

Staff Secretary

Sean Maloney

10 boxes received in file and filed September 20, 1999

Box 1 - Presidential Trip Books - 1995-1996

ENCLOSURES FILED OVERSIZE ATTACHMENTS

14580

NARA 11953

Box 2 - Presidential Trip Books - 1996

ENCLOSURES FILED OVERSIZE ATTACHMENTS

14581

NARA 11954

Box 3 - Presidential Trip Books - 1997

ENCLOSURES FILED OVERSIZE ATTACHMENTS

14582

NARA 11955

Box 4 - Daily Briefing Book - 1997

ENCLOSURES FILED OVERSIZE ATTACHMENTS

14583

NARA 11956

**DAILY BRIEFING
BOOK
OF THE
PRESIDENT**

**JULY 22 - AUGUST 15
1997**

DAILY BRIEFING BOOK OF THE PRESIDENT
JULY 22 - AUGUST 15, 1997

Clinton Presidential Records Digital Records Marker

This is not a presidential record. This is used as an administrative marker by the William J. Clinton Presidential Library Staff.

This marker identifies the place of a tabbed divider. Given our digitization capabilities, we are sometimes unable to adequately scan such dividers. The title from the original document is indicated below.

JULY 1997

Divider Title: _____

Tuesday, July 22, 1997

9:25 AM Meeting

Distributed
Separately

11:00 AM

Budget Meeting

Tab A

- Pool Spray Remarks

Tab B
To Be Forwarded

5:30 PM

Gay and Lesbian
Outreach Meeting

Tab C

- Background

Tab D

- Seating Plan/Bios

- Hate Crimes Issues

- Domestic Partner Issues

- AIDS Issues

- Appointments

- "Don't Ask, Don't Tell"

- DOE Harassment Guidance
Statement

- First Term Accomplishments

7:05 PM

DCCC Receiving Line,
Reception and Dinner

Distributed
Separately

632-1090

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

FOR

TUESDAY, JULY 22, 1997

FINAL

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4033

EVENT COORDINATOR:

LAURA GRAHAM

HOME: 703-212-7642

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WHCA PAGER: 4809

PRESS DESK:

JEREMY GAINES

HOME: 202-362-5475

OFFICE: 202-456-5771

WHCA PAGER: 4194

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
TUESDAY, JULY 22, 1997
FINAL**

9:00 am-
9:15 am

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles

9:15 am-
9:25 am

BRIEFING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: John Hilley, Chris Jennings

9:25 am-
9:40 am

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: John Hilley, Chris Jennings
WHITE HOUSE PHOTO

9:45 am-
10:00 am

BRIEFING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Sandy Berger

10:00 am-
10:15 am

BRIEFING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Sandy Berger

10:30 am- (T)
11:00 am

BRIEFING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Gene Sperling

11:00 am- (T)
11:30 am

BUDGET MEETING
CABINET ROOM
Staff Contact: Gene Sperling
PRESS TBD

11:45 am-
11:50 am

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett

12:00 pm-
12:30 pm

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Nancy Hernreich

12:30 pm-
4:30 pm

PHONE AND OFFICE TIME
OVAL OFFICE

4:30 pm-
4:50 pm

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Charles Ruff

5:00 pm-
5:30 pm

BRIEFING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Maria Echaveste

5:30 pm-
6:45 pm

GAY AND LESBIAN OUTREACH MEETING
ROOSEVELT ROOM
Staff Contact: Maria Echaveste
WHITE HOUSE PHOTO

7:00 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs the White House via motorcade en route The Mayflower Hotel
[drive time: 5 minutes]

7:05 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives the Mayflower Hotel

Greeters: Representative Richard Gephardt
Representative Martin Frost

7:10 pm-
7:30 pm

DCCC PHOTO RECEIVING LINE
SENATE ROOM
Mayflower Hotel
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
CLOSED PRESS

-- **The President** does a photo receiving line with 50 people.

7:35 pm

THE PRESIDENT proceeds to the State Room

7:40 pm-
8:10 pm

REMARKS TO DCCC RECEPTION
STATE ROOM
Mayflower Hotel
Remarks: Laura Capps
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
POOL PRESS

Note: There is a pre-program.

- Representative Richard Gephardt announces **the President** into the room.
- Representative Gephardt makes brief remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes brief remarks.
- Upon the conclusion of his remarks, **the President** works a short ropeline and departs.

8:15 pm

THE PRESIDENT proceeds to the Chinese Room

8:20 pm-
8:45 pm

DCCC DINNER
CHINESE ROOM
Mayflower Hotel
Staff Contact: Craig Smith
Event Coordinator: Laura Graham
CLOSED PRESS

- **The President** is seated at the head table.
- Dinner is served.
- Upon the conclusion of dinner, Representative Martin Frost thanks all for attending.
- **The President** departs.

8:55 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs the Mayflower Hotel via motorcade en route the White House
[drive time: 5 minutes]

9:00 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives the White House

BC AND HRC RON

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, DC

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 21, 1997

MEETING WITH BUDGET TEAM

DATE: July 22, 1997
TIME: 11:00am
LOCATION: Oval Office/Cabinet Room
FROM: Gene Sperling

I. PURPOSE:

- To provide a substantive overview of where we are in our negotiations;
- To discuss the different degrees of flexibility in our bargaining positions; and
- To talk strategically on how we should be positioning ourselves over the next week.
- To further articulate your principles for a final tax cut bill through a Presidential statement.

II. PARTICIPANTS:

- Vice President
- Erskine Bowles
- Rahm Emanuel
- John Hilley
- Ron Klain
- Jack Lew
- Director Raines
- Secretary Rubin
- Gene Sperling
- Larry Summers
- Janet Yellen

III. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS:

- You will be briefed by your Budget team in the Oval Office.
- You will proceed to the Cabinet Room
- You will make a statement on the budget.

IV. PRESS COVERAGE:

Open for statement

V. REMARKS:

To be provided by speechwriting

THE POOL SPRAY REMARKS
FOR THE BUDGET MEETING
WILL BE FORWARDED

97-11-21-08128

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 21, 1997

GAY AND LESBIAN LEADERS MEETING

DATE: July 22, 1997
LOCATION: Roosevelt Room
TIME: 5:30 PM
FROM: Maria Echaveste, Richard Socarides

I. PURPOSE:

You are meeting with thirteen gay and lesbian leaders as part of our constituency outreach effort. This is the second in a series of meetings with various constituencies. The purpose of the meeting is for you to hear directly concerns and issues from a variety of perspectives.

At this meeting, four of the participants are the Executive Directors of Washington based national gay and lesbian organizations. Four other participants run other types of gay organizations not based in Washington: The Los Angeles Gay and Lesbian Center; Lambda, the country's premier gay legal organization; an organization of gay and straight teachers; and a small social services organization in New York City for gay youth. Another participant from Tulsa, Oklahoma, a mother of four who has been married for 39 years, is the National President of an organization of parents of gay children. Two are businessmen and philanthropists, one of whom is in the Forbes 400. Also attending is the Maine State Treasurer and an activist from New Mexico.

Seven of the participants are women and six are men. Two of the participants are Latino/a, one is African American. All but one, the mother from Tulsa, is gay. A list of participants is annexed as attachment 2.

II. BACKGROUND

We selected this group to come to the White House after consulting with Craig Smith, Fred Duval, Barney Frank and some of our gay and lesbian appointees within the Administration.

constituency demographics:

- Gays and lesbians make up between 6-10% of the United States population.
- According to Voter News Service (VNS), which did exit polling for the television networks and the Associated Press, in 1992 approximately 3% of those voting identified themselves as gay or lesbian. In 1996, again according to VNS, that number rose to 5%. These numbers are believed to represent under-valuations, as many gays may be reluctant to identify themselves. The gay and lesbian vote was as follows:

1992: Clinton-	72%	1996: Clinton-	66%
Bush-	14	Dole-	23
Perot-	14	Perot-	7
other-	--	other-	4

- In 1992, gays and lesbians represented at least 5% of the total Clinton/Gore vote and in 1996 they represented at least 7% of the total Clinton/Gore vote.

major gay and lesbian policy concerns:

- **Employment Non-Discrimination Act:** The Act would outlaw workplace discrimination against gays and lesbians and was endorsed by you on October 19, 1995. **Senate status:** In the Senate, ENDA was introduced June 10, 1997 by Senators Jeffords and Kennedy, chair and ranking on the Senate Labor and Human Resources Committee. The bill has 34 co-sponsors (Chafee is the only other Republican on the bill at present). Hearings in that committee are expected sometime in September or October of this year. The current thinking is that, like last year, the sponsors will have to attempt to attach this measure to another vehicle on the floor before the end of the year. Last year they attempted to add ENDA as an amendment to the so-called Defense of Marriage Act (same-sex marriage). **House status:** ENDA was introduced in the House as H.R. 1858 on June 10 by Congressmen Shays (R-CT) and Frank (D-MA). The measure, which has 151 cosponsors (12 Republicans and 139 Democrats), has been referred to four committees with jurisdiction -the Judiciary Committee, the Government Reform and Oversight Committee, the Education and Workforce Committee and the House Oversight Committee. While no committee has taken any action on the measure to date, the bill's lead sponsors are working hard to schedule hearings in the Government Reform Committee and the Education Committee -the two committees with the greatest number of ENDA cosponsors. The time frame for any House ENDA hearings is September at the earliest.
- **Anti-gay violence and hate crimes directed at gays and lesbians:** Gay and lesbian community leaders lavishly praised your recent radio address remarks during which you announced the convening of the White House Conference on

Hate Crimes on November 10, 1997. We have been working closely with gay groups in connection with the planning of the conference. These groups are asking us to support expansion of current federal hate crime legislation to include sexual orientation. DOJ is working closely with Senator Kennedy on this. (See attachment 3 for expanded discussion of current legislative proposals.)

- **Versace murder:** On a related front, gay anti-violence groups are working closely with law enforcement officials in light of the murder of Gianni Versace in Miami last Tuesday.
- **Same sex domestic partner benefits:** Many private sector employers (including the DNC) are now providing some kind of domestic partner benefit. Additionally, Hawaii now has a state law providing for these benefits. Congressman Frank will soon introduce legislation which would grant domestic partner benefits to federal employees. No Administration position has been articulated on these issues to date. See attachment 4 for proposed talking points on domestic partner benefits.
- **Same-sex marriage bill:** Residual anger over the administration's support last year of the same-sex marriage bill, which became law on September 20, 1996. The law provides for a denial of federal benefits to same-sex couples who may become legally married in the state in which they reside and would allow states to deny recognition of same-sex marriages legally preformed in other states. There is currently an effort in Hawaii to amend the state constitution -- prior to the expected pro-marriage court ruling -- to prohibit same-sex marriage.
- **HIV and AIDS issues:** Especially needle exchange and AIDS funding issues. (See attached briefing from Sandy Thurman. [5] and talking points on needle exchange [6]).
- **Appointments of openly gay and lesbian Americans to Administration positions.** See attached briefing from Bob Nash [6].
- **Gays in the military:** Issues relating to the Administration's early efforts to end discrimination against gays and lesbians in the military and alleged violations of the "don't ask, don't tell" policy which followed are still hot topics. In a decision that was hailed by gay rights attorneys, a Federal District Court in New York recently called the policy "degrading and deplorable" (*US v. Able*). We continue to work with advocates for gay and lesbian service-members to ensure that the policy is enforced fairly and in a manner consistent with its intent to make life better for gays and lesbians willing to abide by the policy. Secretary Cohen recently instituted a comprehensive policy review to determine whether the policy is being fairly executed and has said of allegations of abuse: "I will do everything I can to see that it's stopped." See attachment 7 for DOD update and attachment 8 for DOJ update.

- **Immigration rights for same sex partners of U.S. citizens.** For the first time ever under your Administration, INS has granted political asylum based on sexual orientation persecution claims.
- **Anti-gay bias in schools.** This issue recently received national attention when a \$900,000 settlement was reached after a jury award to Jamie Nabozny as compensation for harassment he was subjected to in his high school. The Department of Education has issued a policy guidance on sexual harassment of students which includes certain forms of harassment based on sexual orientation. See Education briefing attached as 10.
- **Colorado case:** DOJ's decision not to file a brief opposing Colorado's anti-gay Amendment Two at the Supreme Court.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Pre-brief participants:

Sylvia Mathews
 Rahm Emanuel
 Maria Echaveste
 Craig Smith
 Sandy Thurman
 Richard Socarides

Event Participants:

13 gay and lesbian leaders (see attachment 1)
 Sylvia Mathews
 Maria Echaveste
 Craig Smith
 Sandy Thurman
 Richard Socarides

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House Photo will be released after the meeting.
 After the meeting, Elizabeth Birch and one or two other participants will go to the stakeout.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

You will welcome the participants to the White House and make brief comments regarding your desire to hear their issues and concerns. You will then invite them to make comments.

VI. REMARKS

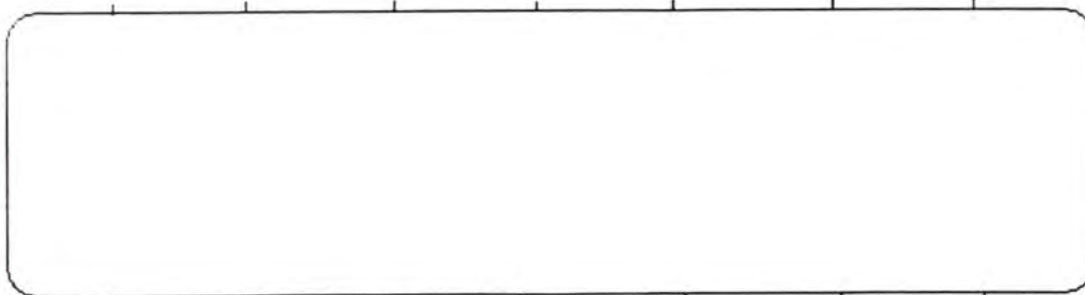
None required.

VII. ADDITIONAL ATTACHMENTS

- Seating plan [1]
- Annotated bios of participants [2]
- Briefing on hate crimes legislation [3]
- Talking points on domestic partner issues [4]
- Briefings on AIDS issues [5]
- Talking points on needle exchange [6]
- Briefing on appointments of gay and lesbian Americans [7]
- DOD briefing on “don’t ask, don’t tell” [8]
- DOJ briefing on “don’t ask, don’t tell” [9]
- Education briefing on sexual orientation harassment in schools [10]
- Summary of first term accomplishments on gay and lesbian issues and issues relating to HIV and AIDS [11]

Meeting with Gay and Lesbian Leaders, July 22, 1997

Gloria Nieto Santa Fe	Brian Bond D.C.	Lori Jean Los Angeles	Elizabeth Birch D.C.	Jeff Soref New York	Dale McCormick Augusta, ME	Kevin Cathcart New York
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Martin Ornelas Quintero D.C.	Kerry Lobel D.C.	Kevin Jennings New York	The President	Verna Eggleston New York	Tim Gill Denver	Nancy McDonald Tulsa
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Event participants (seated clockwise beginning to your left)

Detailed bios appear as attachment ___:

- **Kevin Jennings of New York, New York** is Executive Director of the Gay, Lesbian and Straight Teachers Network (GLSTN, pronounced "glisten") which brings together gay and straight teachers, parents and community members who are working to end anti-gay bias in K-12 schools. Earlier this year he was named by *Newsweek* as one of the 100 people to watch in the next century.
- **Kerry Lobel of Washington, DC** is Executive Director of the National Gay and Lesbian Task Force.
- **Martin Ornelas-Quintero of Washington DC** is Executive Director of the National Latino/a Lesbian and Gay Organization.
- **Lorri Jean of Los Angeles, California** is Executive Director of the L.A. Gay and Lesbian Center, the world's largest gay and lesbian organization, with funding of over \$18 million. She previously served as a FEMA Deputy Regional Director.
- **Brain Bond of Washington, DC** is Executive Director of the Gay and Lesbian Victory Fund, a PAC which raises funds for gay and lesbian candidates for public office. Last year he served as Director of Gay and Lesbian Outreach at the Democratic National Committee.
- **Gloria Nieto of Santa Fe, New Mexico** is Executive Director of the People of Color AIDS Foundation of New Mexico. She has been an active member of New Mexico's civil rights community and served as New Mexico Co-Chair of Gays and Lesbians for Clinton/Gore '96.
- **Elizabeth Birch of Washington, DC** is Executive Director of the Human Rights Campaign, the country's largest national lesbian and gay political organization.
- **Jeff Soref of New York, New York** is Co-Chair of the Empire State Pride Agenda, New York's gay and lesbian political organization. He was National Co-Chair of Lesbians and Gays for Clinton/Gore '96.
- **Dale McCormick of Augusta, Maine** is the Treasurer of the State of Maine. In 1996 she narrowly lost a bid for the Democratic nomination in Maine's First Congressional District. She previously served in the Maine State Senate. She is a carpenter and contractor.
- **Kevin Cathcart of New York, New York** is Executive Director of Lambda Legal Defense and Education Fund, the country's oldest and largest legal organization working for the civil rights of lesbians, gay men and people with HIV. Lambda is co-counsel in the Hawaii marriage case and was lead counsel in *Romer v. Evans*, in which the Supreme

Court rules for the first time that gays were entitled to equal protection rights.

- **Nancy McDonald of Tulsa, Oklahoma** is National President of the Board of Directors of Parents, Families and Friends of Lesbians and Gays, known as "P-FLAG." She is a medical technologist who has been active in local volunteer efforts for over 40 years, including the Girl Scouts and the Tulsa Boys' Home. She has been married for 39 years and has five children, one of whom is adopted.
- **Tim Gill of Denver, Colorado** is Founder and Chairman of Quark, Inc., a computer software company specializing in desktop publishing. He is also founder of the Gill Foundation, which gives away over \$2 million a year to lesbian and gay community projects. For the last several years he has been listed in the Forbes 400 directory.
- **Verna Eggleston of New York, New York** is Executive Director of the Hetrick-Martin Institute, a social service agency for gay and lesbian youth.

SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE HATE CRIME INITIATIVE

At the direction of the Attorney General, the Department of Justice has undertaken to develop a Department-wide initiative to address the problem of hate crime. A hate crime working group has been established with representatives from interested components across the Department. In addition to charting the Department's future course on hate crime, the initiative should serve as one of the building blocks of the White House's Conference on Hate Crime, scheduled for November 10, 1997.

Addressing the problem of hate crime requires a coordinated approach by a multitude of players, including state and local prosecutors, local and national community groups, and a number of components within the Department. To help to develop this coordinated approach, the Working Group has identified five principal areas of focus: Legislative Initiatives; Data Collection and Analysis; Community Outreach; Prosecution and Enforcement; and Internal Coordination. The Working group intends to present to the Attorney General by the end of the summer an integrated hate crime proposal that contains recommendations in each of these areas.

Although the details of the hate crime proposal remain to be developed, the final plan is likely to involve coordinated efforts by the United States Attorneys Offices and FBI regional offices to meet with state and local law enforcement, representatives from other federal agencies, and community groups to develop plans tailored to the hate crime problems of the local community.

One of the legislative initiatives under consideration concerns possible amendments to the principal criminal civil rights statute, 18 U.S.C. §245. The Department is considering, for example, amendments that would expand the reach of §245 to prohibit crimes of violence against a person because of that person's sexual orientation, disability, or gender. This legislative initiative raises difficult issues of constitutional law (because of recent case law from the Supreme Court on the reach of Congress' under the Commerce Clause) and policy (because of the tremendous number of crimes that might be "federalized" by the broadest proposals and the resources required to address these newly-federalized crimes).

The Department has met with representatives from a coalition of civil rights groups to discuss the §245 issue, and has also been in close contact with Senator Kennedy's staff to discuss these issues in light of a draft bill that Senator Kennedy is considering. We will continue to be in contact with these and other relevant players as the legislative strategy develops.

Talking Points

Domestic Partnership Benefits for Same-Sex Couples

Socarides and Kagan 7-21-97

- I understand that many private sector employers are beginning to offer some type of benefit in this area and that the law that recently took effect in Hawaii provides certain benefits to same-sex couples. I also know that the DNC recently instituted such a policy. And Barney Frank has talked to me about legislation he intends to introduce which would provide these benefits for federal employees.
- I had previously asked Bruce Reed, my domestic policy adviser, to look at these issues and he is doing so while at the same time monitoring the developments in the private sector.
- While I'm sympathetic to many of the concerns raised, I think we will have to monitor for a time how these policies work in practice and take a hard look at what's happening in the private sector and in communities which have instituted such policies.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

From: Sandy Thurman
Date: July 21, 1997
Subject: Update on HIV/AIDS Issues

This memorandum is to provide you with a quick update on current HIV/AIDS issues.

Background - While the AIDS groups are grateful for the support the Administration has given them in the past, there is considerable anxiety and doubt regarding our ongoing commitment to this issue. This concern began when AIDS programs (including the Ryan White CARE Act) were removed from the list of protected programs in the balanced budget agreement. The community interprets this action to mean that the issue has been "de-prioritized." In addition, following the release of guidelines for AIDS treatment which indicated more aggressive use of triple drug combinations, the Administration did not request any additional dollars in the 1998 budget for ADAP (AIDS Drug Assistance Programs). All this, combined with the fact that the report the Vice President requested on Medicaid expansion to people with HIV stalled and that little visible progress has been made on removing the restrictions on federal funding for needle exchange programs, has made the AIDS community a little irritated with us.

We have been working nonstop with the AIDS groups on these issues. The bottom line is, while we have pending issues, it has been a pretty extraordinary year so far for the AIDS community.

Needle Exchange Programs - The House Appropriations subcommittee for Labor, Health and Human Services marked up their bill on July 15, preserving the authority of the Secretary of HHS to lift the restrictions on use of federal funds for needle exchange programs. HHS does not expect a challenge to this at full committee next week, and is pursuing a strategy of watchful waiting, maintaining a low profile for as long as possible. Most of the AIDS groups accept this strategy as long as the Secretary's authority is not endangered. We held a meeting at the White House last week with the AIDS groups and HHS to facilitate communication on this issue.

Funding Issues - In the House Appropriations subcommittee mark-up, the full \$40 million increase in the Administration's FY 1998 budget request for the Ryan White CARE Act programs was provided, with some reallocation of the increases among Ryan White programs. In addition, OMB and Rep. Porter worked closely together to support a \$132 million increase for the Ryan White AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) in the Chairman's mark. No formal budget amendment was sent forward for this, given the size of the offset, but the AIDS groups are aware and grateful for the Administration's support in reaching this number.

The House subcommittee increased funds for AIDS prevention by \$5 million (\$12 million below budget request) and an AIDS research increase of \$73 million (\$33 million above budget request). The Senate Labor/HHS subcommittee's 602B allocation is \$200 million below the House's,

making it less likely that the Senate will fund AIDS programs at the House levels. In VA/HUD, the Housing Opportunities for People With AIDS (HOPWA) program has been funded at the budget request of \$204 million (an \$8 million increase).

Medicaid Expansion for HIV Infection - On April 9, the Vice President requested that HHS report to him on the feasibility of a Medicaid demonstration project expanding Medicaid eligibility to people with HIV infection prior to the onset of full-blown AIDS. Currently, over 50% of people with AIDS depend on Medicaid for their health care. New AIDS therapies like the protease inhibitor drugs have been effective in delaying disability and reducing hospital costs for many people, raising the question if earlier access to drug therapies and primary care would prove cost-effective for Medicaid as well as other public spending for services to people with HIV/AIDS. HHS presented a discussion paper to the Vice President's office in late May/early June, and is now reworking it to address budget concerns. We expect to see a demonstration program limited to several sites with a capped enrollment, sufficient to answer the cost and services utilization and health outcome questions but limited budget vulnerability. HHS will probably present their revised proposal within a month.

Model Clinical Practice Guidelines for Treatment of HIV Infection - On June 19, an independent panel of experts convened by HHS and the Kaiser Family Foundation published treatment guidelines for antiretroviral therapy in adults and adolescents. The draft guidelines address a critical need among providers as how to best to use new AIDS drugs most effectively. The guidelines recommend a more aggressive approach to treatment using triple drug combinations at earlier stages of HIV infection, to avert immune system damage.

While these guidelines are not technically a government document, issues of payment for this new standard of care clearly confront us. HHS has stressed that the responsibility for HIV treatment is a shared one with the federal government, states, private and non-profit sectors and individuals each playing an important role. The additional \$132 million in ADAP funding included in the House Appropriation's subcommittee is a good start towards trying to address expanding demand for these new therapies.

Decrease in the AIDS Death Rate - Saving the best news for last, on July 14 the CDC released new figures showing a 19% decrease in the number of AIDS deaths in the first nine months of 1996, compared with the same period of 1995. In contrast with earlier data, the number of deaths due to AIDS among women decreased 7%, and mortality numbers dropped for all racial groups and categories of HIV transmission. The CDC attributed these findings to greater access to medical care and the development of effective therapies for HIV and associated opportunistic infections. AIDS advocates noted that as AIDS death rates drop, there are increasing numbers of individuals living with HIV who require access to these lifesaving interventions. Clearly, our investment in the AIDS epidemic is beginning to pay off as a significant achievement, given increasing AIDS deaths and infections worldwide. *It is important to note, however, that there is no evidence that the number of new HIV infections is slowing which means that prevention and education efforts must be reinforced.*

TALKING POINTS ON NEEDLE EXCHANGE

Q: What does the Administration plan to do about lifting the ban on federal funding of needle exchange programs?

A: We firmly believe that we must do everything possible to address the twin epidemics of HIV and substance abuse. We have overwhelming evidence that needle exchange programs reduce the rate of HIV transmission. However, there is still considerable discussion with regard to their impact on drug use. We do not want to precipitate a Congressional backlash by removing the restriction prematurely. We are continuing to work with Congress, the research community, and AIDS advocacy groups to protect the waiver authority of Secretary Shalala to decide this issue on the basis of public health.

July 21, 1997

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: BOB J. NASH, Assistant to the President and Director of
Presidential Personnel

RE: **Gay and Lesbian Appointments**

Background

During the first term, you appointed four openly gay and lesbian people to full-time PAS positions. With the exception of Roberta Achtenberg, former Assistant Secretary of Housing and Urban Development for Fair Housing, these individuals continue to serve in the Administration. They are:

- Bruce Lehman -- Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Patents and Trademarks;
- Jesse White -- Chairman of the Appalachian Regional Commission; and
- Hal Creal -- Chairman of the Federal Maritime Commission.

Recently, you received letters, which were also released to the press, from the Human Rights Campaign, the Gay and Lesbian Victory Fund, and numerous openly gay and lesbian elected officials complaining about the lack of senior level appointments during the second term. Elizabeth Birch and Brian Bond, executive directors of the Human Rights Campaign and the Gay and Lesbian Victory Fund, respectively, will be in attendance at Tuesday's meeting.

Status Report

As of today, you have selected or appointed approximately 30 openly gay and lesbian people to administration posts since January 1, 1997. These positions include White House staff, Senior Executive Service (SES) and Schedule C slots, as well as two PAS positions which have not yet been publicly announced (Jim Hormel, Ambassador to Luxembourg and John Berry, Assistant Secretary of the Interior for Management and Administration). In addition, next week I will be forwarding my recommendation of Todd Dickinson to be Deputy Commissioner for Patents and Trademarks (PAS) at the Commerce Department.

Following is a list of openly gay and lesbian candidates who are under active consideration for PAS and SES positions:

- Fred Hochberg -- Member, Federal Trade Commission (PAS); or Deputy Administrator, Small Business Administration (PAS)
- Virginia Apuzzo -- Assistant to the President for Management and Administration, EOP (PA); or Assistant Administrator for Management, EPA (PAS)
- Gail Shibley -- Department of Transportation (SES)
- Romy Diaz -- Assistant Secretary for Management and Administration, Department of Energy (PAS)
- Gordon Tanner -- General Counsel, United States Air Force (SES); or Principal Deputy General Counsel, Department of Defense (SES)
- Vic Basile -- Peace Corps (SES); or Corporation for National and Community Service (SES)

Talking Points

- Within the next several weeks, we plan to have most of these candidates approved for nomination or appointment.
- If only the candidates who have already been selected, but not yet announced, (Hormel, Berry, Dickinson) are eventually confirmed, we will still have achieved a 50% increase in the number of openly gay and lesbian Senate-confirmed appointees as compared to the first term (from 4 to 6).
- During the first term, you appointed approximately 100 openly gay and lesbian people to Administration posts. Given the greatly reduced number of positions available this term, the 30 appointments thus far constitute a significant statistical increase in the representation of gays and lesbians in the Administration.

THE POLICY GOVERNING SERVICE OF HOMOSEXUALS IN THE MILITARY

Summary of the Policy

A federal statute requires the discharge of any service member who engages in homosexual conduct, which includes homosexual acts, statements of homosexuality, and homosexual marriages. 10 U.S.C. § 654(b). A member's sexual orientation is considered a personal matter and is not a bar to continued service unless manifested by homosexual conduct. A statement that one is a homosexual, however, raises a rebuttable presumption that one will engage in homosexual acts, and will result in discharge unless the service member rebuts the presumption at a hearing before an administrative board.

DoD policy prohibits the questioning of recruits concerning sexual orientation, and also prohibits subsequent inquiries or investigations solely to determine a service member's sexual orientation. A commander may initiate an investigation, however, upon receipt of credible information that a service member has engaged in homosexual conduct.

Implementation of the Policy

Statistics. Although the number of service members discharged for homosexual conduct fluctuates from year to year, the number has not changed materially since Congress enacted 10 U.S.C. § 654. Since 1989, fewer than 1,000 individuals have been discharged each year for homosexual conduct, which each year was less than .06% of the Armed Forces.¹

The overwhelming majority of discharges for homosexual conduct are uncontested and are processed administratively. More than 75% of the cases last year were "statements" cases, as

¹ For example, DoD records indicate that there were 708 such discharges in 1992, 682 in 1993, 597 in 1994, 722 in 1995, and 841 in 1996. The increase in the number of homosexual conduct discharges reported in the last two years appears to have resulted largely from changes in record-keeping methods instituted since the statute was enacted. In the mid-1980s, records indicate that there were typically in excess of 1,500 discharges per year, which amounted to more than .075% of the Armed Forces.

opposed to homosexual acts or marriages cases, and we believe that the bulk of the "statements" cases involve service members identifying themselves to their commanders or peers as homosexuals. Nearly 50% of those discharged for homosexual conduct last year were junior enlisted personnel with less than one year of service. More than 80% had less than five years of service. The vast majority of those discharged receive honorable discharges or general discharges under honorable conditions. A very small number are discharged by court-martial; these cases involve additional charges or aggravating circumstances, such as violence or activity involving minors. Thus far there have been around a dozen cases in which service members have successfully rebutted the presumption arising from their statements of homosexuality that they will engage in homosexual acts, and have therefore been allowed to continue to serve.

Policy Review. The Office of the Under Secretary of Defense (Personnel & Readiness) is currently conducting a systematic review of how well the policy on homosexual conduct is being applied and enforced. The Secretary of Defense expects to receive a report from this review committee early this fall. The committee is thoroughly reviewing allegations raised by Congressman Frank, the Servicemembers' Legal Defense Network, and others that the services have violated the policy governing service of homosexuals in the military. Among other issues, the committee is reviewing allegations of "witch-hunts" against suspected homosexuals (e.g. on the USS Simon Lake and at Hickam Air Force Base), claims that the services are unfairly pursuing recoupment of financial benefits (e.g. tuition payments and reenlistment bonuses) from service members discharged for homosexual conduct, and assertions that revelations of homosexual conduct made to chaplains and physicians should not be a basis for discharge.

Threats. The Department has recently released a memorandum clarifying that the fact that a service member reports being threatened because he or she is said to be a homosexual shall not by itself constitute credible information justifying the initiation of an investigation of the threatened service member. The memorandum stresses that the report of a threat should result in a prompt investigation of the threat itself, and that service members should be able to report crimes free from fear of harm, reprisal, or inappropriate governmental response.

Litigation. Numerous lawsuits have been brought by service

members across the country challenging the constitutionality of 10 U.S.C. § 654. These lawsuits have alleged that the statute violates the Equal Protection and Due Process clauses, as well as the First Amendment. All four courts of appeals (the Second, Fourth, Eighth, and Ninth Circuits) that have addressed the constitutionality of the statute thus far have upheld it. The Supreme Court has declined to review the two cases to arrive before it. A federal district court in New York recently held the statute unconstitutional; that decision will be appealed.

"GAYS IN THE MILITARY" LITIGATION

Status as of 7/21/97

- Background. The current Department of Defense policy provides that "homosexual conduct" is a basis for separation from the military. Homosexual conduct is defined as a homosexual act, a homosexual marriage, or a statement that demonstrates a likelihood or intent to engage in a homosexual act. A member's statement that he or she is a homosexual gives rise to a rebuttable presumption that the member engages in, or is likely to engage in, proscribed homosexual acts; however, the member is retained if he or she rebuts the presumption. Similarly, a member who engages in a homosexual act will be retained if he or she demonstrates, inter alia, that the act was a departure from the member's customary behavior and is not likely to recur. The policy provides that sexual orientation, by itself, is not a bar to military service.

The policy is being challenged primarily on two constitutional theories: (1) the policy's distinction between heterosexual and homosexual conduct is irrational, and thus violates equal protection; and (2) the policy's use of a member's statement of homosexuality to create a rebuttable presumption of unfitness for military service violates the First Amendment. The Department of Justice is defending the constitutional validity of the policy.

- Decisions to Date. Four courts of appeal have decided cases challenging the current policy. All four courts have upheld the challenged aspects of the policy:
 - 2d Cir. — Able (holding that the "statements" component of the policy was valid on the assumption that the "acts" component is valid; remanding to district court for ruling on acts component — see "Recent Developments" below)
 - 4th Cir. — Thomasson (upholding statements component); Selland (following Thomasson)
 - 8th Cir. — Richenberg (upholding statements component)
 - 9th Cir. — Philips (upholding acts component)

The Supreme Court has declined to review the Thomasson and Richenberg cases. A request for Supreme Court review is pending in Selland.

- Pending Cases. Challenges to the current policy are pending in two courts of appeals:
 - 4th Cir. — Thorne (challenge to statements component; awaiting scheduling of oral argument)
 - 9th Cir. — Holmes and Watson (challenges to statements component; both under submission)

- Recent Developments. On remand in the Able case, United States District Judge Nickerson (E.D.N.Y.) recently declared unconstitutional the acts component of the policy. The Department of Justice has announced that it will appeal this ruling to the Second Circuit Court of Appeals.
- Note. A number of "old policy" cases are still pending, but this litigation is generally winding down.

**Talking Points Regarding Sexual Harassment Guidance Published by the U.S.
Department of Education's Office for Civil Rights
July 21, 1997**

Background

The Office for Civil Rights (OCR) of the U.S. Department of Education enforces federal civil rights laws, including Title IX, which prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex.

On March 13, 1997, OCR published in the Federal Register final policy guidance ["policy"] regarding sexual harassment of students, the first such publication on the subject of sexual harassment in the agency's history. The policy was published after considerable consultation with groups representing students, schools, teachers and school administrators, as well as with civil rights groups.

Policy specifically addressing gay and lesbian students

Discrimination on the basis of sexual orientation is not prohibited by Title IX. However, OCR's policy recognized that Title IX covers sexual harassment directed at gay or lesbian students. As the policy recognizes, this kind of harassment can be manifested in several ways, as long as the conduct in question is conduct "of a sexual nature." The policy recognized:

- "[I]f a male student or a group of male students target a lesbian student for physical sexual advances" because she is a lesbian, and this harassment is sufficiently severe, persistent or pervasive to affect her educational environment, then Title IX would apply.
- If a male student subjects another male student to inappropriate sexual advances or other conduct of a sexual nature, and this harassment is sufficiently severe, persistent or pervasive to affect his educational environment, then Title IX protects that student. (OCR has resolved cases in which male students were subjected to severe, persistent, or pervasive conduct of a sexual nature (e.g., pulling down his pants "to see what is down there," taunts about his alleged sexual activities or behavior), and ruled that it did not matter if the harassers were other male students or females.)
- If students heckle another student with comments based on the student's sexual orientation (e.g., "gay students are not welcome at this table in the cafeteria"), such conduct is not sexual harassment under Title IX.

The policy also recognized that homosexual sexual harassment is prohibited by Title IX, e.g., when a homosexual teacher or student seeks sexual favors from a student of the same sex.

The policy cited the Nabozny v. Podlesny, 92 F.3d 446 (7th Cir. 1996) with approval in

the context of a discussion regarding recourse beyond Title IX to address the problem of discrimination against gay and lesbian students. OCR also refers allegations of "hate crimes" related to sexual orientation (beyond the purview of Title IX) to the Department of Justice.

The general scope of the policy

The policy confirms that Title IX protects students from harassment by school employees, other students at the school, and third parties (e.g., students visiting from another school). It applies to any school or educational institution that receives Federal financial assistance, including public schools, colleges, universities. And it includes all the academic, educational, extra-curricular, athletic, and other programs of the school, whether they take place in the facilities of the school, on a school bus, at a class or training program sponsored by the school at another location, or elsewhere.

THE CLINTON ADMINISTRATION

A Record of Respect for Gay and Lesbian Americans

"My Administration has taken more steps than any previous in bringing the gay and lesbian communities to the table. I am proud of my record, and it is a record to build on. I remain dedicated to ending discrimination and to protecting the civil rights of every citizen. In public life, I have worked relentlessly to empower people who historically have been discriminated against based on race, class, gender, disability, or sexual orientation.

I remain committed to achieving that goal."

President Clinton

Fighting Discrimination

- Under President Clinton, federal agencies implemented non-discrimination policies that include gays and lesbians and he issued an executive order mandating that security clearances no longer be denied based on sexual orientation.
- President Clinton endorsed and fought for passage of the Employment Non-Discrimination Act, a bill to outlaw discrimination in hiring, firing and promotions based on sexual orientation, making him the first U.S. president ever to back civil rights legislation for gays and lesbians.
- President Clinton successfully fought for the repeal of the Dornan amendment, which would have required the expulsion of all HIV-positive military service members regardless of their ability to do their jobs.
- President Clinton signed the Hate Crimes Sentencing Enhancement Act.
- President Clinton strongly opposed anti-gay ballot initiatives in several states.
- President Clinton directed the Justice Department and the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission to vigorously prosecute those who discriminate against PWAs, leading to actions against health care providers and facilities that violate the Americans with Disabilities Act.

Welcoming Our Contributions to Public Service

- President Clinton has appointed the most inclusive Administration in history -- over 100 openly gay and lesbian appointees, including former Assistant HUD Secretary Roberta Achtenberg and Director of the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office Bruce Lehman, the first openly lesbian woman and gay man to be confirmed by the U.S. Senate, and Deborah Batts, the first openly gay or lesbian federal judge in the nation's history.

- President Clinton named the first Presidential Liaison to the gay and lesbian community.
- President Clinton appointed openly gay physician Scott Hitt to head the President's Council on HIV/AIDS, along with several other openly gay, lesbian and HIV positive Council members.

Working to Save Lives and Improve Health Care

- President Clinton increased public health spending for HIV/AIDS programs by over 56%, including a 186% increase for Ryan White CARE programs and a 40% rise for AIDS-related research.
- President Clinton fought to protect Medicaid from hundreds of billions of dollars in proposed cuts by the Congress. These cuts would have been devastating to the 50% of PWA's relying on Medicaid.
- President Clinton signed a law requiring that women, including lesbians and minorities, are included in National Institute of Health supported research and the Centers for Disease Control funded pilot projects to develop effective outreach strategies to reach lesbians and held the first federally sponsored meeting on lesbians and HIV.
- President Clinton invited lesbian health advocates to policy formulation meetings for the first time in history.
- President Clinton convened the National Task Force on AIDS Drug Development, accelerated the approval of protease inhibitors, and removed dozens of bureaucratic obstacles to the effective and decent treatment of people with AIDS.
- President Clinton established the Office of AIDS Research at the National Institute of Health, created the Office of National AIDS Policy, and convened the first White House summit on HIV/AIDS.
- President Clinton created the first Office of AIDS Housing at the Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- President Clinton created a permanent Office of Women's Health Research, and increased funding for women's health issues, including a 65% increase in breast cancer-related funding.
- President Clinton's Department of Health and Human Services sponsored a national conference to examine the causes of and solutions to gay youth suicide.

THE CLINTON ADMINISTRATION

Meeting America's Challenges and Protecting Our Values

Paid for by Clinton/Gore '96

THE CLINTON ADMINISTRATION ON HIV/AIDS

"Our common goal must ultimately be a cure, a cure for all those who are living with HIV, and a vaccine to protect all the rest of us from the virus. A cure and a vaccine, that must be our first and top priority."

President Clinton
White House Conference on HIV/AIDS

In his four years in office, President Clinton has sharply increased the Federal government's commitment to ending the epidemic of HIV/AIDS that has already taken the lives of more than 300,000 Americans. He has done that by:

- Increasing overall AIDS funding by more than 56% in four years.
- Creating a White House Office of National AIDS Policy to bring greater direction and visibility to the war on AIDS.
- Convening the first-ever White House Conference on HIV/AIDS and appointing the Presidential Advisory Council on HIV and AIDS.
- Increasing funding for the Ryan White CARE Act 186% in four years to nearly \$1 billion.
- Tripling federal funding for the AIDS Drug Assistance Program to help those without insurance coverage obtain prescription drugs.
- Strengthening the Office of AIDS Research at NIH and vesting it with new authority to plan and carry out the AIDS research agenda.
- Accelerating AIDS drug approval to record times. In four years, FDA has approved 16 new AIDS drugs and 3 new diagnostic tests.
- Doubling funding for Housing Opportunities for People with AIDS.
- Winning the fight to preserve the Medicaid guarantee of coverage for the more than 50% of people living with AIDS who rely on Medicaid for health coverage.

- Revising eligibility rules for Social Security Disability Insurance to make it easier for people living with HIV to qualify for benefits.
- Signing the Kennedy-Kassebaum Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, which bans insurance discrimination against people with pre-existing medical conditions including HIV/AIDS.
- Launching a four-year \$100 million effort to develop topical microbicides to allow people to protect themselves from HIV.
- Establishing the HIV prevention community planning partnership, which empowers local communities to make decisions about the direction of AIDS prevention programs.
- Launching the Prevention Marketing Initiative, focusing on the risk to young adults (18-25) with frank public service announcements recommending sexual abstinence and, for those who are sexually active, the correct and consistent use of latex condoms.
- Vigorously enforcing the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibits discrimination against people with HIV/AIDS. More than 800 charges of AIDS-related discrimination have been settled in four years.
- Leading the fight to repeal the discriminatory "Dornan Amendment," which would have discharged all HIV-positive military personnel.
- Creating the Forum for Collaborative HIV Research to improve knowledge of HIV treatment methods.
- Working with AIDS activists to protect the rights of immigrants with HIV and PLWA's enrolled in managed care plans.
- Creating the Advisory Commission on Consumer Protection and Quality in the Health Care Industry to increase consumers' rights.

THE CLINTON ADMINISTRATION
Meeting America's Challenges and Protecting Our Values
Paid for by Clinton/Gore '96



Wednesday, July 23, 1997

10:25 AM	Meeting and Photo Opportunity with the President of Iceland	Distributed Separately
11:00 AM	Weekly Economic Briefing - Background	Tab A Distributed Separately
11:25 AM	Product Liability Meeting - Background	Tab B Distributed Separately
1:30 PM	Immunization/Child Care Event - Remarks	Tab C Tab D To Be Forwarded
Optional: Between 4:00 PM- 5:00 PM	Drop-By Cabinet Meeting	Tab E To Be Forwarded

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

FOR

WEDNESDAY, JULY 23, 1997

FINAL

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4033

PRESS DESK:

JEREMY GAINES

HOME: 202-362-5475

OFFICE: 202-456-5771

WHCA PAGER: 4194

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
WEDNESDAY, JULY 23, 1997
FINAL**

9:00 am-
9:30 am

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett

9:30 am-
9:45 am

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles

9:45 am-
10:15 am

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Sandy Berger

10:20 am-
10:25 am

BRIEFING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Sandy Berger

10:25 am-
10:35 am

**BRIEF MEETING/PHOTO WITH THE
PRESIDENT OF ICELAND**
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Sandy Berger
WHITE HOUSE PHOTO ONLY

10:35 am-
10:50 am

BRIEFING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Sandy Berger

10:55 am-
11:00 am

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett

11:00 am-
11:20 am

WEEKLY ECONOMIC BRIEFING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Janet Yellen

11:25 am-
12:00 pm

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Gene Sperling, Bruce Lindsey

12:00 pm-
1:00 pm

LUNCH WITH VICE PRESIDENT GORE
OVAL OFFICE

1:00 pm-
1:25 pm

BRIEFING FOR THE IMMUNIZATION/CHILDCARE
EVENT
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Bruce Reed

1:30 pm-
1:35 pm

MEET AND GREET/ PHOTO OPPORTUNITY
DIPLOMATIC RECEPTION ROOM
Staff Contact: Bruce Reed
Event Coordinator: Setti Warren
WHITE HOUSE PHOTO ONLY

Greeters: Nancy Dana
Richard Dana
Taylor Dana
Logan Dana
Austin Dana
Lydia Kenlaw
Rachel Kenlaw
Kristin Kenlaw
Claudia Zapata
Andrea Zapata
Debra Seward, Pediatric Nurse, George Washington
University Hospital
Katherine Ramat, Deputy Director, Mary's Center

1:35 pm

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady proceed to the Red Room

1:35 pm-
1:40 pm

MEET AND GREET WITH SENATOR BUMPERS AND
FAMILY
RED ROOM
Event Coordinator: Setti Warren
WHITE HOUSE PHOTO ONLY

1:40 pm

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady proceed to the Blue Room

1:40 pm-
1:45 pm

MEET AND GREET WITH PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS
BLUE ROOM
Staff Contact: Bruce Reed
Event Coordinator: Setti Warren
WHITE HOUSE PHOTO ONLY

Greeters: Donna Shalala, Secretary of Health and Human Services
Dr. Fernando A. Guerra, Director of Health for the San Antonio Metropolitan District
Maurice Keenan, Past President of the American Academy of Pediatrics

1:50 pm-
2:25 pm

IMMUNIZATION/CHILDCARE EVENT
EAST ROOM
Remarks:
Staff Contact: Bruce Reed
Event Coordinator: Setti Warren
OPEN PRESS

- **The President** and the First Lady, accompanied by Secretary Donna Shalala and Dr. Fernando A. Guerra, are announced into the East Room to honors.
- The First Lady gives welcoming remarks and introduces Secretary Donna Shalala.
- Secretary Shalala gives brief remarks and introduces Dr. Fernando Guerra.
- Dr. Fernando Guerra gives brief remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes brief remarks.
- Upon the conclusion of his remarks, **the President** and the First Lady depart.

Note: The First Lady is participating in a receiving line with guests. The President has the option to participate.

2:30 pm

THE PRESIDENT proceeds to the West Wing

2:30 pm-
6:30 pm

PHONE AND OFFICE TIME
OVAL OFFICE

OPTIONAL:

4:00 pm-

5:00 pm

DROP BY CABINET MEETING

ROOSEVELT ROOM

Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles, Thurgood Marshall, Jr.

CLOSED PRESS

Note: Erskine Bowles will chair the meeting.

6:30 pm-

7:30 pm

HOLD

RESIDENCE

EVENING OFF

BC AND HRC RON

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON, DC



THE CHAIRMAN

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20500

July 22, 1997

WEEKLY ECONOMIC BRIEFING

DATE: Wednesday, July 23, 1997
LOCATION: Oval Office
TIME: 11:00 a.m..
FROM: Janet L. Yellen *JLY*

I. PURPOSE

You will be briefed by CEA Chair Janet Yellen and other members of your economic team on Fed Chairman Greenspan's Tuesday, July 22 Humphrey-Hawkins testimony and the current state of the economy. You will also be briefed on new studies of the effects of teen childbearing (Weekly Economic Briefing, July 4) and on the growth of child-only welfare cases (Weekly Economic Briefing, July 18, 1997).

II. PARTICIPANTS

CEA Chair Janet Yellen
CEA Member Alicia Munnell
NEC Director Gene Sperling
Assistant to the President for International Economic Policy Dan Tarullo
Treasury Secretary Robert Rubin
Deputy Treasury Secretary Lawrence Summers
OMB Director Franklin Raines

III. PRESS PLAN

closed

IV. REMARKS

none required

V. ATTACHMENTS

"New Studies Question Effects of Teen Childbearing."
(Weekly Economic Briefing, July 4, 1997)

Weekly Economic Briefing, July 18, 1997

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 22, 1997

MEETING ON PRODUCT LIABILITY

DATE: July 23, 1997
TIME: 11:25am-12:00pm
LOCATION: Oval Office
FROM: Bruce Lindsey
Gene Sperling

I. PURPOSE:

To consider issues raised in our memo of July 3 (attached), so as to develop an Administration position on this legislation, and strategy for working with interested parties.

II. BACKGROUND:

In 1996, you vetoed products liability legislation, citing specific problems with the bill as passed. In May, the Senate Commerce Committee reported out a slightly revised version of that bill, which the Republicans would like to move this year. Senator Rockefeller has refused to sign on to the new bill, strongly preferring to reach an agreement with the Administration to avoid another veto. Senator Breaux and Mr. Dingell are also highly interested. At your request, we established and completed a two-month interagency process to develop options, which were described in our July 3 memo. Your response to that memo, which requested a meeting, was "OK - ready to meet"

III. PARTICIPANTS:

Erskine Bowles
Bruce Lindsey
Gene Sperling
Janet Yellen
Frank Raines
John Hilley
Ron Klain
Elena Kagan
Ellen Seidman
John Podesta
Sylvia Mathews
Chuck Ruff
Chuck Burson

V. PRESS COVERAGE:

None

VI. REMARKS:

None

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 18, 1997

IMMUNIZATION EVENT

DATE: July 23, 1997
LOCATION: East Room
BRIEFING TIME: 1:00 pm - 1:25 pm
EVENT TIME: 1:30 pm - 2:30 pm
FROM: Bruce Reed

I. PURPOSE

- (1) You will announce that the Clinton Administration has met the 1996 immunization goals that you set when you took office and highlight that immunization rates are at an historic high. You will also recommit yourself to your year 2000 immunization goals by announcing two new policy initiatives.
- (2) You will announce that the White House Conference on Child Care will be held on October 23.
- (3) You will emphasize your support for earmarking tobacco tax revenues to fund meaningful health care coverage for children.
- (4) Prior to the event, you will meet with young families whose children have participated in immunization programs.

II. BACKGROUND

Immunization Data

You will announce that immunization rates for the full 1995 calendar year surpassed the Administration's goals for 1996 and that we are on track for meeting the 2000 goals. This data is the first to measure children born and immunized during your Administration.

The 1996 goal was to immunize 90% of two year olds with the *most important doses of each of the routinely recommended vaccines* -- diphtheria, tetanus, measles, polio and hemophilus influenzae (the virus that causes meningitis). We have now met this goal: diphtheria and tetanus rates are at 95%, polio and measles rates are at 91%, and hemophilus influenzae rates are at 92%.

The goals for 2000 are to immunize 90% of all two year olds with *all* vaccinations. Currently, rates are at an historic high; in 1995, 78% of all two year olds received their full series of shots, as compared with 55% in 1992.

Clinton Administration Accomplishments

You set these goals in your 1993 speech launching the Childhood Immunization Initiative. The Childhood Immunization Initiative provides free vaccines to our nation's neediest children, helps create information systems to see that all children are properly immunized, focuses on improving vaccine quality, helps providers improve their immunization procedures, and works with parents and health professionals to educate them on the importance immunizations.

The Administration has also taken other steps to increase child immunization. These include: (1) granting welfare reform waivers to 17 states to allow them to require parents to immunize their children appropriately as a condition of receiving assistance; (2) permitting states, under the welfare reform bill, to develop individual responsibility plans that encourage welfare recipients to immunize their children; (3) forming partnerships among state and local immunization programs and WIC to encourage parents receiving WIC nutrition benefits to immunize their children; and (4) providing AmeriCorps volunteers to do immunization outreach.

Twenty Years of Progress and Senator Bumper's Role

The event will also emphasize that we would not have reached our goals if not for the ongoing commitment of so many people in the room. This year marks the 20th anniversary of President Carter's immunization initiative, which set a national goal of vaccinating 95% of the nation's children against major childhood diseases by the time they entered school. The 1977 initiative was spearheaded by Senator and Mrs. Bumpers who, as you know, have made immunization a personal crusade in Arkansas and across the country.

Policy Announcements

Child Care. You will propose new child care regulations requiring that all children in federally subsidized child care be immunized according to state public health agency standards. While states already have immunization requirements for state licensed child care facilities, this regulation will reach those children in child care arrangements that are legal but exempt from state licensing requirements, such as home-based care.

You will also announce that the White House Conference on Child Care will take place on October 23.

Meeting on Immunization Registries. Immunization registries are critical in helping parents and doctors track whether children are properly immunized. While most states have plans in place to create registries and 13 states operate them already, there are no mechanisms in place to transfer information from state to state, thus creating a seamless nationwide system. You will direct the Secretary of Health and Human Services to convene federal, state and local government officials, health care providers and organizations, vaccine manufacturers, civic leaders, and experts in information systems to identify and address the technical and policy issues in creating and connecting immunization registries.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Briefing Participants:

The First Lady
Secretary Shalala
Bruce Reed
Maria Echaveste
Jennifer Klein
Chris Jennings

Event Participants:

The First Lady
Secretary Shalala
Physician

Audience

The audience is comprised of 150 representatives of children's groups, public health advocates, state and local officials, and industry supporting our immunization efforts. The audience will also include children's health advocates who appreciate your leadership on children's health, support your position that additional tobacco revenues should be used for children's health coverage, and applaud your pledge to fight for the final agreement on children's health to include a well-targeted, meaningful benefits package.

Leaders from organizations. There are a number of leaders from advocacy organizations that will be present at this meeting, including: Dr. Percy Wooten, New Incoming President, American Medical Association; Dr. Maurice Keenan, Past President, American Academy of Pediatrics; Ron Pollack, President, Families USA. In addition, there are a number of leaders from pharmaceutical companies who have been supportive of our efforts including, Ronald Saldarini, President, Wyeth-Lederle Vaccines and Pediatrics; David Williams, President, Connaught Laboratories, Inc.; Gordon Douglas, President, Merck and Company, Inc.; and Alan Holmer, President, Pharmaceutical Research and Manufacturing Association.

Members. There will also be a number of Members present, including Senator Bumpers who is recognized as a longstanding leader on this issue, Sen. Ted Kennedy (D-MA), Sen. Arlen Specter (R-PA), Rep. John Porter (R-IL), and Rep. John Dingell (D-MI)

It is also important to note that Dr. David Satcher, the Director of CDC, will also be in attendance. Dr. Satcher is currently being considered for Surgeon General. He has not been formally announced, as he is still being vetted by the Counsel's office. However, it would help his nomination if he receives positive media coverage from this event. As such, you may want to highlight his leadership on immunizations.

See attached page for Diplomatic and Blue Room Participants

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open Press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- The First Lady and you will meet briefly with three children and their parents prior to the event in the Red Room.
- The First Lady and you will then meet briefly with event participants in the Blue Room.
- You will be announced onto the stage accompanied by Secretary Shalala and Physician.
- The First Lady will make welcoming remarks and introduce Secretary Shalala.
- Secretary Shalala will make remarks and introduce Dr. Guerra.
- Dr. Guerra will make remarks and introduce you.
- You will make remarks and then depart.

VI. REMARKS

Remarks provided by June Shih in speechwriting.

DIPLOMATIC AND BLUE ROOM PARTICIPANTS

Diplomatic Room Participants You will take an official photo with three families and their children which will be released to the national press. These families are enrolled in one of CDC's model programs or in programs visited by the First Lady.

The Dana Family. The Dana's participate in the George Washington University Maternal, Child and Community Health Program, which has a multi-tiered immunization strategy to help children receive the immunizations they need at birth and beyond.

The Kenlaw Family. The Kenlaw's participate in the Congress of National Black Churches (CNBC) "Give Your Child a Shot at Life" program which is a preschool immunization project that trains clergy members to promote immunization within their local churches. Church members are referred to local health departments and community health centers where they can receive comprehensive immunization services. CNBC sponsors the program in five areas: Washington, DC, Atlanta, Los Angeles, Baltimore and McDowell County in West Virginia.

The Zapata family. The Zapata family participates in the Mary's Center for Maternal and Child Care program, a pediatric and prenatal health center that provides primary health care to newborns, including immunizations. Mary's Center offers classes to pregnant women, educating them about the vaccines that their children will need, and provides them with a vaccination schedule. Two weeks after birth, newborns have their first check-up and schedule their first vaccination for a date two months later. This process continues until the children are fully immunized. Nearly ninety percent of the children served by Mary's Center are fully immunized. Mary's Center was the site of a round table discussion with the First Lady and the Secretary of Health and Human Services, Donna Shalala, for National Immunization Day in 1995.

Blue Room Participants

You will take a photo with our speaker, Dr. Fernando A. Guerra, MD, MPH, Director of Health for the San Antonio Metropolitan Health District, San Antonio, Texas, (and a member of the American Academy of Pediatrics) and Dr. Maurice E. Keenan, Past President, American Academy of Pediatrics.

Dr. Guerra will share his experiences as a practicing pediatrician and as a local public health official and speak about the importance of immunizing children. He will describe what it is like being a physician on the front lines trying to reach families who are unlikely to immunize their children. Dr. Guerra will share his strategies for reaching out to these families. He will briefly describe the computerized immunization registry that he has used to increase immunization rates in his community.

Senator Bumpers and his family will also be in the room, as will Secretary Shalala and Dr. Satcher.

THE REMARKS
FOR THE IMMUNIZATION/CHILDCARE EVENT
WILL BE FORWARDED

THE BRIEFING MEMO
FOR THE CABINET MEETING DROP-BY
WILL BE FORWARDED

Thursday, July 24, 1997

10:00 AM	Congressional Meeting (Fast Track)	Tab A
	- Talking Points	Tab B
	- Q's and A's	Tab C
	Visit of President Herzog of Germany	Distributed Separately
11:45 AM	Photograph	
12:05 PM	Working Lunch	
1:45 PM	Climate Change Event	Tab D
	- Opening Remarks	Tab E
	- "Script"	Tab F
	- Closing Remarks	Tab G

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

FOR

THURSDAY, JULY 24, 1997

FINAL

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4033

PRESS DESK:

JEREMY GAINES

HOME: 202-362-5475

OFFICE: 202-456-5771

WHCA PAGER: 4194

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Cloudy with showers and thunderstorms.

Wind southwest at 10 to 15 knots.

High 81 to 86.

Low 66 to 71.

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
THURSDAY, JULY 24, 1997
FINAL**

NOTE:

The NSC Briefing will be on paper.

9:00 am-
9:15 am

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles

9:15 am-
9:20 am

BRIEF MEETING/PHOTO
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles
WHITE HOUSE PHOTO ONLY

9:20 am-
9:55 am

BRIEFING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: John Hilley

9:55 am

THE PRESIDENT proceeds to the Yellow Oval Room

10:00 am-
11:00 am

CONGRESSIONAL MEETING (FAST TRACK)
YELLOW OVAL ROOM
Staff Contact: John Hilley
CLOSED PRESS

11:10 am

THE PRESIDENT proceeds to the Oval Office

11:15 am-
11:20 am

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett

11:20 am-
11:40 am

BRIEFING FOR LUNCH WITH PRESIDENT HERZOG
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Sandy Berger

11:45 am
11:50 am

**OFFICIAL PHOTOGRAPH WITH PRESIDENT HERZOG
OF GERMANY**
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Sandy Berger
OFFICIAL PHOTO ONLY

11:55 pm

THE PRESIDENT and President Herzog proceed through the Rose Garden to the Old Family Dining Room
Staff Contact: Sandy Berger
POOL PRESS

12:05 pm

THE PRESIDENT and President Herzog arrive the Old Family Dining Room

12:05 pm-
1:05 pm

WORKING LUNCH WITH PRESIDENT HERZOG OF GERMANY
OLD FAMILY DINING ROOM
Staff Contact: Sandy Berger
CLOSED PRESS

1:10 pm

THE PRESIDENT bids farewell to President Herzog at the Diplomatic Reception Room

Note: President Herzog then proceeds to the West Wing Lobby.

1:15 pm

THE PRESIDENT proceeds to the Diplomatic Reception Room for Briefing

1:20 pm-
1:45 pm

BRIEFING FOR CLIMATE CHANGE EVENT
DIPLOMATIC RECEPTION ROOM
Staff Contact: Todd Stern

1:45 pm

THE PRESIDENT proceeds to the Green Room

1:50 pm-
1:55 pm

MEET AND GREET

GREEN ROOM

Staff Contact:

Event Coordinator: Setti Warren

WHITE HOUSE PHOTO ONLY

Greeters: Dr. Sherry Rowland, Professor at UC Irvine,
 Foreign Secretary for the NAS, Past
 President of AAAS
 Dr. Mario Molina, Professor at MIT, President's
 Committee of on Science and Technology
 Dr. Jane Lubchenco, Professor at Oregon State
 University, Past President of AAAS and
 Ecological Society of America
 Dr. Stephen Schneider, Professor at Stanford
 University, MacArthur Fellowship, AAAS
 Westinghouse Award for Public
 Understanding of Science and Technology
 Dr. Bob Schope, Professor at MIT, Chairman of
 the Board of the Union for Concerned
 Scientists
 Dr. John Holdren, Professor at Harvard
 University, President's Committee on
 Science and Technology

1:55 pm-
3:00 pm

CLIMATE CHANGE EVENT

EAST ROOM

Staff Contact: Todd Stern

Event Coordinator: Setti Warren

- **The President** and the Vice President are announced into the East Room.
- The Vice President gives welcoming remarks.
- **The President** gives brief remarks and introduces Dr. Sherry Rowland.
- Discussion begins.
- Upon the conclusion of the discussion, **the President** and the Vice President depart.

3:00 pm-
6:30 pm

PHONE AND OFFICE TIME
OVAL OFFICE

7:10 pm

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady depart the White House
via motorcade en route a private dinner

TBD

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady depart the private dinner
via motorcade en route the White House

BC AND HRC RON

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, DC

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 23, 1997

MEETING WITH
SELECTED MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE

DATE: July 24, 1997

LOCATION: Cabinet Room

TIME: 10:00 a.m. - 11:00 a.m.

FROM: SAMUEL BERGER *SB*
GENE SPERLING *GS*
DANIEL K. TARULLO *DT*
JOHN HILLEY *JH*

I. PURPOSE

To make our affirmative case for fast track to undecided Democratic House members, and to encourage them to keep an open mind during the August recess.

II. BACKGROUND

We continue to use the July-August period to organize our efforts for a more visible Congressional and public fast track effort in the fall. Efforts during this period include building the White House and agency team (Jay Berman is now fully on board), sharpening our message, building our coalition through outreach to business, agriculture, state/local officials and others, laying a foundation of support with the press and elites and developing a communications and legislative strategy for the fall.

We also need to ensure that we avoid attrition on the Hill during the August recess, when we expect our opponents to mount a significant communications and lobbying effort. To that end, Ambassador Barshefsky has met with approximately 170 Members of Congress over the past few months to solicit their opinions and gather information; Legislative Affairs at the White House, NSC Legislative Affairs, USTR and various Agencies have made staff level calls to all House offices; the Cabinet has been informed that they need to be available to participate in satellite interviews, press conference calls and in-state visits to approximately 35 supportive, yet undecided, member districts during the month of August; we have offered Cabinet members and Administration officials to various House and Senate Caucuses, Sub-caucuses and Committees.

This meeting is an important part of that effort. The purpose is to make the affirmative case for fast track and, at a minimum, persuade them to remain neutral until we set forth legislation (including a labor/environment approach) in the fall. We recommend your message be built around three themes:

1. Optimism/Future v. Pessimism/Past: This issue is at the center of our national debate about our future: whether we will meet the challenge to compete and win, or whether we will convince ourselves -- against the evidence -- that we should not move forward. Trade expansion has been a key element of a forward-looking economic strategy that has created 12.5 million jobs, brought core inflation to a 30-year low and created sustained economic growth.

2. American Leadership: As we enter the 21st Century, we need to be in front of world trade opening efforts, not lagging behind and losing market opportunities. The world is watching. If we don't act, others will.

3. Important Market Opening Opportunities: Fast track is the tool for eliminating foreign barriers, whether through sectoral agreements (e.g., medical equipment, environmental technology, agriculture), continuing regional processes in Latin America or Asia or eliminating global barriers in the WTO. This is not a referendum on NAFTA, as some suggest. It is about a far different agenda: eliminating foreign barriers worldwide, which are much higher than ours.

Members are likely to be interested in our approach on labor and the environment. (We have separately sent you a decision memo on this subject.) However, we do not recommend you foreshadow our approach at this meeting; it likely would leak and would make it even more difficult for Members to stay neutral during August. Instead, we suggest you reaffirm your commitment to these issues and indicate we will set forth an approach in September.

III. PARTICIPANTS

See Tab C.

IV. PRESS PLAN

None

V. SEQUENCE

We recommend you open with brief remarks (attached), introduce Jay Berman and Vicki Radd, then open the floor for discussion.

Attachments

Points to be Made
Q's and A's

Hill Participants

Representative Robert Matsui
Representative Cal Dooley
Representative Nita Lowey
Representative Vic Fazio
Representative Robert Menendez
Representative E.B. Johnson
Representative Charles Rangel
Representative Tom Sawyer
Representative Ron Kind
Representative Wm. Jefferson
Representative Ben Cardin
Representative Jim Davis
Representative Charles Stenholm
Representative Howard Berman
Representative Earl Blumenauer
Representative David Skaggs
Representative Ed Markey
Representative Tim Roemer
Representative Barbara Kennelly
Representative Karen Thurman
Representative Nick Lampson
Representative Richard Neal
Representative Solomon Ortiz
Representative Anna Eshoo
Representative Steny Hoyer
Representative Earl Pomeroy
Representative Karen McCarthy
Representative Leonard Boswell
Representative Jim McDermott
Representative Floyd Flake
Representative Darlene Hooley
Representative David Price

Administration Participants

The President
Vice President
Secretary Rubin
Secretary Glickman
Secretary Dailey
Secretary Herman
Administrator Browner
Ambassador Barshefsky
Under Secretary Eizenstat
Erskine Bowles
Sandy Berger
Daniel K. Tarullo
Gene Sperling
John Hilley
Mack McLarty
Jay Berman
Vicki Radd
Susan Brophy
Bob Kyle
Bill Danvers
John Podesta/Sylvia Mathews

POINTS TO BE MADE FOR MEETING ON
FAST TRACK

Introduction

- I want to talk with you about why it is in our nation's interest to renew fast track trade negotiating authority. Before I begin, let me introduce Jay Berman and Vicki Radd, who will be leading our effort. Their appointment underscores the high priority I attach to this issue. It is one of the most important votes you will cast this year. In fact, when we look back, I think it will be one of the most important decisions we will make this decade.

Optimism/Future v. Pessimism/Past

- This issue is at the heart of our effort to define America's future. It tests whether we will confidently meet the challenge to compete and win in the global economy, or whether we will convince ourselves -- against the evidence -- that we should not move forward. As President, I have tried to adopt a forward-looking economic strategy that guides our country into the 21st Century. And it is clear to me that international trade is central to that strategy:
 - Over the next decade, the global economy is expected to grow at three times the rate of the U.S. economy. Over the past four years, one-quarter of our economic growth came from trade. In a world where over 96 percent of the world's consumers live outside the U.S., we must export to sustain growth at home.

Our strategy has made the American economy the envy of the world. We are perfectly positioned to seize these trade opportunities.

- We have enjoyed the longest period of sustained growth of all of our G-7 partners -- seven years as of last March. We have created 12 million net new jobs, more than all of the other G-7 countries combined. The unemployment rate was 5% in June, the lowest in over 23 years.
- We are once again the world's largest exporter, the largest producer of semiconductors, the largest producer of automobiles. Independent studies have found America to be the most competitive economy in the world for the past five years. No country in the world is better positioned to compete.

Global Leadership

- To continue that record, I need the authority to continue opening markets. Without it, America will not maintain its leadership position in world trade and a critical part of our economic expansion will stall. We must be in front of market opening efforts, not lagging behind and losing opportunities.
- Let's not kid ourselves -- if we don't act, others will.
 - Since 1992, in Latin America and Asia alone, other countries have reached more than 20 preferential trade agreements without us.
 - Today every major economy in this hemisphere has a preferential trade deal with Chile, except the United States. Chile has an 11 percent across-the-board tariff that these countries are eliminating for their products. That means every time an American company competes to sell to Chile, it will face an immediate 11 percent cost disadvantage compared to its Canadian competitor. Canada's Northern Telecom won a \$180 million telecommunications contract over three U.S. companies in part because it could avoid paying \$20 million worth of tariffs.
 - The EU, China and others are on the move. The EU has begun a process to reach a free trade agreement with Brazil, Argentina and other MERCOSUR countries. President Chirac has declared "the future of the region rests with Europe, not the United States." China has targeted Mexico, Argentina, Brazil, Chile and Venezuela as "strategic priorities" in Latin America.

Significant Market Opportunities

- The potential gains are great, if we seize them. If you give me the authority, we will attack foreign trade barriers on a number of fronts:
 - Sectoral Agreements: We would negotiate agreements in sectors where the U.S. is most competitive. The recent Information Technology Agreement, for example, eliminated tariffs and unshackled \$500 billion of trade in semiconductors, computers, telecommunications equipment and software, amounting to a \$5 billion tax cut in tariffs on American exports. With fast track authority, I can tear down more barriers in areas like medical equipment and environmental technology, where America leads the world.

- Latin America/Caribbean: This area was the fastest growing market for U.S. exports in 1996. If trends continue, Latin America and the Caribbean will exceed the EU as a destination for U.S. exports by 2000 and exceed Japan and the EU combined by 2010. We remain committed to the Free Trade Area of the Americas process. Chile would be our first step in this process.
- Asia: Contains the fastest growing economies in the world, with nearly 3 billion people. Forecasters expect real growth of 6-7% annually for the next 15 years. In APEC, we are working to reach agreements in key sectors that could open these markets to America's most competitive products. Without fast track, that process will come to a halt.
- Africa: Working with Congress, I recently launched an Africa trade initiative. Africa's nations are joining the march toward freedom and open markets - and we should encourage it. Sub-Saharan Africa alone has 700 million people, but we supply only 7 percent of Africa's imports. We want to explore negotiations with South Africa when it is ready.
- Global: Over 50 years of persistent American leadership has helped bring down global tariffs from an average of 40 percent at the end of World War II to about 5 percent today, leading to a 90-fold increase in global trade. Upcoming WTO talks on agriculture can help us cut barriers and subsidies in the \$526 billion global farm market. We can eliminate barriers to services trade, a \$1.2 trillion global market, where U.S. firms had a surplus of \$74 billion in 1996.

Conclusion

- We face a critical choice. We can recognize that the American economy is the model for the world, continue to open foreign markets and seize the initiative. Or we can convince ourselves that we are on the wrong track, that we cannot succeed and that we should not move forward. Years from now, we will either proudly recognize that we saw our opportunities and we took them. Or we will have become paralyzed by indecision, squandered our strong competitive advantage and let others seize the initiative. The choice is that clear -- and that important. I ask you to support me on this critical issue.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS
FAST TRACK MEETING

NAFTA

Q: NAFTA is relevant to fast track. Critics argue that NAFTA has cost us over 400,000 jobs. Our trade surplus has turned into a deficit. If NAFTA was a failure, why should we extend it to the rest of the hemisphere and beyond?

A: The critics are wrong. The best information available indicates that NAFTA has had a positive effect on jobs, creating 90,000 to 160,000 jobs in trade with Mexico alone. The trade deficit with Mexico was caused by Mexico's peso crisis and the recession, not NAFTA.

If anything, the trade deficit would have increased further if it were not for NAFTA. When Mexico had its last financial crisis in 1981-82, it imposed 100 percent duties on American products, U.S. exports fell in half and it took 7 years for us to recover to 1981 levels. This time, Mexico continued to reduce its tariffs as required by NAFTA (even though it raised on them on our competitors). U.S. exports recovered to pre-recession levels in 18 months, protecting the 750,000 jobs dependent on those exports. A Federal Reserve of Dallas study concluded U.S. export growth was 7 percent higher than it would have been absent NAFTA.

Q: What will you do about labor/environment in future trade agreements?

A: I share your concerns about labor and environmental issues. We must remain committed to promoting worker rights and ensuring that economic growth is not at the expense of the environment. In the fall, I will set forth a proposal addressing these concerns. In the meantime, I ask you to keep an open mind.

But failing to engage these countries will not improve their worker rights or the environment. These countries will advance economically, whether or not we negotiate trade agreements with them -- and other countries won't be as concerned about their labor or environmental protection. By leading the world, we have a far better opportunity to promote our values than by disengaging.

Q: NAFTA was supposed to have improved labor/environment conditions on the border, but it hasn't. In fact, the problem is worse.

A: The problems along the border existed before NAFTA and they won't be solved overnight. But NAFTA has given us better

progress and cooperation than we would have had without it. There are clear signs of improvement:

- From 1993 to 1996, Mexico increased its budget for enforcement of labor laws by 250 percent.
- The overall rate of occupational injuries and illnesses fell from 47 per thousand in 1994 to 33 per 1000 in 1996.
- Mexico has seen the number of environmental violations dropping; with a 72 percent reduction in serious violations in the maquiladora industry from 1993 to 1996; and a 43 percent increase in the number of maquiladora facilities in complete compliance.
- The NAFTA institutions financing border cleanup projects have certified 16 projects, including infrastructure projects costing nearly \$230 million.

Q: Opponents have successfully made this a referendum on NAFTA. How do I refute that?

A: I think NAFTA's been good for this country. But no matter what you think, this is not about NAFTA. It's about the global trading agenda I outlined.

- Our competitors would like nothing better than to have us rehash the NAFTA debate for four years, while they seize new market opportunities.
- Inaction will simply let foreign barriers stand. When we reach these trade agreements, we give up very little, while other countries give up far more. When the Uruguay Round is phased in, our tariffs will average only 2.8 percent. Other countries are far higher: India (31 percent); Thailand and Turkey (26 percent); Chile and Indonesia (11 percent). Becoming mired in a debate about NAFTA won't level the playing field.

Q: NAFTA has diverted investment from the U.S. to Mexico. It was an investment agreement, not a trade agreement.

A: No. U.S. foreign direct investment in Mexico averaged \$3.1 billion in 1994-96, little changed from the \$2.5 billion the year before NAFTA took effect. The \$3.1 billion was less than 0.3 percent of gross private fixed investment in the U.S. in 1996. The Big 3 invested \$39 billion in the U.S. economy in the last three years, only \$3 billion in Mexico.

Q: U.S. companies use the threat of relocation to Mexico to jawbone down the wages of America's workers. That will just happen over and over again if we reach more free trade agreements.

A: The fact is that NAFTA makes it more attractive to stay in the United States. Before NAFTA, U.S. exports faced an average 10 percent tariff when sending U.S.-made goods to Mexico. They had restrictions that basically forced us to locate car production down there if we wanted to sell in their market. NAFTA eliminates all of this -- and will eliminate only a 2 percent average tariff on products coming here.

If we let other countries reach trade agreements, while we sit on the sidelines, it will make it even more attractive for U.S. companies to move offshore. If Brazil has eliminated all tariffs it faces in this hemisphere -- and we still face high tariffs -- U.S. companies have one more incentive to move offshore. If we want to keep jobs here, we should eliminate trade barriers for U.S.-made products.

Trade Generally

Q: Why should we reach trade agreements with low wage countries? How can U.S. workers compete against foreign workers earning a fraction of U.S. wages?

A: The fact is that U.S. workers do compete successfully with low wage countries. In the last 10 years, U.S. exports to low-wage countries have risen 240 percent, while exports to high wage countries are up just 140 percent and domestic sales by 75 percent. Exports to low wage countries now account for 42 percent of total U.S. exports. And these are good jobs. Wages for export-related jobs pay 13-16% more than the national average.

Competition from low wage countries does create competitive pressures in industries where skills and productivity are lower, but most such jobs don't compete with imports. In fact, imports from non-oil developing countries account for only 4 percent of U.S. spending and has grown only 1.5 percent during the past decade.

For those workers who are affected, we need to maintain our commitment to education and worker retraining. That's why I have made them a priority. It must be part of a complete strategy to prepare us for global competition.

Q: The U.S. trade deficit has hurt the U.S. economy and cost American jobs.

A: It's hard to argue that the trade deficit is devastating the U.S. economy. We are growing at a steady pace of about 3 percent

per year over the past five years, unemployment is at a 23 year low, income levels are rising and exports are at record levels.

But one way to attack the deficit is to break down foreign barriers - and I can't do that unless I have fast track authority.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 23, 1997

**Climate Science Roundtable
with Nobel Laureates and other Distinguished Scientists**

DATE: July 24, 1997
LOCATION: East Room
TIME: 1:50- 3:00 pm
FROM: Todd Stern/Katie McGinty/Jack Gibbons

I. PURPOSE

To begin your process of public education on climate change, leading up to the Kyoto Conference in December.

You and the Vice President will meet with a small group of eminent scientists, including three Nobel laureates, to discuss climate change. The audience will include a half-dozen members of your Cabinet, several members of Congress, about 40 stakeholders on this issue and open press. The dialogue will emphasize the many points of consensus on the science of climate change and potential impacts on the American people.

II. BACKGROUND

In your speech at the United Nations June 26, you said: "In the United States, to do our part, we have to first convince the American people that the climate change problem is real and imminent." This is the first of several media events to raise the public profile of this issue.

In recent polling, just over half of those polled said they believe global warming is a serious problem. Concern increases significantly when respondents are told that the President and Nobel scientists consider the problem to be serious and when possible consequences (e.g., disease, droughts and floods, etc.) are identified.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Pre-brief Participants:

The Vice President, Todd Stern, Katie McGinty, Jack Gibbons, Shelley Fidler, David Sandalow, Rosina Bierbaum.

Event Participants:

The participants in the roundtable will be you, the Vice President and seven eminent scientists: Sherry Rowland (University of California at Irvine, Nobel laureate), Mario Molina (MIT, Nobel laureate), Jane Lubchenco (Oregon State University), Stephen Schneider (Stanford University), Bob Shope (University of Texas), Henry Kendall (Emeritus MIT, Nobel laureate), John Holdren (Harvard University).

The audience will include a half-dozen members of your Cabinet, several members of Congress and about 40 stakeholders on this issue.

Members of your Cabinet in attendance: Carol Browner, Bill Daley, Alexis Herman, Fredrico Pena, Franklin Raines, Larry Summers

Members of Congress in attendance: Sen. John Kerry (D-MA) and Rep. Karen McCarthy (D-MO).

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- You enter the Blue Room to greet the scientists.
- Scientists enter the East Room and are seated.
- You and the Vice President enter the East Room.
- Vice President makes remarks.
- President makes remarks.
- Dialogue with scientists. (Attached as Exhibit A).
- President makes closing remarks.
- President and Vice President depart.

VI. REMARKS

To be provided by speechwriters.

PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON
CLIMATE CHANGE EVENT
THE WHITE HOUSE
JULY 24, 1997

As we approach the dawn of the 21st century, our great challenge is not only to prepare our children for the world but also to protect the world for our children. This challenge is part of a sacred pact between the generations to ensure that today's progress does not come at tomorrow's expense. And that is why we have no choice but to face up to the full reality of global climate change.

Whenever the security of our people has been threatened, the United States has led the world to action. Climate change poses a threat to all people -- one that is subtle today but which will grow in severity and significance in years to come. The world must act. And the United States must lead. I am determined that we will lead -- responsibly, flexibly, making sure that we promote prosperity as we protect the environment. We have no choice -- and the scientists gathered here today will explain why.

Years ago, scientists could not be sure that human activities would influence our climate. But today, the evidence is in, the science is solid, and what was once theory is now fact: Global warming is for real. On this fundamental issue, the scientific debate is over.

The world's scientists believe that if we do not cut our emissions of greenhouse gases, we will disrupt the global climate. In fact, the overwhelming majority of scientists take their conclusions one step further. They believe there is ample evidence that human activities are disrupting the global climate already today.

Our scientists are issuing clear warnings about what will result if we stick our heads in the sand and refuse to act. If we stay on our current course, average global temperatures may rise 2 to 6 degrees Fahrenheit in next century. To put this in sobering context, the difference in average temperature between the last Ice Age and today is only 9 degrees Fahrenheit.

If we fail to act, scientists expect that our seas will rise 2 feet or more over the next century, and thousands of square miles of Florida, Louisiana, and other coastal areas will be flooded. Infectious diseases will spread to new regions. Severe heat waves will claim the lives of more of our citizens. Our agriculture will suffer, and severe droughts and floods will be more common than ever.

The United States must confront this challenge head-on. As I pointed out recently at a special session of the United Nations, we have only 4 percent of the world's population, and yet we produce more than 20 percent of its greenhouse gases. For the sake of the planet and our own people, we simply must act.

In December, the nations of the world will convene in Kyoto, Japan, to come up with an agreement on how best to achieve meaningful emission reductions worldwide. Working with the American people, this Administration will bring to the Kyoto conference a strong American commitment to realistic and binding limits on our emissions. And let me be clear: Environmental protection and economic growth go hand in hand.

In Kyoto, we will emphasize flexible, market-based approaches. We will embrace research and development efforts that can help provide the technology to meet the new goals. And we will ask all nations -- industrial and developing -- to participate in a common solution.

I know that the nations of the world can work together to defuse the threat of global climate change. I know the science demands it. I know we owe it to our children.

And now, it is my honor to introduce Dr. Sherwood Rowland, the first of the distinguished scientists we will be hearing from today.

EXHIBIT A DIALOGUE WITH SCIENTISTS

THE PRESIDENT:

And now, it is my honor to introduce Dr. Sherry Rowland, the first of the distinguished scientists we will be hearing from today.

Dr. Rowland, you warned us of another global problem--ozone depletion -- many years before the rest of the world recognized it. You and Dr. Molina are owed a great debt, for through your work, we have begun to heal the ozone layer. You are also one of the original co-signers of the Scientists Statement on Global Climatic Disruption. Could you please tell us about the scientific consensus on this issue and explain why you are so concerned?

Dr. Rowland gives statement. During his statement, Dr. Rowland will give you a copy of the Scientists Statement on Global Climatic Disruption, plus a printout list of the more than 2600 scientists who have signed.

Suggested question for the President or Vice President:

The Scientists Statement uses the term "disruption" and "irreversible"--strong words for cautious scientists. How do the risks we face from global warming compare to the risks from destruction of the ozone layer?

THE VICE PRESIDENT:

Let me now ask Dr. Mario Molina to give us an overview of the science of climate change. One of the most compelling pieces of evidence is the long-term ice core record from Antarctica and Greenland. I invite you to use my favorite chart and talk about the relationship of temperature and carbon dioxide.

Dr. Molina gives statement

After Dr. Molina has unfolded the chart, President stands up and walks to chart for photo op. President asks Dr Molina:

Where on this chart can we see the latest Ice Age?

THE PRESIDENT:

Thank you, Dr. Molina. Let's turn now to Jane Lubchenco, our expert on ecology and see what such significant in greenhouse gas levels might mean for our natural resources.

Dr. Lubchenco gives statement

Suggested questions for the President or Vice President:

How might climate change interact with other environmental problems (such as local air and water pollution)?

Millions of Americans enjoy our national parks every year. Can you tell me what global warming might do to our parks?

THE VICE PRESIDENT:

Thanks. Dr. Lubchenco. Now I'd like to turn to Dr. Steve Schneider, to discuss the risks of severe weather events, such as droughts, floods and hurricanes. I'd also be interested to hear your thoughts on rising sea-levels as a result of global warming.

Dr. Schneider gives statement

Suggested questions for the President or Vice President

Well, we certainly have had more than our share of 100 year floods and droughts lately. Do we think we are seeing the first signs of climate change?

OR: The Scientists' letter talks about climate "surprises" being likely. What kind of unanticipated effects might occur?

THE PRESIDENT:

Thank you Dr. Schneider. Let me now ask Dr. Robert Shope, who has studied infectious diseases extensively, how climate change may affect human health?

Dr. Shope gives statement

Suggested questions for the President or Vice President:

The Chicago heat wave killed more than 400 people several years ago. How might such deadly heat waves change as the climate changes?

OR: Many people say that we have been very effective in eradicating infectious diseases and that medical advances will continue. Can't we count on medical science to protect us against the effects of climate change?

THE VICE PRESIDENT:

Thank you Dr. Shope. I'd like to ask Dr. Henry Kendall, Nobel Laureate and Chairman of the Union of Concerned Scientists, to speak to the international dimensions of this issue.

Dr. Kendall gives statement

Suggested questions for the President or Vice President:

Water--either too much or too little, seems to be at the core of a changing climate. What problems in water quality and water quantity do you anticipate?

OR: Sea-level rise will flood delta areas around the world and many poorer countries will be unable to fortify against the rising seas. Do you expect that climate change will create "environmental refugees"?

THE PRESIDENT:

Thank you. Let's turn now to Dr. John Holdren who has worked on many global issues--energy, the arms race, plutonium disposition. As a signer of the Scientist's Statement, you clearly see global warming as a threat. But many people in this country and around the world seem unconcerned. Why do you think people underrate the importance of this issue?

Dr. Holdren gives statement

Suggested questions for the President or Vice President:

The long lifetimes of these gases make the issue particularly difficult to address. Some argue that delaying action for several decades won't make much difference? Do you agree?

OR: How do you think climate change will affect the average citizen?

THE CLOSING REMARKS
FOR THE CLIMATE CHANGE EVENT
WILL BE FORWARDED

Friday, July 25, 1997

10:30 AM	Remarks to the National Association of Elementary School Principals	Tab A
	- Remarks	Tab B
	- Board of Directors List; and List of Representatives from Cities Endorsing Standards	Tab C
3:40 PM	Weekly Economic Briefing	Tab D
4:00 PM	Video Taping	Tab E
	- Script	Tab F To Be Forwarded
5:45 PM	Tape Radio Address with Boys Nation	Tab G
	- Radio Address	Tab H To Be Forwarded
	- Remarks	Tab I To Be Forwarded

87 JUL 26 07 17
SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

FOR

FRIDAY, JULY 25, 1997

FINAL

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

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HOME: 202-362-5475

OFFICE: 202-456-5771

WHCA PAGER: 4194

EVENT COORDINATOR:

KAREN FINNEY

HOME: 202-667-0132

OFFICE: 202-456-7951

WHCA PAGER: 4216

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.

**Mostly cloudy with a chance of isolated morning
showers, becoming partly cloudy.**

Wind northwest at 10 to 15 knots.

High 81 to 86.

Low 65 to 70.

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
FRIDAY, JULY 25, 1997
FINAL**

9:00 am-
9:15 am

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles

9:15 am-
10:00 am

BRIEFING AND FOREIGN POLICY PHONE CALL
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Sandy Berger

10:00 am-
10:15 am

**BRIEFING FOR NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF
ELEMENTARY SCHOOL PRINCIPALS**
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Mike Cohen

10:20 am

THE PRESIDENT departs the White House via motorcade en route the Crystal Gateway Marriott Hotel
[drive time: 10 minutes]

10:30 am

THE PRESIDENT arrives the Crystal Gateway Marriott Hotel

Greeters: Sam Sava, Executive Director, NAESP
Yvonne Allen, President, NAESP
George Cook, Marriott General Manager
David Friedberg, Director of Marketing, Marriott
Larry Shearin, Senior Convention Manager, Marriott

10:35 am-
10:45 am

**RECEIVING LINE WITH THE NATIONAL
ASSOCIATION OF ELEMENTARY SCHOOL PRINCIPALS
BOARD OF DIRECTORS**
SALON ONE
Crystal Gateway Marriott Hotel
Staff Contact: Mike Cohen
Event Coordinator: Karen Finney
WHITE HOUSE PHOTO ONLY

10:45 am

THE PRESIDENT proceeds to Salon Two

10:50 am-
11:00 am

**GROUP PHOTOS WITH CITIES ENDORSING
STANDARDS**

SALON TWO

Crystal Gateway Marriott Hotel

Staff Contact: Mike Cohen

Event Coordinator: Karen Finney

OFFICIAL PHOTO ONLY

11:05 am

THE PRESIDENT proceeds to Salon Four

11:10 am-
11:50 am

**REMARKS TO THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF
ELEMENTARY SCHOOL PRINCIPALS**

SALON FOUR

Crystal Gateway Marriott Hotel

Remarks: Jordan Tamagni

Staff Contact: Mike Cohen

Event Coordinator: Karen Finney

OPEN PRESS

- Off-stage announcement of **the President**, Secretary Riley and Yvonne Allen, President, NAESP.
- Yvonne Allen, President, NAESP, makes brief remarks and introduces Secretary Riley.
- Secretary Riley makes brief remarks and introduces Stanley Paz, School Superintendent from El Paso, Texas.
- Stanley Paz makes brief remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes brief remarks.
- Sam Sava, Executive Director of the National Association of Elementary School Principals, presents **the President** with the "Distinguished Leadership in Education" Award.
- **The President** works a ropeline and departs.

11:55 am

THE PRESIDENT departs the Crystal Gateway Marriott Hotel via motorcade en route the White House
[drive time: 10 minutes]

12:05 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives at the White House

12:10 pm- **MEETING**

12:15 pm **OVAL OFFICE**

Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett

12:20 pm-

1:00 pm

FOREIGN POLICY PHONE CALLS (2)

OVAL OFFICE

Staff Contact: Sandy Berger

1:00 pm-

3:40 pm

PHONE AND OFFICE TIME

OVAL OFFICE

3:40 pm-

4:00 pm

WEEKLY ECONOMIC BRIEFING

Staff Contact: Janet Yellen

OVAL OFFICE

4:00 pm-

4:05 pm

VIDEO TAPING

ROOSEVELT ROOM

Remarks: June Shih

Staff Contact: Maria Echaveste, Stuart Schear

CLOSED PRESS

-- Tribute to Reverend Joseph T. Lowrey, President and
Chairman of the Board of the Southern Christian
Leadership Conference.

4:10 pm- (T)

5:10 pm

MEETING

OVAL OFFICE

Staff Contact: Mike McCurry

5:10 pm-

5:20 pm

MEETING

OVAL OFFICE

Staff Contact: Sandy Berger

5:25 pm-

5:40 pm

BRIEFING

OVAL OFFICE

Staff Contact: Ann Lewis, Brenda Anders

5:40 pm

THE PRESIDENT proceeds to the Blue Room

5:45 pm-
6:00 pm

**TAPE RADIO ADDRESS AND REMARKS TO BOYS
NATION**

EAST ROOM

Radio Address: Jordan Tamagni

Remarks: Laura Capps

Staff Contact: Ann Lewis, Brenda Anders

CLOSED PRESS

- **The President** is announced into the East Room and proceeds to the stage.
- **The President** delivers the Radio Address.
- **The President** makes brief remarks.
- **The President** invites the President and the Vice President of Boys Nation to the stage.

6:05 pm

THE PRESIDENT proceeds to the Blue Room for a receiving line

6:30 pm

THE PRESIDENT proceeds to the North Portico

6:35 pm

GROUP PHOTO WITH BOYS NATION

NORTH PORTICO

Staff Contact: Maria Echaveste

Event Coordinator: Setti Warren

WHITE HOUSE PHOTO ONLY

Note: There are no posed photographs.

6:40 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs

EVENING OFF

BC AND HRC RON

**THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, DC**

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

97 JUL 24 4:51

July 24, 1997

EDUCATION STANDARDS ENDORSEMENT EVENT

DATE: July 25, 1997
LOCATION: Gateway Marriott, Crystal City, VA
BRIEFING TIME: 9:45 am - 10:15 am
EVENT TIME: 10:30 am - 11:55 am
FROM: Bruce Reed

I. PURPOSE

To announce fifteen new cities that are supporting your proposal for national standards in education.

II. BACKGROUND

You will make remarks before the National Association of Elementary School Principals (NAESP) at its annual convention. The Executive Director of NAESP, Sam Sava will be presenting you with the Distinguished Leadership in Education Award. Past recipients of this award have been Secretary Riley, George Bush, and Bill Bennett.

The NAESP consists of school leaders in every state, the District of Columbia, and American schools overseas. Approximately 450 principals will be in attendance, and the NAESP will distribute a copy of your remarks to all 30,000 elementary and middle school principals across the country. You have been invited to address this group every year of your presidency, but have not been able to attend. The First Lady met with this group last year.

You will announce the support of Atlanta, Broward County (Ft. Lauderdale), Chicago, Cincinnati, Detroit, El Paso, Fresno, Houston, Long Beach, Los Angeles, New York City, Omaha, Philadelphia, San Antonio, and Seattle for national standards.

In each of these cities, a partnership including the superintendent, school board and teachers' union has endorsed the school system's participation. In those cities in which the mayor plays a major role in education (e.g., Chicago and Philadelphia), he is fully supportive.

Despite their participation in the testing initiative, the superintendents have expressed

concern about our decision to limit the 4th grade reading test to English only. Almost every one of their cities has a large Hispanic population, and all of them test Limited Proficient English students in their native language. We have told the superintendents that we will explore ways to address their concerns, but not commit to changing our position.

Mike Cohen will meet later in the day with the urban educators to discuss this issue, as well as other ways to assist the cities in preparing students to meet the national standards in reading and math.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Briefing Participants:

Secretary Riley
Rahm Emanuel
Bruce Reed
Mike Cohen
Jordan Tamagni

Event Participants:

Secretary Riley
Yvonne Allen, Incoming NAESP President, Principal of Whiteville Elementary School, in Whiteville, Tennessee
Stan Paz, Superintendent of El Paso School District
Sam Sava, NAESP Executive Director

Seated in the Audience:

Members of Congress (Frank Riggs and Matt Martinez)
NAESP Board of Directors
Elementary school principals
Superintendents and other representatives from the endorsing cities.
President Louise White and President Elect Ginny Markell of the National PTA

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open Press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- You will briefly meet the Board of Directors of the NAESP.
- You will then take a group photo with the education representatives from each city endorsing standards at this event. (Fourteen photos total.)
- You will then be announced onto the stage accompanied by program participants.
- Incoming NAESP President Yvonne Allen will make welcoming remarks and introduce Secretary Riley.
- Secretary Riley will make remarks and introduce Stan Paz.

- Stan Paz will make remarks and introduce you.
- You will make remarks.
- *At the completion of your remarks you should remain by the podium. Yvonne Allen will introduce the NAESP Executive Director Sam Sava, who will present you with the Distinguished Leadership in Education Award, which is a 10 inch engraved bell.*
- You will then work a ropeline of school principals and depart.

VI. REMARKS

Remarks Provided by Jordan Tamagni in Speechwriting.

VII. ATTACHMENTS

List of NAESP Board of Directors
List of City Representatives

Draft 7/24/97 7:00pm

**PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON
REMARKS FOR NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF
ELEMENTARY SCHOOL PRINCIPALS
WASHINGTON, DC
JULY 25, 1997**

Acknowledgments: Sec. Riley; Rep. Frank Riggs; Rep. Matthew Martinez; Sam Sava [SA-vuh] Executive Director; Yvonne Allen, President; Carole Kennedy, Past President; Jill Eaton, President-elect; the NAESP leadership and membership for early endorsement of "A Call to Action for American Education."

Good morning. I want to start by thanking you for all that you do for America's children. Every year, hundreds of thousands of children arrive on the doorsteps of your schools for the first time, to begin a journey of learning that will hopefully last for a lifetime. Every year, millions of parents place their children in your hands -- and their trust in your ability. And every year, you prove that their trust is well placed.

I believe that our nation's elementary school principals are the linchpin in our crusade to give every American child the best education in the world. When I was Governor of Arkansas, I chaired a task force on school leadership, and we found without question that a good principal makes all the difference in the quality of education a school provides its students. And I have seen proof of that in schools all over the country. Your leadership is critical, and as school enrollments reach record highs -- an estimated 54 million students by the year 2006 -- it will be more important than ever.

Today, I want to talk to you about why I have placed so much importance on what you do, and on the priority we must give to education at every level as we prepare ourselves for the 21st Century.

We must begin where our children's formal education begins: in our nation's elementary schools. We must demand excellence from every school and every teacher. We must repair and rebuild our schools, and make sure that they have the advantage of new technology. And we must make sure that our schools are safe and drug-free so that no child ever has to pay more attention to the threat of violence than to the teacher.

But the single most important thing we can do to give our children the world class education they deserve is to insist on high national standards, so that every child in America -- no matter where that child lives -- learns what he or she needs to know to succeed in the new world of the 21st Century.

For too many years, we were unwilling to insist that our schools teach to high national standards, for fear that some of our children could not reach them. We feared that children from disadvantaged backgrounds and struggling communities could not hold their own against more privileged children. And we believed it when we were told that American children would always

lag behind the rest of the world on tests against children from other countries.

Last month, we learned how wrong we were when America's fourth graders led the world -- second only to Korea -- in science, and scored well above average in math on the annual TIMMS test. Only 6 years earlier, fourth graders taking a similar test scored well below the average.

These tests prove that we don't have to settle for second class expectations or second class goals for any of our children. But they also show that by the time our children reach the 8th grade, those high test scores drop below the average. That is why we must take action now to raise our expectations and insist on high national standards for all of our children.

In my State of the Union address, I challenged every state and every school to adopt high national standards, and by 1999, to test every 4th grader in reading and every 8th grader in math to make sure those standards are met. These are not federal standards -- they are national standards that every child can meet, in every state and every city in America. After all, reading is reading, and math is math, whether you live in Anchorage or Appalachia. And excellence does not depend on geography.

Since I issued that call governors and education leaders in seven states -- California, North Carolina, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Kentucky and West Virginia, along with the Department of Defense schools all over the world, have announced their support for national standards and their desire to participate in this testing program as soon as it becomes available in 1999.

Today, I am pleased to announce that thirteen of our largest school districts in cities from coast to coast have committed themselves to join our crusade for national standards. From now on, students in New York, Philadelphia, Atlanta, Broward County, Florida, Cincinnati, Chicago, Houston, San Antonio, El Paso, Omaha, Los Angeles, Long Beach, and Seattle -- that's xx million children -- will be held to and measured against the same standards in reading and math.

With the participation of these cities, we are closer than ever to achieving truly national standards for all of our children. I want to commend the superintendents and education leaders who have risen to the challenge of insisting on high standards. For the first time, you will be able to measure your school districts' progress against other cities, and learn from school districts that are achieving good results. We all know that it won't be easy at first, but if the TIMMS test has shown us anything, it is that given the chance, all of our children can succeed.

Let me be clear: when we fail to encourage our children to learn to high standards, we aren't doing them a favor -- we are encouraging them to fail. But when we set high expectations and insist on high standards, there is no end to what our children can achieve. And it doesn't matter if they live in an affluent suburb or a remote rural area or an inner city housing project. Every child has the capacity to learn and to succeed. And it is up to every one of us to help them do it.

We in the national government will continue do our part. The balanced budget agreement that we reached with the Congress in May takes Head Start the next step toward our goal of one million children. It will fund the Technology Literacy Challenge to bring us closer to connecting every classroom in America to the Internet. And it will fund the America Reads program and help make one million trained reading tutors available to give extra help to the children who need it most. I urge the Congress to act without delay to fund this program as we agreed to in May.

I am committed to help our nation's principals get the resources they need to do their part. And well-qualified, well-trained teachers, who can teach to high standards and inspire their students to meet those standards may be the most critical resource of all. That is why earlier this month, I announced a new initiative to offer scholarships to people will commit to teach in our hardest pressed communities for at least three years.

We must continue to work to revitalize our nation's elementary schools, but we must also do everything we can to open the doors of higher education to every American. I laid out a ten point plan for meeting these challenges in my Call to Action for American Education, and I thank you for being among the first to endorse it. Now, we have an historic chance to put that plan to work, and make lifetime learning a part of every American's life. The balanced budget agreement I reached with Congress includes \$35 billion in targeted tax relief to help middle class families raise their children and pay for higher education. But the plan released by the Republicans falls far short of that commitment.

Make no mistake: we should have a tax cut -- and we must make sure that the interests of middle class families are the heart of it. Our tax cut should help families pay for four years of college. It should help working people get training throughout a lifetime. It should help all middle class parents raise their children. And it should live within the boundaries of our balanced budget. Anything less does not honor our values or our responsibility to our children's future.

There is much that the national government can do to help families, but when it comes to education, we know that our success depends on state and local school systems, on superintendents and principals, on teachers and parents. You must have the conviction that every child in America can learn to high standards. You must demand those standards, and insist on tests to make sure they are being met. As we go forward, I want each of you to ask yourselves: have we done enough to help our children reach these standards? Have we done enough to give our children the tools to make the most of their lives? Have we done enough to help prepare America for the 21st Century?

Pearl Buck once said, "if our American way of life fails the child, it fails us all." Today, we are one step closer to making sure that our way of life serves all of our children, and gives them the education they need and deserve. I thank all of you for doing your part.

Meet and Greet with National Association of Elementary School Principals Board of Directors

Samuel G. Sava, the Executive Director of NAESP started his career as an elementary school teacher in Farrell, Pennsylvania and later held principalships in Pennsylvania and Maryland. Sava has been the NAESP Executive Director since 1981. Since Sam Sava became the Executive Director, the NAESP membership has increased from 13,000 to over 27,000 elementary and middle school principals. Mr. Sava will be joined by his wife Elizabeth Sava.

Yvonne Allen, the NAESP incoming President is the Principal of the Whiteville Elementary School in Whiteville Tennessee. Allen was the first African-American female principal in her county. She was named an "American Hero in Education" by Reader's Digest in 1989, and Whiteville Elementary was recognized as a "Blue Ribbon School" by the Department of Education in 1993. Allen has been an active member of the NAESP for 18 years.

NAESP Board of Directors and Special Guests

Carole Kennedy, NAESP Past President & Principal, Lange Middle School, Columbia, MO
Jill Eaton, NAESP President-Elect, Principal, Walter Jackson Elementary School, Decatur, AL
Richard Barbacane, Principal, Buehrle School, Lancaster, PA
Lynn Babcock, Principal, Grant Elementary School, Livonia, MI
James Brown, Principal, Washington Oak Elementary School, Coventry, RI
William Barnes, Principal, Spring Garden Elementary School, Bedford, TX
Jane Boultinghouse, Principal, College Wood Elementary School, Carmel, IN
Marilyn Campbell, Principal, Liberty Elementary School, Salem, OR
Nancy Dickerson, Principal, Mattahunt Elementary School, Boston, MA
Sherry Phillips, Principal, Collierville Middle School, Collierville, TN
Darell Rud, Principal, Garfield Elementary School, Billings MT
Sandra Welch, Principal, Augusta Circle Elementary School, Greenville, SC
Rodney Woods, Principal Valley View Elementary School, Martinsburg, WV
Congressman Frank Riggs, House Committee on Education, California, District 1
Congressman Matt Martinez, House Committee on Education, California, District 31
Susan Cornwell, VALIC, Associate Director
Todd Adams, VALIC, Regional Manager
Ernest Mannino, U.S. Department of State

Meet And Greet with Representative from the Fifteen Cities Endorsing Educational Standards

Stanley Paz, the Superintendent of the El Paso Independent School District was nominated by Texas for the National Superintendent of the Year in 93-94. Under Paz's leadership, El Paso, the nation's 5th largest school district has substantially raised its TAAS and SAT scores. Paz has been honored with a life membership in the PTA.

Atlanta

Betty Strickland, Associate Superintendent

Mitzi Bickers, Board Member

Glyniss Terrell, Member of AFT of Atlanta

Broward County

Carmen Varela-Russo, Assistant Superintendent

Abraham Fischler, Chairperson, Broward County School Board

Chicago

Tom Reese, Chicago Federation of Teachers

Patricia Harvey, Chief Accountability Officer

Cincinnati

Lynn Marmer, President of the School Board

Kathleen Ware, Director, Quality Improvements

Tom Mooney, President, Cincinnati Federation of Teachers

Detroit

Irma Clark, President, Detroit Board of Education

Arthur Carter, Deputy, Superintendent

David Snead, Superintendent

John Elliot, President of Detroit Federation of Teachers

El Paso

Stan Paz, Superintendent

Kathryn Becker, Board Member

Rafael M. Pena, President of El Paso Teachers Association

Houston

Rod Paige, Superintendent

Steve Antley, Teacher & President of the Congress of Houston Teachers

Olga Gallegos, Board Member

William Moore, Teacher & Vice President of Houston Education Association

Kristina Robinson, Teacher & Board Member of Houston Education Association

Long Beach

Carl Cohn, Superintendent

Karin Polacheck, Board President

Patricia Williams, President, Teachers Association of Long Beach

Los Angeles

Ronald Prescott, Associate Superintendent/Legislation

Day Higuchi, President, United Teachers Association of Los Angeles

Vicky Castro, Board Member

New York City

Judith Rizzo, Deputy Chancellor

Sandra Feldman, President, United Federation of Teachers & American Federation of Teachers

Omaha

John Mackiel, Superintendent

John Langan, Board Member

Carolyn Grice, President, Omaha Education Association

Philadelphia

Floyd Alston, Board of Education

David Hornbeck, Superintendent of Schools

Ted Kirsch, President, Philadelphia Federation of Teachers

San Antonio

Diana Lam, Superintendent of Schools

Margaret Mireles, President, SAISD Board of Education

Sylvia Ward, Member, SAISD Board of Education

Lydia Lorenzi, President, San Antonio Teachers

Seattle

John Stanford, Superintendent

Linda Harris, Board Member

Roger Erskine, President, Seattle Education Association

Additional

Robert Chase, President, National Education Association

— **Anne Bryant**, Executive Director, National School Board Association

Mike Casserly, Executive Director, Council of Great City Schools



THE CHAIRMAN

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20500

July 24, 1997

WEEKLY ECONOMIC BRIEFING

DATE: Friday, July 25, 1997
LOCATION: Oval Office
TIME: 3:40 p.m.
FROM: Janet L. Yellen

I. PURPOSE

You will be briefed by CEA Chair Janet Yellen and other members of your economic team on Fed Chairman Greenspan's Tuesday, July 22 Humphrey-Hawkins testimony and the current state of the economy. You will also be briefed on new studies of the effects of teen childbearing (Weekly Economic Briefing, July 4) and on the growth of child-only welfare cases (Weekly Economic Briefing, July 18, 1997).

II. PARTICIPANTS

CEA Chair Janet Yellen
CEA Member Jeffrey Frankel
NEC Director Gene Sperling
Assistant to the President for International Economic Policy Dan Tarullo
Treasury Secretary Robert Rubin
Deputy Treasury Secretary Lawrence Summers
OMB Director Franklin Raines

III. PRESS PLAN
closed

IV. REMARKS
none required

V. ATTACHMENTS

"New Studies Question Effects of Teen Childbearing."
(Weekly Economic Briefing, July 4, 1997)

Weekly Economic Briefing, July 18, 1997

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 24, 1997

VIDEO TAPING
"TRIBUTE TO REVEREND JOSEPH E. LOWERY"

DATE: FRIDAY, JULY 25, 1997
LOCATION: OEOb ROOM # 459
TIME: 4:00 PM
FROM: MARIA ECHAVESTE

I. PURPOSE

To tape the President's remarks for a "Tribute to Reverend Joseph E. Lowery."

II. BACKGROUND

On Sunday, July 27, 1997, prominent men and women from around the world will gather to honor the retirement of a man who has been one of the leading spokesperson for minorities and the underprivileged. A "Tribute to Reverend Joseph E. Lowery" will be held at the Hyatt Regency Hotel in downtown Atlanta with a VIP Reception at 6:30 PM followed by Dinner at 8:00 PM. The Co-Chairs for this event are Andrew Young, Coretta Scott King, and President Jimmy Carter. This Tribute will launch the 40th Annual Convention of SCLC.

The Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) was founded by Reverend Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. as a Civil Rights Organization. Dr. Joseph Echols Lowery spent more than 40 years as Vice President, President, and Chairman of the Board, SCLC. He also currently serves as the Chairman of the National Black Leadership Forum. Dr. Lowery has spent more than 40 years serving honorably and passionately for civil rights and economic justice.

Event participants include as the Honorary Co - Chairpersons: Coretta Scott King and the Honorable Andrew Young. As Honorary Chairpersons: Dr. Maya Angelou, Reverend Joseph Crawford, President Jimmy Carter, Dick Gregory, Reverend Jesse L. Jackson, Honorable Cynthia McKinney, Reverend John Nettles, Rosa Parks, Reverend Leon Sullivan, Ted Turner, Dr. Claud Young, and Bishop McKinley Young.

The Tribute Chairpersons are: Reverend Cameron Alexander, Xermona Clayton Brady, Douglas Brown, Johnnie R. Carr, Honorable Emmanuel Cleaver, Dr. Thomas Cole, Curley Dossman, Christine King Farris, Carole Hoover, Honorable Maynard H. Jackson, Ingrid Saunders Jones, Dr. Barbara King, William "Bill" Lucy, Berry Marshall, Kent Matlock, Reverend E.R. Osburn, Reverend Joseph Roberts, Rita J. Samuels, Reverend C.T. Vivian, Reverend Wyatt T. Walker, Eleanor Williams, and Dr. Walter F. Young.

III. PARTICIPANTS

President
Minyon Moore
Jena Roscoe
Technical Personnel

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open Press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Not applicable.

VI. REMARKS

Talking points to be provided by speech writers.

THE SCRIPT
FOR THE VIDEO TAPING
WILL BE FORWARDED

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 24, 1997

1997 BOYS NATION MEETING AND RADIO ADDRESS TAPING

DATE: July 25, 1997
LOCATION: East Room
TIME: 5:45 pm
FROM: Maria Echaveste
Bruce Reed
Stephen Silverman

I. PURPOSE

To talk about the first year of the new National Service Scholars program and the Administration's progress since the April Summit. You will be joined by the members of Boys Nation and representatives of supportive civic organizations as you discuss the importance of citizen service.

II. BACKGROUND

As you know, for more than 50 years, the American Legion Auxiliary has provided a unique opportunity for teenage boys to learn firsthand how our system of government works through the Boys State and Boys Nation programs. Almost one million teenage boys have participated since the first Boys State, and thousands have attended Boys Nation since it began.

In this weeks' radio address, you will announce that over 1,600 high school students have won scholarships of at least \$1,000 as part of the first year of the National Service Scholars program. These scholarships recognize students with outstanding records of community service. You first called for this program in a speech at Penn State in May 1996, challenging communities to raise at least \$500 for their local high schools, which the federal government would then match. In the first year, a host of leading community organizations stepped forward to raise local scholarships, including the Kiwanis, Rotary, Lions, Dollars for Scholars, Seventh Day Adventists, Veterans of Foreign Wars, the American Legion, Elks, Women's Clubs, Masons, Soroptomists, and Junior Leagues. The Miss America Foundation committed to provide scholarships in every state. Sallie Mae provided the matching funds for every public high school in D.C. The Minnesota state legislature voted to fund the match for all high schools in that state. Each high school principal is invited to nominate a junior or senior for the scholarship. (It is interesting to note, in the context of Boys Nation, that 70% of the 1,683 scholarship winners are girls.)

You will urge all 20,000 high schools in the nation to participate next year. Congress appears fairly supportive of this program. The House Appropriations Committee recently voted to appropriate the full \$10 million cost of taking it nationwide. (A House floor amendment then cut all AmeriCorps programs in half, but the House is expected to reverse this in conference.) The Senate did not include it, but appears likely to agree to it in conference. The Corporation for National Service found funds internally for the \$800,000 cost of this year's program. In fact, it had set aside \$3 million for this purpose, which would have funded 6,000 scholarships, but the program got a late start.

In addition to the Boys Nation participants, representatives of civic groups along with five scholarship winners will be in the audience. Our hope is that civic organizations will publicize this event in their newsletters and drum up even more support for this program next year.

You will also talk about how we are continuing to move forward to reach the goals of the Philadelphia summit on service. You will announce that service and religious organizations have responded positively to your summit challenge that we would provide 50,000 new AmeriCorps scholarships over the next 5 years to organizations that offer young people the chance to serve. Already, 77 organizations have answered that challenge by offering to sponsor 10,000 new AmeriCorps members.

Other progress includes; the Vice President's May announcement of a new partnership of civic organizations that will mentor families seeking to leave welfare for work; Eli Segal's Welfare to Work Partnership that is mobilizing businesses to hire welfare recipients. your announcement last month that Kaiser Permanente will commit \$100 million to provide health coverage for uninsured children in California; and federal agencies' efforts to implement the more than 40 commitments they made at the summit, including mentoring and tutoring and launching new partnerships with corporations and nonprofits.

Following your remarks you invite the Boys Nation President, Sterling Dowling from Orangeburg, South Carolina and the Vice President, Jason Cipriano from Hamstead, New Hampshire to the stage. They will present you with a Boys Nation shirt.

Lastly, one of this years' counselors, Adam Ake (Boy's Nation, 1992) , was the 1997 class honor graduate at West Point. You met Adam earlier this year when you attended the West Point Commencement on May 31. You pinned on Adam's lieutenant bars during a reception at the Superintendents house. Adam received extensive media attention based on the fact that his father is serving a ten-year prison term in Alaska. Adam won a Rhode Scholarship as well as a Truman Scholarship and a Marshall Scholarship. He is the first West Point cadet to win all three. He will attend Oxford in the fall.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Pre Brief Participants

Doris Matsui
Diana Fortuna
Setti Warren
Stephen Silverman
Brenda Anders

Event Participants

Glen Kinross, International President, Rotary International
James Ervin, Vice President, Lions Club, International
Joseph Caouette, Chairman, Americanism Commission for the American Legion
Joanne Horton, President, Pilot International
Jessica Keener, Service Scholar recipient, Wernersville, PA
Osama "Sam" Beshir, Service Scholar recipient, Washington, DC

Ron Engel, Director/Coordinator, Boys Nation
Jack Mercier, Director of Activities, (35 years of service to the program and was counselor to your section in 1963).
George Blume, Legislative Director, (27 years service)
96 Boys Nation Senators (list attached)
30 American Legion/Boys Nation Staff

Other participants list to be provided by the social office.

IV. PRESS PLAN

Closed Press. The ABC, CNN, AP, C-SPAN, CBS, NBC, Mutual, UPI, USA, American Urban Radio Network, and Standard News radio networks will carry the address live to their collective thousands of stations across the country on Saturday at 10:06 AM EDT.

The White House will also release a photograph to news organizations.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- o You will be briefed in the Blue Room.
- o WHCA will announce you into the East Room.
- o Your proceed to the stage. On stage will be :

Glen Kinross, International President, Rotary International

James Ervin, Vice President, Lions Club, International
Joseph Caouette, American Legion
Joanne Horton, President, Pilot International
Jessica Keener, Service Scholar recipient, Wernersville, PA
Osama "Sam" Beshir, Service Scholar recipient, Washington, DC

- o You take a seat and tape the radio address.
- o After the radio address, the stage participants will exit the stage and take a seat in the front row.
- o You proceed to the podium and make remarks.
- o After your remarks you invite Sterling Dowling, the Boys Nation President and Jason Cipriano, the Boys Nation Vice President to the stage. They will make brief remarks and present you with a Boys Nation shirt.
- o You proceed to the Blue Room for a receiving line.
- o After the receiving line, you proceed to the North Portico for a group photo.
- o You depart

VI. REMARKS

To be provided by speechwriters.

Biographies of National Service Scholars Who Will Observe Radio Address

97 JUL 24 PM 5:50
Jessica Kecner graduated from Conrad Weiser High School in Wernersville, Pennsylvania. She volunteered at a daycare center and met a deaf boy whom none of the staff or children could communicate with. She taught herself American Sign Language so she could communicate with him and act as an interpreter. She began volunteering at the center two to three times a week and taught basic signing to the other children. Jessica will attend Bloomsburg University in the fall where she plans to major in elementary education for deaf children. Community scholarship provided by: Conrad Weiser Rotary Club and JNL Industries.

Osama Beshir graduated from Luke C. Moore Academy Senior High School in Washington, DC. He participated in weekly community cleanup efforts, volunteered at the Capital Area Community Food Bank, and worked with people with disabilities. In addition, Osama educated other students about violence prevention and the importance of graduating from high school and avoiding drugs. He mentored a ninth grade student at his high school and helped him with his homework. Osama will attend Catholic University of America in the fall. Community scholarship provided by: Sallie Mae.

Margaret Wood graduated from Towson Senior High School in Towson, Maryland. She is a student leader in the Kiwanis International Campaign to Eradicate Iodine Deficiency. She works with the Key Club in her school to educate students and community members about iodine deficiency. She also volunteered to raise awareness of and help combat Juvenile Diabetes, Multiple Sclerosis and Cancer. Margaret will attend the University of Maryland at College Park in the fall. Community scholarship provided by: Loch Raven Kiwanis Club.

Gregory Winkler graduated from Stuarts Draft High School in Stuarts Draft, Virginia. He has volunteered with Camp Joy—a program with a local United Methodist Church—for the past six years. At Camp Joy he helped build and repair housing for elderly, disabled and low-income people in his community. Gregory will attend Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University in the fall. Community scholarship provided by: Elks Waynesboro.

Andrew Southerland graduated from Arendell Parrott Academy in Kinston, North Carolina. During his sophomore year, he recruited and organized 146 students from five local high schools to collect cleaning supplies for a local homeless shelter. Following the devastation of Hurricane Fran, he helped organize an emergency food drive to collect canned goods for storm victims. Outreach efforts to the local elementary, middle and high school students resulted in two full truckloads of canned goods delivered to the Salvation Army. In addition, he regularly volunteers at a local soup kitchen. Andrew will attend North Carolina State University in the fall. Community Scholarship provided by: Mary Ruffin Poole Foundation.

THE REMARKS
FOR THE RADIO ADDRESS
WILL BE FORWARDED

THE REMARKS
FOR THE BOYS NATION EVENT
WILL BE FORWARDED

Tuesday, July 29, 1997

9:35 AM

Justice William J. Brennan, Jr.
Funeral

Tab A

- Eulogy

Tab B

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

FOR

TUESDAY, JULY 29, 1997

FINAL

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4033

EVENT COORDINATOR:

KAREN FINNEY

HOME: 202-667-0132

OFFICE: 202-456-7951

WHCA PAGER: 4216

PRESS DESK:

ANNE EDWARDS

HOME: 301-565-3101

OFFICE: 202-456-2921

WHCA PAGER: 4208

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Partly cloudy and becoming less humid.

Wind northwest at 10 to 18 knots.

High 82 to 87.

Low 69 to 74.

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
TUESDAY, JULY 29, 1997
FINAL**

9:30 am

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady depart the White House via motorcade en route Saint Mathews Cathedral
[drive time: 5 minutes]

9:35 am

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady arrive at the Rectory at Saint Mathews Cathedral

Greeter: Monsignor W. Ronald Jameson

9:40 am

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady proceed to the Monsignor's Parlor

9:45 am-
9:55 am

**HOLD WITH THE BRENNAN FAMILY
MONSIGNOR'S PARLOR
The Rectory, Saint Mathews Cathedral
Staff Contact: Charles Ruff
Event Coordinator: Karen Finney
CLOSED PRESS**

- The First Lady will be escorted to her seat by Monsignor W. Ronald Jameson.
- **The President** will escort Mrs. Brennan to her seat in the front pew and then proceed to his seat in the front pew.

10:00 am-
11:30 am

**MASS OF CHRISTIAN BURIAL FOR JUSTICE WILLIAM
JOSEPH BRENNAN, JR.**

Saint Mathews Cathedral

Remarks: Michael Waldman

Staff Contact: Charles Ruff

Event Coordinator: Karen Finney

REPORTERS ONLY

- Prelude.
- Entrance Procession, "Joyful, Joyful, We Adore You."
- Introductory rites.
- Liturgy of the Word.
 - First Reading by Hugh Brennan.
 - Responsorial Psalm, 'My Shepherd is the Lord.'
 - Second Reading by Nancy Brennan.
 - Gospel Acclamation.
 - Gospel.
 - Homily by Reverend John T. O'Hara.
 - General Intercessions by William Joseph Brennan, IV.
- Liturgy of the Eucharist.
- Communion Rite.
- Eulogies.
 - **The President.**
 - Justice David Souter.
 - William Joseph Brennan, III.
- Final Commendation.
- Procession to the Place of Committal.
- At the conclusion of the service, Monsignor Jameson will escort **the President** and the First Lady out of the Cathedral.

11:35 am

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady depart Saint Mathews Cathedral via motorcade en route the White House
[drive time: 5 minutes]

11:40 am

THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady arrive at the White House

NOTE:

The burial service will be at Arlington National Cemetery immediately following the Mass.

DOWN FOR THE AFTERNOON AND EVENING

BC AND HRC RON

**THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, DC**

July 28, 1997 (7:23pm)

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 28, 1997

DATE: July 29, 1997
LOCATION: St. Matthew's Cathedral
TIME: 9:40 am
FROM: Douglas J. Band

I. PURPOSE

To attend the funeral of Justice William Joseph Brennan, Jr.

II. BACKGROUND

Justice Brennan died on July 24, 1997. Justice Brennan married Marjorie Leonard in 1928, and they had three children, William, Jr., Hugh, and Nancy. After her death, he married Mary Fowler of Arlington, Virginia, on March 9, 1983. Justice Brennan was admitted to the New Jersey Bar in 1932 after joining the law firm of Pitney, Hardin and Skinner, where he practiced for 10 years. In March, 1942, he entered the Army as a major in the legal division of the Ordinance Department. He left the Army in 1945 with the rank of Colonel. He became a name partner in his old law firm when returning to Newark in 1945. Brennan was appointed to the Superior Court bench in 1949, was elevated to the Appellate Division of the same court two years later, and was appointed an Associate Justice of the New Jersey Supreme Court by Governor Driscoll in 1952. President Eisenhower appointed him an Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court on October 15, 1956, and he was sworn in on October 16, 1956, succeeding Associate Justice Sherman Minton who had retired the previous day. Brennan was the fourth New Jerseyan appointed to the Court and the last since Mahlon Pitney who served from 1912 until 1922. Justice Brennan retired from the Supreme Court on January 20, 1990. Justice Brennan was replaced by David Souter who was nominated on July 25, 1990, by President Bush, and confirmed on October 2, 1990.

III. PARTICIPANTS

You will be joined by Mrs. Clinton, Mrs. Mary Brennan, Justice Brennan's three children by his first wife, William Jr., Hugh, and Nancy Brennan, and the Attorney General. If Speaker Gingrich attends, then he and Senator Daschle will be seated in your pew along with Deputy Attorney General Eric Holder, Mrs. Clinton and the Attorney General. If the Speaker does not attend, Senators Hatch, Leahy and Daschle will be seated in your pew with Mrs. Clinton and the Attorney General. In attendance from the Senate will be Senators Baucus, Bumpers, Dodd, Lautenberg, Kennedy, Reid, Sarbanes, Wellstone, Mikulski, Moynihan and former Senator Wofford. Representing the House will be Representatives Tom Campbell, Jim McDermont, Nancy Pelosi, Maxine Waters, and Jane Harman. Mayor Marion Barry will be in attendance as well.

IV. PRESS PLAN

Reporters only, no cameras

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

You will arrive at 9:40 and be briefed on the logistics by Sarah Farnsworth on the way to the refectory, hold, where you will spend 10 minutes with Mrs. Brennan and their three children. The three children will then enter the church and proceed to their pew with Mrs. Clinton escorted by Monsignor Jameson, followed by you and Mrs. Brennan. You will then seat Mrs. Brennan and proceed directly across the aisle to your pew where Mrs. Clinton, the Attorney General and either Senator Daschle, Speaker Gingrich and Deputy Attorney General Eric Holder will be seated or Senators Hatch, Leahy, and Daschle will be seated. Seated behind you will be Walter Dellinger, Mrs. Cassandra Slater, Lois Schiffer and Jim King.

Following the readings by Justice Brennan's children, the Homily by Reverend O'Hara, and Communion, you will speak. Justice Brennan's eulogy will begin with your remarks, followed by Justice Souters' remarks and will then conclude with William Brennan's III remarks. The service will end at approximately 11:30 and you will exit the same route that you entered. The service will then move to Arlington National Cemetery where Justice Brennan, who served as a Colonel in the Army for three years, will be buried.

VI. REMARKS

To be provided by Michael Waldman

Draft 7/28/97 3:30pm

**PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON
EULOGY FOR JUSTICE WILLIAM J. BRENNAN
ST. MATTHEWS CATHEDRAL
WASHINGTON, D.C.
July 29, 1997**

Members of the Brennan family, Justices of the Supreme Court, Father O'Hara, Father Jordan:

Throughout American history there are few ideals so singularly powerful that they can transform the lives of our people. There have been few individuals so devoted to those ideals that they could hammer them on the anvil of history to reshape our land. There have been few times that have demanded such extraordinary leadership, when a nation that could have fractured was brought together. These ideals were written in our Constitution; the time was our own; and that rare individual was the man we remember today -- William Joseph Brennan, Jr.

America at its best is Justice Brennan's America. Today we recall his shining decency and grace, which made philosophical foes some of his closest personal friends. We recall his humility: his warm smile, his devotion to his family, his pride in his heritage, the stunning and almost inexplicable empathy that let him walk in the shoes of those whose lives were so different from his.

We recall the legal giant, the "balance wheel" whose intellect and civility molded the Supreme Court into an instrument of liberty and equality during tumultuous times.

The man Justice Brennan was, and the work Justice Brennan did, were one and the same. It was his deep love of humanity, his respect for the dignity of his fellow men and women, that impelled his love of the Constitution. For Justice Brennan, the phrases of that document were not archaic abstractions, they were living, vibrant guarantees of the freedom that God gave us. And because of him, those faded words came alive in our lives as well.

Today, the votes of all Americans have equal weight -- because of Justice Brennan. The press can "freely and robustly" debate the great issues of the day, without fear -- because of Justice Brennan. Women can break down barriers of discrimination to make the most of their potential in the workplace -- because of Justice Brennan. And we now recognize that our basic charter of freedom, the Bill of Rights, applies to every state in America, and that ordinary citizens can seek redress when their rights have been violated by government -- because of Justice Brennan and what he did. Lives were lifted up and America was summoned to live up to its highest ideals -- because of Justice Brennan.

As a young man coming of age in the South, I saw the shame of segregation. I know what it meant when the Supreme Court unanimously spoke and said Little Rock Central High School must open its doors to all. That flash of lightning lit our community and changed it forever. And I know now that this transformation was written into our law by Justice Brennan.

He was then, as he remains today, one of my heroes – a model for law in service of principle, a reason Hillary and I chose the path we have chosen.

Freedom can be a difficult business, bringing new discomforts and new demands in its wake. Our understanding of the Constitution will change, as it must change, along with our times; that is its genius. But this much is clear: the rights for which Justice William Brennan fought for four decades – his understanding that the framers intended the Constitution to serve each new generation as a dynamic charter of freedom – his unshakable commitment to the dignity of every individual – these are his gifts to the next generation.

In a few hours, Justice Brennan will be laid to rest at Arlington National Cemetery, the place where America buries her heroes and patriots. Tonight, the sun will set over those hills, but the light Justice Brennan lit will never be extinguished, and the life he breathed into our most cherished ideals will never die. No one ever loved his country more fiercely; no one ever gave himself to it more fully; no one ever strengthened it more profoundly than Bill Brennan. We will miss him.

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Wednesday, July 30, 1997

2:15 PM Promotion Ceremony
 of Brigadier General
 Don Kerrick

Tab A

2:30 PM Military Aide
 Departure Ceremonies

Tab B

3:15 PM Meeting with South African
 Deputy President Mbeki

Distributed
Separately

4:40 PM Briefing for
 Regional Appointees

Tab C

- List of Attendees

Tab D

- Talking Points

Tab E
To Be Forwarded

7:45 PM Address to the
 1997 Boy Scout Jamboree

Tab F

- Remarks

Tab G
To Be Forwarded

Option:
Between

4:00 PM-
6:00 PM

Military Aide Farewell Party

No Paper

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

FOR

WEDNESDAY, JULY 30, 1997

FINAL

SCHEDULING DIRECTOR:

STEPHANIE STREETT

HOME: 202-332-5651

OFFICE: 202-456-2823

WHCA PAGER: 4033

PRESS DESK:

JEREMY GAINES

HOME: 202-362-5475

OFFICE: 202-456-5771

WHCA PAGER: 4194

TRIP COORDINATOR:

KAREN FINNEY

HOME: 202-667-0132

OFFICE: 202-456-7951

WHCA PAGER: 4216

ADVANCE LEAD:
(Fort AP Hill, VA)

MWITU NDUGU

CELL PHONE: 202-757-9293

WHCA PAGER: 4402

WEATHER:

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Partly cloudy.

Wind north-northeast at 8 to 15 knots.

High 80 to 85.

Low 56 to 61.

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
WEDNESDAY, JULY 30, 1997
FINAL**

9:00 am-
11:00 am

**HOLD
RESIDENCE**

11:00 am-
2:00 pm

**PHONE AND OFFICE TIME
OVAL OFFICE**

2:00 pm-
2:15 pm

**MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Erskine Bowles**

2:15 pm-
2:25 pm

**DROP BY PROMOTION CEREMONY FOR
BRIGADIER GENERAL DON KERRICK
ROOSEVELT ROOM
Staff Contact: Sandy Berger
WHITE HOUSE PHOTO ONLY**

2:30 pm-
2:45 pm

**MILITARY AIDE DEPARTURE CEREMONIES (2)
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Alan Sullivan
WHITE HOUSE PHOTO ONLY**

2:45 pm-
3:00 pm

**BRIEFING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Sandy Berger**

3:00 pm-
3:15 pm

**BRIEFING FOR MEETING WITH SOUTH AFRICAN
DEPUTY PRESIDENT MBEKI
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Sandy Berger**

3:15 pm-
3:45 pm

**MEETING WITH SOUTH AFRICAN DEPUTY PRESIDENT
MBEKI
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Sandy Berger
POOL STILL PHOTO ONLY**

3:55 pm-
4:00 pm

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett

4:00 pm-
4:30 pm

PHONE AND OFFICE TIME
OVAL OFFICE

OPTIONAL:

4:00 pm-
6:00 pm

MILITARY AIDE FAREWELL PARTY
INDIAN TREATY ROOM
Old Executive Office Building
WHITE HOUSE PHOTO ONLY

4:35 pm

THE PRESIDENT proceeds to Old Executive Office Building,
Room 450

4:40 pm-
5:00 pm

DROP BY BRIEFING FOR REGIONAL APPOINTEES
ROOM 450
Old Executive Office Building
Staff Contact: Thurgood Marshall, Jr.
CLOSED PRESS

5:05 pm

THE PRESIDENT proceeds to the East Wing

5:15 pm-
6:15 pm

HOLD
RESIDENCE

6:15 pm-
6:45 pm

DOWNTIME
RESIDENCE

6:50 pm

THE PRESIDENT proceeds to the South Lawn

6:55 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs the South Lawn via Marine One en
route Fort AP Hill, Virginia
[flight time: 35 minutes]

7:30 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Landing Zone, Fort AP Hill,
Virginia
OPEN PRESS

Greeters: Major General Denis P. Malcor, Commander
National Scout Jamboree Task Force

7:40 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs the Landing Zone on foot en route the Arena
[walk time: 5 minutes]

7:45 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives the backstage area at the Arena

Greeters: Joe R. Reeder, Under Secretary of the Army
Jack Creighton, President, Boy Scouts of America
Richard Burdick, Vice Chairman 1997 National Scout Jamboree
Jere B. Ratcliffe, Chief Scout Executive
Roy Roberts, Chairman, 1997 Boy Scout Jamboree
Michael Hoover, Deputy Chief Executive, Boy Scouts of America
Doug Smith, National Director of Programs, Boy Scouts of America
Francis Olmstead, National Commissioner, Boy Scouts of America
Roger Ohmsteade, Assistant Chief Scout Executive, Boy Scouts of America
Tom Foley, County Administrator, Carolina County, Virginia
Frank Benser, Mayor, City of Bowling Green, Virginia
Julius D. Jackson, Eagle Scout, Southern Region
John E. Kates, Eagle Scout
Jeffery W. Aubochon, Eagle Scout
John A. Jordan, Eagle Scout
Arthur H. Mendibles, Eagle Scout

8:00 pm-
8:45 pm

**ADDRESS TO THE 1997 BOY SCOUT JAMBOREE
ARENA**

Fort AP Hill, Virginia

Remarks: Lowell Weiss

Staff Contact: Daniel Wexler

Event Coordinator: Karen Finney

OPEN PRESS

- Announcement of four Eagle Scouts.
- Off-stage announcement of **the President**, Roy Roberts, John E. Kates, Eagle Scout, Jere Ratcliffe and Jack Creighton.
- Four Navy F-14 Jets do a fly over.
- Roy Roberts makes remarks and introduces John E. Kates, Eagle Scout.
- John E. Kates, Eagle Scout, makes remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes remarks and remains at the podium.
- Jack Creighton and Jere Ratcliffe proceed to the podium and present the Silver Buffalo Award to **the President**.
- **The President** works a ropeline and departs.

8:50 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs the Arena via motorcade en route the Landing Zone
[drive time: 5 minutes]

8:55 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives the Landing Zone
OPEN PRESS
CLOSED PUBLIC

Greeters: Major General Denis P. Malcor, Commander
National Scout Jamboree Task Force

9:00 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs the Landing Zone via Marine One en route the South Lawn
[flight time: 35 minutes]

9:35 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives the South Lawn

BC AND HRC RON

**THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, DC**

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 29, 1997

PROMOTION CEREMONY FOR
BRIGADIER GENERAL DONALD L. KERRICK

DATE: July 30, 1997

LOCATION: Roosevelt Room

TIME: 2:15 - 2:25 p.m.

FROM: SAMUEL R. BERGER I. PURPOSE

To promote Brigadier General Don Kerrick to the rank of Major General.

II. BACKGROUND

Brigadier General Kerrick has served as the Deputy Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs since January 1997. He is the highest ranking military officer working in the White House. The Chief of Staff of the Army has authorized Brigadier General Kerrick to wear the rank of Major General, effective July 30, 1997. Military officers are normally promoted by the highest ranking officer/official in their immediate chain of command. Your participation in this ceremony will help make this a memorable event for Brigadier General and Mrs. Kerrick.

Attendees at the ceremony will include General and Mrs. Shalikashvili, George Tenet, Strobe Talbott, Jan Lodol and General Ron Griffith (Vice Chief of Staff of the Army -- representing General Reimer).

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President
Samuel Berger
Brigadier General Donald L. Kerrick
Thayne Kerrick (Wife)
Major Dana Pittard, Army Aide to the President

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House Photographer

V. Sequence of Events

See attachment

VI. REMARKS

None Required

Attachments

Sequence of Events
Biography

PROMOTION CEREMONY FOR
BRIGADIER GENERAL DONALD L. KERRICK, U.S. ARMY
July 30, 1997

2:00 p.m. Invited guests arrive at the West Lobby, are greeted by Glyn Davies, and are escorted into the Roosevelt Room.

2:12 p.m. Sandy Berger and Brigadier General and Mrs. Kerrick join the President in the hallway outside the Oval Office and are briefed on the Ceremony.

2:15 p.m. Upon being announced by Major Dana Pittard, U.S. Army Military Aide to the President, the President, accompanied by Mr. Berger and Brigadier General and Mrs. Kerrick, enters the Roosevelt Room. All take their positions in front of the flags. (Toe markers will be in place.)

2:16 p.m. Mr. Berger approaches the podium, welcomes the guests and gives opening remarks.

2:18 p.m. Mr. Berger then turns to Major Pittard and requests that he publish the orders.

2:19 p.m. Major Pittard publishes the orders.

2:20 p.m. Mr. Berger receives the two stars, then hands one star to the President and the other star to Mrs. Kerrick; the two stars are pinned on the General simultaneously.

2:21 p.m. Major General Kerrick gives remarks.

2:25 p.m. Mr. Berger invites the guests to form a receiving line to congratulate General Kerrick.

The President, followed by Mr. Berger, leads the receiving line. After extending congratulations to General and Mrs. Kerrick, the President exits the Roosevelt Room and returns to the Oval Office.

DONALD L. KERRICK
BRIGADIER GENERAL, UNITED STATES ARMY
DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT FOR NATIONAL SECURITY AFFAIRS

Brigadier General Donald L. Kerrick became the Deputy Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs in January 1997.

Prior to becoming the Deputy Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs, BG Kerrick served as the Director for Operations for the Defense Intelligence Agency. In 1994 and 1995, he served on the White House's National Security Council as Director of European Affairs, where he was responsible for developing and managing United States policy in Europe, including the former Yugoslavia and the North Atlantic Treaty Organization. He also served, by Presidential appointment, as the White House and National Security Council representative on the United States' Balkans Peacekeeping Delegation that concluded a peace accord ending the Balkan conflict.

Brigadier General Kerrick has extensive foreign service with two tours in Germany in Berlin and Augsburg, two in the Republic of Korea both at Camp Humphreys, and one in Thailand at Ramasun Station, and in Saudi Arabia while assigned to Third Army, the Army component of United States Central Command.

Brigadier General Kerrick's combat experience includes service in Southeast Asia and Southwest Asia (Desert Storm). He has commanded a Military Intelligence Company, an Aviation Company, a Military Intelligence Battalion (Aerial Exploitation), and a Military Intelligence Brigade. Staff assignments include service with the U.S. Army Berlin, the U.S. Army Intelligence and Security Command, the Third Army, the Army Staff, the Joint Staff, and the National Security Council.

Brigadier General Kerrick was commissioned a Second Lieutenant in the United States Army upon graduation from Florida Southern College. He holds a Master of Science Degree from the University of Southern California. Military education includes the Armor Officer Basic Course, the Military Intelligence Officer Advance Course, the U.S. Army Command and General Staff College, and the National War College.

Military awards and decorations which Brigadier General Kerrick has received include the Defense Distinguished Service Medal, the Defense Superior Service Medal with one Oak Leaf Cluster, the Legion of Merit with two Oak Leaf Clusters, the Bronze Star Medal, the Meritorious Service Medal with three Oak Leaf Clusters, the Air Medal, and the Army Commendation Medal. Additionally, he is a Master Army Aviator and is authorized to

wear the Army General Staff, Joint Staff Identification, and Presidential Service Badges. He also received the Defense Intelligence Agency Director's Award in 1997. His civilian awards include the Secretary of State's Distinguished Service Award, the Distinguished Alumni Achievement Citation for Distinguished Career Achievement from Florida Southern College, and Doctor of Diplomacy (HON) conferred by Florida Southern College. Brigadier General Kerrick has been recently selected for promotion to Major General.

Brigadier General Kerrick is married to Thayne W. Kerrick.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 29, 1997

MEETING WITH COMMANDER (CDR) JOHN M. RICHARDSON, USN; LIEUTENANT COLONEL (LtCol) CHARLES RADERSTORF, USMC; AND THEIR FAMILIES

DATE: Wednesday, July 30, 1997

LOCATION: Oval Office

TIME: 2:30 p.m.

FROM: Alan P. Sullivan



I. PURPOSE

To bid farewell to CDR John M. Richardson, Naval Aide to the President, and LtCol Charles Raderstorf, Marine Corps Aide to the President.

II. BACKGROUND

CDR Richardson and LtCol Raderstorf have served since August 1995 and June 1995 respectively.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President
Alan Sullivan
Military Aides
CDR John Richardson
Dana Richardson (Wife)
Nathan Richardson (Son)
Daniel Richardson (Son)
Rachel Richardson (Daughter)
LtCol Charles Raderstorf
CDR Ginny Raderstorf (Wife)
Erin Raderstorf (Daughter)

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House photographer and White House Communications Agency camera crew.

V.

SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- ① CDR Richardson and family will be held outside the Oval Office.
- ② Mr. Sullivan will escort CDR Richardson and family into the Oval Office.
- ③ CDR Richardson will introduce his family to the POTUS, who is positioned in front of the "Resolute Desk," and a group photo will be taken.
- ④ The duty Military Aide will read the award citation. Once finished, the POTUS will present CDR Richardson the Defense Superior Service Medal and a photo will be taken.
- ⑤ CDR Richardson and family will depart and Mr. Sullivan will escort LtCol Raderstorf and family into the Oval Office.
- ⑥ LtCol Raderstorf will introduce his family to the POTUS, who is positioned in front of the "Resolute Desk," and a group photo will be taken.
- ⑦ The duty Military Aide will read the award citation. Once finished, the POTUS will present LtCol Raderstorf the Defense Superior Service Medal and a photo will be taken.
- ⑧ LtCol Raderstorf and family departs the Oval Office.

VI.

REMARKS

None Required

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 29, 1997

REGIONAL APPOINTEES' BRIEFING

DATE:	July 30, 1997
LOCATION:	450 OEOB
TIME:	4:10 p.m. - 4:40 p.m.
FROM:	Thurgood Marshall, Jr. <i>TM</i> Kris Balderston <i>KMB</i>

I. PURPOSE

To meet with your senior regional appointees and highlight the Administration's policy initiatives and priorities.

II. BACKGROUND

Each year, the Administration's senior regional political appointees from HUD, HHS, Labor, Education, SBA, GSA, EPA and FEMA are invited to the White House for a series of briefings and meetings with Administration officials. This year 120 appointees will be briefed on a wide array of Administration initiatives, including the new budget agreement, the race initiative, climate change, REGO, and welfare reform.

The regional appointees have played a key role in amplifying the Administration's initiatives in the ten federal regions. In the last five years, the regional appointees have held budget events, "Back to School" roll-outs, and, earlier this year, they sponsored over 100 satellite conferences in conjunction with the First Lady's 0-3 conference. The Office of Cabinet Affairs holds weekly conference calls for the Regional Administrators.

This will be the third time you have participated in a meeting for the Regional Administrators at the White House.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Approximately 120 senior regional appointees from HUD, HHS, Labor, Education, SBA, GSA, EPA and FEMA. (See Attachment I)

IV. PRESS PLAN

Closed Press.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- Thurgood Marshall, Jr. introduces **YOU**.
- **YOU** make brief remarks to the Regional Administrators.
- **YOU** depart.

VI. REMARKS

Talking points to be provided by speechwriting.

REGIONAL APPOINTEES	
* REGIONAL CONTACT PERSON	
REGION 1 - Boston	DEPT
Janet Paschal (sched. C)	EDUC
Ralph Wright (Sched. C)	EDUC
John DeVillars	EPA
Louis Elisa	FEMA
Bob Dunfey	GSA
Judith Kurland	HHS
Mary Lou Crane	HUD
James Farmer	LABOR
* Elaine Guiney	SBA ADV
Pat McGowan	SBA
REGION 2 - New York	DEPT.
Maria Santiago Mercardo	EDUC
Patricia Parisi	EDUC
* Jeanne Fox	EPA
Lynn Gilmore-Canton	FEMA
Karen Adler	GSA
Lisa Wager (Sch. C)	GSA
Allison Greene	HHS
Maxine Griggith	HUD
Hulbert James	LABOR
Lydia Colon	SBA ADV
Tom Bettridge	SBA
REGION 3 - Philadelphia	DEPT.
W. Wilson Goode	EDUC
Rita Calvin	FEMA
Lynn Yeakel	HHS
Karen Miller	HUD
Tom Foley	LABOR
Caren Wilcox	SBA ADV
* Susan McCann	SBA
Ralph Borrás	GSA
Michael McCabe	EPA

REGION 4 - Atlanta	DEPT
Stanley Williams	EDUC
Judy Harwood	EDUC
	EDUC
John Hankinson	EPA
	FEMA
Carole Dortch	GSA
Bill Godfrey (Sch. C)	GSA
Patricia Ford-Roegner	HHS
Davey Gibson	HUD
* Barbara Kelly	LABOR
Paulette Norville-Louis	SBA ADV
Billy Max Paul	SBA
REGION 5 - Chicago	DEPT
* Stephanie Jones	EDUC
Val Adamkus	EPA
Michelle Jordon	EPA D
Michelle Burkett	FEMA
Bill Burke	GSA
Brian McPartlin (Sch. C)	GSA
Beth Hanley (Sch. C)	GSA
Hannah Rosenthal	HHS
Edwin Eisendrath	HUD
Lois O'Keefe	LABOR
Ines McNeely Brown	SBA ADV
	SBA
REGION 6 - Kansas City	DEPT.
Sandra Walker	EDUC
Dennis Grams	EPA
John Miller	FEMA
* Glen "Woody" Overton	GSA
Mike Trimiting	HUD
Donald Colcun	SBA AVD
Bruce Kent	SBA
Katie Steele	HHS
Rich Running	DOL

REGION 7 - Dallas/FtWrth	DEPT.
Sally Cain	EDUC
	EPA
Raymond "Buddy" Young	FEMA
* John Pouland	GSA
Pat Montoya	HHS
	HUD
Mary Madden (Sch. C)	HUD
Jim Johnson	SBA ADV
James Breedlove	SBA
	Labor
REGION 8 - Denver	DEPT.
Lynn Simons	EDUC
	EPA
	FEMA
Polly Baca	GSA
Margaret Cary	HHS
Tony Hernandez	HUD
Joan Copland	SBA ADV
Tom Redder	SBA
	Labor
REGION 9 - LA/SanFran	DEPT.
Loni Hancock	EDUC
Jennifer Peck	EDUC
Felicia Marcus	EPA
Shirley Mattingly	FEMA
Kenn Kojima	GSA
Grantland Johnson	HHS
Art Agnos	HUD
Stephen Roberti	LABOR
* Jadine Chin Nielsen	SBA ADV
Viloa Canales	SBA
Amy Hughes	DOD

REGION 10 - Seattle	DEPT.
Carla Nuxholl	EDUC
Chuck Clarke	EPA
Jay Pearson	GSA
	GSA
Jay Insley	HHS
Bob Santos	HUD
Patricia Stell	LABOR
Clover Lockhard	SBA ASV
* Gretchen Sorenson	SBA
David de Courcy	FEMA

THE TALKING POINTS
FOR THE BRIEFING FOR REGIONAL APPOINTEES
WILL BE FORWARDED

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 29, 1997

THE 1997 BOY SCOUT JAMOBREE

DATE:	July 30, 1997
LOCATION:	Arena Fort AP Hill Fredricksburg, Virginia
TIME:	7:45 pm
FROM:	Maria Echaveste Danny Wexler

I. PURPOSE

To address the 1997 Boy Scout Jamboree.

II. BACKGROUND

The Boy Scout Jamboree draws scouts from throughout the world. Through this event, the Boys Scouts of America (BSA) hopes to give scouts and their leaders a better understanding and sense of commitment to scouting. They experience a wide range of activities involving physical fitness, conservation and recreation. The theme of this years Jamboree; "Character Counts...Be Prepared for the 21st Century".

Since 1981, the Boy Scout Jamboree has been held every four years at Fort A.P. Hill near Bowling Green, Virginia. The Jamboree began in 1937 on the Mall in Washington, D.C. Before settling at A.P. Hill, Jamborees were held every three, four or five years in various locations throughout the country. The 1997 Jamboree is the 14th jamboree and marks the 60th anniversary of the program. This is the fifth consecutive jamboree at A.P. Hill.

The Jamboree will include about 35,000 total participants, 29,000 youth and 6,000 adult volunteers. Included will be representatives from all 50 states plus 30 different Scout associations from around the world. Approximately another 25,000 residents of the surrounding communities are expected to attend the evenings activities, making the total audience about 60,000.

After your remarks, Jack Creighton, the CEO of Weyerhaeuser and the volunteer President of the BSA and Jere Ratcliffe, the Chief Scout Executive will present you with the Silver Buffalo Award. This award, created in 1925, is scouting's highest commendation and recognizes extraordinary service to youth. The first award was given to Lord Baden-Powell, founder of the scouting movement and Chief Scout of the World. Other award recipients have included Charles Lindbergh, Norman Rockwell, General Colin Powell, James Lovell, Jr., Walt Disney, Hank Aaron, Bob Hope, Vince Lombardi, Marian Wright Edelman and fifteen Presidents of the United States.

You will be greeted by five Eagle Scouts, each representing a different region of the country. One of the Scouts, John Cates from Detroit Michigan will introduce you.

III. PARTICIPANTS

John Dalton, Secretary of the Navy

Landing Zone Greeter:

Major General Dennis P. Malcor, Commander National Scout Jamboree Task Force
Commander of 1st U.S. Army (Atlanta, GA.)

Backstage greeters

Joseph Reeder, Undersecretary of the Army
Richard Burdick, Vice Chairman, 1997 National Scout Jamboree, President and
CEO Therman Industries
Mr. Michael Hoover, Deputy Chief Executive, Boy Scouts of America
Mr. Doug Smith, National Director of Programs, Boy Scouts of America
Mr. Roger Ohmstede, Assistant Chief Scout Executive, Boy Scouts of America
Mr. Francis Olmstead, National Commissioner, Boy Scouts of America
Mr. Tom Foley, County Administrator, Caroline County, Virginia
Mr. Frank Benser, Mayor, City of Bowling Green, Virginia
Julius Jackson, Eagle Scout, Tyler, Texas

Jeffrey Aubochon, Eagle Scout, Leominster, Massachusetts
John Jordan, Eagle Scout, Fullerton, California
Arthur Mendibles, Eagle Scout, Tucson, Arizona

Backstage greeters and other speakers

Jack Creighton, President, Boys Scouts of America, President and CEO, Weyerhaeuser
Roy Roberts, Chairman, 1997 National Scout Jamboree, and Vice President of
General Motors and General Manager of the Pontiac Division
Jere Ratcliffe, Chief Scout Executive
John Kates, Eagle Scout, Detroit, Michigan

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open Press

V. SEQUENCE

- o When you arrive at the landing zone you will be greeted by Major General Denis Malcor, Commander National Scout Jamboree Task Force and Commander of 1st U.S. Army (Atlanta, Georgia).
- o Major General Malcor will escort you to the backstage area where you will meet some scout executives, four eagle scouts and some local officials (listed above).
- o WHCA will announce four of the Eagle Scouts, Secretary Dalton and Undersecretary Reeder to the stage.
- o WHCA will announce you accompanied by Jere Ratcliffe, Jack Creighton, Roy Roberts and Eagle Scout John Kates.

[Two-hundred Boy Scouts will be seated on stage behind you .]

- o After Hail to the Chief is played, there will be a "fly-over" of four F-14's.
- o Roy Roberts will make brief remarks and introduce Eagle Scout John Kates.
- o John Kates will introduce you.
- o At the end of your remarks, Jack Creighton and Jere Ratcliffe will present you with the Silver Buffalo Award.
- o You work a ropeline and depart.

VI. REMARKS

To be provided by speechwriters.

THE REMARKS
FOR THE 1997 BOY SCOUT JAMBOREE
WILL BE FORWARDED