. Leslie Moonves, the President and CEO of CBS Television, will receive the organization's Humanitarian Award, and the gala will also celebrate Milton Berle's 90th birthday.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Attendees consist of celebrities and philanthropists from around the country. Guest scheduled to appear include Placido Domingo, Patti Labelle, Natalie Cole, Marisa Tomei, William Baldwin, Katie Couric, Martha Stewart, Keith Hernandez and Geraldo Rivera among many others.

IV. PRESS PLAN

This event is open to pool press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- **YOU** arrive at the Sheraton Hotel and are greeted by Denise Rich and Bill Cosby.
Note: Denise Rich will present **YOU** with a gift at this time.
- There is an off stage introduction of **YOU**, Bill Cosby, and Denise Rich.

- Denise Rich makes brief remarks and introduces Bill Cosby.
- Bill Cosby makes brief remarks and introduces **YOU**.
- **YOU** deliver remarks, work a ropeline, and depart.

VI. REMARKS

- To be provided by speechwriting.

VII. ATTACHMENTS

- None.

Final 10/9/98 10 p.m.
Paul Glastris

**PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON
TALKING POINTS FOR
G&P CHARITABLE FOUNDATION
FOR CANCER RESEARCH EVENT
SHERATON HOTEL, NEW YORK CITY
October 12, 1998**

Acknowledgments: Mother Denise Rich, Milton Berle, CBS President/CEO Leslie Moonves

Milton Berle is a record breaker in many ways. He's been in show business for 85 years, one of the longest careers in industry history. He's performed in drag more than just about any other entertainer, with the possible exception of the road show cast of La Cage a Folles. And, most impressive of all, he holds the Guinness Book of World Records for the most charity benefit performances of any entertainer ever.

Twenty five years ago, America declared war on cancer. Twenty five years from now, I hope that we will have won this war. Twenty five years from now, I hope that the war on cancer will have about as much meaning to school children as the War of 1812. Twenty five years from now, I hope those school children don't even know what the word "chemotherapy" means.

The progress we are now making against cancer is nothing short of stunning. We are closing in on the genetic causes of breast cancer, colon cancer, and prostate cancer, and testing medicines to **prevent** these cancers. New tools for screening and diagnosis are returning to many patients the promise of a long and healthy life. And from 1991 to 1995, cancer death rates actually dropped for the first time in history.

For the last six years, my administration has made fighting this terrible disease a top priority. We've helped cancer patients to keep their health coverage when they change jobs. We've accelerated the approval of cancer drugs while maintaining safe standards. We've continually increased funding for cancer research.

And in just the last few weeks we've taken four crucial new actions. First, we have won from Congress the largest single increase in funding for cancer and other medical research in history. Second, I have directed the National Cancer Institute to expedite a new computer system that will give tens of thousands of cancer patients access to clinical trials of the kinds of cutting-edge cancer treatments that can save their lives. Third, I have taken steps to ensure that by next year, cancer patients and advocates will have a seat at the table when the federal government sets the medical research agenda, because those who suffer from cancer know truths about this disease that even the experts don't understand. And fourth, we have made \$15 million available to study the long-term effects of cancer treatments and how to prevent cancer recurrence. These grants have a special significance for us tonight because as you know, Gabriella herself succumbed to cancer as a result of the treatment she received for Hodgkin's disease. So we give these grants, Gabriella, with you in mind.

But there is much more that we must do if we want to win this war as quickly as I believe we can. We must convince the next Congress to pass a strong patients' bill of rights to ensure cancer patients high-quality care, as this Congress failed to do. We must convince the next Congress to help Medicare beneficiaries with cancer to take part in clinical trials. We must convince the next Congress to confirm the first oncologist, Dr. Jane Henney, to be commissioner of the FDA. And finally, we must convince Congress to take strong action to protect our children against the number one cancer threat, tobacco. The current Congress has taken none of these steps. The next Congress must.

-30-

October 12, 1998

**THE DEMOCRATIC SENATORIAL CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE
AND SCHUMER '98
HONOR U.S. SENATE CANDIDATE CHUCK SCHUMER
WITH SPECIAL GUEST
PRESIDENT WILLIAM JEFFERSON CLINTON**

DATE: Monday, October 12
LOCATION: Home of Steve Rattner and Maureen White
998 Fifth Avenue
New York City, New York
TIME: 9:35 p.m. - 11:10 p.m.
FROM: Craig T. Smith and Craig Hughes

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this reception is to raise funds for the Democratic Senatorial Campaign Committee (DSCC) and the Schumer for Senate campaign.

II. BACKGROUND

At \$10,000 per person, the dinner reception will host approximately 50 persons and expects to raise \$500,000 for the Schumer for Senate campaign and the DSCC.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Attendees will consist mainly of long supporting Democratic friends of Congressman Schumer, CEO's, philanthropists, and activists from throughout the Manhattan area.

IV. PRESS PLAN

This event is closed to the press except for one pool pencil reporter.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- **YOU** arrive at the private residence at 9:35 pm and are greeted by Rep. Chuck Schumer, Steve Rattner, and Maureen White.
- **YOU** proceed to mix and mingle with the guests while candid photos are taken.
- **YOU** proceed to the Head Table and dessert is served.
- Steve Rattner makes brief remarks and introduces Rep. Chuck Schumer.
- Rep. Chuck Schumer delivers brief remarks and introduces **YOU**.
- **Note:** If Rep. Schumer is forced to return to Washington, D.C. for votes, Steve Rattner will introduce **YOU**.
- **YOU** deliver remarks and depart.

VI. REMARKS

- To be provided by speechwriting.

VII. ATTACHMENTS

- A brief description of each guest expected to attend the dinner.

99 OCT 11 ~ 8:25

Schumer Dinner. 10/12

Acknowledge: Rep. Jerry Nadler; Iris Schumer (Schumer's wife); Jessica and Alison (Schumer's daughters); Hosts: Steve Rattner and his wife Maureen White.

Also in NYC to suppt. Vallone (*not present*)

I'm happy to be here to support Rep. Chuck Schumer for Senate.

- No race is more important in country
- Schumer is one of the most accomplished legislators in Congress
- He'll do more in 1 yr. as a Senator than opponent has done in 18 yrs.

Just look at Schumer's record:

1. Schumer wrote Brady Law: 242K guns away from felons, etc. His *opponent voted no.*
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Look at the record. Think of what Schumer's
done already and think about what he'll be
able to do for the people of NY as a Senator.

• **5 ½ yrs ago: New Dir, old values:**
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immunization Env: fewer toxic dumps;
Service: 100K, Amcorp; AmReads. FMLA:
helped millions past 5 yrs

• **Times are good, but prosperity faces
risks --** International economic turbulence.
Must keep economic strategy going:

1. Soc Sec 1st
2. Educ
3. Economy/ IMF
4. HMO B of R
5. Enviro rider

October 12, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Craig T. Smith and Craig Hughes

RE: New York Politics

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION RESULTS

1992

Clinton/Gore	3,444,450	50%
Bush/Quayle	2,346,649	34%
Perot/Stockdale	1,090,721	16%

1996

Clinton/Gore	3,756,177	58%
Dole/Kemp	1,933,492	30%
Perot/Choate	503,458	8%

New York gave the **Clinton/Gore** ticket the largest margin of victory in the country (a plurality of 1.8 million votes). **The President and Vice President** won 52 of 62 counties statewide.

MOST RECENT PRINCIPAL TRAVEL

The Vice President was in Buffalo and New York City on October 7 for fundraising events with the Vallone (D) for Governor Campaign.

The First Lady was in New York City September 23 for events with Rep. Chuck Schumer (D), including a fundraising lunch and a message event centered on domestic violence.

You and the First Lady were in New York City on September 20-21 for United Nations events.

You, the First Lady, the Vice President, and Mrs. Gore were in New York City on September 14 for Unity '98 events.

You and the First Lady were in the Hamptons July 31-August 1, 1998 for DNC events.

UPCOMING PRINCIPAL TRAVEL

The First Lady will be in New York City on October 19 for a breakfast and message event on behalf of the Schumer for Senate campaign.

The Vice President will be the guest of honor at a Washington, D.C., lunch on October 23 to benefit the Schumer for Senate campaign.

The Vice President will be in New York City on October 25 for a dinner on behalf of Assembly Speaker Sheldon Silver and a dessert for the Schumer for Senate campaign.

You will be in New York City on October 30 for events for the Schumer for Senate campaign.

1998 GUBERNATORIAL RACE

Governor George Pataki (R) is seeking to win a second term this year. Pataki defeated Governor Mario Cuomo (D) 49%-45% in 1994.

Pataki selected Mary Donohue (R), a former Supreme Court judge from upstate, as his running mate. Since he booted Lt. Governor Betsy McCaughey Ross (D) from the ticket a year ago, Governor Pataki (R) was determined to replace her with another woman.

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Representative Charles Schumer (D-09)	Representative Edolphus Towns (D-10)
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NEW YORK STATE AT A GLANCE

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- 70.3% of New Yorkers are White; 16.8% are African American; and 12.2% are Hispanic American.
- 13.1% of New York residents are age 65 or older.
- 49.9% of New York households are married couples, and 23% are married with children.
- Median household income is \$32,965.
- 25% of New Yorkers have a college degree. 74.8% have a high school diploma.
- In 1992, 7,079,432 New Yorkers voted of a Voting Age Population (VAP) of 13,691,000 (52%); compared with 6,439,129 of a VAP of 13,579,000 in 1996 (47%).

October 12, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Craig T. Smith and Craig Hughes

RE: New York Politics

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION RESULTS

1992			1996		
Clinton/Gore	3,444,450	50%	Clinton/Gore	3,756,177	58%
Bush/Quayle	2,346,649	34%	Dole/Kemp	1,933,492	30%
Perot/Stockdale	1,090,721	16%	Perot/Choate	503,458	8%

New York gave the **Clinton/Gore** ticket the largest margin of victory in the country (a plurality of 1.8 million votes). **The President and Vice President** won 52 of 62 counties statewide.

MOST RECENT PRINCIPAL TRAVEL

The Vice President was in Buffalo and New York City on October 7 for fundraising events with the Vallone (D) for Governor Campaign.

The First Lady was in New York City September 23 for events with Rep. Chuck Schumer (D), including a fundraising lunch and a message event centered on domestic violence.

You and the First Lady were in New York City on September 20-21 for United Nations events.

You, the First Lady, the Vice President, and Mrs. Gore were in New York City on September 14 for Unity '98 events.

You and the First Lady were in the Hamptons July 31-August 1, 1998 for DNC events.

UPCOMING PRINCIPAL TRAVEL

The First Lady will be in New York City on October 19 for a breakfast and message event on behalf of the Schumer for Senate campaign.

The Vice President will be the guest of honor at a Washington, D.C., lunch on October 23 to benefit the Schumer for Senate campaign.

The Vice President will be in New York City on October 25 for a dinner on behalf of Assembly Speaker Sheldon Silver and a dessert for the Schumer for Senate campaign.

You will be in New York City on October 30 for events for the Schumer for Senate campaign.

1998 GUBERNATORIAL RACE

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Peter Vallone:
"Stood"
:30

'98 OCT 11 PM 6:31

I'm Peter Vallone. I think it's time someone stood up for President Clinton and stood up to all the Republicans who are trying to tear him down. I don't understand why they want to destroy a man who's done so much for New York -- from Head Start to health care, from college grants to economic development.

Now Al D'Amato, George Pataki and the Republican Party are determined to bring the President down -- even if it means hurting our country.

Censure the President if necessary, then forgive him and move on for the good in our hearts and for the good of our country.



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

98 OCT 9 PM 5:12

October 9, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: KATHLEEN A. MCGINTY

RSK for KAM

SUBJECT: NEW YORK ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

Toll Road Rider

Senator D'Amato has attached a rider to the Transportation Appropriations bill that would allow two exits to be built on I-80 without a full environmental review. The Administration is opposing this rider.

The Senator claims that the TEA-21 bill provides a similar exemption for a road project in Pennsylvania and his projects should receive similar treatment. However, the "Corridor O" project in Pennsylvania is the only project exempted from the full environmental review process, despite the hundreds of ongoing projects and more than 1,800 new projects included in the bill. The Administration accepted this single exemption due to the highly unusual circumstances surrounding the Corridor O project.

The facts surrounding the Senator D'Amato's projects are significantly different from the Corridor O projects. Specifically, these projects lack completed NEPA reviews, have no agreed upon mitigation measures, and would let projects in New York proceed under laws not as stringent as Federal law.

If asked about this issue, you should say that you oppose the attachment of anti-environmental riders to major budget bills and that the projects in New York need to meet a level of environmental review.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

October 9, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: THURGOOD MARSHALL, JR. *JPM for TM*
JON P. JENNINGS *JPM*

SUBJECT: HOT ISSUES -- NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Empowerment Zone Dispute: A conflict among Congressman Rangel, Governor Pataki, and Mayor Giuliani over an Empowerment Zone grant to the Apollo Theater has received extensive media attention. Both Governor Pataki and Mayor Giuliani have requested that NY Attorney General Dennis Vacco investigate possible financial mismanagement at the Apollo, specifically a licensing agreement between the non-profit theater foundation headed by Congressman Rangel and Inner City Broadcasting headed by Rangel ally and former Manhattan Borough President Percy Sutton. HUD's role in the controversy is minimal. (HUD)

PCB Superfund Site: On July 23, EPA released the results of a study that found PCB contamination in the Hudson River was not being buried by the natural deposition of clean sediment. General Electric, which legally released the PCBs into the Hudson before 1977, has maintained that the PCBs have been buried and do not pose a threat to public health. Because of this finding, some areas may require remediation this fall. EPA is conducting a reassessment of its 1984 "No-Action Decision" for PCB-contaminated sediments in the upper Hudson River. General Electric opposes a cleanup plan for the site, preferring to rely on the natural degradation of the PCBs over time. EPA proposed a remediation plan that will be made in December 2000 and a final remediation determination will be made in 2001. (EPA)

Waste Transfer Stations: The Fresh Kills Landfill currently receives the city's residential waste. This landfill will be closed in 2001, and in preparation, New York City has been developing plans to export the city's waste for disposal. A key element of the city's strategy involves consolidating the waste at existing or new privately-operated waste transfer stations before it is exported. Most of the existing and proposed stations are clustered in two low income, predominantly minority communities. Community members from these areas have argued that the siting of these facilities will disproportionately burden their neighborhoods with adverse environmental and health impacts. Representatives Serrano and Velázquez have met with Administrator Browner on this issue and have asked EPA both to conduct a study on the environmental and health impacts of these waste transfer stations and to help block the placement or expansion of these facilities. While EPA has no legal authority to affect the city's decision on where to place these waste transfer stations, EPA will conduct the study and has been working to facilitate discussions between the interested parties. (EPA)

Light Rail System: The FAA partially approved the application submitted by the NY-NJ Port Authority to impose and use \$1.148 billion of Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) revenue to construct an automated Light Rail System (LRS) to connect JFK Airport to two major transportation systems. The estimated project cost is \$1.5 billion. The proposed funding source would be a PFC collected at the three airports controlled by the Port Authority and other airport revenues. The airlines opposed using PFC money for anything other than airport capital improvements. The Air Transport Association is suing the FAA, requesting that the FAA withdraw its approval of the project. (DOT)

Riverside South: Donald Trump is the developer of this large scale market rate development on the Upper West Side of Manhattan. This project has been the focus of fierce opposition from neighborhood residents led by Congressman Nadler. The developer sought \$356 million in mortgage insurance for construction of one of the buildings in the complex. The developer recently resubmitted a revised application for \$180 million in FHA mortgage insurance. The application is currently under review by HUD. HUD's Inspector General's Office released a memorandum critical of the revised application. HUD believes that the legislative intent of the Congress allowed for use of mortgage insurance for this purpose. (HUD)

Single Sex Education Case: Senior DOEd officials have been working with NY City education officials to resolve a complaint regarding the Young Women's Leadership School, a single-sex academy that the Board of Regents opened in 1996. An investigation of the school by DOEd's Office for Civil Rights, in response to a complaint filed in 1996 by the National Organization for Women, the NY Civil Liberties Union, and the NY Civil Rights Coalition, found some Title IX concerns with school's single-sex approach. On September 10, the *New York Post* reported that the complainants in the case have expressed great dissatisfaction with DOEd's failure to resolve the case and close the school. (DOEd)

School Security Role: The NY City Board of Education voted unanimously on September 6 to transfer control of security in the City's public schools to the Police Department. Mayor Giuliani has long supported the change because members of the Board of Education-controlled security unit have often been accused of involvement in crime and corruption. Opponents of the measure argued it would create a prison-like atmosphere in the schools. (DOEd)

PRESIDENT CLINTON AND VICE PRESIDENT GORE'S ACCOMPLISHMENTS: *NEW YORK*

ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL

- **Unemployment Down to 5.3%:** The unemployment rate in New York has declined from 8.3% to 5.3% since 1993.
- **435,300 New Jobs:** 435,300 new jobs have been created in New York since 1993 -- an average of 77,964 per year, compared to an average of 129,850 jobs *lost* per year during the previous administration.
- **496,300 New Private Sector Jobs:** Since 1993, 496,300 new private sector jobs have been created -- an average of 88,890 jobs per year, compared to an average *loss* of 124,600 private sector jobs per year in the previous administration.
- **35,500 New Construction Jobs:** 35,500 construction jobs have been created in New York since 1993 -- an average of 6,358 jobs per year. In contrast, an average of 23,300 construction jobs were *lost* each year during the previous administration.
- **553,000 Have Received a Raise:** Approximately 189,000 New York workers benefited from an increase in the minimum wage from \$4.25 to \$4.75 -- on October 1, 1996. They, along with about 364,000 more received an additional raise -- from \$4.75 to \$5.15 -- on September 1, 1997.
- **Home Building Up 3.1%:** Home building has increased by an average of 3.1% per year since 1993, after falling over 14.1% per year during the previous four years.
- **A \$500 Child Tax Credit to Help Families Raising Children:** To help make it easier for families to raise their children, the balanced budget includes a \$500 per-child tax credit for children under 17. **Thanks to President Clinton, the Balanced Budget delivers a child tax credit to 1,727,000 families in New York.**
- **Business Failures and Bankruptcy Filings Down:** Business failures have dropped 10.1% per year since 1993, after increasing 35.1% per year during the previous four years. Additionally, bankruptcy filings have declined 22.9% per year since 1993, after increasing 10.8% during the previous two administrations.
- **New Business Incorporations Up 1.8%:** New business incorporations in New York have increased 1.8% per year since 1993, after *decreasing* 3.4% per year during the previous administration.
- **Personal Income Has Risen 2.3% Annually:** Personal income in New York has risen at an annual rate of 2.3% since 1993 compared to an average growth of just 0.5% per year during the previous administration.
- **2.4% Growth in Total Bank Loans and Leases:** New York has seen a 2.4% average growth rate in total bank loans and leases per year since 1993, after falling over 3.9% per year during the previous administration.
- **2% Growth in Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases:** Since 1993, New York has experienced a 2% annual growth rate in commercial and industrial loans and leases. In contrast, commercial and industrial loans and leases fell over 5.5% per year during the previous administration.
- **Over \$25,000 of Reduced Federal Debt for Every Family of Four:** The national debt will \$1.7 trillion lower in fiscal year 1999 than projected in 1993 -- that's \$25,000 less debt for each family of four in New York next year.

EXPANDING ACCESS TO EDUCATION

- **Over \$286 Million in Head Start Funding:** In FY97, New York received \$261.5 million dollars in Head Start funding benefitting 43,700 children. This year, New York will receive \$286.7 million, an increase of over \$25 million over 1997. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal will increase Head Start funding for New York's children by an additional \$20.5 million.
- **\$35.2 Million in Goals 2000 Funding:** This year [FY98], New York receives \$35.2 million in Goals 2000 funding. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposes to increase Goals 2000 funding by an additional \$1.2 million. This money is used to raise academic achievement by raising academic standards, increasing parental and community involvement in education, expanding the use of computers and technology in classrooms, and supporting high-quality teacher professional development.

- **37.8 Million for Technology Literacy:** This year [FY98], New York receives \$37.8 million for the Technology Literacy Challenge Fund which helps communities and the private sector ensure that every student is equipped with the computer literacy skills needed for the 21st century. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal will raise funding for technology literacy by nearly \$4.3 million over FY98.
- **\$678.5 Million for Students Most in Need:** New York will receive \$678.5 million in Title I grants (to Local Educational Agencies) providing extra help in the basics for students most in need, particularly communities and schools with high concentrations of children in low-income families [FY98]. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposes to increase funding for Title I Grants by \$81.7 million to aid New York's students.
- **\$716.2 Million in Pell Grants:** This year [FY98], New York will receive \$716.2 million in Pell Grants for low-income students going to college, an additional \$139.1 million over last year. With this increase, a total of 358,700 New York students will benefit, 20,700 more than the previous year. And President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal increases Pell Grant funding to \$740.4 million.
- **Nearly 8,400 Have Served in New York through AmeriCorps:** Since the National Service program began in 1993, nearly 8,400 AmeriCorps participants, working in 452 different programs, have earned money for college while working in New York's schools, hospitals, neighborhoods or parks. [through 3/98]
- **Tuition Tax Credits in Balanced Budget Open the Doors of College and Promote Lifelong Learning:** The balanced budget includes both President Clinton's \$1,500 HOPE Scholarship to help make the first two years of college as universal as a high school diploma and a Lifetime Learning Tax Credit for college juniors, seniors, graduate students and working Americans pursuing lifelong learning to upgrade their skills. This 20% tax credit will be applied to the first \$5,000 of tuition and fees through 2002 and to the first \$10,000 thereafter. **414,000 students in New York will receive a HOPE Scholarship tax credit of up to \$1,500. 503,000 students in New York will receive the Lifetime Learning Tax Credit.**

FIGHTING CRIME AND VIOLENCE

- **Crime Falls 29% in New York:** Since 1992, serious crime has fallen 29% statewide. In New York City, between 1992 and 1997, serious crime has declined 43%, with a 61% drop in murder, and a 51% drop in robbery. In addition, serious crime has also declined 28% in Rochester and 11% in Syracuse between 1992 and 1997. [1996 and preliminary 1997 Uniform Crime Report data, FBI]
- **8,482 More Police:** The President's 1994 Crime Bill funded 8,426 new police officers in communities across New York. [through 9/98]
- **Buffalo Will Receive Targeted Funding to Hire More Community Police:** Buffalo was recently selected as a pilot city for the President's new effort to target high crime neighborhoods. The pilot program will provide full funding for new officers by waiving the usual matching requirements. Buffalo will deploy new officers to help meet the unique needs of its community, such as combating gangs or targeting drug "hot spots."
- **Reducing Crime with Drug Courts:** Working to reduce drug-related crime in New York, the Clinton Administration has recently awarded Drug Court grants to the communities of Amherst, Ithaca, Syracuse, Rensselaer County, Rockland County, and Suffolk County. The Administration had previously awarded grants to a number of New York communities including: Brooklyn, Buffalo, Rochester, the Bronx, Niagara Falls, Oswego, Queens, Albany, Fulton, Lackawanna, Mayville, Mount Vernon, New City, New York City, and Tonawanda. Drug courts use the coercive power of the criminal justice system to combine drug testing, sanctions, supervision and treatment to push nonviolent, drug-abusing offenders to stop using drugs and committing crimes.
- **\$7.8 Million to Combat Domestic Violence:** Through the Violence Against Women Act, New York receives \$7,817,000 in federal funds this year [FY98] to establish more women's shelters and bolster law enforcement, prosecution, and victims' services.
- **Nearly \$3.9 Million in Grants for Battered Women and Children:** This year [FY98], New York will receive \$3,885,277 in HHS's Family Violence Prevention Program grants to assist women and children fleeing domestic abuse, an additional \$672,000 increase over last year. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal increases HHS's Family Violence Prevention Program grants to nearly \$4 million.

- **\$39.6 Million to Keep Drugs & Violence Out of New York's Schools:** New York receives \$39.6 million in FY98 for the Safe & Drug Free Schools Program, which invests in school security and drug prevention programs.

MOVING NEW YORKERS FROM WELFARE TO WORK

- **290,797 Fewer People on Welfare:** There are 290,797 fewer people on welfare in New York now than there were at the beginning of 1993 -- an 25% decline. [through 3/98]
- **Child Support Collections Up 42%:** Child support collections have increased by \$203 million -- or 42% -- in New York since FY92. [through FY96]
- **Breaking the Cycle of Dependency -- Preventing Teen Pregnancy in New York:** Since 1993, President Clinton has supported innovative and promising teen pregnancy prevention strategies, with significant components of his strategy becoming law in the 1996 Personal Responsibility Act. The law requires unmarried minor parents to stay in school and live at home or in a supervised setting; encourages "second chance homes" to provide teen parents with the skills and support they need; and provides \$50 million a year in new funding for state abstinence education activities. Efforts are making a difference, adolescent pregnancy rates for teens aged 15-19 decreased between 1992 and 1995 and fewer teenagers gave birth from 1991 to 1996. Teen abortion rates are also declining. **Notably, between 1992 and 1995, teen pregnancy rates declined 7.1 percent in New York.**
- **New York Receives \$96.9 Million in Welfare-to-Work Grants:** In FY98, New York is eligible to receive \$96.9 million in welfare-to-work state formula grants, helping New York prepare welfare recipients for work and to place them in jobs. Part of the President's comprehensive efforts to move recipients from welfare to work, this funding is included in the \$3 billion Welfare-to-Work Jobs Challenge Fund signed into law in the 1997 balanced budget.

INVESTING IN NEW YORK'S HEALTH

- **Health Care for Uninsured Children:** The balanced budget includes the largest single investment in health care for children since the passage of Medicaid in 1965 -- an unprecedented \$24 billion over five years to cover as many as five million children throughout the nation. This investment guarantees the full range of benefits -- from checkups to surgery -- that children need to grow up strong and healthy. It ensures that prescription drugs, vision, hearing, and mental health coverage now offered at the state level are extended to millions of uninsured children. **To expand health coverage to more uninsured children in New York the balanced budget provides \$255.7 million in 1998.** This compares to the 1995 Republican plan vetoed by President Clinton that would have denied health care coverage to 454,600 children in New York.
- **Helping New York Women and Children with WIC:** The Clinton Administration is committed to full funding in the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC). Last year, in New York, 32,179 more women and children in need received health and food assistance than in 1994.
- **More Toddlers Are Being Immunized:** As a result of the President's 1993 Childhood Immunization Initiative, childhood immunization rates have reached an historic high. According to the CDC, 90% or more of America's toddlers in 1996 received the most critical doses of each of the routinely recommended vaccines -- surpassing the President's 1993 goal. In New York in 1996, 98% of two-year olds received the vaccines for diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis; 93% received the vaccine for polio; 94% received the vaccine for measles, and 93% received the vaccine for *Haemophilus influenzae* B, the bacteria causing a form of meningitis
- **Increased Funding for HIV/AIDS Programs by 126%:** In FY97, New York communities received \$186.6 million in Ryan White formula and other HIV/AIDS program funds, a 126% increase over FY93 levels. This funding provides people living with HIV and AIDS medical and support services, including the AIDS Drug Assistance Program which helps those without insurance obtain much needed prescription drugs. [HHS, Health Resources and Services Administration, 4/98]

- **President's Tobacco Plan Will Cut Smoking and Premature Deaths by 37% in New York:** If the Clinton Administration's tobacco proposal on youth smoking is enacted, by 2003, New York will see a 37% cut in youth smoking and resulting premature deaths. Over the next five years, 188,000 youth of New York will be kept from smoking and 63,000 will be spared a premature tobacco-related death. [Treasury Dept., 3/23/98]
- **7,570,000 Americans in New York Cannot Be Assured They Have Patient Protections:** Even if New York enacted all the protections in the Patients' Bill of Rights, 7,570,000 people in New York cannot be assured they have the comprehensive patient protections recommended by the President's Advisory Commission. This is because the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) may preempt state-enacted protections. That is why the President has called on Congress to pass a federally enforceable patients' bill of rights so that everyone enrolled in managed care may have a basic set of protections. Notably, 3,800,000 New York women are in ERISA health plans and are therefore not necessarily protected. Women are particularly vulnerable without these protections because they are greater users of health care services, they make three-quarters of the health care decisions for their families, and they have specific health care needs addressed by a patients' bill of rights.

PROTECTING THE ENVIRONMENT

- **22 Toxic Waste Sites Cleaned Up:** Since 1993, the EPA has completed 22 Superfund toxic waste cleanups in New York. The sites are located in Hauppauge, Glenwood Landing, Endicott, Shelby, Hyde Park, Johnstown, Oswego, Ramapo, Hamilton, Granby, Conklin, Farmingdale (3), Cold Spring, North Sea, Oyster Bay, Brewster, Deer Park, Hicksville, South Glen Falls, and Woodside, Queens [through 8/98]. This is more than three times the number of sites cleaned up in New York during the previous twelve years combined (6).
- **Revitalizing Brownfields Projects in New York:** As part of the Clinton-Gore Administration's efforts to clean up Brownfields, the EPA has awarded grants to communities in New York -- Buffalo, Ogdensburg, Utica, Yonkers, Elmira, New York City, Niagara Falls, Rochester, Glen Cove, and Rome --as well as Niagara and Ulster Counties, for environmental clean-up and economic revitalization. These projects are intended to jump-start local clean-up efforts by providing funds to return unproductive, abandoned, contaminated urban properties to productive use.

SPEARHEADING URBAN RENEWAL EFFORTS

- **\$100 Million to Harlem and the South Bronx:** Harlem and the South Bronx were designated as Urban Empowerment Zones in 1994 and were awarded \$100 million to create more jobs, housing, and economic opportunity. Already, Rite Aid, Blockbuster Video, the Gap and the Disney Company have either opened Harlem stores or announced plans to do so. An estimated \$1 billion will be invested in Harlem over the next 10 years as a result of this Empowerment Zone designation.
- **\$12 Million to Other New York Communities:** In addition, Albany, Buffalo, Rochester, and Newburgh were designated Enterprise Communities, and were awarded \$3 million each to pursue similar efforts.
- **Expanding the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Will Help Develop 9,200 To 11,000 New Affordable Housing Units in New York Over the Next 5 years:** In January, the Vice-President announced the Clinton-Gore Administration's proposed 40-percent expansion of the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit. If enacted, it will mean an additional 9,200 - 11,000 quality rental housing units for low-income American families in New York during the next five years.

EXPANDING FUNDS FOR TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT

- **Over \$5 Billion in Federal Highway Aid:** Since 1993, New York has received \$5.04 billion in federal highway aid. These funds have helped generate nearly 212,500 jobs. [through FY97]
- **Over \$597 Million in Aviation Funds:** From FY93-FY97 New York received \$597,490,000 in AIP funds to help build and renovate airports, and, when necessary, to provide funds for noise abatement to improve the quality of life for residents who live near airports.
- **Over \$4 Billion in Transit Funds:** New York has received a total of \$4.3 billion in FTA funds from 1993-1997.

THE TRIP
of
THE PRESIDENT
to
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

October 16, 1998

Staff Copy

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Friday, October 16, 1998

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

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Friday, October 16, 1998

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
FRIDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1998

Final Schedule

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4824

PRESS DESK:

ANNE EDWARDS

HOME: 301-565-3101

OFFICE: 202-456-2921

WHCA PAGER: 4208

EVENT COORDINATOR:

LAURA SCHWARTZ

HOME: 202-331-4339

OFFICE: 202-456-5655

WHCA PAGER: 4293

EVENT COORDINATOR:

CECILY WILLIAMS

HOME: 202-726-0009

OFFICE: 202-456-5039

WHCA PAGER: 4063

ADVANCE LEAD:
(CHICAGO)

CHERI STOCKHAM

STAFF OFFICE: 312-922-6281

WHCA PAGER: 4143

CELL PHONE: 202-395-2101

• WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Partly cloudy. Winds variable to north at 5 to 10 knots. Low 43 to 48. High 65 to 70.

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Partly cloudy, becoming mostly cloudy with a chance for thunderstorms and rain showers by evening. Winds southeast at 8 to 12 knots. Low 55 to 60. High 70 to 75.

Friday, October 16, 1998

**Schedule of the President
for
Friday, October 16, 1998
*Final Schedule***

9:00 am-
9:25 am

BRIEFING
MAP ROOM
Staff Contact: Gene Sperling, Larry Stein

9:25 am-
10:00 am

MEET AND GREET
DIPLOMATIC RECEPTION ROOM
Staff Contact: Larry Stein, Capricia Marshall
Event Coordinator: Laura Schwartz
CLOSED PRESS

Note: The President and the Vice President will greet Members of Congress attending the Budget Event.

10:00 am-
10:45 am

BUDGET EVENT
ROSE GARDEN
Staff Contact: Gene Sperling, Larry Stein, Capricia Marshall
Event Coordinator: Laura Schwartz
OPEN PRESS

- **The President**, accompanied by the Vice President, Senator Thomas Daschle, Senator TBD, Representative Richard Gephardt and Representative TBD, is announced into the Rose Garden.
- **The President** makes remarks and introduces the Vice President.
- The Vice President makes remarks and introduces Senator Thomas Daschle.
- Senator Thomas Daschle makes remarks and introduces Representative Gephardt.
- Representative Richard Gephardt makes remarks and introduces Senator TBD.
- Senator TBD makes remarks and introduces Representative TBD.
- Representative TBD makes remarks.
- **The President** makes concluding remarks and departs.

October 15, 1998 (9:37pm)

Friday, October 16, 1998

10:55 am-
11:00 am **GROUP PHOTOGRAPH WITH THE RESERVE FORCES
POLICY BOARD MEMBERS
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
Event Coordinator: Karin Kullman
WHITE HOUSE PHOTO ONLY**

11:10 am **THE PRESIDENT** departs The White House via Marine One en route
Andrews Air Force Base
[flight time: 10 minutes]

11:20 am **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Andrews Air Force Base

11:35 am **THE PRESIDENT** departs Andrews Air Force Base via Air Force One en
route Chicago O'Hare International Airport, Chicago, Illinois
[flight time: 1 hour, 40 minutes, -1 hour]

12:15 pm (CT) **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Chicago O'Hare International Airport
[1:15pm EST]

Greeters: Senator Carol Moseley-Braun
 General Harold Keistler, Base Commander
 Mary Rose Loney, Commissioner of Aviation
 Patrick Lavar, President, Aviation Association

12:30 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Chicago O'Hare International Airport via
motorcade en route Union League Club
[drive time: 35 minutes]

1:05 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Union League Club

Greeters: Laura Hagen, President, Union League Club
 Jonathon McNabe, General Manager, Union League Club

1:10 pm-
1:35 pm **PHOTO RECEIVING LINE
SIXTH FLOOR DINING ROOM
The Union League Club
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Cecily Williams
CLOSED PRESS**

**Note: There will be approximately 60 guests in attendance
(50 photos).**

October 15, 1998 (9:37pm)

Friday, October 16, 1998

1:40 pm-
2:20 pm
[2:40pm-3:20pm EST]

SENATOR CAROL MOSELEY-BRAUN LUNCHEON
SIXTH FLOOR DINING ROOM
The Union League Club
Remarks: Josh Gottheimer
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Cecily Williams
POOL PRESS

Note: There will be approximately 60 guests in attendance.

- Pat Arbor announces the **President**, accompanied by Senator Carol Moseley-Braun.
- Pat Arbor, Chairman, Chicago Board of Trade, makes brief remarks and introduces Senator Carol Moseley-Braun.
- Senator Carol Moseley-Braun makes remarks and introduces the **President**.
- **The President** makes remarks and departs.

2:25 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Union League Club via motorcade en route Chicago Hilton Hotel and Towers
[drive time: 5 minutes]

2:30 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Chicago Hilton Hotel and Towers

Greeters: Ken Smith, General Manager, Chicago Hilton Hotel and Towers
Robert Allegrini, Director of Public Relations, Chicago Hilton Hotel and Towers

2:35 pm-
3:15 pm
[3:35pm-4:15pm EST]

HOLD
CHICAGO HILTON HOTEL AND TOWERS

• 3:30 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Chicago Hilton Hotel and Towers via motorcade en route Meigs Field
[drive time: 5 minutes]

3:35 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Meigs Field

Greeters: James Compton, President, Chicago Urban League
Anamari Torres, Coordinator, Chicago Hispanic Health Coalition
Thomas Hynes

October 15, 1998 (9:37pm)

Friday, October 16, 1998

3:50 pm
[4:50pm EST]

THE PRESIDENT departs Meigs Field via Marine One en route Chicago O'Hare International Airport
[flight time: 20 minutes]
OPEN PRESS

4:10 pm
[5:10pm EST]

THE PRESIDENT arrives Chicago O'Hare International Airport

Greeter: General Harold Keistler, Base Commander

4:25 pm
[5:25pm EST]

THE PRESIDENT departs Chicago O'Hare International Airport via Air Force One en route Andrews Air Force Base
[flight time: 1 hour, 40 minutes, +1 hour]

7:05 pm

(EST) **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Andrews Air Force Base

7:20 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Andrews via Marine One en route The White House
[flight time: 10 minutes]

7:30 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives The White House

EVENING OFF

BC RON

**THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, DC**

HRC RON

MADISON, WISCONSIN

October 15, 1998 (9:37pm)

A

***The Democratic Senatorial Campaign Committee
Honors U.S. Senator Carol Moseley-Braun***

***With Special Guest
President William Jefferson Clinton***

Date: Friday, October 16, 1998

Time: 1:00pm

***Location: The Union League Club
65 West Jackson Blvd.
Chicago, IL***

Prepared by: Jeannine Cota

I. Background

The scheduled event expects to raise \$500,000 towards a necessary \$1.1 million tally for U.S. Senator Carol Moseley-Braun. The first tier is a photo receiving line, followed by a sit-down luncheon. Hosting approximately 100 persons, the event is being sold at \$25,000, \$10,000 and \$2,500 per person.

II. Participants

Attendees will consist mostly of Democratic supporters throughout the larger Chicago area, with a concentrated participation from Board of Trade Members.

III. Press

Open to White House pool press during program portion only.

IV. Sequence of Events

12:15pm-	Guest call time
1:00pm-	You arrive, are greeted by Senator Moseley-Braun and proceed to photo receiving line.
1:05pm-	You participate in photo receiving line with approximately 100 persons (50 photos).
1:30pm-	You and Senator Moseley-Braun proceed to designated tables,

- are seated , and lunch is served (pre-set salad).
- 1:50pm- Event chair (TBD) delivers welcoming remarks and introduces Senator Moseley-Braun.
- 1:55pm- Senator Moseley-Braun delivers remarks and introduces you.
- 2:00pm- You deliver remarks.
- 2:10pm- You end remarks and work a rope line with Senator Moseley-Braun.
- 2:20pm- You depart.

V. Attachments

Talking points and acknowledgments provided by speechwriting.

B

Acknowledge: Jim Levin (event co-chair);
Pat Arbor (chairman, Chicago Bd. of Trade/
event co-chair)

I'm happy to be here to support Carol
Moseley-Braun for Senate

- Moseley-Braun fights for our values & our children.

Moseley-Braun is committed to:

- Crime Prevention:

1. Co-sponsor *Brady Bill*
2. Supporter of *Crime Bill*
(COPS program, Assault
Weapons Ban)

**- Rebuilding Schools. We want Carol
back in the gallery leading the fight.**

1. Sponsored *Crumbling Schools*
legislation
 - Build/repair 5,000 schools
 - Over \$20B bonds for
rehab./modern.
 - Internet to all schools by 2000

- Champion of Working Women

1. Supported FMLA
2. Advocate of Equal Pay legis.

- Health Care

1. Co-sponsor PBOR

• **5 ½ yrs ago: New Dir, old values:**
opp/resp/comm. Ec, Env, Edu, Welf, Cr, For.

• **Results:** BB-Oct.1; 25-Cr; 28-unempl; 29-Welf; 29-BB; 32-Infl; record homeownership. Income gains: typical family income up over \$3,500 since '93. Poverty: Af-Am poverty rate lowest level on record. College opp: Hope \$1,500, Pell, work-study. Child health: 5M, highest immunization Env: fewer toxic dumps; Service: 100K, Amcorp; AmReads. FMLA: helped millions past 5 yrs

• **Democrats Win on the Budget:**

What we achieved:

1. Saved surplus for SS
2. 100K tchrs
3. IMF
4. Enviro

What we must do:

1. Save SS#1 - electing the congress that will decide how
2. Schools construction
3. PBOR
4. Tobacco
5. CFR

C

October 16, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Orson Porter, Political Affairs

SUBJECT: Illinois Political Briefing

UPCOMING AND RECENT PRINCIPAL TRAVEL

- * **YOU** were last in Chicago on September 25, 1998 to attend a fundraising luncheon for Gubernatorial candidate Rep. Glenn Poshard at the Merc Club.
- * **YOU** and the **Vice President** visited Chicago on August 10th to attend a Chicago Unity '98 event.
- * The **Vice President** attended a dinner for Senator Carol Moseley-Braun on August 31, 1998.
- * The **First Lady** visited Illinois on June 3, 1998 to attend an event at the Art Institute of Chicago.
- * **Mrs. Gore** was last in Illinois on July 30, 1998, where she delivered the keynote address to the UFCWU annual meeting in Chicago.
- * The **First Lady** is scheduled to be in Chicago on October 22-23, to attend separate events to benefit Cook County Board President John Stroger and Senator Carol Moseley-Braun.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION RESULTS

1992			1996		
Clinton	2,453,350	49%	Clinton	2,341,744	54%
Bush	1,734,096	34%	Dole	1,587,021	37%
Perot	840,515	17%	Perot	346,408	8%

POLITICAL DATA

Governor:	Jim Edgar (R)	64% in 1994
U.S. Senate:	Dick Durbin (D)	54% in 1996
	Carol Moseley-Braun (D)	53% in 1992
U.S. House:	10D / 10R	
State Senate:	28D/31R	
State House:	60D/58R	
Electoral Votes:	22	

ILLINOIS AT A GLANCE...

- * The unemployment rate in Illinois was 5.3% in 1996.
- * The most recent estimate of Illinois' population is just less than 12 million, making Illinois the 6th most populous state in the nation.
- * 74.8% of Illinois residents are White, 14.6% are African-American, 7.9% are Hispanic and, 2.4% are Asian/Pacific Islander.
- * 13% of Illinois residents are 65 years of age or over.
- * Median household income was \$32,252 in 1996..
- * 46% have a bachelor's degree.

CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION

Senator Dick Durbin (D)	Senator Carol Moseley Braun (D)
Representative Bobby Rush (D-1)	Representative Jesse Jackson, Jr. (D-2)
Representative Bill Lipinski (D-3)	Representative Luiz Gutierrez (D-4)
Representative Rod Blagojevich (D-5)	Representative Henry Hyde (R-6)
Representative Danny Davis (D-7)	Representative Phillip Crane (R-8)
Representative Sidney Yates (D-9)	Representative John Edward Porter (R-10)
Representative Jerry Weller (R-11)	Representative Jerry Costello (D-12)
Representative Harris Fawell (R-13)	Representative Dennis Hastert (R-14)
Representative Thomas Ewing (R-15)	Representative Donald Manzullo (R-16)
Representative Lane Evans (D-17)	Representative Ray LaHood (R-18)
Representative Glenn Poshard (D-19)	Representative John Shimkus (R-20)

STATE CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS AND LEGISLATIVE LEADERS

Governor:	Jim Edgar (R)
Lt. Governor:	Bob Kustra (R)
Attorney General:	Jim Ryan (R)
Secretary of State:	George Ryan (R)
State Comptroller:	Loleta Didrickson (R)
Senate President:	James "Pate" Philip (R-23)
Senate Democratic Leader:	Senator Emil Jones (D-14)
Speaker of the House:	Michael Madigan (D-22)
House Republican Leader:	Lee A. Daniels (R-46)

1998 SENATE RACE

A *Chicago Tribune* poll conducted October 3-6 showed state Senator Peter Fitzgerald inching away from Senator Carol Moseley-Braun, 49%-36%. In the same poll 47% had an unfavorable impression of Moseley-Braun and among suburban white women, the incumbent trailed Fitzgerald 58% to 28%. It should be noted that the *Chicago Tribune* endorsed Fitzgerald in this year's Senate race. In a poll conducted September 20-24 by Hickman Brown (D) showed Moseley-Braun trailing state Senator

Peter Fitzgerald by only four points, 46%-42%. A Mason-Dixon poll conducted September 11-14 showed state Senator Peter Fitzgerald leading Senator Carol Moseley-Braun (D) 46%-37%.

On October 4, 1998, the two candidates attended their first debate at the WILL Television studio in Chicago. Many thought Fitzgerald was on the defensive for what the Moseley-Braun campaign calls Fitzgerald's extreme votes in the state Senate to allow concealed handguns, his plan to turn Medicare into an HMO, his goal of outlawing abortion, even in the case of rape or incest, and his stated support for abolishing the Department of Education. In attendance at the debate in support of Senator Moseley-Braun were Senator Dick Durbin and Rep. Jesse L. Jackson Jr. They later joined the Senator in calling for more debates.

Fitzgerald used \$7 million of his personal fortune to saturate the state's media markets in order to defeat his rival, state Comptroller Loleta Didrickson (R). Cash-on-hand balances are \$1,072,805 for Moseley-Braun and \$737,735 for Fitzgerald.

Although dismissed by many as too conservative to be competitive and opposed by Republican leaders such as former Senate Majority Leader Bob Dole (R-KS), Fitzgerald received 52% of the primary vote, defeating the moderate Didrickson with 48%.

Fitzgerald's campaign has gone negative and continues to attack on Moseley-Braun for hiring her 1992 campaign manager, Kgosie Matthews. Matthews, a South African citizen, did not have proper immigration documents to legally work in the U.S. in 1992. Moseley-Braun's campaign has stated that she was not aware that he lacked the proper documents at the time. Moseley-Braun faced additional controversy surrounding her relationship with Matthews, her former fiance, who is currently under investigation by the I.R.S. to determine if he paid income taxes and whether or not he converted campaign funds for his personal use.

In an effort to end lingering questions about her previous ownership of an apartment in Chicago with Matthews, Moseley-Braun released her annual financial disclosure statement outlining last year's sale of the property. Fitzgerald (R) had questioned the legality of her co-ownership of the property because she was splitting payments with Matthews while he was a lobbyist. Her statement indicated she had sold the apartment last year and split the gains evenly with Matthews. The Senate Ethics Committee, which had previously approved Moseley-Braun's arrangement, pronounced the issue closed with the release of her statement.

If Moseley-Braun hopes to regain the support she enjoyed in 1992, then the base of support which she must win back are the women voters. This core group which endorsed Moseley-Braun six years ago comprising women on both sides of the aisle, this election cycle, the Senator has had a difficult time maintaining unity among her Democratic supporters. Moseley-Braun's ability in 1996 to woo Republican women voters was due in large part to high expectations of the prospects of electing the first African American female Senator. In a freshman term dogged by financial difficulties and events such as her visit to Nigerian dictator Sani Abacha, Moseley-Braun has turned off a large portion of the electorate which, unfortunately, includes the group which helped catapult her to victory. She is confident that once suburban women voters are aware of Fitzgerald's pro-life and concealed weapons position, they will support her again.

In April, Moseley-Braun asked millionaire Fitzgerald to make a joint agreement on a \$6 million spending limit for the general election. Fitzgerald, a banking heir from the northwest suburbs, spent \$7 million of his own money and is rejecting limits on expenditures because he doesn't want to give up the wealth loophole in federal election law, which allows him to make unlimited contributions to his own campaign. In contrast, Moseley-Braun may accept contributions of no more than \$1,000 from individuals or \$5,000 from political action committees under federal election laws.

Fitzgerald is believed to have bought \$4,000,000 of state wide air time for the final two weeks of the campaign.

1998 GUBERNATORIAL RACE

A poll conducted October 3-6 by the *Chicago Tribune* showed Secretary of State George Ryan maintaining his double digit lead over Rep. Glenn Poshard, 52%-31% in the race for governor. In an earlier poll conducted September 19-22 by the *Chicago Tribune* had Fitzgerald with a 10-point lead, 48%-38%. A *Chicago Sun-Times/News 2* Poll conducted September 8-10 showed Secretary of State George Ryan (R) leading Rep. Glenn Poshard (D-19) 52%-34%. **YOUR** event on September 25, 1998 at the Merc Club raised almost \$300,000.

Rep. Glenn Poshard (D) has pleaded with fellow Democrats to support his campaign; however, he struggles to gather support from women, African Americans, white liberals, gays and Democratic-leaning Chicago. Due to Rep. Poshard's non-support of the Brady Bill, former White House Press Secretary James Brady gave his endorsement to Ryan. The Chicago Fraternal Order of Police surprised gubernatorial candidate Rep. Glenn Poshard (D) by switching its early Poshard primary endorsement to his opponent, Secretary of State George Ryan (R).

FOP President Bill Nolan said, "Guns are always an issue with us and his (Ryan's) support of the federal Brady Law requiring waiting periods for handgun purchase was one reason we chose to support him."

On September 14, the president of the state's largest teachers union endorsed Ryan as "a great leader" whose education program "fits hand-in-glove with our plan to achieve better schools." However, several Illinois Education Association local chapters already have asked that their union dues be returned because they are upset the association chose Ryan over Poshard, a former educator. Although Ryan has also gained the backing of the Chicago police and firefighters unions, Poshard earlier won the backing of the AFL-CIO.

In the *Chicago Tribune* poll conducted 9/11-9/17, women voters across the state favored Ryan over Poshard, 51 percent to 28 percent. African Americans in the same poll supported Poshard over Ryan, 43 percent to 33 percent.

Mayor Richard Daley's (D) agreement to appear in a Poshard television ad and attending the Merc Club event gave Poshard's campaign some needed support, as it tries to energize the Democratic base of Chicago and erase any lingering doubts about Daley's support of Poshard. Many insiders think Mayor Daley is unwilling to engage in party politics and his campaign next

year may be a factor.

Members of the African-American community as well as liberal north shore Democrats have raised concerns about Rep. Glenn Poshard's (D-19) candidacy for governor. His conservative positions on abortion and gun control have angered liberal Democrats, and many fear that base voters may not turn out in November. Community leaders are urging Poshard to soften his views on some issues in order to appease base voters.

In an August 11 *Chicago Tribune* article, Rev. Jesse Jackson stated that Poshard's campaign might be using Rep. Jackson as a "foil" to appeal for support from white voters. In addition, Poshard's opposition to the proposed airport in Peotone has angered Rep. Jesse Jackson Jr. (D-02) and the growing African-American population in the southern suburbs of Chicago. Ryan, seeking to make inroads with African American voters, launched a series of radio advertisements last week on stations with a predominantly black listening audience. The commercials feature Rev. Tyrone Crider promoting Ryan's position on gun control, educator Emiel Hamberlin on Ryan's education plan and Ramon Price, the brother of the late Mayor Harold Washington and Chief curator of the Dusable Museum, touting Ryan's support for literacy.

Gay rights advocates fear Poshard would limit their rights if elected. State Rep. Larry McKeon (D), Illinois' only openly gay legislator, will not support Poshard and believes other liberal Democrats will turn their backs on the conservative Poshard. Leaders of Chicago's gay community recently met with Poshard and concluded the meeting by publicly stating they will not support him as a candidate.

Secretary of State George Ryan (R) ran unopposed in the Republican primary for governor. He is touting himself as the right person to continue the work of retiring Governor Jim Edgar (R) because of his ability to work with leaders on both sides of the aisle.

Representative Glenn Poshard (D-19) won the Democratic nomination for governor with 38% of the primary vote, defeating former Attorney General Roland Burris (D) with 30 percent, former Justice Department official John Schmidt (D) with 25 percent, and former U.S. Attorney Jim Burns (D) with 6 percent.

1998 STATEWIDE RACES

Lieutenant Governor. Lieutenant Governor Bob Kustra (R) followed Governor Edgar's (R) lead and announced he would not run for reelection. Freshman state Representative Corrine Wood (R), handpicked by gubernatorial candidate George Ryan (R), ran unopposed in the Republican primary. Democratic primary candidates included moderate downstate Democrat Mary Lou Kearns and former U.S. Senate candidate Pat Quinn. The Illinois Election Board decided that Kearns was the official winner of the primary by 1,468 votes, a margin of less than two-tenths of a percentage point. Quinn announced on April 21 that he would not petition the Illinois Supreme Court for a recount.

Attorney General. A *Chicago Tribune* poll conducted October 3-6 reported the following: 55% would vote for Attorney General Jim Ryan (R) in his reelection bid against City Treasurer

Miriam Santos (D) who got 23%. Attorney General Jim Ryan (R), who briefly explored a bid for the Senate, is seeking reelection despite having been hospitalized for cancer treatment. City Treasurer Miriam Santos (D) won the Democratic nomination for Illinois Attorney General. Santos is of Puerto Rican descent, and is the first Hispanic and the second woman elected to citywide office. Before the primary, Santos received an unusual pre-primary endorsement from Mayor Richard Daley, along with support from the Illinois Democratic Party. (Please note Hot Issues)

Secretary of State. The same *Chicago Tribune Poll* cited above showed Secretary of State candidates Cook County Recorder of Deeds Jesse White (D) and former state Rep. Al Salvi (R) in a dead heat with 38% - 36%. As noted above, Secretary of State George Ryan is running for governor, leaving open the Secretary of State post. Former state Representative and 1996 Senate nominee Al Salvi (R) defeated Deputy House Minority Leader Robert Churchill (R), garnering 53% of the primary vote for the Republican nomination.

Cook County Recorder of Deeds Jesse White (D) defeated Tim McCarthy (D), a former Secret Service agent who was shot and wounded in 1981 during a failed assassination attempt on President Ronald Reagan, in the Democratic primary. White won the party's nomination with 55% of the vote.

Comptroller. Dan Hynes (D), son of Democratic Party heavyweight Tom Hynes (D), is the Democratic candidate for state Comptroller. Hynes was the Political Director for the Clinton/Gore '96 Illinois reelection campaign. On the Republican side, Chris Lauzen beat Harry Seigle 52 to 48 percent.

Treasurer. Incumbent Judy Baar Topinka (R) is running for reelection. The Mayor of Orland Park, Dan McLaughlin (D) defeated the Mayor of Calumet City Jerry Genova (D), garnering 58% of the primary vote for the Democratic nomination.

CONGRESSIONAL RACES

CD/01 - Bobby Rush (D)

3rd Term-85%

Democrat Caleb Davis lost resoundingly against 3rd term incumbent Bobby Rush in the March 17 primary. Rush defeated Davis 89 to 11 percent. On the Republican side, Marlene Ahimaz was unopposed. Rush is heavily favored in the south side Chicago district that has been solidly Democratic since 1934. In 1996, Rush received 85 percent of the vote, defeating his Republican challenger Noel Naughton. Rush has \$36,506 cash-on-hand, while Ahimaz's figures are unreported.

Rep. Bobby Rush (D) is forming an exploratory committee for his candidacy as mayor of Chicago. Despite Mayor Richard Daley's (D) strong hold on the city, Rep. Rush says the three-term incumbent mayor is "very, very vulnerable." The mayoral primary will take place in February, 1999.

CD/02 - Jesse Jackson, Jr. (D)**1st Full Term-94%**

Robert Gordon (R) will take on Rep. Jesse Jackson (D) in this solidly Democratic district. The district includes parts of the old south side of Chicago and outlying suburban areas dominated by middle-class blacks. Jackson was first elected in a special election in 1995 when then-Rep. Mel Reynolds (D) left office to serve a prison sentence. Jackson is heavily favored to return for a second term. Jackson has \$72,584 cash-on-hand, while Gordon's figures are unreported.

CD/03 - William Lipinski (D)**8th Term - 65%**

Robert Marshall (R) won the three-way Republican primary, taking in 49% of the vote. Arthur Jones (R) earned 12% and Karl Roth (R) earned 38%. Marshall will face Rep. William Lipinski, who ran unopposed in the Democratic primary. Lipinski has \$63,214 cash-on-hand balance and Marshall has a reported \$145. On October 8, Lipinski voted with the Republican majority in favor of holding impeachment hearings.

CD/04 - Luis Gutierrez (D)**3rd Term - 94%**

John Birch (R) will face incumbent Rep. Luis Gutierrez in November. The district is overwhelmingly Democratic. Clinton/Gore won this district in 1996 with 80% of the vote; Gutierrez won reelection that year with 94%. Gutierrez has \$41,901 cash-on-hand balance, while Birch's figures are unreported.

CD/05 - Rod Blagojevich (D)**1st Term - 64%**

Freshman Rep. Rod Blagojevich (D) will face Alan Spitz (R) in November. Republicans are hoping to retaliate for the loss of this seat in 1996 when former Rep. Michael Flanagan (R) lost to Rep. Blagojevich. Flanagan had surprised the political world in 1994 when he defeated former Rep. Dan Rostenkowski (D) in this traditionally Democratic district. Blagojevich is favored to win in November. Cash-on-hand balances are \$183,508 for Blagojevich and Spitz with \$4,072.

CD/06 - Henry Hyde (R)**12th Term - 64%**

Rep. Henry Hyde (R), chairman of the House Judiciary Committee, faces no challenge in his reelection bid.

CD/07 - Danny Davis (D)**1st Term - 82%**

Rep. Danny Davis (D) defeated his primary challenger Wilner Jackson (D) in the March 17 contest. The victory leaves Davis with no opposition in November.

CD/08 - Philip Crane (R)**15th Term - 62%**

Rep. Philip Crane (R) won the Republican primary with 65% of the vote over investment banker David McSweeney (R). He has no challenge in the general election.

CD/09 - Sidney Yates (D)**24th Term - 63%**

State Representative Jan Schakowsky (D) won the three-way Democratic primary in retiring Rep. Sidney Yates' (D) district. Schakowsky defeated state Sen. Howard Carroll (D) and J.B. Pritzker (D), heir to the Hyatt hotel franchise. Schakowsky will be the odds-on favorite to win the November contest in the heavily Democratic district, which has been held by Yates for nearly half a century.

CD/10 - John Porter (R)**10th Term - 69%**

Rep. John Porter (R) faces no challenge in his reelection bid.

CD/11 - Jerry Weller (R)**2nd Term - 52%**

Attorney Gary Mueller (D) won the Democratic primary against Steve Barach, 61% to 31%. Mueller will face sophomore Rep. Jerry Weller (R) in November. Weller plans to tout his position on the House Ways and Means Committee to garner support for his campaign. The race will undoubtedly be competitive in this swing district that voted for Clinton/Gore by a 13-point margin in 1996. Fundraising has been difficult for Mueller, who has \$48,572 cash-on-hand, while Weller has a reported \$643,559 on hand.

Mueller was profiled on CBS news on October 8 after generating considerable press due to a publicity stunt. The Democratic candidate swore before a notary public and a group of reporters that he had never "had an extramarital affair, never beaten his wife, he's not a homosexual, a drug addict or criminal." Mueller attempted to get Weller to sign the affidavit also, the Republican candidate declined.

CD/12 - Jerry Costello (D)**6th Term - 72%**

Bill Price (R), son of former Congressman Mel Price (D-Ill), won the Republican primary with 60% of the vote over Christian school administrator Gail Kohlmeier, who received 40%. Rep. Jerry Costello (D) took 87% of the vote over his Democratic primary challenger, Kenneth Wiezer. Costello has been recently named an unindicted co-conspirator in a trial of his former business partner, Amiel Cueto. While Costello is favored to take the November election, political fallout from the trial may work in Price's favor. There has been speculation that Price will change party affiliation if elected, he is a former Democrat. Cash-on-hand balances are \$236,315 for Costello and Price with \$120,097.

CD/13 - Harris Fawell (R) is retiring**6th Term - 60%**

In the race to succeed retiring Rep. Harris Fawell, Judy Biggert took the Republican nomination with 45% of the vote, defeating five challengers including conservative state Representative Peter Roskam, who won 40% of the vote. Biggert is favored to win in November against her Democratic challenger, Susan Hynes. Hynes won 40% of the vote against Fawell in 1996. Biggert has \$127,200 cash-on-hand, while Hynes has \$21,837.

CD/14 - Dennis Hastert (R)**6th Term - 64%**

Rep. Dennis Hastert (R) will face Robert Cozzi (D), a retired computer engineer, in the November election. Hastert, Chief Deputy Whip in the House has won this conservative district handily in the past two elections, and in all likelihood this November should be no different. Cash-on-hand total for Hastert is \$280,647. Cozzi's balance is unreported.

CD/15 - Thomas Ewing (R)**4th Term - 57%**

Rep. Thomas Ewing (R) is favored to defeat his 1996 challenger, state Representative Laurel Prussing (D) in November. Ewing is favored in this conservative district. Dole took seven out of 11 counties in '96. Cash-on-hand totals are \$254,699 and \$40,000 for Prussing. State Rep. Prussing has refused to take PAC money in this election.

CD/16 - Don Manzullo (R)**3rd Term - 60%**

Rep. Don Manzullo (R) is favored to win in November against Democratic nominee Donald Gaines.

CD/17 - Lane Evans (D)**8th Term - 52%**

Rep. Lane Evans (D) revealed on May 18 that he has been suffering from Parkinson's disease since 1995. He does not expect the disease, which impairs muscle control, to affect his campaign. Republicans are once again targeting Evans, who they point out is one of a handful of Democrats across the country whose reelection numbers decreased in 1996 despite the coattails of President Clinton. Evans will again face Mark Baker (R), a former TV anchor and his 1996 rival.

Evans defeated Baker 52 to 47 percent in 1996. The candidates are evenly paced in their fundraising efforts. Evans has \$133,000 in the bank, compared to Baker's \$115,000. Having moderated his liberal views to stay afloat in this district, Evans voted with the Republican majority on October 8 in favor of holding impeachment hearings.

Baker has hired outside campaign consultants and is working on building a solid grassroots network. He continues to argue that Rep. Evans is not properly representing the district's farmers and small business owners. On the other hand, Evans says Baker is a "Gingrich clone" and a pro-gun and anti-abortion extremist.

CD/18 - Ray LaHood (R)**2nd Term - 59 %**

Rep. Ray LaHood (R) is unopposed in the 1998 Congressional elections.

CD/19 - Glenn Poshard (D) is running for Governor**4th Term - 67%**

In the 19th Congressional District race, a Fabrizio-McLaughlin (R) poll conducted September 13-14 showed state Rep. David Phelps (D) leading '94/'96 GOP nominee Brent Winters (R) by a narrow margin, 39%-35%, in the race to succeed Rep. Glenn Poshard (D).

David Phelps (D) is hoping to capitalize on Poshard's coattails in this southeastern Illinois district where 90 percent voted for Rep. Glenn Poshard (D) in the gubernatorial primary. Phelps is a conservative state Representative who shares similar views with Poshard on abortion, gun control, and labor issues. He will face Poshard's 1996 challenger, Brent Winters (R), in November. Winters was defeated by Poshard in 1996 with just 32% of the vote. The district voted for Clinton/Gore by seven points in 1996. Cash-on-hand balances are \$183,447 for Phelps and \$10,001 for Winters.

CD/20 - John Shimkus (R)**1st Term - 50%**

Rep. John Shimkus (R) won the seat in 1996 when then-Rep. Dick Durbin left to run for U.S. Senate. Senator Durbin had previously held the seat for 14 years. Attorney Rick Verticchio (D) received enough write-in votes on March 17th to qualify him for a November ballot spot. Democrats needed 641 votes to get Verticchio on the ballot. He received more than 3,000 votes. Verticchio has received unfavorable press over recent campaign finance difficulties. It is alleged that the Democrat received \$3,500 in illegal contributions from two non-registered federal PAC's. Shimkus has \$410,465 cash-on-hand, while Verticchio has reported \$110,015.

Verticchio has recently been endorsed by Springfield's *State Journal Register*. The paper cited Shimkus' lack of leadership and principle in endorsing the Democratic candidate.

HOT ISSUES**License Probe**

Democrats sought to help Gubernatorial candidate Glenn Poshard by running a controversial ad linking his opponent Paul Ryan to the deaths of six children in a fiery minivan accident on an expressway outside Milwaukee in 1994 caused by a metal part that fell off a semitrailer truck. The ad alleges that the truck driver should not have been allowed to obtain a license. Days after the commercial began running in Chicago, federal prosecutors announced the indictments of two former top managers at the Melrose Park drivers license facility, for allegedly trading \$150,000 in payoffs for commercial truck-driving permits. Ryan is not a target of the investigation, but sources familiar with the probe, dubbed "Operation Safe Road," have said tens of thousands of dollars in bribes ended up in Ryan's campaign fund.

Miriam Santos

City Treasurer Santos is under investigation by the FBI, after the agency was alerted by bank

attorneys that they were allegedly solicited for funds from Santos and staff in her city hall office. The bankers were told that the prospects of landing business with the city would evaporate if they did not come up with money toward her candidacy. Santos has declined to comment on the investigation, but plans to continue her campaign to become the State's Attorney General. Santos became City Treasurer after Mayor Daley named her to the vacant post in 1989.

John Stroger

CHICAGO TRIBUNE POLL 20-24

John Stroger (D)	52%
Aurelia Pucinski (R)	49%

In the race for Cook County Board President, John Stroger (D) faces a serious threat from former Democrat Aurelia Pucinski (R) in the Cook County Board presidents' election. Stroger, the highest ranking African American elected official in the metro area is unwilling to debate Pucinski and has quickly become the Pucinski campaign theme. Although Pucinski has switched parties to become a Republican, one in five Democrats' say they will support her in November. Among Chicago voters, Stroger is favored 56 percent to 27 percent for Pucinski, although suburban voters favor Pucinski 47 percent to 33 percent for Stroger. The dividing issue of the campaign lies in the construction of a new County Hospital, which has a price tag of \$551 million. Stroger is the project's chief advocate, while Pucinski is vocally opposed to its creation. A recent survey has 59 percent of voters in favor of the project. This race is expected to be one of the closest elections for Board President in history.

Chicago Public Schools

On August 26/98 Chicago Public Schools became the largest school district in the nation to require community service for high school graduation. The Chicago Public Schools \$230,000 initiative includes selecting "service learning coaches" in each high school who will receive a \$1,000 to \$4,000 annual stipends to coordinate and monitor service learning projects. Forty-five agencies have agreed to take volunteers.

Murder of Ryan Harris

Ryan Harris, a 11-year-old girl, was found dead in Chicago's Englewood neighborhood on July 28, 1998. She had been hit in the head with a brick, her underwear was stuffed in her mouth and weeds put in her nose. Two boys, ages seven and eight, were previously accused of the crime. Those charges were dropped after DNA evidence, found on Ryan's underwear, linked a 29-year-old man to the crime. This man is linked by DNA as well as through his history of sexual assault on another young girl. He is currently in Cook County Jail as a result of an August 28 arrest in connection with a January 14 attack on a 10-year-old girl. He has served prison terms for aggravated battery, robbery and criminal sexual abuse, although he is not listed in the Englewood police district's community registry of sex offenders.

Illinois Democratic Party

Hoping to reinvigorate the Democratic statewide ticket, House Speaker Michael Madigan is calling on his legislative troops, seeking donations ranging from \$2,500 to \$25,000 for the Democratic Party. The amount requested appeared to depend on how much each legislator had

in his or her campaign bank account and how difficult a general election challenge they faced. A Chicago fundraiser for the State Democratic Party last week raised about \$1.5 million.

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EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

October 15, 1998

'98 OCT 15 PM 12:49

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: KATHLEEN A. MCGINTY *NAW for KAM*

SUBJECT: ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

Clean Air

On September 24, EPA issued a final rule to reduce transported Nitrogen Oxide (NOx) emissions in the Eastern U.S. The rulemaking implements the recommendations of the 37-state Ozone Transport Assessment Group (OTAG) and requires 22 states to design plans to reduce their NOx emissions. Midwestern states, including Illinois, face tougher standards because air pollution transported from the Midwest prevents Northeastern states from meeting their clean air requirements. The rulemaking was open to public comment, and EPA conducted a thorough and fair review of all comments as part of the process of determining the final rule.

If asked, you should say that this rule that was proposed by the states with significant public input, and that the Administration intends to implement it in the most flexible, cost-effective way.

American Heritage Rivers

The Chicago-Illinois Rivers were nominated for American Heritage River designation by Lieutenant Governor Bob Kustra and Mayor Daley, with strong support from both Governor Edgar and most of the Congressional delegation. The Advisory Committee felt that the nomination was worthy of strong consideration, both for its comprehensive approach to watershed management and its strong local support, but late opposition from Congressmen Shimkus and Hastert, as well as continued strong opposition from the Illinios Farm Bureau, sunk the nomination.

Three other rivers were nominated from Illinois: the Kaskaskia, Ohio and the Upper Mississippi Rivers. On July 30 you designated the Upper Mississippi River as an American Heritage River. The designation encompasses 58 communities from St. Louis to St. Paul and will focus on waterfront redevelopment and highlighting the river's cultural and natural heritage.

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

October 14, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: THURGOOD MARSHALL, JR. *JPM for TM*
JON P. JENNINGS *JPJ*

SUBJECT: HOT ISSUES--CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Chicago Air Quality: EPA has identified IL as causing significant air pollution problems in downwind states. On September 24, EPA finalized a rule requiring states that contribute significantly to ozone problems in other states to reduce their emissions of nitrogen oxide (NO_x) gases, which contribute to the destruction of ozone. Under the proposed rule, beginning in 2003, IL will have to implement air pollution controls, most likely on utilities, to achieve a statewide 32 percent reduction in emissions of NO_x gases. Governor Edgar opposed EPA's rule when it was first proposed in October 1997 and advocated a less stringent pollution reduction proposal, arguing that it would be too costly to implement the controls by the original September 2002 deadline. EPA has extended the deadline to May 2003. Governor Edgar believes that this eight-month extension does not address the State's continuing concerns about the costs associated with the deadline. EPA believes that this deadline is necessary and fair for areas in IL and downwind states to achieve standards in a timely manner. Mayor Daley has not made statements about the rule. (EPA)

Asian Long-Horned Beetle: The Asian Long-Horned Beetle (ALB), a large, wood-boring insect whose activities lead to tree death, has been introduced to Chicago as a result of growing trade with China. This insect, which is traveling by means of wooden packing materials and crates, has no natural enemies in the U.S. and cannot be controlled by any known pesticide. At least 22 detections have been made at shipping points around the country. On September 18, USDA published an interim rule on solid wood packing material. The rule, meant to stem the influx of ALB into the U.S., goes into effect on December 17. The rule requires that solid wood packing materials from China be accompanied by: 1) official certification from the Chinese government stating that the packing material was heat-treated, fumigated, or treated with preservatives prior to arrival in the U.S.; or 2) a statement from the exporter that there is no solid wood packing material in the shipment. This rule is consistent with WTO guidelines and is the least trade-restrictive approach to the problem examined by USDA. It will affect between 28-51 percent (\$17-\$32 billion) of imports from China. (USDA)

VA Medical Centers: A GAO report recommended that VA close one of its four medical centers located in the Chicago area. GAO recommended that VA explore all options, selecting alternatives that maximize veterans' access to services while minimizing the impact on employees, medical schools, and others. VA is to identify one facility for closure. VA does not agree with GAO's evaluation, and contends the conclusions were based on limited data and do not adequately reflect the changes that have occurred in VA's health care system over the past two years. VA has hired an outside consultant to conduct an objective, comprehensive assessment of veterans' needs and existing facilities in the Chicago metropolitan area. (VA)

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1998-07-16 10:21

PRESIDENT CLINTON AND VICE PRESIDENT GORE'S ACCOMPLISHMENTS: *ILLINOIS*

EXPANDING ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL

- **Unemployment Down to 4.2%:** The unemployment rate in Illinois has declined from 7.2% to 4.2% since 1993.
- **589,300 New Jobs:** 589,300 new jobs have been created in Illinois since 1993 -- an average of 105,546 jobs per year, compared to an average of just 26,800 jobs per year in the previous administration.
- **558,300 New Private Sector Jobs:** Since 1993, 558,300 new private sector jobs have been created in Illinois -- an average of 99,994 jobs per year, compared to an average of just 18,700 private sector jobs per year in the previous administration.
- **45,500 New Manufacturing Jobs:** 45,500 new manufacturing jobs have been created in Illinois since 1993 -- an average of 8,149 jobs per year. In contrast, an average of 12,900 jobs that were *lost* each year under the previous administration.
- **39,600 New Construction Jobs:** 39,600 construction jobs have been created in Illinois since 1993 -- an average of 7,093 jobs per year. In contrast, an average of 2,725 construction jobs were *lost* each year during the previous administration.
- **430,000 Have Received a Raise:** Approximately 158,000 Illinois workers benefited from an increase in the minimum wage -- from \$4.25 to \$4.75 -- on October 1, 1996. They, along with about 272,000 more, received an additional raise -- from \$4.75 to \$5.15 -- on September 1, 1997.
- **New Business Incorporations Up 2.8%:** New business incorporations in Illinois have increased at an average rate of 2.8% per year since 1993. In contrast, new business incorporations increased at an average rate of 1.9% per year during the previous 12 years.
- **Home Ownership Has Increased in Illinois:** Home ownership in Illinois has increased from 60.8% to 67.4% since the first quarter of 1993.
- **Home Building Up 2.4%:** Home building in Illinois has increased by an average of 2.4% per year since 1993, after falling over 4.8% per year during the previous administration.
- **Poverty Has Fallen:** Nationally, the poverty rate has fallen from 15.1% in 1993 to 13.3% in 1997. In Illinois, the poverty rate has fallen from 13.6% in 1993 to 11.2% in 1997--down 2.4% under President Clinton. [Census Bureau]
- **A \$500 Child Tax Credit to Help Families Raising Children:** To help make it easier for families to raise their children, the balanced budget includes a \$500 per-child tax credit for children under 17. **Thanks to President Clinton, the balanced budget delivers a child tax credit to 1,163,000 families in Illinois.**
- **2.9% Growth in Personal Income:** Personal income in Illinois has risen at an annual rate of 2.9% since 1993, compared to an average growth of just 1.5% per year during the previous administration.
- **5% Growth in Total Bank Loans and Leases:** Illinois has seen a 5% average growth rate in total bank loans and leases per year since 1993, after falling over 3.1% per year during the previous administration.
- **5.4% Growth in Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases:** Since 1993, Illinois has experienced a 5.4% annual growth rate in commercial and industrial loans and leases. In contrast, commercial and industrial loans and leases fell over 7% per year during the previous administration.
- **Over \$25,000 of Reduced Federal Debt for Every Family of Four:** The national debt will \$1.7 trillion lower in fiscal year 1999 than projected in 1993 -- that's \$25,000 less debt for each family of four in Illinois next year.

EXPANDING ACCESS TO EDUCATION

- **Over \$185 Million in Head Start Funding:** In FY97, Illinois received \$170 million in Head Start funding benefitting 33,900 children. This year, Illinois will receive over \$185 million, an increase of \$15.4 million over 1997. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal will increase Head Start funding for Illinois's children by an additional \$12.5 million.
- **\$19.8 Million in Goals 2000 Funding:** This year [FY98], Illinois receives \$19.8 million in Goals 2000 funding. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposes to increase Goals 2000 funding by an additional \$850,000. This money is used to raise academic achievement by raising academic standards, increasing parental and community involvement in education, expanding the use of computers and technology in classrooms, and supporting high-quality teacher professional development.
- **Nearly \$18 Million for Technology Literacy:** This year [FY98], Illinois receives nearly \$18 million for the Technology Literacy Challenge Fund which helps communities and the private sector ensure that every student is equipped with the computer literacy skills needed for the 21st century. That's almost twice the \$9.1 million Illinois received last year. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal will raise funding for technology literacy by \$320,000 over FY98.
- **\$325.3 Million for Students Most in Need:** Illinois receives \$325.3 million in Title I Grants (to Local Education Agencies) providing extra help in the basics for students most in need, particularly communities and schools with high concentrations of children in low-income families [FY98]. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposes to increase funding for Title I Grants by nearly \$1 million to aid Illinois's students.
- **\$259.6 Million in Pell Grants:** This year [FY98], Illinois will receive \$259.6 million in Pell Grants for low-income students going to college, an additional \$50.3 million over last year. With this increase, a total of 144,100 Illinois students will benefit, 8,300 more than the previous year. And President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal increases Pell Grant funding to \$268.3 million.
- **Nearly 2,900 Have Served in Illinois through AmeriCorps:** Since the National Service program began in 1993, nearly 2,900 AmeriCorps participants, working in 227 different programs, have earned money for college while working in Illinois's schools, hospitals, neighborhoods or parks. [through 3/98]
- **Tuition Tax Credits in Balanced Budget Open the Doors of College and Promote Lifelong Learning:** The balanced budget includes both President Clinton's \$1,500 HOPE Scholarship to help make the first two years of college as universal as a high school diploma and a Lifetime Learning Tax Credit for college juniors, seniors, graduate students and working Americans pursuing lifelong learning to upgrade their skills. This 20% tax credit will be applied to the first \$5,000 of tuition and fees through 2002 and to the first \$10,000 thereafter. **308,000 students in Illinois will receive a HOPE Scholarship tax credit of up to \$1,500. 379,000 students in Illinois will receive the Lifetime Learning Tax Credit.**

FIGHTING CRIME AND VIOLENCE

- **4,297 More Police:** The President's 1994 Crime Bill has funded 4,266 new police officers to date in communities across Illinois. [through 9/98]
- **Chicago Will Receive Targeted Funding to Hire More Community Police:** Chicago was recently selected as a pilot city for the President's new effort to target high crime neighborhoods. The pilot program will provide full funding for new officers by waiving the usual matching requirements. Chicago will deploy new officers to help meet the unique needs of its community, such as combating gangs or targeting drug "hot spots."
- **Crime Falls 6% in Illinois:** Since 1992, serious crime has decreased **6% statewide**. Between 1992 and 1997, murder has declined 19% in Chicago. [1996 and 1997 preliminary UCR data, FBI]

- **Reducing Crime with Drug Courts:** Working to reduce drug-related crime in Illinois, the Clinton Administration has recently awarded Drug Court grants to the communities of Night, Kankakee, Peoria, Rockford, Chicago, and Cook County. The Administration had previously awarded grants to a number of Illinois communities including: Decatur, Joliet, Wheaton, Bloomington, St. Charles, Markham and Woodstock. Drug courts use the coercive power of the criminal justice system to combine drug testing, sanctions, supervision and treatment to push nonviolent, drug-abusing offenders to stop using drugs and committing crimes.
- **Over \$5.2 Million to Combat Domestic Violence:** Through the Violence Against Women Act, Illinois receives \$5,267,000 in federal funds this year [FY98] to establish more women's shelters and bolster law enforcement, prosecution, and victims' services.
- **Over \$2.5 Million in Grants for Battered Women:** This year [FY98], Illinois will receive over \$2.5 million in HHS's Family Violence Prevention Program grants to assist women and children fleeing domestic abuse, an additional \$435,200 increase over last year. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal increases HHS's Family Violence Prevention Program grants to \$2.6 million.
- **Over \$22.4 Million to Keep Drugs & Violence Out of Illinois Schools:** Illinois receives \$22.4 million in FY98 for the Safe & Drug Free Schools Program, which invests in school security and drug prevention programs.

MOVING ILLINOIS RESIDENTS FROM WELFARE TO WORK

- **202,858 Fewer People on Welfare:** There are 202,858 fewer people on welfare in Illinois now than there were at the beginning of 1993 -- a 30% decrease. [through 6/98]
- **Child Support Collections Up 33%:** Child support collections have been increased by over \$60 million -- or nearly 33% -- in Illinois since FY92. [through FY96]
- **Illinois Receives \$48.7 Million in Welfare-to-Work Grants:** In FY98, Illinois is eligible to receive \$48.7 million in welfare-to-work state formula grants, helping Illinois prepare welfare recipients for work and to place them in jobs. Part of the President's comprehensive efforts to move recipients from welfare to work, this funding is included in the \$3 billion Welfare-to-Work Jobs Challenge Fund signed into law in the 1997 balanced budget.

INVESTING IN ILLINOIS'S HEALTH

- **Health Care for Uninsured Children:** The balanced budget includes the largest single investment in health care for children since the passage of Medicaid in 1965 -- an unprecedented \$24 billion over five years to cover as many as five million children throughout the nation. This investment guarantees the full range of benefits -- from checkups to surgery -- that children need to grow up strong and healthy. It ensures that prescription drugs, vision, hearing, and mental health coverage now offered at the state level are extended to millions of uninsured children. To expand health coverage to more uninsured children in Illinois the balanced budget provides \$123 million in 1998. This compares to the 1995 Republican plan vetoed by President Clinton that would have denied health coverage to 92,300 children in Illinois.
- **Helping Illinois Women and Children with WIC:** The Clinton Administration is committed to full funding in the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC). Last year in Illinois, 9,378 more women and children in need received health and food assistance than in 1994.
- **More Toddlers Are Being Immunized:** As a result of the President's 1993 Childhood Immunization Initiative, childhood immunization rates have reached an historic high. According to the CDC, 90% or more of America's toddlers in 1996 received the most critical doses of each of

the routinely recommended vaccines -- surpassing the President's 1993 goal. In Illinois in 1996, 94% of two-year olds received the vaccines for diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis; 89% received the vaccine for polio; 90% received the vaccine for measles, and 91% received the vaccine for *Haemophilus influenzae* B, the bacteria causing a form of meningitis.

- **Increased Funding for HIV/AIDS Programs by 127%:** In FY97, Illinois communities received \$32.9 million in Ryan White formula and other HIV/AIDS program funds, a 127% increase over FY93 levels. This funding provides people living with HIV and AIDS medical and support services, including the AIDS Drug Assistance Program which helps those without insurance obtain much needed prescription drugs. [HHS, Health Resources and Services Administration, 4/98]
- **President's Tobacco Plan Will Cut Smoking and Premature Deaths by 41% in Illinois:** If the Clinton Administration's tobacco proposal on youth smoking is enacted, by 2003, Illinois will see a 41% cut in youth smoking and resulting premature deaths. Over the next five years, 139,000 youth of Illinois will be kept from smoking and 46,000 will be spared a premature tobacco-related death. [Treasury Dept., 3/23/98]
- **6,220,000 Americans in Illinois Cannot Be Assured They Have Patient Protections.** Even if Illinois enacted all the protections in the Patients' Bill of Rights, 6,220,000 people in Illinois cannot be assured they have the comprehensive patient protections recommended by the President's Advisory Commission. This is because the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) may preempt state-enacted protections. That is why the President has called on Congress to pass a federally enforceable patients' bill of rights so that everyone enrolled in managed care may have a basic set of protections. Notably, 3,120,000 Illinois women are in ERISA health plans and are therefore not necessarily protected. Women are particularly vulnerable without these protections because they are greater users of health care services, they make three-quarters of the health care decisions for their families, and they have specific health care needs addressed by a patients' bill of rights.

PROTECTING THE ENVIRONMENT

- **6 Toxic Waste Sites Cleaned Up:** Since 1993, the EPA has completed 6 Superfund toxic waste cleanups in Illinois: in Taylorville, Pembroke Township, Winnebago, LaSalle, Marshall, and Wauconda [through 8/98]. This is more than the number of sites cleaned up in Illinois during the previous twelve years combined (4).
- **Revitalizing Brownfields in Illinois:** As part of the Clinton-Gore Administration's efforts to clean up Brownfields, the EPA has awarded grants to counties and communities in Illinois -- Chicago, East St. Louis, Calumet City, Canton, East Moline, Waukegan, and Cook County -- for environmental clean-up and economic revitalization. In addition, Brownfields grants will go to West Central Municipal Conference and the State of Illinois, which will select sites for further action. These projects are intended to jump-start local clean-up efforts by providing funds to return unproductive, abandoned, contaminated urban properties to productive use.

SPEARHEADING URBAN RENEWAL EFFORTS

- **\$100 Million to Chicago:** Chicago was designated an Empowerment Zone in December 1994 and was awarded \$100 million to create more jobs, housing, and economic opportunity for city residents. As part of this project, First Chicago has initiated a \$100,000 pilot program to help 75 to 100 qualified families buy their first homes.
- **\$6 Million to Other Illinois Communities:** Additionally, East St. Louis and Springfield were both designated Enterprise Communities, and were awarded \$3 million each for similar job creation efforts.

- **Expanding the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Will Help Develop 5,800 To 7,000 New Affordable Housing Units in Illinois Over the Next 5 years:** In January, the Vice-President announced the Clinton-Gore Administration's proposed 40-percent expansion of the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit. If enacted, it will mean an additional 5,800 - 7,000 quality rental housing units for low-income American families in Illinois during the next five years.

EXPANDING FUNDS FOR TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT

- **\$3.5 Billion in Federal Highway Aid:** Since 1993, Illinois has received \$3.5 billion in federal highway aid. These funds have helped generate nearly 149,000 jobs. [through FY97]
- **Over \$610 Million in Aviation Funds:** From FY93-FY97 Illinois received \$610,240,000 in AIP funds to help build and renovate airports, and, when necessary, to provide funds for noise abatement to improve the quality of life for residents who live near airports.
- **\$1.5 Billion in Transit Funds:** Illinois has received a total of \$1.5 billion in FTA funds since 1993.

THE TRIP
of
THE PRESIDENT
to
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA
and
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

October 24-25, 1998

Staff Copy

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Saturday, October 24, 1998

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1998

Final Schedule

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT
HOME: 202-332-5651
OFFICE: 202-456-2823
WHCA PAGER: 4824

PRESS DESK:

DORI SALCIDO
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EVENT COORDINATOR:

LAURA GRAHAM
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OFFICE: 202-456-2349
WHCA PAGER: 4809

ADVANCE LEAD:
(LOS ANGELES)

SETTI WARREN
STAFF OFFICE: 42-220
CELL PHONE: 202-757-9344
WHCA PAGER: 4167

ADVANCE LEAD:
(SAN FRANCISCO)

JULIE RENEHAN
STAFF OFFICE: 29-220
CELL PHONE: 202-395-2118
WHCA PAGER: 5764

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.
*Sunny. Winds west to southwest at 5 to 10 knots.
Low 41 to 46. High 63 to 68.*

LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA
*Partly cloudy with patchy morning fog. Winds
southwest at 8 to 12 knots. Low 54 to 59. High 72
to 77.*

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA
*Mostly cloudy with isolated rain showers. Winds
southwest at 10 to 15 knots. Low 53 to 58. High 64
to 69.*

Saturday, October 24, 1998

**Schedule of the President
for
Saturday, October 24, 1998
*Final Schedule***

DOWN UNTIL 1:00 PM

1:00	pm	THE PRESIDENT departs The White House via Marine One en route Andrews Air Force Base [flight time: 10 minutes]
1:10	pm	THE PRESIDENT arrives Andrews Air Force Base
1:25	pm	THE PRESIDENT departs Andrews Air Force Base via Air Force One en route Los Angeles International Airport [flight time: 5 hours, 5 minutes, -3 hours]

October 23, 1998 (9:50pm)

Saturday, October 24, 1998

3:30 pm PT

**THE PRESIDENT arrives Los Angeles International Airport
CLOSED PUBLIC OPEN PRESS**

Greeters: Congresswoman Maxine Waters
State Senator Thomas Hayden
State Senator Betty Karnette
State Senator Hilda Solis
State Senator Diane Watson
Tony Cardenas, State Assembly
Gil Cedillo, State Assembly
Diane Martinez, State Assembly
Kevin Murray, State Assembly
Bronson VanWyck and family
Nicole Boxer Rodham
Lionel Richie

Note: The following 15 guests will be on the tarmac for a GOTV meet and greet.

Gloria Molina, Los Angeles County Supervisor
Art Pulaski, California Labor Federation, AFL-CIO
Miguel Contreras, L.A. County Federation of Labor, AFL-CIO
Thomas Rankin, AFL-CIO
Bob Balgenworth, State Building and Construction Trades of California
Michael Quevedo, Southern California District Council of Laborers
Jeanne Sharon Chury, Los Angeles Unified School District
Karen Chang Eubanks, Los Angeles Unified School District
Elizabeth Christy Britton
Denise Valenzuela
Marisol Garcia-Nichols
Briana Corner
Cathryn Rivera
Don Purnell
James Gillooly
Shirley Kagen

Note: There will be 8 youth representatives from the Fulfillment Funds College Pathways program on the tarmac upon arrival.

October 23, 1998 (9:50pm)

Saturday, October 24, 1998

3:50 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Los Angeles International Airport via
motorcade en route Private Residence
[drive time: 35 minutes]

4:25 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Private Residence

Greeters: Representative Jane Harman
 Janice Hahn
 Jim Hahn
 Roz Wyman

4:30 pm- **PHOTO RECEIVING LINE**
4:55 pm **LIVING ROOM**
Private Residence
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
CLOSED PRESS

Note: 50 guests in attendance.

5:00 pm- **RECEPTION FOR JANICE HAHN**
5:45 pm **BACKYARD**
Private Residence
Remarks: Josh Gottheimer
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
PRINT REPORTER ONLY

Note: 175 guests in attendance.

- Off-stage announcement of **the President**, accompanied by Janice Hahn, Representative Jane Harman, and Roz Wyman.
- Representative Jane Harman makes brief remarks and introduces Janice Hahn.
- Janice Hahn makes brief remarks and introduces Roz Wyman.
- Roz Wyman makes brief remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes remarks, works a ropeline and departs.

October 23, 1998 (9:50pm)

Saturday, October 24, 1998

5:50 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Private Residence via motorcade en route
Private Residence
[drive time: 10 minutes]

6:00 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Private Residence

Greeters: Jim Brooks and family

6:05 pm-
6:15 pm **GREET CO-CHAIRS**
LIVING ROOM
Private Residence
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
CLOSED PRESS

Note: There will be 16 guests in attendance.

6:20 pm-
7:10 pm **REMARKS TO RECEPTION FOR BARBARA BOXER**
BACKYARD
Private Residence
Remarks: Josh Gottheimer
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
PRINT REPORTER ONLY

Note: 300 guests in attendance.

- Off-stage announcement of the President, accompanied by Senator Barbara Boxer, Jim Brooks and Holly Brooks.
- Jim Brooks makes brief remarks and introduces Holly Brooks.
- Holly Brooks makes brief remarks and introduces Senator Barbara Boxer.
- Senator Barbara Boxer makes remarks and introduces the President.
- The President makes remarks, works a ropeline and departs.

7:15 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Private Residence via motorcade en route
Private Residence
[drive time: 15 minutes]

October 23, 1998 (9:50pm)

Saturday, October 24, 1998

7:30 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Private Residence

Greeters: Bob Daly
 Carole Bayer Sager

7:35 pm-
8:00 pm

PHOTO RECEIVING LINE
LIVING ROOM
Private Residence
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
CLOSED PRESS

Note: 80 guests in attendance.

8:05 pm-
9:15 pm

DINNER FOR SENATOR BARBARA BOXER
GUEST HOUSE
Private Residence
Remarks: Josh Gottheimer
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
PRINT REPORTER ONLY (REMARKS ONLY)

Note: 80 guests in attendance.

- **The President** and Senator Barbara Boxer enter the room, take their seats, and dinner is served.
- Carole Bayer Sager makes brief remarks and introduces Carole King.
- Carole King performs two songs.
- Bob Daly makes brief remarks and introduces Senator Barbara Boxer.
- Senator Barbara Boxer makes brief remarks and introduces Barbra Streisand.
- Barbra Streisand makes brief remarks and introduces the President.
- **The President** makes remarks and departs.

9:20 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Private Residence via motorcade en route Los Angeles International Airport
[drive time: 35 minutes]

October 23, 1998 (9:50pm)

Saturday, October 24, 1998

9:55 pm	THE PRESIDENT arrives Los Angeles International Airport
10:10 pm	THE PRESIDENT departs Los Angeles International Airport via Air Force One en route San Francisco International Airport [flight time: 1 hour, 10 minutes]
11:20 pm	THE PRESIDENT arrives San Francisco International Airport
11:35 pm	THE PRESIDENT departs San Francisco International Airport via motorcade en route Private Residence [drive time: 20 minutes]
11:55 pm	THE PRESIDENT arrives Private Residence
BC RON	PRIVATE RESIDENCE SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA
HRC RON	THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON, DC

October 23, 1998 (9:50pm)

Sunday, October 25, 1998

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
SUNDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1998**

Final Schedule

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT
HOME: 202-332-5651
OFFICE: 202-456-2823
WHCA PAGER: 4824

PRESS DESK:

DORI SALCIDO
HOME: 703-548-6466
OFFICE: 202-456-5771
WHCA PAGER: 4844

EVENT COORDINATOR:

LAURA GRAHAM
HOME: 703-212-7642
OFFICE: 202-456-2349
WHCA PAGER: 4809

WEATHER:

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA
*Partly cloudy. Winds southwest at 8 to 12 knots.
Low 52 to 57. High 70 to 75.*

WASHINGTON, D.C.
*Sunny. Winds southwest at 5 to 10 knots. Low 46
to 51. High 66 to 71.*

October 23, 1998 (9:51pm)

Sunday, October 25, 1998

**Schedule of the President
for
Sunday, October 25, 1998
*Final Schedule***

DOWN UNTIL 12:30 PM

Note: Walter Shorenstein and family will greet the President prior to departure.

12:30 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Private Residence via motorcade en route Mark Hopkins Hotel
[drive time: 15 minutes]

12:45 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Mark Hopkins Hotel

Greeters: Speaker Antonio Villaraigosa
Lieutenant Governor Gray Davis
Sandor Strangl, General Manager, Mark Hopkins Hotel
Brian Pope, Executive Assistant Manager, Mark Hopkins Hotel

12:50 pm- **ASSEMBLY VICTORY '98 BRUNCH**
1:50 pm **BOARD ROOM**
Mark Hopkins Hotel
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
CLOSED PRESS

Note: There will be 12 guests in attendance.

— **The President**, accompanied by Lieutenant Governor Gray Davis and Speaker Antonio Villaraigosa, takes his seat at the table and brunch is served.

— Upon conclusion of brunch, **the President** departs.

1:55 pm- **POLICE AND DRIVER PHOTOGRAPHS**
2:00 pm **HALLWAY**
Mark Hopkins Hotel

2:00 pm **THE PRESIDENT** proceeds to the Golden Gate Room

Greeters: Senator Barbara Boxer
Stewart Boxer

October 23, 1998 (9:51pm)

Sunday, October 25, 1998

2:05 pm-
2:30 pm
PHOTO RECEIVING LINE
ROOM OF DONS
Mark Hopkins Hotel
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
CLOSED PRESS

Note: 75 guests in attendance.

2:35 pm-
3:25 pm
LUNCH FOR BARBARA BOXER
PEACOCK ROOM
Mark Hopkins Hotel
Remarks: Josh Gottheimer
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
POOL PRESS (REMARKS ONLY)

Note: There will be approximately 300 guests in attendance.

- **The President**, accompanied by Senator Barbara Boxer, enters the room and proceeds to his seat.
- Lunch is served.
- Representative Nancy Pelosi makes brief remarks and introduces Senator Barbara Boxer.
- Senator Barbara Boxer makes brief remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes remarks, works a ropeline and departs.

3:35 pm-
THE PRESIDENT departs Mark Hopkins Hotel via motorcade en route San Francisco International Airport
[drive time: 20 minutes]

3:55 pm
THE PRESIDENT arrives San Francisco International Airport

4:10 pm PT
THE PRESIDENT departs San Francisco International Airport via Air Force One en route Andrews Air Force Base
[flight time: 4 hours, 35 minutes, +3 hours]

October 23, 1998 (9:51pm)

Sunday, October 25, 1998

11:45	pm	ET	THE PRESIDENT arrives Andrews Air Force Base
12:00	am		THE PRESIDENT departs Andrews Air Force Base via Marine One en route Reflecting Pool [flight time: 10 minutes]
12:10	am		THE PRESIDENT arrives Reflecting Pool
12:20	am		THE PRESIDENT departs Reflecting Pool via motorcade en route The White House [drive time: 5 minutes]
12:25	am		THE PRESIDENT arrives The White House
BC/HRC RON			THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON, DC

October 23, 1998 (9:51pm)

A

**A RECEPTION HONORING JANICE HAHN,
CANDIDATE FOR THE 36th CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT
WITH PRESIDENT BILL CLINTON**

DATE: Saturday, October 24, 1998

LOCATION: Home of Roz Wyman
10430 Bellagio Road
Bel Air, California

TIME: 4:20 p.m. - 5:45 p.m.

FROM: Craig Smith and Janet Murguia

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this reception is to raise funds for Janice Hahn's campaign for the 36th Congressional District.

II. BACKGROUND

Janice Hahn is the daughter of Kenneth Hahn, the former Los Angeles County Supervisor. Congresswoman Jane Harman (D-36) and Roz Wyman are the hosts of this reception. The first portion of the event will consist of a photo receiving line (50 photos), followed by a reception for approximately 175 guests.

III. PARTICIPANTS

YOU, Congresswoman Jane Harman, Janice Hahn, and Roz Wyman.

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open to one print reporter for remarks only.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- **YOU** arrive and are greeted by Janice Hahn, her brother, City Attorney Jim Hahn, Congresswoman Jane Harman, and Roz Wyman.
- **YOU** proceed to the photo receiving line (50 photos). Guests proceed to the reception.
- Off-stage announcement of **YOUR** arrival, accompanied by Janice Hahn, Congresswoman Harman, and Roz Wyman.
- Congresswoman Harman delivers brief remarks and introduces Janice Hahn.
- Janice Hahn delivers brief remarks and introduces Roz Wyman.
- Roz Wyman delivers brief remarks and introduces **YOU**.

- **YOU** deliver remarks.
- **YOU** work a ropeline and depart.

VI. REMARKS

Your remarks will be provided by speechwriting.

B

'98 OCT 28 PM 7:30

Hahn 10/24

Acknowledge: Rep. Harman (retiring); Jim Hahn (brother, LA City Attorney); Katie, Mark, and Danny Baucum [Ba-cum] (Janice Hahn's children); Host: Roz Wyman (social and political activist)

I'm happy to be here to support Janice Hahn for Congress

- Hahn fmr. teacher and invest. banker
- Presently: Regional Manager, Public Affairs - So. CA Edison
- Active w/ youth: LA Gang Alternative Pgrm (board memb)/ Watts Boys & Girls Club
- Hahn fights for our values & our children

Hahn is committed to:

- **Education:** improving our schools
 1. Safer schools -- no gangs
 2. College more affordable
- **Healthcare Reform:**
 1. Managed care reform
- **Protecting Social Security**
- **Preserving our Environment**
- **Defending women--dom violence**

• **Election in 10 Days**

• **5 ½ yrs ago: New Dir, old values:**
opp/resp/comm. Ec, Env, Edu, Welf, Cr, For.

• **Results:** BB-Oct.1; 25-Cr; 28-unempl; 29-Welf; 29-BB; 32-Infl; record home ownership. College opp: Hope \$1,500, Pell, work-study. Child health: 5M, highest immunization. Env: fewer toxic dumps; Service: 100K, Amcorp; AmReads. FMLA: helped millions past 5 yrs

• **Mid East Peace/ Summit at Wye River**

• **Democrats Win on the Budget:**

What we achieved:

1. Saved surplus for SS
2. 100K tchrs./ class size = 18
3. IMF
4. Enviro - clean water initiative
5. Relief for farmers/ ranchers

What we must do:

1. Save SS#1 - electing the congress that will decide how
2. Schools construction, 5K schools
3. PBOR
4. Min Wage
5. Tobacco

• **8 days of progress not enough to make up for 8 months of partisanship**

C

"CALIFORNIA VICTORY '98"
A RECEPTION HONORING SENATOR BARBARA BOXER
WITH PRESIDENT BILL CLINTON

DATE: Saturday, October 24, 1998

LOCATION: Home of Holly and James Brooks
12732 Highwood Street
Brentwood, California

TIME: 6:00 p.m. - 7:10 p.m.

FROM: Craig Smith and Janet Murguia

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this reception is to raise funds for Senator Barbara Boxer's reelection campaign.

II. BACKGROUND

This reception is the first part of a two tiered evening. The reception will begin with a small photo line for the reception co-chairs (16 photos), followed by a cocktail reception for approximately 300 guests.

III. PARTICIPANTS

YOU, Senator Barbara Boxer, and Jim Brooks.

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open to one print reporter for remarks only.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- **YOU** arrive and are greeted by Jim Brooks.
- **YOU** proceed to the photo receiving line with the reception co-chairs (16 photos). Guests proceed to the cocktail reception.
- **YOU** proceed to the reception.
- Off-stage announcement of **YOUR** arrival, accompanied by Senator Barbara Boxer, and Jim Brooks.
- Jim Brooks delivers brief remarks and introduces Senator Barbara Boxer.
- Senator Barbara Boxer delivers remarks and introduces **YOU**.
- **YOU** deliver remarks.
- **YOU** work a ropeline and depart.

VI. REMARKS

· Your remarks will be provided by speechwriting.

D

Boxer Reception 10/24

98 OCT 23 PM 7:31

Acknowledge: Sim Farar (Boxer's Natl. Finance Chair); **Host:** Jim and Holly Brooks.

I'm happy to be here to support Sen. Barbara Boxer for Senate -- to keep fighting for CA

- Sen. Boxer is a fighter and a leader
- Boxer has been fighting alongside the admin. since '93 for econ recovery, educ, enviro. -- and ensuring that our budget reflects the priorities of CA citizens. With her help, our program has worked.

Boxer is committed to:

- Education:

1. Led fight for after-school prgrms (budget = \$200M)
2. Supports schl construction/tech.
3. 100K tchrs -- smaller classes

- Crime Prevention

1. Leading supporter of Crime Bill (COPS program)

- Healthcare: introduced PBOR legislation, worked on HMO reform

- Committed to Saving Soc Sec #1

- Preserving Environment

1. CA beaches, parks
2. Amend Safe Drink. Wtr. Act:
➤ standards to protect children

- Taking CA into 21st Century

• **Election in 10 Days**

- **5 ½ yrs ago: New Dir, old values:**
opp/resp/cōmm. Ec, Env, Edu, Welf, Cr, For.

- **Results:** BB-Oct.1; 25-Cr; 28-unempl; 29-Welf; 29-BB; 32-Infl; record home ownership. College opp: Hope \$1,500, Pell, work-study. Child health: 5M, highest immunization. Env: fewer toxic dumps; Service: 100K, Amcorp; AmReads. FMLA: helped millions past 5 yrs

• **Mid East Peace/ Summit at Wye River**

• **Democrats Win on the Budget:**

What we achieved:

1. Saved surplus for SS
2. 100K tchrs./ class size = 18
3. IMF
4. Enviro - clean water initiative
5. Relief for farmers/ ranchers

What we must do:

1. Save SS#1 - electing the congress that will decide how
2. Schools construction, 5K schools
3. PBOR
4. Min Wage
5. Tobacco

- **8 days of progress not enough to make up for 8 months of partisanship**

E

"CALIFORNIA VICTORY '98"
A DINNER HONORING SENATOR BARBARA BOXER
WITH PRESIDENT BILL CLINTON

DATE: Saturday, October 24, 1998

LOCATION: Home of Carol Bayer Sager and Bob Daly
10761 Bellagio Road
Bel Air, California

TIME: 7:30 p.m. - 9:15 p.m.

FROM: Craig Smith and Janet Murguia

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this dinner is to raise funds for Senator Barbara Boxer's reelection campaign.

II. BACKGROUND

This dinner is the second part of a two tiered evening. The dinner will begin with a photo line (50 photos), followed by a dinner for approximately 85 guests.

III. PARTICIPANTS

YOU, Senator Barbara Boxer, Carole Bayer Sager, Bob Daly, Carole King, and Barbra Streisand.

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open to one print reporter for remarks only.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- **YOU** arrive and are greeted by Carole Bayer Sager and Bob Daly.
- **YOU** proceed to the photo receiving line (50 photos). Guests proceed to the seated dinner.
- **YOU** and Senator Barbara Boxer proceed to the head tables to be seated.
- Carole Bayer Sager delivers brief remarks and introduces Carole King.
- Carole King performs two songs.
- Bob Daly delivers brief remarks and introduces Senator Barbara Boxer.
- Senator Barbara Boxer delivers remarks and introduces Barbra Streisand.
- Barbra Streisand delivers remarks and introduces **YOU**.
- **YOU** deliver remarks.

- **YOU** work a ropeline and depart.

VI. REMARKS

Your remarks will be provided by speechwriting.

F

98 OCT 23 PM 7:31

Boxer Dinner 10/24

Acknowledge: Sim Farar (Boxer's Natl. Finance Chair); Barbra Streisand; James Brolin (Streisand's husband); Carole King (performer); Ron Burkle; Hosts: Bob Daly and Carole Bayer Sager

I'm happy to be here to support Sen. Barbara Boxer for Senate -- to keep fighting for CA

- Sen. Boxer is a fighter and a leader
- Boxer has been fighting alongside the admin. since '93 for econ recovery, educ, enviro. -- and ensuring that our budget reflects the priorities of CA citizens. With her help, our program has worked.

Boxer is committed to:

- Education:

1. Led fight for afterschool prgrms (budget = \$200M)
2. Supports schl construction/tech.
3. 100K tchrs -- smaller classes

- Crime Prevention

1. Leading supporter of Crime Bill (COPS program)

- **Healthcare:** introduced PBOR legislation, worked on HMO reform
- **Committed to Saving Soc Sec #1**
- **Preserving Environment**
 1. CA beaches, parks

• **Election in 10 Days**

• **5 ½ yrs ago: New Dir, old values:**
opp/resp/comm. Ec, Env, Edu, Welf, Cr, For.

• **Results:** BB-Oct.1; 25-Cr; 28-unempl; 29-Welf; 29-BB; 32-Infl; record home ownership. College opp: Hope \$1,500, Pell, work-study. Child health: 5M, highest immunization. Env: fewer toxic dumps; Service: 100K, Amcorp; AmReads. FMLA: helped millions past 5 yrs

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 2. Schools construction, 5K schools
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 4. Min Wage
 5. Tobacco
- **8 days of progress not enough to make up for 8 months of partisanship**

G

October 23, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Craig Smith and Janet Murguia

RE: California Political Briefing

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION RESULTS

1992			1996		
Clinton/Gore	5,121,249	46%	Clinton/Gore	5,067,124	51%
Bush/Quayle	3,630,566	33%	Dole/Kemp	3,817,726	38%
Perot/Stockdale	2,296,004	16%	Perot/Choate	697,727	7%

POLITICAL DATA

Governor:	Pete Wilson (R)	55% in 1994
Senate:	Dianne Feinstein (D)	47% in 1994
	Barbara Boxer (D)	48% in 1992
U.S. House	29D/23R	
State Senate:	23D/16R/1I	
State Assembly	43D/37R	
Electoral Votes:	54	

CALIFORNIA FACTS

- 1994 estimated population of California is 31,431,000, which is up 5.6% from 1990.
- More than 10% of California residents are 65 years of age or older.
- 57% of California citizens are white; 26% Hispanic; 10% Asian; 7% African-American.
- Only 53% of the voting age population participated in the 1996 elections.
- 7,387,041 registered voters in 1996 identified themselves as Democrats, while 5,704,536 identified themselves as Republicans.
- Current political line up: Governor Pete Wilson (R), Lieutenant Governor Gray Davis (D), Secretary of State Bill Jones (R), Attorney General Dan Lungren (R), Treasurer Matt Fong (R), and Controller Kathleen Connell (D).

RECENT PRINCIPAL TRAVEL

- **YOU** were last in California on September 25-26, 1998. **YOU** attended two DNC fundraisers and a Unity '98 Dinner in Los Angeles.
- **YOU** were in California on August 11, 1998. **YOU** attended fundraisers that benefitted Lt. Governor Gray Davis in San Francisco and Los Angeles.
- **YOU** were in California from June 12-13, 1998. **YOU** attended the National Ocean Conference with **the Vice President** and attended fundraisers for the DNC and Senator Barbara Boxer.

- **The Vice President** was last in California on October 21-22, 1998. He attended a rally in East Los Angeles, a Coordinated Campaign Dinner, a breakfast for Bill Lockyer, a reception for Lt. Governor Gray Davis, and a lunch for Assembly Speaker Antonio Villaraigosa. He also visited Cowan Avenue Elementary.
- **The Vice President** was in Los Angeles, California on October 5, 1998. He spoke at the funeral service for former Los Angeles Mayor Tom Bradley.
- **The Vice President** was in California on September 28-29, 1998. He attended fundraisers that benefitted Lt. Governor Gray Davis, Assemblyman Cruz Bustamante, and Phil Angelides. **The Vice President** also attended school events in Fresno and Sacramento.
- **The Vice President** was in California on August 25-26, 1998. He attended fundraisers that benefitted Lt. Governor Gray Davis in Palo Alto and Michela Alioto in San Francisco. **The Vice President** also attended a school safety town hall. **Mrs. Gore** attended the fundraisers and message event with **the Vice President**.
- **The Vice President** was in California on June 13, 1998. He attended the National Ocean Conference, and education town hall in Sherman Oaks, and fundraisers for Senator Barbara Boxer, the DNC, the DCCC, and the State Legislature.
- **The First Lady** was last in California on September 25, 1998. She attended a fundraising reception for Senator Barbara Boxer.

FUTURE PRINCIPAL TRAVEL

The First Lady is scheduled to return to San Francisco and Los Angeles again on October 30 for events that will benefit Senator Barbara Boxer and the California Children and Families Initiative.

CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION

Sen. Dianne Feinstein (D)
 Representative Frank Riggs (R-01)
 Representative Vic Fazio (D-03)
 Representative Robert T. Matsui (D-05)
 Representative George Miller (D-07)
 Representative Barbara Lee (D-09)
 Representative Richard Pombo (R-11)
 Representative Fortney "Pete" Stark (D-13)
 Representative Tom Campbell (R-15)
 Representative Sam Farr (D-17)
 Representative George P. Radanovich (R-19)
 Representative William M. Thomas (R-21)
 Representative Elton Gallegly (R-23)
 Representative Howard "Buck" McKeon (R-25)
 Representative James E. Rogan (R-27)

Sen. Barbara Boxer (D)
 Representative Wally Herger (R-02)
 Representative John Doolittle (R-04)
 Representative Lynn Woolsey (D-06)
 Representative Nancy Pelosi (D-08)
 Representative Ellen Tausher (D-10)
 Representative Tom Lantos (D-12)
 Representative Anna Eshoo (D-14)
 Representative Zoe Lofgren (D-16)
 Representative Gary Condit (D-18)
 Representative Calvin Dooley (D-20)
 Representative Lois Capps (D-22)
 Representative Brad Sherman (D-24)
 Representative Howard Berman (D-26)
 Representative David Dreier (R-28)

Representative Henry A. Waxman (D-29)
 Representative Matthew G. Martinez (D-31)
 Representative Lucille Roybal-Allard (D-33)
 Representative Maxine Waters (D-35)
 Representative Juanita Millender-McDonald (D-37)
 Representative Edward Royce (R-39)
 Representative Jay Kim (R-41)
 Representative Ken Calvert (R-43)
 Representative Dana Rohrabacher (R-45)
 Representative Christopher Cox (R-47)
 Representative Brian Bilbray (R-49)
 Representative Randy Cunningham (R-51)

Representative Xavier Becerra (D-30)
 Representative Julian C. Dixon (D-32)
 Representative Esteban Edward Torres (D-34)
 Representative Jane Harman (D-36)
 Representative Steve Horn (R-38)
 Representative Jerry Lewis (R-40)
 Representative George E. Brown, Jr. (D-42)
 Representative Mary Bono (R-44)
 Representative Loretta L. Sanchez (D-46)
 Representative Ron Packard (R-48)
 Representative Bob Filner (D-50)
 Representative Duncan Hunter (R-52)

CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS AND LEGISLATIVE LEADERSHIP

Governor:	Pete Wilson (R)
Lt. Governor:	Gray Davis (D)
Secretary of State:	Bill Jones (R)
Attorney General:	Dan Lungren (R)
State Controller:	Kathleen Connell (D)
Treasurer:	Matt Fong (R)
Insurance Commissioner:	Charles Quackenbush (R)
State Superintendent:	Delaine Eastin (D)
Speaker of the Assembly:	Antonio Villaraigosa (D)
Speaker Pro Tempore:	Sheila James Kuehl (D)
Majority Leader of the Assembly:	Kevin Shelley (D)
Minority Leader of the Assembly:	Bill Leonard (R)
Senate President Pro Tempore:	John Burton (D)
Senate Majority Leader:	Charles M. Calderon (D)
Senate Minority Leader:	Rob Hurtt (R)

BACKGROUND

This could be a historic year for Democrats in California politics, or it could be a bust. Lt. Governor Gray Davis (D) has an opportunity to become the first Democrat elected Governor since Jerry Brown in 1978. If Senator Barbara Boxer (D) is reelected, it will be the first time since 1976 that both U.S. Senators and the Governor are Democrats. It is also possible for Democrats to sweep the down ticket statewide races, picking up three Republican seats: 1) Attorney General (former State Senate President Bill Lockyer (D) is in a close race with Republican Dave Stirling (R)); 2) Treasurer (former Democratic Chair Phil Angelides is expected to outspend and face tough opposition from State Assemblyman Curt Pringle (R)); and 3) Secretary of State (polls show incumbent Bill Jones leading Michela Alioto 38%/30%, but with 32% still undecided). Democrats will keep the other three statewide offices: Lt. Governor (Bustamante is expected to replace Gray Davis); Comptroller (Kathleen Connell will be reelected), and Superintendent of Public Instruction (Delaine Eastin is expected to be reelected).

Some believe that Democrats are in better shape than they have been in a generation, in part

because YOU are extremely popular in the State, with favorables steadily over 70%, and in part because Labor won an uphill battle in unexpectedly defeating Prop. 226 on the 1998 primary ballot. There is some momentum for Democrats in California.

It is unclear how this "Democratic phase" in California politics will influence the Congressional races, if at all. As for Democratic pick ups, State Senator Mike Thompson (D) is expected to win the first Congressional District (Frank Rigg's seat). In San Diego, openly gay City Councilwoman Kristine Kehoe (D) has a chance of unseating Brian Bilbray (R-49). In open seats, both Rep. Vic Fazio (D-3) and Rep. Jane Harman (D-36) leave vulnerable candidates to defend their seats in their swing districts. And at least two incumbents -- Rep. Brad Sherman (D-24) and Rep. George Brown (D-46) -- will once again have very tough reelection races.

1998 GUBERNATORIAL RACE

Despite being outspent by his wealthy Democratic rivals by over \$40 million, Lt. Governor Gray Davis (D) won the Democratic nomination for governor in the state's June 2 open primary. The results of the primary are listed below. The primary race was the most expensive non-presidential race in the history of American politics, with candidates spending over \$65 million. Voters, frustrated by the bombardment of negative television ads, spoke out against "insurgent" millionaires in the open primary and instead, chose "experience money can't buy." Davis was the state's highest vote-getter, edging out Attorney General Dan Lungren (R), who ran unopposed.

The results of the primary were as follows:

Gray Davis (D)	34.8%
Dan Lungren (R)	33.7%
Al Checchi (D)	20.9%
Jane Harman (D)	12.4%

The race between Davis and Lungren will continue to get closer and it is likely to remain the most expensive statewide election in the history of American politics. In the first one-on-one debate, Davis came off reassuring, though some press described his style as "stiff" and "defensive." Lungren appeared confident, though some press described him "sweating profusely," reminding many viewers of Richard Nixon's debate with then Senator John Kennedy. In the three following debates, Davis and Lungren went toe-to-toe over the death penalty, abortion, and education. The press reported that the debates showed a more free-wheeling, aggressive side to both Davis and Lungren. Davis has since indicated that he is finished with debating. He had offered four dates for a fifth debate before October 15, his self-imposed cutoff, without reaching an agreement with Lungren. Davis is running with a positive track of education and crime, and a negative track of abortion, off-shore oil, tobacco, and lack of gun control. Lt. Governor Davis picked up important endorsements from Leon Panetta and Senator Dianne Feinstein (D), while Lungren received the endorsement of Los Angeles Mayor Richard Riordan (R).

In September, Lungren became the highest ranking California politician to suggest publicly that the President should resign. Lungren stated before he addressed the L.A. Chamber of Commerce,

"I think that it would be good for the President to step down. I think that he has undermined the institution of the presidency itself, and the longer that remains the more difficult it will be to rebuild the presidency." When asked by a reporter if he was asking the President to step down, Lungren replied, "No, I'm saying it would be in the best interest of the United States. I'm not telling the President what to do."

Lungren is running a television advertisement entitled "Character." The ad is narrated by a female, instead of a male as in previous ads. Lungren states, "Compromise does not surpass principal with me, because if that occurs, you're nothing but a hollow figure. You can't tell people to do one thing while you do another. From the White House to the school house, from parent to principal, that's what we ought to be talking about." The female narrator reiterates, "Dan Lungren. A governor we can trust." Davis is running ads focusing on education. The ad wars are expected to continue through the election, with both Davis and Lungren buying ad time on network and cable.

As of the October 5 campaign finance filing deadline, Davis (D) boasted a \$3.4 million lead over Lungren (R). In the fundraising period from July 1 to September 30, Davis raised \$8.2 million, while Lungren (R) raised \$4.8 million. However, in the past three months, Lungren has spent \$9.4 million, while Davis has spent \$7.9 million. An October 11-13 Mason-Dixon poll and an October 1-6 Public Policy Institute poll showed Davis ahead of Lungren in a general election matchup:

General Election

	Mason-Dixon (10/11-13/98)	Public Policy Institute (10/1-6/98)
Davis (D)	48%	49%
Lungren (R)	42%	41%

1998 SENATE RACE

In the Republican primary race to take on Senator Barbara Boxer (D), voters again chose experience over money as state Treasurer Matt Fong (R) defeated wealthy businessman Darrell Issa (R) 22%/19.5%. Issa outspent Fong 4-to-1, pumping nearly \$15 million of his own money into his campaign.

Senator Boxer received just 44% of the popular vote in the June 2 primary. She was elected in 1992 with 48% of the vote. Polling continually indicates her job approval rating is stuck under 50%. Boxer has a reputation as a scrappy fighter, but she has not translated that image into goodwill among a majority of voters. While she holds a large financial lead, the Republican National Committee has indicated that Matt Fong will be able to either financially match or outspend her. As of the September 30 FEC filing deadline, Boxer reported \$3,670,095 cash on hand and Fong reported \$2,192,579 cash on hand.

In their first debate held in August, Boxer and Fong sparred politely over the White House controversy. Fong criticized Boxer for not taking a stronger position against the controversy,

noting her previous criticisms of former Senator Bob Packwood (R) and then-Supreme Court nominee Clarence Thomas when they were accused of sexual misconduct. The first three questions of the debate related to the White House, but Boxer shifted the focus to off-shore drilling, HMOs, and campaign finance reform.

Boxer began airing her first general election television advertisement in September, stressing education themes in a 30-second spot airing in the San Francisco Bay area. Boxer's new commercial opens with a scene of Boxer as a young mother while a narrator calls for tough new graduation standards, after-school programs for kids, and criminal background checks for child care workers.

With abortion playing an increasingly prominent role in the campaign, Fong publicly stated on October 15 that he endorses GOP-sponsored federal legislation that would make it a crime to help a minor evade state laws requiring parental consent for an abortion. Boxer immediately denounced him as an "extremist" who would join congressional Republicans in attempting to restrict and "ultimately outlaw abortion rights." Fong has been addressing abortion issues this week as he is being repeatedly featured as "anti-abortion" in TV ads.

An October 1-6 Public Policy Institute Poll showed Senator Boxer leading Treasurer Fong, while the October 11-13 Mason-Dixon poll showed Fong leading Boxer.

General Election Matchup		
	<u>Mason-Dixon</u>	<u>Public Policy Institute</u>
	(10/11-13/98)	(10/1-6/98)
Boxer (D)	44%	47%
Fong (R)	46%	44%

DOWN BALLOT RACES

Lieutenant Governor

Former Assembly Speaker Cruz Bustamante (D) won the Democratic nomination for Lieutenant Governor with 34% of the vote. The first Latino ever to become speaker, Bustamante was term-limited and left the Assembly at the end of last year. If elected in November, Bustamante would become the first Latino elected to statewide office in California in modern times. He will face state Senator Tim Leslie (R) of Tahoe City in November. Leslie received 16% of the open primary vote. A Field Poll conducted September 27-October 5 showed Bustamante (D) in a dead heat with Leslie (R) at 33% each, with 34% undecided in this close matchup. **The Vice President** attended a fundraiser that benefitted Bustamante on September 29 in Fresno.

Secretary of State

Former Gore staffer and '96 congressional candidate Michela Alioto (D) is challenging incumbent Secretary of State Bill Jones (R). Neither candidate faced opposition in the June 2 primary. Jones received 50% of the popular vote in the open primary while Alioto received 39%. A Field Poll conducted September 27-October 5 showed Jones (R) leading Alioto (D) 38%/30%, with 32% undecided. **The Vice President and Mrs. Gore** attended a fundraiser that benefitted Alioto

on August 26 in San Francisco.

Controller

State Controller Kathleen Connell (D) is seeking re-election and will face San Mateo County Supervisor Ruben Barrales (R) in November. Connell received 59.6% of the popular vote in the open primary while Barrales received 32.7%. A Field Poll conducted September 27-October 5 showed Connell (D) leading Barrales (R) 40%/28%, with 32% of the voters undecided.

Treasurer

Current Treasurer Matt Fong (R) is running for U.S. Senate against Senator Barbara Boxer. Former California State Party Chair and '94 Treasurer nominee Phil Angelides (D) won the Democratic nomination in the June 2 primary with 25.5% of the popular vote. In what is expected to be the toughest statewide race, Angelides will face state Assemblyman and former Minority Leader Curt Pringle (R), who received 27.8% of the vote. A Field Poll conducted September 27-October 5 showed Pringle (R) leading Angelides (D) 32%/26%, with 42% undecided in this matchup. **The Vice President** attended a fundraiser that benefitted Angelides on September 29 in Sacramento.

Attorney General

State Senator and former President Pro Tem Bill Lockyer (D) won the Democratic nomination for Attorney General with 23.7% of the popular vote, defeating former Rep. Lynn Schenk with 12.6%. He will face Chief Deputy Attorney General Dave Stirling (R) who received 29.5% of the vote. A Field Poll conducted September 27-October 5 showed Lockyer (D) in a dead heat with Stirling (R) 29%/28%, with 43% undecided in this close race. **The Vice President** attended an event that benefitted Lockyer on October 22 in Los Angeles.

DEMOCRATIC LEADERSHIP IN THE STATE HOUSE

Assembly Democrats unanimously selected Antonio Villaraigosa (D) of Los Angeles on January 21, 1998, to be their new speaker. He officially took over his duties as Assembly Speaker on February 26. Democrats hold a 43-to-37 majority in the Assembly. The crowning achievement of the 1998 Assembly was the passage of a \$9.2 billion bond for K-12 and higher education. This bond increased public school funding over minimum levels by a minimum of \$600 million. Education improvements included further class size reductions in the ninth grade, new textbooks, and increasing the number of days in the school year. The Assembly also approved a significant expansion of the state's higher education system, including money to continue work on the tenth campus of the University of California. **The Vice President** attended a lunch on October 22 which benefitted Speaker Villaraigosa. **YOU** will attend a brunch on October 25 to benefit the Assembly Victory Fund '98 in San Francisco.

State Senator John Burton (D) of San Francisco is the new President Pro Tem of the state Senate of California. Democrats now hold 23 seats in the 40-member state Senate, while Republicans hold 16 and independent Quentin Kopp holds the 40th.

CONGRESSIONAL RACES

CD 01 - Riggs (R) - Rep. Frank Riggs is retiring from the Eureka-based district. He earlier sought the Republican nomination to take on Senator Barbara Boxer (D), but dropped out of that race in mid-April citing fundraising concerns. State Senator Mike Thompson (D) is the clear frontrunner in the race to replace Riggs in the general election race. He won the open primary race with 51% of the popular vote. He will face Napa County Supervisor Mark Luce (R), who received 20.3% of the vote in the primary. As of the third quarter report, Thompson had \$292,812 cash on hand, while Luce had only \$14,776 cash on hand.

CD 03 - Fazio (D) - Sandra Dunn (D), an environmental attorney, won the Democratic nomination in the race to succeed retiring Rep. Fazio. Fazio has endorsed Dunn. She received 23.1% of the popular vote in the June 2 primary. Dunn faces wealthy businessman Doug Ose (R), who received 30.5% of the popular vote. As of the September 30 FEC report, Dunn had not turned in a finance report, while Ose reported \$208,269 cash on hand. A Garin-Hart-Yang (D) poll conducted August 1 showed Ose leading Dunn, 34% to 25%, with 41% undecided. However, when voters are educated about Dunn with a positive profile, Dunn leads Ose, 47% to 40%. **The Vice President** attended a reception that benefitted Dunn on September 29 in Sacramento.

CD 10 - Tauscher (D) - Freshman Rep. Ellen Tauscher won the open primary race with 54.7% of the popular vote. She narrowly defeated former Rep. Bill Baker (R), by 49% to 47% in 1996, in the Bay Area's most Republican district. She is expected to defeat her Republican challenger, Charles Ball, who received 23.6% of the primary vote. As of the September 30 FEC filing deadline, Tauscher reported \$227,582 cash on hand, while Ball reported \$356,266 cash on hand.

CD 22 - Capps (D) - On March 10, Lois Capps was elected with more than 53% of the vote to complete the term of her late-husband, Walter Capps. She defeated Assemblyman Tom Bordonaro (R) in this district, which includes Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo counties. Capps will face Bordonaro again in November. Capps received 51.5% of the popular vote in the June 2 primary, while Bordonaro received 41.4%. As of the third quarter filing, Capps reported \$332,130 cash on hand, while Bordonaro reported \$67,021 cash on hand.

CD 24 - Sherman (D) - Rep. Brad Sherman, a tax attorney, kept this San Fernando Valley-based seat in the Democratic column after Rep. Anthony Beilenson (D) retired in 1996. The freshman beat businessman Richard Sybert (R), whom Beilenson had narrowly defeated in 1994. In the '96 election, both Sherman and Sybert campaigned as moderates: Sherman is pro-death penalty and tough on illegal immigration, and Sybert is a pro-choice environmentalist.

In 1998, Sherman is running in another tough race. He faces millionaire Randy Hoffman (R), president of Magellan Systems, a high-tech satellite navigation and communications company. Hoffman, who has never run for office, was recently appointed by Governor Wilson to the California Domestic Violence Advisory Council, which will distribute grants to battered women's shelters.

Sherman received 54% of the primary vote, while Hoffman received 21% in a contested Republican primary. The race is expected to be competitive, though, because of the personal fortune Hoffman is expected to spend on his campaign. A Fairbank, Maslin, Maullin (D) poll conducted August 12-16, showed Sherman leading Hoffman 45% to 18%, with 6% for a third party, and 33% undecided. Sherman reported \$470,813 cash on hand and Hoffman reported \$180,286 as of September 30.

CD 27 - Rogan (R) - Rep. James Rogan is favored to win re-election. However, the district, primarily in Pasadena, is shifting Democratic faster than any other District in the State (38% D and 33% R, compared to 32% D and 39% R in 1994). A Lauer, Lalley, Victoria, Inc. (D) poll conducted October 2-7 showed Rogan (R) leading Democratic nominee Barry Gordon (D) 46%/33%, with 20% undecided. However, the same poll showed Rogan with a positive/negative job rating of 44%/28%, with 28% undecided. Gordon could be helped by the fact that two of the hottest State Assembly races in the State are located in this District. As of the third quarter filing, Rogan reported \$481,938 cash on hand, and Gordon had not filed a report.

CD 34 - Torres (D) - Rep. Esteban Torres announced his retirement in February and endorsed his son-in-law, Jamie Casso, for the seat in this Democratic district. Casso was narrowly defeated by just 613 votes by Assemblywoman Grace Napolitano (D) in the June 2 primary. Casso announced that he will challenge the results of the election.

CD 36 - Harman (D) - Janice Hahn (D), daughter of the former Los Angeles County Supervisor Kenneth Hahn, is running for this seat. She faces Assemblyman Steven Kuykendall (R) in November. Hahn is slightly favored, but the race will be difficult because Hahn received just 30% of the primary vote while Kuykendall received 22.7% in a three-way Republican primary. As of the September 30 FEC report, Hahn had \$213,132 cash on hand and Kuykendall had \$201,921 cash on hand. Kuykendall may be vulnerable in media ads for taking \$120,000 from Philip Morris in 1994 to win his Assembly seat. He has since disavowed tobacco money. A Lauer, Lalley (D) poll in September 28-30, showed Kuykendall leading Hahn 40% to 31%. **YOU** will attend a reception that will benefit Hahn on October 24 in Los Angeles.

CD 42 - Brown (D) - In 1996, five Republicans campaigned for Brown's San Bernardino district, which he has represented for 33 years. He won the race against Linda Wilde, a Superior Court Judge, by just 996 votes, one of the narrowest margins in the country. Brown, who received 53.6% of the popular vote in the June 2 primary, will face Elia Pirozzi (R), who received 18.7% of the vote. The district leans Democratic -- it went for Clinton/Gore by 17 points in 1996 -- but is one of the purest "swing districts" in the nation. However, Rep. Brown has been attacked by the National Right to Life Committee and the California Pro-Life Council because he did not support the House's July 23 vote to override the President's veto of a bill that banned late term abortions. A Fairbank, Maslin, Maullin poll conducted September 11-14 showed Brown leading Pirozzi 54%/24%, with 16% undecided. As of the September 30 FEC filing deadline, Brown had not turned in a report and Pirozzi had \$210,994 cash on hand.

CD 46 - Sanchez (D) - Loretta Sanchez won this seat by 948 votes in 1996. Sanchez is seeking re-election in the Orange County-based district in what is expected to be one of the most hotly-

contested House battles in the country. Once a Republican stronghold, the 46th Congressional District voted for Clinton by 8 percent in 1996, and for Bush by 3 percent in 1992. Sanchez received 44.8% of the popular vote in the June 2 primary.

Former Representative Robert Dornan (R), whose 14-month election challenge was formally rebuffed by the House earlier this year, won the Republican nomination in the June 2 primary with 26.1% of the popular vote.

Sanchez (D) and Dornan (R) have raised more money than any other House candidate except U.S. House Speaker Newt Gingrich (R) and U.S. House Minority Leader Dick Gephardt (D). Sanchez reported more than \$1 million cash on hand after the second quarter FEC deadline, while Dornan's report was unavailable. As of the third quarter filing, Sanchez had not turned in a finance report, while Dornan had \$322,399 cash on hand. Sanchez declined to release copies of her finance reports to the *Los Angeles Times*, citing concerns that releasing the information now could put her at a disadvantage.

CD 49 - Bilbray (R) - San Diego City Councilmember Christine Kehoe (D), in her bid to unseat Rep. Bilbray, has won the endorsement of EMILY's List and is raising money and organizing volunteers in what is shaping up to be a hot contest in 1998. A September 28-30 Lauer, Lalley, Victoria, Inc. (D) poll showed Kehoe trailing Bilbray by 7 points, 35%/42%, with 23% still undecided. As of the September 30 FEC report, Kehoe had \$35,610 cash on hand and Rep. Bilbray had \$420,061 cash on hand.

Kehoe is the first openly gay candidate to be elected to public office in San Diego. She has received the endorsements of the Gay and Lesbian Victory Fund and the Human Rights Campaign.

Despite being outspent two to one, Bilbray won the seat in 1994 by defeating one-term Rep. Lynn Schneck (D).

HOT POLITICAL ISSUES

California Indian Gaming Initiative: Proposition 5

The California Indian Self-Reliance Initiative could determine Nevada's gaming industry future. If the measure is approved by California voters in November, it could mean the loss of as much as \$300 million in yearly gaming revenues in Southern Nevada. An estimated 8.5 million visitors from California travel to Las Vegas annually, representing \$1.5 billion in revenue. The measure will likely reduce trip frequency by 30 to 50 percent.

The initiative is expected to be the most expensive in American history outside of a presidential campaign, with the Nevada gaming industry putting up tens of millions of dollars to oppose it.

The Nevada casino-industry supported Coalition Against Unregulated Gambling is spending more than one million dollars to air a new commercial on California TV stations in opposition to Proposition 5. The commercial features the tribal chairman of the Pala Band of Mission Indians,

whose tribe has already made a deal with California Governor Pete Wilson to legalize gambling on their lands. The Coalition hopes to show voters that the tribes are split on this issue and that the proposition could lead to the spread of Indian gaming that is insufficiently regulated and taxed.

According to the latest campaign finance reports, California's American Indian tribes have spent \$36 million since January in support of the initiative, nearly twice as much as the casino Coalition.

California Children and Families Initiative: Proposition 10

Proposition 10 would add a 50-cent tax on a pack of cigarettes, generating \$700 million for counties to spend on child development programs of their choice, ranging from child care to parent education. Film maker/actor and Campaign Chair Rob Reiner is leading a statewide, bi-partisan effort for the California Children and Families Initiative. Co-chairs and endorsers of the initiative include Senator Barbara Boxer (D), former Rep. Mike Huffington (R), Los Angeles Mayor Richard Riordan (R), San Francisco Mayor Willie Brown (D), State Senate President John Burton (D), and Assembly Speaker Antonio Villaraigosa (D). The formal opposition, the Committee Against Unfair Taxes, is financed by the tobacco industry and views the tax as an unfair threat to cigarette sales.

The Initiative would create an umbrella state commission, with appointees named by the governor and the Legislature. The state commission would take 20% of the revenues to pay for statewide programs, including a tobacco education program, and a professional staff. The remaining 80% would be given to counties based on their proportion of births in the previous year. A network of volunteer commissions would be set up in each county to distribute the wealth to new and existing programs of their choice. Options under the initiative vary from prenatal nutrition and day-care programs to filling gaps in child health care and domestic violence prevention systems.

The Committee Against Unfair Taxes is focusing on the governance issue instead of relying on tobacco's common defense: that taxing tobacco is regressive because the poor smoke more than the rich. The Committee Against Unfair Taxes cite a July report on the initiative by the state Senate Office of Research. According to the report, "it is unclear how the creation of a state commission and county commissions that are outside the control of the governor, the Legislature or county boards of supervisors would be able to create and sustain a coordinated system."

A smaller controversy in the battle over Proposition 10 involves advertising. Advocates of the ballot initiative are incensed over opposition television commercials that refer voters to incumbent Secretary of State Bill Jones (R) and his office. Jones' Democratic opponent, Michela Alioto (a former Gore staffer and '96 congressional candidate), charges that the ads are providing him with free, statewide exposure paid for by the tobacco industry. Jones, whose primary campaign consultant coincidentally serves as one of the two lead consultants for the pro-tobacco side, said he has not taken sides on the measure and has no problem with any candidate or campaign referring voters to his office in their ads.

Welfare Reform

In Los Angeles, home to more welfare recipients than 48 of the 50 states, recipients who were subject to the requirements of reform were far more successful at getting jobs and made

significantly more money than recipients who were not, according to Manpower Demonstration Research Corp., in a report released August 19. The report noted that 43% of poor families who were required to participate in the city's new welfare reform program found jobs, while only 32% of families randomly selected to remain in the traditional welfare program did not. This represents an increase of one-third over the old program.

Western Primary

The California Legislature approved a bill to move the state's presidential primary to March 7 in 2000, which was signed by Governor Pete Wilson (R) on September 28. The goal is to align California's primary with Oregon and Washington to create a Northwest Superprimary that would be a mandatory stop for all presidential candidates with a quarter of the delegates needed for the nomination. The schedule still leaves the traditional Iowa caucus and New Hampshire primary at the head of the presidential campaign schedule. However, it adds significantly to a growing bottleneck in March because at least five other states, including New York, have claimed the same date and more are expected to follow soon.

Immigration

A federal judge in Los Angeles has ruled that Proposition 187, the 1994 ballot initiative targeting illegal immigrants, violates both the Constitution and last year's sweeping congressional overhaul of welfare law. The ruling effectively means that, barring a successful appeal, the controversial measure that focused attention nationwide on the problem of illegal immigration will never be fully implemented. The judge cited as unlawful the initiative's major sections--those barring illegal immigrants from receiving publicly funded education, social services and health care, along with provisions mandating that local law enforcement authorities, school administrators, social workers and health care aides turn in suspected illegal immigrants. However, the judge did let stand two less controversial sections that establish state criminal penalties for the manufacture and use of false documents to conceal immigration status.

PARTIAL LIST OF ADMINISTRATION APPOINTEES FROM CALIFORNIA

White House

Craighead, Kelly	Special Assistant to the President, Director of Advance, and Trip Director for the First Lady
Echaveste, Maria	Deputy Chief of Staff
Matsui, Doris	Deputy Assistant to the President, Public Liaison
Palmieri, Jennifer	Deputy Assistant to the President for Press
Pasquil, Mona	Western Regional Political Director, Office of Political Affairs
Scott, Marsha	Deputy Assistant to the President for Presidential Personnel
Skelton, Karen	Deputy Assistant to the President, Office of Political Affairs
Spector, Stacie	Deputy Assistant to the President, Communications
Umberg, Tom	Deputy Director, Office of the Drug Czar

Office of the Vice President

Bustos, Miguel	Policy Advisor to Mrs. Gore
Kohlenberger, Jim	Assistant Domestic Policy Advisor
Winograd, Morley	Senior Policy Advisor to the Vice President

Departments/Agencies

Barram, David
Berg, Olena

Administrator, General Services Administration
Assistant Secretary, Pension & Welfare Benefit Admin,
Dept/Labor

Cruz, Frank
Ehrlich, Thomas
Fisher, Ray

Member/Board of Directors, Corp. of Public Broadcasting
Member/Board of Directors, National & Community Service Corp
Associate Attorney General

Huerta, Michael

Associate Deputy Secretary, Department of Transportation

Lee, Bill Lam

Acting Assistant Attorney General for Civil Rights

Manella, Nora

US Attorney, Central California

McFadden, Nancy

General Counsel, Department of Transportation

Nathanson, Marc

Broadcasting Board of Governors

Ochi, Rose

Director of Community Relations, Department of Justice

Palast, Geri

Assistant Secretary, Department of Labor

Rominger, Richard

Deputy Secretary, Department of Agriculture

Yellen, Janet

Chair, Council of Economic Advisors

H

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

October 19, 1998

'98 OCT 19 PM4:41

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: GENE SPERLING
SALLY KATZEN
TOM KALIL

RE: HIGH-TECH LEGISLATIVE ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Below are a list of the Administration's "high-tech" legislative accomplishments. The high-tech industry is very pleased with the outcome of these issues, and the role that the Administration played in getting these done.

1. **Year 2000 Information and Readiness Disclosure Act:** This legislation provides limited liability protection for individuals, businesses, and governmental entities to share information about both experiences and solutions, which will significantly enhance public and private sectors' efforts to prepare the nation's computer systems for the new millennium. It does not affect liability that arise from Y2K failures of systems or devices. You called for this legislation in July, and it was enacted by unanimous consent in a little over two months.
2. **Securities Litigation Reform:** With Administration support, the Congress passed the Securities Litigation Uniform Standards Act of 1998. This legislation ensures that class actions pertaining to certain securities trade on national markets are governed by the same national standards, regardless of whether they are filed in federal or state court. The Administration's principal interest was ensuring that the legislative history reiterates that the 1995 Reform Act did not eliminate recklessness as a basis of pleading or liability.
3. **H1-B Visas:** This legislation, which increases the number of temporary (H-1B) visas for highly skilled foreign workers, is included in the omnibus bill. The final agreement contains a significant training and education provision funded by new revenues and stronger protections for U.S. workers that we insisted upon as a condition for our support.
4. **Internet Tax Freedom Act:** Congress has attached the Internet Tax Freedom Act to the omnibus. This will provide a 3-year moratorium on Internet access taxes and taxes that discriminate against electronic commerce. It also establishes a commission to develop recommendations on the longer-term tax issues raised by remote sales and e-commerce. You called for passage of the Internet Tax Freedom Act in an Internet policy address that you gave in San Francisco earlier this year.

5. Implementation of World Intellectual Property Organization Treaties: In December 1996, the Administration successfully negotiated two treaties that provide clear international standards for intellectual property protection in the digital environment and protect U.S. copyrighted works, musical performances and sound recordings from international piracy. The copyright-based industries that produce and promote creative and high-technology products contribute more than \$60 billion annually to the balance of United States trade. The Congress passed legislation that implements these treaties.

6. Extension of the R&E Tax Credit: A one-year extension of the Research and Experimentation tax credit, which the Administration had proposed, was included in the "extenders" package.

7. Educational Technology Initiative: The Congress approved \$700 million for educational technology, compared to your request of \$721 million. It includes a new \$75 million initiative to help train all new teachers entering the workforce to use technology effectively. This is up from \$23 million on educational technology in FY93.

8. Research Fund for America In FY 1999, you proposed the largest commitment to key civilian research in the history of our country as part of the "Research Fund for America." Congress agreed to support significant increases in R&D, including a 7 percent increase in the National Science Foundation budget and a 14 percent, \$2 billion increase in the National Institutes of Health budget.

9. Next Generation Internet: Congress passed authorization legislation for the Next Generation Internet and provided over \$100 million in funding. This will connect more than 100 universities and national labs at speeds that are up to 1,000 times faster than today's Internet, and develop revolutionary applications.



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20503

98 OCT 18 PM 5:51

October 18, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: KATHLEEN A. MCGINTY *NVT for KAM*
SUBJECT: CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

BUDGET

The Omnibus Appropriations Bill is expected to include several riders that are unpopular with environmentalists in California. These riders include methyl bromide, timber cutting in the northern Sierra Nevada mountains (known as the Quincy Library Group), and oil valuation. A summary of these issues follows.

Methyl Bromide

The Omnibus Appropriations Bill contains a rider that would amend the Clean Air Act's methyl bromide provisions. Under current law, the U.S. could phaseout methyl bromide by 2001 -- a date that is sooner than the Montreal Protocol date of 2005. The rider -- sponsored by Rep. Fazio -- will push back the current phaseout date to the date under the Protocol: interim cuts will be required in the years leading up to 2005.

We did not threaten a veto over this rider, for several reasons. First, the provision enjoyed strong support from farm district Democrats, and the prospects for sustaining a veto would have been poor. Second, the environmental impacts of this change will be minimal. Third, the rider preserves our authority to comply with the Montreal Protocol (in contrast to more extreme versions that we worked to defeat).

Environmentalists and labor (especially farmworkers) are strongly opposed to this rider. A coalition of environmental groups is threatening to run newspaper ads blasting Democrats for proposing or tolerating the provision. Views for and against the provision are strongest in California, where methyl bromide is used on a broad range of crops throughout the Central Valley.

If asked about the Fazio provision, you should say that methyl bromide is a highly toxic, ozone-depleting chemical, and that we must work to find safe and effective alternatives for American farmers. Although the Fazio provision enjoyed broad bipartisan support, amending the Clean Air Act on an appropriations bill is not the right way to do business. However, even under the new law the United States will still phase-out methyl bromide in accordance with the Montreal Protocol phaseout schedule.

Quincy Library Group Legislation

The Quincy Library Group rider, added to the Omnibus Appropriations Bill, would direct the Forest Service to implement, in full compliance with all federal environmental laws, a particular management scheme for portions of three national forests in the northern Sierra Nevada mountain range. In particular, it calls for logging in a particular manner to try to reduce the risk of fuel build-up and fire risk.

The initiative was the product of collaboration between local environmental and timber interests and was initially supported by the Administration, and both minority and majority Members of Congress, including Senators Feinstein and Boxer and Congressmen Wally Herger and George Miller. However, after the bill's introduction at the beginning of this Congress, considerable controversy ensued over whether the scientific basis for the proposal was sound, as well as whether the consensus effort had been as inclusive as had been perceived to be the case. Although the bill passed the House unanimously, by the time it reached the Senate Senator Boxer changed her position on the bill and vehemently opposed it, as did several other Senators. Thus, the bill was never brought to the Senate floor for a vote.

The Administration has not revisited its initial position of supporting the bill, although we have objected to it being attached to the Omnibus Appropriations Bill as a rider (as has Congressman Miller). USDA officials believe the utility of the bill has diminished considerably since its introduction. The Forest Service is engaged in preparing an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) on forest management for all Sierra Nevada national forests and may fold the QLG proposal into that analysis, whether the bill becomes law or not.

Meanwhile, Senator Boxer has continued to voice strong opposition to the bill and has asked national environmental groups to support her in trying to get the proposal out of the Omnibus Appropriations Bill. She has told environmentalists that she "has called the President about this" but that she needs them to continue active opposition. Meanwhile, her opponent in the race for the California Senate seat is using her opposition to this bill as one means of painting Senator Boxer as an "environmental extremist". Because this is one of the few riders in the environmental arena in which we have secured no changes and because of Senator Boxer's pleas to environmentalists, the lack of movement on this rider is increasingly becoming an issue with environmentalists and in the press.

If asked, you should say you believe that it is important to complete work on the Forest Service's review (through the EIS) of forest management of the Sierra Nevada national forests, that the management of these forests should be based on the best science, and that although you appreciate the work of the QLG, this legislation should have been considered by the full Senate instead of being added to the Omnibus Appropriations Bill as a rider.

Oil Royalties Rider

We have been unsuccessful in our attempts to remove a rider to the Omnibus Appropriations Bill that would continue to delay, at least for eight months, issuance of final rules that would have industry pay the fair-market value of oil produced on federal lands in California and elsewhere. The

Administration objected to this provision because it would cost the U.S. Treasury an estimated \$64 million, States \$2 million, and Indian Tribes \$4 million per year in lost royalties. Senator Boxer led the fight against this rider in the Senate, in part because some of the new revenue would go to state educational uses in California.

If asked about the rider, you should say that the Administration believes that the market should set the value of the royalties, that industry should pay for the oil that it gets, and that we will work with the Congress over the next eight months to fashion an agreement that will achieve these results.

Salton Sea

It is likely that legislation to restore the Salton Sea will be added to the Omnibus Appropriations Bill. Specifically, the legislation will authorize a feasibility study of options to restore the sea, \$5 million for a wildlife study, and \$3 million for a wetlands demonstration project. Although there were many concerns with the original legislation, the Administration supports this bill in its current form.

OTHER CALIFORNIA ISSUES

Headwaters

Governor Wilson has signed into law a bill negotiated during the waning days of the California legislature to allocate California's share of the purchase price for the Headwaters forest. The bill also provides funds for purchase of additional groves, as well as conditioning the funds on increased environmental protection measures in the habitat conservation plan our agencies are developing with Pacific Lumber, Inc.

Although the agreement has been generally well received, some local environmental groups have been highly critical of it and vowed to continue to fight Pacific Lumber's accelerated logging. Last month a member of the group Earth First! was killed by a redwood felled by a Pacific Lumber logger during a protest in northern California. Although this incident did not occur in the Headwaters forest, it has increased the environmental storm against cutting redwoods.

If asked about the Headwaters deal you should say that you appreciate the recent action of the California Legislature, which brings us that much closer to saving these ancient redwoods once and for all. We're working with all the parties to put together a strong habitat plan to preserve these magnificent trees.

If asked about the incident involving the Earth First! protester, you should say that you very much regret this unfortunate turn of events. You should say that you know passions are running high, but that you urge everyone to take pause and do their best to stay focused on completing the job so many good people have dedicated themselves to -- saving the Headwaters' redwoods.

Border Smog Reduction Act

Last week the Border Smog Reduction Act (H.R. 8; H. Rpt. 105-634, S. Rpt. 105-335) passed both Houses with bipartisan support. The law, introduced by Brian Bilbray (R-CA), would amend the Clean Air Act to provide federal border agents the authority to deny entry into the U.S. any foreign, non commercial vehicles that do not comply with state emission laws. In California, the Mexico commuter population produces 13 percent of the region's total vehicle air pollution. Although a decision has not been made on whether you will sign the legislation, EPA has not opposed the legislation and has sought to make improvements to it.

If asked about the issue, you should say that although we have not received the bill, you understand that there are concerns about international pollution problems affecting California, and that EPA has worked with Congress on this legislation to make sure that it works right.

CALFed Bay-Delta

Federal agencies and the State of California are working together in the "CALFed process" to protect and allocate San Francisco Bay-Sacramento River/Delta water in accordance with the 1994 Bay-Delta agreement. A draft "preferred alternative" which explores options for restoring the Bay-Delta ecosystem while improving water quality and reliability is under development. Secretary Babbitt is meeting regularly with Governor Wilson to try to keep the process on track. However, the Governor's interest is waning as the end of his term approaches. The stakeholders, especially agricultural and urban water interests, want Secretary Babbitt to take a more active role to keep the process moving.

If asked, you should say that we have made a tremendous amount of progress in understanding the issues and concerns of the participants in this process, and that the Administration remains actively committed to the collaborative process to resolve Bay-Delta water issues.

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

October 19, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: THURGOOD MARSHALL, JR. *JPM for TM*
JON P. JENNINGS *JPM*

SUBJECT: HOT ISSUES--LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

Proposition 227: On October 8, the State Board of Education adopted new rules to implement proposition 227, a ballot measure approved by voters in June aimed at eliminating bilingual education. The new rules state that waivers "shall be granted" unless school officials decide that bilingual education classes would be more harmful than immersion classes. Supporters of proposition 227 criticized the rules for assuming that waivers should be granted in most cases, instead of only under the special conditions spelled out in the initiative. The Los Angeles School Board has sought permission for 34 schools to continue bilingual education programs that would otherwise be prohibited by Proposition 227. (DOEd)

Air Quality: Los Angeles air quality is benefiting from years of tough air pollution control efforts. In 1997, the region recorded the cleanest air since official monitoring began. However, Los Angeles continues to have the worst air quality in the nation, and the summer months produced numerous health alerts. EPA believes that efforts to control air pollution must proceed. EPA has serious concerns about the most recent local air quality plan, which postponed, diluted, or discarded about 30 of the control measures in the area's previous plan. In July, a U.S. District Court judge ruled that the South Coast Air Quality Management District and the State of CA are responsible for implementing their commitments. (EPA)

1115 Waiver: The Los Angeles County Supervisor will put a motion before the Board of Supervisors at their meeting next week to seek an expansion of the County's current 1115 health care reform demonstration. The expansion proposes the use of school health services, the County's public-private partners and County staff, and funding through a combination of County, School District, and Federal resources, with any additional County funding subject to approval by the Board of Supervisors. The motion instructs the County to report back to the Board of Supervisors within 30 days, submit a proposal to the State within 60 days, and submit a formal expansion request to HCFA within 90 days. It is unclear whether this motion will pass the Board. (HHS)

Seat Belt Use: CA has recently announced that seat belt use has reached 90.3 percent, setting the pace for attaining your goal of 90 percent seat belt use nationwide by the year 2005. (DOT)

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

October 19, 1998

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: THURGOOD MARSHALL, JR. *JPM for TM*
JON P. JENNINGS *JPJ*

SUBJECT: HOT ISSUES--SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

'98 OCT 19 AM 10:45

Smog Redesignation: In June, EPA redesignated the San Francisco Bay Area from attainment to nonattainment for the federal ozone public health standard. This decision was based on violations recorded in San Francisco in 1995 and 1996. This redesignation will require CA to select and implement additional air pollution controls in the area. Governor Wilson opposed the redesignation arguing that the San Francisco area did not violate the ozone health standard in 1997. However, during 1995 and 1996, the area exceeded the ozone standard 19 different times. Ozone reached unhealthy levels again this year and a violation was recorded in July. (EPA)

Proposition 8: It was reported on October 4 that Proposition 8, a November ballot initiative to reduce class size, faces staunch opposition from the PTA, the CA School Boards Association, the CA Federation of Teachers, the CA Teachers Association, and the League of Women Voters because it would establish a new state agency to evaluate schools and would set up parent-teacher councils with authority over curriculum decisions. Governor Wilson is pushing the initiative, which would also require teachers to pass subject matter tests and immediate suspension of children who bring drugs to school. (DOEd)

School Bond Initiative: A Legislative Conference Committee unanimously approved a plan to place a \$9.2 billion school bond initiative on the November 1998 ballot and to resolve a dispute that has simmered for years over how much developers should be charged to finance schools. The proposed package, which would require a majority vote of the electorate for approval, includes \$6.7 billion for grades K-12 and \$2.5 billion for higher education. If approved by the legislature and voters, the bond initiative would suspend for eight years the ability of local governments to cite inadequate schools as a reason to deny development projects. On October 15, *The New York Times* reported that two-thirds of likely voters favor the initiative. (DOEd)

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PRESIDENT CLINTON AND VICE PRESIDENT GORE'S ACCOMPLISHMENTS: *California*

EXPANDING ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL

- **Unemployment Down to 5.8%:** The unemployment rate in California has declined from 9.7% to 5.8% since 1993.
- **1,526,000 New Jobs:** 1,526,000 new jobs have been created in California since 1993 --an average of 273,313 jobs per year. In contrast, an average of 11,350 jobs were lost each year during the previous administration.
- **1,424,100 New Private Sector Jobs:** Since 1993, 1,424,100 new private sector jobs have been created in California --an average of 255,063 jobs per year, compared to an average loss of 38,600 private sector jobs per year in the previous administration.
- **82,100 New Manufacturing Jobs:** 82,100 manufacturing jobs have been created in California since 1993 --an average of 14,704 jobs per year. In contrast, an average of 66,475 manufacturing jobs were lost each year during the previous administration.
- **176,000 New Construction Jobs:** 176,000 construction jobs have been created in California since 1993 --an average of 31,522 jobs per year. In contrast, an average of 28,025 construction jobs were lost each year during the previous administration.
- **Poverty Has Fallen:** In California, the poverty rate has fallen from 18.2% in 1993 to 16.6% in 1997-- down 1.6% under President Clinton. [Census Bureau]
- **Business Failures Down 1.7% Per Year:** Business failures in California have decreased an average of 1.7% per year since 1993, after increasing 21.8% per year during the previous 12 years.
- **New Business Incorporations Up 4.8%:** New business incorporations in California have increased at an average rate of 4.8% per year since 1993. In contrast, new business incorporations fell an average of 10.8% per year during the previous administration.
- **1.2 Million Have Received a Raise:** 999,000 California workers benefited from an increase in the minimum wage --from \$4.25 to \$4.75 --on October 1, 1996. They, along with 200,000 more, received an additional raise --from \$4.75 to \$5.15 --on September 1, 1997.
- **Home Ownership Has Increased in California:** Home ownership in California has increased from 55.6% to 55.9% since the first quarter of 1993.
- **Home Building Up 3.7%:** Home building in California has increased by an average of 3.7% per year since 1993, after falling over 21.2% per year during the previous administration.
- **A \$500 Child Tax Credit to Help Families Raising Children:** To help make it easier for families to raise their children, the balanced budget includes a \$500 per-child tax credit for children under 17. **Thanks to President Clinton, the balanced budget delivers a child tax credit to 3,229,000 families in California.**
- **Personal Income Has Risen 2.4% Annually:** Personal income in California has risen at an annual rate of 2.4% since 1993, compared to an average growth of just 1% per year during the previous administration.
- **4.4% Growth in Total Bank Loans and Leases:** California has seen a 4.4% average growth rate in total bank loans and leases per year since 1993, after falling over 1.5% per year during the previous 12 years.
- **7.2% Growth in Commercial and Industrial Loans and Leases:** Since 1993, California has experienced a 7.2% annual growth rate in commercial and industrial loans and leases. In contrast, commercial and industrial loans and leases fell over 7.8% per year during the previous administration.

- **Over \$25,000 of Reduced Federal Debt for Every Family of Four:** The national debt will \$1.7 trillion lower in fiscal year 1999 than projected in 1993 --that's \$25,000 less debt for each family of four in California next year.

EXPANDING ACCESS TO EDUCATION

- **\$509 Million in Head Start Funding:** In FY97, California received nearly \$459 million in Head Start funding benefitting nearly 80,000 children. This year, California receives \$509 million for Head Start, an increase of \$50 million over 1997. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal will increase Head Start funding for California's children by an additional \$41 million.
- **\$54.8 Million in Goals 2000 Funding:** This year [FY98], California receives \$54.8 million in Goals 2000 funding. This money is used to raise academic achievement by raising academic standards, increasing parental and community involvement in education, expanding the use of computers and technology in classrooms, and supporting high-quality teacher professional development.
- **\$46.6 Million for Technology Literacy:** This year [FY98], California receives \$46.6 million --more than doubling its funding over FY97 -- for the Technology Literacy Challenge Fund which helps communities and the private sector ensure that every student is equipped with the computer literacy skills needed for the 21st century. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal will raise funding for technology literacy by \$5 million over FY98.
- **Nearly \$830 Million for Students Most in Need:** California receives \$829.5 million in Title I Grants (to Local Educational Agencies) providing extra help in the basics for students most in need, particularly communities and schools with high concentrations of children in low-income families [FY98]. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposes to increase funding for Title I Grants by \$95 million to aid California's students.
- **\$877.6 Million in Pell Grants:** This year [FY98], California will receive \$877.6 million in Pell Grants for low-income students going to college, an additional \$170.3 million over last year. With this increase, a total of 439,800 California students will benefit, 25,400 more than the previous year. And President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal increases Pell Grant funding to \$907.4 million.
- **Over 11,300 Have Served in California through AmeriCorps:** Since the National Service program began in 1993, over 11,300 AmeriCorps participants, working in 640 different programs, have earned money for college while working in California's schools, hospitals, neighborhoods or parks. [through 3/98]
- **Tuition Tax Credits in Balanced Budget Open the Doors of College and Promote Lifelong Learning:** The balanced budget includes both President Clinton's \$1,500 HOPE Scholarship to help make the first two years of college as universal as a high school diploma and a Lifetime Learning Tax Credit for college juniors, seniors, graduate students and working Americans pursuing lifelong learning to upgrade their skills. This 20% tax credit will be applied to the first \$5,000 of tuition and fees through 2002 and to the first \$10,000 thereafter. **761,000 students in California will receive a HOPE Scholarship tax credit of up to \$1,500. 934,000 students in California will receive the Lifetime Learning Tax Credit.**

FIGHTING CRIME AND VIOLENCE

- **Crime Falls 19% in California:** Since 1992, serious crime has fallen 19% state wide. In California's cities, between 1992 and 1997, serious crime has declined 38% in Long Beach, 40% in Los Angeles, 21% in Oakland, 36% in San Diego, and 32% in San Francisco. Notably, murder has dropped 46% in Long Beach, 48% in Los Angeles, 40% in Oakland, 54% in San Diego and 50% in San Francisco. [1996 and preliminary 1997 Uniform Crime Report data, FBI]

- **9,220 More Police:** The President's 1994 Crime Bill has funded 9,150 new police officers in communities across California. [through 9/98]
- **Fresno and San Bernardino Will Receive Targeted Funding to Hire More Community Police:** Fresno and San Bernardino were recently selected as pilot cities for the President's new effort to target high crime neighborhoods. The pilot program will provide full funding for new officers by waiving the usual matching requirements. Fresno and San Bernardino will deploy new officers to help meet the unique needs of their communities, such as combating gangs or targeting drug "hot spots."
- **Reducing Crime with Drug Courts:** Working to reduce drug-related crime in California, the Clinton Administration has recently awarded Drug Court grants to the communities of Chula Vista, El Cajon, Fairfield, Richmond, Martinez, San Diego, San Francisco, Tulare, Ukiah and Vista. The Administration had previously awarded grants to a number of California communities including: Auburn, Bakersfield, Butte County, El Monte, Rio Hondo, Fresno, Modesto, Stockton, Pasadena, Redwood, Riverside, San Jose, Santa Ana, Santa Barbara, Santa Rosa, Santa Monica, San Luis Obispo, Santa Cruz, Compton, Hanford, Indio, Los Angeles, Merced, Napa, Orange, San Francisco, Sacramento and San Bernardino. Drug courts use the coercive power of the criminal justice system to combine drug testing, sanctions, supervision and treatment to push nonviolent, drug-abusing offenders to stop using drugs and committing crimes.
- **Over \$13 Million to Combat Domestic Violence:** Through the Violence Against Women Act, California receives \$13,327,000 in federal funds this year [FY98] to establish more women's shelters and bolster law enforcement, prosecution, and victims' services.
- **\$6,810,844 in Grants for Battered Women and Children:** This year [FY98], California will receive \$6,810,844 in HHS's Family Violence Prevention Program grants to assist women and children fleeing domestic abuse, an additional \$1.2 million increase over last year. President Clinton's FY99 budget proposal increases HHS's Family Violence Prevention Program grants to nearly \$7 million.
- **\$59.5 Million to Keep Drugs & Violence Out of California's Schools:** California receives \$59.5 million in FY98 for the Safe & Drug Free Schools Program, which invests in school security and drug prevention programs.

MOVING CALIFORNIANS FROM WELFARE TO WORK

- **395,419 Fewer on Welfare:** There are currently 395,419 fewer people on welfare than there were in the beginning of 1993--a 16% decrease. [through 6/98]
- **Child Support Collections Up 38%:** Child support collections have increased by over \$249 million --or 38% --in California since FY92. [through FY96]
- **California Receives \$190 Million in Welfare-to-Work Grants:** In FY98, California is eligible to receive \$190 million in welfare-to-work state formula grants, helping California prepare welfare recipients for work and to place them in jobs. Part of the President's comprehensive efforts to move recipients from welfare to work, this funding is included in the \$3 billion Welfare-to-Work Jobs Challenge Fund signed into law in the 1997 balanced budget.

INVESTING IN CALIFORNIA'S HEALTH

- **Health Care for Uninsured Children:** The balanced budget includes the largest single investment in health care for children since the passage of Medicaid in 1965 --an unprecedented \$24 billion over five years to cover as many as five million children throughout the nation. This investment guarantees the full range of benefits --from checkups to surgery -- that children need to grow up strong and healthy. It ensures that prescription drugs, vision, hearing, and mental health coverage now offered at the state level are extended to millions of uninsured children.

To expand health coverage to more than 1.2 million uninsured children in California the balanced budget provides \$855 million in 1998. This compares to the 1995 Republican plan vetoed by President Clinton that would have denied health care coverage to 356,600 children in California.

- **Helping California Women and Children with WIC:** The Clinton Administration is committed to full funding in the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC). Last year, in California, 402,496 more women and children in need received health and food assistance than in 1994.
- **More Toddlers Are Being Immunized:** As a result of the President's 1993 Childhood Immunization Initiative, childhood immunization rates have reached an historic high. According to the CDC, 90% or more of America's toddlers in 1996 received the most critical doses of each of the routinely recommended vaccines --surpassing the President's 1993 goal. In California in 1996, 94% of two-year olds received the vaccines for diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis; 91% received the vaccine for polio; 90% received the vaccine for measles, and 90% received the vaccine for *Haemophilus influenzae* B, the bacteria causing a form of meningitis.
- **Increased Funding for HIV/AIDS Programs by 105%:** In FY97, California communities received \$169.8 million in Ryan White formula and other HIV/AIDS program funds, a 105% increase over FY93 levels. This funding provides people living with HIV and AIDS medical and support services, including the AIDS Drug Assistance Program which helps those without insurance obtain much needed prescription drugs. [HHS, Health Resources and Services Administration, 4/98]
- **President's Tobacco Plan Will Cut Smoking and Premature Deaths by 40% in California:** If the Clinton Administration's tobacco proposal on youth smoking is enacted, by 2003, California will see a 40% cut in youth smoking and resulting premature deaths. Over the next five years, 248,000 young Californians will be kept from smoking and 83,000 will be spared a premature tobacco-related death. [Treasury Dept., 3/23/98]
- **13,090,000 Americans in California Cannot Be Assured They Have Patient Protections.** Even if California enacted all the protections in the Patients' Bill of Rights, 13,090,000 people in California cannot be assured they have the comprehensive patient protections recommended by the President's Advisory Commission. This is because the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) may preempt state-enacted protections. That is why the President has called on Congress to pass a federally enforceable patients' bill of rights so that everyone enrolled in managed care may have a basic set of protections. Notably, 6,230,000 California women are in ERISA health plans and are therefore not necessarily protected. Women are particularly vulnerable without these protections because they are greater users of health care services, they make three-quarters of the health care decisions for their families, and they have specific health care needs addressed by a patients' bill of rights.

PROTECTING THE ENVIRONMENT

- **14 Toxic Waste Sites Cleaned Up:** Since 1993, the EPA has completed 15 Superfund toxic waste cleanups in California. The sites were in the communities of Sunnyvale (3), Santa Clara (2), Porterville, Coalinga, Palo Alto, Richmond, Oroville, Cloverdale, Fillmore, Fullerton, Riverbank, and Scotts Valley [through 1/98]. Only 14 sites were cleaned up in the previous 12 years combined.
- **Revitalizing Brownfields in California:** As part of the Clinton-Gore Administration's efforts to clean up Brownfields, the EPA has awarded grants to counties and communities in California --East Palo Alto, Emeryville, Oakland, Pomona, Richmond, Sacramento, San Diego, San Francisco, Colton, Long Beach, Montebello, West Hollywood, Los Angeles, Stockton, Hoopa Valley Tribe, Santa Barbara County and Alameda County --for

environmental clean-up and economic revitalization. In addition, the State of California Trade and Commerce Agency, which will target six sites for redevelopment, will benefit from a Brownfields grant. These projects are intended to jump-start local clean-up efforts by providing funds to return unproductive, abandoned, contaminated urban properties to productive use.

SPEARHEADING URBAN RENEWAL EFFORTS

- ***\$128 Million to Los Angeles:*** Los Angeles/ Huntington Park was designated an enterprise community in December, 1994 and was awarded \$3 million to create more jobs, housing, and economic opportunity for city residents. Later, it was designated a Supplemental Empowerment Zone and was awarded \$125 million for similar job creation efforts.
- ***\$28 Million to Oakland:*** Oakland was designated an Enterprise Community in December 1994, and was awarded \$3 million to create economic opportunity for area residents. Later, it was designated an enhanced enterprise community and was awarded an additional \$25 million.
- ***\$12 Million to Other Communities Across California:*** Additionally, Imperial County, San Diego, San Francisco, and Watsonville were all designated Enterprise Communities and were each awarded \$3 million for job creation efforts.
- ***Expanding the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Will Help Develop 12,700 To 15,200 New Affordable Housing Units in California Over the Next 5 years:*** In January, the Vice-President announced the Clinton-Gore Administration's proposed 40-percent expansion of the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit. If enacted, it will mean an additional 12,700 -15,200 quality rental housing units for low-income American families in California during the next five years.

EXPANDING FUNDS FOR TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT

- ***Nearly \$9.5 Billion in Federal Highway Aid:*** Since 1993, California has received \$9.46 billion in federal highway aid. These funds have helped generate nearly 400,000 jobs. [through FY97]
- ***Over \$800 Million in Aviation Funds:*** From FY93-FY97 California received \$825,560,000 in AIP funds to help build and renovate airports, and, when necessary, to provide funds for noise abatement to improve the quality of life for residents who live near airports.
- ***Over \$1 Billion in Transit Funds:*** California has received a total of \$1.1 billion in FTA funds since 1993.
- ***\$15 Million for Soundproofing:*** In April 1997, the city of Los Angeles announced the establishment of the LAX Airport Residential Soundproofing Bureau (ARSB) to expedite noise abatement actions that will ultimately soundproof about 9,000 homes. The ARSB has allocated \$15 million for Phase I of this project involving approximately 1,500 homes.
- ***\$2.3 Million to Improve Transit for Low-Income Communities:*** In July 1994, \$2.3 million was awarded to the Los Angeles County Municipal Transit Authority (LACMTA) for the Los Angeles Neighborhood Initiative (LANI) which is a two-year transit-based demonstration program covering eight transit dependent, low-income LA communities.
- ***\$750 to Improve Transit to the Airport:*** On June 30, 1997, FTA committed \$750 million in New Starts funds over an eight year period to provide mass transit to San Francisco Airport (SFO).

L

**ASSEMBLY VICTORY '98 BRUNCH
WITH PRESIDENT BILL CLINTON**

DATE: Sunday, October 25, 1998

LOCATION: The Mark Hopkins Intercontinental Hotel
3999 California Street
San Francisco, California 94108

TIME: 12:40 p.m. - 1:40 p.m.

FROM: Craig Smith and Janet Murguia

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this brunch is to raise funds for Assembly Victory '98.

II. BACKGROUND

This brunch is a small reception for Assembly Victory '98. The event is a small brunch with an informal discussion with approximately 12 guests.

III. PARTICIPANTS

YOU and California State Assembly Speaker Antonio Villaraigosa (villa-ray-go-sa).

IV. PRESS PLAN

This brunch is **CLOSED** to the press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- **YOU** arrive and are greeted by Speaker Antonio Villaraigosa.
- **YOU** and Speaker Villaraigosa enter the room and take your seats at the table.
- Candid photos are taken during breakfast.
- **YOU** depart upon conclusion of breakfast.

VI. REMARKS

Informal discussion only.

M

98 OCT 25 11:31

"CALIFORNIA VICTORY '98"
A LUNCH HONORING SENATOR BARBARA BOXER
WITH PRESIDENT BILL CLINTON

DATE: Sunday, October 25, 1998

LOCATION: The Mark Hopkins Intercontinental Hotel
3999 California Street
San Francisco, California 94108

TIME: 2:00 p.m. - 3:30 p.m.

FROM: Craig Smith and Janet Murguia

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this lunch is to raise funds for Senator Barbara Boxer's reelection campaign.

II. BACKGROUND

This lunch is a two tiered event, beginning with a photo line (50 photos) and followed by a lunch for approximately 300 guests.

III. PARTICIPANTS

YOU, Senator Barbara Boxer, and Congresswoman Nancy Pelosi.

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open to pool press for remarks only.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- **YOU** arrive and are greeted by Senator Barbara and Stewart Boxer.
- **YOU** proceed to the photo receiving line (50 photos). Guests proceed to the seated lunch.
- **YOU** and Senator Barbara Boxer proceed to the head tables to be seated.
- Congresswoman Nancy Pelosi delivers brief remarks and introduces Senator Barbara Boxer.
- Senator Barbara Boxer delivers remarks and introduces **YOU**.
- **YOU** deliver remarks.
- **YOU** work a ropeline and depart.

VI. REMARKS

Your remarks will be provided by speechwriting.

N

Boxer Lunch 10/25

98 OCT 23 PM 7:29

Acknowledge: Reps. Pelosi, Lee, Woolsey, Eshoo; State Rep. Antonio Villiariagosa [Villa-ray-go-sa] (Spkr. CA Assembly); State Sen. John Burton (Pres. Pro-tem State Sen.); Mayor Willie Brown; Art Torres (CA Dem. Party Chair); Walter Shorenstein (CA AFL-CIO); Hosts: Susie and Mark Buell [Bue-elle] and Dick and Stephanie Fredericks

I'm happy to be here to support Sen. Barbara Boxer for Senate -- to keep fighting for CA

- Sen. Boxer is a fighter and a leader
- Boxer has been fighting alongside the admin. since '93 for econ recovery, educ, enviro. -- and ensuring that our budget reflects the priorities of CA citizens. With her help, our program has worked.

Boxer is committed to:

- Education:

1. Led fight for after-school prgrms (budget = \$200M)
2. Supports schl construction/tech.
3. 100K tchrs -- smaller classes

- Crime Prevention

1. Leading supporter of Crime

Bill (COPS program)

- **Healthcare:** introduced PBOR legislation, worked on HMO reform
- **Committed to Saving Soc Sec #1**
- **Preserving Environment**
 1. CA beaches, parks

• **Election in 10 Days**

• **5 ½ yrs ago: New Dir, old values:**
opp/resp/cbmm. Ec, Env, Edu, Welf, Cr, For.

• **Results:** BB-Oct.1; 25-Cr; 28-unempl; 29-Welf; 29-BB; 32-Infl; record home ownership. College opp: Hope \$1,500, Pell, work-study. Child health: 5M, highest immunization. Env: fewer toxic dumps; Service: 100K, Amcorp; AmReads. FMLA: helped millions past 5 yrs

• **Mid East Peace/ Summit at Wye River**

• **Democrats Win on the Budget:**

What we achieved:

1. Saved surplus for SS
2. 100K tchrs./ class size = 18
3. IMF
4. Enviro - clean water initiative
5. Relief for farmers/ ranchers

What we must do:

1. Save SS#1 - electing the congress that will decide how
 2. Schools construction, 5K schools
 3. PBOR
 4. Min Wage
 5. Tobacco
- **8 days of progress not enough to make up for 8 months of partisanship**