

Thursday, April 30, 1998

2:00 PM	Press Conference	Distributed Separately
3:10 PM	Interview	Distributed Separately
4:00 PM	Photo Opportunity with Asian-American Staff	Tab A
4:10 PM	Meeting with Congressional Asian Pacific Caucus	Tab B
	- Talking Points	Tab C

Thursday, April 30, 1998

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1998**

Final Schedule

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4033

EVENT COORDINATOR:

LAURA SCHWARTZ

HOME: 202-331-4339

OFFICE: 202-456-5655

WHCA PAGER: 4293

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Mostly cloudy with afternoon rain showers.

Winds south at 5 to 15 knots. Low 50 to 55.

High 68 to 73.

April 29, 1998 (7:32pm)

Thursday, April 30, 1998

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1998**

Final Schedule

DOWN UNTIL 10:00AM

10:00 am-	BRIEFING
1:00 pm	OVAl OFFICE Staff Contact: Mike McCurry
1:00 pm-	DOWN
1:50 pm	
2:00 pm-	PRESS CONFERENCE
3:00 pm	EAST ROOM Staff Contact: Mike McCurry Event Coordinator: Laura Schwartz OPEN PRESS
3:10 pm-	INTERVIEW
3:40 pm	ROOSEVELT ROOM Staff Contact: Mike McCurry
3:45 pm-	BRIEFING
4:00 pm	OVAl OFFICE Staff Contact: Larry Stein
4:00 pm-	PHOTO OPPORTUNITY WITH ASIAN-AMERICAN STAFF
4:05 pm	OVAl OFFICE Staff Contact: Doris Matsui WHITE HOUSE PHOTO ONLY

Note: Approximately 15 White House staff members will attend.

April 29, 1998 (7:32pm)

Thursday, April 30, 1998

4:10 pm-
5:10 pm

**MEETING WITH CONGRESSIONAL ASIAN PACIFIC
CAUCUS**

CABINET ROOM

Staff Contact: Larry Stein

WHITE HOUSE PHOTO ONLY

EVENING OFF

BC/HRC RON

**THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.**

April 29, 1998 (7:32pm)

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 29, 1998

Photo-Op with Asian American White House Appointees

DATE: April 30, 1998
TIME: 4:00 p.m.
LOCATION: The Oval Office
FROM: Doris O. Matsui

I. PURPOSE

To sign the Asian Pacific American Heritage Month Proclamation and to participate in a photo-op with Asian American appointees in the White House.

II. BACKGROUND

Annually, you issue a proclamation declaring May Asian Pacific Heritage Month. Signing this proclamation with Asian American Appointees serving with you in the White House is a way to demonstrate your record on diversity and your commitment to Asian Americans. The photograph and proclamation will be highlighted on the **first-ever** White House Asian and Pacific American Heritage Month website and will be released to the specialty press.

III. PARTICIPANTS

List of participants attached

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House photograph only

V. SEQUENCE

- o You greet participants as they enter the Oval Office.
- o Participants will assemble behind your desk.
- o You sit down at your desk and sign the proclamation.
- o A group photo is taken.
- o Participants depart.

VI. REMARKS

None required

PARTICIPANTS

June Shih
Leanne Shimabukuro
Macolm Lee
Lin Liu
Carolyn Wu
Barbara Chow
Virginia Rustique
Neera Tanden
Phu Huynh
Daniel Chang
Greg Chang
Simeona Pasquil
David Chai
Nanda Chitre
Sheelah Feinberg
Jacinta Ma
Mona Mohib
Diane Ikemiyashiro
Ha Yan Lee

'98 APR 29 PM10:52

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 29, 1998

MEETING WITH THE CONGRESSIONAL ASIAN PACIFIC CAUCUS

DATE: Thursday, April 30, 1998
LOCATION: Cabinet Room
TIME: 4:10 pm - 5:10 pm
FROM: Larry Stein
Janet Murguia

I. PURPOSE

To meet with the Executive Committee of the Congressional Asian Pacific Caucus regarding issues of concern.

II. BACKGROUND

The Congressional Asian Pacific Caucus was formed on May 16, 1994, to establish an organized effort within the Congress to advocate for the needs of Asian Pacific Americans. The activities of the Caucus are coordinated by an Executive Committee. Since October of 1996 when Congressman Norman Mineta of California resigned from Congress, Congresswoman Patsy Mink of Hawaii has chaired the Caucus. In the 105th Congress, the Caucus has taken the lead in advocating for fair and equitable treatment of legal immigrants; opposing efforts to repeal affirmative action; and also opposing English Only initiatives.

This will be your first official meeting with the Congressional Asian Pacific Caucus and they have a specific agenda of items that they would like to discuss with you. Their agenda for your meeting includes: Asian Pacific Islander appointments; Progress on redress for Japanese Latin American internees; Filipino veterans' issues; Insular affairs and the Pacific region policy development; and Asian Pacific American concerns related to the tobacco settlement.

The following information provided by the Offices of Presidential Personnel, Public Liaison, National Security Council, Intergovernmental Affairs, and the Domestic Policy Council will provide some background on each of these agenda items with the relevant talking points attached:

Appointments

We are proud of our record of appointing more minorities than any former Administration. Asian Pacific American appointees represent **3.2%** of the Administration. (Approximately equivalent to the Civilian Work Force (3.4%) for APA's.) Our numbers are *more than triple the 1%* of the Bush Administration. There are currently **30** Asian Pacific Americans selected for or appointed to Senate confirmed positions.

Since the 1996 election we have continued to **hire** Asian Pacific Americans to all levels of the Administration.

Donna Tanoue, Chair *designate*, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Nancy-Ann Min Deparle, Administrator, Health Care Financing Administration, Department of Health & Human Services

Bill Lann Lee, Acting Assistant Attorney General for Civil Rights, Department of Justice

We hope soon to nominate Norman Mineta as Member, Metro Washington Airports Authority. Since the 1996 election, **4%** of all Schedule Cs appointed have been Asian Pacific Americans.

Japanese Latin American Internees

A group of Japanese Latin Americans who were forcibly brought to the United States during World War II and then interned with Japanese Americans has sued the United States government to provide the same redress made available to Japanese American internees by the Civil Liberties Act of 1988. (You have previously responded to several Congressional letters urging that we settle this case.) The Department of Justice (DOJ) does not believe that it can provide redress to these individuals under the Civil Liberties Act because the Act limits eligibility to persons who were U.S. citizens or permanent. However, because of the strong equities in favor of this group, the DOJ is actively seeking to settle the case. DOJ has made a settlement offer to the plaintiffs and expects that the offer will be favorably received.

Filipino American Veterans' Issues

--World War II Benefits

President Ramos proposed that the United States provide each of the 70,000 surviving Philippine World War II veterans a lump-sum pension payment of \$20,000. This proposal would disadvantage non-career U.S. veterans who do not receive pensions; their benefits are based on service-related disabilities and need. The fiscal 1999 budget requests funding to equalize disability compensation to disabled Filipino veterans, living in the United States. The increased benefits will provide financial relief to Philippine veterans who because of disabilities, advanced age, and the high cost of living are facing real hardship here. We also have requested funding to keep open the Veterans Affairs Office and Outpatient Center in Manila. It is the only such facility the Department of Veterans Affairs maintains overseas.

1

--Bells of Balangiga

President Ramos requested your assistance in returning at least one of two bells taken by U.S. troops from the Philippine town of Balangiga to Wyoming in 1901. He raised the issue during your luncheon meeting in April. Return of the bells could be a factor in securing Philippine Senate support for Visiting Forces Agreement later this year, and for Ramos' party in the May elections. The Filipinos have proposed a "shared solution" in which the United States and the Philippines would each keep one original bell and one replica. There are no statutory impediments to your implementing the shared solution, although it would require funding from the Philippines or the private sector, since Defense is precluded from incurring any expenses.

However, this is an especially emotional issue for veteran groups in Wyoming, who do not support any initiative that would remove any of the Bells from a memorial site. Senator Thomas (R-WY) recently introduced legislation that effectively blocks any return of the Bells without Congressional approval. Thomas has supported our China initiatives and has suggested that forcing a solution on the bells would upset our good relationship with him. We have raised with Thomas the possibility of loaning the Filipinos the bells during this centennial year of their declaration of independence from Spain, but he opposes this option because it would amount to dismantling the memorial, even if only temporarily.

Insular Affairs and the Pacific Region Policy Development

--Guam Visit and Centennial

Delegate Robert Underwood of Guam will probably ask you to (1) visit the island during the China trip and (2) issue a statement June 21st on the Centennial of the taking of the territory during the Spanish-American War if you will not stop there. Guamanians have asked you to visit the territory during every visit to the region and especially want presidential recognition in connection with the Centennial. These citizens view the anniversary as particularly significant because they still lack votes in their national government. You have indicated an interest in stopping in Guam but a visit appears more likely to be scheduled during the India trip later this year. A Centennial message is already being planned.

--White House Attention to Territories

Delegate Eni Faleomavaega (Eni) of Samoa plans to ask that the Office of Intergovernmental Affairs be assigned responsibility for the smaller territorial jurisdictions similar to its responsibility regarding Puerto Rico. President Kennedy transferred responsibility for policy regarding Puerto Rico from the Interior Department to the Office of the President. The action is regarded in the islands as a step in its political development and as justified because of its lack of votes in the Federal Government. The responsibility was assigned in this Administration to Intergovernmental Affairs and, under it, an Interagency Group that coordinates Puerto Rico questions and ensures attention to them.

The Interior Department is responsible for relations with the other territorial areas --

Guam, the Virgin Islands, and the Northern Marianas as well as Samoa -- other than in matters within other agencies' jurisdiction, but these are most issues that arise. Insular officials have asked for White House responsibility but Interior has not wanted to give up its role. (Staff there and here are, however, considering proposing an interagency group to ensure attention by other agencies.)

Tobacco Settlement

--Health Care/Tobacco Concerns of Asian Americans

Asian American Members of Congress were pleased that you highlighted Asian-American-specific data when you received the Surgeon General's report on minority tobacco use. That report noted that there has been a 17 percent increase in smoking among Asian American high school students; it also chronicled how tobacco companies have promoted their products by sponsoring numerous ethnic activities and events, such as Chinese New Year festivities and events related to Asian/Pacific Heritage month.

Immediately after release of the report, however, some members of the minority caucuses wrote Dr. Satcher to raise concerns about the lack of data on residents of the insular areas, particularly the Pacific Islands. They urged the Surgeon General to ensure that future health reports incorporate this data, so as to inform health care providers and other experts about the extent of tobacco-related problems for this population. Some members of the Caucus are searching for specific funding set-asides for minorities in the tobacco legislation. Such proposals are unlikely to be enacted, and may not be advisable. We are working with numerous organizations to develop the best alternatives to ensuring that the needs of special populations are adequately addressed in any tobacco legislation.

--International Aspects of the Tobacco Legislation -- Impact of Advertising on Asian Markets

Tobacco is expected to kill about 500 million people alive in the world today, including more than 200 million of today's children and teenagers. This will exceed deaths from HIV, malaria, and tuberculosis combined. By 2030, based on current smoking rates, tobacco will kill about 10 million people annually, with more than percent of those deaths occurring in developing nations. Asia is the largest market for cigarettes, and China alone accounts for one-third of all cigarettes smoked. (In China, there are 300 million smokers.) Some Asian countries such as Vietnam have male smoking rates of over 70 percent. Per capita consumption is growing in developing countries, in part because of more aggressive marketing practices. US companies and their subsidiaries and affiliates supply approximately one-fifth of the world's supply of cigarettes. In 1996, more than 70 percent of cigarettes sold by Philip Morris and 57 percent of those sold by RJR Nabisco were sold overseas. We believe that the public health spending in the McCain bill should include significant funding (about \$200 million per year) for international tobacco control efforts. These funds should be spent on both governmental and non-governmental efforts to promote public

health and smoking prevention efforts abroad. The McCain bill has several additional international provisions that we are working to change. Specifically, the bill contains a provision that the State Department and HHS consider problematic and unenforceable, which would unilaterally require US companies to abide by the new labeling and advertising requirements when doing business in other countries.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Pre-Brief

President

Erskine Bowles

John Podesta

Sylvia Mathews

Larry Stein

Janet Murguia

Doris Matsui

Elena Kagan

Rob Weiner

Mara Rudman

Jeff Farrow

Meeting

President

Erskine Bowles

John Podesta

Sylvia Matthews

Larry Stein

Janet Murguia

Doris Matsui

Elena Kagen

Rob Weiner

Mara Rudman

Jeff Farrow

Members of Congress

Sen. Daniel Akaka, Secretary

Rep. Patsy T. Mink, Chair

Rep. Robert Underwood, Vice-Chair

Rep. Neil Abercrombie

Rep. Eni Faleomavaega

Rep. Robert Matsui

Rep. Nancy Pelosi

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House Photo only.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

As usual.

VI. REMARKS

None.

VII. ATTACHMENTS

Talking Points

- I. Appointments
- II. Japanese Latin American Internees
- III. Filipino Veterans
- IV. Insular Affairs and the Pacific Region
- V. Tobacco

I. APPOINTMENTS

- This Administration has a record of success for both the *quality of appointees*--and the work they produce--and our *record of diversity*. This Administration *Looks Like America* and we are better for it.
- We are proud of our record of appointing more minorities than any former administration. Asian Pacific American appointees represent **3.2%** of the Administration. (Approximately equivalent to the Civilian Work Force (3.4%) for APAs.) Our numbers are *more than triple the 1%* of the Bush Administration.
- There are currently **30** Asian Pacific Americans selected for or appointed to Senate confirmed positions. Since the 1996 election we have continued to **hire** Asian Pacific Americans to all levels of the Administration.
 - Donna Tanoue, Chair *designate*, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
 - Nancy-Ann Min Deparle, Administrator, Health Care Financing Administration, Department of Health & Human Services
 - Bill Lann Lee, Acting Assistant Attorney General for Civil Rights, Department of JusticeWe hope soon to nominate Norman Mineta as a Member of the Metro Washington Airports Authority.
- Since the 1996 election, **4%** of all Schedule Cs appointed have been Asian Pacific Americans.

II. JAPANESE LATIN AMERICAN INTERNEES

- The treatment of Japanese Latin Americans is a very sad chapter in our history, and I believe that their moral claim to redress stands on the same footing as the claim of Japanese-Americans who were interned during World War II.
- I am very sympathetic to the circumstances of Japanese Latin Americans who were forcibly brought to the US and interned with Japanese Americans during World War II. Because of the strong equities in favor of this group the Justice Department is actively seeking to negotiate a settlement of the lawsuit brought by this group.
- The Department of Justice has recently made a settlement offer to the plaintiffs and expects that a settlement may be reached in the very near future.
- If necessary, I will work with you on a legislative solution that addresses the gap between Japanese Latin Americans and other internees. You should recognize, however, that it will not be easy to achieve such a solution and it will take a great deal of effort.

III. FILIPINO VETERANS

World War II Veterans Benefits

- It is important to understand and educate this country of the great heroism the people of the Philippines during WWII. That is why I had signed a proclamation honoring the Filipino Veterans' service.
- I appreciate the valuable contribution made by Filipino veterans in World War II. However, not all US veterans receive full benefits. Nonetheless, I believe that this situation is special.
- That is why my Fiscal 1999 budget proposal, if approved by Congress, will equalize benefits for disabled Filipino veterans living in the United States and will provide immediate assistance for veterans experiencing hardship.
- My proposed budget will also keep open the Veterans Affairs Office and Outpatient Center in Manila for an additional five years. This is the only such facility the Department of Veterans Affairs maintains overseas.

(If pressed on \$20,000 lump sum proposal)

- Non-career US World War II veterans do not receive pensions, benefits are determined by disability and need. A lump sum would disadvantage US veterans. There is little chance of Congress passing such legislation.

Bells of Balangiga

- I am hopeful that we can find a solution that is in everyone's best interest. However, we are meeting considerable resistance from the Wyoming Congressional Delegation and veterans' groups.
- Legislation recently introduced in Congress complicates our efforts but I will continue working to resolve this issue.

IV. INSULAR AFFAIRS AND THE PACIFIC REGION

Guam Visit and the Centennial

- I appreciate that both you and Gov. Guitierrez have invited me to visit Guam. We are working on doing so this year.
- It is important that Guamanians know that they are appreciated by their national government and fellow citizens even though they lack votes, are few in numbers, and are far away.
- I also appreciate the symbolic importance of the Centennial and I will send a message if I cannot visit for a while.

White House Attention to Territories

- I take my responsibilities regarding the Americans of the territories just as seriously as I take my responsibilities to the citizens of the States, and I want my Administration to do the same. This is just as true in the case of the smaller insular areas as it is in the case of Puerto Rico.
- I take your request as a compliment to what we have done to make the Executive Branch work better in the case of Puerto Rico.
- In the case of your area (American Samoa), as well as Guam and the Virgin Islands, the Interior Department has statutory responsibilities that must be considered.
- But I recognize the gaps and the need for interagency coordination and attention here. We will seriously consider how to best ensure adequate representation.

V. TOBACCO

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Health Care

- I am distressed by the increase in smoking among our high school children in the last several years. As you know, the recent Surgeon General's report found that smoking by Asian American high school students has increased by 17 percent since 1991. We must pass comprehensive tobacco legislation this year. It would be the most significant public health achievement in a generation.
- We need even better data, and we must make sure to collect health care information on populations living in the insular areas, particularly the Pacific Islands. I am well aware of your letter to the Surgeon General, and I am confident that he and the rest of the Department will do a better job in this area.
- I want to work with you on the tobacco bill to ensure that we are crafting the strongest possible legislation to address the many health care challenges facing Asian Americans and all minorities. The health care disparities I have documented in the past are an embarrassment to the whole nation; we can and should do better. I am committed to that end.

International Aspects of the Tobacco Settlement

- We would like to work with other nations on a multilateral basis to encourage them to adopt advertising and marketing restrictions in order to reduce youth smoking.
- Tobacco use is a global health problem. Comprehensive tobacco legislation needs significant funding to discourage youth smoking abroad through efforts designed to promote public health and education. This funding should support diplomatic, media, and grass roots efforts designed to reduce youth smoking in other nations.
- We also need to work through the World Health Assembly on a multilateral basis to share our experiences and expertise with other nations and to encourage them to adopt laws designed to reduce youth smoking. In this manner, we can effectively work to reduce marketing and advertising to children overseas.

Clinton Presidential Records Digital Records Marker

This is not a presidential record. This is used as an administrative marker by the William J. Clinton Presidential Library Staff.

This marker identifies the place of a tabbed divider. Given our digitization capabilities, we are sometimes unable to adequately scan such dividers. The title from the original document is indicated below.

MAY 1998

Divider Title: _____

Tuesday, May 5, 1998

12:30 PM	Dedication of the Ronald Reagan Building	Tab A
	- Remarks	Tab B
3:30 PM	Meeting	Distributed Separately
5:00 PM	Meeting	No Paper
5:40 PM	Video Taping	Tab C
	- Scripts:	Tab D
	U.S. Pavilion at World Expo in Lisbon	To Be Forwarded
	15th Annual Conference of National Association of Women, Infants, and Children Directors	
	Message Honoring Senator Patrick Leahy	
	America's Most Wanted 10th Anniversary Special	
	Global Polio Eradication Public Service Announcement	
	Chicago Board of Trade 150th Anniversary	
	Boys & Girls Club of America Event Honoring General Colin Powell	
	Admiral Charles R. Larsen, USN, Retirement	
6:20 PM	Interview with Bill Plante for <i>CBS This Morning</i> Mothers' Day Series	Tab E To Be Forwarded

Tuesday, May 5, 1998

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
TUESDAY, MAY 5, 1998**

Final Schedule

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4824

EVENT COORDINATOR:

EDWARD PREWITT

HOME: 202-296-4045

OFFICE: 202-456-5330

WHCA PAGER: 4836

PRESS DESK:

ANNE EDWARDS

HOME: 301-565-3101

OFFICE: 202-456-2921

WHCA PAGER: 4208

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.

*Variably cloudy with scattered rain showers
and thunderstorms. Winds southwest at 5 to
10 knots. Low 53 to 58. High 70 to 75.*

May 4, 1998 (8:35pm)

Tuesday, May 5, 1998

**Schedule of the President
for
Tuesday, May 5, 1998
*Final Schedule***

DOWN UNTIL 11:30 A.M.

11:30 am-	BRIEFING
11:45 am	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles
11:45 am-	BRIEFING/SPEECH PREPARATION
12:10 pm	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Thurgood Marshall, Jr. , Michael Waldman
12:15 pm	THE PRESIDENT departs The White House via motorcade en route The Ronald Reagan Building and International Trade Center [drive time: 5 minutes]
12:20 pm	THE PRESIDENT arrives The Ronald Reagan Building and International Trade Center Greeters: Administrator David Barram, General Services Administration Commissioner Robert Peck Public Building Service, General Services Administration
12:25 pm	THE PRESIDENT proceeds to Atrium Ballroom

May 4, 1998 (8:35pm)

Tuesday, May 5, 1998

12:30 pm-
12:50 pm

MEET AND GREET

ATRIUM BALLROOM

The Ronald Reagan Building and International Trade Center

Staff Contact: Thurgood Marshall, Jr.

Event Coordinator: Edward Prewitt

CLOSED PRESS

Note: There will be approximately 35 participants.

Note: There will be two gift portfolios of photographs of The Ronald Reagan Building and International Trade Center on display.

12:55 pm

THE PRESIDENT proceeds to Atrium

May 4, 1998 (8:35pm)

Tuesday, May 5, 1998

1:00 pm-
2:00 pm

**DEDICATION OF THE RONALD REAGAN BUILDING AND
INTERNATIONAL TRADE CENTER
ATRIUM**

The Ronald Reagan Building and International Trade Center

Remarks: Jeff Shesol

Staff Contact: Thurgood Marshall, Jr.

Event Coordinator: Edward Prewitt

OPEN PRESS

Note: There will be approximately 1000 people in attendance.

- Off-stage announcement of **the President**, accompanied by Mrs. Nancy Reagan, to Ruffles and Flourishes and Hail to the Chief.
- Presentation of Colors.
- National Anthem.
- Administrator David Barram welcomes and makes brief remarks and introduces Delegate Eleanor Holmes Norton.
- Delegate Eleanor Holmes Norton makes brief remarks and introduces Senator Daniel P. Moynihan.
- Senator Daniel P. Moynihan makes brief remarks and introduces Secretary William Daley.
- Secretary William Daley makes brief remarks and introduces Mrs. Nancy Reagan.
- Mrs. Nancy Reagan makes brief remarks.
- Administrator David Barram returns to the podium and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes remarks and departs.

2:05 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs The Ronald Reagan Building and International Trade Center via motorcade en route The White House
[drive time: 5 minutes]

May 4, 1998 (8:35pm)

Tuesday, May 5, 1998

2:10	pm	THE PRESIDENT arrives The White House
2:15	pm-	PHONE AND OFFICE TIME
3:15	pm	OVAL OFFICE
3:15	pm-	BRIEFING
3:30	pm	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles
3:30	pm-	MEETING
4:15	pm	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles
4:15	pm-	MEETING
4:45	pm	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
4:45	pm-	MEETING
4:50	pm	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett
5:00	pm-	MEETING
5:25	pm	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Samuel Berger, Stephanie Streett
5:30	pm-	BRIEFING FOR VIDEOS
5:40	pm	ROOSEVELT ROOM Staff Contact: Mike McCurry, Brenda Anders

May 4, 1998 (8:35pm)

Tuesday, May 5, 1998

5:40 pm-
6:10 pm

VIDEO TAPINGS

ROOSEVELT ROOM

Staff Contact: Mike McCurry, Brenda Anders

Greeting for U.S. Pavilion at World Expo 1998 in Lisbon

Staff Contact: Thurgood Marshall, Jr.

**Message for 15th Annual Conference for the National Association
of Women, Infants, and Children Directors**

Staff Contact: Maria Echaveste

Message Honoring Senator Patrick Leahy

Staff Contact: Craig Smith

Message for America's Most Wanted 10th Anniversary Special

Staff Contact: Bruce Reed, Rahm Emanuel

PSA Supporting Global Polio Eradication

Staff Contact: Samuel Berger, Mike McCurry

Message for Chicago Board of Trade's 150th Anniversary

Staff Contact: Maria Echaveste

**Message for Boys & Girls Club of America Event Honoring
General Colin Powell**

Staff Contact: Mike McCurry

Message for Retiring Admiral Charles R. Larson, USN

Staff Contact: Virginia Apuzzo, Alan Sullivan

May 4, 1998 (8:35pm)

Tuesday, May 5, 1998

6:10 pm- **BRIEFING**
6:20 pm **OVAL OFFICE**
Staff Contact: Mike McCurry

6:20 pm- **INTERVIEW FOR CBS THIS MORNING MOTHERS' DAY**
6:25 pm **SERIES**
CABINET ROOM
Staff Contact: Mike McCurry

Interviewer: Bill Plante

EVENING OFF

BC/HRC RON THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

May 4, 1998 (8:35pm)

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

May 4, 1998

**Ronald Reagan Building and International Trade Center
Dedication Ceremony**

Date: May 5, 1998
Location: Ronald Reagan Building
& International Trade Center
Time: 12:15 pm - 2:15 pm
From: Thurgood Marshall Jr. *THM*
David Beaubaire *Beaubaire*

I. PURPOSE:

To dedicate the Ronald Reagan Building and International Trade Center.

II. BACKGROUND:

The Ronald Reagan Building and International Trade Center (ITC) was authorized by President Reagan in 1987. The building completes the Federal Triangle as envisioned by city planners over 100 years ago and recommended by President Kennedy. In 1995, Senator Bob Dole, then Senate Majority Leader, proposed naming the building after President Reagan, and legislation was passed in 1996 to do so.

In 1990, under President Bush, OMB gave the Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation borrowing authority for \$738 million to construct the building. Financing of the project was provided by the Federal Financing Bank (FFB), an agency of the U.S. Treasury. GSA will repay the FFB over a 30 year period. There are no appropriated funds in the financing of the building.

The building was built to serve as a platform for international trade as well as a medium for small business promotion. The ITC will be a premier conference center and central trade resource for the nation, bringing together public and private trade organizations and services to create a central address for trade information, business networking, and export promotion.

The building is owned by the federal government but its tenants are divided between federal agencies and private businesses. Commerce, EPA, USAID, Customs, and the Woodrow Wilson Center all will have offices here.

The addition of this building is expected to have a strong positive impact on the District. The ITC will be a generator of trade conferences, expositions and visits by commercial delegations. Events and activities at the ITC should attract hundreds of thousands of visitors annually. For the District, this will mean more domestic and international visitors, hotel bookings, tax revenue, and consumer spending.

The building was designed by James Ingo Freed, the architect of the Holocaust Museum and a partner in Pei, Cobb, Freed and Partners. The building contains 3.1 million square feet of space and is the second largest building in the federal inventory, exceeded only by the Pentagon.

Also worthwhile to note, a segment of the Berlin Wall, three and half feet wide and nine feet tall, weighing 3,336 pounds, has been donated to the people of the United States by the employees of Daimler-Benz and the citizens of Berlin, Germany and was accepted by GSA to be permanently installed in the building. In addition, there has been some interest expressed in housing a Victims of Communism Museum in the building and GSA is working to address the issues concerning this proposal.

According to his office, we are told that President Reagan is doing better than expected. He goes to his office everyday, plays golf once or twice a week, and exercises everyday. President Reagan is planning to watch the ceremony from his office.

III. PARTICIPANTS:

YOU

Nancy Reagan

GSA Administrator David Barram

Secretary William Daley

Senator Daniel P. Moynihan

Delegate Eleanor Holmes Norton

IV. PRESS PLAN:

Open Press

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS:

- **YOU** are greeted upon arrival by GSA Administrator David Barram and Commissioner Robert Peck of the Public Building Service.
- **YOU** proceed to the Atrium Ballroom to greet Mrs. Reagan.
- **YOU** and Mrs. Reagan greet the dignitaries who will be on stage.
- The dignitaries are escorted to the stage.

- Off stage announcement of **YOU**, accompanied by Nancy Reagan, to Ruffles and Flourishes and Hail to the Chief.
- Presentation of Colors.
- National Anthem.
- Administrator David Barram welcomes and makes brief remarks and introduces Delegate Eleanor Holmes Norton.
- Delegate Eleanor Holmes Norton makes brief remarks and introduces Senator Daniel P. Moynihan.
- Senator Daniel P. Moynihan makes brief remarks and introduces Secretary William Daley.
- Secretary William Daley makes brief remarks and introduces Mrs. Nancy Reagan.
- Mrs. Nancy Reagan makes brief remarks.
- Administrator David Barram returns to the podium and introduces **YOU**.
- **YOU** make remarks and depart.

VI. REMARKS:

To be provided by Speechwriting.

Draft 05/04/98 8:00pm

PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON
REMARKS ON THE DEDICATION OF THE REAGAN BUILDING
THE RONALD REAGAN BUILDING AND INTERNATIONAL TRADE CENTER
WASHINGTON, DC
May 5, 1998

Acknowledgments: Mrs. Nancy Reagan; Administrator David Barram, General Services Administration; Sec. Daley; Sen. Moynihan; Sen. Bob Dole; Gen. Colin Powell; Sec. George Schultz; Mayor Barry; Delegate Eleanor Holmes Norton; Members of Congress; Members of my Cabinet

I am glad, Mrs. Reagan, that you are able to join us on this special occasion. The only thing that could make it more special is if President Reagan were able to join us today. But in a way he is here: his unflagging optimism, proud patriotism, and unabashed faith in America still resonate in freedom's capital city.

As Senator Moynihan just described, the Reagan Building is a profound achievement, architectural and otherwise--the completion of that challenge issued 37 years ago by President Kennedy. This building will house everything from USAID to the Wilson Center for Scholars. It is fitting that the plaza on which we gather bears the name of Woodrow Wilson. From Wilson to Reagan, this building spans the first American Century.

The world has changed considerably in the years since President Reagan left office. For half a century, American leaders of both parties waged a Cold War against aggression and repression across the globe. Today, freed from the yoke of totalitarianism, new democracies are emerging around the world--enjoying newfound prosperity and a long-awaited peace.

The nations of the world should savor the fruits of this victory: free markets, free elections, free peoples. But we must not grow complacent; we cannot presume that the fight for freedom is fully won. No peace can be permanent unless it is backed by the leadership of great nations. We have seen the end of the Cold War, but not, as some have contended, the end of history. America's resolve did not crumble with the Berlin Wall, a piece of which stands in this building. And America's ideals shall never collapse like Communism and recede from the world scene.

If the history of this American Century has taught us anything, it is that we will either work to shape events or we will be shaped by them. We cannot be partly in the world; we cannot lead in fits and starts or anytime we believe it suits our interest. We must lead boldly and consistently and without reservation. Because freedom is always in America's interest.

America's security and prosperity depend above all else upon our willingness to lead in

the world. President Wilson said that Americans were participants in the life of the world, like it or not. But his countrymen did not listen; and the result was a Great Depression, the rise of Fascism in Europe and Asia, and a Second World War. Our nation learned then that America could not withdraw from the world.

That is why a new generation of Americans reached outward in the years after World War II. They built new alliances of peace and new engines of prosperity around the globe: NATO, the United Nations, the IMF. It was no accident that, during this period of great American leadership abroad, Americans experienced unparalleled economic growth at home. And it was no accident that freedom's great triumph came on America's watch.

Today, on the edge of a new century, the challenges we face are more diverse. But the values that guide America must remain the same. Information technology does not resolve all conflicts between nations, it creates new challenges. The expansion of global commerce does not diminish our responsibility to lead, it heightens it.

At this critical moment, at this time of transition, America faces a choice: Will we retreat within our borders? Or continue to lead in the world? If we have faith in this great experiment, "the American experiment" [George Washington], then our responsibility is clear, and the outcome is evident.

But today's possibilities are not tomorrow's guarantees. We must remain true to the commitment that every American leader of both parties has made during the last 50 years.

We fought, those 50 years, for a Europe undivided and free. Last week, Congress took an important step toward that goal by welcoming Poland, Hungary and the Czech Republic into NATO. The alliance that helped keep the peace for a half-century now brings us closer than ever to a united Europe, democratic and secure. Now Congress has another opportunity to protect the national interest and fulfill America's responsibilities around the world. It can pay our share of support to the IMF and settle our obligations to the United Nations.

Just as we fought for democracy, we worked 50 years for economic freedom. The International Monetary Fund has played a crucial role in steering the global economy in the right direction: toward financial stability and self-sustaining growth. In this age of economic interdependence, a commitment to the IMF is an investment in our own prosperity. That is why, fifteen years ago, President Reagan made an "unbreakable commitment" to the IMF. If we break that commitment, we jeopardize what will soon be the longest peacetime expansion in history. We must not risk it.

Finally, we fought 50 years for peace and security as part of the United Nations. America was a founder of the U.N. We are proud to be its host and believe in its ideals. As President Reagan said in 1985, the U.N. stands as "the symbol of the hopes of all mankind for a more peaceful and productive world. We must not disappoint those hopes." If we are to fulfill those

hopes in the 21st century, we must pay our debt to the United Nations. America is a country that pays its bills.

History, as I say, has taught America never to stand passively in the face of great change. American leaders like Ronald Reagan have understood: We will shape change or be shaped by it. To retreat from our responsibilities is to invite danger and instability; to embrace the obligations of leadership is to build a better future for all. The commerce that will be conducted in this great building will be testament to the opportunities of a truly global economy. As I stand within the Ronald Reagan Building, and look across the expanse of Woodrow Wilson Plaza, I am confident that we will again make the right choice for America and for the world, and lead freedom's march boldly into the 21st century, the next American Century.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

VIDEO TAPINGS

May 4, 1998

DATE: May 5, 1998
 LOCATION: Roosevelt Room
 TIME: 6:00 p.m.- 6:10 p.m. Briefing
 6:10 p.m.- 6:40 p.m. Video Tappings
 FROM: Brenda Anders

I. PURPOSE

You will tape eight video messages.

II. BACKGROUND

The first video is for the 15th Annual National Association of WIC Directors Conference. The NAWD is dedicated to maximizing resources for the Special Supplemental Program for Women, Infants and Children. NAWD's members are committed to addressing the nutritional and health care needs of WIC's 7.4 million participants. The video will be shown at the conference in Denver, CO on May 10.

The second video is a message for the U.S. Pavilion at the World Expo in Lisbon. The message will be incorporated in to a larger eight-minute video where you will welcome over 15 million visitors to the U.S. Pavilion. You will be introduced by Tony Coelho, Commissioner of the U.S. Pavilion. The video will play in English, Portuguese, and Spanish on 14 video monitors in the pavilion queuing line, May 22- September 30.

The third video is for the America's Most Wanted 10th Anniversary Special. The show is responsible for the capture of over 500 criminals, 12 from the FBI's most wanted list, and the recovery of 23 missing children. Host John Walsh has attended many White House anti-crime events and supports many of your initiatives. The one-hour special will air on Fox affiliates May 16, 1998, to an estimated 15 million viewers.

The fourth video is for the Vietnam Veterans of America Foundation dinner honoring Senator Pat Leahy. Because of Senator Leahy's advocacy for victims of war, dedication to others, and leadership on humanitarian causes, the VVAF is creating an international humanitarian award in his honor. Your message will be part of a tribute to Senator Leahy and will include messages from Senator Chuck Hagel, Congressman Jack Quinn and Congressman Lane Evans. The dinner will be May 14 at the National Building Museum in Washington.

The fifth video is for a tribute honoring General Colin Powell. The Boys and Girls Club of America is presenting General Powell with the Herbert Hoover Humanitarian of the Year Award for his dedication to charitable works. Others participating in the video tribute are: President Bush, Dick Cheney and General Norman Schwarzkopf. The dinner will be held in New York on June 2.

The sixth video is for the Chicago Board of Trade's 150th Anniversary Celebration. CBOT is the world's largest and oldest futures options exchange and currently trades agricultural futures and financial contracts. The message will be shown at the CBOT 150th Anniversary Gala in June, where over 2,000 industry leaders will attend. It will also be shown in a larger video at the CBOT visitors center, which attracts over 135,000 people annually.

The seventh video is for a public service announcement supporting global polio eradication. The PSA is part of Rotary International's PolioPlus program dedicated to global polio eradication. Polio strikes 40,000 children a year in Africa and Asia. Global polio eradication is on target for the year 2000, with certification of a polio-free world by 2005. The PSA will be aired on television networks throughout the U.S., Africa and Asia.

The eighth video is a message to Admiral Charles Larson on his retirement after 40 years of service. Your message will be included in a video salute to the Admiral and his wife Sally that will include anecdotes from the Larson's friends and colleagues.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Pre-brief participants:

The President

Brenda Anders

Event participants:

The President

Brenda Anders

Technical Personnel (5)

IV. PRESS PLAN

Each video message will be played at open press events.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Make-up/Briefing
Videotape Messages

VI. REMARKS

A teleprompter will be provided.

**THE SCRIPTS
FOR THE VIDEO TAPINGS
WILL BE FORWARDED**

THE BRIEFING MEMO
FOR THE *CBS THIS MORNING* INTERVIEW
WILL BE FORWARDED

Wednesday, May 6, 1998

	State Visit of President Romano Prodi of Italy	
9:45 AM	Official Arrival Ceremony	Tab A
	- Arrival Remarks	Tab B
10:50 AM	Restricted Meeting	Distributed Separately
11:35 AM	Expanded Meeting	Distributed Separately
1:20 PM	Joint Press Conference	See Separate Notebook
	- Opening Statement	Tab C
2:20 PM	Meeting (China)	No Paper
2:55 PM	Meeting	Distributed Separately
3:15 PM	Meeting	No Paper
7:15 PM	State Dinner	Tab D
	- Toast	Tab E To Be Forwarded

Wednesday, May 6, 1998

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
WEDNESDAY, MAY 6, 1998**

98 MAY 5 08:31

Final Schedule

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4824

EVENT COORDINATOR:

LAURA SCHWARTZ

HOME: 202-331-4339

OFFICE: 202-456-5655

WHCA PAGER: 4293

PRESS DESK:

ANNE EDWARDS

HOME: 301-565-3101

OFFICE: 202-456-2921

WHCA PAGER: 4208

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Partly cloudy. Winds west at 5 to 10 knots.

Low 55 to 60. High 74 to 79.

May 5, 1998 (7:59pm)

Wednesday, May 6, 1998

**Schedule of the President
for
Wednesday, May 6, 1998
*Final Schedule***

9:00 am- **BRIEFING FOR THE ITALIAN OFFICIAL VISIT**
9:30 am **MAP ROOM**
Staff Contact: Samuel Berger

9:30 am- **BRIEFING FOR THE ITALIAN OFFICIAL VISIT**
9:40 am **MAP ROOM**
Staff Contact: Capricia Marshall

9:40 am **THE PRESIDENT** and the First Lady proceed to the Diplomatic Reception Room of the White House

NOTE: All members of the U.S. and Italian Welcoming Committee must be in place no later than 9:40 am.
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9:45 am- **OFFICIAL ARRIVAL CEREMONY FOR**
10:30 am **PRIME MINISTER ROMANO PRODI OF ITALY**
SOUTH LAWN
Remarks: Tony Blinken
Staff Contact: Sandy Berger, Capricia Marshall
Event Coordinator: Laura Schwartz
OPEN PRESS

- Prime Minister Romano Prodi and Mrs. Flavia Prodi arrive and are introduced to the President and the First Lady by Chief of Protocol Mary Mel French.
- The President and the First Lady introduce Prime Minister Romano Prodi and Mrs. Flavia Prodi to the Vice President and Mrs. Gore, Ambassador Thomas Pickering, the Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Joseph Ralston, and Mrs. Ralston.
- The President escorts Prime Minister Romano Prodi onto the reviewing stand.
- The National Anthem of Italy is performed, accompanied by a nineteen-gun-salute.

May 5, 1998 (7:59pm)

Wednesday, May 6, 1998

- *The National Anthem of the United States* is performed.
- The Commander of Troops steps forward and **the President** escorts Prime Minister Romano Prodi off the reviewing stand (via front steps) to join the Commander of Troops.
- Prime Minister Romano Prodi, accompanied by **the President** and the Commander of Troops, review the troops.
- Following the review, **the President** escorts Prime Minister Romano Prodi to the reviewing stand to view the Musical Troop in Review.
- The Commander of Troops concludes the Honors.
- **The President** makes remarks.
Interpretation: Consecutive
- Prime Minister Romano Prodi makes remarks.
- Upon conclusion of remarks, **the President** and Prime Minister Romano Prodi face the troops as the Commander of Troops indicates the conclusion of the arrival ceremony.
- **The President** and the First Lady escort Prime Minister Romano Prodi and Mrs. Flavia Prodi to the Diplomatic Reception Room.
- **The President** and the First Lady escort Prime Minister Romano Prodi and Mrs. Flavia Prodi to the Blue Room to sign the Official Guest Book.
- **The President** and the First Lady, Prime Minister Romano Prodi and Mrs. Flavia Prodi form a receiving line in Cross Hall outside the Blue Room and receive guests.

Note: The receiving line will flow from east to west.

10:40 am

THE PRESIDENT escorts Prime Minister Romano Prodi to the West Wing

Note: The First Lady and Mrs. Flavia Prodi will proceed to the Yellow Oval Room for tea.

May 5, 1998 (8:16pm)

Wednesday, May 6, 1998

10:50 am-
11:30 am

**RESTRICTED MEETING WITH PRIME MINISTER ROMANO
PRODI OF ITALY
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Sandy Berger
Interpretation: Consecutive
STILLS ONLY**

- Chief of Protocol, Mary Mel French, escorts Prime Minister Romano Prodi into the Oval Office and makes introductions.
- The meeting begins.
- Upon conclusion of the meeting, the President escorts Prime Minister Romano Prodi to the Cabinet Room.

11:35 am-
12:10 pm

**EXPANDED MEETING WITH PRIME MINISTER ROMANO
PRODI OF ITALY
CABINET ROOM
Staff Contact: Sandy Berger
Interpretation: Simultaneous
CLOSED PRESS**

- The President and Prime Minister Romano Prodi enter the Cabinet Room and proceed to their seats at the table.
- The meeting begins.
- Upon conclusion of meeting, the President proceeds to Oval Office for briefing. Prime Minister Prodi and Italian delegation remain in Cabinet Room.

12:15 pm-
1:15 pm

**BRIEFING FOR PRESS CONFERENCE
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Sandy Berger, Mike McCurry**

1:15 pm

THE PRESIDENT and Prime Minister Prodi are reunited in the Oval Office and proceed to Old Executive Office Building Room 450

May 5, 1998 (8:16pm)

Wednesday, May 6, 1998

1:20 pm-
2:05 pm

**JOINT PRESS CONFERENCE WITH PRIME MINISTER
ROMANO PRODI OF ITALY**
ROOM 450
Old Executive Office Building
Remarks: Tony Blinken
Staff Contact: Sandy Berger
Interpretation: Simultaneous
OPEN PRESS

1:25 pm

- Off-stage announcement of the **President** and Prime Minister Romano Prodi into Room 450.
- The **President** and Prime Minister Prodi proceed to their positions behind their respective podiums.
- The **President** makes a statement.
- Prime Minister Romano Prodi makes a statement.
- Questions are taken from the press.

2:10 pm

- Upon conclusion of the press conference, the **President** escorts Prime Minister Romano Prodi to the motorcade location tbd and bids him farewell.
- The **President** departs.

2:20 pm-
2:50 pm

MEETING (CHINA)
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett

2:55 pm-
3:10 pm

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Nancy Hernreich

3:15 pm-
3:30 pm

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Nancy Hernreich

3:30 pm-
6:00 pm

PHONE AND OFFICE TIME
OVAL OFFICE

May 5, 1998 (8:16pm)

6:30 pm-
7:10 pm

DOWN TIME

Note: Official Dinner guests are scheduled to arrive at 7:00 pm.

7:15 pm-
11:00 pm

**OFFICIAL DINNER FOR PRIME MINISTER ROMANO PRODI
OF ITALY**

STATE FLOOR

Remarks: Tony Blinken

Staff Contact: Sandy Berger, Capricia Marshall

Event Coordinator: Laura Schwartz

POOL PRESS (Photos, receiving line, remarks, entertainment)

OPEN PRESS (Arrival)

Note: This is a black tie affair.

- 7:13 pm – **The President and the First Lady depart the living quarters via elevator and proceed to the North Portico.**
- 7:15 pm – **Prime Minister Romano Prodi and Mrs. Flavia Prodi arrive the North Portico.**
- **The President and the First Lady, Prime Minister Romano Prodi and Mrs. Flavia Prodi proceed to the Yellow Oval Room via elevator.**
- 7:45 pm – **The Color Guard proceeds to the Yellow Oval Room, requests permission from the President to secure the Colors and proceeds down the Grand Staircase.**
- 7:55 pm – **The President and the First Lady, Prime Minister Romano Prodi and Mrs. Flavia Prodi are announced to Honors as they proceed to Cross Hall.**
- **The President and the First Lady, Prime Minister Romano Prodi and Mrs. Flavia Prodi pose for an official photograph (Under the Seal of the President).**
 POOL PRESS
- **The President and the First Lady, Prime Minister Romano Prodi and Mrs. Flavia Prodi receive guests in Cross Hall.**
 POOL PRESS

Note: The receiving line will move from west to east.

- **Upon the conclusion of the receiving line, the President and the First**

May 5, 1998 (8:19pm)

Wednesday, May 6, 1998

Lady, Prime Minister Romano Prodi and Mrs. Flavia Prodi proceed to the Blue Room for a brief hold.

- The President and the First Lady, Prime Minister Romano Prodi and Mrs. Flavia Prodi are announced into the East Room and proceed to their head table.
- 8:45 pm — The President proceeds to the Eagle Lectern and makes remarks.
Interpretation: Consecutive
POOL PRESS
- Prime Minister Romano Prodi makes remarks.
Interpretation: Consecutive
POOL PRESS
- 8:55 pm — Dinner is served.
- 10:20 pm — Opera performance begins.
EXPANDED POOL PRESS
- 10:45 pm — The President and the First Lady escort Prime Minister Romano Prodi and Mrs. Flavia Prodi to the North Portico and bid them farewell.
- 10:50 pm — The President and the First Lady proceed to the dance floor for the first dance.
- TBD — The President and the First Lady depart Grand Foyer for Private Residence

BC AND HRC RON

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

May 5, 1998 (8:16pm)

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

**TO: THE PRESIDENT AND THE FIRST LADY
THE VICE PRESIDENT AND MRS. GORE**

**WHAT: ARRIVAL CEREMONY IN HONOR OF THE OFFICIAL VISIT OF
THE HONORABLE PROFESSOR ROMANO PRODI PRESIDENT OF
THE COUNCIL OF MINISTERS OF THE REPUBLIC OF ITALY AND
MRS. PRODI**

**WHEN: WEDNESDAY, MAY 6, 1998
9:45 A.M.**

WHERE: SOUTH LAWN AND STATE FLOOR

FROM: CAPRICIA PENA VIC MARSHALL, LAURA SCHWARTZ

8:30 a.m. THE PRESIDENT arrives to Map Room for NSC Briefing.

9:20 a.m. THE VICE PRESIDENT and MRS. GORE arrive to Diplomatic Reception Room.

9:30 a.m. THE PRESIDENT and THE FIRST LADY receive the logistical briefing in the Map Room.

9:35 a.m. THE VICE PRESIDENT and MRS. GORE are escorted to their places on the South Lawn by Chief of Protocol French.

9:40 a.m. THE PRESIDENT and MRS. CLINTON proceed to the Diplomatic Reception Room for announce onto the South Lawn.

9:44 a.m. THE PRESIDENT and THE FIRST LADY are announced to HONORS as they proceed to the edge of the red carpet on the driveway.

9:45 a.m. Prime Minister and Mrs. Prodi are introduced to THE PRESIDENT and MRS. CLINTON by Chief of Protocol French.

THE PRESIDENT introduces Prime Minister Prodi, MRS. CLINTON introduces Mrs. Prodi to the following:

- THE VICE PRESIDENT and MRS. GORE
- Ambassador Pickering
- Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and Mrs. Ralston

THE PRESIDENT escorts **Prime Minister Prodi** onto the reviewing stand.

MRS. CLINTON escorts **Mrs. Prodi** to their positions alongside the platform in front of the Official Welcoming Committee.

OFFICIAL CEREMONY BEGINS:

Announcement of the National Anthems

- National Anthem of The Republic Of Italy
Note: 19-Gun Salute simultaneous
- National Anthem of the United States of America.
- Review of Troops

Commander of Troops steps forward and **THE PRESIDENT** escorts **Prime Minister Prodi** off reviewing stand **VIA FRONT STEPS** to join Commander of Troops.

Review of troops takes place, east to west, front row only, with **Prime Minister Prodi** closest to troops:

(Left to Right)
THE PRESIDENT
Commander of Troops
Prime Minister Prodi

Following review, **THE PRESIDENT** escorts **Prime Minister Prodi** back to the reviewing stand.

Note: Prime Minister Prodi will greet Commander of Troops

- Musical Troop in Review.
- Commander of Troops **concludes the Honors.**
- Remarks by **THE PRESIDENT** (3 min.)
- Remarks by **Prime Minister Prodi** (3 min.)
- Following remarks, **THE PRESIDENT** and **Prime Minister Prodi** face the troops and the Commander of Troops indicates the conclusion of the Arrival Ceremony.

Upon conclusion of ceremony, **THE PRESIDENT** and **MRS. CLINTON** escort **Prime Minister and Mrs. Prodi** into the Diplomatic Reception Room and proceed to the Blue Room via elevator to sign the guest book.

THE PRESIDENT, MRS. CLINTON, Prime Minister and Mrs. Prodi form a receiving line in front of the Blue Room Doors in Cross Hall in the following order:

Receiving Line:

Chief of Protocol French (to introduce)

THE PRESIDENT
Prime Minister Prodi
MRS. CLINTON
Mrs. Prodi

10:45 p.m.

THE PRESIDENT escorts **Prime Minister Prodi** to the West Wing.

MRS. CLINTON escorts **Mrs. Prodi** to the Yellow Oval Room for a tea.

11:15 a.m.

Following the tea, **THE FIRST LADY** escorts **Mrs. Prodi** and bids farewell at South Portico.

5/5/98 9:09 pm

**PRESIDENT WILLIAM JEFFERSON CLINTON
REMARKS WELCOMING PRIME MINISTER ROMANO PRODI
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON D.C.
MAY 6, 1998**

Mr. Prime Minister, Mrs. [Flavia] Prodi, members of the Italian delegation: welcome to the White House and welcome to the United States. Hillary and I are delighted to see you again, and I look forward to our talks today which will our deepen our partnership.

The people who named America will always have a special place in our hearts. Every schoolchild knows that Columbus crossed the Atlantic in 1492, soon to be followed by the other great Italian explorers, Amerigo Vespucci [ves-POO-chee], John Cabot, and Giovanni da Verrazano [vare-uh-ZAH-no]. But that was only the beginning of a relationship that has flourished for centuries, bringing us together in new ways, generation after generation.

Today, Italians are once again expanding the world's horizons. Italy stands at the forefront of the new Europe, leading efforts to promote peace and unity throughout the continent – from economic and monetary union to military cooperation. In recent months, Italy has led efforts to restore stability in Albania and is seeking to avert deepening conflict in Kosovo. Italian and American troops patrol alongside each other in Bosnia, and we will continue to work together to build stability throughout southeastern Europe and the Mediterranean. And we are deeply grateful for Italy's hospitality toward the U.S. forces working to preserve peace in Europe.

Mr. Prime Minister, Italy has shown great leadership in building a better future. This leadership emanates from your example. As Italy prepares for the future, it is leaving behind the problems of the past. Enterprise is thriving in the new Italy ... the rule of law prevails ... and today's dreams are being shaped into tomorrow's reality. Together, we are exploring outer space ... fighting crime and terrorism ... restricting the spread of dangerous weapons ... and creating a climate where goods and ideas can be freely exchanged, between our countries and around the world.

This week in Washington and next week at the summits in Europe, we will deepen our partnership, ... equipping our people to succeed in the global economy ... combating new threats to the security of our citizens like international crime, and nurturing the health of our planet. And a year from now, we look forward to meeting here again, when the NATO alliance celebrates its fiftieth anniversary, and acts to make our alliance strong for the next fifty years.

The great seal of the United States contains the words *novus ordo seclorum* – a new order of the ages. Virgil's words were written in Italy more than two thousand years ago, but they are given fresh meaning whenever a new generation finds the courage to build a peaceful new order for the golden ages yet to come.

Prime Minister Prodi, welcome to the United States of America.

###

5/5/98 8 PM

**PRESIDENT WILLIAM JEFFERSON CLINTON
PRESS CONFERENCE WITH ITALIAN PM PRODI
THE WHITE HOUSE
MAY 6, 1998**

It has been a pleasure to welcome Prime Minister Prodi to Washington. For more than 50 years, Italy has been among America's closest allies. Today, America looks to Italy more than ever as a valued partner in shaping a better future for all our people. Today, the Prime Minister and I charted a course to strengthen our cooperation for the next 50 years and beyond.

We discussed our common efforts to build an undivided Europe at peace. NATO remains the core of transatlantic solidarity, and America and Italy are working together to adapt the Alliance to the security challenges of the future. As we look to the NATO Summit in Washington next year, we welcomed the Senate's recent vote for NATO enlargement and hope the Italian Parliament will also act favorably soon.

I thanked the Prime Minister for Italy's contributions in Bosnia and more recently Albania, where Italian troops played a critical role in bringing an end to violent unrest. We also discussed our deep concern over the situation in Kosovo. The absence of genuine dialogue there is fueling a conflict that could threaten regional stability. We are working urgently to establish unconditional talks that can avert escalating violence. But we must and will be ready to substantially turn up the pressure on Belgrade, should it keep blocking the search for a political solution or revert to indiscriminate force.

I congratulated Prime Minister Prodi on the historic step Italy and other EU Members took this past weekend on the European Monetary Union. I admire the way he has led his nation on a path of fiscal responsibility. I am confident that a strong Europe with open markets and healthy growth is good for America and the world. We discussed new ideas to reduce the remaining barriers to trade and boost prosperity on both sides of the Atlantic. And I'm very pleased that we've agreed to begin the next round of talks on an Open Skies agreement in June, with the goal of concluding an agreement as soon as possible that will bring greater choice and better services to our tourists and business travelers alike.

We also are looking forward to the G-8 Summit in Birmingham, where we'll take the next steps in preparing our nations for the opportunities and challenges of the future. As I have said before, many of the threats we face today cannot be defeated alone. From terrorism to drug trafficking, from international crime to environmental damage, threats that disregard national borders demand an international response.

Italy has been at the forefront of international efforts to fight crime. It has led in getting the G-8 to join forces in combating crime rings that smuggle illegal immigrants for sweatshop labor and prostitution. This will build on the work America and Italy have begun together to fight the horrendous international crime of trafficking in women and children. Too often, victims are lured with promises of jobs, opportunity and hope – and find themselves instead in conditions of virtual slavery and physical danger. At Birmingham, we will announce a new joint action plan to

crack down on crime rings that smuggle immigrants, bring the perpetrators to justice and protect the lives of innocent victims. This is not only about public safety but basic human rights.

The partnership between America and Italy is far-reaching, as our extensive collaboration in science, technology and space exploration makes clear. But our friendship is anchored in the basic values at the core of both our societies – liberty, tolerance, love of family and devotion to community and country.

In closing, let me note that this is the 50th year of the Fulbright Program between the United States and Italy – a program that has given generations of our young people the chance to live with and learn from one another. As we celebrate the ties that bind us together, we are looking ahead to the next 50 years – in which the strong and vibrant partnership between our nations and our people will shape a brighter future for all.

###

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

**TO: THE PRESIDENT AND THE FIRST LADY
THE VICE PRESIDENT AND MRS. GORE**

**WHAT: OFFICIAL DINNER IN HONOR OF THE HONORABLE PROFESSOR
ROMANO PRODI PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL OF MINISTERS
OF THE REPUBLIC OF ITALY AND MRS. PRODI**

WHEN: WEDNESDAY, MAY 6, 1998

WHERE:	<u>Attire:</u>	<u>Black Tie</u>
	<u>Principal Arrival:</u>	<u>North Portico, 7:15 p.m. (Press)</u>
	<u>Private Reception:</u>	<u>Yellow Oval Room, 7:20 p.m.</u>
	<u>Receiving Line:</u>	<u>Grand Foyer/Cross Hall, 7:55 p.m. (Press)</u>
	<u>Dinner/Toasts:</u>	<u>East Room, 8:35 p.m. (Press for remarks)</u>
	<u>Entertainment:</u>	<u>East Room, 10:20 p.m. (Press for remarks)</u>
	<u>Departure:</u>	<u>North Portico</u>

FROM: CAPRICIA PENA VIC MARSHALL, LAURA SCHWARTZ

7:00 p.m. THE VICE PRESIDENT and MRS. GORE arrive to the West Basement and proceed to hold in the Red Room.

7:13 p.m. THE PRESIDENT and MRS. CLINTON depart living quarters via elevator and proceed to North Portico.

7:15 p.m. Prime Minister and Mrs. Prodi arrive to the North Portico and are greeted by THE PRESIDENT and MRS. CLINTON at top of stairs of the North Portico.

THE FOUR PRINCIPALS pose for photo on steps of North Portico:

**Official Photo:
(left to right)**

**THE PRESIDENT
Prime Minister Prodi
MRS. CLINTON
Mrs. Prodi
(Open Press)**

THE FOUR PRINCIPALS proceed to the Yellow Oval Room via elevator.

Yellow Oval Room Guests

The Vice President and Mrs. Gore
Honorable Bonnie and Mr. Louis Cohen
Ambassador Thomas Foglietta and Susan Sori
Interpreters

Foreign Minister Lamberto and Mrs. Dini
Ambassador Ferdinando and Mrs. Salleo
Defense Minister Beniamino Andreatta

7:45 p.m. The Officer In Charge requests permission from **THE PRESIDENT** to secure the Colors.

7:50 p.m.

The Four Principals are announced to HONORS and proceed down Grand Staircase. They pause at base of stairs for Official Photo.

OFFICIAL PHOTO:
Prime Minister Prodi
THE PRESIDENT
Mrs. Prodi
THE FIRST LADY

****Prime Minister Prodi is to the right of THE PRESIDENT.**

NOTE: Expanded press pool in Grand Foyer.

The Military Aide escorts The Four Principals into Blue Room for a brief hold until the press reposition for receiving line.

The Color Guard reposition in Cross Hall under the Seal of the President.

7:55 p.m. Once the press is in place, the Military Aide leads **The Four Principals** into the Cross Hall to line up for receiving line under the Seal of the President and the line begins.

RECEIVING LINE ORDER:

THE PRESIDENT
Prime Minister Prodi
MRS. CLINTON
Mrs. Prodi
(flow west to east)

Note: THE VICE PRESIDENT and MRS. GORE are the last to proceed through the receiving line.

8:35 p.m. Upon conclusion of the receiving line, **THE FOUR PRINCIPALS** proceed to the Blue Room for a brief hold.

THE FOUR PRINCIPALS are announced into the East Room and proceed to their tables via Cross Hall.

8:45 p.m. Once all guests are seated, **THE PRESIDENT** proceeds to Eagle Lectern.

Toast by **THE PRESIDENT**.

Response by **Prime Minister Prodi**.

Interpreter Note: Consecutive interpretation will occur for both toasts.

Press Note: Pool press for toasts only.

8:55 p.m. Following toasts, dinner is served.

9:50 p.m. Strolling Strings to play three songs during dessert and depart, accordion will continue to play during the transition to entertainment.

10:20 p.m. Announcement of the Washington Opera.

Performance begins.

10:45 p.m. Performance concludes.

THE PRESIDENT thanks performers using a wireless microphone near the performers in the center of the room.

Note: The microphone will be handed to the President by a butler.

Prime Minister Prodi has option to make brief remarks.

PRESS NOTE: Expanded Pool for entertainment and remarks.

10:50 p.m.

The Military Aide escorts **THE PRESIDENT, MRS. CLINTON, Prime Minister and Mrs. Prodi** to the North Portico.

10:55 p.m.

THE PRESIDENT and MRS. CLINTON bid farewell to **Prime Minister and Mrs. Prodi**.

11:00 p.m.

THE PRESIDENT and MRS. CLINTON proceed to Grand Foyer for first dance.

TBD

THE PRESIDENT and MRS. CLINTON depart Grand Foyer and return to the Private Residence.

THE DINNER TOAST
FOR THE STATE DINNER WITH ITALIAN PRIME MINISTER PRODI
WILL BE FORWARDED

Thursday, May 7, 1998

10:45 AM	Meeting	Distributed Separately
11:30 AM	Meeting	Distributed Separately
1:30 PM	Photo Opportunity with Northern Ireland Victims Assistance Group	Tab A To Be Forwarded
2:25 PM	Meeting with Mayors on Public Schools	Tab B
	- Remarks	Tab C
	- Background	Tab D
	- Q's & A's	Tab E To Be Forwarded
	- Participants List	Tab F
8:25 PM	Remarks to Arab American Institute Conference	Tab G
	- Remarks	Tab H To Be Forwarded

Thursday, May 7, 1998

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
THURSDAY, MAY 7, 1998**

Final Schedule

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4824

EVENT COORDINATOR:

LAURA SCHWARTZ

HOME: 202-331-4339

OFFICE: 202-456-5655

WHCA PAGER: 4293

EVENT COORDINATOR:

CECILY WILLIAMS

HOME: 202-726-0009

OFFICE: 202-456-5039

WHCA PAGER: 4063

PRESS DESK:

ANNE EDWARDS

HOME: 301-565-3101

OFFICE: 202-456-2921

WHCA PAGER: 4208

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Partly cloudy. Winds south at 5 to 10 knots.

Low 53 to 58. High 73 to 78.

May 6, 1998 (7:32pm)

Thursday, May 7, 1998

**Schedule of the President
for
Thursday, May 7, 1998
*Final Schedule***

DOWN UNTIL 10:30 AM

NSC BRIEFING WILL BE ON PAPER

10:30 am-	MEETING
10:45 am	OVAl OFFICE
	Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles
10:45 am-	MEETING
11:00 am	OVAl OFFICE
	Staff Contact: Larry Stein
11:10 am-	BRIEFING
11:25 am	OVAl OFFICE
	Staff Contact: Craig Smith
11:30 am-	MEETING
12:15 pm	CABINET ROOM
	Staff Contact: Craig Smith
12:20 pm-	LUNCH WITH THE VICE PRESIDENT
1:10 pm	OVAl OFFICE
1:15 pm-	MEETING
1:20 pm	OVAl OFFICE
	Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett
1:25 pm-	BRIEFING
1:30 pm	OVAl OFFICE
	Staff Contact: Samuel Berger

May 6, 1998 (7:32pm)

Thursday, May 7, 1998

1:30 pm-
1:45 pm

**PHOTO OPPORTUNITY WITH THE NORTHERN IRELAND
VICTIMS ASSISTANCE GROUP**
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
STILLS ONLY

Note: There will be approximately 14 participants.

Note: The First Lady will attend.

1:50 pm-
2:20 pm

**BRIEFING FOR MEETING WITH MAYORS ON PUBLIC
SCHOOLS**
MAP ROOM
Staff Contact: Mickey Ibarra

2:25 pm-
3:30 pm

MEETING WITH MAYORS ON PUBLIC SCHOOLS
EAST ROOM
Remarks: June Shih
Staff Contact: Mickey Ibarra
Event Coordinator: Laura Schwartz
OPEN PRESS (REMARKS ONLY)

- **The President**, accompanied by Secretary Richard Riley and Mayor Paul Helmke, is announced into the room.
- Secretary Riley makes brief welcoming remarks and introduces Mayor Paul Helmke.
- Mayor Helmke makes remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes remarks.

Note: The press departs.

- Secretary Riley begins a question and answer session.
- Following the discussion, **the President** proceeds to the Blue Room.

May 6, 1998 (7:32pm)

Thursday, May 7, 1998

3:30	pm-	RECEIVING LINE
4:00	pm	BLUE ROOM
		Staff Contact: Mickey Ibarra
		Event Coordinator: Laura Schwartz
		CLOSED PRESS
4:00	pm-	PHONE AND OFFICE TIME
8:00	pm	OVAL OFFICE
8:00	pm-	BRIEFING
8:10	pm	DIPLOMATIC RECEPTION ROOM
		Staff Contact: Maria Echaveste
8:15	pm	THE PRESIDENT departs The White House via motorcade en route Grand Hyatt Hotel [drive time: 5 minutes]
8:20	pm	THE PRESIDENT arrives Grand Hyatt Hotel
		Greeters:
		Dr. Jim Zogby, President, Arab American Institute
		Elie Abboud, President, National Arab American Business Association
		Fuad Ateyeh, President, Palestinian American Congress
		Helen Samhan
		George Salem
		John Zogby
		Malek Abboud
		Naim Azar
		Bassam Khawam
		Najat Khelil
		Maher Hanania
		Fadwa Naji
		Samir Mashni
		Samia Farouki
		Mark Allen, General Manager, Grand Hyatt Hotel
		Myra Ghattas, Banquet Manager, Grand Hyatt Hotel

May 6, 1998 (7:32pm)

Thursday, May 7, 1998

8:25 pm-
8:55 pm

**REMARKS TO ARAB AMERICAN INSTITUTE CONFERENCE
INDEPENDENCE BALLROOM**

Grand Hyatt Hotel

Remarks: Lowell Weiss

Staff Contact: Maria Echaveste

Event Coordinator: Cecily Williams

OPEN PRESS

Note: Approximately 600 guests in attendance.

- Off-stage announcement of **the President**, accompanied by Dr. Jim Zogby, Elie Abboud, and Fuad Ateyeh, to "Ruffles and Flourishes" and "Hail to the Chief."
- Dr. Jim Zogby makes welcoming remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes remarks, works a ropeline, and departs.

9:00 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Grand Hyatt Hotel via motorcade en route The White House
[drive time: 5 minutes]

9:05 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives The White House

BC/HRC RON

**THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.**

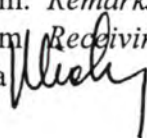
May 6, 1998 (7:32pm)

THE BRIEFING MEMO
FOR THE PHOTO-OP
WITH THE NORTHERN IRELAND VICTIMS ASSISTANCE GROUP
WILL BE FORWARDED

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

May 6, 1998

REMARKS AND DISCUSSION WITH THE
MAYORS CONFERENCE ON PUBLIC SCHOOLS

DATE: Thursday, May 7, 1998
LOCATION: East Room
Receiving Line to follow in Blue Room
TIME: 2:25 - 3:30 p.m. *Remarks and Discussion*
3:30 - 4:00 p.m. *Receiving Line*
FROM: Mickey Ibarra 
Bruce Reed

I. PURPOSE

To engage in an informal dialogue on the state of the nation's public schools with a bipartisan group of mayors, school district administrators, and members of the education community. This is a valuable opportunity to highlight your education initiatives.

You will make two announcements at this event: 1) the introduction of your Education Opportunity Zones legislation in Congress and 2) the release of a report on fixing failing schools.

II. BACKGROUND

The U.S. Conference of Mayors (USCM) has convened in Washington, DC for its first Mayors Conference on Public Schools on Wednesday, May 6, and Thursday, May 7. You participated in a similar event format during the USCM National Forum on Drug Control which was held May 20 - 21, 1997. You most recently met with the U.S. Conference of Mayors at the White House on January 30, 1998 during the USCM Annual Meeting.

When he began his term as the President of the U.S. Conference of Mayors, Mayor Paul Helmke (R-Fort Wayne, IN) announced that education would be a top priority. Mayor Helmke appointed Mayor Tom Menino (D-Boston, MA) and Mayor Richard Daley (D-Chicago, IL) as Co-Chairs of a Task Force on Public Schools who would spearhead the Conference's efforts.

The Mayors Conference on Public Schools is focusing on the adoption of an action plan to improve public education in their cities. Topics for discussion include: setting the public school agenda, ensuring quality education, school safety; the role of technology in education; class size; teacher preparation; and the role of the private sector and community organizations in improving

MAYORS CONFERENCE ON PUBLIC SCHOOLS PAGE TWO

the nation's public schools.

Secretary Riley and the Vice President will address the Mayors Conference on Public Schools on Thursday morning at the L'Enfant Plaza Hotel. Other featured speakers in the Mayors Conference on Public Schools include: Sandra Feldman, President, American Federation of Teachers; Waldemar Rojas, Superintendent, San Francisco and President, Council of Great City Schools; Senator Carol Moseley-Braun; Timothy McClimon, Executive Director, AT&T Foundation; Libby O'Connell, Ph.D., Vice President for Community Outreach, A&E Network; Don Cameron, Executive Director, National Education Association; and Barbara Wheeler, President, National School Boards Association.

At this event, you will be presented with the U.S. Conference of Mayors Action Plan: "Strengthening Public Schools in America's Cities." This plan focuses on steps mayors can take to strengthen public schools, and incorporates many of your proposals and initiatives. It encourages mayors to focus attention on promoting quality by raising standards, ending social promotions, strengthening accountability, improving the preparation of teachers, equipping schools with modern technology, and providing early childhood education, child care, and after school programs. The Action Agenda endorses your Education Opportunity Zones proposal and your School Modernization initiative. It also supports state and federal initiatives to reduce class size. Finally, it calls for an end to unfunded federal and state education mandates; supports the principle of direct federal funding of urban education programs, including any block grant proposals; and asserts that public education must be available to all children regardless of their immigration status.

In addition to applauding the mayors' involvement in improving education across the nation, you will be making the following announcements:

INTRODUCTION OF EDUCATION OPPORTUNITY ZONES LEGISLATION

You will announce that Senator Kennedy and Congressman Clay will introduce legislation to create the Education Opportunity Zones called for in your 1998 State of the Union address. This program will provide competitive grants to support school districts with a track record of improving student achievement and a commitment to implementing cutting-edge reforms. Under the Administration's proposal, additional resources to advance reform efforts will go to approximately 50 high-poverty urban and rural school districts that have begun to show gains in student performance and that agree to (1) end social promotion and turn around failing schools; (2) prevent students from falling behind by ensuring quality teaching, challenging curricula, and extended learning time; and (3) use high standards and tests of student achievement to identify and provide help to students, teachers, and schools who need it. Added investments in these communities will accelerate their progress and provide successful models of system-wide,

MAYORS CONFERENCE ON PUBLIC SCHOOLS
PAGE THREE

standards-based reform for the nation. Your initiative would invest \$200 million in FY99, and \$1.5 billion over 5 years.

REPORT ON TURNING AROUND LOW-PERFORMING SCHOOLS

You will announce that the Education Department has released Turning Around Low Performing Schools, which provides guidelines to help state and local officials and educators accomplish this task. Based on an analysis of efforts in cities such as Chicago, New York, and San Antonio and states such as Maryland and Texas, the report calls on state and local officials to establish high academic standards, tests of student performance, and accountability systems that identify persistently low performing schools.

To turn around low performing schools, the report recommends that school systems intervene to ensure that these schools restore order and discipline, strengthen professional development, implement proven models of comprehensive school reform, and provide extra help to students who have fallen behind through after-school and summer-school programs. The report recommends that states or school districts establish intervention procedures that target the human, technical, and financial resources necessary for schools to develop and implement an improvement plan. While noting that the changes needed to turn schools around usually depend upon establishing collaborative relationships with school staff, the report also recognizes procedures for "reconstituting" low performing schools that involve replacing the principal and other school staff.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Pre-Brief Participants

Secretary Richard Riley
Mickey Ibarra
Bruce Reed
Mike Cohen
Lynn Cutler

Event Participants

The President
Secretary Richard Riley
Hon. Paul Helmke, President, U.S. Conference of Mayors, Mayor of Fort Wayne, IN (R)
Several Cabinet Members (see attached participant list)
Approximately 75 mayors, school district administrators, and members of the education community (see attached participant list)

MAYORS CONFERENCE ON PUBLIC SCHOOLS
PAGE FOUR

IV. PRESS PLAN

Pool spray at the top of the program only. Note: the mayors will participate in press availabilities following the program on the State Floor.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- **YOU** receive briefing in the Red Room
- **YOU** proceed to the Blue Room for a meet and greet with the USCM Leadership

Participants

Mayor Paul Helmke (R-Fort Wayne; President, USCM)

Mayor Deedee Corradini (D-Salt Lake City, UT; Vice President, USCM)

Mayor Wellington Webb (D-Denver, CO; Chair, USCM Advisory Board)

Mayor Beverly O'Neill (D-Long Beach, CA; Chair, USCM Committee on Jobs, Education, and the Workforce)

Tom Cochran, Executive Director, USCM

- **YOU** are announced to the stage in the East Room from the Blue Room accompanied by Secretary Riley and Mayor Helmke
- Secretary Riley delivers brief remarks and introduces Mayor Paul Helmke (R-Fort Wayne, IN)
- Mayor Helmke delivers brief remarks and introduces **YOU**
Note: Mayor Helmke proceeds to a seat in audience following his remarks.
- **YOU** deliver remarks
- Secretary Riley returns to the podium, asks the press to depart, and begins open discussion
- Press departs
- **YOU** lead question and answer discussion (see attached suggested discussion questions)
- **YOU** invite guests to a reception in the State Dining Room and proceed to the Blue Room for a receiving line
- **YOU** depart

MAYORS CONFERENCE ON PUBLIC SCHOOLS
PAGE FIVE

VI. REMARKS

To be provided by Speech Writing

VII. ATTACHMENTS

Mayors Conference on Public Schools Participant List

DPC Questions and Answers on Public Schools

Draft U.S. Conference of Mayors National Action Plan on Public Schools (excerpt)

Draft 5/6/98 7pm

**PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON
REMARKS FOR MAYORS CONFERENCE ON PUBLIC SCHOOLS
THE WHITE HOUSE
MAY 7, 1998**

I want to welcome you back to the White House, and to thank you for holding this conference on one of the most critical challenges facing our nation: How we will prepare our children for the 21st Century. I have said, over and over, that we need nothing less than a revolution of rising expectations in our schools. A revolution in quality -- in standards -- in accountability -- in excellence. And the mayors of our great cities are leading the way.

For a century and more, our cities have been America's dynamo of opportunity and social mobility. And America's public schools have been the renewing force of our democracy and the key to the American Dream. Our city schools, more than any others, have made real the vision articulated by Horace Mann's of a "free education for the whole people." For generations, our public schools have taught all our children -- whether they descend from those who came on the Mayflower, or in the hold of a slave ship, or on a jet to San Francisco -- not only how to read and write, but what it means to be an American.

Now, we must make sure that our public schools remain the "ladders of opportunity" and "wellsprings of freedom" Horace Mann called them -- into the 21st Century. There is still very much to be proud of in American education -- dedicated teachers, visionary principals, involved parents, hard-working students. In recent years, spurred by your example, we have made great progress. But we have much more to do.

In the past few years, we have opened the doors of the world's best higher education system to all Americans. And we are making progress at other levels as well. Yesterday, the Senate passed the GI Bill for Workers by an overwhelming bipartisan margin. We have a chance to cut through the tangle of training programs, to give workers a simple skills grant to choose the training they need -- so that education can continue throughout a lifetime.

But we know that our public schools are not the best in the world. And, as the Information Age becomes more and more of an Education Age, we have an ever greater obligation to make sure our children gain the skills and the knowledge to thrive in the 21st Century.

So I thank you for the action agenda you are presenting to the nation. It reflects the lessons learned in communities across America. It reflects the goals I have sought to advance in my State of the Union Address, and in speeches across this nation.

Every child in every community must master the basics with national standards in fourth grade reading and eighth grade math. Every child in every community must have the

chance to learn in small classes in the early grades. That is why I have proposed a national effort to hire 100,000 more teachers, so that class size in the early grades will be reduced to an average of 18. Every child in every community should have more public school choice ... and the opportunity to learn in a modern, safe, state-of-the-art school. And no child in any community should be passed from grade to grade without mastering the material. This is the right way to strengthen education in America.

I have often said that there is no problem anywhere in America that hasn't been solved somewhere in America. We will do what we can to shine a spotlight on reforms that work at the local level. Today the Department of Education is releasing a report -- *Turning Around Low-Performing Schools* -- that shows what works: whether it's ending social promotion and starting summer school in Chicago, rewarding teachers who get certified as master teachers in Los Angeles and New York City, or making sure all schools meet high standards of attendance, academic achievement, and student retention in Maryland. The conclusions of this report are plain: When parents and teachers take responsibility, asking more of themselves, their children, and their leaders, then we can replace failure with triumph in the classroom. When our people come together to take responsibility, then no school is a lost cause.

And when communities are willing to take responsibility, then we at the national level also have a responsibility to help. It makes no sense to drown a failing school system with more money. But it makes all the sense in the world to give struggling schools -- schools who want to do the right thing, but need help -- targeted resources to do the job.

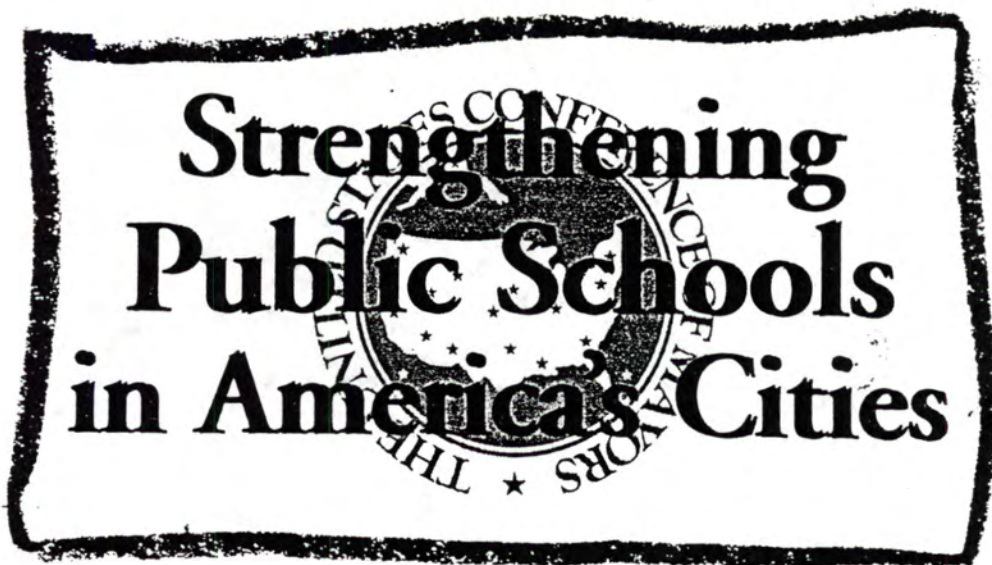
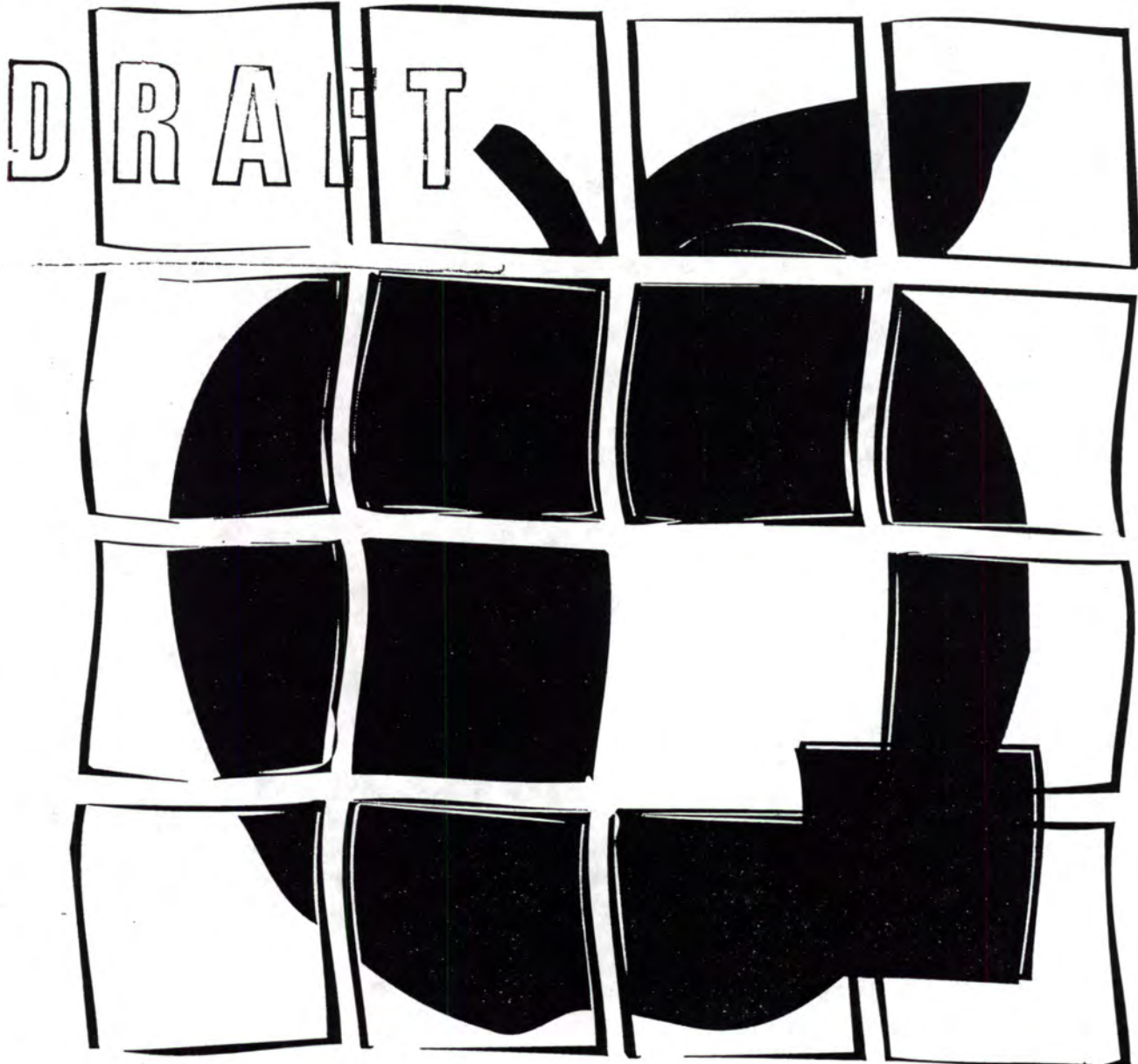
That is why I have proposed a network of Education Opportunity Zones. Today, Senator Kennedy and Rep. Clay will introduce legislation to create these Zones across America, targeting poor urban and rural communities where the schools are often in crisis. They will spread those reforms that work: Higher standards. Recognizing good schools and turning around failing ones. Giving parents more public school choice. Rewarding outstanding teachers, helping weak ones and removing bad ones. Ending social promotion. And making sure that all children get the help they need through after school tutoring and summer school. This bill should be supported by anyone who claims to care about the children who are being failed by our schools. It is the only way we can offer opportunity to -- and demand responsibility from -- all children in all communities, all across America.

There are only a few weeks left in this session of Congress -- only a few weeks left for Congress to make progress on this comprehensive agenda. But so far, the Congress has done nothing, or the wrong thing. Last month, Congress rejected smaller classes, modernized schools, more teachers, and high standards of academic excellence. Instead, they voted for an ill-advised proposal that would begin to siphon resources from the public schools and the 90% of children who attend them.

I ask Congress to join with the mayors, and educators, and parents all across the country who are mobilizing on behalf of our students and our schools. I ask Congress to put

aside partisanship, and return to the common ground of common sense in education. If we do, we can bring true reform to our schools, strengthen our national commitment to public education, and nurture the possibility and promise of all our children.

Thank you for your commitment. And I look forward to your questions.



Mayors Action Plan • May 1998

FOREWORD

The Mayors Conference on Public Schools continues to build upon a series of U.S. Conference of Mayors events focusing on mayoral commitment to public schools.

Mayors recognize the importance of a quality public education system to their cities. A quality system is one of the most important resources a city can offer. To a neighborhood, a well-regarded school can contribute to its stability — retaining existing families in, and drawing new families to the city and enhancing the value of property. A public school can function as the centerpiece of a community — in Chicago, a “lighthouse”, in Boston, building blocks for reform — offering services to the community. The safety and security of an area are enhanced when students are offered options that occupy and continue to educate them — keeping them off the streets and out of trouble.

The economic vitality of a city is linked to the performance of its schools. Well-educated workers contribute to the potential of a city — helping to attract new industry and business and to retain existing employers. When schools are good, students attend — making it possible for them to enter the workforce and pursue further education.

While some public schools provide these opportunities, it is clear that many do not. Although few mayors control their own school system, they have become increasingly involved in efforts to ensure the viability of urban public schools. A progression of meetings has provided forums for mayors to share and develop effective strategies for ensuring the quality of these schools.

At the 1996 Winter Conference of Mayors, a joint meeting was held between the Jobs, Education and Workforce Committee and the Criminal and Social Justice Committee, their focus was on safety in schools. Also in 1996, a meeting held in Denver that codified the issue of education as one of utmost importance to the Conference. That May, a group of mayors, police chiefs and school officials gathered in Denver to discuss school-related public safety problems and efforts to solve them through partnerships. This group drafted an action agenda which became the basis for a resolution adopted at the 1996 Annual Meeting.

This focus was continued under Chicago Mayor Richard M. Daley’s leadership, when he formed the Task Force on Public Schools. Convening in Boston, under Task Force Chair Mayor Thomas M. Menino in April 1997, mayors joined with experts and stakeholders to explore issues ranging from academic standards and business partnerships to the need to support the President’s initiatives on education, including school construction. Finally, under current Conference President and Fort Wayne Mayor Paul Helmke’s leadership, an October 1997 summit between mayors and superintendents was held in Detroit at the Annual Conference of the Council of the Great City Schools.

Interest in a meeting with President Clinton was expressed when The U.S. Conference of Mayors leadership met in Fort Wayne last September. The President agreed to participate in a conference with mayors in the White House during our 66th Winter Meeting, in January of 1998. This document reflects the shared recommendations of mayors, and reflects the ongoing development of mayors as leaders in public education.

The Action Agenda

Mayors: Leaders in Setting the Public School Agenda

- Mayors are uniquely positioned to establish quality public education as the highest priority of a city. Regardless of the degree of control over schools they exercise, they are in a position to focus city government resources on the improvement of the education system. Mayors are in a position to form the coalitions or partnerships among city government agencies, school officials, business leaders, cultural organizations, higher education institutions and community and religious leaders that must work together to support school systems.
- Mayors understand that schools bring economic viability to cities and, therefore, deserve a city's attention and, in turn, necessary resources. Public schools are a city's best economic development tool, and a mayor's leadership can help to leverage these resources.
- Mayors can help with school infrastructure and utility costs, assisting public schools to extend hours and serve as a catalyst to the community.

Ensuring Quality Education: Accountability, Preparation, Class Size, Curriculum

- Maintaining high academic standards requires strict accountability on the part of all school personnel for all school functions, including curriculum development, instruction and assessment.
- Academic standards must not be compromised by allowing student promotion where appropriate achievement is not attained. Mandatory summer school should be for students who do not qualify for promotion at the end of the regular school year. Supplemental programs such as before and after-school programs, tutoring and mentoring should be available to everyone. Consideration must be given to students who drop-out—through alternative schools and other means—ensuring that these children are educated and allowing them to become contributors to society.
- Teachers in urban settings must be specially prepared to work with groups of racially and culturally diverse students and parents. Teachers in these settings must be fairly compensated as part of an overall effort to expose urban students to quality instruction.
- Knowledge of and experience in technology is no longer an “add-on” but an integral part of a student's education. If we are to adequately prepare young people for jobs, careers, and life in the 21st century, we must make sure that our schools are equipped with up-to-date technology and that teachers are appropriately trained.
- Because academic success depends on positive attitudes toward

learning and respect for a disciplined environment, developing these traits in students must be a shared responsibility of schools, parents and the community.

- Early childhood education—provided to all children under five years of age—forms the basis for all future learning. Greater attention to it is the key to avoiding problems during all later stages of development. Investment in early childhood development will lower costs of remedial education and social and legal problems throughout an individual's lifetime.
- Pre-school and kindergarten teachers should work together to ensure the successful entry of children into the school system, and to ensure that children are fully prepared to begin school.
- Greater attention must be focused on the availability and affordability of quality child care. Child care is recognized as a critical component of early childhood development, contributing to readiness for learning, the successful transition to school, and the early involvement of parents in their children's education.
- Mounting evidence shows the connection between good nutrition for children, before and during their hours in school, and academic success. School nutrition programs should be broadly available for hungry children and should be of high quality. Nutrition programs should also be combined with structured out-of-school-time activities that continue the learning process when children are not in school.
- It is critical that reading skills are developed in the early elementary years. All students should read at grade level by the completion of third grade. Greater attention to language development and bilingual education in the early childhood years will help elementary teachers produce these skills in their students.

Mayor's Best Practice: *Richard M. Daley, Chicago*

Chicago's most successful and innovative after school initiative is the Lighthouse program. Lighthouse provides academic support, social activities and a third meal to 112,000 children in 248 schools each day. Lighthouse's results are impressive: 39 of the 40 schools in the project's pilot showed achievement gains in math scores, and 30 of 40 showed gains in reading scores.

The program features:

- one hour of extensive instruction in reading and mathematics
- one hour of social activities
- a third meal
- career education
- physical education and recreational activities
- parental involvement
- community partnerships

Turn to page 6 for more details.

Private Sector Commitment to Improve Schools: Investment, Technology and Marketable Skills

Investment and Technology

- As an incentive to private investment, schools must demonstrate sound management practices. Businesses can help schools do this by funding evaluations, performance reviews, loaned executives, and other direct assistance.
- Businesses should invest in all areas of public education, but specifically those areas that most immediately concern them, such as closing the gap between school and career and supporting new workers on job sites.
- Businesses should move beyond the "adopt-a-school" concept to the kind of substantial investments that affect educational outcomes. Schools in turn must be able to demonstrate the outcomes produced by these investments.
- If students are to be trained on the state-of-the-art equipment in use in the private sector—equipment that school systems generally cannot afford—businesses will have to offer access to it, or provide the technology to schools through wiring, equipment and training.
- Educational foundations can provide a vehicle for small businesses to come together, combining their small, individual investments into more substantial ones.
- The business community must understand that the value of its investment in education goes beyond the adequate preparation of future employees. That investment also strengthens the social fabric of a community.
- Business leaders should be enlisted in city government and school system efforts to eliminate state constitutional and statutory barriers to the best use of available resources to improve the education system. Likewise they should be enlisted in collaborative efforts to obtain increased state and federal funding for education.

Marketable Skills

- Identifying private sector jobs is a priority and securing an adequate number of, and training for, them requires a commitment on the part of employers citywide.
- Job coaches are needed to help young workers succeed in jobs and to increase employers' confidence in the ability of the young workers. Employers must be helped to view schools as a reliable source for entry-level workers.
- Local businesses, especially small businesses, should be engaged in school-to-career efforts. Specific goals in terms of the number of placements should be established in these efforts.
- For school-to-career committees to be effective, most members must be drawn from the business community. Employers should be involved in curriculum development to ensure that courses impart the skills needed for success in jobs.
- In school-to-career programs, job opportunities should be presented to students not as an entitlement but rather as a reward for

good academic performance, good attendance, and other achievements.

- City funds used to purchase goods and services should be used to leverage job opportunities for young people. Similarly, funds for training should be used to leverage jobs.

Mayor's Best Practice: *Thomas M. Menino, Boston*

As part of a five-year plan, Mayor Thomas Menino and Superintendent Thomas Payzant are committed to improving teaching and learning through whole school change and a strong infusion of technology. The Mayor has pledged that there will be one computer for every four students, a computer for every teacher and that every classroom will be wired and have access to the Internet by the year 2001. Along with the necessary infrastructure comes a commitment to professional development and technical and curriculum integration support.

Since the Mayor made his pledge 27 months ago the Mayor and the Boston Public Schools acquired, had donated or created many resources that enabled the Boston Public Schools to lay claim to several national firsts in the area of educational technology including NetDays and Net Year, capital commitment, private sector partnerships, partnerships with foundations, institutions, government agencies, organizations, and a universal fund service.

Turn to page 9 for more details

Community Involvement in Public Schools: Police, Education, Community Organizations

Community Participation

- Schools should serve as institutions which meet a variety of community needs and serve a variety of populations—students, parents, seniors, adults seeking additional education and training. They can provide excellent locations for health clinics, social services agencies, police sub-stations. As community schools—open well beyond the traditional school day—they can both meet students' educational needs and become a focal point for community activities.
- Teachers need support to address the complex social issues facing students. Human services professionals—mental health providers, nutritionists, social workers, and others.—can provide the necessary expertise when placed in schools. Especially in the context of welfare reform, schools should work to ensure that student needs are addressed.
- School efforts to involve families and neighborhoods must recognize that many parents, particularly parents in their teens, need training in parenting skills and adult education. A variety of institutions, including hospitals, should target new parents with information on how to give their children what they need to be ready for school. The business community and police departments should join in city-wide efforts to raise awareness of the need for improved early childhood development. A basic responsibility of city government is to help parents ensure that children will go to school safe, healthy and ready to learn.
- Encouraging parents to play a more pivotal role in and around school buildings will have a positive impact and lasting effect on student achievement and social development. Working in tandem with teachers and youth practitioners, parents—regardless of their education level—can and do play an important role in motivating their children to learn, supervising homework, and exposing their children to new learning opportunities.
- Healthy, supportive learning environments should be available where and when young people congregate, because learning takes place everywhere and all the time. Programs serving youth during out-of-school time should be directly linked to academic performance standards and social development outcomes.
- School systems must acknowledge their responsibilities to the neighborhoods they serve. Failure to maintain school facilities contributes to neighborhood deterioration and lower property values. Poorly maintained buildings and trash-strewn playgrounds lower quality of life for all neighborhood residents.

Safety

- Because the hours between 2:00p.m. and 6:00p.m. are when children are most at risk, programs should be available to provide a safe and healthy environment and one that continues the learning process after school.
- Enforcement of truancy and curfew laws can identify other prob-

lems and needs faced by some young people, address them through referrals to appropriate agencies, and produce greater parental involvement in their children's lives.

- Parents' confidence in school security will affect decisions to remain in a community or to keep their children in public schools. In some instances, police presence in schools may be necessary to give parents confidence that their children are in a safe school environment.
- Providing a safe environment for learning must a priority for public schools. In determining security needs, the role of a police officer in a school will depend on the individual school.
- The presence of police officers in schools can change students' perceptions of police in the larger community, offering students opportunities to interact with police officers in positive ways. This can extend to teachers and police officers jointly teaching classes that may include law-related subjects.
- Students must be helped to understand that the police enforce laws consistently in both school and community settings, and that this extends to a policy of zero tolerance for violence.
- Community confidence in the schools is bolstered by police confidence in the schools. The chief of police, a highly visible position in the city, is among those best able to voice this confidence.
- School policies in areas such as expulsion, suspension, handling of fights and hours of operation should be re-examined in light of their impact on public safety.

Mayor's Best Practice: *Beverly O'Neill, Long Beach*

Long Beach has been a national leader in public school reform and in forging effective school district—city government partnerships. Now in its third year, the Long Beach Unified School District was the first public school system in the nation to require uniforms in all elementary and middle schools. The uniform policy has contributed to a dramatic 71percent reduction in school crime, as well as to the highest rate of student attendance in two decades.

City, community and education leaders have also joined together to create a "Seamless Education Initiative." Coordinated through the non-profit Long Beach Community Partnership, the initiative has brought together educators from the local school district, community college and the university to align standards, course curriculums and assessment methods. The objective is to ensure that students are well prepared to meet the challenges of the next academic level as well as reduce any academic duplication. The initiative has also led to the school district and university working together on a new teacher preparation program.

Turn to page 14 for more details

Federal and State Roles—Ensuring that Federal and State Governments Support City-wide Efforts to Improve Education

- Federal and state funding should reward, not punish, successful efforts to improve education systems. Funding should be available to school systems which are achieving success as well as those which are struggling to overcome problems. Incentive or opportunity grants—such as the President's Education Opportunity Zones Initiative—should be available to individual schools and school districts to assist them in improving academic quality.
- Urban school systems across the nation are struggling to meet the costs imposed by unfunded federal and state education mandates. Because meeting mandate costs makes it impossible to fund the initiatives needed to overcome the special problems of students in urban settings, federal and state education mandates must be accompanied by funding.
- State financing of school districts, based on per capita distribution, generally fails to take into account the special needs of urban systems and the children they serve. In each state, funds must be allocated to urban systems in recognition of the disproportionately high costs they incur in meeting the needs of urban students.
- The principle of direct federal funding of urban education programs to school districts must be incorporated in any future federal funding schemes, such as the block grants which have been proposed.
- Urban school districts have disproportionately inadequate school facilities, which are in varying states of disrepair and which are unsafe for their students. Federal and state funding for public school construction priorities—such as the President's School Modernization legislation—should be made available.
- Because large class size affects the learning environment for students, federal and state funding should assist school districts to hire qualified teachers to reduce class size and ensure quality education for public school students.
- Public education must continue to be available to all children, regardless of their immigration status.

THE Q'S AND A'S
FOR THE MEETING WITH MAYORS ON PUBLIC SCHOOLS
WILL BE FORWARDED

CONFIRMED PARTICIPANTS

White House Event for the Mayors Conference on Public Schools

Mayors

Hon. Jim Baca	(D-Albuquerque, NM)
Hon. Marion Barry, Jr.	(D-Washington, DC)
Hon. Susan Bauman	(NP-Madison, WI)
Hon. Charles Box	(D-Rockford, IL)
Hon. Philip Bredesen	(D-Nashville, TN)
Hon. Brent Coles	(R-Boise, ID)
Hon. Deedee Corradini	(D-Salt Lake City, UT)
Hon. Richard M. Daley	(D-Chicago, IL)
Hon. Ralph Faravelli	(NP-Mountain View, CA)
Hon. Joseph Ganim	(D-Bridgeport, CT)
Hon. James Gatzke	(R-New Berlin, WI)
Hon. Nancy Graham	(R-West Palm Beach, FL)
Hon. Joseph Griffo	(R-Rome, NY)
Hon. Patrick Hays	(D-North Little Rock, AR)
Hon. Paul Helmke	(R-Fort Wayne, IN)
Hon. Willie Herenton, Ph.D.	(D-Memphis, TN)
Hon. David Hollister	(D-Lansing, MI)
Hon. Vera Katz	(D-Portland, OR)
Hon. Scott King	(D-Gary, IN)
Hon. Dannel Malloy	(D-Stamford, CT)
Hon. William May, Jr.	(D-Frankfort, KY)
Hon. Patrick McManus	(D-Lynn, MA)
Hon. Thomas Menino	(D-Boston, MA)
Hon. Milton Milan	(D-Camden, NJ)
Hon. Marc Morial	(D-New Orleans, LA)
Hon. Beverly O'Neill	(D-Long Beach, CA)
Hon. Douglas Palmer	(D-Trenton, NJ)
Hon. Donald Plusquellic	(D-Akron, OH)
Hon. Robin Reeser Lowe	(R-Hemet, CA)
Hon. Richard Riordan	(R-Los Angeles, CA)
Hon. Susan Savage	(D-Tulsa, OK)
Hon. Sharon Sayles Belton	(D-Minneapolis, MN)
Hon. James Sills, Jr.	(D-Wilmington, DE)
Hon. Kirk Watson	(D-Austin, TX)
Hon. Wellington Webb	(D-Denver, CO)

Members of the Cabinet

Hon. Daniel Glickman	Secretary of Agriculture
Hon. Alexis Herman	Secretary of Labor
Hon. Janet Reno	Attorney General
Hon. Richard Riley	Secretary of Education
James Lee Witt	Director, Federal Emergency Management Agency

Other Participants in Mayors Conference (Panel Speakers)

Don Cameron	Executive Director, National Education Association
Sandra Feldman	President, American Federation of Teachers
Hon. Carol Moseley-Braun	United States Senator
Timothy J. McClimon	Executive Director, AT&T Foundation
Libby O'Connell	Vice President for Community Outreach, A&E Network
Waldemar Rojas	Superintendent, San Francisco and President, Council of Great City Schools
Barbara Wheeler	President, National School Boards Association

Other Guests

Brad Allison	Superintendent, Albuquerque Public Schools
Carol Boigon	Manager, Education & Advocacy
Mike Casserly	Executive Director, Council of Great Cities
Thomas Fowler-Finn	Superintendent, Community Schools
Sandra Lockwood	District Board of Education President (Rome, NY)
Michael Mohamad	Vice President for Consumer & On-Air Marketing Arts & Entertainment TV Network
Thomas Payzant	Superintendent, Boston Public Schools
Avis Russell, Esq.	City Attorney (New Orleans, LA)
John Zeglis	AT&T President

U.S. Conference of Mayors Staff

Thomas Cochran, Executive Director
Edward Somers, Assistant Executive Director
Joan Crigger, Assistant Executive Director

May 6, 1998

ARAB AMERICAN LEADERSHIP DINNER

DATE: May 7, 1998
LOCATION: Grand Hyatt Hotel
TIME: 8:15 pm
FROM: Maria Echaveste
Christine Stanek

I. PURPOSE

To acknowledge the contributions of the Arab American community to this country and re-affirm the Administration's initiatives as they relate to the community.

II. BACKGROUND

This is a bi-annual Arab American leadership conference that is hosted by the Arab American Institute. This year it is being held in conjunction with the National Arab American Business Association and the Palestinian American Congress. The conference, "Vote '98: Races and Issues for the Arab American Constituency," is a forum focusing on the Arab American community's participation in this year's elections and the policy issues that impact the community. Arab American leaders throughout the country will be in Washington, DC to attend this conference.

This is the first time in your presidency that you have made a major address to an exclusively Arab American audience. This community is extremely supportive of your education initiative as they view a quality education as the key to their community's success. Their civil rights concerns include harassment by police officers and FBI agents and screening in airports. The Arab American Institute has been extremely active on your Initiative on Race including participating in the White House Hate Crimes Conference and the regional Advisory Board meetings. They are also working with an ethnic coalition that is hosting six regional conferences in conjunction with the PIR on race relations.

This dinner is part of a full weekend of events. On Thursday, the participants will spend the day on Capitol Hill with their members of Congress. There will be a White House briefing on Friday featuring Deputy Attorney General Eric Holder discussing civil rights issues and the NSC discussing foreign policy initiatives.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Greeters:

Samia Farouki, Director, Board of Governors, Arab American Institute
George Salem, Director, Board of Directors, Arab American Institute
Helen Samhan, Executive Vice President, Arab American Institute
John Zogby, Co-Founder, Arab American Institute (Jim's brother)
Malek Abboud, Co-Founder, National Arab American Business Association
Naim Azar, Director, Board of Directors, National Arab American Business Association
Bassam Khawam, Vice President, National Arab American Business Association
Maher Hanania, Director, Board of Directors, Palestinian American Congress
Najat Khelil, Director, Executive Committee, Palestinian American Congress
Fadwa Naji, Vice President, Palestinian American Congress
Samir Mashni, Board of Director, Palestinian American Congress

Stage Participants:

Dr. Jim Zogby, President, Arab American Institute
Elie Abboud, Chairman and President, National Arab American Business Association
Elie was seated at your table for the Leah Rabin\Shimon Peres luncheon
Fuad Ateyeh, President, Palestinian American Congress
Fuad attended your August 6, 1996 Arab American roundtable meeting

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open press

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

YOU will be greeted by Board Members of the three host organizations

YOU proceed to the stage with Jim Zogby, Elie Abboud and Fuad Ateyeh

Jim Zogby will introduce **YOU**.

YOU give brief remarks.

YOU work the rope line and depart.

NOTE: Rev. Jesse Jackson will be making post-dinner remarks but will not be present at the event while you are there.

VI. REMARKS

Provided by speech writing

THE REMARKS
FOR ARAB AMERICAN INSTITUTE CONFERENCE
WILL BE FORWARDED

Friday, May 8, 1998

8:35 AM	Meeting	Distributed Separately
9:30 AM	Tape Radio Address	Tab A
	- Remarks	Tab B
10:05 AM	Meeting	No Paper

Friday, May 8, 1998

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
FRIDAY, MAY 8, 1998**

98 MAY 7 PM 7:19

Final Schedule

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT
HOME: 202-332-5651
OFFICE: 202-456-2823
WHCA PAGER: 4033

EVENT COORDINATOR:

EDWARD PREWITT
HOME: 202-296-4045
OFFICE: 202-456-5330
WHCA PAGER: 4836

PRESS DESK:

JULIA PAYNE
HOME: 703-522-5756
OFFICE: 202-456-2440
WHCA PAGER: 4608

ADVANCE:

GRACE GARCIA
STAFF OFFICE: 43-220
CELL PHONE: 202-757-9077
WHCA PAGER: 4842

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.
*Cloudy with scattered rain showers and
thunderstorms. Winds southeast at 7 to 15
knots. Low 56 to 61. High 66 to 71.*

DOVER, DELAWARE
*Mostly cloudy with scattered rain showers
and thunderstorms by afternoon. Winds
southeast at 7 to 15 knots. Low 55 to 60. High
64 to 69.*

May 7, 1998 (6:37pm)

Friday, May 8, 1998

**Schedule of the President
for
Friday, May 8, 1998
*Final Schedule***

Note: NSC Briefing will be on paper.

Note: Setup for the Radio Address will begin at 8:30 am

8:30	am-	BRIEFING
8:35	am	OVAL OFFICE DINING ROOM Staff Contact: Larry Stein
8:35	am-	MEETING
8:50	am	OVAL OFFICE DINING ROOM Staff Contact: Larry Stein
9:00	am-	MEETING
9:15	am	OVAL OFFICE DINING ROOM Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles
9:15	am-	BRIEFING
9:30	am	OVAL OFFICE DINING ROOM Staff Contact: Ann Lewis, Megan Moloney
9:30	am-	TAPE RADIO ADDRESS
10:00	am	OVAL OFFICE Remarks: Jeff Shesol Staff Contact: Ann Lewis, Megan Moloney
10:05	am-	MEETING
10:25	am	MAP ROOM Staff Contact: Virginia Canter, Capricia Marshall
10:25	am	THE PRESIDENT proceeds to the South Lawn
10:30	am-	OPEN DEPARTURE
10:50	am	SOUTH LAWN

May 7, 1998 (6:37pm)

Friday, May 8, 1998

10:50 am **THE PRESIDENT** departs The White House via Marine One en route Dover Air Force Base Landing Zone
— [flight time: 50 minutes]

11:40 am **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Dover Air Force Landing Zone
OPEN PRESS

Greeters: Colonel Felix Grieder, Wing Commander, 436 Airlift
 Mrs. Donna Grieder
 Governor Tom Carper
 Lieutenant Governor Ruth Ann Minner
 Secretary of State Edward Freel
 James Hutchinson, Mayor, Dover, Delaware
 Robin Christiansen, President, City Council
 Robert McLeod, Kent County Administrator
 Iris Metts, Secretary of Education, Office of the Governor

-- **The President** proceeds to the motorcade through an honor guard.

11:50 am **THE PRESIDENT** departs Dover Air Force Landing Zone via motorcade en route Legislative Hall
[drive time: 10 minutes]

12:00 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Legislative Hall

Greeters: Tom Sharp, Senate Pro-Tem
 Terry Spence, House Speaker

12:05 pm **THE PRESIDENT** proceeds to Governor's Ceremonial Office

12:10 pm-
12:20 pm **PHOTO OPPORTUNITY**
GOVERNOR'S CEREMONIAL OFFICE
Legislative Hall

12:25 pm **THE PRESIDENT**, accompanied by Governor Carper, Senate Pro-Tem Tom Sharp and House Speaker Terry Spence, proceeds to Senate Chambers

May 7, 1998 (6:37pm)

Friday, May 8, 1998

12:30 pm-
1:20 pm

**REMARKS TO THE DELAWARE STATE LEGISLATURE
SENATE CHAMBERS**

— Legislative Hall

Remarks: Jordan Tamagni

Staff Contact: Mickey Ibarra

Event Coordinator: Edward Prewitt

POOL PRESS

Note: There will be approximately 250 people in the audience.

- **The President**, escorted by Senate Pro-Tem Tom Sharp and House Speaker Terry Spence, is announced into Senate Chambers by the Sergeant at Arms.
- While remaining at the top of the aisle, Tom Sharp, Senate Pro-Tem, makes brief remarks.
- At the conclusion of the Senate Pro-Tem's remarks, **the President**, Senate Pro-Tem, and House Speaker proceed to their seats on the dias.
- Lieutenant Governor Minner introduces Governor Tom Carper.
- Governor Carper makes brief remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes remarks.
- **The President** departs the chamber.

1:30 pm-
1:50 pm

HOLD/LUNCH

1:55 pm-
2:00 pm

**POLICE AND DRIVER PHOTOGRAPHS
HALLWAY
Legislative Hall**

2:00 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Legislative Hall through the South Entrance and works a rope line

2:20 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Legislative Hall via motorcade en route Dover Air Force Base
[drive time: 10 minutes]

May 7, 1998 (6:37pm)

Friday, May 8, 1998

2:30 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Dover Air Force Base

— Greeters: Colonel Felix Grieder, Wing Commander, 436 Airlift
 Colonel Tom Keitel, Wing Commander, 512 Airlift

2:35 pm- **BRIEFING AND TOUR OF C-5**
3:00 pm **FLIGHT LINE**

Dover Air Force Base

Staff Contact: Samuel Berger

Event Coordinator: Edward Prewitt

-- **The President** proceeds on board the C-5 and greets the group operation commanders and support personnel.

-- **The President** receives a briefing from Colonel Grieder on Dover Air Force Base operations.

-- **The President** will greet members of C-5 Air Crews prior to departure.

3:05 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Flight Line via motorcade en route
 Hanger 706
 [drive time: 5 minutes]

3:10 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Hanger 706

May 7, 1998 (6:37pm)

Friday, May 8, 1998

3:15 pm-
4:00 pm

REMARKS TO DOVER AIR FORCE BASE PERSONNEL AND FAMILIES

— HANGER 706

Dover Air Force Base

Remarks: David Helprin

Staff Contact: Samuel Berger

Event Coordinator: Edward Prewitt

OPEN PRESS

Note: There will be approximately 2000 people in audience.

- Off-stage announcement of **the President**, accompanied by Secretary William Cohen, Governor Tom Carper, Representative Michael Castle, Colonel Tom Keitel, and Colonel Felix Grieder, to "Ruffles and Flourishes" and "Hail to the Chief."
- Colonel Grieder makes welcoming remarks and introduces Secretary Cohen.
- Secretary Cohen makes brief remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes remarks.
- Upon conclusion of remarks, **the President** works a ropeline and departs.

4:05 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Hanger 706 on foot en route Dover Air Force Base Landing Zone
[walk time: 5 minutes]

4:10 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Dover Air Force Base Landing Zone

4:20 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Dover, Delaware Landing Zone via Marine One en route The White House
[flight time: 50 minutes]

5:10 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives South Lawn

5:15 pm

THE PRESIDENT proceeds to The White House

BC/HRC RON

**THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.**

May 7, 1998 (6:37pm)

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 7, 1998

TAPED WEEKLY RADIO ADDRESS

DATE: May 8, 1998
LOCATION: Oval Office
TIME: 9:30 AM
FROM: Bruce Reed
Megan Moloney

I. PURPOSE

In honor of Mother's Day this Sunday, you will discuss how all Americans must take responsibility for the care of our children -- through protecting child support collection and taking action on child care.

II. BACKGROUND

Your Mother's Day radio address provides an opportunity to focus on child care, urge congressional action, and make two announcements aimed at giving parents greater peace of mind on child care:

- (1) *Background Checks for Child Care Workers:* You will release Department of Justice guidelines for screening child care workers and other caregivers, designed to reduce the incidence of abuse by care providers. This report demonstrates the need for the National Crime Prevention and Privacy Compact, which you transmitted to Congress last fall and which now awaits congressional action. The Compact is designed to facilitate effective background checks on child care providers by eliminating state law barriers to the sharing of criminal history information for non-criminal purposes.
- (2) *Parent Education on Child Care:* You will release two HHS documents: a new guide for parents on what to look for in choosing quality child care, and a report for states on improving child care consumer education.

You will also make a statement on pending bankruptcy

reform legislation and the Administration's opposition to one aspect of a bill in the House of Representatives. Under this provision, certain credit card debts would be nondischargeable under Chapter 7 and thus elevated to the same priority as taxes, educational loans, and child support and alimony. Former spouses could find themselves in competition with large credit card companies to receive their family support. Your advisers recommend strong opposition to this provision; however, such opposition should not be seen as inconsistent with our support for responsible bankruptcy reform.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Briefing (9:15-9:30 am)

The President
Rahm Emanuel
Ann Lewis
Bruce Reed
Jen Klein
Jeff Shesol
Nicole Rabner

Radio Address (9:30 am)

The President
Megan Moloney
Rebecca Cameron
White House Communications Agency (WHCA) Staff
White House Television (WHTV)
White House photographer
Approx. 30 guests (see attached for list)

IV. PRESS PLAN

The ABC, AP, C-CPAN, CBS, NBC/Mutual/Westwood One, NPR, UPI, USA, American Urban Radio and Standard News networks will carry the address in its entirety to their thousands of stations across the country this Saturday at 10:06 AM ET.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Briefing
Deliver Radio Address
Greet Guests

VI. REMARKS

To be forwarded by the Office of Speechwriting

Draft 05/07/98 7:30pm

PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON
RADIO ADDRESS ON MOTHER'S DAY AND CHILD CARE
WASHINGTON, DC
May 9, 1998

Tomorrow is Mother's Day, a special moment to express the gratitude, respect, and love we feel all year round. Our mothers give us life; they offer us unconditional love; they endow us with self-esteem and a generosity of spirit. From our first moments, mothers are our best teachers and most selfless friends. And, like my own mother, whom I miss very much, they rarely ask for thanks. A mother's main wish is to see her children grow up healthy and happy.

Today, I want to talk about a few ways we can give all mothers that peace of mind--whether they work at an office, a factory, a hospital, or at home. To make that tribute to motherhood, we must all take responsibility for the care of our children. For many mothers, peace of mind requires affordable, high-quality child care. Millions of American women, by necessity or by choice, pursue full-time careers outside the home. Three out of five mothers with children under six are attempting this delicate balancing act--between work and home, between one's colleagues and one's kids. It is a difficult decision. And for many low-income families, it is not a decision at all--because quality child care is either hard to find or too expensive to afford.

That's why I have included in my balanced budget a significant new investment in child care. I urge Congress to join me in making child care better, safer and more affordable for those who need it.

To help parents find the best care for their children, I am today releasing a report by the Department of Health and Human Services. It's a consumer's guide to child care quality that recommends four steps for parents: one, interview the potential care givers; two, check references; three, evaluate how the care giver meets your child's needs; and four, stay involved. Because, as Mother's Day reminds us, governments don't raise children; parents do. There can be no substitute for a mother's love or a parent's responsibility.

We, too, in the national and state governments, have a responsibility--to protect America's children from abuse and neglect. Nothing gives mothers peace of mind like the knowledge that their children are in safe hands. Today I am also releasing new Justice Department guidelines for screening child care workers and other care givers; and again I urge Congress to act on a proposal I put forth to facilitate background checks. There is strong bipartisan support for this proposal, and I am hopeful that members of both parties will move quickly to give America's children the care they deserve.

But there is one other thing we must do to protect America's children: fathers must take responsibility. Children deserve to be raised by both parents; and, when that's not possible, fathers must provide the child support that's needed. If fathers simply walk away, mothers and children wind up on the welfare rolls and taxpayers end up paying the bill. That's why my

administration has cracked down on deadbeat dads. Since 1992, we've raised child support collections by 68 percent.

We have worked too hard for too long toughening enforcement of child support laws to let our progress be accidentally undone. But that could happen if Congress goes ahead with one part of bankruptcy reform legislation now under consideration. Under that proposal, when a father declares personal bankruptcy, a mother may have to compete with powerful banks and credit card companies for the money they're owed. We all know who will lose that contest: America's children. Fathers have to step up to their responsibilities and so does Congress. Some changes to the consumer bankruptcy laws are in order, but mothers and children shouldn't have to stand in line for the support they need.

America's mothers hold a special place in our hearts. In return, let us give them the love and respect they have given us. On Mother's Day, we do so with cards and bouquets. But today and every other day, we should also do everything in our power to give America's mothers the peace of mind they so deeply deserve.

Tuesday, May 12, 1998

8:45 AM	Meeting with Congressmen Shays and Meehan	Tab A
10:00 AM	International Crime Statement	Tab B
	- Remarks	Tab C To Be Forwarded
11:00 AM	Working Visit with Khalifa Bin Zayid, Crown Prince of the United Arab Emirates	Distributed Separately

Tuesday, May 12, 1998

8:45 AM	Congressional Meeting	Distributed Separately
10:00 AM	International Crime Statement	Tab A
	- Remarks	Tab B To Be Forwarded
11:00 AM	Working Visit with Khalifa Bin Zayid, Crown Prince of the United Arab Emirates	Distributed Separately

Tuesday, May 12, 1998

8:45 AM	Congressional Meeting	Distributed Separately
10:00 AM	International Crime Statement	Tab A
	- Remarks	Tab B To Be Forwarded
11:00 AM	Working Visit with Khalifa Bin Zayid, Crown Prince of the United Arab Emirates	Distributed Separately

Tuesday, May 12, 1998

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
TUESDAY, MAY 12, 1998

1998 MAY 12 10:00 AM

Final Schedule

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4824

TRIP COORDINATOR:

LAURA GRAHAM

HOME: 703-212-7642

OFFICE: 202-456-2349

WHCA PAGER: 4809

PRESS DESK:

ANNE EDWARDS

HOME: 301-565-3101

OFFICE: 202-456-2921

WHCA PAGER: 4208

ADVANCE LEAD:
(BERLIN)

ROBIN SCHEPPER

STAFF OFFICE: 36-220

CELL PHONE: 0172-642-3843

WHCA PAGER: 5030

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.

*Cloudy with light rain showers and drizzle
ending in the early afternoon. Winds
northeast at 10 to 15 knots, diminishing to 6 to
12 knots in the afternoon. Low 50 to 55. High
58 to 63.*

May 11, 1998 (9:05pm)

Tuesday, May 12, 1998

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
TUESDAY, MAY 12, 1998**

Final Schedule

8:15	am-	MEETING
8:30	am	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles
8:30	am-	BRIEFING
8:45	am	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Larry Stein
8:45	am-	CONGRESSIONAL MEETING
9:30	am	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Larry Stein WHITE HOUSE PHOTO ONLY
9:30	am-	BRIEFING
9:55	am	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Sandy Berger
9:55	am	THE PRESIDENT proceeds to Old Executive Office Building Room 450
10:00	am-	MEET AND GREET
10:10	am	HOLDING ROOM B Old Executive Office Building Room 450 Staff Contact: Samuel Berger

May 11, 1998 (9:05pm)

Tuesday, May 12, 1998

10:10 am-
10:30 am

INTERNATIONAL CRIME STATEMENT
OLD EXECUTIVE OFFICE BUILDING ROOM 450
Remarks: Tony Blinken
Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
Event Coordinator: Laura Schwartz
OPEN PRESS

- The Vice President makes remarks and introduces United States Secret Service Officer Mary Reilly.
- United States Secret Service Officer Mary Reilly makes remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes remarks and departs.

10:45 am-
11:00 am

BRIEFING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Samuel Berger

11:00 am-
11:30 am

**WORKING VISIT WITH KHALIFA BIN ZAYID, CROWN
PRINCE OF THE UNITED ARAB EMIRATES**
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
STILLS ONLY

11:55 am

THE PRESIDENT proceeds to the South Lawn

12:00 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs via Marine One en route Andrews Air Force Base
[flight time: 10 minutes]

Note: The departure is closed to staff and guests.

12:10 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Andrews Air Force Base

12:25 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Andrews Air Force Base via Air Force One en route Berlin Tegel International Airport, Germany
[flight time: 7 hours, 40 minutes]
[time change: +6 hours]

May 11, 1998 (9:05pm)

Tuesday, May 12, 1998

TBD

FOREIGN TRIP BRIEFING (ONE HOUR)

AIR FORCE ONE

Staff Contact: Sylvia Mathews, Samuel Berger

1:45 pm- EST
2:00 pm

BRIEFING

AIR FORCE ONE

2:00 pm- EST
2:20 pm

FOREIGN POLICY PHONE CALL

AIR FORCE ONE

Staff Contact: Samuel Berger

2:05 am
[8:05pm EST]

THE PRESIDENT arrives Berlin Tegel International Airport,
Germany

OPEN PRESS

Note: Germany is six hours ahead of Washington, D.C.

Note: Business attire upon arrival.

Greeters: Ambassador John Kornblum
Ambassador Elder von der Planitz, Chief of Protocol

2:20 am
[8:20pm EST]

THE PRESIDENT departs Berlin Tegel International Airport,
Germany via motorcade en route Intercontinental Hotel
[drive time: 15 minutes]

2:35 am
[8:35 pm EST]

THE PRESIDENT arrives Intercontinental Hotel

BC RON

**INTERCONTINENTAL HOTEL
BERLIN, GERMANY**

May 11, 1998 (9:05pm)

INSERT TO INTERNATIONAL CRIME SPEECH

Before I begin, let me say that I was deeply disturbed by the news that India has conducted a nuclear test. The United States strongly opposes any new nuclear testing. The action by India not only threatens the stability of the region, but directly challenges the firm international commitment to stop the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction. I call on India to immediately announce that it will conduct no further tests and that it will sign the Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty immediately and without condition. I also urge India's neighbors not to follow down the path of a dangerous new arms race.

As you know, our laws have very stringent provisions in response to nuclear tests by non-nuclear weapons states, and I intend to implement those laws fully.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 11, 1998

98 MAY 11 4:50 PM

ROLLOUT FOR THE
INTERNATIONAL CRIME CONTROL STRATEGY

DATE: May 12, 1998

LOCATION: Rose Garden

TIME: 9:45 to 10:30 a.m.

FROM: SAMUEL R. BERGER I. PURPOSE

To unveil the first-ever International Crime Control Strategy, to announce the International Crime Control Act, and to set the stage for the attention crime will receive at the G-8 meeting in Birmingham.

II. BACKGROUND

A major theme of this year's G-8 meeting in Birmingham will be international crime. In addition to the human costs, Americans lose hundreds of billions of dollars to international crime each year. In your speech just prior to departing for Europe, you will announce two major Administration initiatives to address this problem:

- an International Crime Control Strategy you would present as the first-ever comprehensive statement of our government's policies and programs in this area, and
- a proposed International Crime Control Act which would give law enforcement new tools to combat international crime.

International Crime Control Strategy: This report (Tab B) is the first-ever, comprehensive strategy for the battle against international crime. It addresses such issues as drug trafficking, terrorism, money laundering, counterfeiting, illegal alien smuggling, trafficking in women and children, advanced fee scams, credit card fraud, auto theft, economic espionage, intellectual property theft, computer hacking, and foreign corruption. The Strategy is a plan of action containing eight broad goals with thirty implementing objectives. Those goals

include protecting U.S. borders, denying safe haven to international criminals, preventing criminal exploitation of international trade, and fostering international cooperation and the rule of law. The implementing objectives associated with each of the goals are specific, programmatic, and measurable. The Strategy also outlines a number of related initiatives that we will soon undertake. These include producing a comprehensive threat assessment, implementing the OAS treaty against firearms trafficking, and having the Vice President organize an international conference on upholding integrity among justice and security officials. An additional initiative of the Strategy is to propose a new International Crime Control Act.

International Crime Control Act of 1998: The last Congress did not act on an earlier version of this act. Your speech will call on this Congress to pass an updated, expanded version which has been designed to implement key objectives in the Strategy. The Act will close gaps in current federal laws, criminalize new forms of international criminal activity, and promote a strengthening of both domestic and foreign criminal justice systems to respond to the new challenges posed by crime that crosses international boundaries. The Act will substantially improve the ability of U.S. law enforcement agencies to investigate and prosecute international criminals, to seize their money and assets, to stop them from crossing our borders, and to prevent them from threatening Americans and our institutions.

III. PARTICIPANTS

See Scenario

IV. PRESS PLAN

See Scenario

V. SEQUENCE

See Scenario

PLEASE NOTE THAT ALL TIMES ARE TENTATIVE

SCENARIO FOR ICCS EVENT
Oval Office/Rose Garden
May 12, 1998

(9:15 a.m. Guests begin arriving at the East Visitors Entrance and are escorted to their seats in the Rose Garden. Selected Law Enforcement Agency representatives will be escorted on stage and positioned toward the back of the stage.)

9:30 a.m. Pre-brief participants gather in the Oval Office:
President
Vice President
Erskine Bowles
Sandy Berger
Don Kerrick
Jim Steinberg
Leon Fuerth
Richard Clarke
Fred Rosa

9:50 a.m. Pre-brief ends. The President and Pre-brief participants proceed to Room 450 and are seated.

9:55 a.m. The President and Vice President proceed to the Old Executive Office Building, Holding Area B (across from Room 450).

10:00 a.m. The President and Vice President arrive at Holding Area B and greets members of Congress.

10:05 a.m. The President proceeds to Holding Area A (next to Room 450) and greets the twelve individuals, representing numerous Law Enforcement agencies, who will stand behind him on stage. (Agency representatives are then announced on stage).

10:10 a.m. Upon being announced, the President, along with the Vice President and Mary Riley, Secret Service Agent, proceed to their positions on stage.

10:11 a.m. The Vice President welcomes the group with brief remarks, then introduces Mary Riley, Secret Service Agent.

10:14 a.m. Ms. Riley makes remarks (3 minutes), then introduces the President.

10:17 a.m. The President welcomes everyone, recognizes select guests, then continues with remarks.

10:26 a.m. Remarks conclude. The President shakes hands with law enforcement officers positioned behind him on stage, then walks off stage, proceeds to shake hands with select individuals seated in the front rows.

10:30 a.m. The President exits Room 450 and returns to the Oval Office.

execsec/scenario/ICCS51298

International Crime Statement Remarks

will be forwarded

Wednesday, May 20, 1998

9:45 AM	Tobacco Event	Tab A
	- Remarks	Tab B
10:25 AM	Tape Radio Message for Cuban Independence Day	Tab C
	- Remarks	Tab D
10:45 AM	Foreign Policy Phone Call	Distributed Separately
11:15 AM	Military/PPD Photographs	Tab E
6:15 PM	Congressional Meeting	Distributed Separately

Wednesday, May 20, 1998

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
WEDNESDAY, MAY 20, 1998**

Final Schedule

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4824

EVENT COORDINATOR:

LAURA SCHWARTZ

HOME: 202-331-4339

OFFICE: 202-456-5655

WHCA PAGER: 4293

PRESS DESK:

MEGAN MOLONEY

HOME: 301-951-7193

OFFICE: 202-456-5664

WHCA PAGER: 4483

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Partly cloudy. Winds west-northwest at 5 to 10 knots. Low 64 to 69. High 87 to 92.

May 19, 1998 (7:34pm)

**Schedule of the President
for
Wednesday, May 20, 1998
Final Schedule**

9:00 am-
9:15 am

MEETING
MAP ROOM
Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles

9:15 am-
9:45 am

BRIEFING FOR TOBACCO EVENT
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Barbara Woolley
Event Coordinator: Laura Schwartz

9:45 am-
9:50 am

MEET AND GREET
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Barbara Woolley

9:50 am-
10:20 am

TOBACCO EVENT
ROSE GARDEN
Remarks: June Shih
Staff Contact: Barbara Woolley
Event Coordinator: Laura Schwartz
OPEN PRESS

- **The President** and the Vice President, accompanied by Tara Lipinski, Emily Broxterman and 25 children, are announced onto the stage.
- The Vice President makes remarks and introduces Tara Lipinski.
- Tara Lipinski makes remarks and introduces Emily Broxterman.
- Emily Broxterman makes remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes remarks.
- **The President** works a ropeline and departs.

Wednesday, May 20, 1998

10:25 am-	TAPE RADIO MESSAGE FOR CUBAN INDEPENDENCE DAY
10:30 am	OVAl OFFICE
	Staff Contact: Samuel Berger, Megan Moloney
10:30 am-	BRIEFING
10:45 am	OVAl OFFICE
	Staff Contact: Sandy Berger
10:45 am-	FOREIGN POLICY PHONE CALL
11:00 am	OVAl OFFICE
	Staff Contact: Sandy Berger
11:05 am-	MEETING
11:15 am	OVAl OFFICE
	Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett
11:15 am-	MILITARY/PPD PHOTOGRAPHS
12:00 pm	OVAl OFFICE
	Staff Contact: Virginia Apuzzo, Alan Sullivan
12:00 pm-	LUNCH WITH THE VICE PRESIDENT
1:00 pm	OVAl OFFICE
1:00 pm-	PHONE AND OFFICE TIME
5:45 pm	OVAl OFFICE
5:45 pm-	BRIEFING
6:15 pm	OVAl OFFICE
	Staff Contact: Samuel Berger, Larry Stein
6:15 pm-	CONGRESSIONAL MEETING
7:15 pm	CABINET ROOM
	Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
	CLOSED PRESS
7:30 pm-	HOLD
8:30 pm	
BC/HRC RON	THE WHITE HOUSE
	WASHINGTON, D.C.

May 19, 1998 (7.34pm)

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

May 19, 1998

TOBACCO EVENT

DATE: May 20, 1998
LOCATION: South Lawn
BRIEFING TIME: 9:15 am
EVENT TIME: 9:45 am
FROM: Bruce Reed

I. PURPOSE

To endorse Senator McCain's Manager's Amendment and urge the Senate to pass this comprehensive tobacco legislation this week.

II. BACKGROUND

This is an opportunity to applaud the Senate for taking up comprehensive, bipartisan legislation to dramatically reduce teen smoking, and to announce your support for the McCain bill. You will urge the Senate to move swiftly to pass Senator McCain's Manager's Amendment, which is currently before the Senate, and announce that you would be pleased to sign it into law. Specifically, you will announce your strong support for the improvements made to the McCain bill which will help reduce youth smoking and protect the public health.

You will be surrounded by 1400 youth ages 10-14 from the local D.C. area who participate in the National Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids and will be holding a rally to push for tobacco legislation on the steps of the Capitol with Senators McCain and Conrad following this event. Approximately 150 public health advocates, tobacco control advocates, tobacco farmers, and Members of Congress will also be in the audience.

The specific improvements made to the McCain bill that you support, include:

- Tough industry-wide and company-specific surcharges that will finally make reducing youth smoking the tobacco companies' bottom line;
- Protection for all Americans from the health hazards of secondhand smoke in public buildings;

- No antitrust exemption for the tobacco industry;
- Strong licensing and anti-smuggling provisions to prevent the emergence of a contraband market and prosecute violators;
- A dedicated trust fund to provide for a substantial increase in health research funding as we move into the 21st Century, a nationwide counteradvertising campaign to reduce youth smoking, effective state and local programs in tobacco education, prevention, and cessation, law enforcement efforts to prevent smuggling and crack down on retailers who sell tobacco products to children, assistance for tobacco farmers and their communities, and funds for the states to make additional efforts to promote public health and protect children; and
- A higher, \$8-billion-a-year cap on legal damages, which will only be available to tobacco companies that finally change the way they do business, by agreeing to accept sweeping restrictions on advertising, continue making annual payments and lookback surcharges even if those provisions are struck down, make substantial progress toward meeting the youth smoking reduction targets, prevent their top management from taking part in any scheme to promote smuggling, and abide by the terms of the legislation rather than tying it up in court.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Briefing Participants:

The Vice President
Secretary Shalala
Bruce Reed

Event Participants:

The Vice President
Tara Lipinsky, 1998 Gold Medal Figure Skater and Spokesperson for the National Campaign for Tobacco Free Kids.
Emily Broxterman, Campaign for Tobacco Free Kids National Youth Advocate Winner, Overland, Kansas

Meet and Greet Participants:

The Vice President
Secretary Shalala
Tara Lipinsky and family
Emily Broxterman and family
Michael Higgins Regional Youth Advocate Winner from Monroeville, NJ
Deanna Durett, Regional Youth Advocate Winner from Louisville, KY
16 students representing each of the eight schools participating in the event
Bill Novelli, President of the Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids

Matt Myers, Executive Vice President and General Counsel for the Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids

Cass Wheller, Chief Executive Officer, American Heart Association

Marilyn Hunn, Chairman of the Board, American Heart Association

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open Press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- You will briefly meet with members of the Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids.
- You will be announced into the South Lawn accompanied by the Vice President and 20 students from the Campaign for Tobacco-Free Kids.
- The Vice President will make remarks and introduce Tara Lipinsky.
- Tara Lipinsky will make remarks and introduce Emily Broxterman.
- Emily Broxterman will make remarks and introduce you.
- You will make remarks and then depart.

VI. REMARKS

Remarks provided by Speechwriting.

Draft 5/19/98 10 p.m.

PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON
REMARKS FOR TOBACCO-FREE KIDS CAMPAIGN RALLY
THE WHITE HOUSE
MAY 20, 1998

Nearly 35 years ago -- some two decades before most of the children here were even born -- the Surgeon General of the United States sounded an alarm that has only grown louder, clearer and more difficult to ignore with every passing year. The warning: Smoking kills.

And for more than a generation, Americans of all ages and all walks of life have answered that alarm -- fighting tirelessly to conquer this deadly threat and protect the health of our people. In the face of some very powerful opposition, our nation has won victories both large and small -- requiring all cigarette packages to carry warning labels ... prohibiting cigarette advertising on the airwaves ... banning smoking on domestic flights.

Today, we stand on the verge of passing legislation that will do more than ever before to stop the scourge of youth smoking.

This week, the Senate is considering historic comprehensive, bipartisan tobacco legislation, proposed by Senator McCain and Senator Hollings. Over the past few weeks, my administration has worked with Senators in both parties to strengthen this bill -- protecting Americans from the dangers of secondhand smoke in public buildings, dramatically increasing health research and funding a nationwide advertising campaign to tell young people not to smoke, and toughening lookback surcharges to make reducing youth smoking the tobacco companies' bottom line.

This bill includes a significant price increase to discourage youth smoking and affirms the FDA's authority to regulate tobacco products. And I hope that in the next few days, the Senate will make sure we do everything we possibly can to protect tobacco farmers and their communities.

This bill includes another provision -- an \$8 billion annual liability cap that is available only to companies that agree to make sweeping restrictions in youth advertising, achieve dramatic reductions in youth smoking, and comply with this legislation instead of tying it up in court. This provision is controversial to some, but it is there to help achieve our goal, which is to stop kids from smoking ~~in the first place~~. Everybody knows that tobacco advertising lures young people to start smoking, but the First Amendment limits what we can do to stop these harmful practices. Everybody knows that we can pass the toughest law in the world, but we won't achieve our goal ~~of reducing teen smoking and saving millions of lives~~ unless the tobacco companies cooperate in this effort instead of fighting us in court every step of the way. If an \$8 billion annual cap that doesn't prevent anybody from suing the companies and getting whatever damages a jury awards will get tobacco companies to change the way they do business and join

this historic effort to stop teen smoking, it is well worth it for the American people.

I believe this bill is America's best chance to protect the health of our children, to keep them from ever getting hooked on cigarettes in the first place. It is a good, strong bill, and Congress should pass it without delay.

I congratulate every child here for taking responsibility for your own health, for saying "no" to tobacco and "yes" to brighter futures. I wish you well as you make your voices heard on Capitol Hill. Now it is time for America's elected leaders to do our part.

Today, here on the South Lawn, stand America's future. For years, the tobacco companies have looked upon these children and seen the "replacement smokers" of the 21st Century. But I see more than 1,000 unique children who cannot be replaced. I see the scientists and artists; the teachers and Olympic champions; the engineers and leaders of the 21st Century. Everyone of us has the responsibility to make sure these and all children across America have the opportunity to live out their dreams and fulfill their greatest, God-given potential. That is why we must pass this bill.

Today, across America, 3,000 other young people of your generation will take up this deadly habit, and 1,000 young people -- about the number here this morning -- will die early as a result. So when you leave here and go up to Capitol Hill, remind every member of Congress what this legislation is all about. Let this Congress be the Congress that saves those children's lives.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

May 19, 1998

TAPED RADIO ACTUALITY

DATE: May 20, 1998
LOCATION: Oval Office
TIME: 10:25 am
FROM: Megan Moloney

I. PURPOSE

To record an actuality for distribution by Radio Marti in honor of Cuban Independence Day.

II. BACKGROUND

May 20 is Cuban Independence Day. One week ago, measures you announced earlier this year went into effect enabling and encouraging the Administration to conduct a program of support for the Cuban people. These measures include:

-- Resuming licensing direct humanitarian charter flights to Cuba;

-- Establishing new licensing arrangements to permit Cuban Americans and Cuban families living here in the United States to send humanitarian remittances to their families in Cuba at the level of \$300 per quarter; and

-- Streamlining and expediting the issuance of licenses for the sale of medicines and medical supplies and equipment to Cuba.

May 20 is also the day that Radio Marti will begin broadcasts from its new headquarters.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President
Megan Moloney
Jeff DeLaurentis
David Halperin
White House Television (WHTV)
White House photographer

IV. PRESS PLAN

Radio Marti broadcasts seven days a week, 24 hours a day, on medium wave (AM) and shortwave. Broadcasts include news, music, and a variety of feature and news analysis programs. Audience reports based on interviews with Cubans arriving in the United States indicate that Radio Marti is the most popular radio station in Cuba despite the Cuban government's effort to jam it.

The actuality will also be made available to US news organizations and through the White House Press Office Radio Actuality Line. Stations will be notified by fax and e-mail that the actuality is available.

V. REMARKS

To be forwarded by NSC Speechwriting

**PRESIDENT WILLIAM JEFFERSON CLINTON
RADIO ACTUALITY FOR CUBAN INDEPENDENCE DAY
MAY 20, 1998**

Greetings to all listeners of Radio Marti. On behalf of the people of the United States of America, I offer you warmest wishes on this Cuban Independence Day.

The United States is determined to help Cuba achieve a peaceful transition to democracy. As part of our effort, I announced in March that the United States would permit direct humanitarian flights, transfers of money from families in the United States to relatives in Cuba, and streamlined procedures for the sale of medicines to your country. These steps are aimed at building on Pope John Paul's historic visit, increasing humanitarian relief, and supporting the role of the Church and other elements of civil society in Cuba.

We are committed to helping Cuba's courageous democracy and human rights activists as they work for a brighter future. We continue to be concerned about those who languish in Cuban jails. We urge the Cuban government to release all political prisoners and reintegrate them into Cuban society. Cuba will never be free until Cubans are free to speak out and organize for fundamental change.

We send you a message of hope. We must work together to promote freedom in the only country in this hemisphere which does not yet enjoy it. I believe the Cuban people want democracy, and that they will relish it and prosper in every realm – political, economic, and cultural – once they are free.

Before I sign off, let me congratulate the Office of Cuba Broadcasting, home to Radio and TV Marti, as it begins broadcasting from its new headquarters in Miami today. Here, closer to their listeners, Radio and TV Marti will continue to bring information, hope and encouragement to the Cuban people.

Best wishes to all of you, and thank you for listening.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

98 MAY 19 PM 2:16

May 19, 1998

FAREWELL PHOTOS WITH MEMBERS OF
THE WHITE HOUSE MILITARY OFFICE STAFF

DATE: Wednesday, May 20, 1998

LOCATION: Oval Office

TIME: 11:00 a.m.

FROM: Alan P. Sullivan



I. PURPOSE

To thank members of the Military Office staff for their services while assigned to the White House.

II. BACKGROUND

These servicemen and women will either be departing for new assignments or retiring from active duty within the next few weeks.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President
Mr. Alan P. Sullivan
Major Carlton D. Everhart, USAF Duty Military Aide
Departing Military Office personnel (see attached list)

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House Photographer and White House Communications
Agency Camera Crew

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- Service members are held outside the Oval Office
- Each service member will introduce himself/herself to the POTUS who is positioned in front of the Resolute Desk, and a photo will be taken
- Service members will leave the Oval Office as the next member introduces himself/herself

VI. REMARKS

None Required

Attachment

PARTICIPANTS

SPECIAL PROGRAMS OFFICER (1)

CDR Chris Schanze, USN
Kathy Schanze, Wife
Sarah Schanze, Daughter
Kelli Schanze, Daughter

WHITE HOUSE COMMUNICATIONS AGENCY (18)

MAJ James Garrison, USA
1SG Rodney Felder, USA
MSgt Victor Puentes, USMC
SFC Cynthia Polk, USA
SFC Lisa Powell, USA
TSgt Jeffrey Legette, USAF
SSG Robin Willis, USA
SSG Salvador Rivas, USA
SSG Thomas Rulo, USA
SGT Darryl Brown, USA
ET2 Jueles Rogers, USN
Sgt Mathew Raffinbeul, USMC
Cpl Matthew Delleart, USMC
Cpl Timothy Lane, USMC
Cpl Robert North, USMC
Cpl Shawn Tupper, USMC
Cpl Vernon Washington, USMC
Cpl Brian Williams, USMC

AIR FORCE ONE (2)

MSgt Henry Coste, USAF
MSgt Wayne Jordan, Jr., USAF

PRESIDENTIAL CONTINGENCY PROGRAMS (4)

EMC Robert Stuhl, USN
TSgt Timothy Garrett, USAF
TSgt Ronnie Calo, USAF
SSG Derrick Morris, USA

MARINE HELICOPTER SQUADRON ONE (20)

Maj Kevin Kelly, USMC
WO Matthew Smith, USMC
GySgt Hans Heerema, USMC
SSgt Kenneth Blackwell, USMC
SSgt Charles Colon, USMC
SSgt Anthony Daigle, USMC
Sgt Brandon Bristow, USMC
Sgt Michael Sutherland, USMC
Sgt Christopher Garrison, USMC
Sgt William Burnash, USMC

Sgt Justin Pierce, USMC
Sgt Laura Centeno, USMC
Cpl Mary Barber, USMC
Cpl Kevin Early, USMC
Cpl Leslie Jarrett, USMC
Cpl Charley Brough, USMC
Cpl Michael Marchese, USMC
Cpl Eric Bosse, USMC
Cpl Robert Reis, USMC
Cpl Brad Gribben, USMC

CAMP DAVID (14)

Capt Gregory Martin, USMC
LT Daniel Urbine, USN
1stSgt Mark Gordon, USMC
GySgt Michael Barrett, USMC
MS2 Benny Brockington, USN
UT2 Dwight Long, USN
CM3 Thomas Bisel, USN
CECN Benjamin Cook, USN
LCpl Stephen Rye, USMC
LCpl James Trievel, USMC
LCpl Chet Garrison, USMC
LCpl Derek Scharen, USMC
LCpl Jason Schneider, USMC
LCpl Matthew Logsdon, USMC

SPECIAL PROGRAMS OFFICE (1)

CMSgt Joseph Krause, USAF

WHITE HOUSE TRANSPORTATION AGENCY (6)

MSG Rodney Hemphill, USA
MSG Gordon Morgan, USA
SFC Rudolph Cunningham, USA
SFC Richard Smith, USA
SFC Vincent Hasz, USA
SFC Ricky Sims, USA

WHITE HOUSE STAFF MESS (1)

MS2 Antelmo DeLeon, USN

WHITE HOUSE SOCIAL AIDES (3)

Maj Robert Sartor, USMC
Capt Steven Manley, USAF
LT Tri Thomson, USCG

TOTAL 70