

Fraydun Manocherian
3 New York Plaza
New York, NY 10004

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99 NOV 18 PM 6:31

November 2, 1999

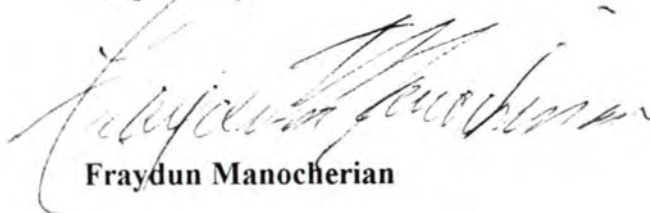
President William Jefferson Clinton
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500-2000

Dear Mr. President:

Even though it may be an uphill battle since it is not in the best interest of legislatures in office to consider this proposal, I believe it would make a vast positive difference to this nation if it were to be implemented.

I sincerely hope you agree.

Respectfully,


Fraydun Manocherian

11-18-99

To Burkhardt for
reply?

Yes ☒ No ☐

B.

P.S. This message appeared once in the City Section of THE NEW YORK TIMES.
Within three days of its appearance, there were close to 1,000 positive responses.

To citizens,
to legislatures,
and to
The President of the United States

U.S. elections should be the province of every American citizen. Presently, however, major corporations, wealthy individuals and even foreign countries in effect the course of elections in this country. Their power through expensive lobbyists take the privilege of being an equal voice in choosing leaders away from the citizens.

At this time there is a voluntary \$1 contribution by taxpayers towards federal elections. Serious consideration should be given to change that to a mandatory contribution per citizen. Such a change would obviate the necessity of fund-raising by politicians in federal elections. In addition, the use of personal funds, contributions from any source, or borrowing should be made illegal.

With this system, elections would be based on merit rather than the ability to spend or raise more money to win. Every citizen in America would have an equal say in who runs this great country and take more pride in their equal participation in choosing our leaders.

Politicians, in general, hate the idea of fund-raising. Aside from suffering from voice loss, painful hand shaking and kissing babies that they do not necessarily like, they spend valuable time soliciting funds instead of addressing solutions to the problems of our country. Additionally, every time a politician visits a city to raise money, it disrupts many businesses and costs the city more than the collected contributions; this, for some affluent people to eat meals at \$1,000 a plate with the possibility of a picture shaking hands with the politician for an additional \$10,000.

The mandatory \$5 per citizen would raise about \$5 billion every four years and increase with cumulative interest. Allotments would be made for selected individuals running for Congress, the Senate and the Presidency.

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11212

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11212



GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY LAW CENTER

Step 8
Dec

11-18-99

To Burkhardt for reply?
Yes ☒ *No* ☐
b.

99 NOV 18 PM 6:31

Criminal Justice Clinic
Prettyman/Stiller Fellowship Program

Dean
Judith Areen
Director
John M. Copacino
Associate Director
Abbe Smith
Investigation Supervisor
Keri A. Salzillo
Executive Assistant
Teruko R. Scriven

Supervising Attorneys
Jenny E. Carroll
Alison R. Flaum
Robert E. Lominack
James H. Smith
Michael C. Starr

Attorneys
Michelle M. Ahnn
Ty Alper
John D. King
Gabriel I. Martin
Corinne J. Sumpter

November 15, 1999

The President
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

re: Patsy Kelly Jarrett, an innocent woman serving a life sentence in prison

Dear President Clinton:

Patsy Kelly Jarrett is a woman from High Point, North Carolina, who has spent more than 21 years in prison for a crime she did not commit. She has asked me to send you a copy of her clemency petition, which was submitted to New York Governor George Pataki in 1997, and denied in 1998. We are in the process of completing an updated petition.

Ms. Jarrett understands that you lack the authority to intervene in matters before a state governor, but she believes you might be interested in her case. She is a southerner like you. She is deeply religious like you. She believes you might understand what it means to be falsely accused.

As you will see from the petition, Ms. Jarrett was tried and convicted of participating in a brutal murder and robbery of a gas station attendant in 1973 in upstate New York. She was convicted based on the testimony of a single eye-witness, whose testimony should have been rejected by the jury. This witness had no opportunity or motivation to observe the person he claimed was Ms. Jarrett and immediately after the incident he was unable to say what the person's gender was or describe any facial features.

There are many reasons to believe that Ms. Jarrett is innocent aside from the weakness of the government's case. After serving 10 years in Bedford Hills Prison, Ms. Jarrett was offered a chance to plead guilty in exchange for a time-served sentence. She turned down the plea offer, saying she could not plead guilty to a crime she did not commit. A few years ago, she was given a polygraph exam by a nationally known and respected polygraph examiner who trains police officers and was involved in the government investigation into President Kennedy's assassination.

Ms. Jarrett knows that you may never read this letter or the petition which accompanies it. She prays that whoever reads this letter and the clemency petition will be moved to do *something* on her behalf. Ms. Jarrett has exhausted her judicial remedies and has only clemency left. She knows this is a long-shot, a deeply political process, and she may never be released from prison. She has no constituency: She is not a battered woman, not a former anti-war activist, not a drug-user convicted under unduly harsh drug laws, not a member of a racial or ethnic minority. She is just innocent.

The most painful part of Ms. Jarrett's continuing nightmare is that she has always believed in our system of justice. She has always believed that the truth would prevail and she would be vindicated.

I send this petition to you respectfully and in the hope it will end up in a caring person's hands.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Abbe Smith', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Abbe Smith
Counsel for Patsy Kelly Jarrett

cc: Patsy Kelly Jarrett

APPLICATION FOR COMMUTATION OF SENTENCE
OF PATSY KELLY JARRETT

Abbe Smith
Georgetown University Law Center
Criminal Justice Clinic
111 F Street N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20001
202-662-9579

*Staff Sec
ofc*

MICHAEL MAREK
U. S. Alternate Executive Director

November 15, 1999

President William Jefferson Clinton
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President,

99 NOV 16 PM 5:16

It has been my great honor to serve the Clinton Administration as U.S. Alternate Executive Director to the World Bank Group since August of 1994. I want to inform you that I am resigning my position as of December 3, 1999, to become the Director of the Washington Office of the United Nations Development Programme.

I appreciate the opportunity to have represented the Administration for the past five and a half years at the World Bank. Working with the U.S. Executive Director, Jan Piercy, and an outstanding team from the U.S. Treasury, State and AID, I believe that we have helped further U.S. international economic, foreign policy, and humanitarian interests at one of the most important international institutions. The U.S. goals have ranged from the overall promotion of economic growth, poverty reduction, and a sustainable environment, to making good governance, fighting corruption, transparency, and participation, including support for core labor standards, major priorities on the global development agenda.

Many challenges on all of these issues still exist, of course. However, I believe tremendous progress has been made, in large part because of the Administration's efforts, carried out under the leadership of Ms. Piercy, working with her team. I am proud to have played a role in these endeavors and will carry to my new position an ongoing commitment to these issues, to help the poorest people in the developing world and transition countries, and to further the long-term well being of the American people.

Thank you very much for this opportunity to serve in this capacity.

Sincerely,

Michael Marek

Michael Marek

cc: Bob Nash, Assistant to the
President and Director,
Office of Presidential Personnel

11-18-99

Send to Beukhardt?

Yes ☒

No ☐

MAREK MC 13-525
X8045

The World Bank
International Finance Corporation
Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency
Washington, D.C. 20433 U.S.A.

X-RAYED

NANCY HERNREICH
SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO
THE PRESIDENT AND
DIRECTOR OF OVAL OFFICE
AFFAIRS

THE WHITE HOUSE
1600 PENNSYLVANIA AVE, NW

452-6610

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Date 11/18

To: Dan B.

From: The Staff Secretary

Chris Jennings wants to be as helpful as possible to these groups/senators. Any thoughts on an appropriate response?

-Justin

THE AMERICAN GERIATRICS SOCIETY

770 LEXINGTON AVENUE, SUITE 300, NEW YORK, NY 10021 TELEPHONE: (212) 308-1414 FAX: (212) 832-8646

DECADE OF HEALTH IN AGING

LINDA HIDDEMAN BARONDESS
Executive Vice President

The following undersigned organizations support the swift issuance of a presidential proclamation establishing the years 2000 through 2010 as the Decade on Health in Aging.

THE CHALLENGE: THE AGING OF THE U.S. POPULATION

- More than 34 million Americans (12% of the U.S. population) are aged 65 and older. Within the United States, the size of the population over age 65 has soared during this century, increasing from 3 million in 1900 to 34.3 million today. Since 1940, the population of people over 65 has tripled and is projected to more than double again by 2050.
- At the same time, fertility rates in the United States have dropped from 3.6 children per woman in 1960 to 2.0 today, and is expected to level off at 1.9 in 2020. This means simply that there will be fewer people under 65 to support the increasing health and living expenses of those over 65.
- This trend will dramatically increase health care delivery costs. By the year 2050, nearly one in four Americans will be eligible for Medicare, and the over 85 population will grow from 4 million today to 19 million in 2050. To accommodate that growth, the percentage of the gross domestic product consumed by Medicare costs must triple.
- The challenges of this demographic imperative are dramatic and we must ensure that we are fully prepared to meet them. The goal is to provide quality, cost-effective health care to this growing and changing population and to provide adequately for their retirement needs.
- Americans are not dying from the same diseases they did in previous generations. Chronic conditions are now the major cause of illness, disability and death in this country, accounting for 75 percent of all deaths today. People are now living longer with disabling chronic conditions, primarily due to medical advances, surgical interventions and pharmaceuticals. On average, by age 75, older adults have between 2 to 3 chronic medical conditions.
- Typically, disability among older Americans results from specific age-related diseases and conditions including dementia, stroke, heart and lung disease, and muscular/skeletal disorders such as arthritis and osteoporosis.

as caregiving responsibilities often fall to families and friends.

- Current and new health professionals must be educated regarding the special needs of this population. Older persons have health care needs that differentiate them from younger populations, such as a higher level of adverse drug reactions and urinary incontinence. Thus, special training is needed to treat the frail, elderly population.
- The aging of the U.S. population demands continued and expanded research efforts into chronic diseases that affect the frail elderly and their families. Developments such as the agreement by Congress to increase National Institutes on Health research funding by 15 percent in 1999 must be continued.
- Health care financing, delivery and administrative structures need to be reformed to accommodate the predominance of chronic illness among the aging population. Plans and providers need flexibility to reduce the prevalence of chronic disease and the rate of disability progression, to ensure continuity of care, and to minimize expenditure progression, to ensure continuity of care, and to minimize expenditure growth across the continuum of services while maintaining quality.
- We must develop solutions to the long-term care needs of the growing aging population that address the emotional and financial needs of older adults and their families and the financial impact of long-term care on the country.

THE RESPONSE:

- In order to accomplish the multi-faceted goals described above, we propose the issuance of a presidential proclamation issuing 2000-2010 as the Decade on Health in Aging. We believe the proclamation will help bring attention, resources, and research to the important issues involved in treating the nation's growing elderly population.
- The undersigned organizations urge President Clinton to declare the years 2000-2010 the Decade on Health in Aging.

Alliance for Aging Research
Alzheimer's Association
American Association of Homes and Services for the Aging
American Federation of State County Municipal Employees -- Retiree Program
American Geriatrics Society
American Society on Aging
Association for Gerontology & Human Development in
Historically Black Colleges and Universities
National Academy Elder Law Attorneys
National Association of Area Agencies on Aging

Association for Gerontology & Human Development in
Historically Black Colleges and Universities
National Academy Elder Law Attorneys
National Association of Area Agencies on Aging
National Chronic Care Consortium
National Committee to Preserve Social Security & Medicare
National Council on the Aging
National Osteoporosis Foundation
The Gerontological Society of America

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, DC 20510

September 24, 1999

President William J. Clinton
Office of Presidential Messages
Old Executive Office Building, Room 91
17th and Pennsylvania Ave, NW
Washington, DC 20503

Dear Mr. President:

We request that you act on an important aging matter. Specifically, we ask that you issue a proclamation designating the years 2000 - 2010 as the *Decade of Health in Aging*. We believe that such an action is critical to promote the health and social needs of the baby boomer population and prepare our nation for increasing longevity.

As you know, more than 34 million Americans (12% of the U.S. population) are currently ages 65 and older. Within the United States, the size of the population over age 65 has soared during this century, increasing from 3 million in 1900 to 34.3 million today. Since 1940, the population of people over 65 has tripled and is projected to more than double again by 2050.

This trend will dramatically increase health care delivery costs. By the year 2050, nearly one in four Americans will be eligible for Medicare, and the over 85 population will grow from 4 million today to 19 million in 2050. To accommodate that growth, the percentage of the gross domestic product consumed by Medicare costs must triple. In addition, the demands on our health infrastructure will increase exponentially.

The challenges of this demographic imperative are dramatic, and we must ensure that we are fully prepared to meet them. The goals are to promote active, healthy lifestyles among older Americans; to provide quality, cost-effective health care to this growing and changing population; and to provide adequately for their retirement needs.

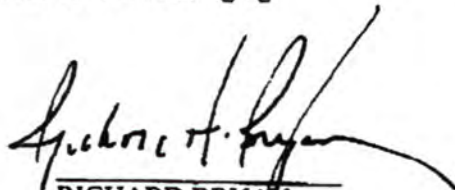
In order to accomplish the goals described above, we propose the issuance of a presidential proclamation issuing 2000 - 2010 as the *Decade of Health in Aging*. We believe the proclamation will help bring positive attention, resources, and research to the important issues involved in serving the nation's growing elderly population.

Attached is a document that further explains the need for proclaiming the next ten years as the *Decade on Health in Aging* and which describes the 14 organizations that support such an endeavor. We greatly appreciate your assistance with this important initiative, and look forward to working with you in promoting healthy aging for the new millennium.

Sincerely,


JOHN BREAUX
U.S. Senator


CHARLES E. GRASSLEY
U.S. Senator



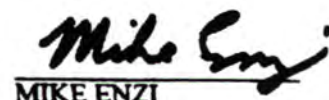
RICHARD BRYAN
U.S. Senator



CONRAD BURNS
U.S. Senator



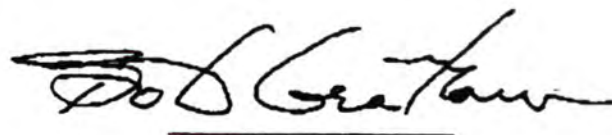
SUSAN COLLINS
U.S. Senator



MIKE ENZI
U.S. Senator



RUSSELL FEINGOLD
U.S. Senator



BOB GRAHAM
U.S. Senator



HERB KOHL
U.S. Senator



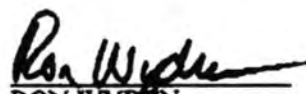
BLANCHE LINCOLN
U.S. Senator



JACK REED
U.S. Senator



HARRY REID
U.S. Senator



RON WYDEN
U.S. Senator