

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001. resume	[Personally Identifiable Information] [partial] (1 page)	08/08/1997	b(6)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Staff Secretary
Briefing Books
OA/Box Number: 14583

FOLDER TITLE:

September 3, 1997-September 30, 1997 [binder] [2]

2019-0990-S

rs3492

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
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Friday, September 12, 1997

10:00 AM	Meeting with Hong Kong SAR Chief Executive C.H. Tung	Distributed Separately
11:00 AM	Fast Track Meeting with House Democrats	Tab A
	- Talking Points and Q's and A's	Tab B
	- List of Participants	Tab C
12:20 PM	Meeting with Audrey Tayse Haynes	Tab D
1:00 PM	Surgeon General Announcement	Tab E
	- Remarks	Tab F To Be Forwarded
1:25 PM	Video Tapings	Tab G
	- Scripts	Tab H To Be Forwarded
	- Conferences on Schools	
	- Conference on Harassment	
	- Cancer Fundraising	
	- Painters and Trades Seminar	
	- New Allen A.M.E. Cathedral	
	- Barry Fey Retirement Dinner	
	- Tribute to Ted Turner	
	- NBC "Hang Time" PSA	
	- Happy Birthday to "Hotline"	
	- Evans & Novak Anniversary	
4:45 PM	Tobacco Meeting	Tab I To Be Forwarded
6:00 PM	Tape Radio Address	Tab J
	- Remarks	Tab K To Be Forwarded
Optional: Between 7:00 PM- TBD	Phil Lader Dinner	No Paper

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

FOR

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1997 '97 SEP 11 PM6:37

FINAL

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4033

PRESS DESK:

JEREMY GAINES

HOME: 202-362-5475

OFFICE: 202-456-5771

WHCA PAGER: 4194

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Mostly cloudy with scattered showers, ending by the evening. Becoming partly cloudy in the evening.

Wind south to southwest at 5 to 10 knots.

High 75 to 80.

Low 60 to 65.

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1997
FINAL**

8:30 am- 9:15 am	HOLD RESIDENCE Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett
9:20 am- 9:35 am	MEETING OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles
9:35 am- 10:00 am	BRIEFING OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Sandy Berger
10:00 am- 10:30 am	MEETING WITH HONG KONG, SAR CHIEF EXECUTIVE C. H. TUNG OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Sandy Berger STILLS ONLY
10:35 am- 11:00 am	BRIEFING OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: John Hilley
11:00 am- 12:00 pm	CONGRESSIONAL MEETING CABINET ROOM Staff Contact: John Hilley CLOSED PRESS
12:15 pm- 12:20 pm	MEETING OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett
12:20 pm- 12:25 pm	MEETING OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Maria Echaveste
12:25 pm- 12:55 pm	BRIEFING OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Thurgood Marshall, Jr., Bruce Reed

1:00 pm-
1:15 pm

ANNOUNCEMENT

OVAL OFFICE

Remarks: Lowell Weiss

Staff Contact: Thurgood Marshall, Jr., Bruce Reed

Event Coordinator: Karen Finney

POOL PRESS

- The Vice President makes brief remarks and introduces **the President.**
- **The President** makes brief remarks.
- David Satcher makes remarks.

1:15 pm-
1:25 pm

BRIEFING

ROOSEVELT ROOM

Staff Contact: Laura Schwartz

1:25 pm-
1:55 pm

VIDEO TAPINGS
ROOSEVELT ROOM
Staff Contact: Laura Schwartz

- **Message for the Department of Education's Conference on the President's Call to Action for American Education**
Staff Contact: Bruce Reed
- **Message for the Northwest Coalition Against Malicious Harassment Conference**
Staff Contact: Maria Echaveste
- **American Cancer Society National Fundraising Kickoff Conference**
Staff Contact: Maria Echaveste, Barbara Woolley
- **Message for the International Brotherhood of Painters and Allied Trades Educational Seminar**
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
- **Dedication of the New Allen A.M.E. Cathedral**
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
- **Barry Fey Retirement and Appreciation Dinner**
Staff Contact: Mack McLarty
- **Message for United Nations Association of the USA Honoring Ted Turner**
Staff Contact: Mike McCurry
- **PSA for NBC's Childrens Television Show "Hang Time"**
Staff Contact: Mike McCurry
- **Greeting for the 15th Anniversary of Evans and Novak**
Staff Contact: Mike McCurry, Laura Schwartz
- **Happy Birthday Message for The Hotline**
Staff Contact: Mike McCurry

2:00 pm-
4:45 pm

PHONE AND OFFICE TIME
OVAL OFFICE

4:45 pm-
5:45 pm

TOBACCO MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Bruce Reed

5:45 pm-
6:00 pm

BRIEFING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Ann Lewis, Brenda Anders

6:00 pm-
6:30 pm

TAPE RADIO ADDRESS
ROOSEVELT ROOM
Staff Contact: Ann Lewis, Brenda Anders

EVENING OFF

BC RON

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

HRC RON

TAJ BENGAL HOTEL
CALCUTTA, INDIA

'97 SEP 11 162 PM 8:51

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

FAST TRACK MEETING WITH
SELECTED MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE

DATE: September 12, 1997

LOCATION: Yellow Oval Room

TIME: 11:00 a.m. -12:00 p.m.

FROM: SAMUEL BERGER
GENE SPERLING
DANIEL K. TARULLO
JOHN HILLEY
JAY BERMAN
VICTORIA RADD *VR*

I. PURPOSE

To make our affirmative case for fast track to undecided Democratic House members.

II. BACKGROUND

This is the third meeting you are holding with House Democrats who we feel can be persuaded on fast track, plus some supporters. As with the first two meetings, we recommend your message be built around three themes.

1. Optimism/Future v. Pessimism/Past: This issue is at the center of our national debate about our future: whether we will meet the challenge to compete and win, or whether we will convince ourselves - against the evidence - that we should not move forward. Trade expansion has been a key element of a forward-looking economic strategy that has created nearly 13 million jobs, brought core inflation to a 30-year low and created sustained economic growth.

2. American Leadership: As we enter the 21st Century, we need to be in front of world trade opening efforts, not lagging behind and losing market opportunities. The world is watching. If we don't act, others will.

3. Important Market Opening Opportunities: Fast track is the tool for eliminating foreign barriers, whether through sectoral agreements (e.g., medical equipment, environmental technology, agriculture), continuing regional processes in Latin America or Asia or eliminating global barriers in the WTO. This is not a referendum on NAFTA, as some suggest. It

is about a far different agenda: eliminating foreign barriers worldwide, which are much higher than ours.

As you know, we are currently in the process of persuading key Democrats (notably Daschle and Rangel) to be as supportive as possible, before we formally introduce legislation. Daschle has presented us with a list of steps (some in the bill, some outside it) that would demonstrate a commitment on labor/environment. We are engaging him and are hopeful of gaining his support. Rangel is threatening next week to introduce separate Democratic legislation that would embrace Gephardt's approach on labor/environment and add a jobs bill for U.S. workers. We are pressing him to forbear. Obviously, we need to attract them while ensuring sufficient Republican support to move forward.

If asked about labor/environment, we recommend you make the following points: 1) restate your commitment to pursuing an aggressive agenda on international worker rights and environmental protection; 2) indicate frankly that we need both to preserve your capacity to pursue that agenda but also assemble a bipartisan majority for this bill; and 3) remind them that trade agreements are but one way to make progress with countries, citing labor/environment side agreements, work in multilateral institutions (ILO, WTO) and other methods - and that we will use a broad range of tools to make progress.

If asked when we will introduce a bill, we recommend you say "soon" but avoid giving a date. A deadline would only work against us if events prevent us from meeting it.

Finally, there is increasing pressure for a "Democratic" bill. We urge you to resist that. It would likely stall the process and make it impossible to secure passage this year. Instead, encourage them to work with you in fashioning an approach that incorporates Democratic values.

III. PARTICIPANTS

See Tab C.

IV. PRESS PLAN

None

V. SEQUENCE

We recommend you open with brief remarks (attached), introduce Jay Berman and Vicki Radd, then open the floor for discussion.

Attachments
Points to be Made
Q's and A's
Participants

POINTS TO BE MADE FOR MEETING ON
FAST TRACK

Introduction

- I want to talk with you about why it is in our nation's interest to renew fast track trade negotiating authority. Before I begin, let me introduce Jay Berman and Vicki Radd, who will be leading our effort. Their appointment underscores the high priority I attach to this issue. It is one of the most important votes you will cast this year. In fact, when we look back, I think it will be one of the most important decisions we will make this decade.

Optimism/Future v. Pessimism/Past

- This issue is at the heart of our effort to define America's future. It tests whether we will confidently meet the challenge to compete and win in the global economy, or whether we will convince ourselves - against the evidence - that we should not move forward. As President, I have tried to adopt a forward-looking economic strategy that guides our country into the 21st Century. And it is clear to me that international trade is central to that strategy:

- Over the next decade, the economies of Latin America and Asia are expected to grow at three times the rate of the U.S. economy. Over the past four years, one-third of our economic growth came from trade. In a world where over 96 percent of the world's consumers live outside the U.S., we must export to sustain growth at home.

Our strategy has made the American economy the envy of the world. We are perfectly positioned to seize these trade opportunities.

- We have enjoyed the longest period of sustained growth of all of our G-7 partners - seven years as of last March. We have created 12 million net new jobs, more than all of the other G-7 countries combined. The unemployment rate is below 5%, the lowest in over 23 years.
- We are once again the world's largest exporter, the largest producer of semiconductors, the largest producer of automobiles. Independent studies have found America to be the most competitive economy in the world for the past five years. No country in the world is better positioned to compete.

Global Leadership

- To continue that record, I need the authority to continue opening markets. Without it, America will not maintain its leadership position in world trade and a critical part of our

economic expansion will stall. We must be in front of market opening efforts, not lagging behind and losing opportunities.

- Let's not kid ourselves - if we don't act, others will.
 - Since 1992, in Latin America and Asia alone, other countries have reached more than 20 preferential trade agreements without us.
 - Today every major economy in this hemisphere has a preferential trade deal with Chile, except the United States. Chile has an 11% across-the-board tariff that these countries are eliminating for their products. That means every time an American company competes to sell to Chile, it will face an immediate 11% cost disadvantage compared to its Canadian competitor.
 - The EU, China and others are on the move. The EU has begun a process to reach a free trade agreement with Brazil, Argentina and other MERCOSUR countries. President Chirac has declared "the future of the region rests with Europe, not the United States." China has targeted Mexico, Argentina, Brazil, Chile and Venezuela as "strategic priorities" in Latin America.

Significant Market Opportunities

- The potential gains are great, if we seize them. If you give me the authority, we will attack foreign trade barriers on a number of fronts:
 - Sectoral Agreements: We would negotiate agreements in sectors where the U.S. is most competitive. The recent Information Technology Agreement, for example, eliminated tariffs and unshackled \$500 billion of trade in semiconductors, computers, telecommunications equipment and software, amounting to a \$5 billion tax cut in tariffs on American exports. With fast track authority, I can tear down more barriers in areas like medical equipment and environmental technology, where America leads the world.
 - Latin America/Caribbean: This area was the fastest growing market for U.S. exports in 1996. If trends continue, Latin America and the Caribbean will exceed the EU as a destination for U.S. exports by 2000 and exceed Japan and the EU combined by 2010. We remain committed to the Free Trade Area of the Americas process. Chile would be our first step in this process.
 - Asia: Contains the fastest growing economies in the world, with nearly 3 billion people. Forecasters expect real growth of 6-7% annually for the next 15 years. In APEC, we are working to reach agreements in key sectors

that could open these markets to America's most competitive products. Without fast track, that process will come to a halt.

- Global: Over 50 years of persistent American leadership has helped bring down global tariffs from an average of 40% at the end of World War II to about 5% today, leading to a 90-fold increase in global trade. Upcoming WTO talks on agriculture can help us cut barriers and subsidies in the \$526 billion global farm market. We can eliminate barriers to services trade, a \$1.2 trillion global market, where U.S. firms had a surplus of \$74 billion in 1996.

Conclusion

- We face a critical choice. We can recognize that the American economy is the model for the world, continue to open foreign markets and seize the initiative. Or we can convince ourselves that we are on the wrong track, that we cannot succeed and that we should not move forward. Years from now, we will either proudly recognize that we saw our opportunities and we took them. Or we will have become paralyzed by indecision, squandered our strong competitive advantage and let others seize the initiative. The choice is that clear - and that important. I ask you to support me on this critical issue.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS
FAST TRACK MEETING

LEGISLATIVE PROCESS

Q: When will you introduce a bill?

A: We need to introduce a bill soon if we want to enact legislation this year. But we also need to get good bipartisan support at the outset to ensure this has a good lift-off. I don't want to set a specific deadline - because that can become a liability - but we need to introduce a bill soon.

Q: What will the Administration's bill do about incorporating labor/environment provisions in future trade agreements?

A: I share your concerns about labor and environmental issues. We must remain committed to promoting worker rights and ensuring that economic growth is not at the expense of the environment. I have done more than any other President to promote these issues - and I will continue to do so.

The challenge here is to ensure we can continue to press these concerns, while assembling a majority to pass this fast track bill. I have many tools at my disposal - whether its labor/environment side agreements or pressing for action in global organizations, like the WTO or the ILO. The important thing is that we be able to move this agenda forward effectively.

We continue to consult on how best to do that. But let me emphasize one point: failing to engage these countries will not improve their worker rights or the environment. These countries will advance economically, whether or not we negotiate trade agreements with them - and other countries won't be as concerned about their labor or environmental protection. By leading the world, we have a far better opportunity to promote our values than by disengaging.

Q: We think we need a Democratic bill that reflects our values? Why shouldn't we do that?

A: I think our bill and our approach will reflect Democratic values. I strongly prefer you work with me to fashion a bill we can all support - and has a better chance of passage.

NAFTA

Q: Some say this debate is not about NAFTA. But NAFTA is relevant to fast track. NAFTA has cost us over 400,000 jobs. Our trade surplus has turned into a deficit. If NAFTA was a

failure, why should we extend it to the rest of the hemisphere and beyond?

A: The critics are wrong. The best information available indicates that NAFTA has had a positive effect on jobs, creating 90,000 to 160,000 jobs in trade with Mexico alone. The trade deficit with Mexico was caused by Mexico's peso crisis and the recession, not NAFTA.

If anything, the trade deficit would have increased further if it were not for NAFTA. When Mexico had its last financial crisis in 1981-82, it imposed 100% duties on American products, U.S. exports fell in half and it took 7 years for us to recover to 1981 levels. This time, Mexico continued to reduce its tariffs as required by NAFTA (even though it raised on them on our competitors). U.S. exports recovered to pre-recession levels in 18 months, protecting the 750,000 jobs dependent on those exports. A Federal Reserve of Dallas study concluded U.S. export growth was 7% higher than it would have been absent NAFTA.

Q: NAFTA was supposed to have improved labor/environment conditions on the border, but it hasn't. In fact, the problem is worse.

A: The problems along the border existed before NAFTA and they won't be solved overnight. But NAFTA has given us better progress and cooperation than we would have had without it. There are clear signs of improvement:

- From 1993 to 1996, Mexico increased its budget for enforcement of labor laws by 250%.
- The overall rate of occupational injuries and illnesses fell from 47 per thousand in 1994 to 33 per 1000 in 1996.
- Mexico has seen the number of environmental violations dropping; with a 72% reduction in serious violations in the maquiladora industry from 1993 to 1996; and a 43% increase in the number of maquiladora facilities in complete compliance.
- The NAFTA institutions financing border cleanup projects have certified 16 projects, including infrastructure projects costing nearly \$230 million.

Q: Opponents have successfully made this a referendum on NAFTA. How do I refute that?

A: I think NAFTA's been good for this country. But no matter what you think, this is not about NAFTA. It's about the global trading agenda I outlined.

- Our competitors would like nothing better than to have us rehash the NAFTA debate for four years, while they seize new market opportunities.
- Inaction will simply let foreign barriers stand. When we reach these trade agreements, we give up very little, while other countries give up far more. When the Uruguay Round is phased in, our tariffs will average only 2.8%. Other countries are far higher: India (31%); Thailand and Turkey (26%); Chile and Indonesia (11%). Becoming mired in a debate about NAFTA won't level the playing field.

Q: NAFTA has diverted investment from the U.S. to Mexico. It was an investment agreement, not a trade agreement.

A: No. U.S. foreign direct investment in Mexico averaged \$3.1 billion in 1994-96, little changed from the \$2.5 billion the year before NAFTA took effect. The \$3.1 billion was less than 0.3% of gross private fixed investment in the U.S. in 1996. The Big 3 invested \$39 billion in the U.S. economy in the last three years, only \$3 billion in Mexico.

Q: U.S. companies use the threat of relocation to Mexico to jawbone down the wages of America's workers. That will just happen over and over again if we reach more free trade agreements.

A: The fact is that NAFTA makes it more attractive to stay in the United States. Before NAFTA, U.S. exports faced an average 10% tariff when sending U.S.-made goods to Mexico. They had restrictions that basically forced us to locate car production down there if we wanted to sell in their market. NAFTA eliminates all of this - and will eliminate only a 2% average tariff on products coming here.

If we let other countries reach trade agreements, while we sit on the sidelines, it will make it even more attractive for U.S. companies to move offshore. If Brazil has eliminated all tariffs it faces in this hemisphere - and we still face high tariffs - U.S. companies have one more incentive to move offshore. If we want to keep jobs here, we should eliminate trade barriers for U.S.-made products.

Trade Generally

Q: Why should we reach trade agreements with low wage countries? How can U.S. workers compete against foreign workers earning a fraction of U.S. wages?

A: The fact is that U.S. workers do compete successfully with low wage countries. In the last 10 years, U.S. exports to low-wage countries have risen 240%, while exports to high wage countries are up just 140% and domestic sales by 75%. Exports to low wage countries now account for 42% of total U.S. exports. And these are good jobs. Wages for export-related jobs pay 13-16% more than the national average.

Competition from low wage countries does create competitive pressures in industries where skills and productivity are lower, but most such jobs don't compete with imports. In fact, imports from non-oil developing countries account for only 4% of U.S. spending and has grown only 1.5% during the past decade.

For those workers who are affected, we need to maintain our commitment to education and worker retraining. That's why I have made them a priority. It must be part of a complete strategy to prepare us for global competition.

Q: The U.S. trade deficit has hurt the U.S. economy and cost American jobs.

A: It's hard to argue that the trade deficit is devastating the U.S. economy. We are growing at a steady pace of about 3% per year over the past five years, unemployment is at a 23 year low, income levels are rising and exports are at record levels.

But one way to attack the deficit is to break down foreign barriers - and I can't do that unless I have fast track authority.

Hill Participants

Representative Chris John
Representative Bob Wigin
Representative Brad Sherman
Representative Jim Turner
Representative Alan Boyd
Representative Carolyn McCarthy
Representative Robert Wexler
Representative Karen Thurman
Representative Earl Palmeroy
Representative Juanita
Millender McDonald

Administration Participants

The President
Vice President
Secretary Rubin
Secretary Glickman
Secretary Daley
Ambassador Barshefsky
Erskine Bowles
Sandy Berger
Daniel K. Tarullo
Gene Sperling

John Hilley
Mack McLarty
Jay Berman
Vicki Radd
Susan Brophy
Bob Kyle
John Podesta/Sylvia Mathews

September 11, 1997

MEET NEW WOMEN'S OFFICE DIRECTOR

DATE: September 12, 1997
LOCATION: Oval Office
TIME: 12:20 - 12:25pm
FROM: Maria Echaveste
Sylvia Mathews

I. PURPOSE

To introduce you to the new director of the Women's Office.

II. BACKGROUND

At your request, time has been set aside for you to meet Audrey Tayse Haynes, the new director of the Women's Initiatives and Outreach Office. Her first day was this past Monday.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Audrey Tayse Haynes
Maria Echaveste
Sylvia Mathews

IV. PRESS PLAN

Closed

V. REMARKS

No prepared remarks

VI. ATTACHMENTS

Resume of Audrey Tayse Haynes

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

Clinton Library

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001. resume	[Personally Identifiable Information] [partial] (1 page)	08/08/1997	b(6)

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AUDREY TAYSE HAYNES*Residence:*

438 Schofield Lane/P.O. Box 168
Frankfort, KY 40602
502-227-7049
fax: 502-223-1257

Business:

Cabinet for Health Services
275 East Main Street
Frankfort, KY 40621
502-564-7130

(b)(6)

Professional Experience**Appointee of the Honorable Paul E. Patton, Governor, Commonwealth of Kentucky**
November 1996 - Present

Currently serving as **Deputy Secretary of the Cabinet for Health Services**: Assist Cabinet Secretary with the administration of a \$2.5 billion budget which includes our state's medicaid program, public health system, mental health/mental retardation/substance abuse system and the regulation of Kentucky's health care providers.

Also served as **Chief of Staff for Lieutenant Governor Stephen L. Henry, M.D.** and advisor to Governor during two special legislative sessions: November 96' - reforming the Workers Compensation system; and May 97' - reforming the state's higher education system. Other principal responsibilities included management of: personnel; all public policy issues involving the Office of the Lieutenant Governor; day-to-day operations including constituent requests; and oversight of activities at the Lt. Governor's official residence. Chief liaison to all members of the Governor's Cabinet, elected Constitutional officers and legislators, while serving as primary political advisor to the Lt. Governor.

Executive Director of Business and Professional Women/USA and the Business and Professional Women's Foundation, Washington, D.C.*August 1993 - October 1996*

Served as chief executive officer responsible for the effective operation of Business and Professional Women USA and the Business and Professional Women's Foundation in order to achieve BPW's mission, "Equity for all women in the workplace through advocacy, education and information." Principal responsibilities included:

- **Administration** - responsible for the successful financial (over \$4 million budget) and personnel (27-30 professional staff) management of the Federation and Foundation, as well as the negotiation and proper administration of the collective bargaining agreement between BPW/USA and the Service International Union. Reported to a 67-member national board of directors.
- **Public Policy** - directly accountable for implementation of mission statement and national legislative platform through active support of specific public policy initiatives in all U.S. congressional districts. Provided testimony before congressional committees on issues important to working women and families.
- **Development** - obtained record levels of financial resources on behalf of the Federation and Foundation through members and corporations.
- **Membership** - responsible for administering membership services to over 70,000 members in 2,600 local organizations and 53 state organizations.

- **Education and Training** - responsible for the development of resources and programs to support issues management at the local, state and national levels. Planned, promoted and hosted an annual national conference for 2000 attendees and an annual public policy conference for 300 attendees. Assisted in the planning of 53 annual state conventions.
- **Communications** - responsible for the successful public relations and marketing of the Foundation and Federation as well as the publication of the national magazine, *National Business Woman*, in addition to serving as national spokesperson for the organization with national press outlet, i.e., television, radio and newspaper/magazines across the country.
- **Collaboration** - responsible for the successful coordination of activities between BPW/USA, the White House, Congress and the business community.

BPW/USA was founded in 1919 and is the leading advocate for working women. BPW's Foundation, established in 1956, collects, conducts, and analyzes research on issues affecting women in the workplace while providing financial assistance for women to further their education. The foundation, has awarded over \$5 million in scholarships and loans to some 7,000 women who need additional skills to advance in their careers or re-enter the job market.

Executive Director of the Kentucky Literacy Commission

February 1989 - August 1993

Duties included the management of all administrative, public relations and policy functions of the Kentucky Literacy Commission, a 32-member board appointed by the Governor of Kentucky. Responsibilities included but were not limited to:

- Secured funding sources to modernize the computers in all local adult literacy programs;
- Administration of a balanced budget;
- Provision of matching grants to local literacy providers in all 120 Kentucky counties;
- Recruitment and training of thousands of volunteer tutors and board members while serving record numbers;
- Extensive communication with local literacy providers, local board members, Commission members;
- Soliciting of private and corporate funds via grant writing and special events;
- Public relations: speeches, radio, television, and newspapers;
- Collaboration with multiple public and private providers;
- Plan, promote, and conduct annual conferences;
- Participation in research and other data collection projects;
- Supervision of staff.

Also served as chief executive to the Kentucky Foundation for Literacy, Inc., a private partner of the Kentucky Literacy Commission governed by a separate board of directors. Duties primarily included the coordination of fund-raising events and grant writing.

Director of Human Resource Development for the Kentucky Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation, Cabinet for Human Resources

October 1986 - January 1989

Appointed by the Commissioner of Mental Health and Mental Retardation. Duties included supervision of staff; coordination of training for the Department, consisting of over 3,000 employees in 11 hospitals, 14 regional community mental health centers, and universities. Conducted research projects as needed for program. Designed curriculum and organized training events. Coordinated regional and statewide conferences.

**Director of Prevention and Training Programs at Training and Development Resources,
Lake Cumberland Mental Health/Mental Retardation Board, Inc.**

August 1982 - October 1986

Responsibilities included: planning, designing, implementing and coordinating programs for schools, civic clubs, student assistance programs, and employee assistance programs. Presented thousands of programs with students and adults on lifestyle-related topics. Supervised staff in a ten-county area. Planned and coordinated local, regional, state, and national conferences. Marketed and managed employee assistance program contracts with business and industries. Other types of industrial contracts included Health Promotion/Wellness Programs, and Employee Training Programs.

Chemical Dependency Counselor

December 1978 - August 1982

Responsibilities included individual, group, and family counseling, liaison to the courts, and community education with the Lake Cumberland MH/MR Board, Inc., Somerset, Kentucky.

Educational Background

University of Kentucky, Lexington, Kentucky

Masters of Social Work, 1985 (full-time student and full-time professional)

Spalding University, Louisville, Kentucky

Bachelor of Science, Social Work, 1983 (full-time student and full-time professional)

Adair County High School, Columbia, Kentucky

High School Diploma, 1977

Honors/Appointments

- Appointed in 1996 by the President of the United States and confirmed by the U.S. Senate to serve a three-year term on the advisory board of the National Institute of Literacy.
- Appointed by Governor Wallace G. Wilkinson and confirmed by the Kentucky House and Senate to serve on the Kentucky Board for Elementary and Secondary Education to oversee the implementation of the landmark 1990 Kentucky Education Reform Act, 1991-1992.
- Presented the "Martha Wilkinson Education Award" (named for former First Lady) by Kentucky Democratic Women's Club for outstanding leadership in the field of education, 1992.
- Member, Board of Trustees, Kentucky School Board Association Foundation, 1992 - present.
- Member, Board of the National Committee on Pay Equity, 1994 - 1996.
- Member of Board of Directors, Wider Opportunities for Women, 1996 - 1997.
- Member, National Steering Committee, Laubach Literacy/USA, 1993 - present.
- Outstanding Young Careerist, BPW/KY, 1983.
- Named to Kentucky Women's Leadership Network, 1993-94.
- National Leadership Trainer, BPW/USA, 1986, 1987, 1988.
- Member, National Planning Committee, The Summit on Women, Literacy and the American Workplace, 1995.

Other Affiliations

Member, Democratic National Committee Women's Leadership Forum, 1994.

Member, Kentucky Democratic Women's Club

State Chair of Ways & Means, 1991-1992, served on local committees.

Personal

Married to Michael D. Haynes, State Director of the Kentucky Youth Association/State YMCA.
Small business owner for eight years, Kelley's Garden Café, Frankfort, KY.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 11, 1997

ANNOUNCEMENT OF SURGEON GENERAL NOMINEE

DATE: September 12, 1997
LOCATION: Oval Office
BRIEFING TIME: 12:35 pm - 12:55 pm
EVENT TIME: 1:00 pm - 1:15 pm
FROM: Bruce Reed/Chris Jennings

I. PURPOSE

To announce your nomination of Dr. David Satcher to be both Surgeon General and Assistant Secretary for Health at HHS.

II. BACKGROUND

Dr. Satcher is currently the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), where he has spearheaded efforts to promote critical public health issues such as improving food safety, reducing infectious diseases, increasing childhood immunization levels to record highs and reducing vaccine preventable childhood diseases to all-time lows, and expanding access to breast and cervical cancer screening. Dr. Satcher's experience as a physician, a scholar, and a public health leader of national stature makes him uniquely qualified for this dual role.

Dr. Satcher has been serving as Director of the CDC for the last four years. Prior to this, Dr. Satcher served as President of Meharry Medical College in Nashville, TN and professor and chairman of the Department of Community Medicine and Family Practice at the Morehouse School of Medicine in Atlanta, GA, where he distinguished himself as one of the nation's preeminent experts on minority and community health issues.

Some of the issues that may be raised surrounding this nomination include:

- Needle Exchange Programs: Dr. Satcher supports the Administration's position on needle exchange programs. Currently, there is a Congressionally imposed ban on federal funding of needle exchange programs unless the Secretary of HHS determines that certain conditions have been met. HHS is still examining this issue.

Dr. Satcher also supports the Administration's position, which was summarized in

Secretary Shalala's February 1997 Report to Congress, that needle exchange programs can be an effective component of a comprehensive strategy to prevent HIV.

- Distribution of Condoms: Dr. Satcher believes that the issue of distributing condoms to children through schools is a matter for local school boards and parents to decide. In dealing with the issue of HIV, the CDC does provide financial and technical support to every state education agency to plan and implement programs that assist students in learning how to protect themselves from HIV -- some of which could be used on condom distribution. Local officials determine how those dollars are spent.
- Injury Prevention: Some have asserted that Dr. Satcher and his National Center for Injury Prevention and Control (NCIPC) are promoting gun control. This is not true. The NCIPC is carrying out a mandate to collect data relating to all types of injuries, including those caused by motor vehicle crashes, fires and other acts of violence. The NCIPC collects its data through scientific research that is peer-reviewed to ensure its scientific integrity.

Former President Bush established the NCIPC in hopes that, just as the federal highway fatality reporting system helps to reduce automobile fatalities, better information about all types of injuries would lead to improved policies for prevention and education. Recent public service campaigns have focused on children's safety issues, bicycle safety, seat belt use, and personal watercraft.

- Abortion: Dr. Satcher believes that individuals have a right to complete and accurate medical information, and access to safe, legal medical services.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Briefing Participants:

Secretary Shalala
Erskine Bowles
Bruce Reed
Chris Jennings
Bob Nash
Maria Echaveste

Event Participants:

Vice President
Dr. David Satcher

Participants without speaking role:

Secretary Shalala
Former Surgeon General Dr. Louis Sullivan
Satcher Family
Dr. Randolph D. Smoak, Board of Trustee, Secretary, and Treasurer, American Medical Association
Dr. Nathaniel H. Murdock, President, National Medical Association

Dr. Robert Graham, Executive Vice President, American Academy of Family Physicians

IV. PRESS PLAN

Pool Press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- The Vice President will make welcoming remarks and introduce you.
- You will make remarks and introduce Dr. David Satcher.
- Dr. David Satcher will make remarks.
- You could take questions from the press and then depart.

VI. REMARKS

Remarks Provided by Speechwriting.

THE REMARKS
FOR THE SURGEON GENERAL ANNOUNCEMENT
WILL BE FORWARDED

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

VIDEO TAPINGS IN THE ROOSEVELT ROOM

DATE: FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1997
LOCATION: THE ROOSEVELT ROOM
TIME: 1:15-1:25 PM BRIEFING
1:25-1:55 PM TAPINGS
FROM: LAURA SCHWARTZ 

I. PURPOSE

You will do ten video messages.

II. BACKGROUND

The first video is a message for the U.S. Department of Education's 1997 Regional Conferences on Improving America's Schools. This message will amplify your commitment to over 6,000 educators and administrators from across the nation, and promote state and local support for the Administration's education initiative. The Department's conferences each year bring together a variety of educators, parents, businesses and interest groups to discuss key initiatives as well as other current issues in education reform. This video will be shown to over 6,000 people across the country at three conferences: October 16th in San Diego; November 16-18 in Dallas and December 14-16 in Washington DC.

The second video is for the Northwest Coalition Against Malicious Harassment (NCAMH) Conference. This video will focus on your unity message and draw attention to the upcoming White House Conference on Hate Crimes, scheduled for November 10. The NCAMH (covering OR, WA, CO, MT, WY, ID) is one of the country's premier organizations devoted to fighting hate crimes and their annual conference has become an important event for anti-hate crime activists nationally. This year's conference "Let's Fight the Fear Together" is at the Colorado College in Colorado Spring on September 26-28 and will be attended by over 800 adults and youth.

The third video is for the American Cancer Society's National Fundraising Kickoff Conference. You will be speaking to over 500 volunteers from around the country who will be participating in the American Cancer Society's (ACS) 1997 National Fundraising Kickoff Conference to be held on September 19-20, in Denver, Colorado. The conference theme is "Tobacco Control Efforts and Progress in Protecting Our Children's Health." You are doing this video because Linda Crawford (spoke at the Convention and at an event in the Rose Garden on Tobacco), who recently joined the Washington, D.C., ACS office, wanted to acknowledge your leadership and commitment to reducing youth smoking and your efforts in the fight against cancer. In return, you are thanking this organization and their volunteers for their hard work and contributions to the fight against cancer and youth smoking. For over the past years, ACS has worked with the White House on issues including the First Ladies Medicare Mammography Initiative, the Tobacco Agreement, and the passage of the Children's Health Initiative in the 1998 Budget.

The fourth video is for the International Brotherhood of Painters and Allied Trades (IBAT) Educational Seminar. The IBAT Educational Seminar will be attended by 1,000 members in Las Vegas from September 29-October 1. The seminar is a critical mid-year convention for the IBAT and its main focus is in apprenticeship training and education, worker trainer, job re-training, organizing and other issues critical to working men and women.

The fifth video is for the dedication of the New Allen A.M.E. Cathedral. You will join retiring Congressman Floyd Flake in recognizing the dedication of the New Allen A.M.E. Cathedral, which Congressman Flake is pastor. This dedication coincides with the Congressional Black Caucus Weekend. Under Congressman Flake's tenure as pastor of the Allen A.M.E. Church over the past twenty-one years, the church has become the second largest one in the city of New York. Your video will be played at a ceremony on Saturday, September 13 to over 2500 people at the Cathedral.

The sixth video is for the Barry Fey retirement and appreciation dinner. Mr. Fey is perhaps the most well known regarded concert promoter in the nation. Fey has represented those talents such as Barry Manilow, Mick Jagger and Don Henley. Your video will be played at a dinner in Denver to a 1,000 person audience.

The seventh video is for the United Nations Association of the USA Tribute to Ted Turner. In light of what they call "his visionary launch of CNN," the United Nations Association of the USA has decided to present this year's Global Leadership Award to Ted Turner. The dinner is September 18 at the Marriott Marquis Hotel in New York City and will be attended by over 600 people.

The eighth video is a PSA for NBC's Children's television show "Hang Time." Your PSA will be a part of a "Hang Time" episode focusing on volunteerism and midnight basketball. The story line involves the kids on the show giving back to their communities by starting a teen hotline which leads to a late night basketball program for underprivileged children. The show airs on Saturday mornings and evolved from the Administration's effort to increase the quality of children's programming.

The ninth video is a Happy Birthday greeting for the Hotline. The National Journal's briefing on American politics "The Hotline" is celebrating its tenth birthday. The Hotline is hosting a birthday party on Monday, September 15 for over 300 people at the Improv comedy club. Your birthday message will be a part of a larger collage of messages including greetings from the Vice President, Tim Russert, Dan Rather, Arianna Huffington, Newt Gingrich, Dick Gephardt and others.

The tenth video is for the 15th Anniversary of Evans & Novak. Evans and Novak have been on television for 15 years. This greeting will air during their anniversary show on September 13.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Pre-brief participants:

The President

Laura Schwartz

Lillian Brown

Event participants:

The President

Laura Schwartz

Technical Personnel (7)

IV. PRESS PLAN

Each video message will be played at open press events.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

1:15-1:25pm Make-up/briefing

1:25 - 1:55pm Video Messages

1. U.S. Department of Education's 1997 Regional Conferences on Improving America's Schools.
2. Northwest Coalition Against Malicious Harassment (NCAMH)
3. American Cancer Society's National Fundraising Kickoff Conference
4. International Brotherhood of Painters and Allied Trades (IBAT)
5. Dedication of the New Allen A.M.E. Cathedral
6. Barry Fey
7. United Nation Associations of the USA Tribute to Ted Turner
8. PSA for NBC's Children's television show "Hang Time"
9. Happy Birthday greeting for the Hotline
10. 15th Anniversary of Evans & Novak

1:55pm Make-up removal/departure

VI. REMARKS

A teleprompter will be provided.

THE SCRIPTS
FOR THE VIDEO TAPINGS
WILL BE FORWARDED

THE BRIEFING MATERIALS
FOR THE TOBACCO MEETING
WILL BE FORWARDED

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

'97 SEP 11 PM3:30

September 11, 1997

TAPED WEEKLY RADIO ADDRESS

DATE: September 12, 1997
LOCATION: Roosevelt Room
TIME: 6:00 pm EDT
FROM: Brenda Anders

I. PURPOSE

To discuss campaign finance reform.

II. BACKGROUND

You will renew your call for passage of the McCain-Feingold bill.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Pre-brief participants:

Rahm Emanuel
Ann Lewis
Michael Waldman

Event participants:

The President
Brenda Anders
(see attached for special guest list)

IV. PRESS PLAN

The ABC, CNN, AP, C-SPAN, CBS, NBC, Mutual, UPI, USA, American Urban Radio Network, and Standard News radio networks will carry the address live to their collective thousands of stations across the country on Saturday at 10:06 AM EDT.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Briefing
Tape radio address
Greet Guests

VI. REMARKS

To be provided by the Office of Speechwriting.

THE REMARKS
FOR THE WEEKLY RADIO ADDRESS
WILL BE FORWARDED

Saturday, September 13, 1997

9:30 PM	Congressional Black Caucus Foundation Gala	Tab A
	- Remarks	Tab B
	- List of CBC Members	Tab C
	- 1997 Award Recipients and Photo Line Participants	Tab D
	- Cabinet Participation	Tab E

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

FOR

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1997

FINAL

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4033

EVENT COORDINATOR:

KAREN FINNEY

HOME: 202-667-0132

OFFICE: 202-456-7951

WHCA PAGER: 4216

ADVANCE LEAD:

(Congressional Black Caucus Dinner)

FLO MCAFEE

OFFICE: 202-986-0436

PAGER: 1-800-577-7468

PIN 2548406

PRESS DESK:

JEREMY GAINES

HOME: 202-362-5475

OFFICE: 202-456-5771

WHCA PAGER: 4194

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Mostly sunny.

Wind northwest at 5 to 10 knots.

High 78 to 83.

Low 57 to 62.

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1997
FINAL**

10:00 am

MEETING
RESIDENCE
Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles

AFTERNOON OFF

NOTE: The attire for the Congressional Black Caucus Gala is Black Tie.
--

9:00 pm-
9:15 pm

BRIEFING
DIPLOMATIC RECEPTION ROOM
Staff Contact: John Hilley, Craig Smith

9:20 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs the White House via motorcade en route Union Station
[drive time: 5 minutes]

NOTE: The Vice President will arrive at Union Station prior to the President.

9:25 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives at Union Station

Greeters: Congresswoman Maxine Waters, Chair,
 Congressional Black Caucus
 Congressman Jim Clyburn, Honorary
 Chair, Congressional Black Caucus
 Foundation
 Lebaron Taylor, Vice President, Sony, Chair, Board
 of Directors, Congressional Black Caucus
 Foundation

September 12, 1997 (6:54pm)

9:30 pm-
9:55 pm

**PHOTO RECEIVING LINE WITH CONGRESSIONAL
BLACK CAUCUS MEMBERS AND EXECUTIVE BOARD
MEMBERS**

COLUMBUS ROOM

Union Station

Staff Contact: John Hilley, Craig Smith

Event Coordinator: Karen Finney

CLOSED PRESS

**Note: The Vice President will join the President for the
receiving line.**

Note: There will be approximately 50 people.

9:55 pm

THE PRESIDENT and the Vice President proceed to hold

10:00 pm-
10:10 pm

HOLD

ROOM TBD

10:10 pm

THE PRESIDENT and the Vice President proceed to the
backstage area

10:15 pm-
11:15 pm

**CONGRESSIONAL BLACK CAUCUS FOUNDATION
GALA
MAIN HALL
Union Station
Remarks: Terry Edmonds
Staff Contact: John Hilley, Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Karen Finney
POOL PRESS**

Note: There is a pre program.

Note: There will be approximately 3,000 attendees.

- Off-stage announcement of **the President**, the Vice President, Congressman Jim Clyburn and Congresswoman Maxine Waters.
- Congressman Jim Clyburn makes remarks and introduces the Vice President.
- The Vice President makes remarks.
- Congresswoman Maxine Waters makes remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes remarks.
- Upon the conclusion of his remarks, **the President** and the Vice President work a ropeline and depart.

11:15 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs the Washington Hilton Hotel via motorcade en route the White House
[drive time: 5 minutes]

11:20 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives at the White House

BC RON

**THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.**

HRC RON

**TAJ BENGAL HOTEL
CALCUTTA, INDIA**

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 12, 1997

REMARKS TO THE CONGRESSIONAL BLACK CAUCUS
FOUNDATION GALA

Date: September 13, 1997
Time : 9:30 p.m.
Location: Union Station
Washington, DC
From: Minyon Moore
Ben Johnson

I: PURPOSE

To acknowledge the legislative work of the Congressional Black Caucus Members and the work of the CBC foundation.

II: BACKGROUND

You have attended the CBC Awards Dinner every year that you have been President. This year will mark the sixth time you have appeared before the group. You first addressed the CBC as a candidate during the 1992 campaign.

The Honorary Chair of this year's Gala is Congressman Jim Clyburn. The theme for the Legislative weekend is "**Leadership Dimensions for the New Millennium.**" It is now in its 27th year of bringing together African American leaders in politics, business, labor, community service, industry and government for several days of organizing, strategizing and networking. This year's conference will be held September 10-13th.

In order to provide conference attendees with an exceptional Legislative weekend, they have designed a new format, which includes the use of several new venues. **They have restructured the Annual Awards Dinner.** Unlike previous years, the Awards Ceremony will not be a part of the Gala program. The Awards Ceremony will take place on Friday, September 12th at the John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts. (Award recipients attached) The Vice-President is scheduled to deliver remarks.

Prior to your arrival at Union Station, they will have hosted a Corporate Appreciation Dinner for approximately 500 guests. Secretary Alexis Herman is scheduled to give remarks on behalf of the Administration.

Immediately following the Corporate Appreciation Dinner, you will be the featured speaker at the Black Tie Gala where 3,000 people will be in attendance at Union Station. The Gala has been designed to give the participants a more festive and entertaining evening. It will feature brief remarks and entertainment by James Brown. The program will last approximately one hour. The Vice-President and Congressman Gephardt are also scheduled to speak prior to your remarks. Your remarks and the Vice-President's should be uplifting, positive and spirited. They should reflect the positive relationship we share with the CBC and the African American community -- while keeping in mind, we have also had to agree to disagree on certain issues. The remarks should focus on the accomplishments of this Administration and the impact of these accomplishments on the African American community as we enter into the new millennium.

Please note, on Thursday, September 11th, they hosted a National Town Hall Meeting on "Race Relations in the New Millennium" at the University of the District of Columbia. Dr. John Hope Franklin was a guest panelist. In addition, Dr. Franklin was one of the award recipients at the Awards Ceremony at the Kennedy Center.

III: PARTICIPANTS

There will be approximately 3,000 participants attending this Gala.

Curbside Greeters: Congresswoman Waters
 Congressman Clyburn
 Lebaron Taylor

IV: PRESS PLAN

Open to the Press

V: SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- **YOU** will arrive at 9:15 p.m. The Vice-President will be on site upon your arrival.
- **YOU** will be greeted by Congresswoman Maxine Waters, (Chair of CBC) Congressman Jim Clyburn (Honorary Chair CBC Gala) and Lebaron Taylor, Chair of the CBC Foundation.
- **YOU** and Vice-President Gore will proceed to a photo receiving line with the CBC Members and the Executive Board. Approximately 30 photos will be taken.
- **YOU** and the Vice-President will remain behind stage during the welcome, the introduction of the CBC members and Congressman Gephardt's remarks.
- Lebaron Taylor will make remarks and introduce CBC members.

- Congressman John Conyers will introduce Congressman Dick Gephardt.
- Congressman Gephardt will make brief remarks and depart from the stage.
- **At this point, YOU**, Vice-President Gore, Congresswoman Waters, and Congressman Clyburn will be announced from backstage where you will be escorted to your seats on to the stage.
- Congressman Clyburn will make remarks and introduce Vice-President Gore.
- Vice-President Gore will make remarks and proceed to his seat on the podium.
- **YOU** will be introduced by Congresswoman Maxine Waters.
- **YOU** will proceed to the podium and deliver remarks.
- Upon the conclusion of your remarks, **YOU** and Vice-President Gore will work a ropeline.
- **YOU** and Vice-President Gore will have the option to stay for the performance by James Brown or depart Union Station.

VI: REMARKS

Will be provided by communications

attachments

List of CBC Members (105th Congress)
Photo Line participants
1997 Award Recipients
Cabinet Participation

PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON
CONGRESSIONAL BLACK CAUCUS GALA
UNION STATION, WASHINGTON, DC
SEPTEMBER 13, 1997

Acknowledgments: [VP will acknowledge: Rep. Waters; Rep. Clayburn; Rep. Conyers; Rep. Gephardt; LeBaron Taylor, Chair of the CBC Foundation].

I'd like to congratulate the 1997 award recipients: Rep. Major Owens; Rep. Eva Clayton; William Lucy, Sec/Treas. of AFSCME; Danny Bakewell of the Bakewell Co.; Laura Murphy, Dir. of ACLU -DC office; William Brooks, VP of Corporate Affairs, General Motors; Dr. John Hope Franklin; Myrlie Evers Williams; Coretta Scott King; and the late Dr. Betty Shabazz. Each of them, in their own way, has enriched our nation and challenged us to live up to the high ideals that are set forth in our Constitution, Bill of Rights and Declaration of Independ. All Americans owe them a debt of gratitude.

I also would like to acknowledge with a moment of silence, four valiant champions of human rights and social justice who have passed away this year: Mother Teresa, whose funeral is being attended by the First Lady today; Princess Diana; former Detroit Congressman, George Crockett, Jr.; and Dr. Betty Shabazz.
[MOMENT OF SILENCE]

I want to congratulate you on another successful conference. This is my fifth one as President. With only 840 days to the year 2000, it is fitting that you have chosen as your theme: Leadership Dimensions for the New Millennium.

My Administration is also focusing on how we can enter that new millennium stronger, more prosperous, more united, and bursting with opportunity for all our citizens.

This really is a dream come true for me tonight -- being the opening act for James Brown. In addition to introducing the world to his original and an enduring style of rhythm and dance more than four decades ago, James Brown has imparted his unique brand of wisdom throughout the years. One of his most famous lyrics embodies the spirit of this conference and the CBC -- "I don't want nobody to give me nothing...just open up the door, I'll get it myself."

That is what we mean when we talk about expanding opportunity for all, demanding responsibility from all, and building a community of all who share our bedrock values of work and family and equal opportunity.

Over the past four and a half years, my Administration has worked hard to open up the doors of opportunity so that every American who was willing to work hard could walk through and reap the benefits of our strong and growing economy. And I am grateful that the CBC has been one of our staunchest supporters.

Together we set a bold new economic course, reducing the deficit by over 80 percent even before the recent balanced budget agreement, expanding exports through over 200 trade agreements, and investing in our people and their future. In the post-Cold War world, we have forged new alliances -- from Bosnia to Haiti -- and I am proud that we are developing new partnerships in Africa. We have made historic progress in our constant struggles against some of our most vexing social problems.

Today we see the results: Unemployment remains below 5 percent; African American unemployment has dropped from 14.1% in 1993 to 9.3% today -- the lowest in 24 years. Nearly 13 million new jobs; inflation remaining low and stable; investment growth and consumer confidence at their highest levels in a generation; family income finally rising -- African American median family income rose by over \$3,000 between 1992 and 1995; African American poverty rate is below 30% for the first time ever; small business loans and home mortgage loans are soaring; violent crime has dropped five years in a row; and we've seen the largest drop in our welfare rolls in history.

Even though we have made great progress, we still have far to go. The African American teen unemployment rate is far too high. The typical African American family earns two-thirds of the typical American family and African American poverty is double the national rate. There is far too much discrimination in the workplace and we have to continue to remove any barriers that prevent African American children from going to college.

To face these challenges, I depend on the guidance of the most diverse Cabinet and Administration in history. People like Transportation Secretary Rodney Slater, Labor Secretary Alexis Herman, and the Director of Management and Budget Frank Raines are proving that excellence and diversity go hand in hand, as do the more than 45 African Americans serving in the White House.

I am proud to work side by side with Bob Nash, Goody Marshall, Ben Johnson, Minyon Moore and Terry Edmonds. I want to thank the CBC for its strong support of my nominee to become the next Assistant Attorney General for Civil Rights, Bill Lee. Bill Lee has spent much of his career as a civil rights lawyer with the NAACP Legal Defense Fund. Like many of us in this room, he was not born into a position of leadership. He is a Chinese American who worked his way up out of the poverty of Harlem, to become a national leader in the fight for social justice and equal opportunity. We need your support to ensure his confirmation. We know he will do an outstanding job.

We also want to ask for your support for the man I just nominated to be the next Surgeon General and Assistant Secretary for Health of the United States, the current Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Dr. David Satcher. Dr. Satcher understands the public health threats facing our nation and has the commitment and compassion to meet them. We know he will be a great voice for the public health of all Americans.

Last week, at American University, I set forth an ambitious agenda for the remainder of this legislative session and this year.

We are going to work hard to make sure the Congress appropriates the priorities we fought so hard for in our balanced budget agreement: the largest increase in aid to education since 1965 -- the biggest increase in college aid since the G.I. Bill was passed 50 years ago; computers in the classroom; America Reads.

We must continue our fight for educational excellence so that our children are challenged to master the basics of reading and math and our teachers and schools are held accountable.

We've got to make the tough choices to protect and preserve Social Security and Medicare for future generations. We've got to overcome a filibuster and pass campaign finance reform. We have to continue our efforts to expand trade to the rest of the world. And we have to stand firm in our commitment to protecting our environment and strengthening families. We will hold the first ever White House Conference on Child Care in October.

But the most important thing we must do as we enter the new millennium is to preserve the bonds of community.

The White House Millennium program is urging all Americans to gifts to the future and the greatest gift we can give is to make our country One America. That is why I have asked the nation to join me in a great national conversation about race. I am pleased by the good start that has been made by our advisory board, headed by John Hope Franklin and Judy Winston. And I want to commend the CBC for the National Town Hall Meeting on Race Relations in the New Millennium that you held as part of this conference earlier this week.

In closing, let me again thank all the members of the Congressional Black Caucus for your continuing leadership in the struggle to expand opportunity to every American who is willing to work hard. Together we have accomplished much, but there is still much more to do. I look forward to working with you in the days ahead. Thank you. And now, let the party begin.

CONGRESSIONAL BLACK CAUCUS (105TH Congress)

Sanford Bishop	2nd District	Georgia
Corrine Brown	3rd District	Florida
Julia Carson	10th District	Indiana
Donna Christian-Green	Delegate	Virgin Islands
William Clay	1st District	Missouri
James Clyburn	6th District	South Carolina
John Conyers, Jr.	14th District	Michigan
Elijah E. Cummings	7th District	Maryland
Danny K. Davis	7th District	Illinois
Ronald V. Dellums	9th District	California
Julian Dixon	32nd District	California
Chaka Fattah	2nd District	Pennsylvania
Floyd H. Flake	6th District	New York (retiring)
Harold E. Ford, Jr.	9th District	Tennessee
Alcee L. Hastings	23rd District	Florida
Earl H. Hilliard	7th District	Alabama
Jesse L. Jackson, Jr.	2nd District	Illinois
Sheila Jackson Lee	18th District	Texas
William J. Jefferson	2nd District	Louisiana
Eddie Bernice Johnson	30th District	Texas
Carolyn C. Kilpatrick	15th District	Michigan
John Lewis	5th District	Georgia
Cynthia A. McKinney	4th District	Georgia
Carrie P. Meek	17th District	Florida
Juanita Millender-McDonald	37th District	California
Eleanor Holmes Norton	Delegate	District of Columbia
Major R. Owens	11th District	New York
Donald M. Payne	10th District	New Jersey
Charles B. Rangel	15th District	New York
Bobby L. Rush	1st District	Illinois
Robert C. Scott	3rd District	Virginia
Louis Stokes	11th District	Ohio
Bennie G. Thompson	2nd District	Mississippi
Edolphus Towns	10th District	New York
Maxine Waters	35th District	California (Chair)
Melvin L. Watt	12th District	North Carolina
Albert R. Wynn	4th District	Maryland
Carol Moseley-Braun	Senator	Illinois

CBC 1997 AWARD RECIPIENTS

KENNEDY CENTER
FRIDAY, SEPT. 12TH

- **THE ADAM CLAYTON POWELL AWARD** is presented to an individual in the political arena who has contributed substantially to African-American political awareness and empowerment.

AWARD RECIPIENT HONORABLE MAJOR OWENS/D-NY

- **THE GEORGE THOMAS "Mickey" LELAND HUMANITARIAN AWARD** is presented to an individual for his or her exceptional work in the struggle for human and social justice.

AWARD RECIPIENT HONORABLE EVA CLAYTON/D-NC

- **THE HAROLD WASHINGTON AWARD** is presented to an individual who like Harold Washington, has demonstrated excellence in coalition building.

**AWARD RECIPIENT WILLIAM LUCY/INTERNATIONAL
SEC/TREASURER (AFSCME)**

- **THE GEORGE W. COLLINS AWARD** for community service is presented to an individual who has exemplified the dedication and work style of the late Congressman George W. Collins

**AWARD RECIPIENT DANNY BAKEWELL SR./CHAIRMAN
THE BAKEWELL COMPANY**

- **THE WILLIAM L. DAWSON AWARD** is presented to an individual who has made significant research, organizational and leadership contributions in the development of legislation that addresses the needs of minorities in the U.S.

**AWARD RECIPIENT LAURA W. MURPHY/DIRECTOR
AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION, DC OFFICE**

- **THE CONGRESSIONAL BLACK CAUCUS FOUNDATION CHAIRMAN'S AWARD**

AWARD RECIPIENT WILLIAM BROOKS/VICE-PRESIDENT OF CORP. AFFAIRS --GENERAL MOTORS

- **THE HONORARY ANNUAL LEGISLATIVE CONFERENCE CHAIRMAN'S AWARD**

***** AWARD RECIPIENT DR. JOHN HOPE FRANKLIN/DUKE UNIVERSITY PROFESSOR OF HISTORY EMERITUS**

- **THE CONGRESSIONAL BLACK CAUCUS CHAIR'S AWARD**

AWARD RECIPIENTS MYRLIE EVERS WILLIAMS/CHAIRMAN OF THE NATIONAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS /NAACP

CORETTA SCOTT KING, FORMER PRESIDENT AND CEO THE MLK, JR. CENTER FOR NONVIOLENT SOCIAL CHANGE, INC.

THE LATE DR. BETTY SHABAZZ/DIRECTOR INSTITUTIONAL ADVANCEMENT AND PUBLIC RELATIONS -- MEDGAR EVERS COLLEGE

PHOTO LINE PARTICIPANTS

- CBC MEMBERS (APPROXIMATELY 15)
- LEBARON TAYLOR (DAUGHTER, TIFFANI)
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD, CBC FOUNDATION
- CONGRESSMAN JIM CLYBURN (MRS. CLYBURN)
HONORARY CHAIR, CBC GALA
- CONGRESSWOMAN MAXINE WATERS (AMBASSADOR SYNDEY WILLIAMS)
- EDDIE WILLIAMS (MRS. JERILYN WILLIAMS)
EXECUTIVE BOARD MEMBER
- LOUIS E. PROFFIT (MARION PROFFIT)
EXECUTIVE BOARD MEMBER.
- DR. RONALD QUINCY
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, CBC FOUNDATION

CABINET BLACK CAUCUS EVENTS

CABINET MEMBER	EVENT
Robert Rubin (Treasury)	• Address a session sponsored by Charles Rangel on Thursday.
Dan Glickman (USDA)	• Thursday-Attend Black Caucus event. • Friday- Make remarks to the Black Caucus regarding the Agriculture Braintrust.
Alexis Herman (DOL)	• Friday- Attend Braintrust on transportation issues, awards ceremony at Kennedy Center, Sheila Jackson Lee Reception and BET Cyberjam event. • Saturday- Attend prayer service and address CBC Gala Dinner.
Donna Shalala (HHS)	• Address CBC on Children's Health and Tobacco on Friday.
Andrew Cuomo (HUD)	• Attending the Black Caucus Dinner and Gala on Saturday.
Rodney Slater (DOT)	• Friday- Address the Black Caucus Foreign Affairs and Transportation Braintrusts. Attend the Rita Lewis reception, CBC Awards Ceremony and the 100 Black Men Gala. • Saturday-Attend the CBCF Appreciation Dinner and Gala.
Hershel Gober (VA)	• Give closing address for the Veterans' Braintrust sponsored by C. Brown and S. Bishop on Friday.
Aida Alvarez (SBA)	• Address a CBC morning at an event organized by Congressman Al Wynn on Friday:

Monday, September 15, 1997

11:00 AM	SEIU Annual Legislative Conference	Tab A
	- Remarks	Tab B
12:15 PM	Photo Opportunity with Boys and Girls Club National Youths of the Year	Tab C
12:45 PM	Climate Change Meeting	Tab D
	- Talking Points	Limited Distribution
	- Participant Bios	Limited Distribution
	- Background Information	Limited Distribution
1:45 PM	Meeting	Limited Distribution

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

FOR

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1997

FINAL

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4033

EVENT COORDINATOR:

SETTI WARREN

HOME: 202-547-8318

OFFICE: 202-456-7591

WHCA PAGER: 4052

PRESS DESK:

ANNE EDWARDS

HOME: 301-565-3101

OFFICE: 202-456-2921

WHCA PAGER: 4208

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Partly cloudy.

Wind northeast at 6 to 12 knots.

High 79 to 84.

Low 61 to 66.

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1997
FINAL**

9:00 am- 9:30 am	MEETING OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett
9:30 am- 9:45 am	MEETING OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles
9:45 am- 10:00 am	BRIEFING OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Sandy Berger
10:00 am- 10:15 am	BRIEFING OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Sandy Berger
10:15 am- 10:20 am	MEETING OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett
10:25 am- 10:40 am	BRIEFING OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Craig Smith
10:45 am	THE PRESIDENT departs the White House via motorcade en route the Hyatt Grand Regency Hotel [drive time: 10 minutes]
10:55 am	THE PRESIDENT arrives at the Hyatt Grand Regency Hotel

11:00 am-
11:50 am

**SERVICE EMPLOYEES INTERNATIONAL UNION
ANNUAL LEGISLATIVE CONFERENCE
PHOENIX ROOM
Hyatt Grand Regency Hotel
Remarks: June Shih
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Setti Warren
OPEN PRESS**

- **The President** and Andrew Stern, President of the Service Employees International Union, are off-stage announced and proceed to the stage.
- Andrew Stern gives brief remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** gives brief remarks, works a ropeline and departs.

12:00 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs the Hyatt Grand Regency Hotel via motorcade en route the White House
[drive time: 10 minutes]

12:10 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives at the White House

12:15 pm-
12:20 pm

**PHOTO OPPORTUNITY WITH BOYS AND GIRLS CLUB
NATIONAL YOUTHS OF THE YEAR
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Maria Echaveste**

12:25 pm-
12:45 pm

**BRIEFING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Todd Stern**

12:45 pm-
1:30 pm

**CLIMATE CHANGE MEETING
CABINET ROOM
Staff Contact: Todd Stern
STILLS ONLY**

1:40 pm-
1:45 pm

**BRIEFING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles, John Hilley**

1:45 pm-
2:00 pm

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles, John Hilley

2:00 pm-
6:00 pm

PHONE AND OFFICE TIME
OVAL OFFICE

EVENING OFF

BC AND HRC RON

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

A

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 14, 1997

ADDRESS TO THE SERVICE EMPLOYEES INTERNATIONAL UNION (SEIU)

DATE: September 15, 1997
LOCATION: Grand Hyatt Hotel
BRIEFING TIME: 10:35 am - 10:50 am
EVENT TIME: 11:00 am - 12:00 pm
FROM: Bruce Reed
Chris Jennings

I. PURPOSE

To demonstrate your commitment to improving health care quality and eliminating fraud and abuse before the SEIU Legislative Conference.

II. BACKGROUND

You will be addressing approximately 800 members of SEIU at their annual Political and Legislative Conference. SEIU is the third largest union in the AFL-CIO, and the largest union of health care workers. The majority of SEIU's members work in the fields of health care, public service, or janitorial service.

Vice President Gore is attending the SEIU Council of President's Reception the weekend prior to your speech. Dr. Julian Malveaux will be addressing the conference the morning of your speech. Rep. Gephardt will be addressing the Conference later in the week.

Andrew Stern has been President since April 1996. You have met with him twice at the White House, most recently in a meeting with other union leaders on the issues surrounding granting a welfare waiver to Texas. Secretary Treasurer Betty Bednarczyk also serves on the Health Care Quality Commission.

In your speech you will be making the following announcements:

- **Home Health Care.** In response to the extreme growth of home health agencies participating in the Medicare program (nearly 100 new agencies a month), you will be announcing three new initiatives to ensure accountability and combat waste, fraud, and abuse in home health care:
(1) impose the first-ever moratorium on the entry of new home health agencies into

Medicare until new safeguards are in place (about six months);
(2) establish a new re-certification requirement for home health agencies every three years. Currently, there is no re-certification process and the only way a home health agency can be kicked out of Medicare is if it is convicted of fraud; and
(3) nearly double the number of audits HCFA will perform on home health agencies, and increase claims reviewed by 25 %.

- **Quality.** You will call on Congress to act immediately to pass legislation currently pending on the Hill to improve the quality of our health care system. Specifically, you will reiterate your support for three pieces of pending legislation that would:
(1) Ban gag rules in private sector health plans. (You already took this action with respect to Medicare and Medicaid);
(2) End drive-through mastectomies to ensure health plans allow women to stay in the hospital for at least 48 hours after surgery; and
(3) Prevent health plans from discriminating based on genetic information. (You will also state that the Administration will be releasing recommendations later this year to prevent employers from discriminating based on genetic information.)
- **Privacy.** You will announce a new challenge to Congress to enact proposals recommended by HHS last week to protect the privacy of health care information. These proposals would increase consumer rights regarding the use of health information, punish those who misuse personal information, and provide redress for people harmed by its misuse.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Briefing Participants:

John Podesta
Bruce Reed
Chris Jennings
June Shih

Event Participants:

Andrew Stern, SEIU President

Participants seated on stage:

Betty Bednarczyk, Secretary-Treasurer
Patricia Ford, Executive Vice President
Eliseo Medina, Executive Vice President
Paul Policicchio, Executive Vice President

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open Press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- You will be greeted by SEIU President Andrew Stern and family. (NOTE: His daughter Cassie will be turning nine years old that day.)
- You will be announced onto the stage accompanied by Andrew Stern.
- SEIU President Andrew Stern will make remarks and introduce you.
- You will make remarks and depart.

VI. REMARKS

Remarks Provided by June Shih in Speechwriting.

B

Draft 9/14/97 5 p.m.

**PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON
REMARKS BEFORE THE SERVICE EMPLOYEES INTERNATIONAL UNION
WASHINGTON, D.C.
SEPTEMBER 15, 1997**

Acknowledgments: Andy Stern, SEIU president; Executive V.P.s: Pat Ford, Eliseo Medina, Paul Policicchio [paul-ih-CHEEK-ee-oh]; Betty Bednarczyk [bed-nar-chick] Sec.-Treas.; Karen Tramontano, one of SEIU's most valuable contributions to my Administration.

It's great to be back with the SEIU, back at the heart, soul and future of the American labor movement. American labor is back and growing stronger -- and the SEIU is 'leading the way.' [*their slogan*] You are fighting for better wages, safer workplaces, more full-time jobs and a brighter future for all working families. And you're winning. The new life, new energy and new creativity that is sweeping American labor began right here -- and I thank you.

Because of your leadership and continued involvement in the political process, America is also back. I've come here today to thank you for your efforts on behalf of working Americans and to share with you what I think we must do to strengthen families, to strengthen American health care, and to strengthen protections against fraud in Medicare so that it will serve America well into the 21st century.

Six years ago, when I announced my candidacy for president, I said that our mission as a people would be to keep the American Dream alive for all who would work for it; to keep America the world's strongest force for peace, freedom and prosperity; and to bring our own people together across the lines that divide us, to build One America. America's oldest and most enduring values -- opportunity for all, responsibility from all, a community of all -- these things had to remain strong and vibrant in new and changing times that required a new course of action.

We put in place a bold new economic course to shrink the deficit, expand exports, and invest in our people and their future. Look at the results: Nearly 13 million new jobs. Unemployment less than 5%. Poverty is down. Welfare rolls are shrinking.

After decades of working harder and longer for lower wages, millions of Americans are beginning to see a raise in their paychecks -- and it's about time. American families are earning nearly \$1,600 more than they did when I first took office. With your help, last year we raised the minimum wage because no hard-working parent should have to support a family on just \$4.25 an hour. And with your help, family incomes will continue to rise.

This is a time of prosperity and optimism in America. But we cannot rest; we have more to do to make sure that all Americans can reap the rewards of our growing economy. And that must include expanding access to quality health care.

We cannot go strong into the 21st Century if millions of Americans go to bed every night worrying whether their sons and daughters and parents will get the care they need when they become sick or injured. We cannot go strong into the 21st Century if Americans in managed care programs are treated as dollar signs on a ledger instead of human beings. We cannot go strong into the 21st Century if money that should go to serving Medicare and Medicaid patients are diverted by fraud and abuse. America has the best health care system in the world and we must continue to make sure that all Americans can share in its excellence.

I am proud to be the first President in a generation to try to provide health care to every American. While we didn't succeed the first time around, that is still my goal. And step by step, we are getting there.

Because you fought for and I signed the Family and Medical Leave Act, millions of American workers no longer have to make the impossible choice between caring for a sick child and keeping a job.

Because you fought to save Medicaid and I vetoed the legislation written by those bent on dismantling our social safety net two years ago, millions of our most vulnerable citizens -- millions of poor children, pregnant women, disabled and older Americans still have quality health care.

Because you fought for and I signed the Kennedy-Kassebaum bill, no American worker can lose access to health insurance when he or she changes jobs; and no one can be denied health insurance because of a pre-existing health condition.

And because you fought with me to bring health care to millions of uninsured children -- many of whose parents are working full-time at low wage jobs -- we have reached a new milestone in health reform. The historic balanced budget I signed this summer contains \$24 billion for new children's health insurance. It is the single largest investment in health care since the passage of Medicaid in 1965. Now, up to five million children will get the meaningful health care they need and deserve -- everything from regular checkups to major surgery -- to grow into healthy, strong and productive citizens.

In the coming months, you and I must work to ensure that this legislation is not just an empty promise from Washington. We must work closely with states, with local communities and with children's advocates to make sure that this investment reaches and protects every single child it's intended to cover. Let's not waste this opportunity.

We must also take decisive steps to address the challenges of a constantly evolving health industry. First, we must act to protect health care consumers. Whether they have traditional health care or managed care, we must make sure that none of our people ever have inferior care. That is why I have directed the non-partisan Quality Commission to write a Consumer Bill of Rights. We also know that the rapid changes in the industry have been difficult for health care

workers and that those of you working on the front lines know better than anyone else what we must do. That's why I appointed Betty Bednarczyk [bed-nar-chick] to the Commission. And I know she is doing a great job.

Second, Congress must do its part by passing long overdue legislation to improve health care, right away. It should ban gag rules in private health care plans -- just as I did in Medicare and Medicaid -- so that patients have the right to know about the best medical treatment, not just the cheapest. It should ban horrifying drive-through mastectomies, just as it banned drive-through baby deliveries. I've called for this legislation in the State of the Union, the First Lady and many others have worked hard on this issue, and yet Congress still has not held a hearing. It's time to act.

I also call upon Congress to ensure that new advances in science are used only to help people, by making it illegal for health companies to deny or drop coverage or raise rates based on genetic information. And Congress should follow the new medical privacy guidelines we issued last week and pass legislation to make sure that the records now stored in computers stay just as confidential as records locked in a file cabinet have always been.

Third, health care in our country will never be as strong as it can be unless we strengthen our efforts to root out fraud and abuse in Medicare. These scams amount to an unfair "fraud tax" on all taxpayers. And for those of you who work in the health care industry, they cost public confidence in the important work you do. I know that home health care workers want to put a stop to fraud and abuse -- and I look forward to working with you. We have assigned more prosecutors and FBI agents to fight health care fraud than ever before. Convictions are up 240 percent and we have saved taxpayers some \$20 billion.

Home health care is one of our country's fastest-growing industries. Every month, nearly 100 home health providers enter Medicare. And there is overwhelming evidence of widespread fraud and abuse. This must stop.

The best way to stop fraud is to keep scam and rip-off artists from getting into the Medicare system in the first place. So today I am declaring an immediate moratorium on the admission of new home health agencies to Medicare. During this moratorium, we will develop tough new regulations to ensure that no fly-by-night home health providers enters or remains in our Medicare program. I am requiring all home health agencies to re-enroll every three years so that they too, will abide by these standards. And we will double the number of audits to make sure that home health agencies currently enrolled in Medicare stay honest.

Medicare is the way we honor our parents and strengthen our families. That is why I fought for and won the comprehensive reforms Medicare needed to stay strong for another decade. And that is why we cannot tolerate the fraud that robs taxpayers and harms our parents.

You know, earlier today, I said I saw the future of the American labor movement in this

audience. Well let me add that I also see the future of America in every one of you -- people who have come together across racial, professional and geographic lines to fight for a common cause, a better America. As you know, I have called upon all Americans to join me in a great national conversation about race. I hope you will help lead this conversation.

My fellow Americans, we are less than three years away from a new century. If we continue to create opportunity, continue to expand access to high quality health care, to come together as One America, then America will be stronger and more united than ever.

And with your help, I know we will get there.

###

C

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 12, 1997

'97 SEP 12 PM4:05

**PHOTO WITH THE 1997 BOYS AND GIRLS CLUBS OF AMERICA
NATIONAL YOUTH OF THE YEAR FINALISTS**

DATE: September 15, 1997
LOCATION: Oval Office
TIME: 12:15 pm
FROM: Maria Echaveste
Danny Wexler

I. PURPOSE

To meet the 1997 Boys and Girls Clubs of America (B&GCA), National Youth of the Year finalists.

II. BACKGROUND

For more than 40 years the President of the United States has met with the National Youth of the Year sponsored by the Boys and Girls Clubs of America. The Youth of the Year Program recognizes service to Club and community, academic performance and contributions to family and spiritual life.

In previous years you met with the Youth of the Year winner and the other four finalists. Since the 1997 Youth of the Year will not be announced until Wednesday, September 17, you will meet the five finalists. The announcement will be made at a congressional breakfast hosted by Senator Strom Thurmond and Representative Steny Hoyer. This year the B&GCA will celebrate the 50th anniversary of the Youth of the Year program

On January 16, 1997, Major League Baseball selected the Boys and Girls Clubs as it's national charity, with the goal of reaching out to youth while promoting the growth of baseball and softball in the inner cities. This partnership will include a \$1.5 million contribution by MLB over 5 years to underwrite the costs of establishing youth baseball and softball leagues.

On May 4, 1993, you accepted an invitation to serve as the honorary chairman of the Boys and Girls Clubs of America.

They will present you with a small figurine similar to the one you received earlier this year. The group will receive a White House tour after this meeting.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Eddie Lee Armstrong, finalist
Francisco Reyes, finalist
John Acedo, Jr., finalist
Milton Melendez, finalist
Regis Young, finalist
[Brief bios on the above are attached]

Ann Lauer, Staff Member, Boys and Girls Clubs of Phoenix
John Mack, Staff Member, Boys and Girls Clubs of Atlanta
James Wetherington, Staff Member, Boys and Girls Clubs of North Little Rock
William Parnett, Staff Member, Boys and Girls Clubs of New York, New York
Tim McIntosh, Staff Member, Boys and Girls Clubs of Omaha

Roxanne Spillelt, President, B&GCA
Robbie Callaway, Senior Vice President, B&GCA
Arnold Burns, Vice Chairman, B&GCA
Eugene Freedman, Board Member, B&GCA & CEO Enesco Corporation
Everett Goings, Board Member, B&GCA & CEO Tupperware Corporation

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House Photo Only.

V. SEQUENCE

- o You greet the participants as they enter the Oval Office.
- o You take a photo with the five Youth of the Year finalists.
- o You take a photo with all of the participants.
- o The participants depart.

VI. REMARKS

None required.

1997 Youth of the Year Finalists

Eddie Lee Armstrong, 18, is from North Little Rock, Arkansas. When Eddie was in the second grade, his mother took him and sister from their Memphis, Tennessee home and moved to Little Rock to escape an abusive father. Eddie discovered the Boys and Girls Clubs at age 11 and has since become an active member. Eddie helped to start a youth counseling program geared toward teaching peaceful conflict resolution skills. Eddie was also responsible for a \$25,000 grant to refurbish his childhood playground, located at the housing complex where his family still resides. On June 6, 1996, the Mayor of North Little Rock proclaimed "Eddie Armstrong Day" for his contributions to the community. He is a freshman at the University of Arkansas in Fayetteville.

Francisco Reyes, 18, is from Omaha, Nebraska. Since joining the Club three years ago, Francisco has served as both President of the Club's Keystone leadership program and a member of Omaha's Youth Leadership Ambassadors. His volunteer work includes running drug and alcohol prevention groups and neighborhood clean-up efforts. He is a freshman at the University of Nebraska at Lincoln.

John Acedo, Jr., 17 is from Phoenix, Arizona. A member of the Club for 12 years, he has become leader in many club activities and programs. He has been involved in revitalization efforts in the community surrounding the club and has helped to organize anti-drug marches in neighborhoods frequented by drug dealers. He is also involved in the battle to reduce gang violence in his community. John was recently selected as the outstanding Young Man for 1997 for the city of Phoenix. John just started his senior year at Central High School in Phoenix.

Milton Melendez, 17, is from Brooklyn, New York. Originally from Honduras, Milton has been a club member for six years. He was sent to the US to stay with relatives after the military seized and forced his older brother into military service. During the difficult transition, he became involved with the Clubs' Summer Youth Employment Program. Today his is President of his Club's Keystone leadership program and is actively involved in every club program. Milton is a junior at John Dewey High School.

Regis Young, 17, is from Atlanta, Georgia. A club member for the last nine years, Regis has always been interested in helping others at the club. Through his hard work and commitment to helping others, Regis was selected to participate in the Olympic Youth Camp, the International Youth Peace Forum and as a Torchbearer for the Olympic Games in Atlanta. Regis will begin his freshman year at the Georgia Institute of Technology in two weeks.

D

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

'97 SEP 14 PM7:01

September 14, 1997

Meeting with Environmental Leaders on Climate Change

DATE: September 15, 1997
LOCATION: Cabinet Room
TIME: 12:45 - 1:30 p.m.
FROM: Todd Stern & Katie McGinty

I. PURPOSE

To discuss climate change with leaders of the dozen major environmental organizations most engaged on the issue.

Meeting objectives: (1) To give the leaders of the environmental community an opportunity to talk to you directly about their views on climate change; (2) to demonstrate your personal engagement on the issue; (3) to make clear that you are committed to achieving a solid agreement in Kyoto and that you recognize Kyoto to be only the first step on the path toward solving the long-term problem; (4) to make clear your belief that the plan we put forward must both make a serious start on addressing the environmental problem while also being economically and politically realistic. (The truth is that negotiating a treaty that ends up rejected by the Senate would set the cause of climate change back much more than failing to reach a final agreement in Kyoto.)

II. BACKGROUND

This is your first meeting with the nation's environmental leadership since November 1995. The environmental community is very concerned about climate change, and a number of these leaders see the issue as their highest priority. Unlike the corporate CEOs you met with in August, they are likely to have coordinated their approach to you, and, even though there are real differences in how they see this issue (see attached rundown of the groups), they will speak with a fairly unified voice.

In general, they come at this issue from a perspective that is quite far away from even the moderate voices in big business, such as BP's John Browne. For example, on the issue of most importance to them -- the target and timetable -- these groups favor a very aggressive approach: 1990 levels by 2005. It is doubtful that even a target of 1990 by 2010 would garner much if any support from business.

It is imperative that you avoid making or implying any commitments to a specific target or timetable, even though these leaders may try to push you. As you will hear when you meet

Tuesday with a few of your advisors on this issue, the economic costs of a 1990/2010 target are very significant.

While members of this group hold different views about acceptable implementation mechanisms, you are likely to hear some support for flexible, market-based policies, such as emissions trading or so-called "joint implementation", though the Sierra Club, in particular, remains opposed to these tools.

You should also know that the group may argue that the politics favor tough action. They may share with you a poll that the World Wildlife Fund plans to release later this month, though WWF is concerned that it not leak yet. The poll indicates that people are concerned about climate change and especially about some of the impacts it might have; at the same time it suggests that people are not very enthused about many of the proposed solutions. (Poll attached)

Note: as you are probably aware, a coalition of industry groups launched an ad campaign on September 9, with the first ad attacking the notion that we would sign a treaty that "exempts" the developing countries of the world.

Topics of Discussion: We have attached suggested questions in order to get the dialogue going on several topics. The conversation is likely to be free flowing, but we recommend proceeding in roughly the following way:

General views: You should begin by making brief opening comments that articulate the principles that guide your approach to climate change (attached). You should start the discussion by turning to Gene Karpinski, Chair of the group. He will likely make some introductory remarks and then turn to Bud Ris from the Union of Concerned Scientists (the only scientist among the group) for his comments on the importance of this issue to the environmental community.

Targets and timetables: As noted, the group supports the EU's position on stringent early reductions and will call for a 2005 target. EDF's Fred Krupp is likely to take the lead on this issue. It would be appropriate to press them on what they see as the long-term differences environmentally of an aggressive early target (like 1990 in 2005 or 2010) as compared with a more gradual target (like 1990 in 2020) --in light of the potentially significantly greater economic costs of setting an early date. **You might let Larry Summers pursue this a bit. We have talked to him, and he is ready to do this.**

International issues: The toughest issue here concerns the way to handle developing countries. In a nutshell, the current negotiations are proceeding on the basis that developed countries must accept binding targets and timetables, but that developing countries do not need to do that. The Byrd Resolution, which passed 95-0 in July, in effect dismisses that approach and articulates the sense of the Senate that the U.S. should not sign any treaty in Kyoto *unless* the developing countries take on new commitments of their own (though those commitments could be different than developed country commitments). Both because it makes substantive, environmental sense and because of the clear message sent by the Senate, State has been

developing some new ideas of how to demand more from developing countries in a manner that doesn't derail the Kyoto negotiations. We have let people know -- in the business and environmental communities and on the Hill -- that we are working on some new developing country ideas, but have not shared anything yet.

Domestic policies: These are the domestic means -- such as emissions trading and technology -- for achieving whatever reductions we agree to. These groups have different ideas about acceptable measures. Some support domestic emissions trading, some a carbon tax of some kind, others an increase in CAFE standards for auto fuel efficiency. All tend to have an optimistic view about the speed at which new technologies can be developed and put in place, and this largely accounts for their lower estimates of the economic costs. Furthermore, they may suggest that past economic assessments of the costs of proposed environmental regulations are usually exaggerated because they fail sufficiently to account for the technological innovations that result from strong regulatory measures.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Pre-brief Participants:

Todd Stern, Katie McGinty, Gene Sperling, Dan Tarullo, Jim Steinberg, Jack Gibbons, Larry Summers, Carol Browner, Bruce Babbitt.

Meeting Participants:

Todd Stern, Katie McGinty, Gene Sperling, Dan Tarullo, Jim Steinberg, Jack Gibbons, Larry Summers, Carol Browner, Bruce Babbitt.

John Adams	Natural Resource Defense Council
Deb Callahan	League of Conservation Voters
Phil Clapp	Environmental Information Center
Kathryn Fuller	World Wildlife Fund
Paul Gorman	National Religious Partnership for the Environment
Paul Hansen	Izaak Walton League
Gene Karpinski	U.S. Public Interest Research Group
Fred Krupp	Environmental Defense Fund
Jonathan Lash	World Resources Institute
Robert Musil	Physicians for Social Responsibility
Carl Pope	Sierra Club
Howard (Bud) Ris	Union of Concerned Scientists
Mark VanPutten	National Wildlife Federation

IV. PRESS PLAN

Closed Press

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- You and the Vice President enter the Cabinet Room.
- You make brief opening comments and lead discussion.
- You and the Vice President depart.

VI. REMARKS

Attached

Tuesday, September 16, 1997

9:00 AM	Climate Change Meeting	Tab A
	- Background and Scenarios	Distributed Separately
10:50 AM	CIA 50th Anniversary Event	Tab B
	- Remarks	Tab C
4:00 PM	Address to the House Democratic Caucus	Tab D
	- Remarks	Tab E To Be Forwarded
	- Background and Q's and A's	Distributed Separately
7:25 PM	Congressional Hispanic Caucus Dinner	Tab F To Be Forwarded
	- Remarks	Tab G To Be Forwarded

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

FOR

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1997

FINAL

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4033

EVENT COORDINATOR:

SETTI WARREN

HOME: 202-547-8318

OFFICE: 202-456-7591

WHCA PAGER: 4052

PRESS DESK:

ANNE EDWARDS

HOME: 301-565-3101

OFFICE: 202-456-2921

WHCA PAGER: 4208

**ADVANCE LEAD:
(CIA Anniversary)**

JIM DENBO

HOME: 301-229-2203

OFFICE: 202-452-7373

**ADVANCE LEAD:
(Congressional Hispanic Caucus Dinner)**

GRACE GARCIA

HOME: 202-244-4796

OFFICE: 202-208-3662

PAGER: 1-800-624-7243

PIN 144-8870

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Partly cloudy.

Wind west-northwest at 5 to 10 knots.

Low 63 to 68.

High 83 to 88.

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1997
FINAL**

NOTE:	The NSC Briefing and the Weekly Economic Briefing will be submitted on paper.
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8:45 am- 9:00 am	MEETING OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles
9:00 am- 10:00 am	CLIMATE CHANGE MEETING CABINET ROOM Staff Contact: Gene Sperling
10:00 am- 10:20 am	BRIEFING FOR CIA 50th ANNIVERSARY EVENT OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Sandy Berger
10:25 am	THE PRESIDENT departs the White House via motorcade en route the Central Intelligence Agency [drive time: 20 minutes]
10:45 am	THE PRESIDENT arrives at the Central Intelligence Agency Greeters: George Tenet, Director of the Central Intelligence Agency

September 15, 1997 (7:48pm)

10:50 am-
11:40 am

**CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY 50TH
ANNIVERSARY EVENT
QUADRANGLE
The Central Intelligence Agency
Remarks: Vinca LaFleur
Staff Contact: Sandy Berger
Event Coordinator: Setti Warren
OPEN PRESS**

- Charles Brandon, Director of Public Relations, makes brief remarks and introduces George Tenet.
- George Tenet makes brief remarks and introduces **the President.**
- **The President** makes remarks and proceeds to the CIA Memorial Wall.

September 15, 1997 (7:48pm)

11:45 am-
12:20 pm

**VIEWING OF CIA MEMORIAL WALL AND TOUR OF
CIA EXHIBIT
EXHIBIT HALL 1D
The Central Intelligence Agency
Staff Contact: Sandy Berger
Event Coordinator: Setti Warren
POOL PRESS/WHITE HOUSE PHOTO ONLY**

-- **The President**, accompanied by George Tenet, proceed to
the CIA Memorial Wall.
POOL PRESS

-- **The President**, accompanied by George Tenet, proceed to
Exhibit Hall 1D.
WHITE HOUSE PHOTO ONLY

Greeters: Keith and Dawn Melton, Artifact
Contributors to the Exhibit
Carlos Davis, Fine Arts Chairman
Elizabeth Bruins, Exhibit Curator
John L. Prehan, III, Architect of the Exhibit
Gregory Rose, Architect of the Exhibit
Lawrence E. Toler, Architect of the Exhibit

-- **The President**, accompanied by George Tenet, views the
exhibit.

12:25 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs the Central Intelligence Agency via
motorcade en route the White House
[drive time: 20 minutes]

12:45 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives at the White House

12:50 pm-
1:50 pm

**LUNCH WITH THE VICE PRESIDENT
OVAL OFFICE**

1:50 pm-
1:55 pm

**MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett**

2:00 pm-
3:00 pm

**PHONE AND OFFICE TIME
OVAL OFFICE**

3:00 pm-
3:40 pm

BRIEFING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: John Hilley

3:45 pm

THE PRESIDENT and the Vice President depart via motorcade en route Capitol Hill
[drive time: 5 minutes]

3:50 pm

THE PRESIDENT and the Vice President arrive on Capitol Hill

4:00 pm-
5:00 pm

ADDRESS TO THE HOUSE DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS
SC-5
The Capitol
Staff Contact: John Hilley
Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg
CLOSED PRESS

- Congressman Vic Fazio makes remarks.
- Congressman Dick Gephardt makes remarks.
- The Vice President makes remarks.
- **The President** makes remarks.
- Congressman Vic Fazio moderates a question and answer session.
- Upon the conclusion of the question and answer session, **the President** and the Vice President depart.

Note: Administration Official and Congressman Vic Fazio will address the stakeout.

5:15 pm

THE PRESIDENT and the Vice President depart Capitol Hill via motorcade en route the White House
[drive time: 5 minutes]

5:20 pm

THE PRESIDENT and the Vice President arrive the White House

5:30 pm-
6:45 pm

DOWN TIME

NOTE:	The attire for the Congressional Hispanic Caucus Dinner is Black Tie.
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6:45 pm-
7:00 pm

BRIEFING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Maria Echaveste, John Hilley

7:05 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs the White House via motorcade en route the Washington Hilton Hotel
[drive time: 10 minutes]

7:15 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives at the Washington Hilton Hotel

Greeters: Congressman Becerra, Chairman, Congressional
 Hispanic Caucus Institute
 Dr. Caroline Reyes, Spouse
 Carmen Delgado Votaw, Vice Chair, Congressional
 Hispanic Caucus Institute
 Secretary Federico Pena, U.S. Department of
 Energy
 Ambassador Bill Richardson, U.S. Permanent
 Representative to the United Nations
 Aida Alvarez, Administrator, Small Business
 Administration
 Rita Elizondo, Director, Congressional Hispanic
 Caucus

7:25 pm-
8:10 pm

**20TH ANNIVERSARY GALA OF THE CONGRESSIONAL
HISPANIC CAUCUS INSTITUTE
INTERNATIONAL BALLROOM**

The Washington Hilton Hotel

Remarks: Jordon Tamagni

Staff Contact: Maria Echaveste, John Hilley

Event Coordinator: Setti Warren

POOL PRESS

- Off-stage announcement of **the President**, the Vice President, Congressman Becerra, and Carmen Votaw.
- Carmen Votaw makes welcoming remarks and introduces the Vice President.
- The Vice President makes brief remarks and introduces Congressman Becerra.
- Congressman Becerra makes brief remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** gives brief remarks.
- Upon the conclusion of his remarks, **the President** and the Vice President work a ropeline and proceed to the Cabinet Room.

8:15 pm-
8:40 pm

**RECEIVING LINE WITH CONGRESSIONAL HISPANIC
CAUCUS BOARD MEMBERS**

CABINET ROOM

The Washington Hilton Hotel

Staff Contact: John Hilley

Event Coordinator: Setti Warren

CLOSED PRESS

Note: There are approximately 40 couples.

8:45 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs the Washington Hilton Hotel via motorcade en route the White House
[drive time: 10 minutes]

8:55 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives at the White House

BC AND HRC RON

**THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.**

September 15, 1997 (7:51pm)

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 15, 1997

CLIMATE CHANGE MEETING

DATE: September 16, 1997
LOCATION: Cabinet Room
TIME: 9am-10am
FROM: GENE SPERLING
KATIE MCGINTY
DAN TARULLO

I. PURPOSE

To consider several illustrative scenarios to identify the tradeoffs inherent in, and receive initial guidance on, possible Administration strategies for the Kyoto negotiations and beyond.

II. BACKGROUND

As you know, many consider the issue of climate change to be the premier environmental challenge of the next century. As the world's largest emitter of greenhouse gases, our country's actions will be watched closely: If we act prudently, we can take steps to reduce emissions over the long term without undue adverse effects on economic growth. But the issue is particularly difficult -- both analytically and politically -- because the environmental and economic consequences are potentially momentous and yet highly uncertain.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Meeting Participants:

-- Vice-President
-- Erskine Bowles
-- John Podesta
-- Larry Summers
-- Gene Sperling
-- Dan Tarullo
-- Katie McGinty
-- Jim Steinberg
-- Rahm Emanuel
-- John Hilley

- Janet Yellen
- Todd Stern
- Leon Fuerth
- Ron Klain
- Stu Eizenstat

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- You will be meeting with your advisors

VI. REMARKS

None Required

VII. ATTACHMENTS

- Memo on Climate Change Scenarios

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

'97 SEP 15 PM7:41

September 15, 1997

MEETING WITH
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY EMPLOYEES

DATE: September 16, 1997

LOCATION: CIA Headquarters

TIME: 10:50 a.m. - 12:25 p.m.

FROM: SAMUEL BERGER I. PURPOSE

To commemorate the CIA's 50th Anniversary and commend CIA employees for continued service to nation.

II. BACKGROUND

The event is the centerpiece of activities at the CIA marking 50 years since its 1947 founding. It will be followed by a day honoring CIA retirees and a weekend event for families.

Your remarks to an audience of CIA employees will come at an important moment in the Agency's recent history. DCI George Tenet has been working hard to have the CIA make a successful transition to the post-Cold War world, with special emphasis on the intelligence priorities you laid out three years ago in PDD-35. He also has improved counterintelligence cooperation between the FBI and the CIA in the wake of the Ames case. Your speech will commend the CIA for its past performance while emphasizing the need for redoubled efforts in meeting the challenges of the 21st Century.

III. PARTICIPANTS

You will be speaking to an audience of roughly 4,000 CIA employees and invited guests. A number of senior officials from throughout the Intelligence Community will be on hand. Bill Cohen's attendance will stress the importance of continued close intelligence support to our service men and women. Representative Goss and Senator Shelby will be present as chairs of their respective oversight committees, as may several other members.

IV. PRESS PLAN

Your speech will be open to the White House press corps, as will a brief stop at a memorial to CIA employees who died in service to the nation. The remainder of the event will be closed to the media.

V. SEQUENCE

The first segment of the event will take place under a tent in the CIA's main courtyard before an audience of up to 4,000 CIA employees and invited guests. Upon arrival, you will be met and greeted by George, who will escort you to a stage against a backdrop of the CIA seal. Upon conclusion of "Hail to the Chief" and the presentation of colors, you will be introduced by George and then deliver a ten-minute address.

Following the speech, you will depart the stage in the company of George. As you move indoors, you will have the opportunity to meet and speak with CIA employees along a rope line. Once inside, you and George will pause briefly inside the main lobby at the Wall of Honor, with stars commemorating CIA employees who have given their lives in service to their country.

At this point, you will continue with George through a first-floor corridor to an exhibit commemorating 50 years of CIA history from World War II through the Cold War. The exhibit features espionage equipment from CIA's collections of items captured or otherwise obtained from foreign intelligence services, as well as small number of 1940's OSS pieces. You will walk through the exhibit with George, who may draw your attention to several displays. Upon exiting the exhibit, George will escort you back to the motorcade, and the event concludes.

9/15/97 7:30 PM

PRESIDENT WILLIAM JEFFERSON CLINTON
50TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE CIA
LANGLEY, VA
SEPTEMBER 16, 1997

Acknowledgments: DCI George Tenet
Members of Congress
[confirmed to attend: Senators Moynihan and Shelby;
Representatives Bishop, Gilman, Goss and Harman]
Men and women of CIA family, past and present

I'm delighted to be here with all of you on this day of celebration and remembrance. As someone who recently turned fifty himself, I'm pleased when anyone else catches up.

I want to thank George for his long-time support of our nation's intelligence community – and his abiding devotion, confidence and respect for the exceptional men and women he leads. When George was sworn in, he promised to uphold the highest standards of this Agency to deliver intelligence that is clear, objective, and without regard for political consequences. That's just what we want from our intelligence community and just what we've come to expect from George. I'm proud of him. And I'm proud of all of you.

We gather today to celebrate the 50th anniversary of the Central Intelligence Agency. We salute the men and women of the CIA for their service, sacrifice and selfless dedication on behalf of our nation and our ideals. We look back on the contributions the Agency has made to promoting America's interests and preserving peace around the world. And we commit ourselves, on the verge of a new century, to help keep America the world's leading force for peace and freedom in the future no less than in the past.

When President Truman created the CIA in 1947, few could have imagined how the world would look half a century later. Two years after World War II, Europe still lay in ruins. Economies were in turmoil. The Iron Curtain was descending. The values on which America was founded and for which we had fought so dearly seemed under siege from Europe to Asia.

Now, Europe is at peace, Russia increasingly is our partner, and the Cold War belongs to the past. The tide of market democracy has reached the shores of every continent. For the first time in history, more than half the world's people live under governments of their own choosing. Former adversaries are becoming our new allies; former rivals, new partners and friends.

The men and women of our intelligence community played a crucial role in shaping these events. Through four decades of Cold War, you stood on the front lines of democracy's struggle worldwide. You served where others could not go. You did what others could not do. You helped us understand what foreign leaders had in mind, what tools they had in hand and what resources they had in store. The intelligence edge you gave our country's national security decision-makers made it less likely that our troops would need to fight or that American lives would be put at risk.

By necessity, the American people may never know the full story of your courage. You labor in

obscurity by choice and design – serving with quiet patriotism that seeks neither spotlight nor praise. As President Eisenhower said in 1959 when he laid the cornerstone here at Langley, “Success can not be advertised; failure cannot be explained. In the work of Intelligence, heroes are undecorated... often even among their own fraternity.” But the 70 stars on the Wall of Honor bear witness to a valor of the highest order; a total commitment and an ultimate sacrifice, all the more moving for its anonymity. Today, on behalf of a grateful nation, I thank you.

Now, we must work together to make sure the CIA can serve our nation in the future as it has so well in the past. You know better than anyone that the end of the Cold War by no means has meant the end of risk and danger. Communism and fascism may be dead or discredited, but threats to our security and our values live on – often more diffuse, more complex and no less dangerous than before. As your first customer, let me assure you first-hand: I depend on unique, accurate intelligence more than ever. Your work informs every foreign policy decision I make, from my dealings with Middle East leaders to Russia.

Yet, targeted, timely intelligence collection is more difficult than ever. In today’s hi-tech, information age, the haystacks are getting bigger but the size of the needles isn’t.

That is why we have worked so hard together to adapt our tremendous intelligence capability to meet the challenges of our time – to make this era of change work for us... to ensure we have the information we need to keep our nation secure ... and to help lock in the gains of peace and freedom around the world.

Our first task was to focus our intelligence resources on the areas most critical to our national security – the areas where, as Director Tenet has said, “we simply cannot afford to fail.” Two years ago, I set out our top intelligence priorities in a Presidential Decision Directive: First, supporting our troops in operations, whether turning back aggression, helping secure peace, or providing humanitarian assistance. Second, providing political, economic and military intelligence on countries hostile to the United States – so we can help stop crises and conflicts before they start. And third, protecting American citizens from new transnational threats such as drug traffickers, terrorists, organized criminals and weapons of mass destruction.

You have risen to the challenge. In Bosnia, your information and analysis has helped our commanders protect our troops and give peace a chance to take hold. In North Korea, you warned us of their dangerous nuclear program and gave us the information we needed to negotiate its halt. In Russia and the NIS, your support has helped us lower the nuclear threat and promote democracy and market reform. And in our own hemisphere, your work with law enforcement helped us capture every top druglord of the Colombian Cali Cartel.

You’ve also worked hard to build better teamwork within the intelligence community – to make better use of limited resources, with less duplication and more results. Today, your successes are nearly all joint efforts, reflecting the talent, courage and expertise of men and women across the board. And the dramatic capture of Mir Aimal Kansi [meer amal conzee] proves the vast potential of your growing teamwork with the FBI. You showed that America will never rest in tracking down terrorists who use violence against our people – no matter how long it takes, no matter where they hide.

All of you here, and the families who support you, have a tremendous amount to be proud of.

And I know that you share my strong commitment to build on that record in the future. As we look back on the last 50 years, the road has not always been smooth -- but you have learned and persevered as an Agency, as we have learned and persevered as a country. When problems arose, we met them head on, taking responsibility and learning from them. And through the integrity, professionalism and hard work of men and women like you, this Agency has played an integral role in keeping America strong, advancing our interests, promoting peace and lifting the lives of millions of people around the world.

Now, each of us must do our part to carry those achievements forward. Because even though the world has changed, our reliance on human judgment has not. You, the men and women of the CIA, put your passion and creativity behind our intelligence. We still depend on our case officers abroad, who face new pressures, challenges and dangers in today's more complex world. We still rely on our imagery analysts, who prove every day -- from the Cuban Missile Crisis to Desert Storm -- that a picture truly can be worth a thousand words. We still need dedicated men and women to monitor foreign communications and sound the right alarms. We still need analysts to weave varied strands of data into logical, honest assessments and, when necessary, warnings. We still need sophisticated counterintelligence, to keep our secrets in and keep foreign agents out.

And ultimately, our intelligence community's success depends on the support of the public it serves and the Congress that oversees its work. I am pleased to see the members of Congress here today, evidence of strong partnership between the Legislative Branch and the Intelligence community. Thank you.

I know that inscribed on the walls here at Langley is a passage from the Gospel of John. It says, "And ye shall know the truth, and the truth shall make you free." For five decades, the men and women of the CIA have made it their mission to bring that truth to light -- often at tremendous personal risk, never for personal acclaim. For the past fifty years, your honor, heroism, judgment and intelligence helped America meet every challenge. Now, on the brink of the 21st century, I'm confident we'll do so again. And once again, you will be standing at the forefront of America's defense. Thank you and God bless you all.

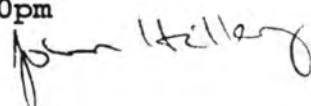
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'97 SEP 15 PM 7:20

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 15, 1997

MEETING WITH HOUSE DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS

DATE: Tuesday, September 16, 1997
LOCATION: Senate Capitol 5
TIME: 4:00pm - 5:00pm
FROM: John Hilley 

I. PURPOSE

To discuss with the House Democratic Caucus legislation which grants the Administration traditional trading authority.

II. BACKGROUND

Please see the following attachments:

1. Democratic Talking Points
2. General Fast Track Talking Points
3. Fast Track Questions and Answers
4. Response to AFL-CIO claims on NAFTA

III. PARTICIPANTS

Pre-Brief

President
Vice President
Erskine Bowles
Ambassador Barshefsky
Gene Sperling
John Hilley
Jay Berman

Meeting

President
Vice President
Representative Gephardt
Representative Fazio
Democratic Caucus

IV. PRESS PLAN

Closed Press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Representative Fazio will introduce Leader Gephardt. Leader Gephardt will introduce the Vice President, who will in turn introduce you. You will make brief remarks and take questions from the Caucus.

VI. REMARKS

To be provided by speechwriters.

THE REMARKS
FOR THE ADDRESS TO THE HOUSE DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS
WILL BE FORWARDED

THE BRIEFING MEMO
FOR THE CONGRESSIONAL HISPANIC CAUCUS DINNER
WILL BE FORWARDED

THE REMARKS
FOR THE CONGRESSIONAL HISPANIC CAUCUS DINNER
WILL BE FORWARDED

Wednesday, September 17, 1997

9:35 AM (T)	Meeting	Distributed Separately
10:30 AM	Tobacco Settlement Review Announcement	Tab A
	- Remarks	Tab B
	- Background	Tab C
11:05 AM	Meeting	Distributed Separately

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1997
FINAL

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4033

PRESS DESK:

JEREMY GAINES

HOME: 202-362-5475

OFFICE: 202-456-5771

WHCA PAGER: 4194

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Patchy morning fog, then partly cloudy.

There is a chance for isolated rain showers to the north and west by evening. Wind south at 5 to 10 knots.

Low 63 to 68.

High 83 to 88.

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1997
FINAL**

9:00 am- 9:15 am		MEETING OVAL OFFICE DINING ROOM Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles
9:15 am- 9:30 am		BRIEFING OVAL OFFICE DINING ROOM Staff Contact: Sandy Berger
9:30 am- 9:35 am	(T)	BRIEFING OVAL OFFICE DINING ROOM Staff Contact: John Podesta, Charles Ruff
9:35 am- 9:55 am	(T)	MEETING OVAL OFFICE DINING ROOM Staff Contact: John Podesta, Charles Ruff
10:00 am- 10:30 am		BRIEFING OVAL OFFICE DINING ROOM Staff Contact: Bruce Reed

10:30 am-
10:55 am

TOBACCO SETTLEMENT REVIEW ANNOUNCEMENT
OVAL OFFICE
Remarks: Terry Edmonds
Staff Contact: Bruce Reed
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
POOL PRESS

Note: There will be 16 guests in attendance, including Cabinet members, Congressional members and public health advocates.

-- **The President** and the Vice President enter the Oval Office.

-- The Vice President makes remarks and introduces **the President**.

-- **The President** makes remarks.

-- **The President** and the Vice President depart.

11:05 am-
11:15 am

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Bruce Lindsey

11:20 am-
11:25 am

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett

11:30 am-
12:30 am

HOLD
OVAL OFFICE

12:30 pm

DOWN FOR THE DAY

BC AND HRC RON

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 16, 1997

TOBACCO ANNOUNCEMENT

DATE: September 17, 1997
LOCATION: Oval Office
BRIEFING TIME: 10:00 am - 10:30 am
EVENT TIME: 10:30 am - 10:55 am
FROM: Bruce Reed

I. PURPOSE

To launch the Administration's plan for comprehensive tobacco legislation to reduce youth smoking.

II. BACKGROUND

You will challenge Congress to enact federal tobacco legislation to reduce teen smoking and announce five key elements that must be included in any national legislation. You will also announce that you will invite Congressional leaders to the White House to work on this issue in the coming weeks. This is an opportunity to build on the FDA rule and the efforts of attorneys general to take further steps to curb youth smoking.

In your remarks, you will call for national tobacco legislation that includes the following:

1. **A comprehensive plan to reduce teen smoking**, including tough penalties if targets are not met, a public education campaign, and expanded efforts to prevent youth access to tobacco products. Legislation should set ambitious targets to reduce teen smoking by 30% in 5 years, 50% in seven years, and 60% in 10 years.
2. **Full authority for the FDA to regulate tobacco products.**
3. **Changes in the way the tobacco industry does business**, including: no marketing to children, increase document disclosure, and mandatory corporate compliance programs.
4. **Progress toward meeting other public health goals**, such as: the reduction of second-hand smoke, the expansion of smoking cessation programs, the strengthening of international efforts to control tobacco, and the provision of funds for medical research and other health objectives.
5. **Protection for tobacco farmers and their communities.**

The attached document, which will be released to the press, provides more specifics.

Since the announcement of a proposed national settlement on June 20, the Administration has consulted with the public health community, the attorneys general, members of Congress, tobacco farmers, and others to develop a comprehensive tobacco policy. At this event, you will be joined by several key representatives from the public health community and attorneys general to demonstrate unified support for your efforts.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Briefing Participants:

The Vice President
Secretary Shalala
Erskine Bowles
Bruce Reed
Elena Kagan
Don Gips

Event Participants:

The Vice President
Secretary Shalala
Secretary Glickman
Bruce Reed
Dr. C. Everett Koop
Dr. David Kessler
Four Members of Congress (as yet unknown)
Attorney General Michael "Mike" Moore (D-Mississippi)
Attorney General Grant Woods (R-Arizona)
Attorney General Christine Gregoire (D-Washington)
Attorney General Robert Butterworth (D-Florida)
Attorney General Skip Humphrey (D-Minnesota)
Dr. Randolph Smoak, Vice Chair of the Board, American Medical Association
Dr. John Seffrin, CEO, American Cancer Society
Dudley Hafner, Executive Vice President, American Heart Association
Matt Myers, Executive Vice President and General Counsel, Campaign for Tobacco Free

Kids

IV. PRESS PLAN

Pool Press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- You will enter the Oval Office accompanied by the Vice President. (Other guests will be pre-positioned.)
- The Vice President will make welcoming remarks and introduce you.
- You will make remarks and then take questions from the pool.

VI. REMARKS

Remarks provided by Speechwriting.

**PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON
TOBACCO LEGISLATION PLAN
THE OVAL OFFICE
SEPTEMBER 17, 1997**

Acknowledgments: Vice President Gore; Secretary Shalala; Secretary Glickman; Bruce Reed; David Kessler; Dr. Koop; Members of Congress; Matt Meyers; Attorneys General: Mike Moore, Christine Gregoire, Bob Butterworth, Grant Woods and Skip Humphrey; heads of AMA, American Cancer Society and American Heart Association.

Good morning. Today I want to talk about one of the most important things we must do to keep our country strong and growing into the 21st century. In recent days, I have laid out an ambitious action agenda for the remainder of this legislative session and year. We have pledged to work hard to make sure the Congress appropriates the priorities we fought so hard for in our balanced budget agreement -- everything from expanding educational opportunity and challenging our students, schools and teachers to meet the highest standards to ratifying a worldwide climate change treaty to passing campaign finance reform, to assisting in efforts to forge lasting peace in places like Northern Ireland and the Middle East. But, we must not overlook this simple fact: As we prepare to enter a new century and a new millennium, the health of our nation is absolutely dependent on the health of our people -- and especially the health of our children.

That is why last year, I launched the nation's first-ever comprehensive program to protect children from the dangers of tobacco. In August of last year, we initiated an FDA final rule to reduce youth access to tobacco products and prevent companies from advertising to our children. The purpose of this rule was to reduce youth smoking by 50 percent in seven years. Earlier this year, a federal judge in North Carolina agreed that the FDA has the authority to regulate tobacco products to protect the health of our children.

These victories for the public health, along with the aggressive efforts of the attorneys general, drove the tobacco companies to the bargaining table and extracted concessions from them that would have been unimaginable just a short time ago. We now have an unprecedented opportunity to develop a comprehensive tobacco policy, working with members of Congress, the attorneys general, the public health community, tobacco farmers and others.

Because of a broad, bipartisan crusade against teen smoking, we have moved from confrontation, denial and inertia to the brink of action. Today, I want to challenge the Congress to build on this historic opportunity by passing sweeping tobacco legislation that has one goal in mind -- the dramatic reduction of teen smoking. In the coming weeks I will invite Congressional leaders from both parties to the White House to launch a bipartisan effort to enact federal tobacco legislation. There are five key elements that must be at the heart of any national tobacco legislation.

First, reducing teen smoking has always been this Administration's bottom line. Now it must be the industry's bottom line. That is why I believe that tobacco legislation must include a comprehensive plan to reduce teen smoking, including tough penalties. Every day, 3,000 young

people start smoking, and 1,000 of them will die early as a result. We cannot turn our backs on this tragedy. I believe the right kind of tobacco legislation must include stiff penalties that are non-deductible, uncapped and escalating to give the tobacco industry the strongest possible incentive to stop targeting kids. One of the surest ways of reducing youth smoking is to increase the price of cigarettes. By some estimates, a 10% increase in cigarette prices will lead to a 7% drop in youth smoking.

Today, I am calling for a combination of industry payments and penalties to increase the price of cigarettes by up to \$1.50 a pack over the next decade as needed to meet our youth reduction targets. And I call on the House to follow the lead of the Senate and repeal the provision giving the tobacco industry a \$50 billion credit.

Second, any legislation must affirm the full authority of the FDA to regulate tobacco products. I believe that the FDA's jurisdiction over tobacco products must be as strong and effective as its authority over other drugs and devices. In particular, legislation cannot impose any special procedural hurdles on FDA regulation of tobacco products.

Third, effective legislation must include measures to hold the industry accountable for past misconduct, especially efforts to market products to children, while insisting that it change the way it does business. I ask the industry again to make a voluntary commitment to stop advertising to children. And I call on Congress to pass legislation providing for broad document disclosure so that the public can learn everything the tobacco companies know about the health effects of their products and their attempts to market to children.

Fourth, federal tobacco legislation must aim not only to reduce youth smoking, but to meet other health goals. These include the reduction of environmental, or second-hand tobacco smoke, the expansion of smoking prevention and cessation programs, the strengthening of international efforts to control tobacco, and the provision of funds for medical research and other important health objectives. I am extremely proud of the 15-cents-a-pack cigarette tax included in our balanced budget agreement that will help prevent many young people from taking up smoking in the first place and will be used to help states provide health care for up to 5 million uninsured children. I hope this tobacco legislation will provide the necessary funds to build on this historic, bipartisan achievement.

And finally, any tobacco legislation must protect tobacco farmers and their communities. We know that tobacco farmers are honest, hard working citizens, most of whom live and work on small, family farms. In some states, entire communities rely on income from the tobacco crop. Any legislation must protect these tobacco farmers, their families and their communities from the loss of farm income.

Let me be clear: this is not about money or how much we can extract from the tobacco industry. It is about fulfilling our duty as parents and responsible adults to protect our children from the dangers of tobacco. Again, I want to thank Vice President Gore, who cares so passionately about this issue and has played such a key role in our efforts to protect our children from the dangers of tobacco. I have asked him to take the lead in building broad bipartisan

support around the country for our plan. I also want to thank Secretary Shalala, Secretary Glickman, and Bruce Reed of my Administration and all those who have worked so hard to bring us to this point. You have created an historic opportunity for progress in our efforts to reduce teen smoking.

Thank you.

President Clinton's Plan for Comprehensive Tobacco Legislation to Protect America's Children

Today, President Clinton challenged Congress to pass sweeping tobacco legislation to reduce teen tobacco use significantly. The President announced that he will invite Congressional leaders in both parties to the White House in the coming weeks to launch a bipartisan effort to enact federal tobacco legislation. That legislation will build on the extraordinary efforts of the nation's attorneys general, who helped create an historic opportunity for progress in reducing smoking, especially by youth.

In August 1996, the Clinton Administration announced a landmark rule by the Food and Drug Administration to protect children from the harm caused by tobacco products, which was upheld by a federal judge in North Carolina earlier this year. Those victories for the public health, along with the aggressive efforts of the attorneys general and leaders of the public health community, drove the tobacco companies to the bargaining table and extracted concessions that would have been unimaginable just a short time ago.

Since a proposed national settlement was announced June 20, the Administration -- led by Vice President Gore, Secretary of Health and Human Services Donna Shalala, and Domestic Policy Advisor Bruce Reed -- has been working with the public health community, the attorneys general, members of Congress, tobacco farmers, and others to develop a comprehensive tobacco policy.

Today, the President announced five key elements that must be at the heart of any national tobacco legislation:

1. A Comprehensive Plan to Reduce Teen Smoking, Including Tough Penalties If Targets Are Not Met. Every day, 3,000 young people start smoking regularly, and 1,000 of them will die early as a result. The central goal of tobacco legislation must be a comprehensive, nationwide effort to reduce teen smoking. The Administration is calling for:

- **Tough Penalties and Price Increases to Reduce Teen Smoking:** The Administration believes tobacco legislation must include stiff penalties that give the tobacco industry the strongest possible incentive to stop targeting kids. Legislation should set ambitious targets to cut teen smoking by 30% in 5 years, 50% in 7 years, and 60% in 10 years, and impose severe financial penalties that hold tobacco companies accountable to meet those targets. The Administration supports penalties that are non-deductible, uncapped, and escalating -- so that the penalties get stiffer and the price goes up the more that companies miss the targets. Reducing youth smoking is the Administration's bottom line, and now it must be the industry's bottom line.

One of the surest ways to reduce youth smoking is to increase the price of cigarettes. By some estimates, a 10% increase in cigarette prices will lead to a 7% drop in youth smoking. **Today, the President called for a combination of industry payments and penalties to increase the price of cigarettes by up to \$1.50 a pack over the next decade as necessary to meet the youth smoking reduction targets.**

- **A Public Education and Counter Advertising Campaign:** To succeed in reducing youth smoking, legislation must provide for a nationwide effort to deglamorize tobacco, warn young people of its addictive nature and deadly consequences, and help parents discourage their children from taking up the habit. Legislation should provide for a public education and counter advertising campaign, as well as state and local prevention efforts. The Administration also supports stronger, more visible warning labels on tobacco products.
- **Expanded Efforts to Restrict Access and Limit Appeal:** The current FDA rule includes significant measures to reduce youth access to tobacco products (such as requiring retailers to check photo identification of anyone under 27) and to limit the advertising of tobacco to young people (such as restricting advertising near school buildings). The Administration supports legislation codifying these measures, imposing even stronger restrictions on youth access and advertising consistent with the Constitution, and establishing an effective retail licensing scheme with tough penalties.

2. Full Authority for FDA to Regulate Tobacco Products. In 1996, the Administration took the historic step of asserting FDA jurisdiction over tobacco products. Since that time, the Administration has said it would support federal legislation explicitly affirming the FDA's authority to regulate the manufacture, marketing, and sale of tobacco products. Under such legislation, the FDA's authority over tobacco products must be as effective as its authority over other drugs and devices, and must be sufficiently flexible to meet changing circumstances. The legislation should not impose any obligation on the FDA to make specific findings about such speculative matters as the creation of contraband markets; nor should it impose any special procedural hurdles or requirements, such as enhanced standards of proof or unusual evidentiary formalities.

3. Changes in the Way the Tobacco Industry Does Business. Federal tobacco legislation must include measures to expose the industry's past misconduct, especially its efforts to market products to children, and to change the way the industry does business.

- **No Marketing to Children:** Commitments by the industry -- such as agreements to limit advertising to children -- can serve to recognize the need for increased

corporate responsibility. Today, the President reiterated his call to the tobacco industry to stop marketing and promoting tobacco to children.

- **Document Disclosure:** To ensure that patterns of corporate malfeasance are disclosed and effectively checked in the future, tobacco legislation must provide for broad disclosure of industry documents, especially those containing scientific or other health information or relating to the industry's attempts to market tobacco to children. This legislation should respect essential principles of attorney-client privilege. But the legislation should establish effective mechanisms to turn over to the public all non-privileged documents, including documents the industry has inappropriately claimed to be privileged, as well as to disclose scientific and health-related information in even privileged documents.
- **Corporate Compliance:** Tobacco companies should set up comprehensive corporate compliance programs that will reinforce the real economic incentives provided by the youth smoking penalties to discourage companies from marketing to children. The legislation should establish oversight mechanisms to investigate and monitor corporate compliance and to make recommendations to Congress on appropriate future legislation.

4. Progress Toward Other Public Health Goals. Federal tobacco legislation provides an opportunity not only to reduce youth smoking, but to meet other public health goals: the reduction of environmental (second-hand) tobacco smoke, the expansion of smoking cessation programs, the strengthening of international efforts to control tobacco, and the provision of funds for health research and other health objectives.

- **Second-Hand Smoke:** The best scientific studies show that restrictions on second-hand smoke reduce the risk of death and injury to non-smokers, including the hundreds of thousands of children with asthma and other respiratory illness, and lead many smokers to quit the habit. Federal tobacco legislation should include provisions to restrict smoking in workplaces and other public facilities of the kind found in H.R. 3434, as well as in the President's recent Executive Order on tobacco smoke in federal facilities.
- **Smoking Cessation Programs:** Data suggests that some 70% of smokers want to quit, but fewer than 3% each year successfully do so. Legislation should help enable smoking cessation services to reach and assist the millions of smokers who want to break their addiction to tobacco products.
- **International Leadership:** According to the World Health Organization (WHO), tobacco use now causes 3 million deaths a year worldwide; unless checked, that number will rise to 10 million by 2025, with 70% of annual deaths

occurring in developing countries. Legislation should strengthen global and bilateral efforts to reduce smoking by providing assistance to international institutions.

- **Resources for Health Research and Other Health Care Objectives:** The Administration believes that the primary objective of tobacco legislation is to reduce youth smoking, not to raise money. But tobacco legislation also should take into account the health costs associated with smoking and the resulting need for public health investments. Legislation should generate sufficient resources to establish a health research fund and contribute significantly to other important health objectives. In addition, Congress should repeal the provision giving the tobacco industry a \$50 billion credit.

5. Protection for Tobacco Farmers and Their Communities. The President made clear today that any tobacco legislation must protect tobacco farmers and their communities. Most tobacco farmers live and work on small family farms; in many cases, their families have been growing tobacco for generations. In some states, entire communities rely on income from the tobacco crop. The Administration is committed to working with members of Congress in both parties to ensure that we protect the financial well-being of tobacco farmers, their families, and their communities.

Thursday, September 18, 1997

1:15 PM	Air Force 50th Anniversary Celebration	Tab A
	- Remarks	Tab B To Be Forwarded
2:35 PM	Tape Radio Address	Tab C
	- Remarks	Tab D To Be Forwarded
3:00 PM	Climate Change Meeting	Tab E
	- Background Memo	Distributed Separately
3:50 PM	Securities Litigation Meeting	Tab F
	- Background Memo	Distributed Separately
4:30 PM	Product Liability Meeting	Tab G
	- Background Memo	Distributed Separately

Washington, D.C.
Palo Alto, California
Thursday, September 18, 1997

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

FOR

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1997
Washington, D.C.
Palo Alto, California

FINAL

'97 SEP 17 PM8:02

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4033

EVENT COORDINATOR:

KAREN FINNEY

HOME: 202-667-0132

OFFICE: 202-456-7951

WHCA PAGER: 4216

ADVANCE LEAD:

(Palo Alto, CA)

ROB ROSEN

STAFF OFFICE: 36220

WHCA PAGER: 4540

CELL PHONE: 202-395-1839

PRESS DESK:

JEREMY GAINES

HOME: 202-362-5475

OFFICE: 202-456-5771

WHCA PAGER: 4194

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, DC

Mostly cloudy with showers in the vicinity early in the morning, becoming partly cloudy.

Wind northwest at 8 to 12 knots.

Low 61 to 66.

High 81 to 86.

PALO ALTO, CA

Mostly cloudy with a chance of isolated showers.

Wind northwest at 8 to 12 knots.

Low 54 to 59.

High 67 to 72.

Washington, D.C.
Palo Alto, California
Thursday, September 18, 1997

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1997
Washington, D.C.
Palo Alto, California
FINAL**

NOTE:	BAGGAGE CALL IS AT 12:00 PM FOR ALL STAFF TRAVELING ON AIR FORCE ONE. PLEASE PLACE YOUR BAGS OUTSIDE OF ROOM 89.
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DOWN UNTIL 1:00 PM

1:00 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs the White House via motorcade en route the Pentagon
[drive time: 10 minutes]

1:10 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives at the Pentagon

Greeters: Secretary William Cohen

Washington, D.C.
Palo Alto, California
Thursday, September 18, 1997

1:15 pm-
2:00 pm

**AIR FORCE 50TH ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION
COURTYARD**

Pentagon

Remarks: Tony Blinken

Staff Contact: Sandy Berger

Event Coordinator: Aviva Steinberg

OPEN PRESS

- Off stage announcement of **the President**, General Eberhardt, Secretary William Cohen , Dr. Shelia Widnall and Chaplain Major General Dendinger.
- Chaplain Major General Dendinger gives the invocation.
- General Eberhardt makes brief remarks.
- Dr. Widnall makes brief remarks.
- Secretary Cohen makes brief remarks.
- **The President** makes brief remarks.
- **The President** blows out a candle and cuts the cake.
- **The President** works a ropeline and departs.

2:05 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs the Pentagon via motorcade en route the White House
[drive time: 10 minutes]

2:15 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives at the White House

2:30 pm-
2:35 pm

BRIEFING

OVAL OFFICE

Staff Contact: Ann Lewis, Megan Moloney

Washington, D.C.
Palo Alto, California
Thursday, September 18, 1997

2:35 pm-
2:45 pm

TAPE THE RADIO ADDRESS
ROOSEVELT ROOM
Remarks: June Shih
Staff Contact: Ann Lewis, Megan Moloney

Note: This radio address is closed to staff and guests.

3:00 pm-
3:45 pm

CLIMATE CHANGE MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Gene Sperling, Todd Stern, Katie McGinty

3:50 pm-
4:20 pm

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Gene Sperling

4:30 pm-
5:00 pm

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Bruce Lindsey

NOTE:	Staff vans will be departing from West Executive Avenue at 4:15 pm for Andrews Air Force Base, for all staff not manifested on the helicopters.
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5:25 pm

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady proceed to the South Lawn

5:30 pm

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady depart the White House via Marine One en route Andrews Air Force Base
[flight time: 10 minutes]

5:40 pm

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady arrive at Andrews Air Force Base

5:55 pm

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady depart Andrews Air Force Base via Air Force One en route Moffet Field
[flight time: 5 hours, 10 minutes]
[time change: -3 hours]

Washington, D.C.
Palo Alto, California
Thursday, September 18, 1997

8:05 pm
(11:05 pm EST)

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady arrive Moffet Field
CLOSED PUBLIC
OPEN PRESS

Greeters: Captain Phil Hazelrig, Commanding Officer, Naval
Air Reserve, Santa Clara
Dr. Henry McDonald, Director of the NASA Ames
Center
Colonel Tommy Williams, Executive Officer,
129th Rescue Wing, California Air National
Guard
Lieutenant Colonel Jim Porter, Executive Officer,
Onizuka Air Station

NOTE: This arrival is OPEN to Base Personnel.

8:20 pm

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady depart Moffet Field via
motorcade en route the Hyatt Rikeys Hotel
[drive time: 15 minutes]

8:35 pm

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady arrive at the Hyatt Rikeys
Hotel

DOWN FOR THE EVENING

BC AND HRC RON

THE HYATT RICEYS HOTEL
PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

AIR FORCE 50th ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION 97 SEP 17 PM 9:10

DATE: September 18, 1997

LOCATION: Pentagon

TIME: 1:30 - 2:00 p.m.

FROM: SAMUEL BERGER

I. PURPOSE

To honor the United States Air Force on its 50th Anniversary

II. BACKGROUND

The National Security Act of 1947 created the Air Force in addition to the Department of Defense, Central Intelligence Agency and National Security Council. Air Force 50th anniversary activities peak this week with a variety of events in Washington D.C. and at various Air Force bases around the world. Several thousand servicemembers are expected to attend the Pentagon "cake cutting" event. The celebration will also honor the 12 "Outstanding Airmen" from throughout the Air Force - the top enlisted personnel for 1997.

The Air Force Vice Chief of Staff, General Ralph Eberhart, is hosting this event. General Michael Ryan is still awaiting confirmation as the next Chief of Staff.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President
Secretary William Cohen
Secretary Sheila Widnall
General Ralph Eberhart, Vice Chief of Staff, Air Force
Major General William Dendinger, Chief Air Force Chaplain
CMSgt Eric Benkin, Chief Master Sergeant of the Air Force

Samuel Berger
Robert Bell

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open Press

V. SEQUENCE

- Upon your arrival at the Mall Entrance, Secretaries Cohen and Widnall will escort you to a hold area prior to moving to the Pentagon Center Court Yard
- Chaplain Dendinger delivers invocation and prayer
- Air Force Academy Chorale sings the *Air Force Hymn*
- General Eberhart makes remarks
- Secretary Widnall makes remarks
- Secretary Cohen makes remarks
- President makes remarks
- Honor Guard member lights five candles on main ceremonial birthday cake to represent the five decades of the USAF "Golden Legacy"
- Official party moves to bottom of stage to cut the largest birthday cake; an honor guard member will assist you in slicing the cake with a saber
- Official party joins the 12 Outstanding Airmen behind the five birthday cakes to sing the birthday song, followed by the cake cutting
- Depart stage right

THE REMARKS
FOR THE AIR FORCE 50th ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION
WILL BE FORWARDED

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

'97 SEP 17 PM 4:28

September 17, 1997

TAPED WEEKLY RADIO ADDRESS

DATE: September 18, 1997
LOCATION: Roosevelt Room
TIME: 2:35 pm
FROM: Megan Moloney

I. PURPOSE

You will reiterate your opposition to the Gorton and Goodling amendments, as they undermine the essential progress in national standards and education. You will also issue a veto threat for both pieces of legislation if they come to your desk

II. BACKGROUND

You have stated on the record that you believe the amendments are a step in the wrong direction for education in this country, because despite their intent, their effect is to shift funds away from the schools that serve our nation's neediest children.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President
Megan Moloney
White House Communications Agency (WHCA) staff
White House Television(WHTV)
White House photographer

IV. PRESS PLAN

The ABC, AP, C-SPAN, CBS, NBC/Mutual/Westwood One, NPR, UPI, USA, American Urban Radio Network, and Standard News networks will carry the address in its entirety to their thousands of stations across the country this Saturday at 10:06 AM ET.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Briefing	2:30 - 2:35 pm
Tape Radio Address	2:35 - 2:45 pm

NOTE: There are no guests at this week's taping.

VI. REMARKS

To be forwarded by the Office of Speechwriting

THE REMARKS
FOR THE WEEKLY RADIO ADDRESS
WILL BE FORWARDED

'97 SEP 17 - 7:56

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 17, 1997

MEETING ON CLIMATE CHANGE

DATE: September 18, 1997
LOCATION: Oval Office
TIME: 3:00-3:45pm
FROM: Gene Sperling
Kathleen McGinty
Daniel Tarullo

I. PURPOSE:

To get initial guidance on Administration strategies for the Kyoto negotiations and beyond, as discussed in memorandum dated September 15 (copy attached).

II. BACKGROUND:

In your June 26, 1997, speech before the U.N. General Assembly, you stated your desire to "bring to the Kyoto conference a strong American commitment to realistic and binding limits that will significantly reduce our emissions of greenhouse gases." The Kyoto negotiations will take place in early December. In the run-up to Kyoto, you will host a White House conference on climate change on October 6. It is anticipated that the Administration will announce its policy proposals following the conference.

The complexity of the issue is reflected in four different constraints: environmental, international, economic, and political. The first two of these constraints are roughly consistent, as are the second two. Our basic dilemma, however, is that the first two constraints are incongruous with the third and fourth. The scenarios present three approaches that (1) meet the first two constraints, (2) meet the second constraints, and (3) try to bridge the gap. See attached memorandum.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The Vice President
Erskine Bowles
Gene Sperling
Dan Tarullo
John Podesta
Katie McGinty
Jim Steinberg
Todd Stern
Janet Yellen
Stuart Eizenstat
Ron Klain
Leon Fuerth
John Hilley

IV. PRESS PLAN

Closed

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

You will be meeting with your advisors to discuss climate change.

VI. REMARKS

None required

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 17, 1997

MEETING ON SECURITIES LITIGATION PREEMPTION

DATE: September 18, 1997
LOCATION: Oval Office
TIME: 3:50pm-4:20pm
FROM: Bruce Lindsey
Gene Sperling

I. PURPOSE:

For an internal meeting between you and your advisors to discuss securities litigation preemption, in advance of your trip to California. Portions of the business community, led by the high tech companies, are urging the Administration to support legislation that would expand the reach of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act (the "Reform Act") by preempting most state securities law fraud claims. A bill to do this has over 80 sponsors in the House and a parallel bill is being drafted by Senator Dodd. Particularly given your veto of the underlying legislation, it is important that the Administration have a carefully crafted position on this issue.

II. BACKGROUND:

During the first year after enactment of the Reform Act, plaintiffs' lawyers filed a number of class action suits in state court to avoid the impact of some of the Reform Act's provisions, primarily the stronger pleading requirements and the discovery stay. At the same time, the Reform Act's safe harbor went largely unused. Although the trend toward state actions has reversed in 1997, business wants assurances that there will be a uniform national standard on issues relating to misrepresentations, and wants to do this by preempting the jurisdiction of state courts in these cases. The high tech community believes that your August 1996 remarks that Proposition 211 would "undermine national laws" means you support their efforts.

The SEC, as well as the groups that initially opposed the Reform Act, believe it is far too early to know whether there is need for further legislation. They are also concerned that a number of lower court decisions interpreting the Reform Act have been very pro-defendant, and are reluctant to expand the Act's reach -- by removing the state court "safety valve" -- unless and until those decisions are reversed.

III. PARTICIPANTS:

Vice President
Erskine Bowles
John Podesta
Sylvia Mathews
Bruce Lindsey
Gene Sperling
Chuck Ruff
Ron Klain
Don Gips
Ellen Seidman
Paul Carey

IV. PRESS PLAN

Closed

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

You will be meeting with you advisors.

VI. REMARKS

None required.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 17, 1997

MEETING ON PRODUCT LIABILITY

DATE: September 18, 1997
LOCATION: Oval Office
TIME: 4:30pm-5:00pm
FROM: Bruce Lindsey
Gene Sperling

I. PURPOSE:

For an internal meeting between you and your advisors to discuss and reach a position on Senator Rockefeller's and Mr. Dingell's separate proposals on product liability reform.

II. BACKGROUND:

Following an internal meeting on July 23, at which you established the Administration's position on this issue, we have held a series of meetings with Rockefeller and Dingell staff and, at times, the Members. On September 5, Senator Rockefeller presented us a proposal that adopts the Administration's position on several liability for non-economic damages (i.e., there is no provision); limits the statute of repose to durable goods in the workplace covered by workers' compensation; and has no large business cap on punitive damages.

On the other hand, the Senator's bill would not require punitive damages to be allowed in the seven states (including Washington state) that generally do not allow them, and has several more minor problems. In addition, Senator Rockefeller did not adopt our proposed position on limiting protective orders, the most consumer-friendly part of our proposal. While the Senator's staff has indicated he would fix most of the minor problems, including tightening the small business cap on punitives, he will not move on requiring all states to allow punitives, and is unlikely to add the protective order provision without a lot more prodding. Mr. Dingell's position is less defined, but he would include a firm 18-year statute of repose for all goods, which Senator Rockefeller will not support.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Vice President
Erskine Bowles
John Podesta
Sylvia Mathews
Bruce Lindsey
Gene Sperling
Chuck Ruff
Ron Klain
Elena Kagan
Ellen Seidman
Peter Jacoby
Tracey Thornton

IV. PRESS PLAN

Closed

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

You will be meeting with your advisors to discuss product liability reform.

VI. REMARKS

None required