

Marjorie Shultz comments

1. circularity in definition of "services of health professionals"
• ^{med, including} services of health prof.
• health prof.

Look at state laws - use med/surg. when
license diff. professionals e.g. acupuncture

2. Preventive services

- why these and not others? At least → unfortunate inference

3. Where do genetics fit in?

- old treat in medical services
- focused on family planning / reproductive service
- language in preventive services?

lab and diagnostic tests? If can't
do anything, does that mean not
"med. nec."

- is genetic screening / counseling family planning?

what if can do something
decisionally and emotionally?

4. Fertility services

- need to be explicit
- as an avenue to health based prevention
- connected w/ lifestyle p choice - dimensions of personal responsibility
- low success rates
- connected to const. rt to procreate

- ^{had been} covered under general med. nec. info.
- but can exclude it explicitly
- e.g. Kaiser - no explicit exclusion on IVF -- class action

5. Why STDs in fam. planning services?
6. Sex education covered?
7. Incentives to influence patient decisions

PI • adequate info, ^{education} counseling to make adequate decisions about an individual's health

→ Advising of pts relating to decision-making and directives

→ Shld this be included in plan enrollment procedures?

8. Plans — consumer participation?

HAs — only required in non-profit alliances

Bd — consumer "

- Bd - advisory committee for consumer participation
- mandate at least one bd member

Grievance process → consumer participation

- 1 person hearing dispute
- setting up process

→ 9. Can someone elect to join a plan and agree to not have extraordinary measures and pay less?

- w/out forcing people, can we inform them of their choice

10. Ask P. Millock about policing wellness benefits
- 11. Connection between legal rts & malpractice
12. Malp. - liab. in SP systems

→ Connections between

- ~~stakeholder~~ plan Kaiser requires binding arb.

that has been upheld in it ← of all enrollees — restricts access to cts

- if we are not doing this → be clear

13. Incentives to providers

- ① illegal to make & to overservice
- ⑤ putting weight behind incentive on underservice

Worry about removing doctor as a patient advocate —
relying on patient to fight underservice

- incentive if dr has equity interest in plans is to underserve

F & A ~~that~~ R6 → is this a sufficient counterbalance to 4.6 in #5.

Both Δ in structure & shifting of financial interest at once

Fewer incentives on pts to reduce consumption;
with greater incentives on drs to reduce service.

→ Who is watching the patient?

Shd we allow equity interest in plans?

Jennifer Klein

The White House
Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

May 21, 1993

WHITE HOUSE ANNOUNCES HEALTH CARE AUDIT

In an effort to further assess the impact of health care reform options to be considered by the President, the White House announced that it has invited individuals from the legal, financial and health care industries to evaluate parts of the work of the President's Task Force on Health Care Reform.

The list of individuals is attached.

INDIVIDUALS LOOKING AT LEGAL ISSUES

Barbara Anthony

Chief, Public Protection Bureau
Office of the Massachusetts Attorney General

Mark Barnes

Associate Commissioner for Medical and Legal Policy
New York City Department of Health

Richard Briffault

Professor
Columbia Law School

Ed Goldman

General Counsel
University of Michigan Hospitals

Michael Graetz

Professor
Yale Law School

Angela Holder

Clinical Professor of Pediatrics (Law)
Yale University School of Medicine

Barbara McGarey

Deputy Director, Office of Technology Transfer
National Institutes of Health

Kathryn Meyer

Senior Vice President for Legal Affairs and General Counsel
Beth Israel Medical Center
New York, NY

Peter Millock

General Counsel
New York State Department of Health

Betsy Ryan

Chief of Staff
New Jersey Department of Health

Marjorie Shultz

Professor
Boalt Hall School of Law
University of California

Rick Slows

Assistant Solicitor General
Office of the Attorney General of Minnesota

INDIVIDUALS LOOKING AT COST ISSUES

Howard Atkinson, Jr.
Atkinson & Co., Inc.
Silver Spring, MD

John Bertko
Coopers & Lybrand
San Francisco, CA

Phyllis Doran
Millman & Robertson, Inc.
Washington, DC

Brent Greenwood
Tillinghast/Towers Perrin
Minneapolis, MN

Dick Helms
The Principal Financial Group
Des Moines, IA

Rich Ostuw
Towers Perrin
Cleveland, OH

Ken Porter
The Dupont Company
Wilmington, DE

Jack Rodgers
Price Waterhouse
Washington, DC

INDIVIDUALS LOOKING AT ADMINISTRATIVE SIMPLIFICATION AND QUALITY
ISSUES

Leonard Abramson
CEO, U.S. Health Care
Blue Bell, PA

Paul Batalden, MD
Vice President for Medical Care
Hospital Corporation of America
Nashville, TN

Ms. Ellen Gaucher MS, Nursing
Senior Associate Hospital Director and Chief Operating Officer
University of Michigan Hospitals
Ann Arbor, MI

Ileana Herrell, PHD
Associate Administrator for Minority Health, Health Resources and
Services Administration
U.S. Public Health Service

Hank Cauley
Consultant, Telesis
Providence, RI

Christine Kovner, PhD, Nursing
Associate Professor, New York University
NY, NY

Gordon Mosser, MD
Internist
Minnesota

Phil Nudelman
President & CEO, Group Health Cooperative of Puget Sound
Seattle, WA

Norene Rickson
Consultant, Telesis
Providence, RI

Kathy Schroeder, MD
Associate Medical Director, William Beaumont Hospital
Royal Oak, MI

Jack Stephens
President & CEO, Lakeland Regional Medical Center
Lakeland, FL

G. Rodney Wolford
President & CEO, Alliant Health System
Louisville, KY